CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(Base period: January – December 2012 = 100)

3rd Quarter 2015

1. INTRODUCTION

This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the third quarter 2015. The methodology used for computing the CPI and the inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

2. KEY POINTS

2.1 <u>The overall CPI</u>

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 107.2 in June 2015, registered a net increase of 1.4 points (or 1.3%) to reach 108.6 in September 2015 (Table 2a).

On a monthly basis, the CPI increased by 0.2 point in July, 1.0 point in August and 0.2 point in September.

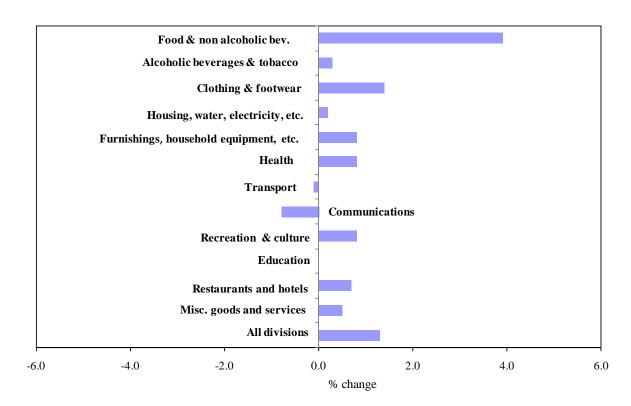
2.2 <u>Overview of CPI movements</u>

The main reasons for the net increase in the CPI from June to September 2015 (Table 3) were:

- (a) higher prices of vegetables;
- (b) higher prices of meat and other food products;
- (c) higher internet connection fees;
- (d) higher prices of some other goods and services; partly offset by
- (e) lower prices of milk;
- (f) lower mobile phone charges.

3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Figure 1: Percentage change in CPI sub indices from June to September 2015



The changes in the sub-indices for the twelve divisions of consumption expenditure from June to September 2015 were as follows:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+3.9%)	The increase of 3.9% was mainly the result of higher prices of vegetables (+22.8%) and meat (+1.6%), partly offset by lower prices of milk (-2.4%).							
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (+0.3%)	The increase of 0.3% was mainly due to increases in prices of beer and stout (+0.5%) and wine (+2.3%).							
Clothing and footwear (+1.4%)	The increase of 1.4% was mainly due to price increases in some ready-made clothing (+1.2%) and footwear (+2.4%).							
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels $(+0.2\%)$	The increase of 0.2% was due to higher interest rates on housing loan $(+0.5\%)$ and higher prices of goods for maintenance and repair of dwellings $(+1.3\%)$.							
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance (+0.8%)	The increase of 0.8% was mainly due to higher prices of washing materials and softeners (+2.5%).							
<i>Health</i> (+0.8%)	The increase of 0.8% was mainly the effect of higher prices of medicinal products (+1.5%).							
Transport (-0.1%)	The decrease of 0.1% was mainly due to lower prices of diesel (-6.1%), partly offset by higher prices for maintenance of motor vehicles $(+3.3\%)$.							
Communication (-0.8%)	The decrease of 0.8% was due to lower mobile phone charges (-7.5%), partly offset by higher internet connection fees (+6.5%).							
<i>Recreation and culture (+0.8%)</i>	The increase of 0.8% was mainly the result of higher prices of newspapers (+5.3%) and private TV subscription (+1.2%).							
Education	Unchanged							
Restaurants and hotels (+0.7%)	The increase of 0.7% was mainly due to higher prices of prepared foods (+0.6%) and accommodation services (+8.2%).							
<i>Miscellaneous goods and services (+0.5%)</i>	The increase of 0.5% was mainly attributable to price increases of some goods for personal care $(+1.3\%)$, partly offset by lower prices of jewellery (-4.3%).							

4. INFLATION RATE

The headline inflation rate was 3.2% for year 2014 compared to 3.5% for year 2013. On the basis of trends in previous years and recent price changes, the headline inflation rate for calendar year 2015 is estimated at around 1.7%.

The headline inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' was 2.9% for year 2014 compared to 2.5% for year 2013.

The headline inflation rate for the twelve months ending September 2015 works out to 1.2% compared to 3.9% for the twelve months ending September 2014.

The headline inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' for the twelve months ending September 2015 works out to 1.1% compared to 3.4% for the twelve months ending September 2014.

5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares the inflation rate (as measured by the percentage change in the average CPI for a given year relative to the previous year) of Mauritius with those of our main importing countries and some countries in the region for the latest available year, mainly 2014.

Country	Inflation rate (%)	Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	0.6	Australia	2.5
United Kingdom	1.5	United States	1.6
China	2.0	Botswana	3.9
India	5.9	Mauritius	3.2
Japan	2.7	Seychelles	1.4
Singapore	1.0	South Africa	6.1

Table 1 - Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2014

Source – World Economic Outlook Database, October 2015

Statistics Mauritius Ministry of Finance and Economic Development Port Louis October 2015 Note :

- (i) This publication is available on the website of Statistics Mauritius at <u>http://statsmauritius.govmu.org</u> From the homepage, choose "Publications" followed by "Economic and Social Indicators", then "Consumer Price Index".
- (ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.
- (iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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		<u>(Base :</u>	July 2006 -	June 2007 :	= 100 <u>)</u>		(Base : Jan - Dec 2012 = 100)				
<u>Month</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		
January	109.6	115.3	118.2	125.8	131.9	135.7		107.2	107.9		
February	110.7	115.8	118.6	126.7	131.9	136.6		108.5	110.7		
March	110.8	116.1	118.8	127.4	132.3	137.1		107.7	110.1		
April	111.9	116.2	119.3	127.6	132.5		103.4	107.7	110.0		
May	113.0	116.2	119.1	127.6	132.5		103.3	106.8	107.3		
June	113.4	117.1	119.9	127.8	132.8		103.4	106.8	107.2		
July	115.6	117.8	120.2	128.2	133.0		103.6	106.8	107.4		
August	116.3	117.5	120.6	128.4	133.2		103.3	107.2	108.4		
September	116.7	117.8	120.7	128.3	133.3		103.5	106.5	108.6		
October	117.2	117.3	121.0	128.2	133.6		103.9	105.9			
November	116.5	117.3	121.9	130.4	134.4		105.0	105.9			
December	115.5	117.2	124.4	130.4	134.6		105.3	105.5			
Yearly average	113.9	116.8	120.2	128.1	133.0		103.5	106.9			
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	+ 2.9	+ 6.5	+ 3.9		+ 3.5	+ 3.2			

 Table 2a - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2008 - September 2015

Table 2b - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2008 - September 2015	
(Base: January - December 2012 = 100)	

<u>Month</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
January	82.4	86.7	88.9	94.6	99.2	102.0	107.2	107.9
February	83.2	87.1	89.2	95.3	99.2	102.7	108.5	110.7
March	83.3	87.3	89.3	95.8	99.5	103.1	107.7	110.1
April	84.1	87.4	89.7	95.9	99.6	103.4	107.7	110.0
May	85.0	87.4	89.5	95.9	99.6	103.3	106.8	107.3
June	85.3	88.0	90.2	96.1	99.8	103.4	106.8	107.2
July	86.9	88.6	90.4	96.4	100.0	103.6	106.8	107.4
August	87.4	88.3	90.7	96.5	100.2	103.3	107.2	108.4
September	87.7	88.6	90.8	96.5	100.2	103.5	106.5	108.6
October	88.1	88.2	91.0	96.4	100.5	103.9	105.9	
November	87.6	88.2	91.7	98.0	101.1	105.0	105.9	
December	86.8	88.1	93.5	98.0	101.2	105.3	105.5	
Yearly average	85.7	87.8	90.4	96.3	100.0	103.5	106.9	
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	+ 2.9	+ 6.5	+ 3.9	+ 3.5	+ 3.2	

^{1/} The CPI for January 2008 to March 2013, originally based on July 2006-June 2007, has been converted to the new base January - December 2012=100 using a linking factor of 1.33. Example: the monthly CPI for January 2013 has been converted to the new base by dividing 135.7 by 1.33 (=102.0)

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	Percentage change in price index				
Vegetables	+ 1.0	+ 22.8				
Meat	+ 0.1	+ 1.6				
Milk	- 0.1	- 2.4				
Other food products	+ 0.2	+ 0.7				
Mobile phone charges	- 0.1	- 7.5				
Internet connection fees	+ 0.1	+ 6.5				
Other goods and services	+ 0.2	+ 0.4				
Overall	+ 1.4	+ 1.3				

 Table 3 - Net contribution of main commodities that affected the index from June to September 2015

 Table 4 : Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, January to September 2015

(*Base: January - December 2012 = 100*)

Division	Description	Weight	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	% change between June to September 2015
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	273	113.6	122.1	119.5	118.8	108.6	107.0	107.9	110.7	111.2	+3.9
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	96	116.5	116.2	116.4	116.5	116.6	119.9	119.9	119.9	120.2	+0.3
03	Clothing and footwear	45	112.0	112.5	112.6	113.5	113.1	113.4	113.5	114.0	115.0	+1.4
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	120	101.6	101.6	101.7	101.7	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.1	101.2	+0.2
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	61	103.7	104.1	103.4	105.2	105.5	105.9	106.0	106.4	106.7	+0.8
06	Health	40	113.1	113.2	113.1	113.1	113.4	113.6	114.0	114.2	114.5	+0.8
07	Transport	151	99.5	102.0	103.0	102.7	103.5	103.5	103.3	103.8	103.4	- 0.1
08	Communication	39	97.7	97.4	96.6	96.8	96.6	95.7	94.7	94.9	94.9	- 0.8
09	Recreation and culture	44	105.8	107.7	107.4	107.4	107.3	106.9	107.4	107.8	107.8	+0.8
10	Education	45	104.6	104.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	-
11	Restaurants and hotels	45	113.0	113.0	113.0	112.2	112.6	112.6	113.0	113.8	113.4	+0.7
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	41	105.7	105.1	104.7	105.5	105.6	105.5	105.3	105.6	106.0	+0.5
	All Divisions	1,000	107.9	110.7	110.1	110.0	107.3	107.2	107.4	108.4	108.6	+1.3

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Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, October 2014 - September 2015	
(Base: January - December 2012 = 100)	

Description	Weight	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15
Division 01 - Food and													
non alcoholic beverages	273	104.2	104.5	104.7	113.6	122.1	119.5	118.8	108.6	107.0	107.9	110.7	111.2
non aconone beverages	213	104.2	104.5	104.7	113.0	122.1	119.5	110.0	100.0	107.0	107.9	110.7	111.2
Group 1 - Food	254	103.9	104.2	104.4	113.8	123.1	120.4	119.6	108.5	106.7	107.7	110.7	111.1
Group 2 - Non-alcoholic													
beverages	19	107.7	109.1	107.9	110.2	109.0	108.1	108.6	109.7	110.0	111.2	111.0	112.4
Division 02 - Alcoholic													
beverages and tobacco	96	116.6	116.4	115.8	116.5	116.2	116.4	116.5	116.6	119.9	119.9	119.9	120.2
Group 1 - Alcoholic													
beverages	51	115.5	115.1	113.9	115.2	114.7	115.1	115.2	115.5	115.7	115.6	115.7	116.2
C													
Group 2 - Tobacco	15	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	1047	1047	104.7	1047
010up 2 - 100acco	45	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	124.7	124.7	124.7	124.7
Division 03 - Clothing													
and footwear	45	110.0	111.0	111.8	112.0	112.5	112.6	113.5	113.1	113.4	113.5	114.0	115.0
Group 1 - Clothing	34	102.0	110.2	111 4	112.0	112.4	112.4	114.0	112.2	112 6	112.0	114.4	114.0
Gloup I - Clouning	54	108.9	110.3	111.4	112.0	112.4	112.4	114.0	113.3	113.6	113.8	114.4	114.9
Group 2 - Footwear	11	113.4	113.0	112.9	111.8	112.8	113.2	112.1	112.3	112.7	112.7	112.7	115.4
Division 04 - Housing,													
water, electricity, gas and other fuels	120	101.2	101.2	101.2	101 (101 (101 7	101 7	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.1	101.2
	120	101.3	101.3	101.3	101.6	101.6	101.7	101.7	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.1	101.2
Group 1 - Actual rentals													
for housing	13	102.8	102.8	102.8	102.8	102.8	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1
~													
Group 2 - Mortgage	20												
interest on housing loan	30	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	93.8	93.6	93.6	94.1	94.1
Group 3 - Maintenance and													
repair of the dwelling	12	115.8	115.8	115.8	118.1	119.1	119.3	119.4	119.4	119.5	119.5	119.6	120.2
Group 4 - Water supply	12	115.6	115.6	115.6	110.1	117.1	117.5	117.4	117.4	117.5	117.5	117.0	120.2
and miscellaneous services													
relating to the dwelling	12	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.1
Group 5 - Electricity, gas													
and other fuels	53	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4
Division 05 - Furnishings,	55	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.4
household equipment and													
routine household	61	102.6	102.1	102.0	103.7	104.1	103.4	105.2	105.5	105.9	106.0	106.4	106.7
Group 1 - Furniture and													
furnishings, carpets and													
other floor coverings	16	96.6	96.4	97.1	97.3	99.2	96.5	101.0	101.3	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4
Group 2 - Household													
textiles	3	108.3	103.4	103.1	107.3	108.0	108.3	108.8	109.4	109.4	109.8	111.0	110.4
			1										
Group 3 - Household	10	101.0	102.0	101.0	102.0	102 -	104.4	105 5	104.0	1000	106.1	1000	1051
appliances	12	101.8	102.0	101.0	102.8	103.5	104.4	105.7	104.0	106.0	106.1	106.3	106.1

Table 5 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, October 2014 - September 2015

(*Base: January - December 2012 = 100*)

Description	Weight	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15
-													
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household													
utensils	2	108.1	108.4	108.4	109.0	109.3	109.8	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.4	112.4	112.4
Group 5 - Tools and	2	100.1	100.4	100.4	109.0	107.5	109.0	110.5	110.0	111.1	111.4	112.4	112.4
equipment for house and													
garden	2	103.9	104.0	104.0	106.0	106.0	104.9	108.1	107.8	108.5	108.2	108.4	108.2
Group 6 - Goods and													
services for routine	26												
household maintenance	26	105.6	104.8	104.7	107.1	106.4	106.1	106.5	107.8	107.7	107.9	108.5	109.2
Division 06 - Health	40	109.9	110.0	111.0	113.1	113.2	113.1	113.1	113.4	113.6	114.0	114.2	114.5
Group 1 - Medical	-10	107.7	110.0	111.0	115.1	113.2	115.1	115.1	115.4	115.0	114.0	114.2	114.5
products, appliances and													
equipment	14	102.9	103.1	103.7	103.9	104.1	103.9	103.9	103.5	104.2	104.3	104.8	105.6
Group 2 - Outpatient	17	117.4	117.4	117.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	102.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
services	17	117.4	117.4	117.4	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2
Group 3 - Hospital services	9	106.8	106.8	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	112.1	112.1	113.7	113.7	113.7
* *													
Division 07 - Transport	151	105.9	105.1	102.6	99.5	102.0	103.0	102.7	103.5	103.5	103.3	103.8	103.4
_													
Group 1 - Purchase of	50												
vehicles Group 2 - Operation of	52	110.1	109.6	109.0	108.1	109.2	112.1	113.3	114.9	115.0	114.3	113.8	114.8
personal transport													
equipment	66	102.2	101.2	96.0	95.6	95.8	95.8	96.1	96.0	95.9	95.9	96.2	95.6
Group 3 - Transport	00	102.2	101.2	90.0	95.0	95.8	95.8	90.1	90.0	95.9	95.9	90.2	95.0
services	33	106.7	106.1	105.5	94.0	102.8	102.9	99.1	100.5	100.7	100.6	103.2	101.2
		1000	10011	10010	2.10	10210	1020	//.1	10010	10017	10010	10012	10112
Division 08 -													
Communication	39	99.1	99.1	98.9	97.7	97.4	96.6	96.8	96.6	95.7	94.7	94.9	94.9
Group 2 - Telephone and													
telefax equipment	3	92.6	92.6	89.9	90.4	86.2	86.2	88.4	86.2	85.0	81.8	79.8	79.8
· · ·		72.0	72.0	57.7	70.4	00.2	00.2	00.4	00.2	05.0	01.0	17.0	, 7.0
Group 3 - Telephone and													
telefax services	36	99.7	99.7	99.7	98.3	98.3	97.5	97.5	97.5	96.6	95.7	96.1	96.1
Division 09 - Recreation													
and culture	44	105.0	104.9	105.4	105.8	107.7	107.4	107.4	107.3	106.9	107.4	107.8	107.8
Group 1 - Audio-visual,		105.0	104.9	103,4	103.0	10/1/	107.4	107.4	10/.3	100.9	10/.4	10/.0	10/.0
photographic and													
information processing	12	92.7	92.1	90.7	92.3	94.5	93.1	92.8	92.4	90.4	91.8	91.8	90.1
Group 3 - Other													
recreational items and													
equipment, gardens and	5	107.3	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.9	108.4	108.1	109.3	110.4	111.2	110.9
Group 4 - Recreational and													
cultural services	12	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3	121.3	122.6	122.6
Group 5 - Newspapers,													
books and stationery	15	102.2	102.2	104.9	104.7	107.4	107.5	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	107.6	109.2

Table 5 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, October 2014 - September2015

(*Base: January - December 2012 = 100*)

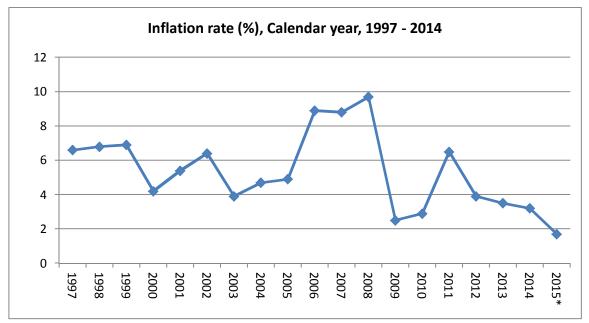
Description	Weight	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15
Division 10 - Education	45	103.7	103.7	103.7	104.6	104.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6	105.6
Group 1 - Pre-primary and primary education	7	113.2	113.2	113.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2	116.2
Group 2 - Secondary education	16	104.0	104.0	104.0	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.3
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 4 - Tertiary education	20	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.5	102.6	102.6	102.6	102.6	102.6	102.6	102.6
Group 5 - Education not definable by level	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Division 11 - Restaurants and hotels	45	111.4	112.7	113.1	113.0	113.0	113.0	112.2	112.6	112.6	113.0	113.8	113.4
Group 1 - Catering services	43	112.6	113.1	113.3	113.3	113.4	113.3	113.3	113.9	113.9	114.2	114.2	114.3
Group 2 - Accomodation services	2	86.2	104.2	109.3	105.3	105.3	105.3	88.2	86.3	86.3	88.7	106.3	93.4
Division 12 - Miscellaneous goods and services	41	104.9	105.2	103.9	105.7	105.1	104.7	105.5	105.6	105.5	105.3	105.6	106.0
Group 1 - Personal care	21	106.4	107.0	104.4	107.8	106.7	106.0	107.4	107.4	107.2	107.1	107.7	108.4
Group 3 - Personal effects, not elsewhere classified	3	98.7	97.2	97.8	98.6	98.5	98.6	99.0	100.3	100.3	98.7	97.7	98.4
Group 4 - Social protection	1	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5
Group 5 - Insurance	12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 6 - Financial services not elsewhere classified	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Group 7 - Other services													
not elsewhere classified All divisions	3 1000	119.3 105.9	119.7 105.9	119.5 105.5	119.5 107.9	118.9 110.7	119.2 110.1	119.5 110.0	119.5 107.3	119.5 107.2	119.5 107.4	120.2 108.4	120.2 108.6

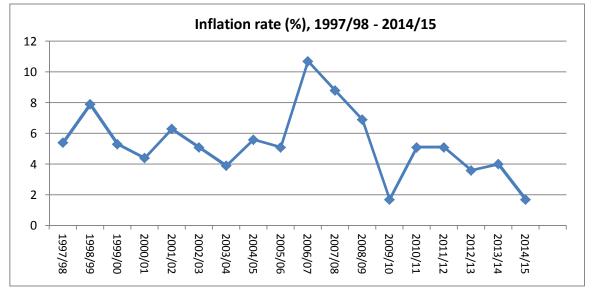
Table 6 - Inflation rate (%), 1997 - 2015

1	2
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Calendar year	Inflation rate	Financial Year	Inflation rate
1997	6.6	1997/98	5.4
1998	6.8	1998/99	7.9
1999	6.9	1999/00	5.3
2000	4.2	2000/01	4.4
2001	5.4	2001/02	6.3
2002	6.4	2002/03	5.1
2003	3.9	2003/04	3.9
2004	4.7	2004/05	5.6
2005	4.9	2005/06	5.1
2006	8.9	2006/07	10.7
2007	8.8	2007/08	8.8
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7
2010	2.9	2010/11	5.1
2011	6.5	2011/12	5.1
2012	3.9	2012/13	3.6
2013	3.5	2013/14	4.0
2014	3.2	2014/15	1.7
2015*	Around 1.7		

* Forecast





Technical note

1. Methodology used for the computation of the Consumer Price Index (Base period: January - December 2012 = 100)

(a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

(b) Measurement of the CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

(c) <u>The CPI basket</u>

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private households in a reference period, currently January to December 2012. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2012 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 12 divisions, 42 groups and 80 classes.

(d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 7,800 price quotations are collected in respect of 1,020 item indicators from some 500 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Mahebourg, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

(e) Formula for computation of the CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time *t* is

$$I_{t} = \frac{\sum W_{i} (P_{it} / P_{i0})}{\sum W_{i}} X 100$$

where,

 I_t : CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0 P_{io} : Price of item i at time 0, i.e. during base period P_{it} : Price of item i at time t W_i : Weight of item i

The base period is January to December 2012, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

2. Inflation

(a) <u>Definition of Inflation</u>

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

(b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, i.e. by comparing the average level of prices during a twelve-month period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation*.

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called 'year-on-year' method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of the CPI is available online in the publication "HBS 2012 and updated CPI" [http://statsmauritius.govmu.org/English/CensusandSurveys/Documents/HBS%20Methodology/M ethodological%20Report%20HBS12.pdf]