## I mport Price I ndex - 2nd Quarter 2004

## TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Introduction
Table 1: Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC¹ section, 2003-2004
Table 2: Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC¹ section \& division, 2003-2004
Table 2 (cont'd): Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, 2003 2004

Table 2 (cont'd): Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC¹ section \& division, 2003 2004

Table 3: Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section, 1st quarter 2003 - 2nd quarter 2004

Table 4: Percentage change by SITC¹ section \& division, 1st quarter 2003 - 2nd quarter 2004

Table 4(cont'd): Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, 1st quarter 2003 - 2nd quarter 2004

Table 4(cont'd): Percentage change by SITC¹ section \& division, 1st quarter 2003 - 2nd quarter 2004

Technical Note

# Import Price Index - $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter 2004 

## 1. Background

The Central Statistics Office (CSO) compiles Import and Export Unit Value Indices since 1965 to measure changes in import and export prices respectively. Unit value indices do not require much additional resources for compilation since they can be derived from available customs data. However, they do not reflect genuine price changes since they are greatly influenced by new products, changes in product specifications and quality as well as countries of origin or destination.

On the other hand, Import and Export Price indices attempt to measure pure price changes of a fixed representative basket of imported and exported commodities whose specifications and country of origin or destination are clearly spelled out. However, they require much more resources than unit value indices.

The number of export commodities and their destinations is relatively small, and the CSO has been able to compile and publish a quarterly Export Price Index (EPI) since 1993. Work on the Import Price Index (IPI) started in 2002 so that a set of import price indices could be available as from 2003.

This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the IPI for 2003 and the second quarter of 2004.

A technical note on the construction of the index is annexed.

## 2. Structure of the IPI

The IPI covers eight out of the 10 Standard International Trade Classification (SITC, Rev. 3) sections, namely "Food and live animals", "Crude materials, inedible, except fuels", "Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials", "Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes", "Chemical materials and related products, n.e.s", "Manufactured goods classified chiefly by materials", "Machinery and transport equipment" and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles".

The two SITC sections not covered are "Beverages and tobacco" and "Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere". Goods in these sections represent one per cent of all imports in 2002. They are not included because of the heterogeneity of the products and the inherent difficulties in pricing the items to a constant quality.

Thus, the index, either directly or indirectly, covers about 99\% of merchandise imported during 2002. Sixty one per cent of the items are directly represented; of those items which are not directly represented, the prices are considered to move similarly to those represented directly.

## 3. Changes in Import Price Index - $\mathbf{2 d}^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2004

### 3.1 Overall Index

The Import Price Index (IPI) for the second quarter of 2004 stood at 110.2, representing a rise of $9.2 \%$ over the figure of 100.9 registered in the previous quarter. This change was mainly the effect of a $15.3 \%$ increase in the prices of food and live animals and $15.0 \%$ jump in the import prices of petroleum and petroleum products (Table 1).

Compared to the corresponding period of 2003, this index showed an increase of $13.5 \%$, resulting mostly from a $34.9 \%$ rise in prices of petroleum and petroleum products and a $20.7 \%$ increase in prices of food and live animals.

### 3.2 Sub-indices by SITC section and division

## Section 0: Food and live animals

The index for the section "Food and live animals", representing about $16 \%$ of total weight, rose by $15.3 \%$ from 100.1 in the first quarter of 2004 to 115.4 in the second quarter. This increase was mainly the consequence of a $32.6 \%$ increase in the import prices of "Fish, crustaceans, etc." and another of $14.5 \%$ in the prices of "Cereals and cereal preparations".

Compared to the second quarter of 2003, the index went up by $20.7 \%$, mainly attributable to increases of $58.9 \%$ in prices of "Fish, crustaceans, etc." and $19.9 \%$ in those of vegetables and fruits.

## Section 2: Crude materials, inedible, except fuels

The index for "Crude materials, inedible, except fuels" (about 2\% of total weight) went up from 107.8 in the first quarter of 2004 to 112.1 in the second quarter $(+4.0 \%)$ as a result of an $8.8 \%$ increase in import prices of "Cork and wood". Compared to the corresponding period of last year, the index shows an increase of $20.7 \%$, being the combined effect of price increases of $23.6 \%$ in textile fibres and $17.8 \%$ in "Cork and wood".

Section 3: Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials
The index for the section "Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials", with nearly $18 \%$ of the total weight, stood at 122.4 , that is $15.0 \%$ higher than the previous quarter. The main contributor to this change was a $14.3 \%$ increase in import prices of petroleum and petroleum products, which account for $87 \%$ of the weight for this section.

When compared to the second quarter of 2003, the index shows an increase of $34.9 \%$, resulting mainly from a $37.6 \%$ rise in prices of petroleum and petroleum products.

Section 4: Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes
The section "Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes" covers only about one per cent of the total weight. Its index increased by $11.0 \%$ over the previous quarter to reach 113.5 . Compared to the corresponding quarter of 2003, it shows a rise of $19.3 \%$.

Section 5: Chemical materials and related products, not elsewhere specified (n.e.s)
The index "Chemical materials and related products, n.e.s" (about 5\% of total weight) stood at 101.8 in the second quarter of 2004, showing an increase of $3.7 \%$ over the previous quarter. During this quarter all divisions under this section registered increases in their import prices: "Medical and pharmaceutical products" (+5.1\%), "Essential oils, perfume materials, etc." (+3.4\%) and " Chemical materials and products, n.e.s" (+0.9\%).

The index increased by $2.6 \%$ when compared to the corresponding period of last year.

## Section 6: Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material

This is the most important section, carrying about $38 \%$ of the total weight. The index increased by $7.0 \%$ from the first quarter of 2004 to reach 107.9. Import prices of "Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up-articles n.e.s", accounting for $69 \%$ of this section, went up by $5.9 \%$.

The index shows an $8.5 \%$ increase when compared to the second quarter of 2003, resulting mainly from increases of $6.5 \%$ in the prices of "Textile yarn, fabrics, made-uparticles n.e.s" and $17.3 \%$ in "Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s".

Section 7: Machinery and transport equipment
The index for "Machinery and transport equipment" was 100.3 in the second quarter of 2004, showing a $4.2 \%$ increase over the previous quarter. This increase was attributable to price increases in all divisions, namely "Office machines and automatic data processing machines" (+10.7\%), "Road vehicles" (+3.5\%), "General industrial machinery \& equipment, n.e.s" (+2.9\%).

Compared to the corresponding quarter of last year, the index declined by $0.3 \%$ mainly as the combined effect of a $9.5 \%$ fall in prices of "Office machines and automatic data processing machines", a $4.8 \%$ decrease in "Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus", and a $4.9 \%$ increase in prices of road vehicles.

## Section 8: Miscellaneous manufactured articles

The index for "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" went up by $5.0 \%$ from the first quarter of 2004 to reach 101.7 in the second quarter of 2004. This was the result of a 4.7\% increase in the import prices of "Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus" and another of 5.1\% in "Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.s".

The index shows a $3.0 \%$ increase over the second quarter of 2004, mainly attributable to a $5.9 \%$ increase in the prices of "Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.s", coupled with a drop of $8.0 \%$ in the prices of "Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus".

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Table 1: Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section, 2003-2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section | Description | Weight | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & 2003 \end{aligned}$ | 2003 |  |  |  | $2004{ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr | 3rd Qr | 4th Qr | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr |
|  | Overall Index | 10,000 | 100.0 | 100.6 | 97.1 | 101.4 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 110.2 |
| 0 | Food and live animals | 1,621 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 95.6 | 102.8 | 102.2 | 100.1 | 115.4 |
| 2 | Crude materials, inedible, except fuels | 221 | 100.0 | 91.6 | 92.8 | 101.7 | 113.8 | 107.8 | 112.1 |
| 3 | Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials | 1,789 | 100.0 | 113.0 | 90.7 | 99.9 | 96.4 | 106.5 | 122.4 |
| 4 | Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes | 113 | 100.0 | 104.7 | 95.1 | 106.4 | 93.8 | 102.3 | 113.5 |
| 5 | Chemical materials \& related products, n.e.s | 467 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 99.2 | 101.7 | 101.4 | 98.2 | 101.8 |
| 6 | Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 3,776 | 100.0 | 97.9 | 99.4 | 101.3 | 101.3 | 100.8 | 107.9 |
| 7 | Machinery and transport equipment | 1,134 | 100.0 | 97.6 | 100.6 | 102.0 | 99.9 | 96.3 | 100.3 |
| 8 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles | 879 | 100.0 | 96.4 | 98.7 | 100.2 | 104.7 | 96.8 | 101.7 |

[^0]| Section/ Division | Description | Weight | Average 2003 | 2003 |  |  |  | $2004{ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr | 3rd Qr | 4th Qr | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr |
|  | Overall Index | 10,000 | 100.0 | 100.6 | 97.1 | 101.4 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 110.2 |
| Section 0 | Food and live animals | 1,621 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 95.6 | 102.8 | 102.2 | 100.1 | 115.4 |
| Div 01 | Meat and meat preparations | 101 | 100.0 | 92.4 | 97.5 | 101.1 | 109.1 | 110.4 | 114.3 |
| Div 02 | Dairy products and birds' eggs | 266 | 100.0 | 92.9 | 97.8 | 104.2 | 105.1 | 98.4 | 105.0 |
| Div 03 | Fish, crustaceans, etc, and preparations thereof | 388 | 100.0 | 106.5 | 85.2 | 107.4 | 100.9 | 102.1 | 135.4 |
| Div 04 | Cereals and cereal preparations of which: | 472 | 100.0 | 101.5 | 99.5 | 99.9 | 99.1 | 93.6 | 107.2 |
|  | Wheat (including spelt) \& meslin, unmilled | 196 | 100.0 | 108.5 | 100.3 | 96.1 | 95.1 | 86.0 | 88.7 |
| Div 05 | Vegetables and fruit | 227 | 100.0 | 96.9 | 98.3 | 100.4 | 104.4 | 107.6 | 117.9 |
| Div 09 | Miscellaneous edible products and preparations | 167 | 100.0 | 94.9 | 100.7 | 102.4 | 102.0 | 100.4 | 106.3 |
| Section 2 | Crude materials, inedible, except fuels | 221 | 100.0 | 91.6 | 92.8 | 101.7 | 113.8 | 107.8 | 112.1 |
| Div 24 | Cork and wood | 102 | 100.0 | 95.1 | 97.7 | 100.5 | 106.7 | 105.8 | 115.1 |
| Div 26 | Textile fibres and their wastes (not manufactured into yarn or fabric) | 119 | 100.0 | 88.6 | 88.6 | 102.8 | 120.1 | 109.5 | 109.5 |
| Section 3 | Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials | 1,789 | 100.0 | 113.0 | 90.7 | 99.9 | 96.4 | 106.5 | 122.4 |
| Div 32 | Coal, coke and briquettes | 94 | 100.0 | 91.2 | 93.0 | 98.6 | 117.2 | 118.8 | 160.6 |
| Div 33 | Petroleum, petroleum products and related materials | 1,554 | 100.0 | 114.9 | 89.1 | 100.2 | 95.7 | 107.4 | 122.7 |
| Div 34 | Gas, natural and manufactured | 141 | 100.0 | 106.8 | 106.2 | 96.8 | 90.2 | 88.3 | 93.6 |
| Section 4 | Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes | 113 | 100.0 | 104.7 | 95.1 | 106.4 | 93.8 | 102.3 | 113.5 |
| Div 42 | Fixed vegetable fats and oils, crude, refined or fractionated | 113 | 100.0 | 104.7 | 95.1 | 106.4 | 93.8 | 102.3 | 113.5 |

[^1]Table 2 (cont'd): Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, 2003-2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section/ Division | Description | Weight | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | 2003 |  |  |  | $2004{ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr | 3rd Qr | 4th Qr | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr |
| Section 5 | Chemical materials \& related products, n.e.s | 467 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 99.2 | 101.7 | 101.4 | 98.2 | 101.8 |
| Div 54 | Medical and pharmaceutical products | 252 | 100.0 | 99.7 | 97.8 | 102.0 | 100.5 | 97.5 | 102.5 |
| Div 55 | Essential oils and resinoids \& perfume materials; toilet, etc. | 103 | 100.0 | 94.8 | 101.3 | 101.0 | 102.9 | 101.3 | 104.7 |
| Div 59 | Chemical materials \& products, n.e.s | 112 | 100.0 | 95.8 | 100.4 | 101.7 | 102.1 | 96.9 | 97.8 |
| Section 6 | Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 3,776 | 100.0 | 97.9 | 99.4 | 101.3 | 101.3 | 100.8 | 107.9 |
| Div 64 | Paper, paperboard and articles of paper pulp of which: | 305 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 99.3 | 102.4 | 100.6 | 97.3 | 94.2 |
|  | Paper and paperboard | 226 | 100.0 | 99.8 | 100.6 | 101.4 | 98.1 | 94.6 | 103.6 |
| Div 65 | Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s of which: | 2,590 | 100.0 | 98.2 | 99.2 | 100.8 | 101.8 | 99.8 | 105.7 |
|  | Textile yarn | 1,141 | 100.0 | 97.4 | 96.3 | 100.9 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 110.0 |
|  | Cotton fabrics, woven (not including narrow or special fabrics) | 755 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.3 | 100.9 | 98.8 | 93.2 | 102.3 |
|  | Fabrics, woven, of man-made textile materials | 235 | 100.0 | 97.2 | 106.3 | 97.5 | 99.0 | 96.1 | 98.1 |
|  | Knitted/crocheted fabric including tubular knit, fabrics, n.e.s | 217 | 100.0 | 98.5 | 100.5 | 103.9 | 97.1 | 100.0 | 111.5 |
| Div 66 | Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s. of which: | 652 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 100.0 | 102.5 | 99.1 | 106.1 | 117.3 |
|  | Lime, cement \& fab. const. materials (except glass \& clay mats.) | 236 | 100.0 | 98.8 | 98.8 | 102.3 | 100.1 | 116.6 | 136.2 |
|  | Pearls, precious and semi-precious stones, unworked or worked | 292 | 100.0 | 98.5 | 100.5 | 103.7 | 97.3 | 99.7 | 107.6 |
| Div 67 | Iron and steel | 76 | 100.0 | 94.2 | 100.2 | 103.2 | 102.3 | 94.7 | 152.7 |
| Div 69 | Manufactures of metals, n.e.s. | 153 | 100.0 | 92.2 | 100.3 | 102.7 | 104.8 | 104.6 | 109.4 |

[^2]Table 2 (cont'd): Quarterly Import Price Index by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, 2003-2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section/ Division | Description | Weight | Average | 2003 |  |  |  | $2004{ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr | 3rd Qr | 4th Qr | 1st Qr | 2nd Qr |
| Section 7 | Machinery and transport equipment | 1,134 | 100.0 | 97.6 | 100.6 | 102.0 | 99.9 | 96.3 | 100.3 |
| Div 74 | General industrial machinery \& equipment, n.e.s. | 157 | 100.0 | 98.0 | 98.8 | 104.5 | 98.7 | 95.5 | 98.3 |
| Div 75 | Office machines and automatic data processing machines | 194 | 100.0 | 97.1 | 105.5 | 104.2 | 93.1 | 86.3 | 95.5 |
| Div 76 | Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus | 216 | 100.0 | 98.5 | 99.1 | 101.0 | 101.4 | 92.8 | 94.3 |
| Div 78 | Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles) of which: | 567 | 100.0 | 97.2 | 99.9 | 100.9 | 102.0 | 101.2 | 104.8 |
|  | Motor cars \& other motor vehicles for the transport of persons | 378 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 100.1 | 101.5 | 100.7 | 102.1 | 104.4 |
| Section 8 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles | 879 | 100.0 | 96.4 | 98.7 | 100.2 | 104.7 | 96.8 | 101.7 |
| Div 87 | Professional, scientific and controlling inst. and app. | 179 | 100.0 | 85.7 | 103.4 | 99.2 | 111.6 | 90.9 | 95.2 |
| Div 89 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.s. of which: | 700 | 100.0 | 99.1 | 97.5 | 100.5 | 102.9 | 98.3 | 103.3 |
|  | Articles, n.e.s. of plastics | 195 | 100.0 | 95.3 | 96.9 | 102.0 | 105.8 | 100.7 | 112.3 |
|  | Jewellery, goldsmiths' \& silversmiths' wares of prec/semi-prec.n.e.s. | 233 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 98.0 | 101.2 | 100.9 | 96.1 | 100.1 |

${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
${ }^{2}$ Provisional

Table 3: Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section, $1^{\text {st }}$ quarter 2003-2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section | Description | Weight | Percentage change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2^{\text {nd }} \begin{array}{c} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \end{array} \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 4^{\text {th }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|cc} \hline 4^{\text {th }} & \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } & 1^{\text {st }} \\ \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} \mathrm{O} \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Overall Index | 10,000 | -3.5 | 4.4 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 0.3 | 13.5 |
| 0 | Food and live animals | 1,621 | -3.8 | 7.5 | -0.6 | -2.0 | 15.3 | 0.7 | 20.7 |
| 2 | Crude materials, inedible, except fuels | 221 | 1.3 | 9.5 | 11.9 | -5.3 | 4.0 | 17.6 | 20.7 |
| 3 | Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials | 1,789 | -19.7 | 10.1 | -3.5 | 10.4 | 15.0 | -5.8 | 34.9 |
| 4 | Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes | 113 | -9.1 | 11.8 | -11.8 | 9.0 | 11.0 | -2.3 | 19.3 |
| 5 | Chemical materials \& related products, n.e.s | 467 | 1.6 | 2.5 | -0.3 | -3.2 | 3.7 | 0.5 | 2.6 |
| 6 | Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 3,776 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 0.0 | -0.5 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 8.5 |
| 7 | Machinery and transport equipment | 1,134 | 3.1 | 1.4 | -2.1 | -3.6 | 4.2 | -1.4 | -0.3 |
| 8 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles | 879 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 4.5 | -7.5 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 3.0 |

[^3]Table 4: Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, $1^{\text {st }}$ quarter 2003-2 $\mathbf{2 d}^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section/ Division | Description | Weight | Percentage change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4^{\text {th }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{Qr} \mathrm{O4} \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} \mathrm{O4} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Overall Index | 10,000 | -3.5 | 4.4 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 0.3 | 13.5 |
| Section 0 | Food and live animals | 1,621 | -3.8 | 7.5 | -0.6 | -2.0 | 15.3 | 0.7 | 20.7 |
| Div 01 | Meat and meat preparations | 101 | 5.6 | 3.7 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 19.6 | 17.2 |
| Div 02 | Dairy products and birds' eggs | 266 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 0.9 | -6.4 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 7.4 |
| Div 03 | Fish, crustaceans, etc, and preparations thereof | 388 | -20.0 | 26.0 | -6.0 | 1.2 | 32.6 | -4.1 | 58.9 |
| Div 04 | Cereals and cereal preparations of which: | 472 | -2.0 | 0.5 | -0.8 | -5.6 | 14.5 | -7.8 | 7.8 |
|  | Wheat (including spelt) \& meslin, unmilled | 196 | -7.5 | -4.3 | -1.0 | -9.6 | 3.1 | -20.7 | -11.6 |
| Div 05 | Vegetables and fruit | 227 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 9.6 | 11.0 | 19.9 |
| Div 09 | Miscellaneous edible products and preparations | 167 | 6.2 | 1.7 | -0.5 | -1.5 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| Section 2 | Crude materials, inedible, except fuels | 221 | 1.3 | 9.5 | 11.9 | -5.3 | 4.0 | 17.6 | 20.7 |
| Div 24 | Cork and wood | 102 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 6.3 | -0.9 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 17.8 |
| Div 26 | Textile fibres and their wastes (not manufactured into yarn or fabric) | 119 | 0.0 | 16.1 | 16.8 | -8.9 | 0.0 | 23.6 | 23.6 |
| Section 3 | Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials | 1,789 | -19.7 | 10.1 | -3.5 | 10.4 | 15.0 | -5.8 | 34.9 |
| Div 32 | Coal, coke and briquettes | 94 | 1.9 | 6.1 | 18.9 | 1.3 | 35.2 | 30.3 | 72.8 |
| Div 33 | Petroleum, petroleum products and related materials | 1,554 | -22.4 | 12.4 | -4.5 | 12.2 | 14.3 | -6.5 | 37.6 |
| Div 34 | Gas, natural and manufactured | 141 | -0.5 | -8.9 | -6.8 | -2.1 | 6.0 | -17.3 | -11.9 |
| Section 4 | Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes | 113 | -9.1 | 11.8 | -11.8 | 9.0 | 11.0 | -2.3 | 19.3 |
| Div 42 | Fixed vegetable fats and oils, crude, refined or fractionated | 113 | -9.1 | 11.8 | -11.8 | 9.0 | 11.0 | -2.3 | 19.3 |

[^4]Table 4(cont'd): Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, $1^{\text {st }}$ quarter 2003-2 $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section/ Group | Description | Weight | Percentage change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 4^{\text {th }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4^{\text {th }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2^{2^{\text {d }} \text { Qr } 03} \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Section 5 | Chemical materials \& related products, n.e.s | 467 | 1.6 | 2.5 | -0.3 | -3.2 | 3.7 | 0.5 | 2.6 |
| Div 54 | Medical and pharmaceutical products | 252 | -1.9 | 4.3 | -1.5 | -3.0 | 5.1 | -2.2 | 4.8 |
| Div 55 | Essential oils and resinoids \& perfume materials; toilet, etc, | 103 | 6.9 | -0.3 | 1.8 | -1.5 | 3.4 | 6.9 | 3.3 |
| Div 59 | Chemical materials \& products, n.e.s | 112 | 4.9 | 1.2 | 0.4 | -5.1 | 0.9 | 1.2 | -2.6 |
| Section 6 | Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 3,776 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 0.0 | -0.5 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 8.5 |
| Div 64 | Paper, paperboard and articles of paper pulp of which: | 305 | 1.7 | 3.1 | -1.7 | -3.4 | -3.1 | -0.4 | -5.2 |
|  | Paper and paperboard | 226 | 0.8 | 0.8 | -3.3 | -3.6 | 9.5 | -5.2 | 3.0 |
| Div 65 | Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles nes of which: | 2,590 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 | -1.9 | 5.9 | 1.6 | 6.5 |
|  | Textile yarn | 1,141 | -1.1 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 14.2 |
|  | Cotton fabrics, woven (not including narrow or special fabrics) | 755 | 0.3 | 0.6 | -2.1 | -5.6 | 9.7 | -6.8 | 2.0 |
|  | Fabrics, woven, of man-made textile materials | 235 | 9.4 | -8.3 | 1.6 | -2.9 | 2.1 | -1.1 | -7.7 |
|  | Knitted/crocheted fabric including tubular knit, fabrics nes | 217 | 2.1 | 3.3 | -6.6 | 3.0 | 11.5 | 1.5 | 10.9 |
| Div 66 | Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s. of which: | 652 | 1.6 | 2.5 | -3.3 | 7.1 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 17.3 |
|  | Lime, cement \& fab. const. materials (except glass \& clay mats.) | 236 | 0.0 | 3.6 | -2.1 | 16.4 | 16.8 | 18.0 | 37.9 |
|  | Pearls, precious and semi-precious stones, unworked or worked | 292 | 2.0 | 3.3 | -6.2 | 2.5 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 7.1 |
| Div 67 | Iron and steel | 76 | 6.4 | 3.0 | -0.8 | -7.5 | 61.2 | 0.5 | 52.4 |
| Div 69 | Manufactures of metals, n.e.s. | 153 | 8.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | -0.2 | 4.6 | 13.5 | 9.1 |

${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev 3)
Note : Figures for the second quarter of 2004 are provisional

Table 4(cont'd): Percentage change by SITC ${ }^{1}$ section \& division, $1^{\text {st }}$ quarter 2003-2 $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2004
Reference year 2003=100

| Section/ Division | Description | Weight | Percentage change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 03 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|cc\|} \hline 2^{\text {nd }} & \text { Or } \\ \text { to } & \\ \text { to } & 3^{\text {rd }} \\ \hline & \mathrm{Qr} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4^{\text {th }} \text { Qr } 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1^{\text {st }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Qr } 04 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{Qr} \mathrm{O} \\ \text { to } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} 03 \\ \text { to } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{Qr} 04 \end{gathered}$ |
| Section 7 | Machinery and transport equipment | 1,134 | 3.1 | 1.4 | -2.1 | -3.6 | 4.2 | -1.4 | -0.3 |
| Div 74 | General industrial machinery \& equipment, n.e.s. | 157 | 0.8 | 5.8 | -5.5 | -3.3 | 2.9 | -2.6 | -0.5 |
| Div 75 | Office machines and automatic data processing machines | 194 | 8.6 | -1.2 | -10.7 | -7.4 | 10.7 | -11.2 | -9.5 |
| Div 76 | Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus | 216 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 0.4 | -8.5 | 1.6 | -5.8 | -4.8 |
| Div 78 | Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles) of which: | 567 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | -0.7 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 |
|  | Motor cars \& other motor vehicles for the transport of persons | 378 | 2.4 | 1.4 | -0.8 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| Section 8 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles | 879 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 4.5 | -7.5 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 3.0 |
| Div 87 | Professional, scientific and controlling inst. and app. | 179 | 20.7 | -4.1 | 12.6 | -18.6 | 4.7 | 6.1 | -8.0 |
| Div 89 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.s. of which: | 700 | -1.6 | 3.1 | 2.4 | -4.5 | 5.1 | -0.8 | 5.9 |
|  | Articles, n.e.s. of plastics | 195 | 1.7 | 5.3 | 3.6 | -4.8 | 11.5 | 5.7 | 15.9 |
|  | Jewellery, goldsmiths' \& silversmiths' wares of precious/semiprecious, n.e.s. | 233 | -1.9 | 3.4 | -0.3 | -4.8 | 4.2 | -3.8 | 2.2 |

${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
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ANNEX

## Technical Note

## Import Price Index (IPI)

## Methodology for the construction of the IPI

## 1. Definition

The Import Price Index (IPI) provides an overall measure of pure price changes (in Mauritian Rupees) of goods imported into the country.

Unlike Unit Value Import Index which is affected by product mix and country of imports, the IPI is based on actual price measurements of a fixed basket of imported goods. It requires elaborate specifications of products and takes into account all the main price determining factors such as country of origin and quality.

## 2. Scope and Classification

The commodities are classified according to the United Nations Standard International Trade Classification (SITC Rev 3). Under this nomenclature, commodities are classified under 3,118 basic headings arranged into 261 groups. These groups are, in turn, assembled into 67 divisions designed to summarise the groups according to their broader characteristics. The divisions are finally consolidated into 10 sections.

Sub-indices are produced for each SITC section and for more detailed groups where possible.

The Import Price Index covers eight out of the 10 SITC sections, namely "Food and live animals", "Crude materials, inedible, except fuels", "Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials", "Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes", "Chemical materials and related products, n.e.s", "Manufactured goods classified chiefly by materials", "Machinery and transport equipment" and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles".

The two SITC sections not covered are "Beverages and tobacco" and "Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere". Goods in these sections represent a low one per cent of all imports in 2002. They are not included because of the heterogeneity of the products and the inherent difficulties in pricing the items to a constant quality.

Thus, the index, either directly or indirectly, covers about $99 \%$ of the value of merchandise imported during 2002. Items directly represented constitute $61 \%$ of the total value of imports, and for those items which are not directly represented, their prices are considered to move similarly to those represented directly.

## 3. Weighting scheme

The weights were derived from total imports in 2002. Weights assigned to each section and group are based on their import values in that year. Each product or group of products selected for pricing purposes represents all products that fall within that weight group.

## 4. Reference Period

The base price for the calculation of the indices refers to calendar year 2003 to be in line with the reference period used for the Export Price Index. The firms have supplied prices of selected commodities for each quarter in 2003. The yearly average price of each product has been used as base price for that product.

## 5. Selection of items and firms

The commodities forming the basket were selected according to the following criteria:
(i) As far as possible, an item is included if it is imported regularly and frequently
(ii) The items selected had to be, to a large extent, representative of the bulk of the trader's import
(iii) There must be a sustained demand of the commodity variety
(iv) Items had to be specific and detailed enough for pricing.

Similarly, an importer for a particular product is selected provided that he imports that product on a regular basis.

At the end of the selection process, 171 importers and 142 commodities were selected for subsequent price collection.

## 6. Price collection

There are two common practices for the collection of prices of items falling in the basket. Prices for the specified goods are collected each month from importers and average quarterly prices are then derived for compiling the index, or, in case where most imports occur at intervals longer than a month, prices are collected only once every quarter and refer to the last consignment. A preliminary survey of the importers has shown that, in the case of Mauritius, the second practice is more suitable.

Prices are reported on a cost, insurance and freight (c.i.f) basis and are expressed in Mauritian Rupees. Exchange rates from the Customs and Excise Department are used in case prices are reported in foreign currencies.

Though the frequency of imports has been taken into consideration in selecting items and importers, it may happen that some items in the basket have not been imported during a certain period. In such cases, the prices are estimated using the variations in the exchange rate of the currency of imports. The underlying assumption is that the only factor affecting the price is the value of the Mauritian Rupee relative to the transaction currency.

## 7. Uses of the Import Price Index

The Import Price Index is an important economic indicator which is used, inter alia, to:

- measure changes in prices of imports
- analyse the effect of import price changes on the various sectors of the economy
- calculate changes in the volume of imports
- calculate the terms of trade (that is the ratio of export prices to import prices)
- analyse the effect of exchange rates on import prices.


## 8. Calculation of the IPI

The compilation of the Import Price Index involves first the derivation of weighted averages through the four levels of the SITC, namely item, group, division and section as follows:
(a) Commodity item level

The price relative of each item forms the most basic level for the compilation of higher aggregate indices:

Price index at commodity level: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{it}}=\frac{\sum \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{it}}}{\sum \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{io}}} \times 100$
where $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{it}}$ is the price relative of the $\mathrm{i}^{\text {th }}$ commodity in period t relative to the base period
$\sum \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{it}} \quad$ is the sum of the prices of all commodity varieties imported in period t
$\sum \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}} \quad$ is the sum of the prices of all commodity varieties imported in the base period
(b) Group level

The group index is derived as a weighted average of the commodity indices:

Price index at group level: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{j})}=\frac{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{i} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{it}}}}{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{i}}}$
where $\quad I_{G(j)}$ is the index for group $j$
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{i}}$ is the weight of commodity i

## (c) Division level

Similarly a weighted average of the group indices yields the index at division level:
Price Index at division level: $\quad \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{k})}=\frac{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{j})}}{\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}}}$
where $\quad I_{D(k)}$ is the index for division $k$ $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}}$ is the weight of group j
(d) Section level

The index at the division level is then derived as a weighted average of the indices of the divisions falling within that section.

Price index at section level: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}(\mathrm{l})}=\frac{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{k}} \mathrm{ID}_{(\mathrm{k})}}{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{k}}}$
where $\quad I_{s(l)}$ is the index for section $k$
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{k}}$ is the weight of group k

## (e) Overall index

Finally, the overall Import Price Index is computed as a weighted average of the indices of the sections.

Overall Import Price index: $\quad \mathrm{I}_{(\mathrm{m})}=\frac{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}(\mathrm{l})}}{\sum \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{m}}}$
where $I_{o(m)}$ is the overall Price Index
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{m}}$ is the weight of section m


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
    ${ }^{2}$ Provisional

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
    ${ }^{2}$ Provisional

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
    ${ }^{2}$ Provisional

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
    Note : Figures for the second quarter of 2004 are provisional

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ The standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC Rev. 3)
    Note : Figures for the second quarter of 2004 are provisional

