# Road Transport and Road Traffic accident Statistics (Island of Mauritius) 

Year 2010

## 1. Vehicles registered in 2010

At the end of 2010, the number of vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority (NTA) was 384,115 . This represents a net increase of 17,595 (4.8\%) vehicles as compared to the end of 2009 when the number of registered vehicles stood at 366,520 (Table 1.1).

## 2. Net increase between 2009 and 2010

In 2010, the fleet was strengthened with the registration of 21,643 vehicles, of which 14,367 ( $66.4 \%$ ) were new, 5,598 ( $25.9 \%$ ) were imported second-hand and the other 1,678 ( $7.7 \%$ ) were re-registered vehicles previously put off the road. During the same period, 4,048 vehicles were put off the road, thus resulting in a net addition of 17,595 vehicles to the existing fleet (Table 1.1).

## 3. Composition of the fleet

The composition of the fleet by type of vehicles is shown in Table 1.2. At the end of 2010, the fleet consisted of $175,634(45.7 \%)$ cars and dual purpose vehicles and 159,329 ( $41.5 \%$ ) motorized two-wheelers. The remaining $12.8 \%$ comprised 25,914 vans, 13,186 lorries and trucks, 2,845 buses and 7,207 other vehicles.

## 4. Cars and dual purpose vehicles

The number of cars and dual purpose vehicles increased by 10,598 (6.4\%) from 165,036 at the end of 2009 to 175,634 at the end of 2010. This net increase resulted from the registration of 11,943 vehicles ( 6,153 new, 4,904 imported second-hand and 886 reregistered) and the de-registration of another 1,345 vehicles.

Table 1.3 shows the age distribution of cars and dual purpose vehicles. At the end of 2010, $42.3 \%$ were less than 5 years, $23.7 \%$ between 5 and 9 years and the remaining $34.0 \%$, 10 years and above.

## 5. Motor cycles and auto cycles

At the end of 2010, there were 159,329 motor cycles and auto cycles. This represents a net increase of 6,394 (4.2\%) against 152,935 at the end of 2009.

## 6. Buses

At the end of 2010, there were 2,845 registered buses, out of which 1,843 or 64.8\% were 'public' buses operating with a road service licence. During 2010, 157 new buses were registered while 116 buses were put off the road resulting in a net increase of 42 buses.

Table 1.4 which gives the age distribution of the fleet of public buses shows that $27.7 \%$ of the buses were under 5 years, 32.8 . $\%$ between 5 and 9 years and $39.5 \%$, between 10 and 18 years.

## 7. Road traffic accidents

In 2010, a total of 21,258 road accidents were reported, of which 2,564 (12.1\%) were casualty accidents and 18,694 ( $87.9 \%$ ) were non-injury accidents. A breakdown of casualty accidents by severity showed that 153 (6.0\%) were fatal accidents, 474 (18.5\%) were serious injury accidents and 1,937 ( $75.5 \%$ ) were slight injury accidents.

Compared to 2009, the total number of road accidents in 2010 increased by $8.8 \%$, from 19,542 to 21,258 . Casualty accidents rose by $3.4 \%$ and non-injury accidents by $9.6 \%$. Fatal and serious injury accidents increased by $18.6 \%$ and $17.0 \%$ respectively whilst slight injury accident decreased by $0.5 \%$ (Table 2.1).

## 8. Vehicles involved in road accidents

During the year 2010, the total number of vehicles (both motor and non-motor) involved in road accidents was 41,263 against 38,058 in the previous year. The number of motor vehicles involved in accidents resulting in casualties in 2010 was 3,858 against 3,734 in 2009. Table 2.3 shows that $32.9 \%$ of these were private cars, another $37.2 \%$ motor/auto cycles and $12.5 \%$ vans.

As shown in Table 2.3, out of all vehicles involved in casualty accidents in 2010, around $32.9 \%$ were private cars, $37.2 \%$ were motor/auto cycles, $12.5 \%$ vans and $7.4 \%$ buses.

## 9. Casualties

During 2010, a total of 3,677 casualties (fatalities and persons injured as a result of road accidents) were reported as compared to 3,661 for the corresponding period of 2009 , i.e. an increase of $0.4 \%$. The number of fatalities (persons killed as a result of road accidents) went up by $14.3 \%$ from 140 to 160 and the number of seriously injured increased by $13.8 \%$ from 516 to 587 while the number of slightly injured persons decreased by $2.5 \%$ from 3,005 to 2,930 (Table 2.1 ). The fatality rate expressed as the number of persons who died as a result of road accidents per 100,000 mid-year population increased from 11.3 in 2009 to 12.9 in 2010.

Table 2.4 shows that around $34.7 \%$ of the casualties were riders of motor/auto cycles, $28.4 \%$ passengers, $18.3 \%$ pedestrians, $14.1 \%$ drivers and $4.5 \%$ pedal cyclists.

## 10. Hit and run cases in casualty accidents

During the year 2010, 162 'hit and run’ accidents involving casualties were reported to police stations against 167 for the corresponding period of the preceding year (Table 2.5). Among the 162 cases, 74 (45.7\%) were accidents involving only vehicles while the remaining 88 ( $54.3 \%$ ) involved both vehicles and pedestrians.

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## Explanatory Notes

## A. Vehicle Statistics

1. Data refer to all vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority. Pedal cycles are therefore excluded. The classification of vehicles used in this report, follows the definition given in Section 4 of the Road Traffic Act of 1962.

## 2. Vehicles include:

(a) motor vehicles, that is, power-driven vehicles normally used for carrying persons or goods by road or for drawing vehicles used for carrying persons or goods. Examples are car, dual purpose vehicle, heavy motor car, motor cycle, lorry, van, bus, and tractor;
(b) non-motorised vehicles, for example trailer.
3. Definition of some types of vehicles according to the Road Traffic Act 1962.
(a) Motor cycle

A motor cycle is a mechanically propelled vehicle, other than an auto cycle or a vehicle classified as an invalid carriage, with not more than four wheels and whose unladen weight does not exceed 400 kilograms.
(b) Auto cycle

An autocycle is a two wheeled motor vehicle, with or without pedals, whose engine capacity does not exceed 50 cubic centimeters.
(c) Heavy motor car

A heavy motor car is a vehicle of the bus type designed to carry passengers but not for hire or reward.
(d) Dual purpose vehicle

A dual purpose vehicle is essentially a car but it is so designed to be capable of carrying a certain load of goods.

## B. Road Traffic Accidents

1. In this report, data on accidents refer to all road accidents reported to police stations and to insurance companies.

## 2. Road Traffic Accident

A road traffic accident is an accident between two or more vehicles, a vehicle and a cyclist, a vehicle and a pedestrian, a vehicle and a fixed object such as a bridge, building, tree, post, etc, or a single vehicle that overturned on or near a public road.

## 3. Severity of accident

Road traffic accidents are classified into the following categories according to the severity of the accident:

Fatal accident - an accident resulting in the death of one or more persons. Prior to 2002, a fatal accident was defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 7 days. As from 2002, a fatal accident is defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 30 days.

Serious injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are seriously injured.
Slight injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are slightly injured.
Non injury accident - An accident in which no one is killed or injured but which results in damage to the vehicle/s and/or other property only.

The above three categories are jointly referred to as casualty accident

## 4. Casualty

Any person killed or injured in a road accident is referred to as a casualty.
Fatality - Any person killed during an accident, or within 30 days (7 days prior to 2002) as a result of an accident is referred to as a fatality.

Serious Injury - An injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an "in-patient" or any of the following injuries (whether or not he is detained in hospital): fractures, concussions, internal injuries, severe cuts and lacerations, crushings and severe general shock requiring medical treatment.
Slight Injury - An injury of minor character such as a sprain, bruise and cut not judged to be severe.

Table 1.1 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered in 2010

| Type of vehicle | No. of vehicles at 31.12.09 | New vehicles | Used imported vehicles | Re registered vehicles ${ }^{2}$ | Vehicles off the road ${ }^{3}$ | No. of vehicles at 31.12.10 | Net addition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 117,890 | 4,828 | 4,786 | 721 | 862 | 127,363 | 9,473 |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 47,146 | 1,325 | 118 | 165 | 483 | 48,271 | 1,125 |
| Motor cycle | 44,222 | 4,331 | 52 | 552 | 502 | 48,655 | 4,433 |
| Auto cycle | 108,713 | 3,019 | 5 | 1 | 1,064 | 110,674 | 1,961 |
| Lorry and truck | 12,950 | 261 | 242 | 98 | 365 | 13,186 | 236 |
| Van | 25,622 | 291 | 324 | 106 | 429 | 25,914 | 292 |
| Bus | 2,803 | 157 | - | 1 | 116 | 2,845 | 42 |
| Other | 7,174 | 155 | 71 | 34 | 227 | 7,207 | 33 |
| Total | 366,520 | 14,367 | 5,598 | 1,678 | 4,048 | 384,115 | 17,595 |

${ }^{1}$ excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles
${ }^{2}$ refers to re-registration of vehicles previously off the road
${ }^{3}$ unlicensed either temporarily or permanently

Fig. 1.1-Stock of registered vehicles, 2001-2010


Table 1.2 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered, 2001-2010

| Type of vehicle | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 58,082 | 63,307 | 68,524 | 77,342 | 84,818 | 91,911 | 99,770 | 109,507 | 117,890 | 127,363 |
| (of which taxi car ) | $(5,318)$ | $(5,801)$ | $(5,979)$ | $(6,482)$ | $(6,798)$ | $(6,860)$ | $(6,885)$ | $(6,941)$ | $(6,941)$ | $(6,924)$ |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 36,984 | 38,129 | 39,383 | 40,667 | 42,026 | 43,221 | 44,635 | 46,021 | 47,146 | 48,271 |
| Heavy motor car | 923 | 944 | 958 | 1,020 | 1,045 | 1,118 | 1,223 | 1,290 | 1,275 | 1,249 |
| Motor cycle | 25,104 | 25,723 | 26,744 | 28,646 | 30,927 | 33,936 | 36,969 | 40,804 | 44,222 | 48,655 |
| Auto cycle | 94,849 | 97,078 | 98,858 | 100,854 | 102,503 | 104,238 | 105,637 | 107,184 | 108,713 | 110,674 |
| Lorry and truck | 10,888 | 11,236 | 11,501 | 11,774 | 12,047 | 12,272 | 12,536 | 12,726 | 12,950 | 13,186 |
| Van | 20,694 | 21,750 | 22,496 | 23,326 | 23,989 | 24,522 | 24,934 | 25,334 | 25,622 | 25,914 |
| Bus | 2,408 | 2,450 | 2,460 | 2,457 | 2,560 | 2,612 | 2,753 | 2,762 | 2,803 | 2,845 |
| Tractor and dumper | 2,683 | 2,683 | 2,877 | 2,935 | 2,982 | 3,001 | 3,025 | 3,045 | 3,102 | 3,119 |
| Prime mover | 335 | 349 | 369 | 388 | 412 | 436 | 452 | 505 | 558 | 596 |
| Trailer | 1,776 | 1,770 | 1,772 | 1,771 | 1,765 | 1,756 | 1,795 | 1,809 | 1,823 | 1,821 |
| Road roller | 100 | 101 | 100 | 99 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 97 | 98 |
| Other | 323 | 321 | 329 | 326 | 326 | 321 | 320 | 323 | 319 | 324 |
| TOTAL | 255,149 | 265,841 | 276,371 | 291,605 | 305,496 | 319,440 | 334,145 | 351,406 | 366,520 | 384,115 |

${ }^{1}$ Excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles

Table 1.3-Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles, 2009-2010

| ( as at 31st December ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age group <br> (Years) | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |  |
|  | Number | \% | Number | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{5}<\mathbf{5}$ | 68,794 | 41.7 | 74,350 | 42.3 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}<\mathbf{1 5}$ | 39,316 | 23.8 | 41,547 | 23.7 |
| $\geq \mathbf{1 5}$ | 16,888 | 10.2 | 17,893 | 10.2 |
| TOTAL | 40,038 | 24.3 | 41,844 | 23.8 |

Fig. 1.2-Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles (as at 31st December)


Table 1.4 - Age composition of operational bus fleet ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$, 2009-2010

| Age group <br> (Years) |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |  | 2010 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | $\mathbf{\%}$ | Number | $\%$ |  |  |
| $<\mathbf{5}$ | 668 | 35.3 | 510 | 27.7 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}<\mathbf{1 0}$ | 487 | 25.8 | 604 | 32.8 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}<\mathbf{1 5}$ | 408 | 21.6 | 356 | 19.3 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5}<\mathbf{1 8}$ | 328 | 17.3 | 373 | 20.2 |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Refers only to buses with a Road Service License, i.e, buses which operate on proclaimed routes and charge individual fares

Fig. 1.3-Age composition of operational bus fleet vehicles (as at 31 st December)


Table 2.1-Road traffic accidents', 2009-2010

| 1. Road traffic accidents | $2009{ }^{3}$ | 2010 | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | \% |
|  | 19,542 | 21,258 | + 1,716 | +8.8 |
| Number of accidents causing casualties | 2,480 | 2,564 | + 84 | + 3.4 |
| Fatal accident ${ }^{2}$ | 129 | 153 | + 24 | + 18.6 |
| Serious injury accident | 405 | 474 | + 69 | + 17.0 |
| Slight injury accident | 1,946 | 1,937 | -9 | -0.5 |
| Non injury accident | 17,062 | 18,694 | + 1,632 | + 9.6 |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 1,579 | 1,710 | N.A | N.A |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 54 | 57 | N.A | N.A |
| 2. Vehicles involved in road accidents |  |  |  |  |
| Number of vehicles involved of which | 38,058 | 41,263 | + 3,205 | + 8.4 |
| Motor Vehicles | 37,858 | 41,084 | +3,226 | + 8.5 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 106 | 110 | N.A | N.A |
| Number of m-vehicles involved in accidents causing casualties | 3,734 | 3,858 | + 124 | + 3.3 |
| 3. Casualties | 3,661 | 3,677 | + 16 | + 0.4 |
| Fatal ${ }^{2}$ | 140 | 160 | + 20 | + 14.3 |
| Seriously injured | 516 | 587 | + 71 | + 13.8 |
| Slightly injured | 3,005 | 2,930 | - 75 | - 2.5 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Based on definition of fatal accidents where death occurred within 30 days. |  | evised |  |  |

Fig. 2.1 (a) - Vehicles registered, 2001-2010


Fig. 2.1 (b) - Road accidents, 2001-2010


Table 2.2-Road traffic accidents ${ }^{1}$ and casualties, 2001-2010

|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | $2009{ }^{4}$ | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Road traffic accidents : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 18,517 | 18,022 | 19,178 | 19,495 | 22,554 | 20,242 | 20,519 | 20,873 | 19,542 | 21,258 |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 1,591 | 1,535 | 1,616 | 1,629 | 1,869 | 1,665 | 1,678 | 1,696 | 1,579 | 1,710 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 75 | 69 | 72 | 69 | 76 | 65 | 63 | 61 | 54 | 57 |
| 2. Motor vehicle involved: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 33,988 | 33,119 | 35,239 | 35,506 | 43,741 | 40,023 | 41,178 | 42,910 | 38,058 | 41,263 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 137 | 127 | 133 | 126 | 148 | 129 | 127 | 125 | 106 | 110 |
| 3. Casualties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total number of casualties of which | 3,264 | 2,904 | 2,698 | 2,951 | 2,760 | 2,522 | 3,055 | 3,435 | 3,661 | 3,677 |
| Fatal ${ }^{2}$ | 126 | 158 | 131 | 144 | 136 | 134 | 140 | 168 | 140 | 160 |
| Seriously injured | 288 | 216 | 291 | 245 | 358 | 348 | 500 | 512 | 516 | 587 |
| Slightly injured | 2,850 | 2,530 | 2,276 | 2,562 | 2,266 | 2,040 | 2,415 | 2,755 | 3,005 | 2,930 |
| 4. Fatality : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 10.8 | 13.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 11.3 | 12.9 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Fatality index ${ }^{3}$ | 3.9 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 4.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian
${ }^{2}$ From 1993 to 2001 figures are based on definition of fatal accidents where death occurred within 7 days.
As from 2002, figures are based on definition of fatal accidents where deaths occurred within 30 days as a result of road accidents
${ }^{3}$ Fatality index is the number of fatalities per 100 casualties.
${ }^{4}$ Revised

Table 2.3-Number of vehicles ${ }^{1}$ involved in accidents (causing casualties) by type, 2009-2010

| Type of vehicle | 2009 |  |  |  |  | 2010 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Casualties |  |  |  |  | Casualties |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% |
| Private car | 32 | 185 | 1,074 | 1,291 | 33 | 66 | 263 | 998 | 1,327 | 33 |
| Taxi car | 2 | 13 | 84 | 99 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 71 | 85 | 2 |
| Bus | 21 | 40 | 253 | 314 | 8 | 28 | 41 | 228 | 297 | 7 |
| Lorry | 6 | 25 | 72 | 103 | 3 | 6 | 27 | 82 | 115 | 3 |
| Van | 26 | 68 | 402 | 496 | 13 | 31 | 89 | 386 | 506 | 13 |
| Motor / auto cycle | 46 | 238 | 1,133 | 1,417 | 36 | 73 | 283 | 1,145 | 1,501 | 37 |
| Other motor vehicles | 2 | 2 | 10 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 20 | 27 | 1 |
| Total motor vehicles | 135 | 571 | 3,028 | 3,734 | 94.9 | 211 | 717 | 2,930 | 3,858 | 95.6 |
| Pedal cycle | 13 | 26 | 161 | 200 | 5.1 | 9 | 22 | 148 | 179 | 4.4 |
| Other non motor vehicles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| All vehicles | 148 | 597 | 3,189 | 3,934 | 100.0 | 220 | 739 | 3,078 | 4,037 | 100.0 |

[^0]Table 2.4-Number of casualties by class of road users, 2009-2010

| Class of road users | 2009 |  |  |  | 2010 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. | Total | \% | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. | Total | \% |
| Pedestrian | 325 | 353 | 678 | 18.5 | 347 | 325 | 672 | 18.3 |
| Passenger | 611 | 505 | 1,116 | 30.5 | 510 | 536 | 1,046 | 28.4 |
| Driver | 219 | 228 | 447 | 12.2 | 242 | 277 | 519 | 14.1 |
| Rider (auto / motor cycle) | 580 | 664 | 1,244 | 34.0 | 656 | 620 | 1,276 | 34.7 |
| Pedal cyclist | 98 | 78 | 176 | 4.8 | 81 | 83 | 164 | 4.5 |
| Total | 1,833 | 1,828 | 3,661 | 100.0 | 1,836 | 1,841 | 3,677 | 100.0 |

[^1]Table 2.5 - Number of accidents (causing casualties) involved in"hit and run"cases, 2009-2010.

| Year |  | $2009{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | 2010 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accident | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ |  |
| Vehicles v/s pedestrian | 31 | 38 | 69 | 41.3 | 54 | 34 | 88 | 54.3 |
| Vehicles v/s vehicles | 59 | 39 | 98 | 58.7 | 42 | 32 | 74 | 45.7 |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 7}$ | 100.0 | $\mathbf{9 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 2}$ | 100.0 |

[^2]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Only three main vehicles have been considered in accidents involving more than three vehicles

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised

