CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(*Base period: July 2006–June 2007 = 100*)

2nd Quarter 2010

1. INTRODUCTION

This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the second quarter of 2010. The methodology used for computing the CPI and the inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

2. KEY POINTS

2.1 <u>The overall CPI</u>

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 118.8 in March 2010, registered a net increase of 1.1 points (or 0.9%) to reach 119.9 in June 2010 (Table 2a).

On a monthly basis, the index increased by 0.5 point in April, fell by 0.2 point in May and then increased by 0.8 point in June 2010.

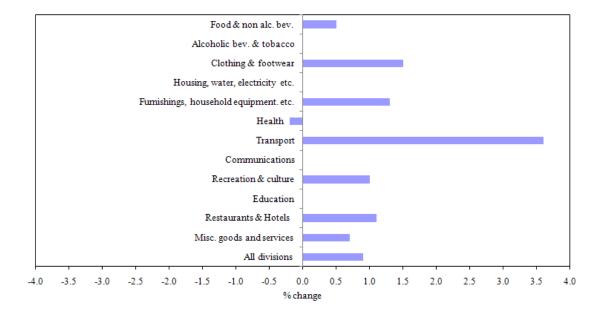
2.2 <u>Overview of CPI movements</u>

The main reasons for the net increase in the CPI from March to June 2010 were:

- (a) higher prices of some food items such as dairy products and pulses;
- (b) higher prices of motor vehicles;
- (c) higher prices of gasolene and diesel; and
- (d) lower prices of rice, fish, and vegetables.

3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Figure 1: % change in CPI sub indices between March and June 2010



The changes in the sub-indices for the twelve divisions of consumption expenditure during the second quarter of 2010 were as follows:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+0.5%)	The rise of 0.5% was the result of higher prices of milk $(+5.3\%)$, cheese $(+5.9\%)$, margarine $(+7.3\%)$ and pulses (6.5%) . The effect of these increases was partly offset by lower prices of rice (-2.9%) , fish (-2.2%) and vegetables (-1.3%) .
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	Unchanged
Clothing and footwear (+ 1.5%)	The increase of 1.5% was mainly due to higher prices of ready-made clothing (+1.1%) and footwear (+2.8%).
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Unchanged
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance $(+1.3\%)$	The rise of 1.3% was largely due to higher prices of washing materials and softeners (+2.2%).
Health (- 0.2%)	The decrease of 0.2% was mainly attributable to lower prices of medicinal products (- 0.5%).
<i>Transport (+ 3.6%)</i>	The 3.6% rise in transport costs was the combined effect of higher prices of gasolene (+6.8%), diesel (+15.4%) and motor vehicles (+3.4%).
Communication	Unchanged
Recreation and culture (+ 1.0%)	The increase of 1.0% was largely attributable to higher prices of audio and video equipment (+5.6%).
Education	Unchanged
Restaurants and hotels (+1.1%)	The rise of 1.1% was mainly the result of higher prices of prepared foods (+2.1%).
<i>Miscellaneous goods and services (+0.7%)</i>	The increase of 0.7% was mainly attributable to price increases of some goods for personal care and hygiene $(+1.0\%)$.

4. INFLATION RATE

The inflation rate for financial year 2009/10 was 1.7% compared to 6.9% for financial year 2008/09 (Table 6).

For calendar year 2009, the inflation rate was 2.5%.

5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares the 2009 inflation rate of Mauritius with those of our main importing countries and some countries in the region.

Country	Inflation rate (%)	Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	0.1	Australia	1.8
United Kingdom	2.2	United States	-0.3
China	-0.7	Botswana	8.1
India	10.9	Mauritius	2.5
Japan	-1.4	Seychelles	31.8
Singapore	0.2	South Africa	7.1

Table 1- Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2009

Source – International Monetary Fund, revised data as at April 2010.

Central Statistics Office Ministry of Finance and Economic Development Port Louis July 2010. Note :

- (i) This publication is available on the website of the Central Statistics Office at <u>http://statsmauritius.gov.mu</u>. From the homepage, choose "Publications" followed by "Economic and Social Indicators", then "Consumer Price Index".
- (ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.
- (iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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	<u>(1</u>	Base : July	2001 - Juni	e 2002 = 100)	<u>(Base : July 2006 - June 2007 = 100)</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
January	105.5	109.7	116.1	123.1	133.9		109.6	115.3	118.2
February	105.7	110.1	116.7	123.5	134.9		110.7	115.8	118.6
March	105.6	110.1	117.1	124.2	136.1		110.8	116.1	118.8
April	105.8	110.4	117.1	124.0	137.5		111.9	116.2	119.3
May	106.5	110.7	117.2	124.3	138.1		113.0	116.2	119.1
June	106.9	111.3	117.3	126.2	138.8		113.4	117.1	119.9
July	107.5	112.5	118.0	129.9		103.7	115.6	117.8	
August	107.4	112.7	118.0	130.9		104.1	116.3	117.5	
September	107.9	113.1	117.3	131.7		105.3	116.7	117.8	
October	108.3	114.6	118.2	132.3		106.8	117.2	117.3	
November	108.4	114.7	118.8	133.3		107.6	116.5	117.3	
December	108.9	115.0	119.5	133.7		108.2	115.5	117.2	
Yearly average	107.0	112.1	117.6	128.1		103.8	113.9	116.8	
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+3.9	+ 4.7	+ 4.9	+ 8.9		+ 8.8	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	

 Table 2a - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2003 - June 2010

			<u>(Base</u>	: July 2006 -	June 2007 =	<u>100)</u>		
<u>Month</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
January	78.6	81.7	86.5	91.7	99.7	109.6	115.3	118.2
February	78.8	82.0	87.0	92.0	100.5	110.7	115.8	118.6
March	78.7	82.0	87.2	92.5	101.3	110.8	116.1	118.8
April	78.8	82.3	87.2	92.4	102.4	111.9	116.2	119.3
May	79.3	82.4	87.3	92.6	102.9	113.0	116.2	119.1
June	79.6	82.9	87.3	94.0	103.4	113.4	117.1	119.9
July	80.1	83.8	87.9	96.8	103.7	115.6	117.8	
August	80.0	83.9	87.9	97.5	104.1	116.3	117.5	
September	80.4	84.2	87.3	98.1	105.3	116.7	117.8	
October	80.7	85.4	88.1	98.5	106.8	117.2	117.3	
November	80.7	85.4	88.5	99.3	107.6	116.5	117.3	
December	81.1	85.6	89.0	99.6	108.2	115.5	117.2	
Yearly average	79.7	83.5	87.6	95.4	103.8	113.9	116.8	
Annual change (%) (Inflation rate)	+3.9	+ 4.7	+ 4.9	+ 8.9	+ 8.8	+ 9.7	+ 2.5	

Table 2b - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2003 - June 2010 $^{1\prime}$

^{1/} The CPI for January 2003 to June 2007, originally based on July 2001-June 2002, has been converted to the new base July 2006 - June 2007=100

Table 3 - Main commodities that affected the CPI between March and June 2010

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	% change in price index
Milk	+0.2	+5.3
Rice	-0.1	-2.9
Fish	-0.1	-2.2
Vegetables	-0.1	-1.3
Other food products	+0.3	+1.2
Gasolene	+0.3	+6.8
Diesel	+0.1	+15.4
Motor Vehicles	+0.1	+3.4
Prepared foods	+0.1	+2.1
Other goods & services	+0.3	+0.4
All commodities	+1.1	+0.9

Index point contribution and percentage change in price index

Division	Description	Weight	January 2010	February 2010	March 2010	April 2010	May 2010	June 2010	% change between March & June 2010
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	286	131.7	131.9	132.6	132.8	132.6	133.2	+ 0.5
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	92	117.4	117.4	117.5	117.6	118.0	117.5	-
03	Clothing and footwear	51	120.6	120.8	121.1	121.7	121.8	122.9	+ 1.5
	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	131	105.3	105.4	105.5	105.6	105.6	105.5	-
	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	64	117.6	117.7	117.5	118.3	118.5	119.0	+ 1.3
06	Health	30	120.0	120.2	120.5	120.3	120.1	120.3	- 0.2
07	Transport	147	111.5	113.5	113.6	115.5	113.7	117.7	+ 3.6
08	Communication	36	95.7	95.6	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	-
09	Recreation and culture	48	103.9	104.0	104.3	104.4	104.4	105.3	+ 1.0
10	Education	32	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	-
11	Restaurants and hotels	43	126.0	126.1	126.2	126.5	126.8	127.6	+ 1.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	40	120.3	120.3	120.4	120.4	121.1	121.3	+ 0.7
	All Divisions	1,000	118.2	118.6	118.8	119.3	119.1	119.9	+ 0.9

Table 4 : Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, January 2010 - June 2010(Base: July 2006 - June 2007 = 100)

Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, July 2009 - June 2010

(Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Jul-09	Aug-09	Sep-09	Oct-09	Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10
Division 01 - Food and non alcoholic beverages	286	130.0	130.1	129.7	129.2	129.7	128.9	131.7	131.9	132.6	132.8	132.6	133.2
Group 1 - Food	265	131.3	131.4	131.0	130.5	130.9	130.0	132.7	132.8	133.5	133.6	133.4	134.1
Group 2 - Non-alcoholic beverages	21	113.9	113.1	113.4	112.9	114.6	114.2	118.7	120.6	120.3	122.2	122.0	121.7
Division 02 - Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	92	116.9	116.9	117.0	117.0	117.3	116.7	117.4	117.4	117.5	117.6	118.0	117.5
Group 1 - Alcoholic beverages	50	114.2	114.1	114.3	114.2	114.8	113.7	115.0	114.9	115.2	115.3	116.2	115.2
Group 2 - Tobacco	42	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3	120.3
Division 03 - Clothing and footwear	51	115.3	116.7	116.5	116.5	118.1	119.8	120.6	120.8	121.1	121.7	121.8	122.9
Group 1 - Clothing	39	115.7	117.2	117.0	116.7	118.6	120.7	121.4	121.4	121.5	122.0	122.0	122.8
Group 2 - Footwear	12	114.1	114.8	114.8	115.9	116.4	117.1	117.9	118.6	119.9	120.7	121.2	123.3
Division 04 - Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	131	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.2	105.3	105.4	105.5	105.6	105.6	105.5
Group 1 - Actual rentals for housing	14	105.3	105.3	105.7	105.7	105.7	105.7	105.7	105.7	107.2	107.2	107.2	107.5
Group 2 - Mortgage interest on housing loan	37	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1
Group 3 - Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	14	111.0	111.1	111.1	111.3	111.3	111.3	112.9	112.9	112.1	112.1	112.1	112.3
Group 4 - Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	16	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2
Group 5 - Electricity, gas and other fuels	50	124.1	124.1	124.1	124.1	124.1	124.1	124.0	124.1	124.1	124.3	124.3	124.1
Division 05 - Furnishings, household equipment and routine household	64	116.0	116.1	116.0	115.9	116.5	116.8	117.6	117.7	117.5	118.3	118.5	119.0
Group 1 - Furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	17	108.9	108.9	108.9	108.9	108.9	108.6	108.8	108.8	108.8	109.1	109.1	109.0
Group 2 - Household textiles	4	106.0	104.9	105.1	105.1	109.2	109.6	111.3	111.9	111.9	114.6	116.0	116.6
Group 3 - Household appliances	9	109.9	109.7	110.5	111.3	111.2	111.2	109.9	109.9	110.1	111.6	112.7	112.9
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household	3	112.8	112.8	112.4	112.4	113.2	113.7	113.8	115.1	115.1	115.1	114.4	114.4
Group 5 - Tools and equipment for house and	2	108.8	114.6	114.5	114.1	114.4	119.0	119.0	119.2	119.2	119.3	119.2	119.5
Group 6 - Goods and services for routine household	29	124.3	124.3	123.9	123.4	124.1	124.5	126.4	126.3	125.8	126.6	126.5	127.5

Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, July 2009 - June 2010

(Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Jul-09	Aug-09	Sep-09	Oct-09	Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10
Division 06 - Health	30	116.8	116.8	117.3	118.1	118.6	118.7	120.0	120.2	120.5	120.3	120.1	120.3
Group 1 - Medical products, appliances and equipment	13	105.1	105.1	106.2	106.5	106.7	106.8	106.9	106.7	107.3	106.9	106.6	106.9
Group 2 - Outpatient services	10	124.1	124.1	124.1	124.1	125.3	125.3	126.1	126.9	126.9	126.9	126.9	126.9
Group 3 - Hospital services	7	128.2	128.2	128.2	131.3	131.3	131.3	135.7	135.7	135.7	135.7	135.7	135.7
Division 07 - Transport	147	117.4	114.8	117.4	114.7	112.4	112.9	111.5	113.5	113.6	115.5	113.7	117.7
Group 1 - Purchase of vehicles	44	97.1	98.4	98.8	98.6	99.4	98.1	98.3	97.8	97.1	96.5	96.7	100.5
Group 2 - Operation of personal transport equipment	62	124.9	118.2	124.7	118.3	113.3	117.3	115.3	120.4	121.2	126.4	122.5	128.9
Group 3 - Transport services	41	127.7	127.3	126.4	126.5	124.8	122.1	120.2	119.8	119.8	119.4	118.5	119.1
Division 08 - Communication	36	96.2	95.9	95.9	95.9	95.7	95.7	95.7	95.6	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Group 1 - Postal services	1	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9	136.9
Group 2 - Telephone and telefax equipment	1	66.4	66.4	66.4	66.4	62.8	62.8	59.5	55.9	54.8	54.8	54.8	52.2
Group 3 - Telephone and telefax services	34	95.9	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5
Division 09 - Recreation and culture	48	102.3	102.5	103.3	103.3	102.5	102.3	103.9	104.0	104.3	104.4	104.4	105.3
Group 1 - Audio-visual, photographic and information processing	12	87.0	86.5	87.5	85.7	82.4	82.8	82.8	82.9	82.4	82.3	82.0	85.4
Group 3 - Other recreational items and equipment, gardens	4	120.0	122.6	128.4	132.2	132.2	129.0	129.0	129.2	128.4	128.4	129.4	129.4
Group 4 - Recreational and cultural services	13	103.4	104.1	104.1	104.4	104.4	104.4	104.4	104.4	104.4	104.8	104.8	104.8
Group 5 - Newspapers, books and stationery	19	107.6	107.4	107.5	107.6	107.6	107.6	111.6	111.7	113.0	113.0	113.1	113.1
Division 10 - Education	32	110.9	110.9	110.9	110.9	110.9	110.9	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2	112.2
Group 1 - Pre-primary and primary education	6	119.1	119.1	119.1	119.1	119.1	119.1	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5
Group 2 - Secondary education	13	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	1	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6	129.6
Group 4 - Tertiary education	11	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.8
Group 5 - Education not definable by level	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

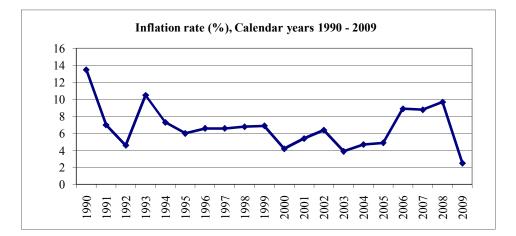
Table 5 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure, July 2009 - June 2010

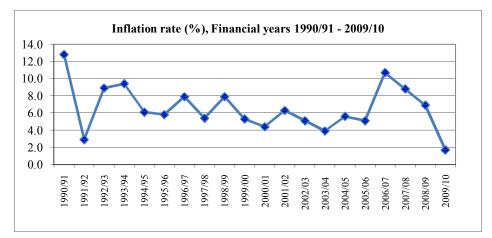
(Base: July 2006-June 2007=100)

Description	Weight	Jul-09	Aug-09	Sep-09	Oct-09	Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10
Division 11 - Restaurants and hotels	43	124.1	124.2	124.2	124.4	125.7	126.4	126.0	126.1	126.2	126.5	126.8	127.6
Group 1 - Catering services	42	124.5	124.7	124.8	124.9	125.8	125.8	125.9	126.1	126.2	126.5	126.8	127.8
Group 2 - Accomodation services	1	104.4	104.4	99.4	102.0	120.3	149.7	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	124.1	123.0
Division 12 - Miscellaneous goods and services	40	117.9	117.6	117.6	117.7	118.1	118.6	120.3	120.3	120.4	120.4	121.1	121.3
Group 1 - Personal care	23	117.3	116.8	116.5	116.5	116.8	115.9	118.8	118.7	118.4	118.5	119.1	119.5
Group 3 - Personal effects, not elsewhere classified	3	130.0	130.3	132.0	134.4	136.1	137.8	137.7	139.7	141.2	141.0	144.9	146.1
Group 4 - Social protection	1	118.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4
Group 5 - Insurance	10	117.2	117.2	117.2	117.2	117.2	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4
Group 7 - Other services not elsewhere classified	3	112.1	112.7	112.7	111.9	113.2	113.2	114.2	113.1	114.2	114.2	114.2	113.8
All divisions	1000	117.8	117.5	117.8	117.3	117.3	117.2	118.2	118.6	118.8	119.3	119.1	119.9

Calendar year	Inflation rate	Financial year	Inflation rate
1990	13.5	1990/91	12.8
1991	7.0	1991/92	2.9
1992	4.6	1992/93	8.9
1993	10.5	1993/94	9.4
1994	7.3	1994/95	6.1
1995	6.0	1995/96	5.8
1996	6.6	1996/97	7.9
1997	6.6	1997/98	5.4
1998	6.8	1998/99	7.9
1999	6.9	1999/00	5.3
2000	4.2	2000/01	4.4
2001	5.4	2001/02	6.3
2002	6.4	2002/03	5.1
2003	3.9	2003/04	3.9
2004	4.7	2004/05	5.6
2005	4.9	2005/06	5.1
2006	8.9	2006/07	10.7
2007	8.8	2007/08	8.8
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7

Table 6 - Inflation rate (%), 1990 - 2010





Technical note

1. Methodology used for the computation of the Consumer Price Index (Base July 2006 – June 2007 = 100)

(a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

(b) Measurement of the CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

(c) The CPI basket

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private Mauritian households in a reference period, currently July 2006 to June 2007. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2006/07 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 12 divisions, 43 groups and 84 classes.

(d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 7,800 price quotations are collected in respect of 1,080 item indicators from some 400 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Mahebourg, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

(e) Formula for computation of the CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time *t* is

$$\mathbf{I}_{t} = \frac{\sum \mathbf{W}_{i} (\mathbf{P}_{it} / \mathbf{P}_{i0})}{\sum \mathbf{W}_{i}} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{100}$$

where,

I _t	: CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0
Pio	: Price of item <i>i</i> at time 0, i.e. during base period
P _{it}	: Price of item <i>i</i> at time t
$\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{i}}$: Weight of item <i>i</i>

The base period is July 2006 to June 2007, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

2. Inflation

(a) **Definition of Inflation**

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

(b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, i.e. by comparing the average level of prices during a twelvemonth period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation*.

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called 'year-onyear' method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of the CPI is available online in the publication "HBS 2006/07 and updated CPI" [http://www.gov.mu/portal/goc/cso/ei664/toc.htm]