



Economic and Social Indicators

Issue No 1784

Consumer Price Index

1st Quarter 2024

Released online : 16 April 2024

<https://statsmauritius.govmu.org>

Price: Rs 40.00

Statistics Mauritius
Ministry of Finance, Economic Planning and Development
Port Louis

Note: Readers are invited to make the distinction between official data which are published in the Economic and Social indicators and the analysis presented for the benefit of general readers. Differences of opinion may arise regarding the analytical part but these do not in any way, undermine the quality of the data. The Editors welcome constructive critical comments.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(Base period: January – December 2017 = 100)

1st Quarter 2024

1. INTRODUCTION

This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the first quarter 2024. The methodology used for computing CPI and inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

2. KEY POINTS

2.1 Overall CPI

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 132.0 in December 2023, registered a net increase of 5.6 points (or +4.2%) to reach 137.6 in March 2024 (Table 1A).

On a monthly basis, the CPI increased by 3.2 points in January, 3.4 points in February and decreased by 1.0 point in March.

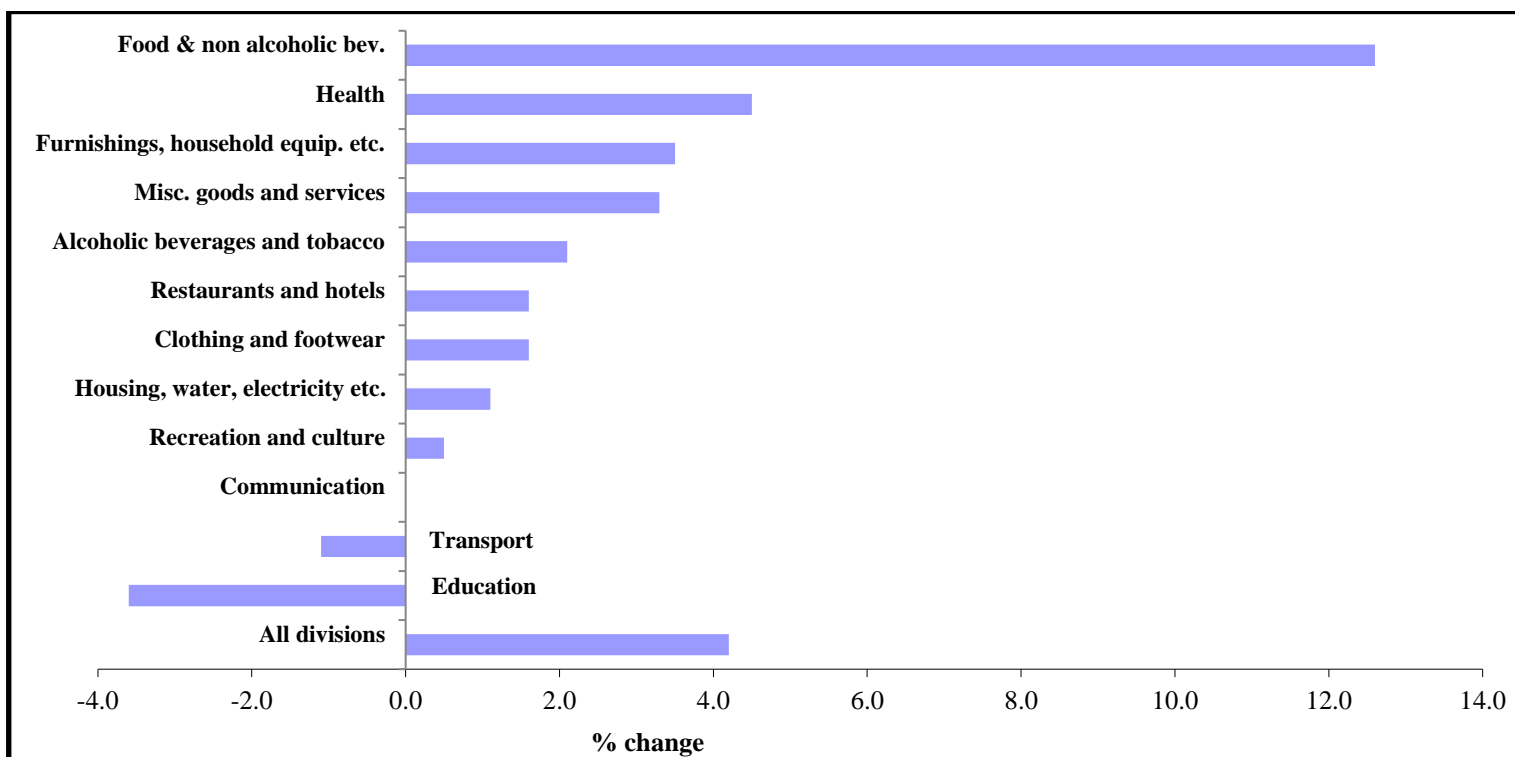
2.2 Overview of CPI movements

The main contributors for the net increase in CPI from December 2023 to March 2024 (Table 2) were:

- (a) higher prices of vegetables (+3.5 points), fruits (+0.3 point), culinary herbs (+0.2 point), meat (+0.1 point), frozen semi-prepared foods (+0.1 point) and other food products (+0.4 point);
- (b) higher prices of beer and stout (+0.2 point) and whisky (+0.1 point);
- (c) higher prices of ready-made clothing (+0.1 point);
- (d) higher workman's wages (+0.1 point);
- (e) higher charges for domestic services (+0.2 point);
- (f) higher doctors' fees (+0.2 point);
- (g) higher prices of motor vehicles (+0.1 point);
- (h) higher prices of goods for personal care (+0.1 point) and, other goods and services (+0.4 point); partly offset by
- (i) lower prices of gasoline (-0.3 point) and,
- (j) lower fees in private pre-primary school (-0.2 point);

3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Percentage change in CPI sub-indices from December 2023 to March 2024



The changes in the sub-indices (Table 3) for the twelve divisions of consumption expenditure from December 2023 to March 2024 were as follows:

<u>Division of consumption expenditure</u>	<u>Main contributors to change</u>
<i>Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+12.6%)</i>	Higher prices of vegetables (+54.8%), fruits (+15.3%), culinary herbs (+51.6%), meat (+0.9%), frozen semi-prepared foods (+5.3%), biscuits (+7.0%), ice cream and sweets (+14.0%), milk preparations (+6.1%), ginger (+22.5%), concentrated juice and syrups (+6.7%) and other food products n.e.c. (+4.1%), partly offset by lower prices of traders' rice (-1.3%) and, margarine and ghee (-3.9%).
<i>Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (+2.1%)</i>	Higher prices of beer and stout (+4.7%), whisky (+10.3%), rum and other cane spirits (+0.4%) and wine (+0.7%).
<i>Clothing and footwear (+1.6%)</i>	Higher prices of ready-made clothing (+1.8%), footwear (+0.9%) and clothing materials (+0.9%) and, higher tailoring charges (+4.6%).
<i>Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels (+1.1%)</i>	Higher workman's wages (+14.0%), partly offset by lower prices of materials for the maintenance and repairs of dwelling (-0.7%).
<i>Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance (+3.5%)</i>	Higher charges for domestic services (+16.5%) and, higher prices of washing materials and softeners (+2.6%) and some major household appliances (+2.1%), partly offset by lower prices of some furniture (-0.4%) and major tools and equipment (-2.5%).
<i>Health (+4.5%)</i>	Higher doctor's fees (+8.7%) and clinic fees (+4.5%)
<i>Transport (-1.1%)</i>	Lower prices of gasoline (-4.1%) and air tickets (-0.5%), partly mitigated by higher prices of motor vehicles (+1.2%) and higher servicing charges for motor vehicles (+1.2%).
<i>Communication</i>	Unchanged.
<i>Recreation and culture (+0.5%)</i>	Higher charges for some recreational services (+9.3%) and higher prices of pet foods (+2.5%), stationery (+0.9%) and, some toys and games (+1.2%).

Education (-3.6%)

Lower private pre-primary schools' fees (-99.9%) following the implementation of the Grant-in-Aid scheme for free pre-primary education.

Restaurants and hotels (+1.6%)

Higher charges for expenditure in bars (+3.4%) and, higher prices of prepared foods (+1.1%).

Miscellaneous goods and services (+3.3%)

Higher prices of goods for personal care (+3.8%) and higher medical insurance (+4.2%), nursery fees (+23.3%) and beautician services (+9.7%).

4. INFLATION RATE

The headline inflation rate was 7.0% for year 2023, compared to 10.8% for year 2022 (Table 5).

The headline inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' was 6.6% for year 2023, compared to 11.0% for year 2022.

The headline inflation rate for the twelve months ending March 2024 worked out to 5.8%, compared to 11.1% for the twelve months ending March 2023.

The headline inflation rate excluding "Alcoholic beverages and tobacco" for the twelve months ending March 2024 worked out to 5.3%, compared to 11.4% for the twelve months ending March 2023.

5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares inflation rate (as measured by the percentage change in the average CPI for a given year relative to the previous year) of Mauritius with those of our main importing countries and some countries in the region for year 2023.

Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2023

Country	Inflation rate (%)	Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	5.6	Australia	5.8
United Kingdom	7.7	United States	4.1
China	0.7	Botswana	5.9
India	5.5	Mauritius	7.0
Japan	3.2	Seychelles	-0.8
Singapore	5.5	South Africa	5.8

Source – World Economic Outlook Database, October 2023

Note:

- (i) This publication is available on the website of Statistics Mauritius at <https://statsmauritius.govmu.org> From the homepage, choose “Publications” followed by “Economic and Social Indicators”, then “Consumer Price Index”.
- (ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.
- (iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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Table 1A - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2013 - March 2024

<i>Month</i>	<i>(Base : Jan - Dec 2012 = 100)</i>						<i>(Base : Jan - Dec 2017 = 100)</i>						
	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>2024</i>
January	102.0	107.2	107.9	108.3	110.2	117.0		103.8	105.9	107.0	114.9	128.5	135.2
February	102.7	108.5	110.7	110.1	111.5	119.3		104.4	106.6	107.9	117.6	130.5	138.6
March	103.1	107.7	110.1	111.1	112.5	120.0		104.4	107.4	108.5	120.1	131.1	137.6
April	103.4	107.7	110.0	110.2	113.4		103.8	104.4	108.8	109.0	121.0	131.0	
May	103.3	106.8	107.3	108.2	114.6		103.6	104.4	107.3	109.8	121.6	131.2	
June	103.4	106.8	107.2	108.4	115.3		102.8	103.4	105.2	111.4	122.1	131.7	
July	103.6	106.8	107.4	108.5	114.3		102.6	103.4	104.9	111.7	124.0	131.3	
August	103.3	107.2	108.4	109.4	114.4		101.9	103.7	105.3	111.6	124.4	131.7	
September	103.5	106.5	108.6	109.6	113.4		102.0	103.3	106.0	111.7	125.0	131.6	
October	103.9	105.9	107.5	109.1	112.9		102.4	102.8	106.1	112.3	125.7	131.5	
November	105.0	105.9	107.0	109.4	113.3		102.8	103.1	106.3	113.1	126.8	131.9	
December	105.3	105.5	106.9	109.4	114.0		102.4	103.3	106.1	113.3	127.1	132.0	
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>103.5</i>	<i>106.9</i>	<i>108.3</i>	<i>109.3</i>	<i>113.3</i>			<i>103.7</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>110.6</i>	<i>122.5</i>	<i>131.2</i>	
<i>Annual change (%)</i>	+ 3.5	+ 3.2	+ 1.3	+ 1.0	+ 3.7		+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.5	+ 4.0	+ 10.8	+ 7.0	

Table 1B - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2013 - March 2024 ^{1/}*(Base: January - December 2017 = 100)*

<i>Month</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>2024</i>
January	90.0	94.6	95.2	95.6	97.3	103.2	103.8	105.9	107.0	114.9	128.5	135.2
February	90.6	95.7	97.7	97.2	98.4	105.3	104.4	106.6	107.9	117.6	130.5	138.6
March	90.9	95.0	97.1	98.1	99.3	105.9	104.4	107.4	108.5	120.1	131.1	137.6
April	91.2	95.0	97.1	97.3	100.1	103.8	104.4	108.8	109.0	121.0	131.0	
May	91.1	94.2	94.7	95.5	101.1	103.6	104.4	107.3	109.8	121.6	131.2	
June	91.2	94.2	94.5	95.7	101.7	102.8	103.4	105.2	111.4	122.1	131.7	
July	91.4	94.2	94.8	95.7	100.9	102.6	103.4	104.9	111.7	124.0	131.3	
August	91.1	94.6	95.6	96.5	100.9	101.9	103.7	105.3	111.6	124.4	131.7	
September	91.3	94.0	95.8	96.7	100.1	102.0	103.3	106.0	111.7	125.0	131.6	
October	91.7	93.4	94.9	96.2	99.6	102.4	102.8	106.1	112.3	125.7	131.5	
November	92.7	93.4	94.4	96.5	100.0	102.8	103.1	106.3	113.1	126.8	131.9	
December	92.9	93.1	94.3	96.5	100.6	102.4	103.3	106.1	113.3	127.1	132.0	
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>91.4</i>	<i>94.3</i>	<i>95.5</i>	<i>96.5</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>103.2</i>	<i>103.7</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>110.6</i>	<i>122.5</i>	<i>131.2</i>	
<i>change (%) (Inflation rate)</i>	<i>+ 3.5</i>	<i>+ 3.2</i>	<i>+ 1.3</i>	<i>+ 1.0</i>	<i>+ 3.7</i>	<i>+ 3.2</i>	<i>+ 0.5</i>	<i>+ 2.5</i>	<i>+ 4.0</i>	<i>+ 10.8</i>	<i>+ 7.0</i>	

^{1/} *The CPI for January 2013 to March 2018, originally based on January to December 2012, has been converted to the new base January - December 2017=100 using a linking factor of 1.133167. Example: the monthly CPI for January 2018 has been converted to the new base by dividing 117.0 by 1.133167 (=103.2)*

Table 2 - Net contribution of main commodities that affected the index from December 2023 to March 2024

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	Percentage change in price index
Vegetables	+ 3.5	+ 54.8
Fruits	+ 0.3	+ 15.3
Culinary herbs	+ 0.2	+ 51.6
Meat	+ 0.1	+ 0.9
Frozen semi-prepared foods	+ 0.1	+ 5.3
Other food products	+ 0.4	+ 1.9
Beer and Stout	+ 0.2	+ 4.7
Whisky	+0.1	+10.3
Ready made clothing	+ 0.1	+ 1.8
Workman's wages	+ 0.1	+ 14.0
Charges for Domestic Services	+ 0.2	+ 16.5
Doctor's fees	+ 0.2	+ 8.7
Gasoline	- 0.3	- 4.1
Motor Vehicles	+ 0.1	+ 1.2
Pre-primary school fees	- 0.2	- 99.9
Goods for personal care	+ 0.1	+ 3.8
Other goods and services	+ 0.4	+ 0.7
Overall	+ 5.6	+ 4.2

Table 3 : Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, December 2023 to March 2024

(Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Division	Description	Weight	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Percentage change ¹ between December 2023 and March 2024
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	248	146.4	156.0	169.8	164.9	+12.6
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	110	140.3	141.5	143.3	143.3	+2.1
03	Clothing and footwear	46	118.5	119.2	119.2	120.5	+1.6
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	112	110.1	111.3	111.3	111.3	+1.1
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	59	134.8	138.6	139.5	139.6	+3.5
06	Health	38	132.1	138.2	138.1	138.1	+4.5
07	Transport	147	140.4	140.7	138.9	138.9	- 1.1
08	Communication	44	98.7	98.7	98.7	98.7	-
09	Recreation and culture	42	119.6	119.7	120.0	120.2	+0.5
10	Education	50	116.9	113.4	112.7	112.7	- 3.6
11	Restaurants and hotels	54	137.0	137.3	137.6	139.2	+1.6
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	50	124.8	127.8	129.1	128.9	+3.3
All Divisions		1000	132.0	135.2	138.6	137.6	+4.2

∞

Note: Percentage change has been computed from unrounded indices and hence may vary slightly from the change in rounded indices.

- Nil

Table 4 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,
December 2023 to March 2024 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Description	Wgt	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Division 01 - Food and non alcoholic beverages	248	146.4	156.0	169.8	164.9
Group 1 - Food	230	146.4	156.6	171.4	165.8
Group 2 - Non-alcoholic beverages	18.0	146.5	147.8	148.7	153.0
Division 02 - Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	110	140.3	141.5	143.3	143.3
Group 1 - Alcoholic beverages	61	136.8	138.9	142.3	142.2
Group 2 - Tobacco	49	144.7	144.7	144.7	144.7
Division 03 - Clothing and footwear	46	118.5	119.2	119.2	120.5
Group 1 - Clothing	36	117.5	118.0	118.1	119.7
Group 2 - Footwear	10	122.2	123.3	123.3	123.3
Division 04 - Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	112	110.1	111.3	111.3	111.3
Group 1 - Actual rentals for housing	10	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8
Group 2 - Mortgage interest on housing loan	31	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9
Group 3 - Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	13	139.5	149.8	149.8	149.8
Group 4 - Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	11	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 5 - Electricity, gas and other fuels	47	104.3	104.3	104.3	104.3
Division 05 - Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	59	134.8	138.6	139.5	139.6
Group 1 - Furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	14	127.3	128.4	127.3	126.8
Group 2 - Household textiles	5	123.0	123.4	123.6	124.5
Group 3 - Household appliances	12	126.2	126.5	127.7	128.7

**Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,
December 2023 to March 2024 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)**

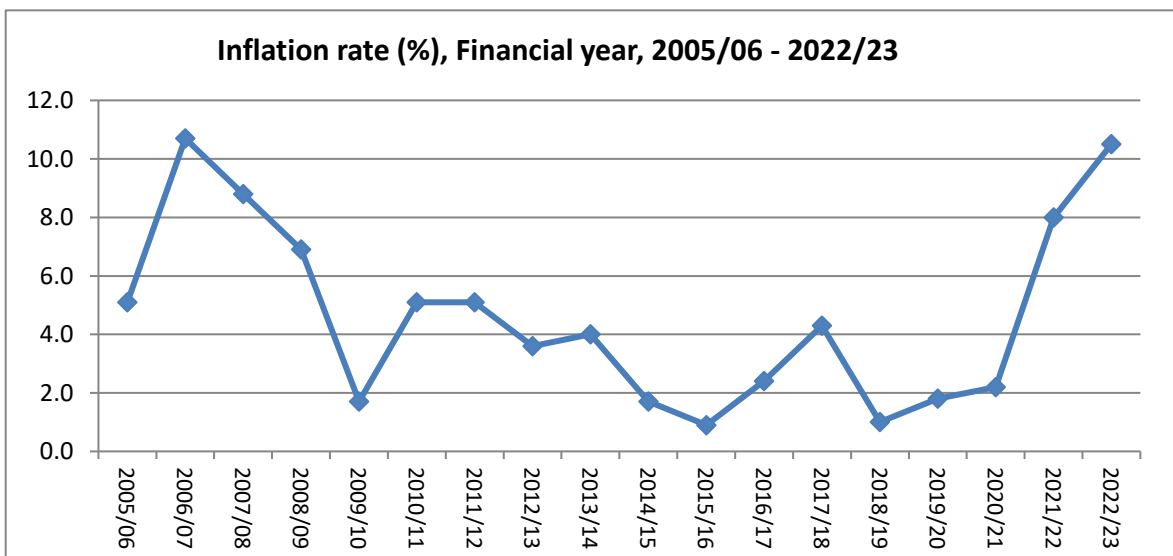
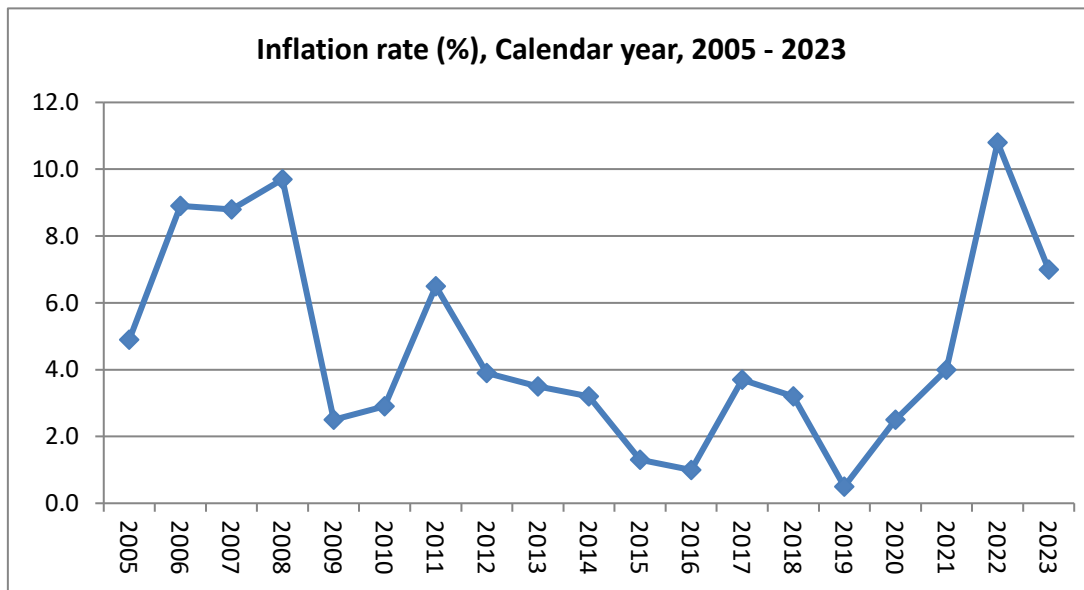
Description	Wgt	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household utensils	2	127.4	129.1	131.0	131.0
Group 5 - Tools and equipment for house and garden	2	123.1	123.1	123.1	121.6
Group 6 - Goods and services for routine household maintenance	24	147.6	155.8	158.0	157.9
Division 06 - Health	38	132.1	138.2	138.1	138.1
Group 1 - Medical products, appliances and equipment	14	123.1	123.6	123.5	123.4
Group 2 - Outpatient services	15	146.4	158.0	158.0	158.0
Group 3 - Hospital services	9	122.3	127.8	127.8	127.8
Division 07 - Transport	147	140.4	140.7	138.9	138.9
Group 1 - Purchase of vehicles	50	133.4	135.1	134.6	135.1
Group 2 - Operation of personal transport equipment	64	153.1	152.5	148.5	148.5
Group 3 - Transport services	33	126.4	126.5	126.6	126.0
Division 08 - Communication	44	98.7	98.7	98.7	98.7
Group 2 - Telephone and telefax equipment	5	88.3	88.3	88.3	88.3
Group 3 - Telephone and telefax services	39	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Division 09 - Recreation and culture	42	119.6	119.7	120.0	120.2
Group 1 - Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment	9	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
Group 3 - Other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets	6	126.1	126.3	126.0	127.7

Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,**December 2023 to March 2024 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)**

Description	Wgt	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Group 4 - Recreational and cultural services	15	108.8	109.6	109.6	109.6
Group 5 - Newspapers, books and stationery	12	134.2	133.3	134.5	134.6
Division 10 - Education	50	116.9	113.4	112.7	112.7
Group 1 - Pre-primary and primary education	5	118.1	77.1	77.1	77.1
Group 2 - Secondary education	10	111.5	114.3	114.3	114.3
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	0.5	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0
Group 4 - Tertiary education	34	118.8	118.8	117.8	117.8
Group 5 - Education not definable by level	0.5	64.1	64.1	64.1	64.1
Division 11 - Restaurants and hotels	54	137.0	137.3	137.6	139.2
Group 1 - Catering services	51	137.2	137.6	138.0	139.6
Group 2 - Accommodation services	3	131.9	131.9	131.9	131.9
Division 12 - Miscellaneous goods and services	50	124.8	127.8	129.1	128.9
Group 1 - Personal care	22	130.4	133.4	136.3	136.0
Group 3 - Personal effects, not elsewhere classified	2	153.5	156.3	155.5	155.5
Group 4 - Social protection	1	132.9	163.9	163.9	163.9
Group 5 - Insurance	21	116.7	118.9	118.9	118.9
Group 6 - Financial services not elsewhere classified	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 7 - Other services not elsewhere classified	3	127.3	127.3	127.9	127.9
All divisions	1000	132.0	135.2	138.6	137.6

Table 5 - Headline inflation rate (%), 2005 - 2023

<i>Calendar year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>	<i>Financial Year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>
2005	4.9	2005/06	5.1
2006	8.9	2006/07	10.7
2007	8.8	2007/08	8.8
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7
2010	2.9	2010/11	5.1
2011	6.5	2011/12	5.1
2012	3.9	2012/13	3.6
2013	3.5	2013/14	4.0
2014	3.2	2014/15	1.7
2015	1.3	2015/16	0.9
2016	1.0	2016/17	2.4
2017	3.7	2017/18	4.3
2018	3.2	2018/19	1.0
2019	0.5	2019/20	1.8
2020	2.5	2020/21	2.2
2021	4.0	2021/22	8.0
2022	10.8	2022/23	10.5
2023	7.0		



Technical note

1. Methodology used for the computation of the Consumer Price Index (Base period: January - December 2017 = 100)

(a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

(b) Measurement of the CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

(c) The CPI basket

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private households in a reference period, currently January to December 2017. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2017 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 12 divisions, 42 groups and 80 classes.

(d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 8,000 price quotations are collected in respect of 1,093 item indicators from some 520 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Mahebourg, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

(e) Formula for computation of the CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time t is

$$I_t = \frac{\sum W_i (P_{it} / P_{i0})}{\sum W_i} \times 100$$

where,

I_t : CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0

P_{i0} : Price of item i at time 0, i.e. during base period

P_{it} : Price of item i at time t

W_i : Weight of item i

The base period is January to December 2017, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

2. Inflation

(a) Definition of Inflation

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

(b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, i.e. by comparing the average level of prices during a twelve-month period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of

inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation.*

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called ‘year-on-year’ method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of the CPI is available online in the publication ‘[Household Budget Survey](#)’.

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