# Road Transport and Road Traffic Accident Statistics (Island of Mauritius) 

Year 2009

## 1. Vehicles registered in 2009

At the end of December 2009, there were 366,520 vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority (NTA). This represents a net increase of 15,114 vehicles (4.3\%) as compared to end of December 2008 when the number of registered vehicles was 351,406 .

During the year 2009, the fleet was strengthened with the registration of 19,789 vehicles, of which 12,482 ( $63 \%$ ) were new, 6,424 (32\%) were imported second-hand and 883 (5\%) were re-registered vehicles; i.e., those which had been previously de-registered (put off the road). However during the same period 4,675 vehicles were put off the road, resulting in a net addition of 15,114 vehicles to the existing fleet (Table 1.1).

## 2. Composition of the fleet

A breakdown of the fleet by type of vehicle is given in Table 1.2. At the end of December 2009, the fleet consisted of $45 \%(165,036)$ cars and dual purpose vehicles and $42 \%(152,935)$ auto/motor cycles. The remaining $13 \%$ comprised vans $(25,622)$, lorries and trucks $(12,950)$, buses $(2,803)$ and other vehicles $(7,174)$.

## 3. Vehicles used for the transport of passengers

### 3.1 Cars and dual purpose vehicles

At the end of 2009, the number of cars and dual purpose vehicles was 165,036 , a rise of $6.1 \%$ over the 2008 figure which stood at 155,528 . This increase was the result of the registration of 11,186 such vehicles ( 4,959 new, 5,733 imported second-hand and 494 re-registered), partly offset by 1,678 that were put off the road (Table 1.1).

Table 1.3 shows the age distribution of cars and dual purpose vehicles. At the end of December 2009, 41.7\% were less than 5 years, $23.8 \%$ between 5 and 9 years and the remaining $34.5 \%$, 10 years and above.

### 3.2 Buses

At the end of December 2009, there were 2,803 registered buses, out of which 1,891 or $67.5 \%$ were 'public' buses operating with a road service licence. During

2009, 118 new buses were registered while 77 buses were put off the road resulting in an increase of 41 buses.

Table 1.4, which gives the age distribution of the fleet of public buses, shows that $35.3 \%$ of the buses were under 5 years, 25.8.\% between 5 and 9 years and $38.9 \%$, between 10 and 18 years.

## 4. Road traffic accidents

The number of road accidents registered during the year 2009 was 19,571 against 20,873 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of $6.2 \%$. Among these accidents the majority, 17,602 (89.9\%) were non-injury, 129 fatal, 372 caused serious injuries and 2,008 slight injuries (Table 2.1).

Compared to 2008, accidents causing casualties went up by $12.9 \%$ in 2009 (from 2,223 to 2,509) and non-injury accidents decreased by $8.5 \%$ (from 18,650 to 17,062). Fatal accidents went down by $20.4 \%$ (from 162 to 129) and serious injury accidents by 2.1 \% (from 380 to 372) while slight injury accidents increased by 19.5\% (from 1,681 to 2,008).

The accident rate expressed as the number of accidents per 100,000 mid-year population decreased from 1,696 in 2008 to1,582 in 2009 and the number of accidents per 1,000 mid-year registered motor vehicles decreased from 61 to 55 (Table 2.1).

## 5. Vehicles involved in road accidents

During the year 2009, the total number of vehicles (both motor and nonmotorised) involved in road accidents went down by $11.7 \%$ to 38,058 from 43,096 in the previous year. The number of motor vehicles involved in accidents resulting in casualties in 2009 was 3,734 , up by $11.4 \%$ compared to 3,352 in 2008. Table 2.3 shows that $32.8 \%$ of these were private cars, another $36.0 \%$ motor/auto cycles and $12.6 \%$ vans.

## 6. Casualties

The number of casualties (fatalities and persons injured as a result of road accidents) rose by $6.4 \%$ from 3,435 in 2008 to 3,655 in 2009. Among the casualties, 140 were fatal, 479 were seriously injured and the remaining 3,036 were slightly injured (Table 2.1).

Compared to 2008, the number of persons who died as a result of road accidents in 2009 went down by $16.7 \%$. The fatality rate expressed as the number of persons who died as a result of road accidents per 100,000 mid-year population decreased from 13.6 in 2008 to 11.3 in 2009.

Table 2.4 reveals that, among the casualties in 2009, $30.5 \%$ were passengers, $33.7 \%$ riders of auto/motor cycles, $17.7 \%$ pedestrians, $13.1 \%$ drivers and $5.0 \%$ pedal cyclists.

## 7. Hit and run cases of accidents causing casualties

In 2009, there were 187 "hit and run" cases causing casualties compared to 163 in 2008. Out of these 187 cases, $54.5 \%$ (102) involved vehicles only while the other $45.5 \%$ (85) involved both vehicles and pedestrians (Table 2.5).

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## Explanatory Notes

## A. Vehicle Statistics

1. Data refer to all vehicles registered at the National Transport Authority. Pedal cycles are therefore excluded. The classification of vehicles used in this report, follows the definition given in Section 4 of the Road Traffic Act of 1962.

## 2. Vehicles include:

(a) motor vehicles, that is, power-driven vehicles normally used for carrying persons or goods by road or for drawing vehicles used for carrying persons or goods. Examples are car, dual purpose vehicle, heavy motor car, motor cycle, lorry, van, bus, and tractor;
(b) non-motorised vehicles, for example trailer.
3. Definition of some types of vehicles according to the Road Traffic Act 1962.
(a) Motor cycle

A motor cycle is a mechanically propelled vehicle, other than an autocycle or a vehicle classified as an invalid carriage, with not more than four wheels and whose unladen weight does not exceed 400 kilograms.
(b) Auto cycle

An autocycle is a two wheeled motor vehicle, with or without pedals, whose engine capacity does not exceed 50 cubic centimetres.
(c) Heavy motor car

A heavy motor car is a vehicle of the bus type designed to carry passengers but not for hire or reward.
(d) Dual purpose vehicle

A dual purpose vehicle is essentially a car but it is so designed to be capable of carrying a certain load of goods.

## B. Road Traffic Accidents

1. In this report, data on accidents refer to all road accidents reported to police stations and to insurance companies.

## 2. Road Traffic Accident

A road traffic accident is an accident between two or more vehicles, a vehicle and a cyclist, a vehicle and a pedestrian, a vehicle and a fixed object such as a bridge, building, tree, post, etc, or a single vehicle that overturned on or near a public road.

## 3. Severity of accident

Road traffic accidents are classified into the following categories according to the severity of the accident:

Fatal accident - an accident resulting in the death of one or more persons. Prior to 2002, a fatal accident was defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 7 days. As from 2002, a fatal accident is defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 30 days.

Serious injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are seriously injured.
Slight injury accident - An accident in which one or more persons are slightly injured.
Non injury accident - An accident in which no one is killed or injured but which results in damage to the vehicle/s and/or other property only.

## 4. Casualty

Any person killed or injured in a road accident is referred to as a casualty.
Fatality - Any person killed during an accident, or within 30 days (7 days prior to 2002) as a result of an accident is referred to as a fatality.

Serious Injury - An injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an "in-patient" or any of the following injuries (whether or not he is detained in hospital): fractures, concussions, internal injuries, severe cuts and lacerations, crushings and severe general shock requiring medical treatment.
Slight Injury - An injury of minor character such as a sprain, bruise and cut not judged to be severe.

Table 1.1 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered in 2009

| Type of vehicle | No. of vehicles at 31.12.08 | New vehicles | Used imported vehicles | Re registered vehicles ${ }^{2}$ | Vehicles off the road ${ }^{3}$ | No. of vehicles at 31.12.09 | Net addition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 109,507 | 3,524 | 5,596 | 380 | 1,117 | 117,890 | 8,383 |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 46,021 | 1,435 | 137 | 114 | 561 | 47,146 | 1,125 |
| Motor cycle | 40,804 | 3,822 | 53 | 209 | 666 | 44,222 | 3,418 |
| Auto cycle | 107,184 | 2,874 | 6 | 2 | 1,353 | 108,713 | 1,529 |
| Lorry and truck | 12,726 | 202 | 192 | 61 | 231 | 12,950 | 224 |
| Van | 25,334 | 283 | 355 | 79 | 429 | 25,622 | 288 |
| Bus | 2,762 | 118 | - | - | 77 | 2,803 | 41 |
| Other | 7,068 | 224 | 85 | 38 | 241 | 7,174 | 106 |
| Total | 351,406 | 12,482 | 6,424 | 883 | 4,675 | 366,520 | 15,114 |

${ }^{1}$ excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles
${ }^{2}$ refers to re-registration of vehicles previously off the road
${ }^{3}$ unlicensed either temporarily or permanently

Fig. 1.1-Stock of registered vehicles, 2000-2009


Table 1.2 - Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ registered, 2000-2009

| Type of vehicle | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 54,911 | 58,082 | 63,307 | 68,524 | 77,342 | 84,818 | 91,911 | 99,770 | 109,507 | 117,890 |
| (of which taxi car ) | $(5,039)$ | $(5,318)$ | $(5,801)$ | $(5,979)$ | $(6,482)$ | $(6,798)$ | $(6,860)$ | $(6,885)$ | $(6,941)$ | $(6,921)$ |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 34,912 | 36,984 | 38,129 | 39,383 | 40,667 | 42,026 | 43,221 | 44,635 | 46,021 | 47,146 |
| Heavy motor car | 916 | 923 | 944 | 958 | 1,020 | 1,045 | 1,118 | 1,223 | 1,290 | 1,275 |
| Motor cycle | 24,523 | 25,104 | 25,723 | 26,744 | 28,646 | 30,927 | 33,936 | 36,969 | 40,804 | 44,222 |
| Auto cycle | 91,955 | 94,849 | 97,078 | 98,858 | 100,854 | 102,503 | 104,238 | 105,637 | 107,184 | 108,713 |
| Lorry and truck | 10,485 | 10,888 | 11,236 | 11,501 | 11,774 | 12,047 | 12,272 | 12,536 | 12,726 | 12,950 |
| Van | 18,807 | 20,694 | 21,750 | 22,496 | 23,326 | 23,989 | 24,522 | 24,934 | 25,334 | 25,622 |
| Bus | 2,394 | 2,408 | 2,450 | 2,460 | 2,457 | 2,560 | 2,612 | 2,753 | 2,762 | 2,803 |
| Tractor and dumper | 2,645 | 2,683 | 2,683 | 2,877 | 2,935 | 2,982 | 3,001 | 3,025 | 3,045 | 3,102 |
| Prime mover | 322 | 335 | 349 | 369 | 388 | 412 | 436 | 452 | 505 | 558 |
| Trailer | 1,726 | 1,776 | 1,770 | 1,772 | 1,771 | 1,765 | 1,756 | 1,795 | 1,809 | 1,823 |
| Road roller | 100 | 100 | 101 | 100 | 99 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 97 |
| Other | 322 | 323 | 321 | 329 | 326 | 326 | 321 | 320 | 323 | 319 |
| TOTAL | 244,018 | 255,149 | 265,841 | 276,371 | 291,605 | 305,496 | 319,440 | 334,145 | 351,406 | 366,520 |

${ }^{1}$ Excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles

Table 1.3-Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles, 2008-2009

| ( as at 31st December ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age group <br> (Years) | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |  |
|  | Number | \% | Number | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{5}<\mathbf{5 0}$ | 63,842 | 41.0 | 68,794 | 41.7 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}<\mathbf{1 5}$ | 37,321 | 24.0 | 39,316 | 23.8 |
| $\geq \mathbf{1 5}$ | 16,294 | 10.5 | 16,888 | 10.2 |
| TOTAL | 38,071 | 24.5 | 40,038 | 24.3 |

Fig. 1.2 - Age composition of cars and dual purpose vehicles (as at 31st December)


Table 1.4 - Age composition of operational bus fleet ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$, 2008-2009

| Age group <br> (Years) |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ |  | 2009 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | $\mathbf{\%}$ | Number | $\%$ |  |
| $<\mathbf{5}$ | 670 | 35.3 | 668 | 35.3 |  |
| $\mathbf{5 < 1 0}$ | 456 | 24.0 | 487 | 25.8 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 < \mathbf { 1 5 }}$ | 501 | 26.4 | 408 | 21.6 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5}<\mathbf{1 8}$ | 271 | 14.3 | 328 | 17.3 |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |  |

${ }^{1}$ Refers only to buses with a Road Service License, i.e, buses which operate on proclaimed routes and charge individual fares


Table 2.1-Road traffic accidents', 2008-2009

| 1. Road traffic accidents | $2008{ }^{3}$ | 2009 | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | \% |
|  | 20,873 | 19,571 | -1,302 | -6.2 |
| Number of accidents causing casualties | 2,223 | 2,509 | + 286 | + 12.9 |
| Fatal accident ${ }^{2}$ | 162 | 129 | -33 | -20.4 |
| Serious injury accident | 380 | 372 | -8 | -2.1 |
| Slight injury accident | 1,681 | 2,008 | + 327 | + 19.5 |
| Non injury accident | 18,650 | 17,062 | - 1,588 | - 8.5 |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 1,696 | 1,582 | N.A | N.A |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 61 | 55 | N.A | N.A |
| 2. Vehicles involved in road accidents |  |  |  |  |
| Number of vehicles involved of which | 43,096 | 38,058 | - 5,038 | - 11.7 |
| Motor Vehicles | 42,910 | 37,858 | - 5,052 | -11.8 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 125 | 106 | N.A | N.A |
| Number of m-vehicles involved in accidents causing casualties | 3,352 | 3,734 | +382 | + 11.4 |
| 3. Casualties | 3,435 | 3,655 | +220 | + 6.4 |
| Fatal ${ }^{2}$ | 168 | 140 | -28 | -16.7 |
| Seriously injured | 512 | 479 | -33 | -6.4 |
| Slightly injured | 2,755 | 3,036 | + 281 | + 10.2 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Based on definition of fatal accidents where death occurred within <br> N.A : Not applicable | days. | evised |  |  |

Fig. 2.1 (a) - Vehicles registered, 2000-2009


Fig. 2.1 (b) - Road accidents, 2000-2009


Table 2.2-Road traffic accidents ${ }^{1}$ and casualties, 2000-2009

|  | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | $2008{ }^{4}$ | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Road traffic accidents : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 18,278 | 18,517 | 18,022 | 19,178 | 19,495 | 22,554 | 20,242 | 20,519 | 20,873 | 19,571 |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 1,588 | 1,591 | 1,535 | 1,616 | 1,629 | 1,869 | 1,665 | 1,678 | 1,696 | 1,582 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 77 | 75 | 69 | 72 | 69 | 76 | 65 | 63 | 61 | 55 |
| 2. Motor vehicle involved: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 33,537 | 33,988 | 33,119 | 35,239 | 35,506 | 43,741 | 40,023 | 41,178 | 42,910 | 37,858 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 142 | 137 | 127 | 133 | 126 | 148 | 129 | 127 | 125 | 106 |
| 3. Casualties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total number of casualties of which | 3,291 | 3,264 | 2,904 | 2,698 | 2,951 | 2,760 | 2,522 | 3,055 | 3,435 | 3,655 |
| Fatal $^{2}$ | 163 | 126 | 158 | 131 | 144 | 136 | 134 | 140 | 168 | 140 |
| Seriously injured | 266 | 288 | 216 | 291 | 245 | 358 | 348 | 500 | 512 | 479 |
| Slightly injured | 2,862 | 2,850 | 2,530 | 2,276 | 2,562 | 2,266 | 2,040 | 2,415 | 2,755 | 3,036 |
| 4. Fatality : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 14.2 | 10.8 | 13.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 11.3 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered motor vehicles | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Fatality index ${ }^{3}$ | 5.0 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 3.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Exclude accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian
${ }^{2}$ From 1993 to 2001 figures are based on definition of fatal accidents where death occurred within 7 days.
As from 2002, figures are based on definition of fatal accidents where deaths occurred within 30 days as a result of road accidents
${ }^{3}$ Fatality index is the number of fatalities per 100 casualties.
${ }^{4}$ Revised

Table 2.3-Number of vehicles ${ }^{1}$ involved in accidents (causing casualties) by type, 2008-2009

| Type of vehicle | 2008 |  |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Casualties |  |  |  |  | Casualties |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% | Fatal | Serious | Slight | Total | \% |
| Private car | 59 | 225 | 984 | 1,268 | 35.6 | 32 | 185 | 1,074 | 1,291 | 32.8 |
| Taxi car | 9 | 11 | 71 | 91 | 2.6 | 2 | 13 | 84 | 99 | 2.5 |
| Bus | 38 | 40 | 201 | 279 | 7.8 | 21 | 40 | 253 | 314 | 8.0 |
| Lorry | 16 | 17 | 72 | 105 | 2.9 | 6 | 25 | 72 | 103 | 2.6 |
| Van | 32 | 88 | 356 | 476 | 13.3 | 26 | 68 | 402 | 496 | 12.6 |
| Motor / auto cycle | 57 | 202 | 869 | 1128 | 31.6 | 46 | 238 | 1133 | 1417 | 36.0 |
| Other motor vehicles | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 0.1 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 14 | 0.4 |
| Total motor vehicles | 212 | 584 | 2,556 | 3,352 | 93.9 | 135 | 571 | 3,028 | 3,734 | 94.9 |
| Pedal cycle | 17 | 33 | 166 | 216 | 6.1 | 13 | 26 | 161 | 200 | 5.1 |
| Other non motor vehicles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| All vehicles | 229 | 617 | 2,722 | 3,568 | 100.0 | 148 | 597 | 3,189 | 3,934 | 100.0 |

[^0]Table 2.4-Number of casualties by class of road users, 2008-2009

| Class of road users | 2008 |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. ${ }^{1}$ | Total | \% | Jan. - Jun. | Jul. - Dec. | Total | \% |
| Pedestrian | 333 | 297 | 630 | 18.3 | 314 | 333 | 647 | 17.7 |
| Passenger | 435 | 718 | 1,153 | 33.6 | 611 | 505 | 1,116 | 30.5 |
| Driver | 215 | 222 | 437 | 12.7 | 239 | 241 | 480 | 13.1 |
| Rider (auto / motor cycle) | 493 | 517 | 1,010 | 29.4 | 580 | 650 | 1,230 | 33.7 |
| Pedal cyclist | 113 | 92 | 205 | 6.0 | 104 | 78 | 182 | 5.0 |
| Total | 1,589 | 1,846 | 3,435 | 100.0 | 1,848 | 1,807 | 3,655 | 100.0 |

Table 2.5 - Number of accidents (causing casualties) involved in"hit and run"cases, 2008-2009.

| Year |  | $2008^{1}$ |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accident | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ | Jan. - Jun. Jul. - Dec. | Total | $\%$ |  |
| Vehicles v/s pedestrian | 46 | 29 | 75 | 46.0 | 48 | 37 | 85 | 45.5 |
| Vehicles v/s vehicles | 43 | 45 | 88 | 54.0 | 61 | 41 | 102 | 54.5 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 9}$ | 74 | $\mathbf{1 6 3}$ | 100.0 | $\mathbf{1 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 7}$ | 100.0 |

[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Only three main vehicles have been considered in accidents involving more than three vehicles

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised

