

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(Base period: January – December 2017 = 100)

Year 2021

1. INTRODUCTION

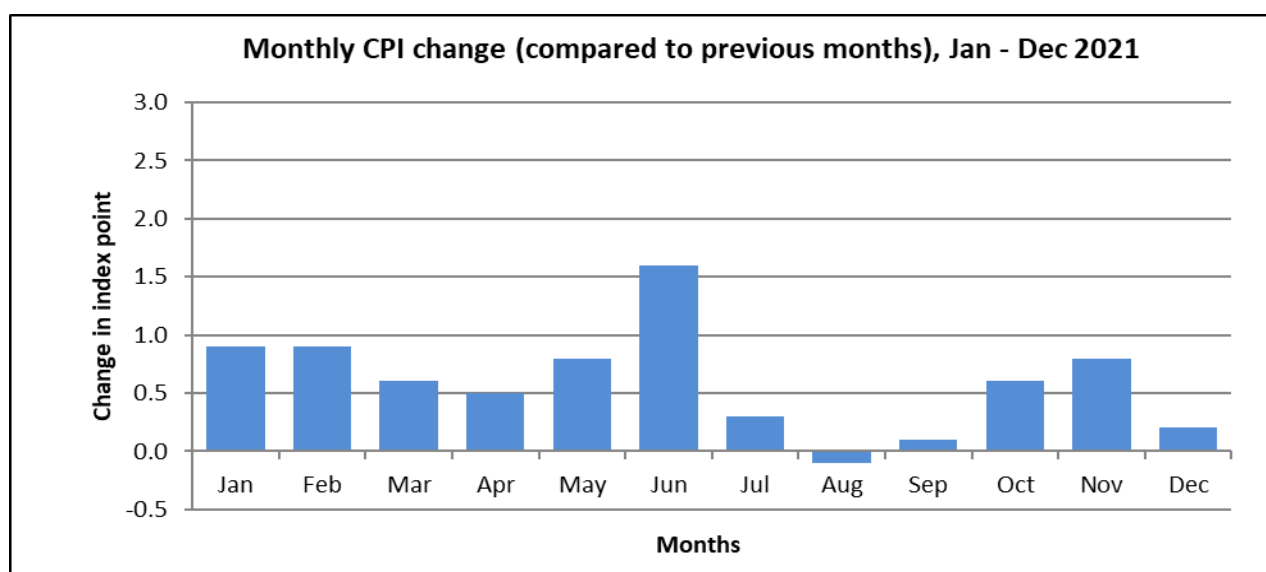
This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the year 2021. The methodology used for computing the CPI and the inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

2. KEY POINTS

2.1 Overall CPI

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 106.1 in December 2020, registered a net increase of 7.2 points (or +6.8%) to reach 113.3 in December 2021 (Table 1A).

The monthly CPI changes in 2021 are shown in the chart below. Increases ranging from 0.1 point to 1.6 points were noted during January to July and during September to December, with the highest increase in June 2021. A decrease of 0.1 point was noted in August 2021.



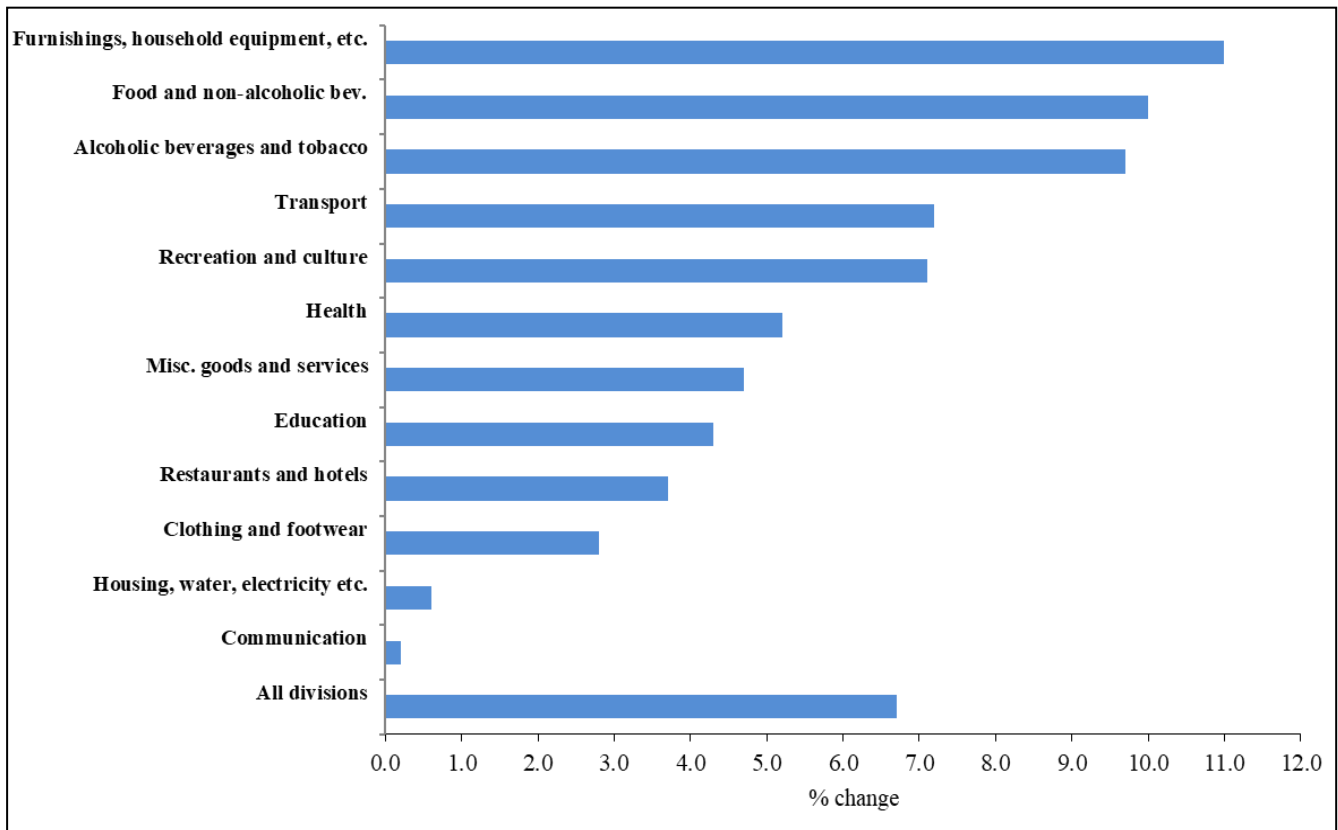
2.2 Overview of CPI movements

The main reasons for the net increase in CPI during the year 2021 (Table 2) were:

- (a) higher prices of vegetables, meat, fruits, cooking oil, trader's rice, frozen semi-prepared foods, fish, culinary herbs, biscuits, soft drinks, powdered milk, flour preparations and other food products;
- (b) higher prices of cigarettes, beer and stout, rum and other cane spirits, whisky and wine;
- (c) higher prices of ready-made clothing;
- (d) higher prices of other non-durable supplies, furniture, washing materials and softeners, and major household appliances;
- (e) higher prices of medicinal products and doctor's fees;
- (f) higher prices of gasoline, motor vehicles and, spare parts and accessories;
- (g) higher prices of information processing equipment, pet foods, stationery and audio-visual equipment;
- (h) higher university fees in private institutions;
- (i) higher prices of prepared foods;
- (j) higher prices of goods for personal care and other goods and services.

3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Percentage change in CPI sub-indices for year 2021



The changes in the sub-indices (Table 3) for the twelve divisions of consumption expenditure during the year 2021 were as follows:

Division of consumption expenditure

Main contributors to change

Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+10.0%)

Higher prices of vegetables (+13.1%), meat (+12.0%), fruits (+22.4%), cooking oil (+22.9%), trader's rice (+8.8%), frozen semi-prepared food (+16.2%), fish (+3.1%), culinary herbs (+31.2%), biscuits (+13.7%), soft drinks (+8.7%), powdered milk (+2.9%), flour preparations (+12.2%), sugar (+16.2%), margarine and ghee (+15.2%), cereals (+9.4%), concentrated juice and syrups (+10.2%), partly offset by lower prices in pulses (-9.1%).

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (+9.7%)

Higher prices of cigarettes (+10.8%), beer and stout (+8.1%), rum and other cane spirits (+9.6%), whisky (+7.7%) and wine (+11.2%).

<i>Clothing and footwear (+2.8%)</i>	Higher prices of ready-made clothing (+2.9%), footwear (+2.7%) and clothing materials (+1.8%).
<i>Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels (+0.6%)</i>	Higher prices of materials for maintenance of dwelling (+7.4%).
<i>Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance (+11.0%)</i>	Higher prices of other non-durable supplies (+38.7%), furniture (+11.3%), washing materials and softeners (+11.6%), major household appliances (+8.3%) and higher charges for domestic services (+5.0%).
<i>Health (+5.2%)</i>	Higher prices of medicinal products (+8.7%) and other medical products (+27.8%) and higher doctors' fees (+5.3%) and clinic charges (+1.8%).
<i>Transport (+7.2%)</i>	Higher prices of gasoline (+16.3%), motor vehicles (+5.1%), spare parts and accessories (+11.2%), diesel (+7.6%) and air tickets (+0.6%).
<i>Communication (+0.2%)</i>	Higher prices of mobile phone equipment (+1.8%).
<i>Recreation and culture (+7.1%)</i>	Higher prices of information processing equipment (+15.0%), pet foods (+30.1%), stationery (+15.6%), audio visual equipment (+13.7%), private TV subscriptions (+2.5%) and newspapers and magazines (+6.2%).
<i>Education (+4.3%)</i>	Higher university fees in private institutions (+6.6%).
<i>Restaurants and hotels (+3.7%)</i>	Higher prices of prepared foods (+5.3%) and higher expenditure in bar (+2.6%).
<i>Miscellaneous goods and services (+4.7%)</i>	Higher prices of goods for personal care (+8.4%) and higher religious and funerary charges (+19.8%).

4. INFLATION RATE

The headline inflation rate increased from 2.5% in year 2020 to 4.0% in year 2021 (Table 5).

The headline inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' increased from 2.7% in year 2020 to 3.7% in year 2021.

5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares the inflation rate (as measured by the percentage change in the average CPI for a given year relative to the previous year) of Mauritius with those of our main trading partners and some countries in the region for year 2020. It is to be noted that inflation rates for 2021 for the selected countries are not yet available.

Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2020

Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	0.5
United Kingdom	0.9
China	2.4
India	6.2
Japan	0.0
Singapore	-0.2
Australia	0.9
United States	1.2
Botswana	1.9
Mauritius	2.5
Seychelles	1.2
South Africa	3.3

Source – World Economic Outlook Database, October 2021

Note:

- (i) This publication is available on the website of Statistics Mauritius at "<http://statsmauritius.govmu.org>". From the homepage, choose "Publications", followed by "Economic and Social Indicators", then "Consumer Price Index".
- (ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.
- (iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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Table 1A - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2013 - December 2021

<i>Month</i>	<i>(Base : Jan - Dec 2012 = 100)</i>						<i>(Base : Jan - Dec 2017 = 100)</i>			
	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>
January	102.0	107.2	107.9	108.3	110.2	117.0		103.8	105.9	107.0
February	102.7	108.5	110.7	110.1	111.5	119.3		104.4	106.6	107.9
March	103.1	107.7	110.1	111.1	112.5	120.0		104.4	107.4	108.5
April	103.4	107.7	110.0	110.2	113.4		103.8	104.4	108.8	109.0
May	103.3	106.8	107.3	108.2	114.6		103.6	104.4	107.3	109.8
June	103.4	106.8	107.2	108.4	115.3		102.8	103.4	105.2	111.4
July	103.6	106.8	107.4	108.5	114.3		102.6	103.4	104.9	111.7
August	103.3	107.2	108.4	109.4	114.4		101.9	103.7	105.3	111.6
September	103.5	106.5	108.6	109.6	113.4		102.0	103.3	106.0	111.7
October	103.9	105.9	107.5	109.1	112.9		102.4	102.8	106.1	112.3
November	105.0	105.9	107.0	109.4	113.3		102.8	103.1	106.3	113.1
December	105.3	105.5	106.9	109.4	114.0		102.4	103.3	106.1	113.3
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>103.5</i>	<i>106.9</i>	<i>108.3</i>	<i>109.3</i>	<i>113.3</i>			<i>103.7</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>110.6</i>
<i>Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)</i>	+ 3.5	+ 3.2	+ 1.3	+ 1.0	+ 3.7		+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.5	+ 4.0

Table 1B - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2013 - December 2021 ^{1/}
(Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

<u>Month</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
January	90.0	94.6	95.2	95.6	97.3	103.2	103.8	105.9	107.0
February	90.6	95.7	97.7	97.2	98.4	105.3	104.4	106.6	107.9
March	90.9	95.0	97.1	98.1	99.3	105.9	104.4	107.4	108.5
April	91.2	95.0	97.1	97.3	100.1	103.8	104.4	108.8	109.0
May	91.1	94.2	94.7	95.5	101.1	103.6	104.4	107.3	109.8
June	91.2	94.2	94.5	95.7	101.7	102.8	103.4	105.2	111.4
July	91.4	94.2	94.8	95.7	100.9	102.6	103.4	104.9	111.7
August	91.1	94.6	95.6	96.5	100.9	101.9	103.7	105.3	111.6
September	91.3	94.0	95.8	96.7	100.1	102.0	103.3	106.0	111.7
October	91.7	93.4	94.9	96.2	99.6	102.4	102.8	106.1	112.3
November	92.7	93.4	94.4	96.5	100.0	102.8	103.1	106.3	113.1
December	92.9	93.1	94.3	96.5	100.6	102.4	103.3	106.1	113.3
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>91.4</i>	<i>94.3</i>	<i>95.5</i>	<i>96.5</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>103.2</i>	<i>103.7</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>110.6</i>
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+ 3.5	+ 3.2	+ 1.3	+ 1.0	+ 3.7	+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.5	+ 4.0

^{1/} *The CPI for January 2013 to March 2018, originally based on January to December 2012, has been converted to the new base January - December 2017=100 using a linking factor of 1.133167. Example: the monthly CPI for January 2018 has been converted to the new base by dividing 117.0 by 1.133167 (=103.2)*

Table 2 - Net contribution of main commodities that affected the index from December 2020 to December 2021

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	Percentage change in price index
Vegetables	+ 0.6	+ 13.0
Meat	+ 0.5	+ 11.9
Fruits	+ 0.3	+ 22.4
Cooking oil	+ 0.2	+ 22.9
Rice	+ 0.1	+ 8.8
Other prepared food	+ 0.1	+ 18.4
Frozen semi prepared foods	+ 0.1	+ 16.2
Fish	+ 0.1	+ 3.1
Culinary herbs	+ 0.1	+ 31.2
Other food products n.e.c	+ 0.1	+ 13.5
Biscuits	+ 0.1	+ 13.7
Soft Drinks	+ 0.1	+ 8.7
Powdered milk whole	+ 0.1	+ 2.9
Flour preparations	+ 0.1	+ 12.2
Other food products	+ 0.1	+ 4.3
Cigarettes	+ 0.6	+ 10.8
Beer & Stout	+ 0.3	+ 8.0
Rum & Other Cane spirits	+ 0.2	+ 9.6
Whisky	+ 0.1	+ 7.7
Wine	+ 0.1	+ 11.2
Ready made clothing	+ 0.1	+ 2.9
Other non durable supplies	+ 0.2	+ 38.7
Furniture	+ 0.2	+ 11.3
Washing materials and Softners	+ 0.1	+ 11.6
Major Household Appliances	+ 0.1	+ 8.3
Medicinal products	+ 0.1	+ 8.7
Doctor's fee	+ 0.1	+ 5.3
Gasolene	+ 0.7	+ 16.3
Personal transport	+ 0.3	+ 5.1
Spare parts & accessories	+ 0.1	+ 11.2
Information processing equipment	+ 0.1	+ 15.0
Pet foods	+ 0.1	+ 30.1
Stationery	+ 0.1	+ 15.6
Television set & Audio and Video Equipment	+ 0.1	+ 13.7
University fees in private Institutions	+ 0.2	+ 6.6
Prepared foods	+ 0.2	+ 5.3
Goods for personal care	+ 0.2	+ 8.4
Other goods and services	+ 0.2	+ 1.5
Overall	+ 7.2	+ 6.8

Table 3 : Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, December 2020 to December 2021 - (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Division	Description	Weight	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Percentage change between December 2020 and December 2021
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	248	110.3	112.0	114.2	116.8	118.2	120.4	121.5	119.0	117.8	117.1	118.3	120.4	121.3	+10.0
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	110	107.1	107.5	107.7	107.7	108.0	109.1	115.0	117.7	118.6	118.4	118.4	118.0	117.5	+9.7
03	Clothing and footwear	46	107.4	108.2	108.2	108.2	108.5	108.7	108.8	109.3	109.3	109.8	110.2	110.2	110.4	+2.8
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	112	92.6	92.7	92.7	92.7	87.6	87.7	92.9	93.0	93.1	93.1	93.1	93.2	93.2	+0.6
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	59	108.1	109.5	111.5	111.9	112.4	112.5	113.4	114.0	113.7	115.3	117.9	120.4	120.0	+11.0
06	Health	38	110.2	112.7	113.1	113.2	113.3	113.7	114.3	114.4	114.6	115.1	115.4	115.7	116.0	+5.2
07	Transport	147	106.9	107.3	107.5	107.5	111.1	110.9	110.7	113.2	113.5	113.5	113.8	114.6	114.6	+7.2
08	Communication	44	98.6	98.5	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	+0.2
09	Recreation and culture	42	104.7	105.9	106.4	106.3	107.2	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.7	110.4	110.9	111.5	112.1	+7.1
10	Education	50	106.5	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.7	108.4	108.4	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.1	+4.3
11	Restaurants and hotels	54	110.1	110.1	110.3	110.6	110.8	111.3	111.5	113.4	113.6	113.6	113.9	113.7	114.2	+3.7
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	50	107.8	108.6	110.0	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.4	113.1	112.8	113.9	112.8	+4.7
All Divisions		1000	106.1	107.0	107.9	108.5	109.0	109.8	111.4	111.7	111.6	111.7	112.3	113.1	113.3	+6.7

Note: Percentage change has been computed from unrounded indices and hence may vary slightly from the change in rounded indices.

Table 4 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,

December 2020 to December 2021 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Description	Wgt	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
Division 01 - Food and non alcoholic beverages	248	110.3	112.0	114.2	116.8	118.2	120.4	121.5	119.0	117.8	117.1	118.3	120.4	121.3
Group 1 - Food	230	109.8	111.5	113.9	116.5	117.9	120.3	121.5	118.5	117.2	116.5	117.7	119.8	120.9
Group 2 - Non-alcoholic beverages	18.0	117.5	118.4	118.6	119.6	122.3	121.3	122.0	124.7	125.2	124.8	125.9	127.5	126.7
Division 02 - Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	110	107.1	107.5	107.7	107.7	108.0	109.1	115.0	117.7	118.6	118.4	118.4	118.0	117.5
Group 1 - Alcoholic beverages	61	105.3	105.9	106.3	106.3	107.0	106.3	112.5	114.9	116.4	116.1	116.1	115.4	114.5
Group 2 - Tobacco	49	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	112.7	118.1	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3
Division 03 - Clothing and footwear	46	107.4	108.2	108.2	108.2	108.5	108.7	108.8	109.3	109.3	109.8	110.2	110.2	110.4
Group 1 - Clothing	36	106.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	108.1	108.3	108.4	109.1	109.1	109.1	109.6	109.7	109.8
Group 2 - Footwear	10	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.3	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.8
Division 04 - Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	112	92.6	92.7	92.7	92.7	87.6	87.7	92.9	93.0	93.1	93.1	93.1	93.2	93.2
Group 1 - Actual rentals for housing	10	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8
Group 2 - Mortgage interest on housing loan	31	77.2	77.2	77.2	77.2	77.2	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4
Group 3 - Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	13	115.4	116.4	116.7	116.7	116.7	116.9	118.2	119.0	119.5	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1
Group 4 - Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	11	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 5 - Electricity, gas and other fuels	47	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.7	80.5	80.5	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.7
Division 05 - Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	59	108.1	109.5	111.5	111.9	112.4	112.5	113.4	114.0	113.7	115.3	117.9	120.4	120.0
Group 1 - Furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	14	103.3	104.4	105.7	105.9	106.8	106.4	106.9	108.1	108.1	108.8	111.8	113.2	115.0
Group 2 - Household textiles	5	105.7	105.9	106.4	106.4	106.6	106.9	107.4	108.0	108.0	108.3	109.7	109.7	110.2
Group 3 - Household appliances	12	108.3	108.2	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.1	111.8	111.8	111.7	114.3	116.5	117.5	117.1

Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,

December 2020 to December 2021 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Description	Wgt	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household utensils	2	105.0	104.6	105.5	105.5	105.5	105.9	110.8	107.7	107.7	111.2	116.7	117.3	118.6
Group 5 - Tools and equipment for house and garden	2	107.4	107.4	108.9	108.9	108.9	109.0	109.2	109.3	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2
Group 6 - Goods and services for routine household maintenance	24	111.7	114.6	116.9	117.7	118.5	118.8	119.7	120.7	119.9	121.8	124.6	129.4	127.4
Division 06 - Health	38	110.2	112.7	113.1	113.2	113.3	113.7	114.3	114.4	114.6	115.1	115.4	115.7	116.0
Group 1 - Medical products, appliances and equipment	14	108.1	108.6	109.5	109.8	110.2	111.3	112.2	112.4	113.0	114.2	115.2	116.0	116.6
Group 2 - Outpatient services	15	110.6	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0
Group 3 - Hospital services	9	112.9	113.7	113.7	113.7	113.7	113.7	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9
Division 07 - Transport	147	106.9	107.3	107.5	107.5	111.1	110.9	110.7	113.2	113.5	113.5	113.8	114.6	114.6
Group 1 - Purchase of vehicles	50	107.7	109.1	109.1	109.1	109.8	109.7	109.0	110.7	111.1	112.1	112.9	113.2	113.1
Group 2 - Operation of personal transport equipment	64	103.7	103.7	103.9	103.9	111.4	111.2	111.2	115.7	115.7	115.9	116.0	116.0	116.9
Group 3 - Transport services	33	112.0	111.6	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.4	112.8	111.2	110.8	114.0	112.4
Division 08 - Communication	44	98.6	98.5	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.8
Group 2 - Telephone and telefax equipment	5	87.6	86.7	88.9	88.9	88.9	89.1	89.1	89.1	89.1	89.1	89.1	89.1	89.1
Group 3 - Telephone and telefax services	39	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Division 09 - Recreation and culture	42	104.7	105.9	106.4	106.3	107.2	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.7	110.4	110.9	111.5	112.1
Group 1 - Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment	9	95.6	98.7	100.7	100.7	103.8	104.4	105.4	106.0	106.5	106.9	107.8	107.7	108.5
Group 3 - Other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets	6	104.7	104.8	105.0	104.8	106.0	108.2	108.9	109.7	110.1	112.3	113.1	114.1	116.4

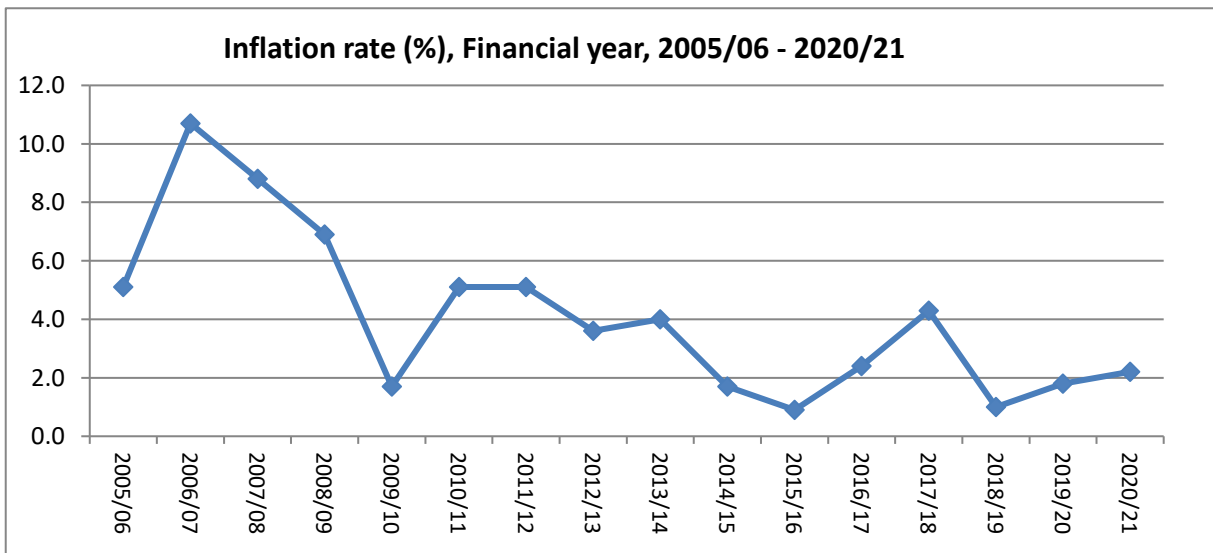
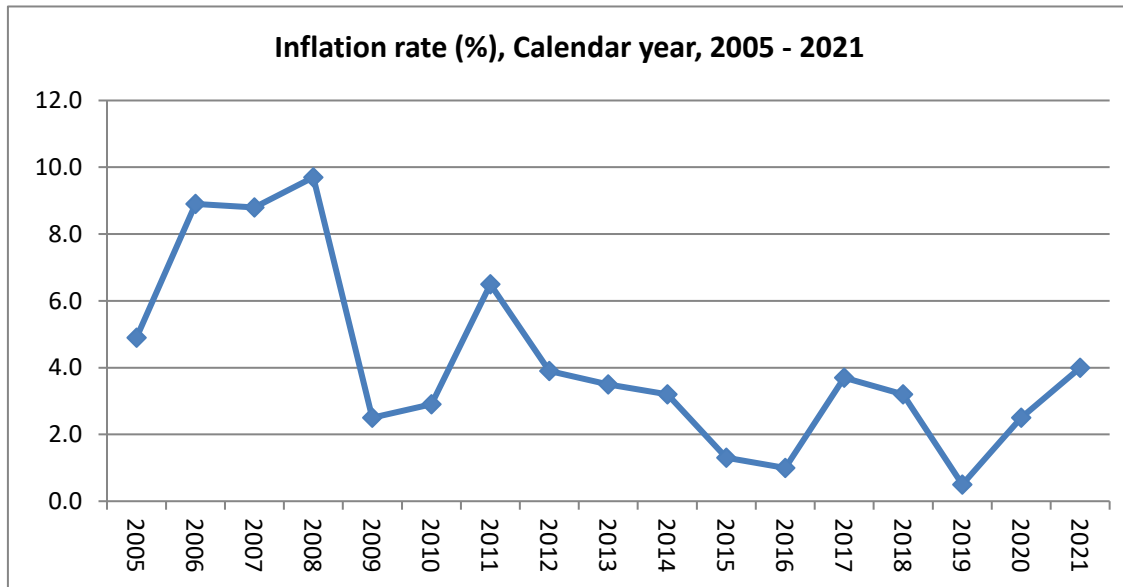
Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,

December 2020 to December 2021 (Base: January - December 2017 = 100)

Description	Wgt	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
Group 4 - Recreational and cultural services	15	103.5	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	105.7	105.7	105.7	105.7
Group 5 - Newspapers, books and stationery	12	113.2	113.1	113.1	113.2	113.5	114.2	114.9	115.7	117.8	117.8	118.7	120.1	120.7
Division 10 - Education	50	106.5	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.7	108.4	108.4	111.1	111.1	111.1	111.1
Group 1 - Pre-primary and primary education	5	112.7	112.7	112.7	112.7	112.7	112.7	113.8	113.8	113.8	113.8	113.8	113.8	113.8
Group 2 - Secondary education	10	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	110.1	110.1	110.1	110.1	110.1	110.1	110.1
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	0.5	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0
Group 4 - Tertiary education	34	104.9	106.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	106.5	107.5	107.5	111.4	111.4	111.4	111.4
Group 5 - Education not definable by level	0.5	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	58.7	58.7	58.7	58.7
Division 11 - Restaurants and hotels	54	110.1	110.1	110.3	110.6	110.8	111.3	111.5	113.4	113.6	113.6	113.9	113.7	114.2
Group 1 - Catering services	51	110.4	110.4	110.6	110.9	111.1	111.6	111.9	113.9	114.1	114.1	114.4	114.4	114.9
Group 2 - Accommodation services	3	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	101.6	101.6
Division 12 - Miscellaneous goods and services	50	107.8	108.6	110.0	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.4	113.1	112.8	113.9	112.8
Group 1 - Personal care	22	105.2	105.8	109.1	109.5	110.1	111.0	112.6	113.4	113.6	113.9	113.2	115.5	113.1
Group 3 - Personal effects, not elsewhere classified	2	133.7	133.7	133.9	133.9	134.1	137.5	139.2	140.1	139.9	140.1	140.1	141.5	141.6
Group 4 - Social protection	1	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	124.3	124.3	124.3	124.3	124.3	124.3	124.3
Group 5 - Insurance	21	108.6	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7	109.7
Group 6 - Financial services not elsewhere classified	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 7 - Other services not elsewhere classified	3	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9
All divisions	1000	106.1	107.0	107.9	108.5	109.0	109.8	111.4	111.7	111.6	111.7	112.3	113.1	113.3

Table 5 - Headline inflation rate (%), 2005 - 2021

<i>Calendar year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>	<i>Financial Year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>
2005	4.9	2005/06	5.1
2006	8.9	2006/07	10.7
2007	8.8	2007/08	8.8
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7
2010	2.9	2010/11	5.1
2011	6.5	2011/12	5.1
2012	3.9	2012/13	3.6
2013	3.5	2013/14	4.0
2014	3.2	2014/15	1.7
2015	1.3	2015/16	0.9
2016	1.0	2016/17	2.4
2017	3.7	2017/18	4.3
2018	3.2	2018/19	1.0
2019	0.5	2019/20	1.8
2020	2.5	2020/21	2.2
2021	4.0		



Technical note

1. Methodology used for computation of Consumer Price Index

(Base period: January - December 2017 = 100)

(a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

(b) Measurement of CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly, an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

(c) CPI basket

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private households in a reference period, currently January to December 2017. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2017 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 12 divisions, 42 groups and 80 classes.

(d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 8,000 price quotations are collected in respect of 1,093 item indicators from some 520 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Mahebourg, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

(e) Formula for computation of CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time t is

$$I_t = \frac{\sum W_i (P_{it} / P_{i0})}{\sum W_i} \times 100$$

where,

I_t : CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0

P_{i0} : Price of item i at time 0, i.e. during base period

P_{it} : Price of item i at time t

W_i : Weight of item i

The base period is January to December 2017, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

2. Inflation

(a) Definition of Inflation

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

(b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, i.e. by comparing the average level of prices during a twelve-month period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation.*

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called ‘year-on-year’ method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of CPI is available online in the publication ‘ [HBS 2017 Methodological Report and updated CPI](#) ’