## **CONSUMER PRICE INDEX**

(Base period: July 2006–June 2007 = 100)

#### **Year 2012**

## 1. INTRODUCTION

This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the year 2012. The methodology used for computing the CPI and the inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

## 2. KEY POINTS

## 2.1 The overall CPI

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 130.4 in December 2011, registered a net increase of 4.2 points (or 3.2%) to reach 134.6 in December 2012 (Table 2a).

Increases in the monthly CPI were noted in the months of January, March, April and June to December. The increases ranged from 0.1 to 1.5 points with the highest increase in the month of January. The CPI for the months of February and May 2012 remained unchanged.

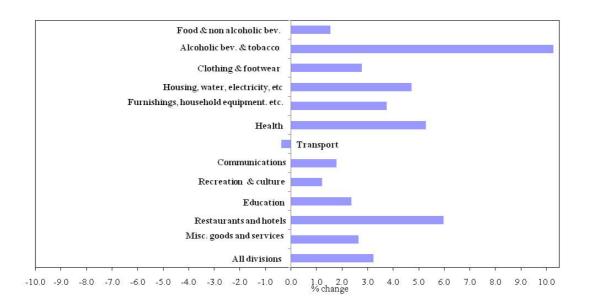
## 2.2 Overview of CPI movements

The main reasons for the net increase in the CPI during the year 2012 (Table 3) were:

- (a) higher food prices mainly rice, bread, meat, fish and soft drinks;
- (b) higher prices of cigarettes and alcoholic beverages;
- (c) higher prices of ready-made clothing and footwear;
- (d) higher water and waste water charges;
- (e) higher prices of cooking gas;
- (f) higher prices of washing materials and softeners;
- (g) higher clinic and doctors' fees;
- (h) higher charges for expenditure in bars and restaurants;
- (i) higher prices of air tickets; partly offset by
- (i) lower prices of vegetables and fruits;
- (k) lower interest rates on housing loans; and
- (l) lower prices of motor vehicles.

# 3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Figure 1: % change in CPI sub indices for the year 2012



The changes in the sub-indices for the twelve divisions of consumption expenditure during the year 2012 were as follows:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+1.5%)

The rise of 1.5% was the result of higher prices of rice (+2.7%), bread (+7.5%), meat (+2.6%), fish (+10.5%) and soft drinks (+11.6%), partly offset by lower prices of vegetables (-3.2%), fruits (-8.1%), milk (-2.2%) and sugar (-8.3%).

*Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (+ 10.3%)* 

The rise of 10.3% was mainly attributable to price increases of cigarettes (+11.5%) and alcoholic beverages (+9.2%).

Clothing and footwear (+2.8%)

The increase of 2.8% was mainly due to higher prices of some ready-made clothing (+2.4%) and footwear (+4.0%).

(+4.7%)

Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels The rise of 4.7% was largely the result of higher charges for water (+37.1%) and waste water (+35.2%), higher price of cooking gas (+10.0%)and higher workman's wages (+11.4%), partly offset by lower interest rates on housing loans (-3.6%).

*household maintenance* (+3.7%)

Furnishings, household equipment and routine The increase of 3.7% was essentially due to higher prices of some washing materials and softeners (+7.1%).

Health (+5.3%)

The increase of 5.3% was mostly due to higher clinic fees (+5.7%) and doctors' fees (+8.1%).

*Transport* (-0.4%)

The fall of 0.4% was mainly due lower prices of motor vehicles (-6.4%) partly offset by higher prices of air tickets (+8.9%).

Communication (+1.8%)

The rise of 1.8% was essentially due to higher mobile phone charges (+8.9%).

Recreation and culture (+1.2%)

The increase of 1.2% was mainly due to higher prices of newspapers (+9.2%).

Education (+2.4%)

The increase of 2.4% was essentially due to higher pre-primary school fees (+9.6%) and private tuition fees (+3.0%).

Restaurants and hotels (+6.0%)

The rise of 6.0% was the result of price increases of prepared foods (+2.6%), and food and drinks in bars and restaurants (+11.9%)

*Miscellaneous goods and services* (+2.7%)

The rise of 2.7% was mainly attributable to price increases of some goods for personal care (+2.2%).

## 4. INFLATION RATE

The headline inflation rate was 3.9% for year 2012 compared to 6.5% for year 2011.

The inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' works out to 2.6% for year 2012 compared to 5.3% for year 2011.

## 5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares the inflation rate (as measured by the percentage change in the average CPI for a given year relative to the previous year) of Mauritius with those of our main importing countries and some countries in the region for the latest available year, mainly 2011.

Table 1 - Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2011

Country	Inflation rate (%)	Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	2.1	Australia	3.4
United Kingdom	4.5	United States	3.1
China	5.4	Botswana	8.5
India	8.9	Mauritius	6.5
Japan	-0.3	Seychelles	2.6
Singapore	5.2	South Africa	5.0

Source – World Economic Outlook database, October 2012

## 6. Updating of the CPI basket

In line with international recommendations, updating of the Consumer Price Index basket is done every five years in Mauritius. Statistics Mauritius conducted the Household Budget Survey from January to December 2012 to collect information on the consumption pattern of the population with a view to updating the basket of goods and services.

The next issue of Economic and Social Indicators on Consumer Price Index, to be released in May 2013, will introduce a new series of indices with base period: January - December 2012.

Statistics Mauritius Ministry of Finance and Economic Development Port Louis January 2013. Note:

(i) This publication is available on the website of the Statistics Mauritius at <a href="http://statsmauritius.gov.mu">http://statsmauritius.gov.mu</a>. From the homepage, choose "Publications" followed by "Economic and Social Indicators", then "Consumer Price Index".

(ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.

(iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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Table 2a - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2003 - December 2012

	(1	Base : July	2001 - June	e 2002 = 100	<u>)</u>	( Base : July 2006 - June 2007 = 100 )						
<u>Month</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	
January	105.5	109.7	116.1	123.1	133.9		109.6	115.3	118.2	125.8	131.9	
February	105.7	110.1	116.7	123.5	134.9		110.7	115.8	118.6	126.7	131.9	
March	105.6	110.1	117.1	124.2	136.1		110.8	116.1	118.8	127.4	132.3	
April	105.8	110.4	117.1	124.0	137.5		111.9	116.2	119.3	127.6	132.5	
May	106.5	110.7	117.2	124.3	138.1		113.0	116.2	119.1	127.6	132.5	
June	106.9	111.3	117.3	126.2	138.8		113.4	117.1	119.9	127.8	132.8	
July	107.5	112.5	118.0	129.9		103.7	115.6	117.8	120.2	128.2	133.0	
August	107.4	112.7	118.0	130.9		104.1	116.3	117.5	120.6	128.4	133.2	
September	107.9	113.1	117.3	131.7		105.3	116.7	117.8	120.7	128.3	133.3	
October	108.3	114.6	118.2	132.3		106.8	117.2	117.3	121.0	128.2	133.6	
November	108.4	114.7	118.8	133.3		107.6	116.5	117.3	121.9	130.4	134.4	
December	108.9	115.0	119.5	133.7		108.2	115.5	117.2	124.4	130.4	134.6	
Yearly average	107.0	112.1	117.6	128.1		103.8	113.9	116.8	120.2	128.1	133.0	
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+3.9	+ 4.7	+ 4.9	+ 8.9		+ 8.8	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	+ 2.9	+ 6.5	+ 3.9	

Table 2b - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2003 - December 2012  $^{1/}$ 

				(Base:	July 2006	- June 2007	<u>' = 100 )</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
January	78.6	81.7	86.5	91.7	99.7	109.6	115.3	118.2	125.8	131.9
February	78.8	82.0	87.0	92.0	100.5	110.7	115.8	118.6	126.7	131.9
March	78.7	82.0	87.2	92.5	101.3	110.8	116.1	118.8	127.4	132.3
April	78.8	82.3	87.2	92.4	102.4	111.9	116.2	119.3	127.6	132.5
May	79.3	82.4	87.3	92.6	102.9	113.0	116.2	119.1	127.6	132.5
June	79.6	82.9	87.3	94.0	103.4	113.4	117.1	119.9	127.8	132.8
July	80.1	83.8	87.9	96.8	103.7	115.6	117.8	120.2	128.2	133.0
August	80.0	83.9	87.9	97.5	104.1	116.3	117.5	120.6	128.4	133.2
September	80.4	84.2	87.3	98.1	105.3	116.7	117.8	120.7	128.3	133.3
October	80.7	85.4	88.1	98.5	106.8	117.2	117.3	121.0	128.2	133.6
November	80.7	85.4	88.5	99.3	107.6	116.5	117.3	121.9	130.4	134.4
December	81.1	85.6	89.0	99.6	108.2	115.5	117.2	124.4	130.4	134.6
Yearly average	79.7	83.5	87.6	95.4	103.8	113.9	116.8	120.2	128.1	133.0
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+3.9	+ 4.7	+ 4.9	+ 8.9	+ 8.8	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	+ 2.9	+ 6.5	+ 3.9

 $<sup>^{1/}</sup>$  The CPI for January 2003 to June 2007, originally based on July 2001-June 2002, has been converted to the new base July 2006-June 2007=100

Table 3 - Net contribution of main commodities that affected the index between December 2011 and December 2012

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	% change in price index
Fish	+0.4	+10.5
Vegetables	-0.2	-3.2
Bread	+0.2	+7.5
Meat	+0.2	+2.6
Fruits	-0.1	-8.1
Soft Drinks	+0.1	+11.6
Rice	+0.1	+2.7
Milk	-0.1	-2.2
Sugar	-0.1	-8.3
Other food products	+0.1	+1.1
Cigarettes	+0.8	+11.5
Alcoholic beverages	+0.7	+9.2
Ready made clothing	+0.1	+2.4
Footwear	+0.1	+4.0
Water Rates	+0.4	+37.1
Waste Water	+0.1	+35.2
Cooking gas	+0.2	+10.0
Workman's wages	+0.1	+11.4
Mortgage interest on housing loan	-0.1	-3.6
Washing materials & softeners	+0.2	+7.1
Domestic services and household services	+0.1	+7.9
Doctor's fee	+0.1	+8.1
Clinic fee	+0.1	+5.7
Motor Vehicles	-0.3	-6.4
Air tickets	+0.2	+8.9
Mobile Phone Charges	+0.1	+8.9
Newspapers & magazines	+0.1	+9.2
Expenditure in bar,restaurants	+0.3	+11.9
Prepared foods	+0.1	+2.6
Goods for personal care	+0.1	+2.2
Other goods and services	+0.1	+0.9
All commodities	+4.2	+3.2

Table 4: Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, December 2011 - December 2012 (Base:July 2006 - June 2007 = 100)

Division	Description	Weight	December 2011	January 2012	February 2012	March 2012	April 2012	May 2012	June 2012	July 2012	August 2012	September 2012	October 2012	November 2012	December 2012	% change between Dec 2011 and Dec 2012	
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	286	142.6	143.8	143.2	143.4	144.1	144.1	145.1	145.3	145.7	145.8	146.3	145.8	144.8	+ 1.5	
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	92	159.7	160.5	160.4	160.5	160.6	160.7	160.8	160.7	160.6	160.6	160.7	171.8	176.1	+ 10.3	
03	Clothing and footwear	51	133.7	134.9	135.1	135.2	136.2	136.1	136.6	136.7	137.9	138.1	138.1	137.5	137.4	+ 2.8	
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	131	108.1	112.2	112.2	113.4	113.1	112.9	113.1	113.1	113.1	113.2	113.2	113.2	113.2	+ 4.7	
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	64	123.0	124.9	126.3	125.9	126.1	125.7	126.0	127.4	127.8	128.3	128.4	126.6	127.6	+ 3.7	
06	Health	30	128.8	130.1	130.9	131.5	131.5	131.4	131.4	134.4	134.4	134.6	135.4	135.5	135.6	+ 5.3	8
07	Transport	147	128.0	127.2	127.2	127.2	127.2	127.3	127.4	126.9	126.8	126.9	127.6	127.3	127.5	- 0.4	
08	Communication	36	90.0	91.7	91.6	91.7	91.7	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	+ 1.8	
09	Recreation and culture	48	107.6	107.9	107.9	109.8	109.8	109.9	109.8	109.7	109.5	109.5	109.7	108.8	108.9	+ 1.2	
10	Education	32	118.1	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.9	120.9	120.9	120.9	120.9	+ 2.4	
11	Restaurants and hotels	43	145.7	150.9	151.0	151.0	150.9	151.0	151.1	151.3	151.5	151.8	151.8	153.3	154.4	+ 6.0	
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	40	124.5	126.5	127.3	127.8	127.8	127.8	127.9	128.6	128.8	127.9	128.8	129.2	127.8	+ 2.7	
	All Divisions	1,000	130.4	131.9	131.9	132.3	132.5	132.5	132.8	133.0	133.2	133.3	133.6	134.4	134.6	+ 3.2	

Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, December 2011 - December 2012

( Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12
Division 01 - Food and	286	142.6	143.8	143.2	143.4	144.1	144.1	145.1	145.3	145.7	145.8	146.3	145.8	144.8
non alcoholic beverages		140.7	144.0	140.4	1.10.7	1112	1112	145.2	145.5	147.0	1461	145.5	1450	1151
Group 1 - Food	265	143.5	144.2	143.4	143.7	144.2	144.2	145.2	145.5	145.8	146.1	146.6	146.0	145.1
Group 2 - Non-alcoholic beverages	21	131.3	138.9	141.1	140.7	143.0	143.6	143.8	143.2	143.4	142.6	143.0	142.8	140.7
Division 02 - Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	92	159.7	160.5	160.4	160.5	160.6	160.7	160.8	160.7	160.6	160.6	160.7	171.8	176.1
Group 1 - Alcoholic beverages	50	156.7	158.1	158.0	158.3	158.5	158.6	158.7	158.5	158.4	158.5	158.5	168.0	171.1
Group 2 - Tobacco	42	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	163.2	176.4	182.0
Division 03 - Clothing and footwear	51	133.7	134.9	135.1	135.2	136.2	136.1	136.6	136.7	137.9	138.1	138.1	137.5	137.4
Group 1 - Clothing	39	135.9	137.1	137.3	137.5	138.4	138.5	138.7	138.5	140.0	140.2	140.2	139.3	139.3
Group 2 - Footwear	12	126.4	127.8	127.9	127.9	128.9	128.5	129.8	130.9	131.4	131.3	131.3	131.8	131.4
Division 04 - Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	131	108.1	112.2	112.2	113.4	113.1	112.9	113.1	113.1	113.1	113.2	113.2	113.2	113.2
Group 1 - Actual rentals for housing	14	109.4	109.4	109.4	110.7	110.7	110.7	110.7	110.7	110.7	111.2	111.2	111.2	111.2
Group 2 - Mortgage interest on housing loan	37	70.6	70.2	70.2	69.7	68.1	67.5	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0
Group 3 - Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	14	120.5	127.7	127.8	128.0	128.9	128.9	129.1	129.3	129.3	129.7	129.9	130.0	130.0
Group 4 - Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	16	103.2	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0	132.0
Group 5 - Electricity, gas and other fuels	50	133.5	133.5	133.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5	136.5
Division 05 - Furnishings, household equipment and routine	64	123.0	124.9	126.3	125.9	126.1	125.7	126.0	127.4	127.8	128.3	128.4	126.6	127.6
Group 1 - Furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	17	111.4	110.8	111.9	111.9	113.3	111.5	113.0	114.5	114.6	115.0	115.2	110.1	113.0
Group 2 - Household textiles	4	119.6	120.1	121.7	121.7	122.2	122.9	122.5	124.4	127.5	127.8	128.1	128.2	128.6
Group 3 - Household appliances	9	114.6	114.4	114.8	112.7	115.2	114.3	114.9	115.4	114.6	116.3	116.4	112.5	113.0
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household utensils	3	118.0	120.3	122.1	122.1	121.7	121.8	121.8	122.1	122.7	122.7	123.3	123.4	122.2
Group 5 - Tools and equipment for house and garden	2	122.7	122.7	123.7	124.0	124.2	123.9	123.4	123.8	124.1	124.7	124.2	124.9	124.9
Group 6 - Goods and services for routine household maintenance	29	133.3	137.7	139.5	139.3	138.2	138.4	138.2	139.9	140.4	140.6	140.7	141.0	141.2

Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, December 2011 - December 2012

( Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12
Division 06 - Health	30	128.8	130.1	130.9	131.5	131.5	131.4	131.4	134.4	134.4	134.6	135.4	135.5	135.6
Group 1 - Medical products, appliances and equipment	13	106.9	106.6	106.5	107.8	107.9	107.6	107.6	107.9	107.9	108.5	108.7	108.9	109.1
Group 2 - Outpatient services	10	134.4	136.7	136.7	136.7	136.7	136.7	136.7	145.2	145.2	145.2	145.2	145.2	145.2
Group 3 - Hospital services	7	161.6	164.4	168.0	168.0	168.0	168.0	168.0	168.0	168.0	168.0	170.9	170.9	170.9
Division 07 - Transport	147	128.0	127.2	127.2	127.2	127.2	127.3	127.4	126.9	126.8	126.9	127.6	127.3	127.5
Group 1 - Purchase of vehicles	44	106.3	103.4	103.4	103.1	102.3	102.5	102.1	100.5	99.4	99.8	101.2	99.9	99.5
Group 2 - Operation of personal transport equipment	62	136.3	136.3	136.2	136.2	136.7	136.7	136.7	136.2	136.2	136.2	136.7	136.7	136.7
Group 3 - Transport services	41	138.5	138.9	139.0	139.5	139.5	139.5	140.3	141.2	142.0	141.7	142.3	142.5	143.5
Division 08 - Communication	36	90.0	91.7	91.6	91.7	91.7	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6
Group 1 - Postal services	1	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9
Group 2 - Telephone and telefax equipment	1	47.2	47.3	45.0	45.7	45.7	44.7	44.7	44.5	44.5	44.5	44.5	44.5	44.5
Group 3 - Telephone and telefax services	34	89.8	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7	91.7
Division 09 - Recreation and culture	48	107.6	107.9	107.9	109.8	109.8	109.9	109.8	109.7	109.5	109.6	109.7	108.8	108.9
Group 1 - Audio-visual, photographic and information processing	12	82.0	81.7	81.6	81.3	81.9	81.5	81.5	80.7	80.3	80.7	81.3	78.7	78.8
Group 3 - Other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets	4	128.8	128.8	128.8	129.5	129.5	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2
Group 4 - Recreational and cultural services	13	109.8	109.8	109.8	110.2	110.0	110.0	109.6	110.0	110.3	110.3	110.3	109.5	109.5
Group 5 - Newspapers, books and stationery	19	117.8	118.7	118.8	123.3	123.2	123.4	123.5	123.6	122.9	122.9	122.8	122.8	123.0
Division 10 - Education	32	118.1	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.9	120.9	120.9	120.9	120.9
Group 1 - Pre-primary and primary education	6	124.0	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8	130.8
Group 2 - Secondary education	13	129.6	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	1	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6
Group 4 - Tertiary education	11	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	103.7	103.7	103.7	103.7	103.7
Group 5 - Education not definable by level	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

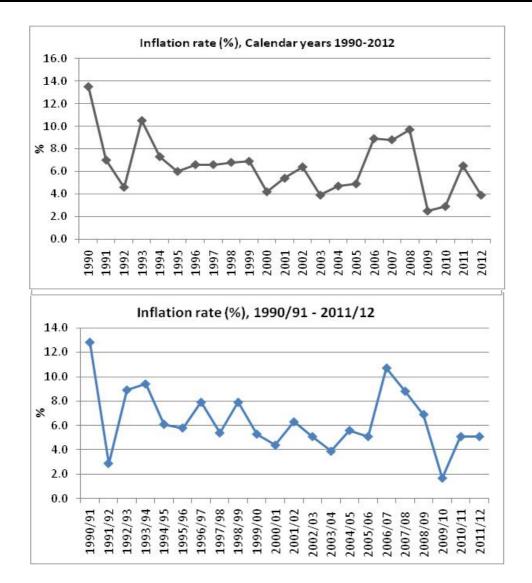
Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, December 2011 - December 2012

( Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12
Division 11 - Restaurants and hotels	43	145.7	150.9	151.0	151.0	150.9	151.0	151.1	151.3	151.5	151.8	151.8	153.3	154.4
Group 1 - Catering services	42	145.7	150.9	151.0	151.0	151.0	151.1	151.4	151.6	152.0	152.3	152.3	153.7	154.4
Group 2 - Accomodation services	1	147.2	147.2	151.1	151.1	146.4	146.4	138.2	138.2	130.7	130.7	130.7	133.5	155.0
Division 12 - Miscellaneous goods and services	40	124.5	126.5	127.3	127.8	127.8	127.8	127.9	128.6	128.8	127.9	128.8	129.2	127.8
Group 1 - Personal care	23	120.6	123.0	124.2	124.8	124.9	125.2	125.3	125.9	126.1	124.6	126.0	126.0	123.6
Group 3 - Personal effects, not elsewhere classified	3	163.2	164.3	165.7	167.6	167.4	164.9	164.6	169.4	170.0	170.8	171.7	176.7	176.6
Group 4 - Social protection	1	120.4	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1	141.1
Group 5 - Insurance	10	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9	122.9
Group 7 - Other services not elsewhere classified	3	122.6	122.4	122.4	122.8	122.8	123.3	123.3	123.3	123.5	122.7	122.2	122.9	122.9
All divisions	1000	130.4	131.9	131.9	132.3	132.5	132.5	132.8	133.0	133.2	133.3	133.6	134.4	134.6

Table 6 - Inflation rate (%), 1990 - 2012

Calendar year	Inflation rate	Year	Inflation rate
1990	13.5	1990/91	12.8
1991	7.0	1991/92	2.9
1992	4.6	1992/93	8.9
1993	10.5	1993/94	9.4
1994	7.3	1994/95	6.1
1995	6.0	1995/96	5.8
1996	6.6	1996/97	7.9
1997	6.6	1997/98	5.4
1998	6.8	1998/99	7.9
1999	6.9	1999/00	5.3
2000	4.2	2000/01	4.4
2001	5.4	2001/02	6.3
2002	6.4	2002/03	5.1
2003	3.9	2003/04	3.9
2004	4.7	2004/05	5.6
2005	4.9	2005/06	5.1
2006	8.9	2006/07	10.7
2007	8.8	2007/08	8.8
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7
2010	2.9	2010/11	5.1
2011	6.5	2011/12	5.1
2012	3.9		



13 ANNEX

#### **Technical note**

# 1. Methodology used for the computation of the Consumer Price Index (Base July 2006 – June 2007 = 100)

## (a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

## (b) Measurement of the CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

## (c) The CPI basket

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private Mauritian households in a reference period, currently July 2006 to June 2007. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2006/07 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 12 divisions, 43 groups and 84 classes.

# (d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 7,800 price quotations are collected in respect of 1,080 item indicators from some 400 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Mahebourg, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

## (e) Formula for computation of the CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time t is

$$I_{t} = \begin{array}{c} \frac{\sum W_{i} \left(P_{it} \, / \, P_{i0} \, \right)}{\sum W_{i}} & X \, 100 \end{array}$$

where,

I t : CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0
 P<sub>io</sub> : Price of item i at time 0, i.e. during base period

 $\mathbf{P_{it}}$ : Price of item *i* at time t

 $\mathbf{W_i}$ : Weight of item i

The base period is July 2006 to June 2007, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

#### 2. Inflation

## (a) Definition of Inflation

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

## (b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, i.e. by comparing the average level of prices during a twelvemonth period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation.* 

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called 'year-on-year' method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of the CPI is available online in the publication "HBS 2006/07 and updated CPI" [http://www.gov.mu/portal/goc/cso/ei664/toc.htm]