# Road Transport and Road Traffic Accident Statistics (Island of Mauritius) 

Year 2012

## 1. Vehicles registered in 2012

At the end of December 2012, there were 421,926 vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority (NTA). This represents a net increase of 21,007 vehicles (5.2\%) as compared to end of year 2011 when the number of registered vehicles was 400,919 (Table 1.1).

During the year 2012, the fleet was strengthened with the registration of 25,801 vehicles, of which 19,021 (73.7\%) were new, 5,633 (21.8\%) were imported second-hand and 1,147 (4.5\%) were re-registered vehicles; i.e., those which had been previously put off the road. During the same period 4,794 vehicles were put off the road. The net addition to the existing fleet worked out to 21,007 vehicles (Table 1.1).

## 2. Composition of fleet

A breakdown of the fleet by type of vehicle is given in Table 1.2. At the end of December 2012, the fleet consisted of $46.9 \%(197,849)$ cars and dual purpose vehicles and $41.1 \%(173,508)$ auto/motor cycles. The remaining $12.0 \%$ comprised vans $(26,293)$, lorries and trucks $(13,902)$, buses $(2,957)$ and other vehicles $(7,417)$.

## 3. Vehicles used for transport of passengers

### 3.1 Cars and dual purpose vehicles

At the end of 2012, the number of cars and dual purpose vehicles was 197,849, a rise of $6.7 \%$ over the figure of 185,357 in 2011. This increase resulted from the registration of 14,215 such vehicles ( 8,548 new, 5,102 imported second-hand and 565 re-registered), partly offset by 1,723 vehicles that were put off the road.

Table 1.3 shows the age distribution of cars and dual purpose vehicles. At the end of December 2012, $43.9 \%$ were less than 5 years, $23.9 \%$ between 5 and 9 years and the remaining $32.2 \%$, 10 years and above.

### 3.2 Buses

At the end of December 2012, there were 2,957 registered buses, out of which 1,885 or $63.7 \%$ were 'public' buses operating with a road service licence. During 2012, some 151 new buses were registered while 106 buses were put off the road resulting in a net increase of 45 buses.

Table 1.4, which gives the age distribution of the fleet of public buses, shows that $29.5 \%$ of the buses were under 5 years, $36.6 \%$ between 5 and 9 years and $33.9 \%$, between 10 and 18 years.

## 4. Motor cycles and auto cycles

At the end of 2012, there were 173,508 motor cycles and auto cycles. This represents a net increase of $7,802(+4.7 \%)$ against 165,706 at the end of 2011.

## 5. Road traffic accidents

The number of road accidents registered during the year 2012 was 21,195 against 22,387 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of $5.3 \%$. Among these accidents, the majority, 18,466 (87.1\%) were non-injury, 144 fatal, 450 caused serious injuries and 2,135 slight injuries.

Compared to 2011, accidents causing casualties went up by $13.5 \%$ while noninjury accidents went down by $7.6 \%$. Fatal accidents went up by $9.1 \%$, serious injury accidents by $10.6 \%$ and slight injury accidents by $14.5 \%$.

The accident rate, expressed as the number of accidents per 100,000 mid-year population, decreased from 1,794 in 2011 to 1,692 in 2012 and the number of accidents per 1,000 mid-year registered motor vehicles decreased from 57 in 2011 to 52 in 2012 (Table 2.1).

## 6. Vehicles involved in road accidents

During the year 2012, the total number of vehicles (both motor and nonmotor) involved in road accidents was 40,922 against 41,472 in the previous year. The number of motor vehicles involved in accidents resulting in casualties was 3,827 in 2012 against 3,564 in 2011. Table 2.3 shows that $33.0 \%$ of the vehicles were private cars, another $41.2 \%$ were motor/auto cycles and $8.9 \%$ were vans.

## 7. Casualties

The number of casualties (fatalities and persons injured as a result of road accidents) went up by $2.3 \%$ from 3,422 in 2011 to 3,502 in 2012. Among the casualties, 156 were fatal, 545 seriously injured and the remaining 2,801 slightly injured.

Table 2.4 reveals that, among the casualties in 2012, some $26.8 \%$ were passengers, $35.3 \%$ riders of auto/motor cycles, $17.7 \%$ pedestrians, $15.5 \%$ drivers and 4.7\% pedal cyclists.

Compared to 2011, the number of persons who died as a result of road accidents went up by $2.6 \%$. The fatality rate, expressed as the number of persons who died as a result of road accidents per 100,000 mid-year population, increased from $12.2 \%$ in 2011 to $12.5 \%$ in 2012. Out of the156 persons killed in road accidents during year 2012, the most vulnerable category of road users were riders/pillion riders of motorised two-wheelers (70), followed by pedestrians(44) (Table 2.6).

## 8. Hit and run cases of accidents causing casualties

In 2012, there were 190 "hit and run" cases causing casualties compared to 169 in 2011. Out of these 190 cases, $53.2 \%$ (101) involved vehicles only while the other 46.8\% (89) involved both vehicles and pedestrians (Table 2.5).

Statistics Mauritius<br>Ministry of Finance and Economic Development Port Louis<br>March 2013

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## Explanatory Notes

## A. Vehicle Statistics

1. Data refer to all vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority. Pedal cycles are therefore excluded. The classification of vehicles used in this report, follows the definition given in Section 4 of the Road Traffic Act of 1962.

## 2. Vehicles include:

(a) motor vehicles, that is, power-driven vehicles normally used for carrying persons or goods by road or for drawing vehicles used for carrying persons or goods. Examples are car, dual purpose vehicle, heavy motor car, motor cycle, lorry, van, bus, and tractor;
(b) non-motorised vehicles, for example trailer.
3. Definition of some types of vehicles according to the Road Traffic Act 1962.
(a) Motor cycle

A motor cycle is a mechanically propelled vehicle, other than an autocycle or a vehicle classified as an invalid carriage, with not more than four wheels and whose unladen weight does not exceed 400 kilograms.
(b) Auto cycle

An autocycle is a two wheeled motor vehicle, with or without pedals, whose engine capacity does not exceed 50 cubic centimetres.
(c) Heavy motor car

A heavy motor car is a vehicle of the bus type designed to carry passengers but not for hire or reward.
(d) Dual purpose vehicle

A dual purpose vehicle is essentially a car but it is so designed to be capable of carrying a certain load of goods.

## B. Road Traffic Accidents

1. In this report, data on accidents refer to all road accidents reported to police stations and to insurance companies.

## 2. Road Traffic Accident

A road traffic accident is an accident between two or more vehicles, a vehicle and a cyclist, a vehicle and a pedestrian, a vehicle and a fixed object such as a bridge, building, tree, post, etc, or a single vehicle that overturned on or near a public road.

## 3. Severity of accident

Road traffic accidents are classified into the following categories according to the severity of the accident:

Fatal accident - an accident resulting in the death of one or more persons. Prior to 2002, a fatal accident was defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 7 days. As from 2002, a fatal accident is defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 30 days.

Serious injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are seriously injured.
Slight injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are slightly injured.
Non injury accident - An accident in which no one is killed or injured but which results in damage to the vehicle/s and/or other property only.

## 4. Casualty

Any person killed or injured in a road accident is referred to as a casualty.
Fatality - Any person killed during an accident, or within 30 days ( 7 days prior to 2002) as a result of an accident is referred to as a fatality.

Serious Injury - An injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an "in-patient" or any of the following injuries (whether or not he is detained in hospital): fractures, concussions, internal injuries, severe cuts and lacerations, crushings and severe general shock requiring medical treatment.
Slight Injury - An injury of minor character such as a sprain, bruise and cut not judged to be severe.

Table 1.1 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered in 2012

| Type of vehicle | No. of vehicles at 31.12.11 | New vehicles | Used imported vehicles | Reregistered vehicles ${ }^{2}$ | Vehicles off the road ${ }^{3}$ | No. of vehicles at 31.12.12 | Net addition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 136,225 | 7,207 | 5,012 | 409 | 1,120 | 147,733 | 11,508 |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 49,132 | 1,341 | 90 | 156 | 603 | 50,116 | 984 |
| Motor cycle | 53,410 | 6,517 | 46 | 367 | 703 | 59,637 | 6,227 |
| Auto cycle | 112,296 | 2,942 | 7 | 1 | 1,375 | 113,871 | 1,575 |
| Lorry and truck | 13,539 | 334 | 193 | 64 | 228 | 13,902 | 363 |
| Van | 26,090 | 362 | 207 | 106 | 472 | 26,293 | 203 |
| Bus | 2,912 | 151 | - | - | 106 | 2,957 | 45 |
| Other | 7,315 | 167 | 78 | 44 | 187 | 7,417 | 102 |
| Total | 400,919 | 19,021 | 5,633 | 1,147 | 4,794 | 421,926 | 21,007 |

${ }^{1}$ excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles
${ }^{2}$ refers to re-registration of vehicles previously off the road
${ }^{3}$ unlicensed either temporarily or permanently

Fig. 1.1-Stock of registered vehicles, 2003-2012


Table 1.2 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered, 2003-2012

| Type of vehicle | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 68,524 | 77,342 | 84,818 | 91,911 | 99,770 | 109,507 | 117,890 | 127,363 | 136,225 | 147,733 |
| (of which taxi car ) | $(5,979)$ | $(6,482)$ | $(6,798)$ | $(6,860)$ | $(6,885)$ | $(6,941)$ | $(6,921)$ | $(6,924)$ | $(6,907)$ | $(6,905)$ |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 39,383 | 40,667 | 42,026 | 43,221 | 44,635 | 46,021 | 47,146 | 48,271 | 49,132 | 50,116 |
| Heavy motor car | 958 | 1,020 | 1,045 | 1,118 | 1,223 | 1,290 | 1,275 | 1,249 | 1,230 | 1,244 |
| Motor cycle | 26,744 | 28,646 | 30,927 | 33,936 | 36,969 | 40,804 | 44,222 | 48,655 | 53,410 | 59,637 |
| Auto cycle | 98,858 | 100,854 | 102,503 | 104,238 | 105,637 | 107,184 | 108,713 | 110,674 | 112,296 | 113,871 |
| Lorry and truck | 11,501 | 11,774 | 12,047 | 12,272 | 12,536 | 12,726 | 12,950 | 13,186 | 13,539 | 13,902 |
| Van | 22,496 | 23,326 | 23,989 | 24,522 | 24,934 | 25,334 | 25,622 | 25,914 | 26,090 | 26,293 |
| Bus | 2,460 | 2,457 | 2,560 | 2,612 | 2,753 | 2,762 | 2,803 | 2,845 | 2,912 | 2,957 |
| Tractor and dumper | 2,877 | 2,935 | 2,982 | 3,001 | 3,025 | 3,045 | 3,102 | 3,119 | 3,173 | 3,202 |
| Prime mover | 369 | 388 | 412 | 436 | 452 | 505 | 558 | 596 | 650 | 689 |
| Trailer | 1,772 | 1,771 | 1,765 | 1,756 | 1,795 | 1,809 | 1,823 | 1,821 | 1,834 | 1,845 |
| Road roller | 100 | 99 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 101 |
| Other | 329 | 326 | 326 | 321 | 320 | 323 | 319 | 324 | 329 | 336 |
| TOTAL | 276,371 | 291,605 | 305,496 | 319,440 | 334,145 | 351,406 | 366,520 | 384,115 | 400,919 | 421,926 |

[^0]Table 1.3-Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles, 2011-2012

| ( as at 31st December ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age group <br> (Years) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |  |
|  | Number | $\mathbf{\%}$ | Number | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{< 5}$ | 79,905 | 43.1 | 86,914 | 43.9 |
| $\mathbf{5}<\mathbf{1 0}$ | 44,102 | 23.8 | 47,220 | 23.9 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}<\mathbf{1 5}$ | 18,461 | 10.0 | 21,339 | 10.8 |
| $\geq \mathbf{1 5}$ | 42,889 | 23.1 | 42,376 | 21.4 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 8 5 , 3 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 7 , 8 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |

Fig. 1.2-Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles (as at 31st December)


Table 1.4-Age composition of operational bus fleet ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$, 2011-2012

| (as at 31st December) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |  |
| (Years) | Number | \% | Number | \% |
| $<\mathbf{5}$ | 637 | 34.2 | 556 | 29.5 |
| $\mathbf{5 < 1 0}$ | 591 | 31.7 | 689 | 36.6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}<\mathbf{1 5}$ | 360 | 19.3 | 359 | 19.0 |
| $\mathbf{1 5}<\mathbf{1 8}$ | 275 | 14.8 | 281 | 14.9 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 , 8 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Refers only to buses with a Road Service License, i.e, buses which operate on proclaimed routes and charge individual fares


Table 2.1-Road traffic accidents ${ }^{1}$, 2011-2012

|  | $2011{ }^{3}$ | 2012 |  | nge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | \% |
| 1. Road traffic accidents | 22,387 | 21,195 | - 1,192 | - 5.3 |
| Number of accidents causing casualties | 2,404 | 2,729 | 325 | + 13.5 |
| Fatal accident ${ }^{2}$ | 132 | 144 | 12 | + 9.1 |
| Serious injury accident | 407 | 450 | 43 | + 10.6 |
| Slight injury accident | 1,865 | 2,135 | 270 | + 14.5 |
| Non injury accident | 19,983 | 18,466 | - 1,517 | - 7.6 |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 1,794 | 1,692 | N.A | N.A |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 57 | 52 | N.A | N.A |
| 2. Vehicles involved in road accidents |  |  |  |  |
| Number of vehicles involved of which | 41,472 | 40,922 | - 550 | -1.3 |
| Motor Vehicles | 41,294 | 40,759 | - 535 | -1.3 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 106 | 99 | N.A | N.A |
| Number of m-vehicles involved in accidents causing casualties | 3,564 | 3,827 | 263 | + 7.4 |
| 3. Casualties | 3,422 | 3,502 | 80 | + 2.3 |
| Fatal ${ }^{2}$ | 152 | 156 | 4 | + 2.6 |
| Seriously injured | 487 | 545 | 58 | + 11.9 |
| Slightly injured | 2,783 | 2,801 | 18 | + 0.6 |

[^1]Fig. 2.1 (a) - Vehicles registered, 2003-2012


Fig. 2.1 (b) - Road accidents, 2003-2012


Table 2.2-Road traffic accidents ${ }^{1}$ and casualties, 2003-2012

## 1. Road traffic accidents :

Number
Rate per 100,000 population Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles
2. Motor vehicle involved:

Number
Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles
3. Casualties:

Total number of casualties of which
Fatal $^{2}$
Seriously injured Slightly injured

## 4. Fatality :

Rate per 100,000 population
Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles

Fatality index

| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}{ }^{4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19,178 | 19,495 | 22,554 | 20,242 | 20,519 | 20,873 | 19,542 | 21,243 | 22,387 | 21,195 |
| 1,616 | 1,629 | 1,869 | 1,665 | 1,678 | 1,696 | 1,579 | 1,709 | 1,794 | 1,692 |
| 72 | 69 | 76 | 65 | 63 | 61 | 54 | 57 | 57 | 52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35,239 | 35,506 | 43,741 | 40,023 | 41,178 | 42,910 | 38,058 | 41,084 | 41,294 | 41,022 |
| 133 | 126 | 148 | 129 | 127 | 125 | 106 | 110 | 106 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,698 | 2,951 | 2,760 | 2,522 | 3,055 | 3,435 | 3,661 | 3,640 | 3,422 | 3,502 |
| 131 | 144 | 136 | 134 | 140 | 168 | 140 | 158 | 152 | 156 |
| 291 | 245 | 358 | 348 | 500 | 512 | 516 | 569 | 487 | 545 |
| 2,276 | 2,562 | 2,266 | 2,040 | 2,415 | 2,755 | 3,005 | 2,913 | 2,783 | 2,801 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 11.3 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 12.5 |
| 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 |

[^2]Table 2.3-Number of vehicles ${ }^{1}$ involved in accidents (causing casualties) by type, 2011-2012

| Type of vehicle | 2011 |  |  |  |  | 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Casualties |  |  |  |  | Casualties |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% |
| Private car | 45 | 197 | 1,015 | 1,257 | 33.8 | 42 | 218 | 1,057 | 1,317 | 33.0 |
| Taxi car | 4 | 8 | 84 | 96 | 2.6 | 1 | 11 | 73 | 85 | 2.1 |
| Bus | 16 | 43 | 268 | 327 | 8.8 | 16 | 28 | 262 | 306 | 7.7 |
| Lorry | 17 | 21 | 70 | 108 | 2.9 | 20 | 10 | 57 | 87 | 2.2 |
| Van | 39 | 45 | 218 | 302 | 8.1 | 36 | 43 | 278 | 357 | 8.9 |
| Motor / auto cycle | 65 | 267 | 1,123 | 1,455 | 39.1 | 78 | 314 | 1,250 | 1,642 | 41.2 |
| Other motor vehicles | 4 | 2 | 13 | 19 | 0.5 | 10 | 6 | 17 | 33 | 0.8 |
| Total motor vehicles | 190 | 583 | 2,791 | 3,564 | 95.7 | 203 | 630 | 2,994 | 3,827 | 95.9 |
| Pedal cycle | 6 | 34 | 119 | 159 | 4.3 | 11 | 25 | 127 | 163 | 4.1 |
| Other non-motor vehicles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| All vehicles | 196 | 617 | 2,910 | 3,723 | 100.0 | 214 | 655 | 3,121 | 3,990 | 100.0 |

[^3]Table 2.4 - Number of casualties by class of road users, 2011-2012

| Class of road users | $2011{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | 2012 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. | Total | \% | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. | Total | \% |
| Pedestrian | 320 | 275 | 595 | 17.4 | 317 | 303 | 620 | 17.7 |
| Passenger | 502 | 430 | 932 | 27.2 | 471 | 467 | 938 | 26.8 |
| Driver | 257 | 269 | 526 | 15.4 | 268 | 276 | 544 | 15.5 |
| Rider (auto / motor cycle) | 615 | 613 | 1,228 | 35.9 | 647 | 590 | 1,237 | 35.3 |
| Pedal cyclist | 40 | 101 | 141 | 4.1 | 42 | 121 | 163 | 4.7 |
| Total | 1,734 | 1,688 | 3,422 | 100.0 | 1,745 | 1,757 | 3,502 | 100.0 |

[^4]Table 2.5 - Number of accidents (causing casualties) involved in"hit and run"cases, 2011-2012.

| Year |  | $2011 \mathbf{1}^{\prime}$ |  |  |  | 2012 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accident | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ |  |
| Vehicles v/s pedestrian | 40 | 39 | 79 | 46.7 | 41 | 48 | 89 | 46.8 |
| Vehicles v/s vehicles | 51 | 39 | 90 | 53.3 | 45 | 56 | 101 | 53.2 |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 9}$ | 100.0 | $\mathbf{8 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 0}$ | 100.0 |

[^5]Table 2.6 - Number of fatalities by category of road users and age-group, 2012

|  | Cyclists | Drivers of four wheeled vehicles | Passengers of four wheeled vehicles | Pedestrians | Riders / pillion riders of motorised two wheelers | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 7 yrs | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 7-12 yrs | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 13-20 yrs | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 10 | 17 |
| 21-40 yrs | 3 | 5 | 9 | 12 | 29 | 58 |
| 41-50 yrs | - | 4 | 2 | 7 | 13 | 26 |
| $51-60 \mathrm{yrs}$ | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 12 | 24 |
| Over 60 yrs | 3 | - | 2 | 19 | 6 | 30 |
| All ages | 9 | 12 | 21 | 44 | 70 | 156 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian
    ${ }^{2}$ Based on definition of fatal accidents where death occurred within 30 days. ${ }^{3}$ Revised

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian
    ${ }^{2}$ As from 2002, figures are based on definition of fatal accidents where deaths occurred within 30 days as a result of road accidents
    ${ }^{3}$ Fatality index is the number of fatalities per 100 casualties.
    ${ }^{4}$ Revised

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Only three main vehicles have been considered in accidents involving more than three vehicles

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised

