Vol. 26

REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS

CENTRAL STATISTICS OFFICE

Ministry of Finance and Economic Empowerment

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF MAURITIUS

2008

June 2009 (Price Rs. 200)

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF MAURITIUS

2008

National Accounts of Mauritius - 2008

Foreword

National Accounts of Mauritius – 2008 is the twenty-sixth issue of an annual report on National Accounts published by the Central Statistics Office. This publication presents detailed data available as at March 2009 on the performance of the economy for the years 2005 to 2008. The report also includes estimates of Quarterly National Accounts for the period 2005 to 2008.

Estimates on national accounts in this report have been worked out using as base the results of the 2002 Census of Economic Activities.

Chapter 1 gives a description of the main concepts and definitions used.

The methodology and main data sources used, as well as the statistical tables and analysis for Annual National Accounts are given in Chapter 2. A table on Balance of Payments is included in this chapter.

Chapter 3 presents Annual National Accounts Aggregates for the years 1990 to 2004.

Quarterly National Accounts including the methodology and main data sources used are given in Chapter 4.

Foreign trade statistics are presented in Chapter 5 while Chapter 6 covers production data and selected indicators.

The Institutional Sector Accounts for the years 2002 to 2005 are presented in Chapter 7. A Supply and Use Table and an Input/Output Table for the year 2002, based on data from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities, have been compiled and are given in Chapter 8 and Chapter 9 respectively.

The preparation of this report has necessitated the mobilisation of considerable resources and the cooperation of numerous organisations, both public and private. Their assistance is gratefully acknowledged.

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REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS

June 2009

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CHAPTER 1
CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

CHAPTER 1 - CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

1. General

National accounting represents a system of accounts, which describes the functioning of the national economy in such areas as production, distribution, consumption and accumulation. It has been developed to facilitate the practical application of economic theory. National accounting therefore furnishes a unified system for studying the economic condition of a country and its changes over time.

1.1 The System of National Accounts (SNA)

A System of National Accounts (SNA) consists of a coherent, consistent and integrated set of macro-economic accounts based on internationally agreed concepts, definitions, classifications and accounting rules. The United Nations Statistical Office in 1953 produced the first publication "A System of National Accounts (SNA)", which was revised in 1968. Since then, the SNA has undergone an extensive revision in the light of country experiences during the twenty-five years. The new version, the 1993 SNA was published in 1993 and countries have been advised to implement the new system as soon as possible. Whilst the basic structure has remained more or less the same, certain changes have been brought in, to take account of new developments and concerns.

1.1.1 Implementation of the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993 SNA)

Mauritius started the compilation of national accounts based on the 1993 SNA in 2001. As from April 2001, the national accounts data are produced according to the new concepts and definitions. Historical series as from the year 1990 have been reworked according to the 1993 SNA and are given in Chapter 3.

In addition to the change in the system of accounting, the office has also adopted the latest revision of industrial classification, that is, the International Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities ISIC, Revision 3 of 1990, for the classification of economic activities. As from April 2001, economic activities are classified according to NSIC which is an adapted version of ISIC Rev 3. National Standard Industrial Classification is an adapted version of ISIC. This change in classification will affect the value added of some industry groups but does not affect the overall Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Some of the main changes in terminology, valuation and classification that are relevant to Mauritius are given at paragraph 4.

1.2 National Accounts of Mauritius - historical background

The first estimates of national income and expenditure date back to the year 1948 when (GDP) stood at some R 300 million. The measures were then confined to 'Value Added' figures only and were published in the Year Book and later, in the Digest of Statistics.

Estimates for 1948 to 1975 were based on the 1953 System of National Accounts. In 1983, following the availability of more detailed data which were collected through an Annual Census of Production, a new series was produced for the years 1976 onwards, based on the 1968 SNA. In April 2001, the Central Statistics Office adopted the 1993 SNA, following the availability of updated and more detailed data from the 1997 Census of Economic Activities. Data series worked according to the 1993 SNA are available for the years 1990 onwards. In June 2005, the series have been revised based on the results of the 2002 Census of Economic Activities.

As from 2005, Quarterly National Accounts (QNA) estimates starting from the first quarter of 1999 are compiled and published by the Central Statistics Office. These quarterly figures provide information needed for monitoring short term economic development. The publication of quarterly data is also one of the requirements for the country to graduate to the Special Data Dissemination Standard (SDDS) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

The quarterly estimates are compiled according to guidelines provided in the IMF manual entitled "Quarterly National Accounts Manual – Concepts, Data Sources and Compilation", which is itself based on the 1993 SNA.

1.3 Main changes between 1968 SNA and 1993 SNA.

1.3.1 Terminology

- (i) <u>Taxes on production and imports</u> replaces 'Indirect taxes'. 1993 SNA argues that it is extremely difficult, if not impossible, to determine the real incidence of different kinds of taxes, and that the use of the terms 'direct' and 'indirect' taxes has fallen out of favour in economic theory. Taxes on production and imports comprise all taxes that enterprises incur by engaging in production.
- (ii) <u>Taxes on products</u> and <u>Other taxes on production</u> replaces 'Commodity taxes' and 'Other indirect taxes' respectively and are explained as follows:

Taxes on products are payable on good and services when they are produced, sold or used. Examples are excise duties, import duties and Value Added Taxes (VAT).

Other taxes on production are taxes payable out of the value added of producers. This category of taxes includes taxes levied on property, fixed assets and labour employed. Examples are municipal rates, motor vehicle licences and business licences.

- (iii) Change in inventories replaces 'Changes in stocks'.
- (iv) <u>Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured</u> (FISIM) replaces 'Imputed bank Service Charges'. The argument is that the service charges exist and that they are not really imputed, but it is not possible to measure them through direct observation.
- (v) <u>Primary incomes</u> replaces 'Factor incomes'. Primary incomes are payable out of the value added created by production. They include compensation of employees, property income (interest, dividends, etc.) and taxes on production and imports net of subsidies. The concept of 'factor incomes', comprising the first two categories of primary incomes, is no longer used in 1993 SNA.
- (vi) <u>Gross National Income</u> (GNI) replaces 'Gross National Product (GNP)'. The rationale behind the change is that this aggregate is a concept of income rather than a concept of production.

1.3.2 Changes in the valuation of output

Under the 1968 SNA, GDP was estimated at factor cost. It is that part of the cost of producing the GDP, which consists of gross payments to factors of production (labour, land and capital). This valuation had some limitations in the sense that value added at factor cost is essentially a measure of income and not of output. 1993 SNA changes the concept from factor cost to basic prices, which is a better measure of output. 1993 SNA recommends that output be valued at *basic prices*. The basic price is the amount receivable by the producer exclusive of any taxes on products and inclusive of any subsidies on products.

Definitions of the different type of prices and the inter relationship between them:

(i) Basic price

The basic price is the amount receivable by the producer exclusive of taxes payable on products and inclusive of subsidies receivable on products. The equivalent for imported products is the c.i.f (cost, insurance and freight) value, that is, the value at the border of the importing country.

(ii) Purchaser's price

The purchaser's price is the amount payable by the purchaser. This includes trade margins realised by wholesalers and retailers (by definition, their output) as well as transport margins (that is, any transport charges paid separately by the purchaser) and non-deductible VAT.

1.3.3 Changes in the methods of estimation

(i) Annual growth rates

The growth rate of GDP worked out so far was calculated using a Fixed Base Laspeyres Index (fixed weight). It was observed that this index could not adapt to change in the structure of the economy. One of the recommendations of 1993 SNA is to use a <u>Chain Index</u>, which is equivalent to using the previous year's structure for calculation of growth rates.

(ii) Output of the General Government

Output of General Government is estimated as the sum of production costs, which include mainly salaries paid to staff. Another important cost is the consumption of fixed capital, which was previously not included because of lack of data. For this new series, consumption of fixed capital has been estimated and is included in the value added of General Government.

(iii) Output of the Central Bank

Under 1968 SNA, the output of the Central Bank was calculated by the income approach, which included salaries and profit of the bank. However, it was observed that the profit declared or transferred varied considerably from year to year and growth rate of the banking sector fluctuated a lot and did not show clearly the growth of that sector. It has therefore been recommended that the output of the Central Bank be measured as the sum of production costs, which include salaries paid to staff and consumption of fixed capital, in line with the recommendations of the Inter-Secretariat Working Group on National Accounts (ISWGNA).

1.4 Changes in classification by industry group

The most important change brought in by adopting NSIC Rev. 3, is the classification of activities pertaining to the General Government sector to their respective activity groups. When NSIC Rev. 2 was adopted, most of the activities of the General Government sector were classified under the heading 'Producer's of government services', although no such class existed in the International Standard Industrial Classification. This procedure was adopted by many countries, including Mauritius, because of data constraints.

The new NSIC Rev. 3 has been developed to enable the collection of data on sectors (e.g education, health etc.) which, according to analysts and policy makers, are becoming more and more important. Thus establishments previously grouped under 'Producers of government services', are now reclassified in the relevant industry groups according to their activities. As an example, in the new classification, government institutions involved in education activities are grouped under the heading 'Education'.

The main changes by industry group are given below:

- (i) <u>Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing</u>: Include part of expenditure of the Ministry of Agriculture, previously classified under "Producers of Government Services".
- (ii) Mining and quarrying: No change.
- (iii) <u>Manufacturing</u>: Electricity produced by sugar factories as by-products are still included in sugar milling, while electricity produced by the Independent Power Producers (IPPs) of the sugar industry is excluded and shown under "Electricity, gas and water".
- (iv) <u>Electricity, gas and water supply</u>: Include electricity produced by the Independent Power Producers (IPPs)
- (v) <u>Construction</u>: Construction works carried out by the "Public works committee" of the Local Government is now transferred to "Public administration and defence; compulsory social security".

- (vi) Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods: Repair of motor vehicles, motor cycles and of personal and household goods previously under "Community, social and personal services" is now classified here.
- (vii) Hotels and Restaurants: Formerly included in "Wholesale, retail trade, restaurants and hotels".
- (viii) <u>Transport, storage and communications</u>: No change
- (ix) <u>Financial intermediation</u>: Activities of financial intermediaries and insurance companies, formerly classified under 'Financing, insurance, real estate and business activities' are now classified here.
- (x) Real estate, renting and business activities: These activities previously classified under 'Financing, insurance, real estate and business activities' are now classified here. This sector, also includes activities of the Central Information System Division, which was previously recorded in 'Public administration and defence; compulsory social security'.
- (xi) <u>Public administration and defence; compulsory social security</u>: This class includes a variety of government *administrative* activities, including administration of government providing social security programmes. These activities were formerly recorded under the heading 'Producers of government services'.
- (xii) <u>Education</u>: This category includes public as well as private education provided by institutions. Activities of private institutions were previously recorded under 'Community, social and personal services' and those of public institutions under 'Producers of government services'.
- (xiii) Health and social work: This activity group comprises health activities provided by both public and private institutions. Activities of private institutions providing health services were formerly recorded under 'Community, social and personal services' while those provided by public institutions, under 'Producers of government services'. This group also includes activities that are directed to provide a variety of social assistance, counseling and welfare.
- (xiv) Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons: This class includes other service activities which cannot be classified in the above categories. It includes activities of professional organisations, trade unions, religious and political organisations, as well as recreational, cultural and sporting activities and other services such as hairdressing, laundering and funeral activities. These activities were previously classified under "Community, social and personal services".
- (xv) <u>Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)</u>: FISIM replaces 'imputed bank service charges' and is measured in the same way as in the 1968 SNA, that is, the total property income receivable (e.g. interest) less their total interest payable, excluding the value of any property income from their own funds.

The 1993 SNA recommends that the consumption of these services be allocated among users. However, because of practical difficulties of allocating FISIM among the different users, FISIM is recorded as intermediate consumption of a nominal industry.

1.5 Data collection, compilation and publication

Benchmark data for the compilation of National Accounts statistics are collected through the Census of Economic Activities which is conducted at five year intervals. Annual data are collected through sample surveys of establishments. In addition, many organisations, both public and private, are regularly contacted for obtaining the latest available information on the key sectors of the economy. Data are collected under the authority of the Statistics Act 2000 which also lays great emphasis on the confidentiality aspect.

The presentation of the tables broadly follows the recommendations of the United Nations 1993 System of National Accounts (SNA). A brief description of the methodology used for the preparation of the Accounts is given in Chapter 2 of this report for Annual National Accounts (ANA) and in Chapter 4 for Quarterly National Accounts (QNA).

National Accounts data are disseminated via an annual report entitled "The National Accounts of Mauritius" and in "Economic and Social Indicators". All these publications are published by the Central

Statistics Office and are posted on the website of the office (http://statsmauritius.gov.mu).

Economic and Social Indicators on annual national accounts used to be published twice a year, in April and October. As from 2003, following requests for more frequent updates, they are published four times during the year namely in January, April, July and October. The issue published in April now provides a first forecast of National Accounts aggregates for the current year together with revised figures for earlier years. Subsequent issues in the course of the year provide for figures updated in the light of latest information available.

Economic and Social Indicators on quarterly national accounts are published about three months after the end of a quarter. To meet this target, estimates for the current quarter are based on selected indicators that capture quarterly movements. Administrative data that are available on a monthly or quarterly basis, the most important one being data from the Value Added Tax (VAT) system which have the advantage of being timely and of having a wide coverage are also extensively used. Some surveys requesting quarterly income and expenditure data have also been conducted among enterprises which are large contributors in specific sectors.

Estimates for a quarter are revised at subsequent quarters when new and more accurate information become available, to improve their accuracy. It is to be noted that quarterly estimates are sometimes subject to important revisions because of the limitations in the source data.

For consistency, the estimates for the four quarters of a given calendar year are benchmarked with the latest annual estimates which are more accurate as they are mostly compiled from income and expenditure data of enterprises obtained through surveys. In incorporating the more accurate annual information into the quarterly estimates, the accuracy of the quarterly data is enhanced while the quarterly pattern inherent in the QNA is preserved.

1.6 The Report

This report contains the latest available Annual National Accounts data relating to the years 2005 to 2008 and Quarterly National Accounts for the years 2005 to 2008. Explanatory notes on the concepts, definitions are given in Chapter 1. The various methods used for the computation of the estimates together with the statistical tables for Annual National Accounts and Quarterly National Accounts, are given in Chapter 2 and Chapter 4 respectively. The statistical tables are preceded by a brief analysis.

• Chapter 1 - Concepts and Definitions

Chapter 2 - Annual National Accounts, 2005 – 2008

Section 1 - Sources and methods

Section 2 - Statistical Analysis

Section 3 - Main Tables, 2005 - 2008

Chapter 3 - Annual National Accounts Aggregates, 1990 - 2004

Chapter 4 - Quarterly National Accounts, 2005 - 2008

Section 1 - Sources and methods

Section 2 - Statistical Analysis

Section 3 - Tables, 2005 - 2008

Chapter 5 - Foreign Trade statistics

Chapter 6 - Production data and selected indicators

Chapter 7 - Institutional Sector Accounts, 2002 - 2005

Chapter 8 - Supply and Use Table (SUT), 2002

• Chapter 9 - Input/Output Table, 2002

1.7 Supply and Use Table (SUT)

It has been possible, by making use of benchmark data available from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities and other sources, to construct a Supply and Use Table (SUT) for the year 2002. The SUT brings together the detailed goods and services accounts in the format of matrices with the product groups in the rows and the different categories and components of supply and use in the columns. In this matrix, commodity flow of goods and services are traced from different sources of supply to different categories of use. This table is an important analytical tool to study economic repercussions. Using 2002 data as benchmark and currently available data, SUT for 2002 to 2005 have been worked out and published on the website.

1.8 Input/Output Table (I/O)

The Input/Output (I/O) Table gives the picture of input composition and output distribution of each product. On the assumption of stable or linear technical correlation between input and output, the table serves as an effective analytical tool for the study of economic repercussion. For instance, it illustrates the ultimate effect (direct and indirect) of a unit increase in domestic demand for a certain good on product output or value added.

1.9 Problems and limitations of published data

The main problems of the office in obtaining relevant data can be grouped as follows:

(i) Response rate to enquiries

The response rate to our annual enquiries is one of the major problems encountered by the office. It appears that the fear that the Central Statistics Office discloses information to other authorities still prevails among some suppliers of data. Data are collected under the authority of the Statistics Act 2000 which guarantees the absolute confidentiality of all information. No information relating to costs of production, capital employed or profits of an individual enterprise can be revealed to any authority or person.

(ii) Non-uniformity of accounting years

All firms do not have uniform accounting years. Data referring to the last "twelve-months" period may in fact spread over two or three consecutive years. Only in some cases, have data been adjusted before incorporation in the National Accounts. The time reference of the accounts is the calendar year.

The varying accounting years are also major obstacles to the preparation of the Capital, Finance and Balance Sheet Accounts.

2. Definition of main aggregates

The concepts and definitions used in this publication are those stated in the United Nations System of National Accounts (SNA) Manual - A System of National Accounts 1993.

(i) Taxes on production and imports

Taxes on production and imports comprise all taxes that enterprises incur by engaging in production. There are two categories of taxes, namely taxes on products and other taxes on production.

<u>Taxes on products</u> are payable on goods and services when they are produced, sold or used. Examples are excise duties, import duties and Value Added Taxes (VAT).

<u>Other taxes on production</u> are taxes payable out of the value added of producers. This category of taxes includes taxes levied on property, fixed assets and labour employed. Examples are municipal rates, motor vehicle licenses and business licenses.

(ii) Gross output

Gross output of industries covers the value in the market of goods and services produced, including work in progress and products for own use. Valuation is usually at basic prices. The imputed rent of

owner-occupied dwellings is also included.

The basic price is the amount receivable by the producer exclusive of taxes on products and inclusive of subsidies on products. The equivalent of imported products is the c.i.f. value at the border of the importing country.

Gross output for "general government" and for "non-profit institutions serving households" are computed as the sum of the cost of intermediate consumption expenditure, compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital.

(iii) Intermediate consumption

"Intermediate consumption of industries" covers non-durable goods and services used up in production and includes repairs and maintenance of the capital stock and is valued at purchasers' prices.

The purchasers' price is the amount payable by the purchaser exclusive of deductible taxes on products (e.g deductible value added tax).

"Intermediate consumption of general government" is made up of acquisitions (purchases and transfers in kind) of new goods and services on current accounts.

(iv) Value added

The value added is equal to the gross output at basic prices less the value of intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices.

(v) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

The sum of value added of all domestic producers gives the Gross Domestic Product (GDP). It represents the aggregate money value of all goods and services produced within a country out of economic activity during a specified period usually a year, before provision for the consumption of fixed capital.

(vi) GDP at basic prices

GDP at basic prices is obtained as the difference between output and intermediate consumption whereby output is valued at basic prices and intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices.

(vii) GDP at market prices

GDP at market prices is equal to the GDP at basic prices plus taxes (net of subsidies) on products.

(viii) Gross National Income (GNI)

GDP plus net primary income from the rest of the world gives Gross National Income (GNI).

(ix) Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)

The sum of Gross National Income (GNI) and net transfers from the rest of the world gives Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI).

(x) Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF)

Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF) consists of the net additions to the assets of producers of tangible reproducible goods which have an expected lifetime of use of more than one year. These assets are buildings, plants, machinery and transport equipment. The additions are valued at purchasers' prices. Non-reproducible tangible assets such as land and mineral deposits are not included in gross capital formation. However, outlays on improvement of land and development of mining sites are considered as gross domestic fixed capital formation.

Durable goods purchased by households, with the exception of dwellings, are not classified as capital formation but are treated as consumption expenditure.

(xi) Change in inventories

Change in inventories includes the value of the physical change in inventories of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods held by producers.

(xii) Final Consumption expenditure

Consumption expenditure is made up of final consumption expenditure of households and of government.

Government final consumption expenditure is further disaggregated into collective and individual consumption expenditure. **Collective** expenditure consists of the services which government provides to the community as a whole, for example, security and defence whereas **individual** expenditure is made up of expenses incurred in providing services which are mostly beneficial to individuals, mainly in respect of health and education.

Actual Government final consumption expenditure refers to expenditure incurred for the provision of collective services.

Final consumption expenditure incurred by households comprises the value of goods and services purchased by households including the value of imputed rent of owner occupied dwellings. For a better measure of standard of living, actual private final consumption expenditure is used.

Actual private final consumption expenditure covers goods and services supplied to households, irrespective of whether these goods and services are actually paid by government or households themselves. Consequently, it consists of expenditure incurred by households and government on the provision of individual services.

(xiii) Gross National Saving

Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) less total final consumption expenditure gives Gross National Saving.

(xiv) Exports and Imports of goods and services

Both exports and imports are measured on an f.o.b. basis.

Exports and imports of goods are compiled according to the General Trade System, using the national boundary as the statistical frontier. All goods entering the country are recorded in imports and goods leaving the country, in exports. However, for the sake of continuity and consistency gross imports and exports through the customs and the free zone area are shown separately.

(xv) Compensation of employees

Compensation of employees comprises all payments of wages and salaries by producers to their employees. Payments in kind and contributions to social security and to private pension fund, casualty insurance and similar schemes are also included.

Wages and salaries in cash comprise all payments which employees receive in respect of their work, before deductions of employees' contributions to social security schemes. Payments such as refund of traveling of work, commissions, overtime, bonuses, and cost of living allowances are also included.

Payments in kind include goods and services provided to employees free of charge or at markedly reduced costs which are clearly of direct benefit to the employees as consumers.

(xvi) Gross operating surplus

Gross operating surplus is defined as the excess of value added over the cost of employees' compensation and other taxes on production and imports net of subsidies.

(xvii) Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)

FISIM is the difference between interest received and interest paid by banks excluding those received on own funds. As it is difficult to allocate FISIM to the intermediate consumption of different industries, the total value of FISIM is imputed to a nominal industry with a negative value added.

(xviii) Goods-producing industries

Goods-producing industries comprise "Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing", "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas and water supply" and, "Construction".

(xix) Service industries

Service industries include "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods", "Hotels and restaurants", "Transport, storage, communications", "Financial intermediation", "Real estate, renting and business services", "Public administration and defence; compulsory social security", "Education", "Health and social work", "Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons".

CHAPTER 2 ANNUAL NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

Section 1 - SOURCES AND METHODS

1. Production Account of Economic Activity Group

1.1 Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing

The agricultural sector contributed 4.8% to the Gross Domestic Product in 2007. The activities in this sector are presented in the following sub-groups:

Industrial crops (sugar cane, tea and tobacco)

Food crops, fruits and flowers

Livestock, poultry and related products

Agricultural services

Forestry and hunting

Fishing

Government services

(i) Data sources

Ministry of Agro Industry & Fisheries

Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture

Mauritius Sugar Syndicate

Agricultural Research and Extension Unit (AREU)

Mauritius Meat Authority (MMA)

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Household Budget Surveys

Special enquiries from food crop planters, livestock and poultry breeders and providers of agricultural services

(ii) Methodology

Separate production accounts are prepared for each of the sub-groups mentioned above. Apart from sugar and tea, agricultural activities are performed mainly by small planters, breeders and fishermen who do not keep proper records of their transactions. Because of the lack of proper accounts, a variety of methods, based essentially on the commodity flow approach, is used to estimate gross output, intermediate consumption and value added.

(a) Industrial crops

Sugar cane: Details on the sugar industry are given separately in Section 1.2.

Tea and Tobacco: Quantities and prices of tea and tobacco leaves are available from the Tea and Tobacco Board respectively. Intermediate inputs per hectare are computed based on information obtained from a few tea estates and tobacco planters. Total intermediate consumption is then obtained by applying the appropriate rates of inputs to the total area under cultivation.

(b) Food crops, fruits and flowers

Food crops: Since July 1997, monthly data on food crops production and area harvested are obtained from the Agricultural Research and Extension Unit (AREU), which accounts for about 80% of total production. Estimates of backyard production are made on the basis of consumption data collected through the Household Budget Surveys. Retail prices of about forty food crops and fruits are collected

weekly by the Prices unit. This enables the valuation of the output for each product at basic price by deducting transport costs and retail margin from its retail price value.

Ad-hoc production cost surveys are regularly carried out to provide the necessary information on inputs. Intermediate consumption expenditure is then estimated by applying appropriate rates of inputs to the total acreage under cultivation. Some of the inputs, for example fertilizers, pesticides, seeds are cross-checked with imports and local production figures.

Fruits and flowers: Monthly production of banana and pineapple and area harvested are obtained from AREU. As regards other fruits, the number of fruit trees in bearing age is estimated based on the "1985 Fruit Trees Survey" carried out by the Extension Service Division of the Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries. Production is first estimated in quantity using an average yield per tree, taking into account the climatic factor. This production is valued at basic prices.

The main source of data for estimating production of flower is exports data from the Foreign Trade unit. A separate estimate is worked out for locally sold flowers, based on the number of weddings, deaths, religious ceremonies, etc.

(c) Livestock, poultry and related products

The Mauritius Meat Authority (MMA) forwards a monthly return on the number of heads and carcass weight of local/imported cattle, sheep, goats and pigs slaughtered at the Abattoir. To these, are added the weight of off-abattoir slaughters estimated from permits issued by the Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries. The total quantity multiplied by a weighted average retail price gives the gross output at basic prices (after deducting retail margins and transport costs). Estimates of intermediate expenditure on cattle feeds, salt and water etc. are made and deducted from the gross output to obtain value added.

Poultry and egg production are calculated from data obtained through the questionnaires sent to all large producers. These data are supplemented with estimates made for small breeders. Estimates of backyard production are based on the number of broilers sold by the large establishments and on the quantity of feeds sold.

Estimates of milk production are obtained from the Animal Production Division of the Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries.

(d) Agricultural Services

(a) Government

Details are provided at Section 1.12.

(b) Non-government

Establishments engaged in non-government agricultural services provide services like land preparation, de-rocking, etc. Their respective production accounts are worked out from statistics obtained either from published reports or from direct surveys.

(e) Forestry and hunting

Estimates of forestry production namely, wood processed by sawmills and, to a lesser extent, firewood are made on the basis of information obtained from the Forestry Department.

Hunting, mainly deer hunting, is undertaken during a specific period of the year. The associations of hunters provide data on the production of venison. This is valued at basic prices as for other livestock.

Intermediate costs for both forestry and hunting are negligible so that the gross output is composed essentially of value added.

(f) Fishing

The Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries provides data on the quantity of fish caught. Separate figures are given in respect of lagoon and bank fishing. These are then valued at market prices available from

the Prices unit. The transport and retail margins are estimated and deducted from the market price value to give gross output at basic prices. Intermediate inputs for lagoon fishing is very low as the fishermen who are engaged in fishing in coastal waters, use artisanal methods and the catch is usually sold fresh. Bank fishing involves higher costs as the fish are caught in high seas in larger vessels. Also, these fish are sold frozen.

1.2 The Sugar Industry

The share of the sugar industry in total GDP was 2.9% and export of sugar represented around 19% of total domestic exports in 2007. Sugarcane plantations occupy about 90% of total land under cultivation.

There are three categories of growers in the sugar industry, namely "miller", "metayer" and "owner" planters. Millers are owners of sugar factories and large plots of land around these factories. In 2007, they numbered 8 and cultivated sugarcane on an area of 27,483 hectares. Metayers are normally employees of the millers who are allowed to grow sugarcane on their lands. There were 24,230 owner-planters who cultivated 40.075 hectares of land.

Value added generated by the sugar industry is attributed, for national accounting purposes, to the following industrial activity groups:

Agriculture: the final product is sugarcane. Both millers and planters are engaged in its production.

Manufacturing: the final product is sugar and its by-products, molasses, scums and electricity, which excludes Independent Power Producers (IPPs). Only millers are engaged in this activity.

Transport: includes only the millers' own account transport of sugarcane, sugar and other inputs

Distribution: includes activities of brokers, shippers and the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate:

(i) Methodology

The period from the growing stage up to the marketing of all sugar produced covers eighteen months. Production is valued on an accrual basis, so that output relating to crop year, say 2004/2005 is treated as production for calendar year 2004. The sugar cane crop of a given year normally extends from July to June of the following year.

Sugar is marketed solely through the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate. This agency provides data on value and price of sugar, both local sales and exports' proceeds. All the expenses incurred in respect of marketing are also given.

Production accounts of all sugar estates with factories are worked out from the aggregated data on expenditure presented in the statements: "Analysis of expenditure of Sugar Estate with Factories" and "Analysis of production costs", compiled by the Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture.

The items of expenditure therein are scrutinised and then allocated to the intermediate expenses of the respective industries as mentioned above.

(ii) Production Account of Sugar Cane

Separate accounts are prepared in respect of millers and planters.

The gross proceeds from the sales of sugar and its by-products are obtained from the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate. The gross output of agriculture comprises 78% of the gross proceeds as the remaining 22% accrue to millers to cover the milling cost.

Intermediate expenses in respect of sugarcane cultivation owned by millers are extracted from the statements provided by the Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture. As regards owner planters, the country is divided into four main regions and detailed production cost per arpent is prepared regionwise based on information collected from personal interviews of planters. Intermediate consumption also takes into consideration expenditure incurred on new plantations – a 'ratooning' cycle of 10 years is assumed.

Manufacturing: The end product is sugar and only millers are engaged in its production. The gross output is worked out from the gross proceeds of sugar. The main item under goods consumed is sugarcane; other inputs include milling cost and marketing expenses which are obtained from the Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture and the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate.

Transport: The sugar estates and millers provide their own means of transport. Most of their canes, sugar and other inputs are transported by their own lorries. The 'Transport' activity is valued at cost. The expenditure incurred in respect of purchases of materials and services, compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital are obtained from the statement, "Analysis of expenditure of Sugar Estates with Factories" published by the Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture. The total of these aggregates gives the gross output. Transport cost is then imputed, on a pro-rata basis, to the intermediate consumption expenditure of the agriculture and manufacturing sectors.

Distribution: The gross output is computed from the related expenditure items as given in the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate report. The cost component consists mainly of elements of value added.

1.3 Mining and quarrying

The activity of mining and quarrying covers salt production, stone and sand quarries. The share of this industry in the Gross Domestic Product is negligible. Estimates of gross output and value added are based on information collected through special enquiries.

1.4 Manufacturing

The manufacturing sector is the largest sector in the Mauritian economy. It contributed to 19.8% of GDP in year 2007 compared to 15% in the early eighties.

(i) Sources

Annual Census of Industrial Production

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Trade Statistics

Household Budget Surveys

Personal interviews of owners of small manufacturing industries

Census of Economic Activities

Quarterly Employment Survey in EOE - Export Oriented Enterprises (mainly Ex.EPZ and Pioneer)

(ii) Methodology

The manufacturing sector is more conveniently analysed under the following three broad groups

Sugar Milling

EOE

'Other' manufacturing enterprises

Sugar. Production account in respect of sugar milling is prepared from annual reports of the Chamber of Agriculture and from financial statements of the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate as explained in section 1.2.

Other Manufacturing establishments are surveyed twice a year through the Industrial Production Survey.

At the beginning of the year, a simplified questionnaire (CIP1) is sent to all the 'large' establishments requesting information on the quantity of goods produced and their sale value. Gross output is thus derived from the sales figures and estimates of value added for the current year is calculated using the working ratio

value added/gross output worked out using the previous year's figures. Value added in respect of non-respondents is estimated using indicators available on employment, imports of raw materials and exports of finished goods.

In September, a detailed questionnaire is sent to a representative sample of large establishments to collect information on employment, labour costs, inputs, sales, inventories and investment. The response rate to the enquiries has been on average around sixty per cent during the past years. However, in terms of gross output this accounts for nearly eighty per cent. Production accounts are worked out for each of the ISIC groups. Technical ratios such as labour costs/gross output, value added/gross output and labour costs/value added are also calculated. These are used to make estimates for the non-respondents and also help in forecasting exercises.

1.5 Electricity, gas and water supply

This sector covers the activities of two public enterprises, namely the Central Electricity Board (CEB) and the Central Water Authority (CWA) as well as the Independent Power Producers (IPPs) which provide electricity to the national grid.

The generation of electricity throughout the island is undertaken by the CEB and the IPPs, while its distribution rests solely with the CEB. The CWA is responsible for the storage and supply of water.

The enterprises are required to fill in two questionnaires annually. The first relates to the income and expenditure accounts of the current year, requesting detailed data on receipts, employment, labour costs, purchase of goods and services. Through this questionnaire, the enterprise is also requested to give a forecast for the forthcoming year. The second questionnaire collects information on investment in buildings and machinery for the estimation of GDFCF by type of goods. In addition, the parastatal bodies CEB and CWA regularly publish their income and expenditure accounts, which are used extensively for the preparation of production accounts.

1.6 Construction

The construction industry consists of the activities of:

General builders and civil engineering contractors

Small contractors and special trade contractors

Public authorities engaged in capital works - Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Land

Transport and Shipping, local authorities and the Development Works Corporation

Own-account construction carried out by individuals

(i) Sources

Building permits statistics
Financial Report of Accountant-General's Department
Trade Statistics
Housing and Population Census
Household Budget Surveys
Special surveys of building contractors and parastatal bodies

(ii) Methodology

The gross output of the construction industry is the value of investment on residential and non-residential buildings, roads, electricity and communications networks, land improvement and reclamation, maintenance and repair services, etc. The methodology adopted varies with the type of construction and the source of statistical information.

The main source of data is the records of building permits kept by the Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Land Transport and Shipping and the local authorities. The total volume (floor area) of building construction, whether performed by contractors or individuals, is compiled at the office from these records.

A few 'small' contractors are interviewed to obtain the price charged per square metre for the construction of dwellings and its breakdown into labour costs and materials consumed. These prices vary with the size and location of the building. In addition 'large' builders and contractors are surveyed to obtain value of projects completed during the year. Supplemented with investment statistics, collected for the computation of the fixed capital formation, an estimate of gross output in the private sector is derived.

Data on construction works (value and expenses) carried out by the Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Land Transport and Shipping, local authorities and the Development Works Corporation are obtained from their respective accounts as well as from the Financial Report of the Accountant's General Department. These are used to evaluate gross output of construction in the public sector.

Another element of the construction industry is the repair and maintenance of buildings, both residential and non-residential, performed by the various contractors and public authorities. Estimates are made from benchmark data from:

stock of buildings updated from the 2000 Housing Census

repairs and maintenance expenses by households from Household Budget Surveys

maintenance costs by industries obtained from returns of the annual Census of Industrial Production

Some items of intermediate consumption, e.g. aggregates, paints, cement, iron bars, are cross-checked with production and imports statistics.

1.7 Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods.

This group contributed 12.4% to the Gross Domestic Product of the country in the year 2007.

(i) Sources

Census of Industrial Production

Register of licence holders

Trade Statistics

Agricultural Statistics

Special enquiries from docks and stevedoring and large distributive enterprises

Census of Economic Activities

Value Added Tax Department

Survey of large establishments

Road transport statistics

(ii) Methodology

Wholesale and retail trade: The gross output for wholesale and retail trade is estimated as the gross margins obtained between sale and purchase values of goods sold. These goods can be categorised into two groups: imported goods and locally manufactured goods.

Imported goods: The basic data used for the computation of wholesale and retail margins on imported goods are obtained from the annual tabulations on imports. Imports are classified itemwise according to the Standard International Trade Classification (S.I.T.C., Revision 3) and for each item the quantity, C.I.F. value, customs and excise duties are available.

These data are first grouped into broad economic categories namely intermediate, final consumption and capital goods. Margins are estimated as the difference between the 'landed cost' and the retail price for each item. Wholesale margins are estimated using available information from 2002 Census of Economic Activities (2002 CEA) and additional data collected through annual special enquiries from "large" enterprises engaged in landing, storage, clearing and forwarding activities. Retail margins are estimated from information available from the 2002 CEA.

<u>Locally manufactured goods:</u> Data on local production and exports available from VAT Department are classified by ISIC. Local sales are then computed and coded in SITC. The wholesale/retail rates of margin are determined based on the 2002 Census of Economic Activities and these rates are applied for each SITC section.

The agricultural products used to compile the wholesale and retail margin are: fresh vegetables, fresh fruits, fish, eggs and flowers. Data is collected by the Prices Unit (Producer prices) and the Consumer Prices Unit (Retail prices) of this office. The wholesale and the retail margin for fresh vegetables and fresh fruits (banana and pineapple) is the difference between the retail prices and the producer prices. Margins for "other fruits", fish, eggs and flowers are estimated using a percentage of the gross output valued at basic prices.

Other activities:

Estimates are also made in respect of margins obtained from the following:

Mauritius Sugar Syndicate for the marketing of sugar worked out from data obtained by mail questionnaire.

Lottery and pool organisers based on information obtained from the Value Added Tax Department.

Ship handling activities using value of ships' stores supplied.

Other activities such as auctioneers and scrap metal dealers which are estimated using data collected at the Census of Economic Activities.

Intermediate consumption incurred by the distributive trades are estimated on the basis of benchmark data collected for the Census of Economic Activity (CEA 2002) and is used to derive the value added.

The production account is then worked out from the aggregated data on gross output and intermediate consumption expenditure.

Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods.

For establishments engaged in the repair of vehicles, the production account is worked out using data from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities, the age distribution of vehicles registered and import figures of spare parts, lubricants, and other materials used in repair works. These are supplemented with an annual mail survey covering all "large" garages and a sample of "small" establishments.

Other repair services reported at the census of economic activities concerned mainly repairs of electronic goods. The value added is calculated in line with imports of electronic goods.

1.8 Hotels and Restaurants

In 2007 this sector contributed 9.4 % of the country Gross Domestic Product.

(i) Sources of data

Bank of Mauritius: The main source of data for calculation of output of the sector is the Bank of Mauritius which provides estimates of Tourism receipts.

Census of Economic Activities: The Census of Economic Activities collects benchmark data for the hotels and restaurants sector every five years.

The Bi-ennial Survey of Outgoing Tourists (SOT): The Bi-ennial Survey of Outgoing Tourists (SOT) conducted jointly by the CSO and the Ministry of Tourism, Leisure and External Communications supplements data on expenditure by tourists.

The Household Expenditure Survey (HBS): Results of The Household Expenditure Survey were used to cross check Mauritian expenditure in hotels, bars and restaurants.

The Passport and Immigration Office: The number of tourist arrivals is obtained from passenger traffic statistics.

Local Authorities: The register of license holders compiled by the Local Authorities provides the total number of hotels and restaurants in operation.

(ii) Components of the output of the Hotels and Restaurants Sector

Benchmark data are collected from all hotels and restaurants through the Census of Economic Activities every five years. Gross output of the hotels and restaurants sector is made up of the following:

- A tourist component comprising expenditure of tourists and accounting for 88% of the output of Hotels and Restaurants.
- A local component comprising expenditure of Mauritians in hotels, restaurants, small bars, canteens and on catering and accounting for remaining 12% of the total output.

For reliability of estimates the aggregates compiled for this sector were cross checked with data from other sources. The output of hotels and restaurants resulting from tourists was checked for consistency with other available sources namely from data obtained from the 2002 Survey of Outgoing Tourists (SOT2002). In the light of SOT2002 results, the expenditure of tourists in hotels was calculated as a percentage of the Bank of Mauritius figure of Tourism earnings in 2002. The figures for the local component obtained from the latest Census of Economic Activities (CEA2002) were compared and adjusted with Mauritians expenditure in hotels, bars and restaurants from the results of the Household Expenditure Survey (HBS).

(iii) Computation of annual estimates

For intercensal years the establishments in the hotels and restaurants sector are not surveyed due to the low response rate and time constraint. Therefore a proxy measure is adopted.

An estimate of output is worked out for the local component based on annual growth in number of households and the CPI component measuring prices of meals in bars and restaurants.

Given that estimates of tourism receipts are regularly provided by the Bank of Mauritius a percentage of tourist earnings is adopted for the output of hotels and restaurants from tourists.

The production account of this sector is based on technical ratios calculated from benchmark data collected through the census of Economic Activities.

During intercensal years, a sample of hotels and restaurants are surveyed to revise the production structure, if needs be. Other ratios from the Survey of Outgoing Tourist, leading indicators for activities of the hotels and restaurants sector such as the number of room nights/beds nights spent during the year, the total number of restaurants and cafés operating from register of licence holders and supplementary information collected from personal interviews of operators in the sector are also considered.

(iv) Constant price estimates

Presently the number of tourist arrivals is used as a proxy for measuring volume change of the value added at current price of the tourist component and the CPI component measuring price of meals in bars and restaurants is used to deflate value added at current price generated by Mauritians in this sector.

1.9 Transport, storage and communications

This group contributed 11.9% to the Gross Domestic Product in 2007 and covers a wide range of activities grouped under the following:

Land transport

Water transport

Services allied to transport, namely cargo handling, ports and airport services, travel agencies and storage and warehousing

Air transport

Communication services

(i) Sources of data

National Transport Authority

Financial Report of the Accountant-General's Department

Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Household Expenditure Surveys

Special enquiries from: Mauritius Telecom, docks and stevedoring companies, bus,

lorry and contract car companies

Personal interviews of taxi, lorry and van owners

Census of Economic Activities

(ii) Methodology

Land transport: The enterprises in this activity group consist of operators of buses, lorries, vans, contract cars and taxis.

Statistics on number of buses, lorries and contract cars operating, obtained from the National Transport Authority, provide leading indicators. The 'large' establishments namely the bus, lorry and contract car companies are interviewed by mail questionnaire and the resulting working ratios are applied to estimate gross output, intermediate consumption and labour cost in this sub sector.

A similar method is used to estimate the gross output and value added of taxis and vans. Information on income and expenditure per vehicle is obtained from personal interviews of taxi and van owners. The estimates of gross output for buses and taxis are cross-checked with data on consumption obtained from Household Expenditure Surveys.

The production account for lorries engaged in the transport of sugarcane and sugar is worked out separately, as explained in section 1.2.

Water transport: Ship owners and shipping agents are interviewed by mail questionnaire. As very scarce information is obtained from this source, indirect methods are used to estimate output. Indicators such as volume of goods loaded and unloaded and statistics on movement of ships are used.

Services allied to transport:

Most of the enterprises engaged in these activities employ more than 10 persons. This sector covers mainly activities carried by the Mauritius Ports Authority (MPA), the Cargo Handling Corporation (CHC), ports and airport services and storage and warehousing (comprising mainly The Mauritius Sugar Terminal Corporation). Information required for the estimation of gross output, intermediate consumption, value added etc, are obtained through mail questionnaires.

The activity of the Civil Aviation Department, which is one of the government industries, is also included here. The relevant information for the preparation of its production account is obtained from the Financial Report of the Accountant General's Department.

Information on the operation of large travel agencies, forwarding agencies and tour operators is obtained from direct enquiries annually.

Estimates are also made for non-response and small units not covered by the annual survey.

Air transport: The main enterprise engaged in this activity is Air Mauritius Ltd which provides data through mail questionnaires for working out the production account of this sector.

Telecommunication services: The main contributor is the Mauritius Telecom and survey questionnaire is sent annually to obtain information on inputs and outputs. All the other 'large' establishments engaged in telecommunication services are surveyed annually. This activity group also comprises the Mauritius Post Ltd.

1.10 Financial intermediation

The activities in this group can be categorised into three sub groups: (i) insurance corporations, (ii) banks and (iii) other financial intermediaries

(i) Sources of data

Bank of Mauritius

The Registrar of Companies

Financial Services Commission

Annual Survey on Income and Expenditure

(ii) Methodology

(i) Insurance

The activity of insurance is intended to provide customers with protection against certain risks. It is also a form of financial intermediation where funds are collected from policyholders and invested in assets that are held as technical reserves to meet future claims.

The insurance enterprises do not charge a separate fee for the service they provide. Whenever they do charge explicit fees, they are treated as payment for services and included in the output of the enterprise. The value of those services for which there is no explicit charge must be estimated indirectly from total receivables and payables of the enterprises, including the income accruing from investment of their reserves.

Data for the production accounts of insurance companies are collected via mail questionnaires quarterly and annually.

The gross output of insurance enterprises is calculated as:

- + Total premiums earned
- + Total premiums supplements (interest, dividend and rent)
- Claims due
- Changes in actuarial reserves
- = Output of services to policyholders
- + Commission fees explicitly charged

The Sugar Insurance Fund Board is considered to be an equalizing fund. Its output is measured as the sum of production costs.

The service charged for general insurance is allocated to industries in the same proportion as premiums paid by each industry.

As the adequacy of the life fund of most of the insurance enterprises is determined triennially by actuarial valuation, an estimate based on the life fund is made for changes in actuarial reserves.

(ii) Banks and Other Financial intermediaries

Data on the activities of this sub-group, comprising of commercial banks and offshore banks and other financial institutions, are obtained through mail questionnaires. The gross output of these establishments, as defined by the 1993 SNA, is estimated as the sum of FISIM (Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured) and their actual service charges (income from dealings in foreign exchange, commissions, ledger fees, etc). The total value of FISIM is measured as total property income receivable minus total interest payable excluding the value of any property income receivable from investment of own fund. The 1993 SNA recommends that the consumption of these services be allocated among users. However, this procedure involves the collection of detailed figures on credits and deposits which are not easily obtained from the banks. The 1993 SNA recommends that the consumption of these services be allocated among users. However, because of practical difficulties of allocating FISIM among the different users, FISIM is recorded as intermediate consumption of nominal industry.

In summary the output of banks is measured as

- + Property income receivable
- Property income from own funds
- Interest payable
- = FISIM
- + Fees and commission explicitly charged

The Central Bank is not considered to produce FISIM. Its output is measured as the sum of production costs and is also recorded as intermediate consumption of commercial banks.

1.11 Real estate, renting and business activities

(i) Sources of data

Census of Economic Activities

Financial Services Commission

Board of Investment

Special enquiries from real estate agencies, architects and engineers, firms, advertising agencies and auditing firms.

Annual Survey of large establishments

(ii) Methodology

Real estate and renting

This group comprises the actual and imputed rent of owner occupied dwellings as well as activities of agencies involved in sale of property.

The stock of dwellings distributed by size and region is obtained from the 2000 Housing and Population Census. These benchmark data are updated, using the number of building permits issued every year by the local authorities and the Ministry of Public Infrastructure. Information on rent paid by size for dwellings is obtained from the quarterly Rent Survey conducted by this office. These rents are applied to the total number of residential buildings and the current market value of the existing stock of dwellings is thus computed. To this imputed rent, the actual rent paid in respect of non-residential buildings is added. Data on rent paid is obtained indirectly from the Income Tax statistics and returns of establishments surveyed by this office. The total gives the gross output of activities classified in 'Real estate'. The intermediate cost, which consists mainly of expenditure on repairs and maintenance, is estimated as a percentage of the gross output (obtained from benchmark data available from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities).

Business services

The activities of this sector are broadly classified into 3 main components

- (a) activities of business enterprises, such as consultancy, engineering firms, advertising agencies, computer firms, accounting firms and other services such as car and machine rental and photographic activities,
- (b) activities of own-account professional workers such as lawyers, accountants, notaries, surveyors, etc,
- (c) business activities carried out in the offshore sector.

For the first category, the large contributors to output are interviewed by mail questionnaires annually and estimates are made for the non-respondents and small firms using benchmark data collected through the 2002 Census of Economic Activities.

For the second category, the income approach is used to estimate value added which consists of compensation of employees and operating surplus. The estimates are based on working ratios obtained from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities and leading indicators on employment and registration of professionals from their respective associations.

The third category comprises the activities of business enterprises registered with the Financial Services Commission (FSC) and Board of Investment (BOI). Currently, C.S.O does not survey offshore companies. However, their accounts which are not filed at the F.S.C cannot be made available to C.S.O due to confidentiality and secrecy provisions in the Financial Services Development Act. For management companies," profit before tax" data published in the Annual Report of F.S.C is being used as an alternative of value added.

1.12 General Government

The general government sector subdivided into central government and local government consists of all government units and all non-market Non Profit Institutions that are controlled and mainly financed by government units.

The central government is generally composed of ministries/departments, National Pension Fund and units (Extra Budgetary Units) operating under the authority of the central government with a separate legal identity and enough authority to form additional government units

The local government consists of municipalities and district councils, mainly financed by the central government.

The main functions of government are to assume responsibility for the provision of services to the community as a whole (collective services) as well as certain individual services (e.g. education and health). Government units are normally engaged in the production of non-market goods and services.

Total output, valued as the sum of production costs is estimated as follows:

Gross output

- = Intermediate Consumption
- + Compensation of employees
- + Consumption of fixed capital

The government accounts are prepared by the Accountant General's Department. The expenditure items in the recurrent budget are carefully scrutinised and classified in categories such as compensation of employees, intermediate consumption, capital expenditure, transfers, etc. Likewise, items of expenditure in the capital budget are examined and classified under capital formation, intermediate consumption, capital transfer, etc. For other units, data are extracted from their financial accounts.

All units forming part of general government are classified according to ISIC groups. The main ISIC group is 'Public Administration and Defence, Compulsory Social Security' which consists of the executive and legislative administration directly dependent on head of state and Parliament together with all other central

and local government bodies, the regulation of the activities of agencies that provide health care, education, cultural services and the provision of services to the community as a whole (foreign affairs, defence, public order and compulsory social security activities).

Activities other than administration are classified in their appropriate ISIC groups e.g. education activities are classified under Education, human health activities are classified under Health, agricultural activities under Agriculture.

1.13 Education

(i) Data Sources

Financial Report of the Accountant General's Department

Education statistics from the statistics division of the Ministry of Education

Register of licence holders

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Household Budget Surveys

Housing and Population Census

Census of Economic Activities

Annual survey of large establishments

(ii) Methodology

Education services are provided both by the public and private sector.

The Accountant General's Department provides data on the revenue and expenditure incurred by the Ministry of Education & Human Resources. This is extensively used to estimate output of educational activities in the public sector (Government preprimary, primary and secondary schools). Value added is then measured at cost (intermediate consumption, compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital).

Output for the private secondary institutions is estimated on the basis of returns available at the Private Secondary School Authority. Benchmark ratios worked out from the 2002 Census of Economic Activities, supplemented with data on enrolment (from the Ministry of Education) and the CPI sub-index for education are used to estimate output in the private preprimary, primary and other private educational institutions.

1.14 Health and social work

(i) Data Sources

Financial Report of the Accountant General's Department

Health statistics from the Ministry of Health & Quality of Life

Register of licence holders

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Household Budget Surveys

Housing and Population Census

Census of Economic Activities

Annual survey of large establishments

(ii) Methodology

Like education services, public health services are provided both by public and private sectors.

Output of public health services are measured at cost from data available at the Accountant General's Department.

For private health services, a number of sources are tapped to obtain relevant data and leading indicators (register of license holders, Associations of dentists and doctors, employment data from the Survey of Employment and earnings etc.). Benchmark data from the Household Budget Survey and the 2002 Census of Economic Activities are also extensively used.

Annual estimates for private doctors and dentists are calculated using the number of persons offering private medical services and the average price charged per patient.

Health services provided by private clinics, private laboratories, physiotherapy, veterinary and welfare institutions are obtained by mail questionnaires.

1.15 Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons.

(i) Data Sources

Register of licence holders

Register of pools and lottery organisations

Annual Survey of Employment and Earnings

Household Budget Surveys

Housing and Population Census

Census of Economic Activities

Value added Tax Department

Survey of large establishments

(ii) Methodology

This section, consisting of services not covered by the activity groups above, deals mainly with community, social and personal services. The main services included are sanitary services, activities of religious organisations, recreational, cultural and sporting activities and other service activities such as laundry, hairdressing and beauty parlour, funeral and domestic services.

Income and expenditure data from the VAT Department is used to measure output for entertainment activities provided by casinos and clubs, pools and lottery and bookmakers which account for the major part of this subgroup.

Data is collected annually through mail questionnaires for establishments which keep proper records and where the information can be readily obtained. For these enterprises, the production approach is used to measure output. Among these are the Mauritius Broadcasting Corporation and some large establishments engaged in laundry services, sporting and cultural activities.

For the other enterprises which are mostly 'small', output is measured indirectly either by the income approach or the production approach. The estimation is based on indicators such as licenses issued by local authorities, employment figures from the Survey of Employment and Earnings and from benchmark censuses and surveys such as 2000 Housing and Population Census and the 2002 Census of Economic Activities.

2. Gross National Income and its appropriation

Value added at market prices comprises compensation of employees, operating surplus, the consumption of fixed capital and the excess of taxes on production and imports over subsidies. Operating surplus is termed 'gross' because it includes the element of consumption of fixed capital.

Compensation of employees comprises all payments made by producers as wages and salaries, including payments in kind as well as in cash, and of contribution to Social Security and Pension Funds.

Data on compensation of employees are readily available from questionnaires sent to enterprises. Value added is thus computed by the income approach. When the Production approach is used to calculate value added, data on compensation of employees are readily available from the questionnaires. Whenever the income approach is used, the number of persons employed is first obtained. The main sources are the surveys of employment and earnings, the National Pension Scheme and the Population Census data.

Appropriate wage rates are then applied to the employment data to obtain estimates of compensation of employees.

3. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation

Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF) is one of the main aggregates of expenditure on the Gross Domestic Product. It consists of the value of durable goods intended for non-military purposes acquired by resident producer units and meant to be used for a period of more than one year.

Capital formation of industries corresponds to the net additions to their fixed assets, whereas for households only expenditure on construction of dwellings is included. Household expenditure on durable goods such as cars, refrigerators, washing machines, etc., is treated as final consumption although the acquisition of similar goods by industries or government is considered as capital goods.

(i) Methodology

Different methods are used for the valuation of capital formation, based essentially on the commodity approach. Information on investment are collected and compiled on a calendar year basis. These data are classified by type of capital goods such as residential buildings, transport equipment, machinery and equipment, and by industrial use as shown in the Table 2.12.

Building and construction

The main data source used to compile investment in buildings is the local authorities which provide to this office statistics on issues of building permits for new buildings, additions and reconstructions. These permits are classified according to type of buildings (residential and non-residential), size of buildings (in terms of floor area) and region. The value of building construction works are thereafter estimated by using estimates of floor areas and cost per square metre obtained from a sample of small contractors. These costs varied according to type, size and location of buildings.

In the public sector, investment on residential buildings are obtained from the National Housing Development Company (NHDC), while the financial reports provide estimates on capital expenditure incurred in the construction of non-residential buildings. Costs of large construction projects are estimated from data obtained from questionnaires sent to 'large' contractors, sugar estates and parastatal bodies.

Other construction works

All other construction works not included above are grouped under "Other construction works". These include outlays on road constructions, dams, reservoirs, pipe laying, electricity distribution networks, land improvement and reclamation and all other civil engineering works. Information on such construction works is obtained from questionnaires sent to the bodies concerned.

Machinery and Equipment

Machinery and equipment accounted for 42.8 % of the GDFCF in 2007. As most of the machines are imported, external trade statistics is the main source of data. A list of imported machinery and equipment, identified as capital goods, is prepared. These imported goods are obtained at c.i.f. value and are brought to purchasers' prices by the addition of taxes on imports, landing cost, transportation cost, wholesale and retail margins and in some cases, installation cost. They are then classified by industrial use based on information collected from parastatal bodies, sugar estates and imports of the export processing enterprises.

Machinery and equipment imported by government are also obtained from external trade statistics. These are however supplemented with expenditure data from the financial reports.

Establishments producing machinery and equipment are also surveyed and their gross output provides data on investment in local machinery and equipment.

Data used in the computation of estimates on capital formation are obtained from many sources. In order to avoid double counting, the data are thoroughly scrutinised at the compilation stage.

4. Estimates of growth rates

(i) Double-deflation method

The value added of an industry is a residual obtained after subtracting its intermediate consumption from its gross output. Therefore, to obtain the value added at previous year's prices, both the gross output and the input of goods and services should be revalued at previous year's prices. This method, the ideal one, is known as the "double-deflation" method. However, this method requires extensive data on both inputs and outputs which, in practice are very difficult to obtain. Therefore, other methods using 'proxy indicators' are used to indicate volume changes. The proxy indicators most often used are:

Physical quantities of goods produced Physical quantities of materials used Employment

As most industries produce a large number of heterogeneous products it is not possible to obtain separate physical output or input series. The value series are most often deflated by an appropriate price index to obtain the growth rates. The indices normally used are:

Producer Price Index (PPI)
Consumer Price Index (CPI)
Construction Price Index
Wage/Salary Index
Import and Export Price Index

A brief description of the methodology used to derive growth rates are given below:

<u>Industry Group</u> <u>Method used</u>

Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing:

Sugar and tea Double deflation method

Other Use of quantity relatives

Manufacturing:

Sugar and black tea Double deflation method

E.P.Z. / E.O.E Deflation by specific price indices such as the

Export price index

Other (i) Quantity relatives for homogeneous products

(ii) Deflation by specific price indices for

product groups (e.g. PPI)

Electricity, gas and water supply

Volume indicator: Units of electricity sold and

volume of water sold

Construction Building permits statistics and

construction price index

Wholesale and retail trade Deflation by a weighted index of the

Consumer Price Index and Import Price Index

Hotels and restaurants

Use of tourist nights/arrival series

Transport, storage and communications (i) Deflation by a price index of bus fares, taxi fares or a retail

price index of fuel

(ii) Deflation by a salary index or extrapolation using an index

based on registration of vehicles

Financial intermediation (i) Deflation by a weighted bank interest rate index and

Consumer Price Index

(ii)Use of employment data and number of insurance policies

Real estate, renting and business activities
Use of employment data

Public administration and defence (i) Deflation by a salary index

(ii) Use of employment data

Education, health and other services

Use of employment data

(ii) Expenditure approach

Value Added Tax

The methods used for the estimation of growth rates for GDP by type of expenditure are as follows:

Type of expenditure Method used Private consumption expenditure The Consumer Price Index adjusted for coverage Government consumption expenditure Deflation by a weighted index of salary and Consumer Price Index Capital formation: (a) Buildings, construction Building permits statistics and Construction Price Index (b) Machinery and other equipment Deflation by the price index of imported capital goods Exports and imports of goods and services Deflation by the export and import price indices Taxes on production and imports: (a) for taxes on production such as Quantity relatives based on production data excise duty (b) for other taxes e.g. import duties and

A price index based on increase in the rates of the

specific duties or the GDP deflator

Section 2 - STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

1. Year 2007

1.1 Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

In 2007, GDP at basic prices increased by 13.7% in nominal terms to reach R 206,943 from R 182,009 million in 2006. After removing the price effect of 7.9% (the GDP deflator), the economy grew by 5.4%, higher than the 5.1% recorded in 2006. Exclusive of sugar, the rate works out to 6.1% compared to 5.4% in 2006 (Tables 2.3 and 2.5)

GDP at market prices, which includes R 28,549 million as taxes (net of subsidies) on products, increased by 14.1% to R 235,492 million from R 206,328 million in 2006. Per capita GDP at current market prices increased by 13.4% to R 186,796 from R 164,669 in 2006. (Table 2.1).

1.2 Growth rate by industry

In 2007, more than two thirds (67.2%) of GDP was generated by the tertiary sector comprising the services industries compared to slightly over a quarter (28.0%) by the secondary sector. The remainder or 4.8% was attributable to the primary sector which consists mainly of agricultural activities (Table2.3).

GDP growth was positively influenced by the secondary and tertiary sectors which contributed 1.3 and 4.5 percentage points respectively to the overall GDP growth. The contribution of the primary sector was marginal (Table 2.6).

Primary sector

Activities in the primary sector which are mainly related to "Agriculture" contracted by 7.5% in 2007 after a low growth of 0.6% in 2006. Within the sector,

- "Agriculture" contracted by 7.4%, as a result of declines of 13.6% and 1.1% in "Sugarcane" and "Other agriculture" respectively, due to unfavourable climatic conditions during the year.
- Mining and quarrying declined by 9.1% after a growth of 9.1% in 2006.

Secondary sector

Activities in the secondary sector grew further by 4.9% in 2007 after a growth of 4.2% in 2006. Within the sector

• **Manufacturing** grew by 2.2% in 2007 compared to 4.0% in 2006. The performances of its sub sectors were as follows:

Sugar milling a decline of 13.6% in 2007 based on a sugar production of

435.972 tonnes, compared to a decline of 2.9% in 2006 based

on a production of 504,857 tonnes.

Textile a growth of 8.5% in 2007 following a rebound of 2.9% in 2006

after a negative growth of 14.7% in 2005.

Manufacturing industries formerly operating with an EPZ certificate grew at a higher rate of 8.0% in 2007 compared to a growth of 4.6% in 2006.

- Electricity, gas and water supply grew by 3.4% compared to 4.0% in 2006.
- After a growth of 5.2% in 2006, Construction grew further by 15.2%, mainly attributable to the
 construction and renovation of hotels, projects under the Integrated Resort Scheme and
 expansion of textile and wearing apparel industries.

Tertiary sector

The tertiary sector went up by 6.7% in 2007, compared to 5.9% in 2006. All the service industries recorded increases in activity during the year.

- Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motor cycles, personal and household goods grew by 4.5%, lower than the 5.5% growth recorded in 2006, as a result of reduced growths in final consumption due to price increases of consumer goods, and in trade activities of the Freeport.
- **Hotels and restaurants** rebounded by 14.0%, after a low growth of 3.5% in 2006 consequent to the spread of the "Chikungunya" disease. The number of tourists who visited the country in 2007 was 906,971 compared to 788,276 in 2006, generating tourist earnings of R 40,687 million compared to R 31,942 million in 2006.
- Transport, storage and communications grew by 7.7% higher than the 7.4% growth in 2006.
- **Financial intermediation** grew by 7.5%, higher than the 7.0% growth registered in 2006. The 7.5% growth was due to growths of 5.1%, 7.9% and 11.2% in insurance, banks and other financial intermediation activities respectively.
- Real estate, renting and business activities grew by 7.6%, higher than the 6.5% growth registered in 2006.
- Activities of **Public administration and defence**; **compulsory social security** registered a low growth of 0.5% after the 4.0% growth in 2006.
- **Education**, which includes services provided by both public and private operators, grew by 2.5% in 2007, lower than the 4.1% growth in 2006.
- Health and social work grew by 4.6% in 2007, lower than the 7.9% growth in 2006.
- Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons grew by 8.0% in 2007, higher than the 6.5% growth in 2006.
- Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured (FISIM) grew by 7.5% compared to 6.9% in 2006.

1.3 Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product

1.3.1 Final consumption expenditure

Total final consumption expenditure increased by 12.4% to reach R 196,533 million in 2007 from R 174,846 million in 2006. The real growth rate works out to 3.9% compared to 5.5% in 2006 as a result of lower growths in the final consumption expenditure of both households and general government (Table 2.9 & 2.10). Final consumption expenditure of households which represents 84.4% of the total, grew at a lower rate of 4.5% compared to 5.9% in 2006. That of general government grew by 0.8% in 2007 lower than the 3.8% growth in 2006

1.3.2 Investment (GDFCF)

Investment in 2007 reached R 59,170 million compared to R 50,048 million in 2006, representing a nominal increase of 18.2%. After removing the price effect of 8.9%, investment in real terms grew by 8.6% in 2007 compared to a high growth of 19.0% in 2006. However, exclusive of the acquisition of aircraft, the growth rate worked out to 17.0% higher than the 5.5% growth in 2006 (Table 2.13).

Investment rate, measured by the ratio of investment to GDP at market prices worked out to 25.1% in 2007, slightly higher than the 2006 figure of 24.3% (Table 2.2).

Exclusive of aircraft, the rate for 2007 worked out to 24.1% compared to 21.5% for 2006.

Investment by type

"Building and construction work" grew by 16.9% in 2007 following a growth of 6.7% in 2006. This was due to growths of 5.5% and 49.2% in "Residential building" and "Non-residential building" respectively, partly offset by a decline of 17.4% in "Other construction work".

"Residential building" grew at a slower rate of 5.5% in 2007 after a high growth of 10.3% in 2006

while "Non-residential building" expanded by 49.2% after a low growth of 3.9% 2006. "Other construction work" contracted by 17.4% in 2007 after a growth of 6.3% in 2006.

Investment in "Machinery and equipment" declined by 1.0% in 2007 after a high growth of 36.9% in 2006. Excluding investment on aircraft, the growth rate works out to 17.2% in 2007 compared to 3.8% in 2006(Table 2.12 & 2.13).

Investment by sector

Private sector investment in 2007 is estimated at R 46,261 million representing a nominal increase of 35.4% over the 2006 figure of R 34,177 million. In real terms, it grew by 24.0% compared to 15.1% in 2006. The 24.0% growth is mostly attributable to high investment in hotels and IRS projects and to a lesser extent to investment in the textile and wearing apparel industries.

Public sector investment decreased by 18.7% in nominal terms to R 12,909 million in 2007 from R 15,871 million in 2006. In real terms, the growth rate worked out to -24.7% in 2007 compared to 28.3% in 2006. The negative growth in 2007 is explained by lower investment in aircraft in 2007 (R 2,515 million) than in 2006 (R 5,675 million), partly offset by higher investment in machinery and equipment by some parastatal bodies. Excluding aircraft, the real growth of public sector investment was -7.4% in 2007 compared to -17.5% in 2006.

The share of private sector investment increased to 78.2% in 2007 from 68.3% in 2006 and that of the public sector decreased to 21.8% from 31.7%. Excluding the acquisition and sale of aircraft, the share of private sector investment was 82.0% and that of the public sector 18.0% compared to 76.7% and 23.3% respectively in 2006 (Table 2.2).

1.3.3 Imports and exports of goods and services

In 2007, imports of goods and services was estimated at R 162,867 million compared to R 150,429 million in 2006, representing an increase of 8.3% in nominal terms (Table 2.9).

In real terms, imports of goods and services grew by 2.1% in 2007 compared to a growth of 9.3% in 2006. Imports of goods measured on an f.o.b. basis declined by 1.3% as opposed to a growth of 11.1% in 2006 mostly as a result of lower acquisition of aircraft and reduced activities in the Freeport partly offset by higher import bill of petroleum products, while imports of services, which include insurance and freight paid in respect of imported goods, grew by 10.9% compared to 5.1% in 2006 (Table 2.10).

Exports of goods and services increased by 9.0% to R 138,530 million in 2007 from R 127,128 million in 2006. In real terms, this represents a growth of 3.5%. However, exports of goods measured on an f.o.b. basis declined by 10.6% in 2007 as opposed to a growth of 10.1% in 2006 mostly explained by lower receipts from exports of sugar and by the Freeport, partly offset by higher exports of articles of apparel and clothing. Exports of services went up by 23.1% compared to only 4.6% in 2006, mainly due to higher tourist earnings in 2007 (Table 2.9 & 2.10).

Net exports of goods and services resulted in a deficit of R 24,337 million in 2007, slightly higher than the deficit of R 23,301 million registered in 2006. This represents 10.3% of GDP at market prices in 2007 compared to 11.3% in 2006 (Table 2.1 & 2.2).

Exclusive of aircraft, net exports of goods and services in 2007 resulted in a deficit of R 21,822 million, representing 9.3% of GDP at market prices.

1.4 GDP at market prices by category of income

In 2007, the relative share of the three components of GDP at market prices was as follows:

Compensation of employees	35.6%
Taxes net of subsidies on production and imports	13.0%
Gross operating surplus	51.4%

Compensation of employees reached R 83,835 million in 2007, representing a nominal increase of 12.4% over the R 74,575 million estimated in 2006. Gross operating surplus which accounted for around half of GDP at market prices increased by 14.5% to R 121,002 million in 2007 from R 105,692 million in 2006 while taxes (net of subsidies) on production and imports increased by 17.6% to R 30,656 million from R 26,061 million (Table 2.8).

1.5 Gross National Disposable Income and Saving

Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI), which in addition to GDP at market prices takes into account flows of primary income comprising mostly interests and dividends (+ R 7,023 million) and transfers (+ R 3,882 million) from and to the rest of the world, is estimated at R 246,397 million in 2007.

Out of the R 246,397 million available, R 196,533 million or 79.8% were spent as final consumption by households and general government. The remaining R 49,864 million or 20.2% constituted the Gross National Saving (GNS).

The saving rate as measured by the ratio of Gross National Saving to GDP at market prices increased to 21.2% in 2007 from 17.1% in 2006 (Table 2.8).

2. Year 2008

2.1 Gross Domestic Product, (GDP)

In 2008, GDP at basic prices increased by 12.9% in nominal terms to reach R 233,653 million from R 206,943 million in 2007. After removing the price effect estimated at 7.2% (the GDP deflator), the economy grew by 5.3%, lower than the 5.4% recorded in 2007. Exclusive of sugar, the growth rate worked out to 5.4% compared to 6.1% in 2007 (Tables 2.3 and 2.5).

GDP at market prices, which includes R 31,201 million as taxes (net of subsidies) on products, increased by 12.5% to R 264,854 million from R 235,492 million in 2007. Per capita GDP at current market prices increased by 11.7% to R 208,570 from R 186,796 in 2007 (Table 2.1).

2.2 Growth rate by industry

In 2008, 68.5% of GDP was generated by the tertiary sector comprising the services industries compared to 27.4% by the secondary sector. The remainder, or 4.1%, was attributable to the primary sector which consists mainly of agricultural activities (Table 2.3).

GDP growth was positively influenced by the secondary and tertiary sectors which contributed 1.4 and 3.6 percentages points respectively to the overall GDP growth. On the other hand, the contribution of the primary sector was 0.3 percentage point (Table 2.6).

Primary sector

Activities in the primary sector which are mainly related to "Agriculture" grew by 6.3% in 2008 after a decline of 7.5% in 2007. Within the sector,

- (i) "Agriculture" grew by 6.4%, as a result of growths of 3.7% and 8.8% in "Sugarcane" and "Other agriculture", attributable to favourable climatic conditions.
- (ii) No growth was registered in **Mining and quarrying** in 2008 compared to a decline of 9.1% in 2007.

Secondary sector

Activities in the secondary sector grew further by 5.0% in 2008, same as in 2007. Within the sector,

(i) **Manufacturing** grew by 3.2% in 2008 compared to 2.2% in 2007. The performances of its sub sectors were as follows:

Sugar milling a growth of 3.7% in 2008 based on a sugar production of

452,062 tonnes, compared to a decline of 13.6% in 2007 based

on a production of 435,972 tonnes.

Food a growth of 7.5% compared to 4.0% in 2007.

Textile no growth in 2008 compared to 8.5% registered in 2007.

Activities of export oriented enterprises grew by 3.6% in 2008 lower than the growth of 8.0% in 2007.

- (ii) **Electricity, gas and water supply** grew by 4.0% higher than the 3.4% growth in 2007.
- (iii) After a growth of 15.2% in 2007, Construction grew further by 11.1%, mainly attributable to the construction of commercial and office buildings, hotels and projects under the Integrated Resort Scheme.

Tertiary sector

The tertiary sector grew by 5.7% in 2008, lower than the 6.7% growth in 2007. All the services industries recorded increases in activities during the year.

- (i) Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motor cycles, personal and household goods grew by 4.6%, slightly higher than the 4.5% growth recorded in 2007.
- (ii) **Hotels and restaurants** grew by 2.7%, lower than the growth of 14.0% in 2007. This is based on 930,456 tourist arrivals in 2008 compared to 906,971 in 2007. Tourist earnings were estimated at R 41,213 million compared to R 40,687 million in 2007.
- (iii) Transport, storage and communications grew by 6.2%, lower than the 7.7% growth in 2007.
- (iv) **Financial intermediation** grew by 10.1%, higher than the 7.5% growth in 2007. The 10.1% growth was due to growths of 5.0%, 12.9% and 7.0% in insurance, banks and other financial intermediation activities respectively.
- (v) Real estate, renting and business activities grew by 7.6% as in 2007.
- (vi) Activities of **Public administration and defence**; **compulsory social security** registered a growth of 1.7% higher than the 0.5% growth in 2007.
- (vii) **Education**, which includes services provided by both public and private operators, grew by 3.4% in 2008, higher than the 2.5% growth in 2007.
- (viii) **Health and social work** grew by 4.6% as in 2007.
- (ix) Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons grew by 8.3% in 2008, slightly higher than the 8.0% growth registered in 2007.
- (x) Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured (FISIM) grew by 10.4% compared to 7.5% in 2007.

2.3 Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product

2.3.1 Final consumption expenditure

Total final consumption expenditure increased by 18.0% to reach R 231,849 million in 2008 from R 196,533 million in 2007. The real growth rate worked out to 6.0% compared to 3.9% in 2007, the result of a higher growth in the final consumption expenditure of households and a decline in that of general government (Table 2.9& 2.10). Final consumption expenditure of households which represents 84.9% of the

total grew by 7.0% compared to 4.5% in 2007, while that of general government fell by 0.1% compared to a growth of 0.8% growth in 2007.

2.3.2 Investment (GDFCF)

Investment in 2008 reached R 64,893 million compared to R 59,170 million in 2007, representing a nominal increase of 9.7% (Table 2.9). After removing the price effect estimated at 6.3%, investment in real terms grew by 3.2% in 2008, lower than the high growth of 8.6% registered in 2007. Exclusive of the acquisition of aircraft and marine vessel, the growth rate worked out to 6.7% compared to 17.0% in 2007 (Table 2.13)

Investment rate, measured by the ratio of investment to GDP at market prices worked out to 24.5% in 2008, lower than the 2007 figure of 25.1% (Table 2.2).

Exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel, the rate for 2008 worked out to 24.3% compared to 24.1% for 2007.

Investment by type

"Building and construction work" continued to grow at a high rate of 13.4% in 2008, though lower than the growth of 16.9% registered in 2007. The 13.4% growth was due to growths of 18.7%, 12.2% and 8.1% in "Residential building", "Non-residential building" and "Other construction work" respectively.

Investment in "Machinery and equipment" declined by 11.6% in 2008 after a slight decrease of 1.0% in 2007. This is mainly explained by lower investment in machinery and equipment (including aircraft) by the public sector in 2008. Excluding investment on aircraft and marine vessel, the growth rate worked out to 4.1% in 2008 compared to 17.2% in 2007 (Table 2.12 & 2.13).

Investment by sector

Private sector investment in 2008 was estimated at R 53,713 million representing a nominal increase of 16.1% over the 2007 figure of R 46,261 million. In real terms, it grew by 9.1% compared to 24.0% in 2007. The 9.1% growth is mostly attributable to investment in commercial and office buildings, hotels and IRS projects.

Public sector investment decreased by 13.4% in nominal terms to R 11,180 million in 2008 from R 12,909 million in 2007. In real terms, it fell by 18.0% in 2008 compared to a decline of 24.7% in 2007, mainly as a result of lower investment in machinery and equipment (including aircraft) and in infrastructure projects. However, excluding aircraft and marine vessel, the real growth of public sector investment was 1.8% in 2008 compared to a decline of 7.4% in 2007.

The share of private sector investment increased to 82.8% in 2008 from 78.2% in 2007 and that of the public sector decreased to 17.2 from 21.8%. Excluding the acquisition and sale of aircraft and marine vessel, the share of private sector investment was 82.6% and that of the public sector 17.4% compared to 82.0% and 18.0% respectively in 2007 (Table 2.2).

2.3.2 Imports and export of goods and services

Imports of goods and services for 2008 are estimated at R 179,490 million compared to R 162,867 million in 2007, representing an increase of 10.2% in nominal terms mostly explained by higher import prices of food and petroleum products (Table 2.9)

In real terms, imports of goods and services grew by 1.9% in 2008 compared to 2.1% in 2007. Imports of goods measured on an f.o.b. basis grew by 1.6% as opposed to a decline of 1.3% in 2007, while imports of services, which include insurance and freight paid in respect of imported goods, grew by 2.5% compared to 10.9% in 2007 (Table 2.10).

Exports of goods and services increased by 1.5% to R 140,614 million in 2008 from R 138,530 million in 2007. In real terms, this represents a growth of 2.6%. Exports of goods measured on an f.o.b.

basis grew by 2.5% in 2008 as opposed to a decline of 10.6% in 2007, mostly as a result of higher volume of exports of fish products and other manufactured goods except textiles and wearing apparel. Exports of services registered a low growth of 2.6% compared to 23.1% in 2007, mainly due to a low growth in tourist earnings in 2008 (Table 2.9 & 2.10)

Net exports of goods and services resulted in a deficit of R 38,876 million in 2008, higher than the deficit of R 24,337 million registered in 2007. This represents 14.7% of GDP at market prices in 2008 compared to 10.3% in 2007 (Table 2.1 & 2.2).

Exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel, the deficit worked out to R 38,276 million, representing 14.5% of GDP at market prices, compared to R 21,822 million or 9.3% of GDP in 2007.

2.4 GDP at market prices by category of income

In 2008, the share of the three components of GDP at market prices was as follows:

Compensation of employees 36.2%

Taxes net of subsidies on production and imports 12.7%

Gross operating surplus 51.1%

Compensation of employees reached R 95,927 million in 2008, representing a nominal increase of 14.4% over the R 83,835 million estimated in 2007. Gross operating surplus which accounted for around half of GDP at market prices increased by 11.8% to R 135,292 million in 2008 from R 121,002 million in 2007 while taxes (net of subsidies) on production and imports increased by 9.7% to R 33,635 million from R 30,656 million (Table 2.8).

2.5 Gross National Disposable Income and Saving

Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI), which in addition to GDP at market prices takes into account flows of primary income comprising mostly interests and dividends (+ R 4,898 million) and transfers (+ R 6,250 million) from and to the rest of the world, was estimated at R 276,002 million in 2008.

Out of the R 276,002 million available, R 231,849 million or 84.0% were spent as final consumption by households and general government. The remaining R 44,153 million or 16.0% constituted the Gross National Saving (GNS). The saving rate as measured by the ratio of Gross National Saving to GDP at market prices worked out to 16.7% (Table 2.8).

In 2007, GNDI was estimated at R 246,397 million, and GNS at R 49,864 million representing 20.2% of GNDI. The saving rate worked out to 21.2%. It is to be noted that, as from 2007, GNDI includes investment income from offshore activities of banks and is therefore not strictly comparable with figures prior to 2007.

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Symbols

The following symbols are used throughout:

- : Not applicable or nil

... : Not available

Abbreviations

R : Rupees

RM: Rupees Million

000 : Thousand

M-tons : Metric tons: 1,000 kilos

H-Litres : Hectolitres: 100 litres

No. : Number

E.O.E. : Export Oriented Enterprises

ISIC : International standard industrial

classification of all economic

activities

C.I.F. : Cost, insurance, freight

F.O.B. : Free on board

Exchange rate

Conversion rate to Special Drawing Rights (S.D.R.):

1 S.D.R.: 7.713759 Mauritian Rupees up to 23rd October, 1979

1 S.D.R.: 10.00 Mauritian Rupees as from 24th October, 1979

1 S.D.R.: 12.00 Mauritian Rupees as from 28th September, 1981.

On the 28th February, 1983, the Mauritian Rupee was delinked from the S.D.R. and linked to a trade-weighted basket of currencies.

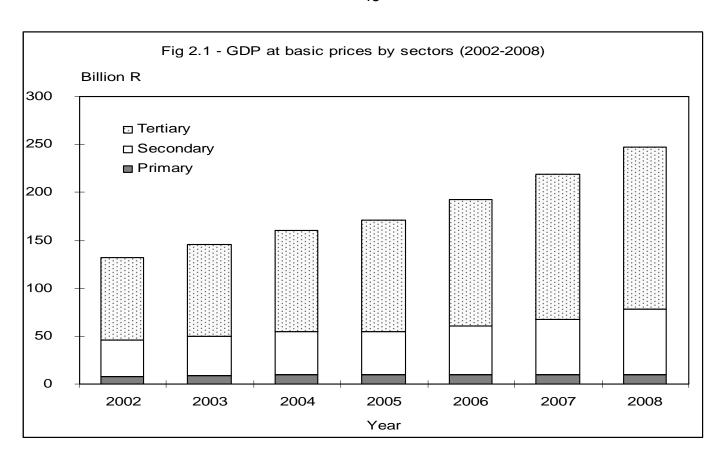
SECTION 3 - MAIN TABLES

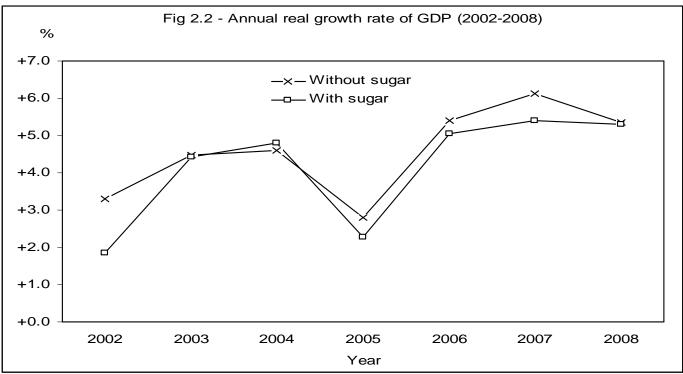
Table 2.1 - Main National Accounts aggregates, 2005 - 2008

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices	1			2007 ¹	2008 ¹
0.000 2000 (02 / a p	R M	162,171	182,009	206,943	233,653
2. Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	R M	23,177	24,319	28,549	31,201
3. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices	R M	185,348	206,328	235,492	264,854
4. Net primary income from the rest of the world	R M	-239	+1,633	+7,023	+4,898
5. Gross National Income (GNI)					
at basic prices	R M	161,932	183,642	213,966	238,551
at market prices	R M	185,109	207,961	242,515	269,752
6. Net transfer from the rest of the world	R M	+1,797	+2,269	+3,882	+6,250
7. Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	R M	186,906	210,230	246,397	276,002
8. Per capita GNI					
at basic prices	R	130,219	146,563	169,721	187,857
at market prices	R	148,857	165,972	192,366	212,427
9. Per capita GDP					
at basic prices	R	130,411	145,260	164,150	184,000
at market prices	R	149,049	164,669	186,796	208,570
10. Compensation of employees	R M	68,867	74,575	83,835	95,927
11. Final consumption expenditure	R M	154,717	174,846	196,533	231,849
Households	R M	127,349	145,491	165,790	196,929
General Government	R M	27,368	29,355	30,743	34,920
Actual final consumption expenditure	R M	154,717	174,846	196,533	231,849
Households	R M	138,495	157,616	178,656	211,656
General Government	R M	16,222	17,230	17,877	20,193
12. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF)	R M	39,731	50,048	59,170	64,893
Private sector	R M	27,973	34,177	46,261	53,713
Public sector	R M	11,758	15,871	12,909	11,180
13. Gross National Saving (GNS)	R M	32,189	35,384	49,864	44,153
14. Net exports of goods & services	RM	-11,127	-23,301	-24,337	-38,876
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	RM	-11,007	-17,626	-21,822	-38,276
Exports of goods & services	R M	110,940	127,128	138,530	140,614
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	RM	110,940	125,978	138,315	140,614
Imports of goods & services	R M	122,067	150,429	162,867	179,490
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	RM	121,947	143,604	160,137	178,890

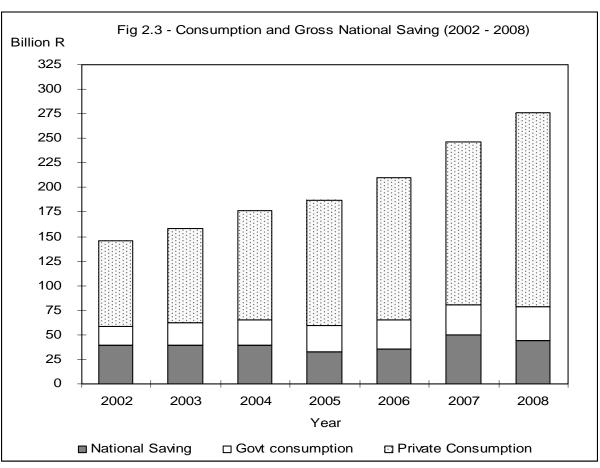
Table 2.2 - Growth rates and ratios, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1. Annual real growth rate of:				
(i) Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices	+2.3	+5.1	+5.4	+5.3
exclusive of sugar	+2.8	+5.4	+6.1	+5.4
(ii) Final consumption expenditure	+7.1	+5.5	+3.9	+6.0
Households	+7.3	+5.9	+4.5	+7.0
General Government	+6.1	+3.8	+0.8	+0.7
(iii) Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF)	-1.9	+19.0	+8.6	+3.2
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	-1.6	+5.5	+17.0	+6.7
(iv) Private sector investment	-0.3	+15.1	+24.0	+9.1
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	-0.8	+15.2	+24.5	+7.8
(v) Public sector investment	-5.4	+28.3	-24.7	-18.0
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	-3.6	-17.5	-7.4	+1.8
2. Ratios				
(i) Compensation of employees as a % of GDP at basic prices	42.5	41.0	40.5	41.1
(ii) Final consumption expenditure as a % of GDP at market prices	83.5	84.7	83.5	87.6
Households	68.7	70.5	70.4	74.4
General Government	14.8	14.2	13.1	13.2
(iii) Investment (GDFCF) as a % of GDP at market prices	21.4	24.3	25.1	24.5
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	21.4	21.5	24.1	24.3
(iv) Private sector investment as a % of GDP at market prices	15.1	16.6	19.6	20.3
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	15.1	16.5	19.8	20.1
(v) Public sector investment as a % of GDP at market prices	6.3	7.7	5.5	4.2
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	6.3	5.0	4.3	4.2
(vi) Private sector investment as a % of GDFCF	70.4	68.3	78.2	82.8
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	70.3	76.7	82.0	82.6
(vii) Public sector investment as a % of GDFCF	29.6	31.7	21.8	17.2
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	29.7	23.3	18.0	17.4
(viii) Gross National Saving (GNS) as a % of GNDI	17.2	16.8	20.2	16.0
(ix) Gross National Saving (GNS) as a % of GDP at market prices	17.4	17.1	21.2	16.7
(x) Net exports of goods & services as a % of GDP at market prices	-6.0	-11.3	-10.3	-14.7
exclusive of aircraft and marine vessel	-5.9	-8.5	-9.3	-14.5
(+) surplus / (-) deficit				





Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
With sugar	1.8	4.4	4.8	2.3	5.1	5.4	5.3
Without Sugar	3.3	4.5	4.6	2.8	5.4	6.1	5.4



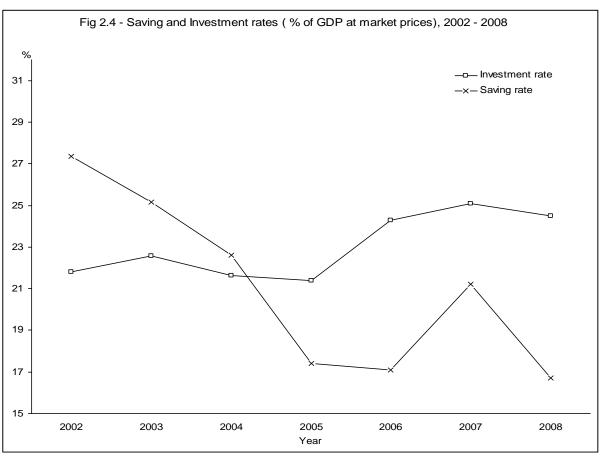


Table 2.3 - Gross Domestic Product by industry group at current basic prices, 2005 - 2008

				, ,
	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	9,790	10,130	9,834	10,054
Sugarcane	5,212	5,137	4,620	4,373
Other	4,578	4,993	5,214	5,681
Mining and quarrying	88	101	96	101
Manufacturing	32,187	36,356	41,075	46,888
Sugar	1,609	1,586	1,426	1,350
Food (excluding sugar)	8,310	10,137	12,300	16,560
Textile	10,885	11,974	13,435	12,644
Other	11,383	12,659	13,914	16,334
Electricity, gas and water supply	3,355	3,521	3,668	4,759
Construction	9,099	10,205	13,145	16,216
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,				
motorcycles, personal and household goods	19,571	22,534	25,598	28,840
Wholesale and retail trade	18,446	21,246	24,137	27,120
Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	1,125	1,288	1,461	1,720
Hotels and restaurants	12,423	15,500	19,517	20,048
Transport, storage and communications	20,447	22,169	24,727	26,056
Financial intermediation	16,766	18,850	21,607	25,410
Insurance	4,675	5,154	5,700	6,300
Banks	10,141	11,477	13,317	16,200
Other	1,950	2,219	2,590	2,910
Real estate, renting and business activities	16,609	19,071	22,615	26,886
Owner occupied dwellings	8,177	9,102	10,675	12,326
Other	8,432	9,969	11,940	14,560
Public administration and defence; compulsory social				
security	11,460	12,199	12,674	14,618
Education	7,780	8,440	9,110	10,443
Health and social work	5,580	6,266	6,824	7,909
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	6,007	6,784	7,981	9,424.58
FISIM	-8,991	-10,117	-11,528	-14,000
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	162,171	182,009	206,943	233,653
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	23,177	24,319	28,549	31,201
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	185,348	206,328	235,492	264,854
Export oriented enterprises ²	12,108	13,694	15,584	15,945

^{1/} Revised

^{2/} Export Oriented Enterprises (EOE) comprise enterprises formerly operating with an export certificate and those export manufacturing enterprises holding a registration certificate issued by the Board of Investment.

Table 2.4 - Percentage Distribution of Gross Domestic Product by industry group at current basic prices, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	6.0	5.5	4.8	4.3
Sugarcane	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.9
Other	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	19.8	20.1	19.8	20.1
Sugar	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6
Food (excluding Sugar)	5.1	5.6	5.9	7.1
Textile	6.7	6.6	6.5	5.4
Other	7.0	7.0	6.7	7.0
Electricity, gas and water supply	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.0
Construction	5.6	5.6	6.4	6.9
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	12.1	12.4	12.4	12.3
Wholesale and retail trade	11.4	11.7	11.7	11.6
Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Hotels and restaurants	7.7	8.5	9.4	8.6
Transport, storage and communications	12.6	12.1	11.9	11.2
Financial intermediation	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.9
Insurance	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7
Banks	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.9
Other	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2
Real estate, renting and business activities	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.5
Owner occupied dwellings	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3
Other	5.2	5.5	5.7	6.2
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	7.1	6.7	6.1	6.3
Education	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.5
Health and social work Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4
persons	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0
FISIM	-5.5	-5.6	-5.6	-6.0
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Export oriented enterprises	7.4	7.5	7.5	6.8

Table 2.5 - Gross Domestic Product by industry group - sectoral real growth rates (% change over previous year), 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-5.4	+0.6	-7.4	+6.4
Sugarcane	-9.2	-2.9	-13.6	+3.7
Other	-1.1	+4.5	-1.1	+8.8
Mining and quarrying	-3.6	+9.1	-9.1	0.0
Manufacturing	-5.5	+4.0	+2.2	+3.2
Sugar	-9.2	-2.9	-13.6	+3.7
Food (excluding Sugar)	+2.1	+9.6	+4.0	+7.5
Textile	-14.7	+2.9	+8.5	0.0
Other	+0.4	+1.8	-3.1	+2.4
Electricity, gas and water supply	+3.8	+4.0	+3.4	+4.0
Construction	-4.4	+5.2	+15.2	+11.1
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+5.6	+5.5	+4.5	+4.6
Wholesale and retail trade	+5.5	+5.4	+4.4	+4.5
Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+8.0	+7.0	+6.7	+7.0
Hotels and restaurants	+5.6	+3.5	+14.0	+2.7
Transport, storage and communications	+7.7	+7.4	+7.7	+6.2
Financial intermediation	+5.4	+7.0	+7.5	+10.1
Insurance	+5.0	+5.0	+5.1	+5.0
Banks	+4.8	+7.1	+7.9	+12.9
Other	+9.5	+11.0	+11.2	+7.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	+6.5	+6.5	+7.6	+7.6
Owner occupied dwellings	+4.8	+4.4	+4.9	+4.0
Other	+8.1	+8.5	+10.0	+10.8
Public administration and defence; compulsory social				
security	+5.3	+4.0	+0.5	+1.7
Education	+6.1	+4.1	+2.5	+3.4
Health and social work	+6.2	+7.9	+4.6	+4.6
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+7.2	+6.5	+8.0	+8.3
FISIM	+7.3	+6.9	+7.5	+10.4
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	+2.3	+5.1	+5.4	+5.3
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices exc. sugar	+2.8	+5.4	+6.1	+5.4
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	-5.5	-3.8	+5.5	-0.8
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	+1.2	+3.9	+5.4	+4.6

-12.3

+4.6

+3.6

+8.0

Export oriented enterprises

Table 2.6 - Contribution of industry groups to GDP growth, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-0.3	+0.0	-0.4	+0.3
Sugarcane	-0.3	-0.1	-0.4	+0.1
Other	0.0	+0.1	0.0	+0.2
Mining and quarrying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	-1.2	+0.8	+0.4	+0.6
Sugar	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Food (excluding Sugar)	+0.1	+0.5	+0.2	+0.4
Textile	-1.2	+0.2	+0.5	0.0
Other	0.0	+0.1	-0.2	+0.2
Electricity, gas and water supply	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1
Construction	-0.3	+0.3	+0.8	+0.7
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+0.7	+0.7	+0.6	+0.6
Wholesale and retail trade	+0.6	+0.6	+0.5	+0.5
Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1
Hotels and restaurants	+0.4	+0.3	+1.2	+0.2
Transport, storage and communications	+1.0	+0.9	+0.9	+0.7
Financial intermediation	+0.5	+0.7	+0.8	+1.0
Insurance	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1
Banks	+0.3	+0.5	+0.5	+0.8
Other	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1
Real estate, renting and business activities	+0.6	+0.7	+0.8	+0.8
Owner occupied dwellings	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2
Other	+0.4	+0.5	+0.6	+0.6
Public administration and defence; compulsory social				
security	+0.4	+0.3	0.0	+0.1
Education	+0.3	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1
Health and social work	+0.2	+0.3	+0.2	+0.2
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+0.3	+0.2	+0.3	+0.3
FISIM	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.6
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	+2.3	+5.1	+5.4	+5.3

Export oriented enterprises	-1.1	+0.3	+0.6	+0.3

Table 2.7 - Gross Domestic Product by industry group - sectoral deflators (% change over previous year), 2005 - 2008

(% change over previous year), 2005 - 2008			1	2000 1
	2005	2006	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	+5.3	+2.9	+4.9	-3.9
Sugarcane	+9.1	+1.5	+4.1	-8.7
Other	+1.3	+4.4	+5.6	+0.1
Mining and quarrying	+4.7	+5.5	+5.0	+5.0
Manufacturing	+6.6	+8.7	+10.5	+10.6
Sugar	+9.1	+1.5	+4.1	-8.7
Food exc Sugar	+11.8	+11.3	+16.7	+25.2
Textiles	+3.9	+6.9	+3.4	-5.9
Other	+5.5	+9.2	+13.4	+14.6
Electricity, gas and water supply	-8.9	+0.9	+0.8	+24.7
Construction	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+6.9	+9.1	+8.7	+7.7
Wholesale and retail trade	+6.9	+9.3	+8.8	+7.5
Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+6.6	+7.0	+6.3	+10.0
Hotels and restaurants	+4.1	+20.6	+10.5	+0.1
Transport, storage and communications	-3.5	+1.0	+3.6	-0.8
Financial intermediation	+6.9	+5.1	+6.6	+6.8
Insurance	+6.0	+5.0	+5.2	+5.3
Banks	+7.6	+5.7	+7.5	+7.8
Other	+5.7	+2.5	+5.0	+5.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	+6.3	+7.8	+10.2	+10.5
Owner occupied dwellings	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
Other	+5.0	+9.0	+8.9	+10.1
Public administration and defence; compulsory social		•	• •	40.4
security	+2.9	+2.3	+3.4	+13.4
Education	+3.5	+4.2	+5.3	+10.9
Health and social work	+3.3	+4.1	+4.1	+10.8
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+4.0	+6.0	+8.9	+9.0
FISIM	+7.2	+5.3	+6.0	+10.0
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	+4.0	+6.8	+7.9	+7.2
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	+5.8	+9.1	+11.3	+10.2
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	+4.3	+7.1	+8.3	+7.6
Export oriented enterprises	+5.1	+8.1	+5.4	-1.2

Table 2.8 - National Disposable Income and its appropriation at current prices, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Compensation of employees	68,867	74,575	83,835	95,927
of which paid by General Government	17,826	18,819	19,431	22,625
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	162,171	182,009	206,943	233,653
Taxes (net of subsidies) on production and imports	24,781	26,061	30,656	33,635
Taxes on products ²	24,060	25,255	29,369	32,037
Subsidies on products	(883)	(936)	(820)	(836)
Other taxes on production ³	1,604	1,742	2,107	2,434
Gross operating surplus	91,700	105,692	121,002	135,292
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	185,348	206,328	235,492	264,854
Net primary income from the rest of the world ⁴	-239	+1,633	+7,023	+4898 ⁵
Gross National Income at market prices (GNI)	185,109	207,961	242,515	269,752
Net transfer from the rest of the world ⁴	+1,797	+2,269	+3,882	+6250 ⁶
Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	186,906	210,230	246,397	276,002
Less:Final consumption expenditure	154,717	174,846	196,533	231,849
Households	127,349	145,491	165,790	196,929
General Government	27,368	29,355	30,743	34,920
Gross National Saving (GNS)	32,189	35,384	49,864	44,153
GNS as a % of GNDI	17.2	16.8	20.2	16.0
GNS as a % of GDP at market prices	17.4	17.1	21.2	16.7

1/ Revised

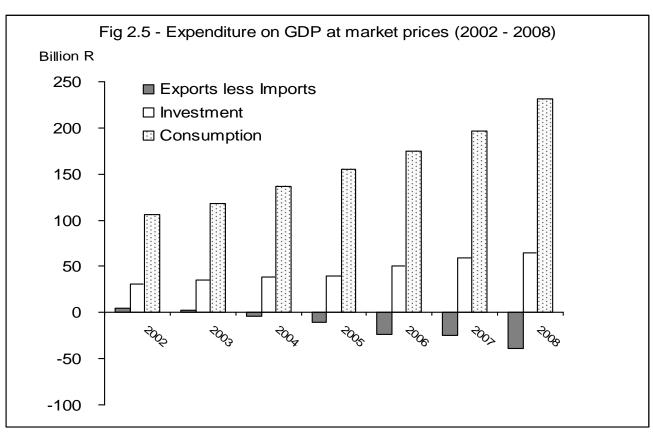
^{2/} include excise duties, import duties and value added tax

^{3/} include road tax, municipal rates, trading licences, etc.

^{4/} Source: Bank of Mauritius

^{5/} Following the integration of domestic and offshore banks, investment income also includes income from offshore activities of banks and hence figures are not strictly comparable to those of previous years

^{6/} include compensation by EU in respect of sugar reforms



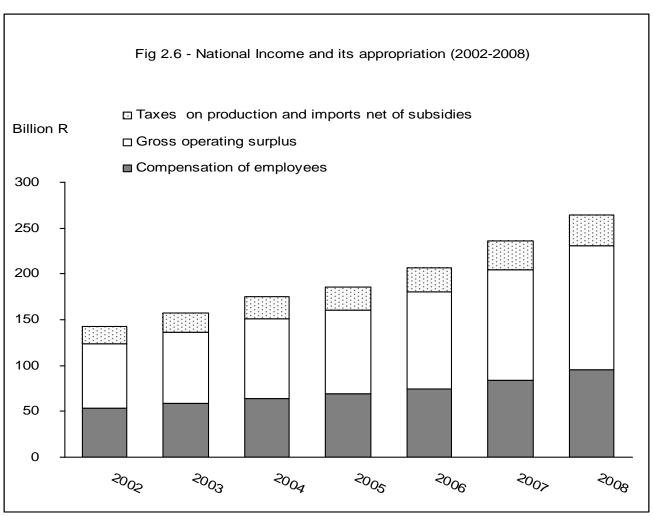


Table 2.9 - Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at current prices, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Final consumption expenditure	154,717	174,846	196,533	231,849
Households	127,349	145,491	165,790	196,929
General government	27,368	29,355	30,743	34,920
Individual	(11,146)	(12,125)	(12,866)	(14,727)
Collective	(16,222)	(17,230)	(17,877)	(20, 193)
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	39,731	50,048	59,170	64,893
Private sector	27,973	34,177	46,261	53,713
Public sector	11,758	15,871	12,909	11,180
Increase in inventories ²	2,027	4,735	4,126	6,988
Exports of goods & services	110,940	127,128	138,530	140,614
Goods (f.o.b)	63,219	74,037	69,708	68,409
Services	47,721	53,091	68,822	72,205
Less Imports of goods & services	122,067	150,429	162,867	179,490
Goods (f.o.b)	86,734	108,569	113,644	124,925
Services	35,333	41,860	49,223	54,565
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	185,348	206,328	235,492	264,854

Table 2.10 - Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at current prices (% distribution), 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Final consumption expenditure	83.5	84.7	83.5	87.5
Households	68.7	70.5	70.4	74.4
General government	14.8	14.2	13.1	13.2
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	21.4	24.3	25.1	24.5
Private sector	15.1	16.6	19.6	20.3
Public sector	6.3	7.7	5.5	4.2
Increase in inventories ²	1.1	2.3	1.8	2.6
Exports of goods & services	59.9	61.6	58.8	53.1
Less Imports of goods & services	-65.9	-72.9	-69.2	-67.8
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{1/} Revised

Please note that the figures do not add up to the totals due to rounding errors

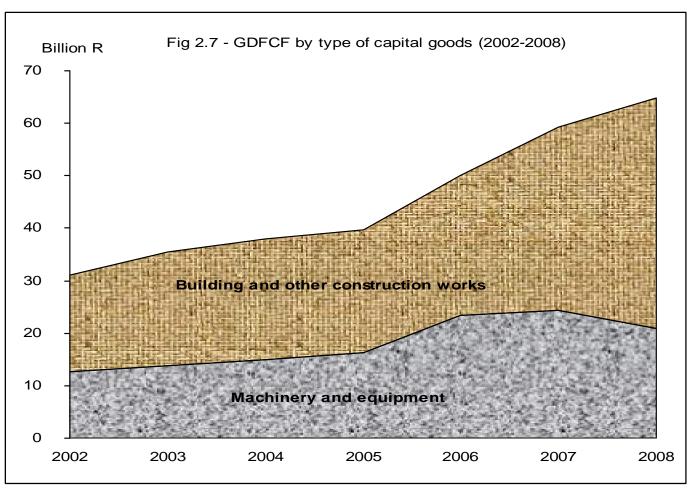
^{2/} includes all statistical discrepancies

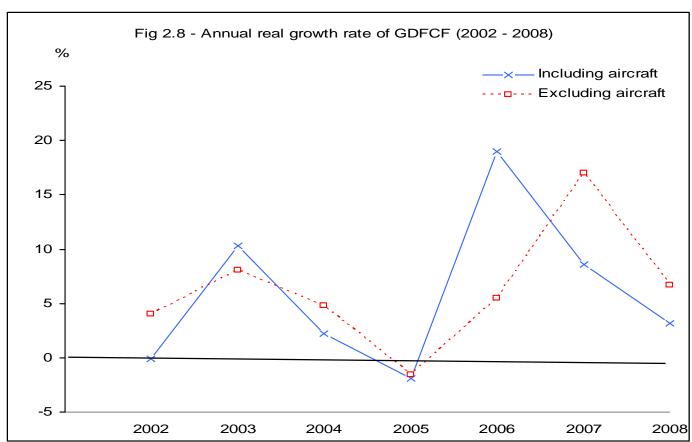
Table 2.11 - Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product - Growth rates (% over previous year), 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
Final consumption expenditure	+ 7.1	+ 5.5	+ 3.9	+ 6.0
Households	+ 7.3	+ 5.9	+ 4.5	+ 7.0
General government	+ 6.1	+ 3.8	+ 0.8	+ 0.7
Individual	+ 4.8	+ 6.0	+ 2.8	+ 1.3
Collective	+ 7.0	+ 2.3	- 0.6	+ 0.3
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	- 1.9	+ 19.0	+ 8.6	+ 3.2
Private sector	- 0.3	+ 15.1	+ 24.0	+ 9.1
Public sector	- 5.4	+ 28.3	- 24.7	- 18.0
Exports of goods & services	+ 10.6	+ 7.7	+ 3.5	+ 2.6
Goods (f.o.b)	+ 8.9	+ 10.1	- 10.6	+ 2.5
Services	+ 13.0	+ 4.6	+ 23.1	+ 2.6
Less Imports of goods & services	+ 6.4	+ 9.3	+ 2.1	+ 1.9
Goods (f.o.b)	+ 5.5	+ 11.1	- 1.3	+ 1.6
Services	+ 8.4	+ 5.1	+ 10.9	+ 2.5

Table 2.12 - Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at current prices by type and use, 2005 - 2008

				(Rmillion)
	2005	2006	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
I - By type of capital goods				
A. Building & construction work	23,489	26,705	34,903	43,941
Residential building	7,628	8,972	10,579	13,944
Non-residential building	9,627	10,666	17,794	22,162
Other construction work	6,234	7,067	6,530	7,835
B. Machinery and equipment	16,242	23,343	24,267	20,952
Aircraft	120	5,675	2,515	0
Marine vessel	0	0	0	600
Passenger car	2,327	2,497	3,406	3,518
Other transport equipment	1,746	1,945	2,433	2,122
Other machinery and equipment	12,049	13,226	15,913	14,712
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	39,731	50,048	59,170	64,893
GDFCF (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	39,611	44,373	56,655	64,293
II - By Industrial use				
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	2,225	2,764	2,508	2,650
Mining and quarrying	0	1	9	29
Manufacturing	5,548	4,819	8,375	6,691
of which EOE	(2,376)	(2,245)	(4,301)	(1,990)
Electricity, gas and water supply	2,750	3,251	2,131	848
Construction	699	938	1,589	1,888
Wholesale & retail trade and repairs	2,736	2,989	4,819	5,499
of which Wholesale and retail trade	(2,657)	(2,914)	(4,534)	(4,105)
Restaurants and hotels	4,193	6,558	10,127	11,920
Transport, storage and communications	4,542	10,566	8,641	6,594
Financial intermediation	1,336	1,665	1,436	1,258
Real estate, renting and business activities	9,509	10,534	13,627	19,357
Owner occupied dwellings	(7,628)	(8,972)	(10,579)	(13,944)
Other Public administration and defence; compulsory social	(1,881)	(1,562)	(3,048)	(4,929)
security	1,975	2,077	1,777	2,680
Education	1,326	1,002	1,106	1,678
Health and social work	543	594	765	1,293
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	2,349	2,290	2,260	2,508
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	39,731	50,048	59,170	64,893
GDFCF as a % of GDP at market prices	21.4	24.3	25.1	24.5





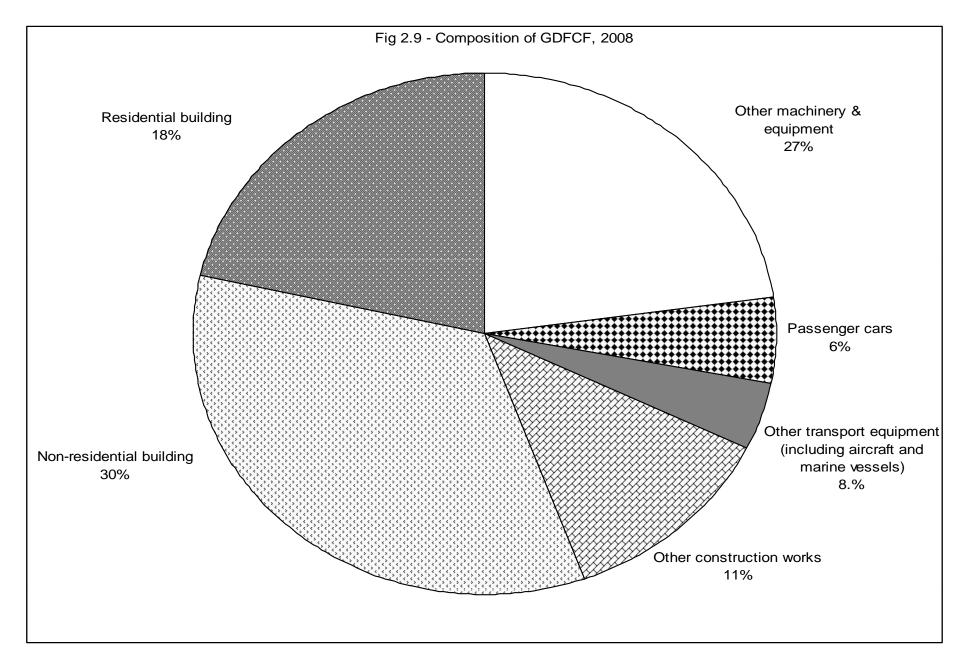


Table 2.13 - Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation - Annual real growth rates (%) by type and use, 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006	2007	2008 ¹
I - By type of capital goods				
A. Building & construction work	- 5.3	+ 6.7	+ 16.9	+ 13.4
Residential building	- 10.5	+ 10.3	+ 5.5	+ 18.7
Non-residential building	- 12.1	+ 3.9	+ 49.2	+ 12.2
Other construction work	+ 16.8	+ 6.3	- 17.4	+ 8.1
B. Machinery and equipment	+ 3.4	+ 36.9	- 1.0	- 11.6
Machinery and equipment(excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	+ 4.2	+ 3.8	+ 17.2	- 4.1
Passenger car	- 14.1	+ 4.2	+ 29.9	+ 2.8
Other transport equipment	+ 2.8	+ 296.5	- 38.2	- 45.3
Other transport equipment(excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	+ 10.1	+ 8.1	+ 19.1	- 13.2
Other machinery and equipment	+ 7.7	+ 3.1	+ 14.6	- 4.2
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	- 1.9	+ 19.0	+ 8.6	+ 3.2
GDFCF (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	- 1.6	+ 5.5	+ 17.0	+ 6.7
II - By Industrial use				
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	+ 56.9	+ 16.8	- 17.0	+ 1.8
Mining and quarrying	- 100.0	-	+ 619.0	+ 213.2
Manufacturing	- 1.8	- 18.2	+ 63.1	- 20.2
of which EOE	- 10.5	- 11.1	+ 78.0	- 53.1
Electricity, gas and water supply	+ 45.8	+ 11.0	- 39.4	- 60.0
Construction	- 10.6	+ 27.1	+ 57.5	+ 13.6
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,				
motor cycles, personal and household goods	+ 3.4	+ 3.7	+ 48.2	+ 7.9
of which wholesale and retail trade	+ 3.9	+ 4.1	+ 42.7	- 16.8
Hotels and restaurants	- 24.5	+ 46.8	+ 39.2	+ 8.0
Transport , storage and communications	+ 5.6	+ 123.2	- 23.2	- 27.0
Financial intermediation	+ 32.8	+ 17.5	- 19.9	- 13.6
Real estate, renting and business activities	- 11.5	+ 4.1	+ 16.5	+ 29.7
Owner occupied dwellings	- 10.5	+ 10.3	+ 5.5	+ 18.7
Other	- 15.5	- 21.0	+ 79.6	+ 51.8
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	- 26.0	- 1.0	- 21.6	+ 43.4
Education	+ 6.1	- 29.1	+ 1.4	+ 42.5
Health and social work	- 25.9	+ 2.8	+ 20.9	+ 61.5
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+ 25.2	- 8.3	- 9.2	+ 6.3
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	- 1.9	+ 19.0	+ 8.6	+ 3.2

Table 2.14 - Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation - Deflators (% over previous year), 2005 - 2008

	2005	2006	2007	2008 ¹
By type of capital goods:				
A. Building & construction work	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
Residential building	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
Non-residential building	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
Other construction work	+7.7	+6.6	+11.8	+11.0
B. Machinery and equipment	+5.0	+5.0	+5.0	-2.3
Passenger car	+5.0	+3.0	+5.0	+0.5
Other transport equipment	+5.0	+3.0	+5.0	+0.5
Other machinery and equipment	+5.0	+6.5	+5.0	-3.5
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	+6.6	+5.8	+8.9	+6.3

¹ revised

Table 2.15 - Composition of Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation by public and private sector at current prices, 2006-2008

		2006			2007			2008 ¹	(R million
	Public ²	Private	Total	Public ²	Private	Total	Public ²	Private	Total
I - By type of capital goods			1			ı			<u>l</u>
A. Building & construction work	6,837	19,868	26,705	5,997	28,906	34,903	7,161	36,780	43,941
Residential building	30	8,942	8,972	25	10,554	10,579	173	13,771	13,944
Non-residential building	2,330	8,336	10,666	2,122	15,672	17,794	2,478	19,684	22,162
Other construction work	4,477	2,590	7,067	3,850	2,680	6,530	4,510	3,325	7,835
B. Machinery and equipment	9,034	14,309	23,343	6,912	17,355	24,267	4,019	16,933	20,952
Passenger car	114	2,383	2,497	129	3,277	3,406	268	3,250	3,518
Other transport equipment	5,916	1,704	7,620	2,954	1,994	4,948	580	2,142	2,722
Other machinery and equipment	3,004	10,222	13,226	3,829	12,084	15,913	3,171	11,541	14,712
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	15,871	34,177	50,048	12,909	46,261	59,170	11,180	53,713	64,893
II - By Industrial use									
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	361	2,403	2,764	233	2,275	2,508	96	2,554	2,650
Mining and quarrying	0	1	1	0	9	9	29	0	29
Manufacturing	9	4,810	4,819	13	8,362	8,375	34	6,657	6,691
of which EOE	0	2,245	2,245	0	4,301	4,301	0	1,990	1,990
Electricity, gas and water supply	944	2,307	3,251	967	1,164	2,131	787	61	848
Construction	14	924	938	7	1,582	1,589	10	1,878	1,888
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,									
motor cycles, personal and household goods	450	2,539	2,989	334	4,485	4,819	137	5,362	5,499
of which Wholesale and retail trade	450	2,464	2,914	334	4,200	4,534	137	3,968	4,105
Hotels and restaurants	0	6,558	6,558	1	10,126	10,127	0	11,920	11,920
Transport, storage and communications	8,336	2,230	10,566	6,662	1,979	8,641	4,106	2,488	6,594
Financial intermediation	889	776	1,665	765	671	1,436	506	752	1,258
Real estate, renting and business activities	389	10,145	10,534	54	13,573	13,627	213	19,144	19,357
Owner occupied dwellings	30	8,942	8,972	25	10,554	10,579	173	13,771	13,944
Other	358	1,203	1,562	29	3,019	3,048	40	4,889	4,929
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	2,077	0	2,077	1,777	0	1,777	2,680	0	2,680
Education	724	278	1,002	814	292	1,106	1,016	662	1,678
Health and social work	209	385	594	211	554	765	214	1,079	1,293
Other community, social and personal service activities and									
rivate households with employed persons	1,469	821	2,290	1,071	1,189	2,260	1,352	1,156	2,508
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	15,871	34,177	50,048	12,909	46,261	59,170	11,180	53,713	64,893

¹ revised

² includes central government, local government and parastatal bodies

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Table 2.16 - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

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	ı					(R million)
			20	05		
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	14,398.3	4,608.4	9,789.9	100.1	3,819.7	5,870.1
Sugar cane	7,321.8	2,110.0	5,211.8	23.6	2,150.0	3,038.2
Foodcrops,fruits and flowers	1,910.0	429.3	1,480.7	6.6	278.0	1,196.1
Livestock & poultry	2,706.9	1,423.8	1,283.1	6.5	230.8	1,046.0
Fishing	666.3	259.2	407.1	40.5	140.5	226.0
Other	1,793.3	386.1	1,407.2	23.0	1,020.4	363.8
Mining and quarrying	110.3	22.3	88.0	-	25.2	62.8
Manufacturing	88,696.8	56,509.6	32,187.2	187.0	13,965.0	18,035.2
Sugar milling	10,625.0	9,016.0	1,609.0	-	550.0	1,059.0
EPZ products	32,090.5	19,983.0	12,107.5	94.0	7,150.0	4,863.5
Other	45,981.3	27,510.6	18,470.7	93.0	6,265.0	12,112.7
Electricity, gas and water supply	8,993.3	5,638.2	3,355.1	1.8	1,016.0	2,337.3
Construction	24,465.0	15,366.0	9,099.0	24.0	4,471.0	4,604.0
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,						
motor cycles, personal and household goods	26,698.0	7,127.0	19,571.0	270.0	5,871.0	13,430.0
Wholesale and retail trade	24,968.0	6,522.0	18,446.0	265.0	5,533.0	12,648.0
Other	1,730.0	605.0	1,125.0	5.0	338.0	782.0
Hotels and restaurants	21,179.3	8,756.3	12,423.0	195.0	3,500.0	8,728.0
Transport, storage & communications	41,323.9	20,877.1	20,446.8	426.0	7,671.0	12,349.8
Transport & storage	32,791.8	18,577.9	14,213.9	315.2	6,323.0	7,575.7
Communications	8,532.1	2,299.2	6,232.9	110.8	1,348.0	4,774.1

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Table 2.16 (cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

	2005					
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Financial Intermediation	21,899.8	5,133.8	16,766.0	25.5	3,727.0	13,013.5
Insurance	7,151.6	2,476.6	4,675.0	8.5	750.0	3,916.5
Banks	12,370.0	2,229.0	10,141.0	13.5	2,255.0	7,872.5
Other	2,378.2	428.2	1,950.0	2.5	722.0	1,225.5
Real estate, renting and business activities	21,988.0	5,379.0	16,609.0	323.0	3,312.0	12,974.0
Owner occupied dwellings	9,277.0	1,100.0	8,177.0	263.0	-	7,914.0
Other	12,711.0	4,279.0	8,432.0	60.0	3,312.0	5,060.0
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	15,446.0	3,986.0	11,460.0	-	9,580.0	1,880.0
Education	8,855.7	1,076.0	7,779.7	-	5,626.9	2,152.8
Health and social work	7,012.4	1,432.4	5,580.0	-	3,612.5	1,967.5
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	7,626.3	1,619.3	6,007.0	51.5	2,669.5	3,286.1
FISIM	-	8,991.0	-8,991.0	-	-	-8,991.0
Total	308,693.1	146,522.4	162,170.7	1,603.9	68,866.8	91,700.0

Table 2.16 (cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

			20	06		(K IIIIIIOII)
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	14,942.2	4,812.4	10,129.8	125.2	4,000.7	6,003.9
Sugar cane	7,191.2	2,054.6	5,136.6	21.5	2,300.0	2,815.1
Foodcrops,fruits and flowers	2,262.8	494.7	1,768.1	7.7	271.2	1,489.2
Livestock & poultry	2,922.9	1,559.5	1,363.4	7.7	235.0	1,120.7
Fishing	657.6	237.6	420.0	45.9	140.5	233.6
Other	1,907.7	466.0	1,441.7	42.4	1,054.0	345.3
Mining and quarrying	128.1	27.0	101.1	-	27.8	73.3
Manufacturing	100,517.0	64,161.0	36,356.0	152.8	14,420.0	21,783.2
Sugar milling	10,476.0	8,890.0	1,586.0	-	575.0	1,011.0
EPZ products	37,572.0	23,878.0	13,694.0	77.8	7,328.0	6,288.2
Other	52,469.0	31,393.0	21,076.0	75.0	6,517.0	14,484.0
Electricity, gas and water supply	10,593.2	7,072.7	3,520.5	2.0	960.0	2,558.5
Construction	27,055.0	16,850.0	10,205.0	24.6	4,979.0	5,201.4
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,						
motor cycles, personal and household goods	30,860.0	8,326.0	22,534.0	303.2	6,760.1	15,470.7
Wholesale and retail trade	28,880.0	7,634.0	21,246.0	297.2	6,373.7	14,575.1
Other	1,980.0	692.0	1,288.0	6.0	386.4	895.6
Hotels and restaurants	26,241.4	10,741.2	15,500.2	248.0	4,330.0	10,922.2
Transport, storage & communications	46,566.0	24,397.1	22,168.9	423.0	7,993.0	13,752.9
Transport & storage	36,651.3	21,620.0	15,031.3	312.7	6,457.3	8,261.3
Communications	9,914.7	2,777.1	7,137.6	110.0	1,535.7	5,491.9

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Table 2.16 (cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

			20	06		(R million)
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Financial Intermediation	24,590.3	5,740.3	18,850.0	24.9	4,142.0	14,683.1
Insurance	7,884.4	2,730.4	5,154.0	8.6	876.0	4,269.4
Banks	13,999.6	2,522.6	11,477.0	13.7	2,423.0	9,040.3
Other	2,706.3	487.3	2,219.0	2.6	843.0	1,373.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	25,313.0	6,242.0	19,071.0	364.0	3,889.0	14,818.0
Owner occupied dwellings	10,302.0	1,200.0	9,102.0	269.0	-	8,833.0
Other	15,011.0	5,042.0	9,969.0	95.0	3,889.0	5,985.0
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	16,543.0	4,344.0	12,199.0	-	10,122.0	2,077.0
Education	9,669.2	1,229.0	8,440.2	-	5,997.7	2,442.5
Health and social work	7,988.0	1,722.0	6,266.0	-	3,967.0	2,299.0
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	8,615.9	1,831.9	6,784.0	74.3	2,986.7	3,723.0
FISIM	-	10,117.0	-10,117.0	-	-	-10,117.0
Total	349,622.3	167,613.6	182,008.7	1,742.0	74,575.0	105,691.7

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Table 2.16 (Cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

						(R million)
			20	07		
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	14,801.6	4,968.0	9,833.6	136.0	4,060.0	5,637.6
Sugar cane	6,490.3	1,870.3	4,620.0	23.2	2,250.0	2,346.8
Foodcrops,fruits and flowers	2,307.1	510.1	1,797.0	8.4	300.0	1,488.6
Livestock & poultry	3,630.4	1,920.4	1,710.0	8.4	250.0	1,451.6
Fishing	420.3	155.3	265.0	50.0	100.0	115.0
Other	1,953.5	511.9	1,441.6	46.0	1,160.0	235.6
Mining and quarrying	127.2	30.8	96.4	-	31.0	65.4
Manufacturing	106,078.6	65,003.3	41,075.3	176.3	16,396.0	24,503.0
Sugar milling	3,169.6	1,743.3	1,426.3	-	617.0	809.3
EPZ products	43,000.0	27,416.0	15,584.0	89.8	8,340.0	7,154.2
Other	59,909.0	35,844.0	24,065.0	86.5	7,439.0	16,539.5
Electricity, gas and water supply	12,725.6	9,057.2	3,668.4	2.0	1,078.0	2,588.4
Construction	34,847.0	21,702.0	13,145.0	29.1	6,129.0	6,986.9
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motor cycles, personal and household goods	35,131.6	9,533.6	25,598.0	554.3	7,681.0	17,362.7
Wholesale and retail trade	32,884.6	8,747.6	24,137.0	544.0	7,241.0	16,352.0
Other	2,247.0	786.0	1,461.0	10.3	440.0	1,010.7
Hotels and restaurants	33,042.0	13,525.0	19,517.0	240.0	5,450.0	13,827.0
Transport, storage & communications	50,868.0	26,141.0	24,727.0	486.0	9,141.0	15,100.0
Transport & storage	40,214.0	23,325.0	16,889.0	359.3	7,441.0	9,088.7
Communications	10,654.0	2,816.0	7,838.0	126.4	1,700.0	6,011.6

Table 2.16 (cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity, 2005 - 2007

						(K IIIIIIOII)
			20	07		
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Other taxes on production	Compensa- tion of employees	Gross operating surplus
Financial Intermediation	28,245.0	6,638.0	21,607.0	30.2	4,836.0	16,740.8
Insurance	8,770.0	3,070.0	5,700.0	10.4	1,026.0	4,663.6
Banks	16,300.0	2,983.0	13,317.0	16.6	2,800.0	10,500.4
Other	3,175.0	585.0	2,590.0	3.2	1,010.0	1,576.8
Real estate, renting and business activities	30,063.0	7,448.0	22,615.0	372.5	4,624.0	17,618.5
Owner occupied dwellings	11,975.0	1,300.0	10,675.0	279.0	-	10,396.0
Other	18,088.0	6,148.0	11,940.0	93.5	4,624.0	7,222.5
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	16,948.0	4,274.0	12,674.0	-	10,371.0	2,303.0
Education	10,434.0	1,324.0	9,110.0	-	6,409.0	2,701.0
Health and social work	9,023.0	2,199.0	6,824.0	-	4,200.5	2,623.5
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	10,118.5	2,138.0	7,980.5	80.6	3,428.5	4,471.4
FISIM	-	11,528.0	-11,528.0	-	-	-11,528.0
Total	392,453.1	185,509.9	206,943.2	2,107.0	83,835.0	121,001.2

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Table 2.17 - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity for general government, 2005 - 2007

			20	05		(R million)
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers price	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Compensation of employees	Other Taxes on Production	Gross operating surplus
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,263.0	192.0	1,071.0	974.0	-	97.0
Manufacturing	77.0	30.0	47.0	47.0	-	-
Construction	463.0	48.0	415.0	415.0	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	226.0	34.0	192.0	78.0	-	114.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	102.0	40.0	62.0	62.0	-	-
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	15,446.0	3,986.0	11,460.0	9,580.0	-	1,880.0
Education	4,402.0	497.0	3,905.0	3,477.0	-	428.0
Health and social work	4,194.0	880.0	3,314.0	3,143.0	-	171.0
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	74.0	24.0	50.0	50.0	-	-
General Government	26,247.0	5,731.0	20,516.0	17,826.0	-	2,690.0

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Table 2.17 (cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity for general government, 2005 - 2007

			20	06		(R million)
Kind of economic activity	Gross output at basic prices	Intermediate consumption at purchasers price	Gross domestic product at basic prices	Compensation of employees	Other Taxes on Production	Gross operating surplus
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,300.0	212.0	1,088.0	984.0	-	104.0
Manufacturing	66.0	18.0	48.0	48.0	-	0.0
Construction	430.0	43.0	387.0	387.0	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	232.0	34.0	198.0	80.0	-	118.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	111.0	47.0	64.0	64.0	-	-
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	16,543.0	4,344.0	12,199.0	10,122.0	-	2,077.0
Education	4,723.0	586.0	4,137.0	3,674.0	-	463.0
Health and social work	4,680.0	1,074.0	3,606.0	3,415.0	-	191.0
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	71.0	27.0	44.0	44.0	-	-
General Government	28,156.0	6,385.0	21,771.0	18,818.0	-	2,953.0

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Table 2.17 (Cont'd) - Production and generation of income accounts by kind of economic activity for general government, 2005 - 2007

			20	07		(R million)
Kind of economic activity	Gross	Intermediate	Gross domestic	Compensation	Other	Gross
Mind of economic activity	output at	consumption	product	of	Taxes on	operating
	basic prices	at purchasers	at basic	employees	Production	surplus
		price	prices			
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,350.0	227.0	1,122.0	1,007.0	-	115.0
Manufacturing	81.0	31.0	50.0	50.0	-	-
Construction	438.0	46.0	392.0	392.0	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	245.0	35.0	210.0	84.0	-	126.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	112.0	48.0	64.0	64.0	-	-
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	16,948.0	4,274.0	12,674.0	10,371.0	-	2,303.0
Education	4,984.0	601.0	4,383.0	3,856.0	-	527.0
Health and social work	5,235.0	1,459.0	3,776.0	3,560.0	-	216.0
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	75.0	28.0	47.0	47.0	-	-
General Government	29,468.0	6,749.0	22,718.0	19,431.0	-	3,287.0

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Table 2.18 - Contribution of public sector to Gross Domestic Product, 2006 - 2007

			2006					2007		(TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT
Industrial activity		Public secto	r	Private	Grand		Public sector		Private	Grand
	General	Public	Total	sector	Total	General	Public	Total	sector	Total
	Govt	enterprises				Govt	enterprises			
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,088	58	1,146	8,984	10,130	1,122	46	1,168	8,666	9,834
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	101	101	-	-	-	96	96
Manufacturing	48	20	68	36,288	36,356	50	24	74	41,001	41,075
Electricity, gas and water supply	-	2,416	2,416	1,105	3,521	-	2,056	2,056	1,612	3,668
Construction	387	-	387	9,818	10,205	392	-	392	12,753	13,145
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	-	1,260	1,260	21,274	22,534	-	3,153	3,153	22,445	25,598
Hotels and restaurants	-	67	67	15,433	15,500	-	58	58	19,459	19,517
Transport, storage and communications	198	12,086	12,284	9,885	22,169	210	13,418	13,628	11,099	24,727
Financial intermediation	-	3,981	3,981	14,869	18,850	-	4,443	4,443	17,164	21,607
Real estate, renting and business activities	64	499	563	18,508	19,071	64	482	546	22,069	22,615
Public administration and defence: compulsory social security	12,199	-	12,199	-	12,199	12,674	-	12,674	-	12,674
Education	4,137	-	4,137	4,303	8,440	4,383	-	4,383	4,727	9,110
Health and social work	3,606	-	3,606	2,660	6,266	3,776	-	3,776	3,048	6,824
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	44	887	931	5,853	6,784	47	902	949	7,032	7,981
FISIM			-2,267	-7,850	-10,117		•••	-2,496	-9,032	-11,528
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices			40,778	141,231	182,009			44,804	162,139	206,943
As a % of GDP			22.4	77.6	100.0			21.7	78.3	100.0

Table 2.19 - General government current expenditure classified by function and type, 2004-2006

					2004				
Туре		F	inal consumpt	tion expenditu	re			Other current	Total accurant
Function	Compensation of employees	Goods and services	Transfer in kind	Capital consumption	Less sales of goods & services	Total	Subsidies	transfers and property income	Total current disbursements
General public service	3,190.8	1,123.0	-	1492.0 ¹	87.4	5,718.4	-	151.9	5,870.3
Defence	276.2	33.2	-	-	-	309.4	-	-	309.4
Public order and safety	2,980.1	481.3	-	-	124.3	3,337.1	-	9.9	3,347.0
Education	3,706.9	516.4	1,923.0	388.0	208.9	6,325.4	-	247.1	6,572.5
Health	2,884.3	1,137.6	-	163.0	11.7	4,173.2	-	60.4	4,233.6
Social security and welfare	535.8	137.3	-	-	99.0	574.1	-	9,154.4	9,728.5
Housing and community amenities	733.1	631.9	-	218.0	90.0	1,493.0	-	20.0	1,513.0
Recreation, culture and religion	287.9	200.0	-	-	7.5	480.4	-	105.6	586.0
Fuel and energy	16.0	16.5	-	-	-	32.5	-	0.8	33.3
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,140.2	192.6	-	85.0	155.7	1,262.1	26.2	48.3	1,336.6
Construction, mining & manufacturing	210.1	101.7	-	-	63.9	247.9	23.0	4.3	275.2
Transport and communication	306.2	155.8	-	107.0	185.8	383.2	49.0	13.0	445.2
Other economic affairs	391.0	330.2	-	-	15.8	705.4	514.0	11.6	1,231.0
Other functions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6726.2 ²	6,726.2
TOTAL	16,658.6	5,057.5	1,923.0	2,453.0	1,050.0	25,042.1	612.2	16,553.5	42,207.8

¹ including consumption not classified among other functions

² total interests paid exclusive of interests paid to Consolidated Sinking Fund

Table 2.19 - General government current expenditure classified by function and type, 2004-2006

		_	_	_	2005	_			
Туре		F	inal consump	tion expenditur	re			Other current	
Function	Compensation of employees	Goods and services	Transfer in kind	Capital consumption	Less sales of goods & services	Total	Subsidies	transfers and property income	Total current disbursements
General public service	3,581.8	1,926.0	-	1,624.0 ¹	121.0	7,010.8	52.0	159.7	7,222.5
Defence	281.9	47.7	-	-	-	329.6	-	-	329.6
Public order and safety	3,324.6	579.2	-	-	100.0	3,803.8	-	12.0	3,815.8
Education	3,979.8	234.3	2,229.9	428.0	218.0	6,654.0	-	18.6	6,672.6
Health	3,086.5	983.8	-	171.0	11.0	4,230.3	-	57.3	4,287.6
Social security and welfare	424.5	78.5	17.6	-	104.0	416.6	459.1	9,591.1	10,466.8
Housing and community amenities	845.6	737.0	-	256.0	154.0	1,684.6	-	12.0	1,696.6
Recreation, culture and religion	326.7	209.3	-	-	10.0	526.0	-	68.3	594.3
Fuel and energy	14.6	17.1	-	-	-	31.7	-	1.4	33.1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,160.7	171.2	-	97.0	142.0	1,286.9	54.0	85.4	1,426.3
Construction, mining & manufacturing	242.2	168.0	-	-	64.0	346.2	-	2.3	348.5
Transport and communication	305.1	121.7	-	114.0	186.0	354.8	273.9	5.3	634.0
Other economic affairs	379.2	133.4	-	-	17.0	495.6	-	10.7	506.3
Other functions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,608.8 ²	9,608.8
TOTAL	17,953.2	5,407.2	2,247.5	2,690.0	1,127.0	27,170.9	839.0	19,632.9	47,642.8

¹ including consumption not classified among other functions

² total interests paid exclusive of interests paid to Consolidated Sinking Fund

Table 2.19 (cont'd) - General government current expenditure classified by function and type, 2004-2006

					2006				
Туре		ı	Final consumpt	tion expenditure	•			Other current	T
Function	Compensation of employees	Goods and services	Transfer in kind	Capital consumption	Less sales of goods & services	Total	Subsidies	transfers and property income	Total current disbursements
General public service	3,745.2	1,093.2	-	1,777.0 ¹	150.0	6,465.4	142.5	107.3	6,715.2
Defence	295.8	33.1	-	-	-	328.9	-	-	328.9
Public order and safety	3,503.4	645.0	-	-	125.0	4,023.4	-	13.7	4,037.1
Education	4,193.9	612.0	2,405.3	463.0	228.0	7,446.2	-	17.9	7,464.1
Health	3,341.1	1,246.0	-	191.0	13.0	4,765.1	-	70.6	4,835.7
Social security and welfare	630.4	171.6	33.7	-	109.0	726.7	217.0	11,138.5	12,082.2
Housing and community amenities	802.8	784.7	-	300.0	162.0	1,725.5	-	4.7	1,730.2
Recreation, culture and religion	322.0	289.3	-	-	11.0	600.3	-	76.0	676.3
Fuel and energy	16.7	16.5	-	-	-	33.2	-	-	33.2
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,174.1	219.5	-	104.0	133.0	1,364.6	20.3	76.1	1,461.0
Construction, mining & manufacturing	193.2	178.7	-		68.0	303.9	-	0.6	304.5
Transport and communication	327.3	170.3	-	118.0	223.0	392.6	620.1	28.6	1,041.3
Other economic affairs	393.8	483.1	-	-	19.0	857.9	411.3	17.3	1,286.5
Other functions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,579.2 ¹	11,579.2
TOTAL	18,939.7	5,943.0	2,439.0	2,953.0	1,241.0	29,033.7	1,411.2	23,130.5	53,575.4

¹ including consumption not classified among other functions

² total interests paid exclusive of interests paid to Consolidated Sinking Fund

Table 2.20 - Balance of Payments, 2005 - 2007

		T		(R million)
		2005	2006	2007
I.	CURRENT ACCOUNT	-9,569	-19,399	-13,442
A.	Goods and Services	-11,127	-23,301	-24,347
	Goods	-23,515	-34,532	-43,936
	Exports	63,219	74,037	69,708
	Imports	-86,734	-108,569	-113,644
	General Merchandise	-25,569	-36,984	-46,500
	Credit	59,095	68,966	64,265
	Debit	-84,664	-105,950	-110,765
	Goods procured in Ports by Carriers	2,054	2,452	2,564
	Credit	4,124	5,071	5,443
	Debit	-2,070	-2,619	-2,879
	Non-monetary Gold	-364	-361	-505
	Services	12,388	11,231	19,589
	Credit	47,721	53,091	68,822
	Transportation	11,336	11,527	13,455
	Passenger	9,376	9,462	11,220
	Freight	856	857	747
	Other	1,104	1,208	1,488
	Travel	25,704	31,941	40,688
	Business	10,847	11,637	14,088
	Personal	14,857	20,304	26,600
	Other Services Private	10,681	9,623	14,679
	Government	10,408 273	9,365 258	14,321 358
	Debit	-35,333	-41,860	-49,233
	Transportation	-15,428	-16,966	-18,809
	Passenger Freight	-603 -7,296	-648 -8,159	-847 -8,822
	Freight Other	-7,290 -7,529	-8, 159 -8, 159	-0,622 -9,140
	Travel	-8,110	-10,415	-11,133
	Business	-733	-455	-751
	Personal	-7,377	-9,960	-10,382
	Other Services	-11,795	-14,479	-19,291
	Private	-11,656	-14,331	-19,066
	Government	-139	-148	-225
В.	Income	-239	1,633	7,023
	Credit	4,270	11,961	25,456
	Compensation of Employees	18	23	22,430
	Direct Investment Income	135	74	127
	Portfolio Investment Income	101	114	309
	Other Investment Income	4,016	11,750	24,998
	Monetary Authorities	1,379	1,689	2,657
	General Government	-	-	-
	Other	2,637	10,061	22,341
	Debit	-4,509	-10,328	-18,433
	Compensation to Employees	-273	-321	-311
	Direct Investment Income	-991	-2,794	-2,781
	Portfolio Investment Income	-506	-730	-2,012
	Other Investment Income	-2,739	-6,483	-13,329
	Monetary Authorities	-19	-0, 4 03 -17	-13,329
	General Government			-310
		-260	-282	
	Other	-2,460	-6, 184	-13,008

Table 2.20 (cont'd) - Balance of Payments, 2005 - 2007

		2005	2006	(R million) 2007
C.	Current Transfers	1,797	2,269	3,882
	Credit	4,782	5,694	7,803
	Private	4,302	5,146	7,093
	Government	480	548	710
	Debit	-2,985	-3,425	-3,921
	Private	-2,811	-3,234	-3,756
	Government	-174	-191	-165
п.	CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	9,043	10,363	1,883
D.	Capital Account	-52	-83	-51
	Migrants' Transfers	-52	-83	-51
E.	Financial Account	9,095	10,446	1,934
	Direct Investment	-176	3,018	8,800
	Abroad	-1,402	-321	-1,817
	In Mauritius	1,226	3,339	10,617
	Portfolio Investment	-481	-878	1,988
	Assets	-1,235	-3,508	-2,937
	Equity Securities	-1,235	-3,508	-2,937
	Debt Securities	-	-	-
	Liabilities	754	2,630	4,925
	Equity Securities	1,058	1,108	1,531
	Debt Securities	-304	1,522	3,394
	Other Investment	4,864	3,733	5,026
	Assets	-6,777	-11,785	-92,071
	General Government	-	-	-
	Banks	-5,708	-10,804	-88,285
	Other Sectors: Long-term	-	-	-
	Other Sectors: Short-term	-1,069	-981	-3,786
	Liabilities	11,641	15,518	97,097
	General Government	285	-614	1,518
	Banks	183	-176	81,617
	Other Sectors: Long-term	1,014	920	924
	Other Sectors: Short-term	10,159	15,388	13,038
	Reserve Assets	4,888	4,573	-13,880
	Monetary Gold	-	-	-
	Special Drawing Rights	-19	-17	-11
	Reserve Position in the Fund	191	315	171
	Foreign Exchange	4,715	4,275	-14,040
	Other Claims	1	-	-
III.	Net Errors and Omissions	526	9,036	11,559

Note: As from Quarter 3,2005, "Other Income" includes interest income of banks.

As from Quarter 3, 2006, valuation changes are excluded from foreign assets and liabilities transactions of banks. As from 2007, banks' foreign assets and liabilities have been derived using the Depository Corporations Survey.

Source: Bank of Mauritius

CHAPTER 3 ANNUAL NATIONAL ACCOUNTS AGGREGATES 1990 - 2004

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Table 3.1 - Main National Accounts aggregates, 1990-2004

	Unit	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices	R M	33,415	38,094	43,215	49,504	55,728	62,259	70,597	77,724	87,836	93,941	105,206	117,533	125,426	137,588	152,425
2. Taxes (net of subsidies) on products	R M	6,025	6,623	6,965	8,088	8,178	7,987	8,768	10,451	12,206	14,135	15,085	14,613	17,059	19,806	23,172
3. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices	R M	39,440	44,717	50,180	57,592	63,906	70,246	79,365	88,175	100,042	108,076	120,291	132,146	142,485	157,394	175,597
4. Net primary income from the rest of the world	R M	-339	89	171	63	-443	-332	-789	-372	-637	-594	-783	393	396	-833	-390
5. Gross National Income (GNI)																
at basic prices	R M	33,076	38,183	43,386	49,567	55,285	61,927	69,808	77,352	87,199	93,347	104,423	117,926	125,822	136,755	152,035
at market prices	R M	39,101	44,806	50,351	57,655	63,463	69,914	78,576	87,803	99,405	107,482	119,508	132,539	142,881	156,561	175,207
6. Net transfer from the rest of the world	R M	1,248	1,318	1,417	1,792	1,854	1,763	2,079	2,682	2,278	3,616	1,662	1,964	2,739	1,471	1,374
7. Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	R M	40,349	46,124	51,768	59,447	65,317	71,677	80,655	90,485	101,683	111,098	121,170	134,503	145,620	158,032	176,581
8. Per capita GNI																
at basic prices	R	31,240	35,681	40,001	45,162	49,671	55,163	61,550	67,377	75,133	79,414	87,959	98,256	103,943	111,810	123,237
at market prices	R	36,930	41,870	46,423	52,531	57,019	62,277	69,281	76,480	85,650	91,440	100,667	110,434	118,037	128,002	142,020
9. Per capita GDP																
at basic prices	R	31,560	35,598	39,844	45,104	50,069	55,459	62,246	67,701	75,682	79,920	88,620	97,930	103,618	112,491	123,553
at market prices	R	37,251	41,787	46,265	52,473	57,417	62,573	69,977	76,804	86,199	91,945	101,327	110,106	117,710	128,684	142,336
10. Compensation of employees	R M	15,534	18,183	20,354	23,045	26,652	28,846	31,813	34,784	38,336	41,753	45,717	49,531	53,144	58,785	64,378
11. Final consumption expenditure	R M	30,364	33,771	37,222	43,482	49,182	53,980	60,324	66,564	75,084	82,903	89,522	96,969	106,619	118,452	136,880
households	R M	25,017	27,682	30,542	35,409	39,845	44,023	48,937	54,149	61,331	67,418	72,536	78,773	86,764	96,180	111,837
general government	R M	5,347	6,089	6,680	8,073	9,337	9,957	11,387	12,415	13,753	15,485	16,986	18,196	19,855	22,272	25,043
Actual final consumption expenditure	R M	30,364	33,771	37,222	43,482	49,182	53,980	60,324	66,564	75,084	82,903	89,522	96,969	106,619	118,452	136,880
households	R M	27,105	29,988	33,294	38,716	43,634	48,200	53,563	59,127	67,090	73,892	79,642	86,425	95,070	105,322	122,180
general government	R M	3,259	3,783	3,928	4,766	5,548	5,780	6,761	7,437	7,994	9,011	9,880	10,544	11,549	13,130	14,700
12. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF)	R M	12,062	12,722	13,848	16,101	19,400	16,499	19,709	22,734	22,870	29,457	27,595	29,981	31,075	35,554	38,003
private sector	R M	7,560	9,030	9,062	11,631	11,576	10,819	12,269	13,783	16,614	19,371	19,866	20,655	21,297	21,681	26,345
public sector	R M	4,502	3,692	4,786	4,470	7,824	5,680	7,440	8,951	6,256	10,086	7,729	9,326	9,778	13,873	11,658
13. Gross National Saving (GNS)	R M	9,985	12,353	14,546	15,965	16,135	17,696	20,330	23,921	26,599	28,195	31,648	37,534	39,001	39,580	39,701
14. Net exports of goods & services	RM	-2,839	-1,674	-1,627	-3,478	-5,584	-1,703	-545	-4,304	-832	-3,762	-672	7,827	4,337	2,020	-4,165
Exports of goods & services Imports of goods & services	R M R M	25,619 28,458	27,861 29,535	29,759 31,386	33,543 37,021	36,249 41,833	41,205 42,908	50,465 51,010	54,194 58,498	65,711 66,543	69,099 72,861	73,841 74,513	90,463 82,636	88,301 83,964	88,714 86,694	94,859 99,024

Table 3.2 - Growth rates and ratios, 1991-2004

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1. Annual real growth rate of :														
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices	+ 4.3	+ 6.8	+ 4.9	+ 4.6	+ 5.3	+ 6.2	+ 5.6	+ 5.8	+ 2.1	+ 9.7	+ 5.2	+ 1.8	+ 4.4	+ 4.8
Final consumption expenditure	+ 5.2	+ 4.9	+ 5.5	+ 5.4	+ 4.6	+ 5.1	+ 3.1	+ 5.8	+ 4.4	+ 4.2	+ 3.4	+ 3.7	+ 4.7	+ 7.2
Households	+ 13.6	+ 5.0	+ 5.3	+ 5.8	+ 4.9	+ 4.9	+ 4.9	+ 6.2	+ 4.0	+ 3.7	+ 3.2	+ 3.3	+ 5.1	+ 7.8
General Government	+ 6.2	+ 4.5	+ 6.4	+ 3.6	+ 3.5	+ 6.3	- 4.6	+ 4.1	+ 5.8	+ 6.6	+ 4.4	+ 5.8	+ 3.0	+ 4.6
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF)	- 1.8	+ 4.1	+ 4.8	+ 12.6	- 16.3	+ 14.6	+ 10.9	- 3.9	+ 23.1	- 8.3	+ 4.7	- 0.1	+ 10.3	+ 2.2
GDFCF (excluding aircraft and marine vessel)	+ 8.3	+ 2.3	+ 5.1	+ 3.5	- 7.4	+ 13.6	- 2.5	+ 11.2	+ 11.6	+ 1.0	- 0.8	+ 4.0	+ 8.1	+ 4.8
2. Ratios														
Compensation of employees as a % of GDP at basic prices	47.7	47.1	46.6	47.8	46.3	45.1	44.8	43.6	44.4	43.5	42.1	42.4	42.7	42.2
Final consumption expenditure as a % of GDP at market prices	75.5	74.2	75.5	76.9	76.9	76.0	75.5	75.0	76.7	74.4	73.4	74.8	75.3	78.0
Households	61.9	60.9	61.5	62.3	62.7	61.7	61.4	61.3	62.4	60.3	59.6	60.9	61.1	63.7
General Government	13.6	13.3	14.0	14.6	14.2	14.3	14.1	13.7	14.3	14.1	13.8	13.9	14.2	14.3
GDFCF as a % of GDP at market prices	28.4	27.6	28.0	30.4	23.5	24.8	25.8	22.9	27.3	22.9	22.7	21.8	22.6	21.6
Public sector's investment as a % of GDFCF	29.0	34.6	27.8	40.3	34.4	37.7	39.4	27.4	34.2	28.0	31.1	31.5	39.0	30.7
Gross National Savings (GNS) as a % of GDP at market prices	27.6	29.0	27.7	25.2	25.2	25.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	26.3	28.4	27.4	25.1	22.6
Net exports of goods & services as a % of GDP at market prices														
(+) surplus / (-) deficit	-3.7	-3.2	-6.0	-8.7	-2.4	-0.7	-4.9	-0.8	-3.5	-0.6	5.9	3.0	1.3	-2.4

Table 3.3 - Gross Domestic Product by industry group at current basic prices, 1990-2004

Table 3.3 - Cross Domestic I roduct by industry	g. oup (at Curre	JIIL Das	10 pi 100	,	70 2007								,,,	
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	200
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	4,294	4,458	5,024	5,270	5,538	6,461	7,193	7,326	8,131	5,729	7,328	8,596	7,909	8,727	9,83
Sugarcane	2,675	2,658	2,907	2,740	2,855	3,573	4,217	4,178	4,842	2,432	3,741	4,646	3,913	4,508	5,2
Other	1,619	1,800	2,117	2,530	2,683	2,888	2,976	3,148	3,289	3,297	3,587	3,950	3,996	4,219	4,5
Mining and quarrying	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	148	155	159	163	156	81	84	
Manufacturing	8,143	9,120	10,298	11,540	12,610	14,289	16,508	18,324	21,043	22,435	24,701	27,422	28,227	29,581	31,9
Sugar	1,150	1,147	1,255	1,173	809	1,010	1,207	1,247	1,474	546	840	1,436	1,270	1,359	1,0
E.P.Z products	3,965	4,390	4,990	5,697	6,351	7,067	8,202	9,179	10,510	11,700	12,523	13,681	13,603	13,171	13,
Other	3,028	3,583	4,053	4,670	5,450	6,212	7,099	7,898	9,059	10,189	11,338	12,305	13,354	15,051	17,
Electricity , gas and water supply	507	775	950	1,205	1,297	1,514	1,451	1,257	1,159	1,412	1,820	2,634	3,012	3,409	3,
Construction	2,228	2,612	2,990	3,481	3,960	4,012	4,386	4,278	4,764	5,335	5,899	6,442	7,168	8,269	8,
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	4,352	4,947	5,615	6,608	7,342	7,940	9,103	10,331	11,194	12,283	12,810	13,532	14,728	15,466	17,
Wholesale and retail trade	4,207	4,777	5,405	6,366	7,061	7,658	8,789	9,982	10,789	11,813	12,260	12,902	13,997	14,621	16,
Other	145	170	210	242	281	282	314	349	405	470	550	630	731	845	
Hotels and restaurants	1,300	1,483	1,800	2,210	2,762	3,178	3,937	4,365	5,448	6,485	6,872	8,693	8,923	9,434	11,
Transport , storage and communications	3,478	4,172	4,841	5,538	6,328	7,088	7,500	8,926	10,380	11,443	13,663	15,201	16,944	18,496	19
Financial intermediation	1,650	1,910	2,375	2,682	3,363	4,037	4,443	5,209	6,537	7,862	10,156	10,299	11,619	13,829	14,
Insurance	500	585	710	750	888	1,286	1,500	1,790	2,030	2,220	2,400	2,851	3,251	3,745	4,
Banks ¹	1,150	1,325	1,665	1,932	2,475	2,751	2,943	2,844	3,817	4,879	6,890	6,490	7,158	8,634	8
Other								575	690	763	866	958	1,210	1,450	1
Real estate, renting and business activities	2,980	3,658	3,974	4,327	4,842	5,303	6,160	6,944	7,677	8,450	9,341	10,524	11,707	13,026	14
Owner occupied dwellings	2,155	2,339	2,550	2,811	3,069	3,302	3,555	3,830	4,100	4,400	4,733	5,244	5,836	6,473	7
Other	825	1,319	1,424	1,516	1,773	2,001	2,605	3,114	3,577	4,050	4,608	5,280	5,871	6,553	7
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	2,145	2,396	2,605	3,152	3,799	4,150	4,903	5,336	5,914	6,559	7,043	7,483	8,140	9,408	10,
Education	1,372	1,549	1,714	2,099	2,508	2,723	2,933	3,286	3,741	4,233	4,761	5,112	5,603	6,280	7,
Health and social work	823	947	1,059	1,366	1,625	1,735	1,936	2,173	2,452	2,833	3,106	3,360	3,812	4,423	5,
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	663	877	1,177	1,340	1,532	1,756	2,152	2,427	2,737	3,139	3,498	3,790	4,265	4,839	5,
FISIM	-600	-900	-1,307	-1,424	-1,898	-2,057	-2,148	-2,606	-3,496	-4,416	-5,955	-5,711	-6,712	-7,683	-7
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	33,415	38,094	43,215	49,504	55,728	62,259	70,597	77,724	87,836	93,941	105,206	117,533	125,426	137,588	152
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	6,025	6,623	6,965	8,088	8,178	7,987	8,768	10,451	12,206	14,135	15,085	14,613	17,059	19,806	23,
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	39,440	44,717	50,180	57,592	63,906	70,247	79,365	88,175	100,042	108,077	120,291	132,146	142,485	157,394	175,

^{1/} for years 1991 to 1996, figures for other financial intermediation are included in banks

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Table 3.4 - Gross Domestic Product-sectoral real growth rates (% change over previous year), 1991-2004

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	- 1.6	+ 6.3	- 5.9	- 5.8	+ 7.5	+ 5.7	+ 3.6	- 0.8	- 25.5	+ 33.8	+ 7.0	- 16.3	+ 1.9	+ 8.1
Sugarcane	- 4.9	+ 7.1	- 15.0	- 12.0	+ 10.0	+ 11.1	+ 5.0	+ 2.5	- 43.9	+ 64.5	+ 9.9	- 25.0	+ 3.7	+ 10.6
Other	+ 3.9	+ 5.0	+ 6.7	+ 1.0	+ 4.8	- 1.0	+ 1.7	- 5.1	+ 1.6	+ 11.2	+ 4.0	- 6.1	+ 0.1	+ 5.4
Mining and quarrying	+ 6.5	+ 7.0	+ 6.0	+ 5.5	+ 5.0	+ 4.5	+ 4.0	+ 2.0	+ 0.7	+ 2.1	- 5.9	- 49.0	+ 1.0	+ 0.4
Manufacturing	+ 4.3	+ 6.6	+ 3.9	+ 4.0	+ 5.9	+ 6.5	+ 5.9	+ 6.1	+ 2.0	+ 7.9	+ 4.5	- 2.4	0.0	+ 0.6
Sugar	- 1.7	+ 8.2	- 14.7	- 12.0	+ 10.5	+ 12.3	+ 10.0	+ 2.5	- 45.0	+ 64.5	+ 9.9	- 25.0	+ 3.7	+ 10.6
E.P.Z products	+ 5.0	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	+ 4.3	+ 5.0	+ 7.0	+ 6.0	+ 6.9	+ 6.0	+ 6.0	+ 4.4	- 6.0	- 6.0	- 6.8
Other	+ 5.7	+ 6.9	+ 7.1	+ 7.7	+ 6.2	+ 4.9	+ 5.2	+ 5.8	+ 5.1	+ 7.0	+ 4.1	+ 4.2	+ 5.8	+ 6.0
Electricity, gas and water supply	+ 9.5	+ 4.9	+ 10.6	+ 7.6	+ 8.7	+ 7.5	+ 9.3	+ 10.4	+ 8.6	+ 12.9	+ 10.7	+ 1.5	+ 8.2	+ 4.0
Construction	+ 8.5	+ 9.0	+ 6.5	+ 6.3	- 1.6	+ 4.8	- 0.9	+ 8.2	+ 8.9	+ 9.1	+ 5.2	+ 6.3	+ 10.2	+ 0.5
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	+ 4.7	+ 6.5	+ 6.8	+ 6.0	+ 4.2	+ 5.4	+ 5.0	+ 4.6	+ 6.1	+ 2.2	+ 3.2	+ 3.2	+ 1.2	+ 5.7
Wholesale and retail trade	+ 4.5	+ 6.0	+ 7.0	+ 5.9	+ 4.6	+ 5.5	+ 5.0	+ 4.5	+ 6.0	+ 2.0	+ 3.0	+ 3.0	+ 0.8	+ 5.5
Other	+ 10.0	+ 20.0	+ 1.0	+ 8.6	- 5.3	+ 3.0	+ 5.0	+ 8.0	+ 7.7	+ 8.2	+ 8.2	+ 8.3	+ 8.3	+ 8.5
Hotels and restaurants	+ 2.9	+ 12.6	+ 12.0	+ 6.1	+ 4.8	+ 12.6	+ 9.5	+ 5.3	+ 3.9	+ 12.2	+ 1.2	+ 3.1	+ 3.0	+ 2.4
Transport , storage and communications	+ 5.1	+ 7.0	+ 8.0	+ 6.9	+ 5.6	+ 7.0	+ 9.0	+ 11.4	+ 6.3	+ 13.3	+ 9.1	+ 7.7	+ 6.6	+ 8.1
Financial intermediation	+ 7.2	+ 7.4	+ 6.9	+ 8.6	+ 7.4	+ 7.0	+ 8.2	+ 18.5	+ 13.4	+ 22.0	- 8.5	+ 5.8	+ 11.7	+ 4.3
Insurance	+ 6.4	+ 6.0	+ 5.6	+ 7.6	+ 10.0	+ 8.0	+ 8.5	+ 6.5	+ 6.0	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	+ 5.0
Banks ¹ Other	+ 0.0 + 0.0	+ 8.0 + 0.0	+ 7.5 + 0.0	+ 9.0 + 0.0	+ 6.5 + 0.0	+ 6.5 + 0.0	+ 8.0 + 0.0	+ 28.6 + 6.2	+ 18.7 + 6.3	+ 31.9 + 8.4	- 15.0 + 5.4	+ 3.6 + 22.6	+ 14.2 + 15.2	+ 2.0 + 15.9
Real estate, renting and business activities	+ 5.1	+ 5.5	+ 5.1	+ 5.4	+ 7.1	+ 5.1	+ 5.9	+ 6.0	+ 5.6	+ 7.3	+ 7.7	+ 5.9	+ 6.6	+ 6.7
Owner occupied dwellings	+ 3.3	+ 4.0	+ 4.0	+ 4.0	+ 3.5	+ 3.5	+ 4.0	+ 4.0	+ 4.4	+ 6.1	+ 6.7	+ 6.3	+ 5.9	+ 5.3
Other	+ 9.9	+ 8.1	+ 7.1	+ 8.1	+ 13.2	+ 7.8	+ 8.6	+ 8.4	+ 7.1	+ 8.6	+ 8.7	+ 5.5	+ 7.2	+ 8.0
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	+ 3.5	+ 3.1	+ 5.3	+ 7.1	+ 5.8	+ 9.2	+ 1.5	+ 3.8	+ 3.9	+ 4.4	+ 3.9	+ 6.1	+ 5.6	+ 4.3
Education	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	+ 8.6	+ 6.8	+ 3.7	- 0.6	+ 6.1	+ 4.9	+ 6.1	+ 8.8	+ 4.0	+ 6.1	+ 4.8	+ 6.4
Health and social work	+ 6.7	+ 6.8	+ 13.9	+ 5.9	+ 2.4	- 2.1	+ 5.8	+ 6.0	+ 7.3	+ 6.0	+ 5.5	+ 9.0	+ 6.8	+ 7.0
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+ 11.8	+ 15.2	+ 3.3	+ 9.6	+ 6.9	+ 9.6	+ 8.0	+ 6.5	+ 7.4	+ 6.1	+ 5.7	+ 6.5	+ 6.3	+ 7.6
FISIM	+ 7.5	+ 8.0	+ 7.5	+ 9.0	+ 6.5	+ 6.5	+ 8.0	+ 30.0	+ 20.0	+ 27.2	- 14.9	+ 9.6	+ 7.6	- 0.4
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	+ 4.3	+ 6.8	+ 4.9	+ 4.6	+ 5.3	+ 6.2	+ 5.6	+ 5.8	+ 2.1	+ 9.7	+ 5.2	+ 1.8	+ 4.4	+ 4.8
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices excluding sugar	+ 5.4	+ 6.7	+ 7.0	+ 6.1	+ 4.9	+ 5.8	+ 5.5	+ 6.1	+ 5.7	+ 7.9	+ 4.9	+ 3.3	+ 4.5	+ 4.6
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	+ 5.0	+ 5.0	+ 6.0	+ 1.0	- 2.3	+ 1.0	+ 6.5	+ 7.9	+ 6.0	+ 4.4	- 15.4	+ 2.1	+ 3.5	+ 12.3
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	+ 4.4	+ 6.5	+ 5.1	+ 4.1	+ 4.3	+ 5.6	+ 5.7	+ 6.1	+ 2.6	+ 9.0	+ 2.6	+ 1.9	+ 4.3	+ 5.8

1/ for years 1992 to 1997, growth rates provided are for banks and other financial intermediation

Table 3.5 - National Disposable Income and its appropriation at current prices, 1990-2004

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Compensation of employees	15,534	18,183	20,354	23,045	26,652	28,846	31,813	34,784	38,336	41,753	45,717	49,531	53,144	58,785	64,378
of which paid by general government	3,789	4,211	4,555	5,498	6,545	6,965	7,816	8,537	9,502	10,611	11,473	12,066	12,983	14,758	16,660
Taxes (net of subsidies) on production and imports	6,342	6,969	7,355	8,552	8,751	8,602	9,447	11,217	13,029	15,004	16,067	15,661	18,223	21,239	24,733
Taxes on products ¹	6,392	6,998	7,576	8,508	8,459	8,369	9,399	11,147	12,823	14,737	15,780	15,346	18,075	20,634	23,785
Subsidies on products	(367)	(375)	(611)	(420)	(281)	(382)	(631)	(696)	(617)	(602)	(695)	(733)	(1,016)	(828)	(613)
Other taxes on production ²	317	346	390	464	573	615	679	766	823	869	982	1,048	1,164	1,433	1,561
Gross operating surplus	17,564	19,565	22,471	25,995	28,503	32,798	38,105	42,174	48,677	51,319	58,507	66,954	71,118	77,370	86,486
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	39,440	44,717	50,180	57,592	63,906	70,246	79,365	88,175	100,042	108,076	120,291	132,146	142,485	157,394	175,597
Net primary income from the rest of the world	-339	+89	+171	+63	-443	-332	-789	-372	-637	-594	-783	+393	+396	-833	-390
Gross National Income at market prices (GNI)	39,101	44,806	50,351	57,655	63,463	69,914	78,576	87,803	99,405	107,482	119,508	132,539	142,881	156,561	175,207
Net transfer from the rest of the world ³	+1,248	+1,318	+1,417	+1,792	+1,854	+1,763	+2,079	+2,682	+2,278	+3,616	+1,662	+1,964	+2,739	+1,471	+1,374
Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	40,349	46,124	51,768	59,447	65,317	71,677	80,655	90,485	101,683	111,098	121,170	134,503	145,620	158,032	176,581
Less:Final consumption expenditure	30,364	33,771	37,222	43,482	49,182	53,980	60,324	66,564	75,084	82,903	89,522	96,969	106,619	118,452	136,880
Households	25,017	27,682	30,542	35,409	39,845	44,023	48,937	54,149	61,331	67,418	72,536	78,773	86,764	96,180	111,837
General government	5,347	6,089	6,680	8,073	9,337	9,957	11,387	12,415	13,753	15,485	16,986	18,196	19,855	22,272	25,043
Gross National Saving(GNS)	9,985	12,353	14,546	15,965	16,135	17,696	20,330	23,921	26,599	28,195	31,648	37,534	39,001	39,580	39,701
GNS as a % of GNDI	24.7	26.8	28.1	26.9	24.7	24.7	25.2	26.4	26.2	25.4	26.1	27.9	26.8	25.0	22.5
GNS as a % of GDP at market prices	25.3	27.6	29.0	27.7	25.2	25.2	25.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	26.3	28.4	27.4	25.1	22.6

^{1/} include excise duties, import duties and value added tax

^{2/} include road tax, municipal rates, trading licences, etc.

^{3/} figure for 1999 includes reinsurance claims in respect of sugar, treated here as transfers

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Table 3.6 - Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at current prices, 1990-2004

	1													(F	R million
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Final consumption expenditure	30,364	33,771	37,222	43,482	49,182	53,980	60,324	66,564	75,084	82,903	89,522	96,969	106,619	118,452	136,880
Households	25,017	27,682	30,542	35,409	39,845	44,023	48,937	54,149	61,331	67,418	72,536	78,773	86,764	96,180	111,837
General government	5,347	6,089	6,680	8,073	9,337	9,957	11,387	12,415	13,753	15,485	16,986	18,196	19,855	22,272	25,043
Individual	2,088	2,306	2,752	3,307	3,789	4,177	4,626	4,978	5,759	6,474	7,106	7,652	8,306	9,142	10,343
Collective	3,259	3,783	3,928	4,766	5,548	5,780	6,761	7,437	7,994	9,011	9,880	10,544	11,549	13,130	14,700
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	12,062	12,722	13,848	16,101	19,400	16,499	19,709	22,734	22,870	29,457	27,595	29,981	31,075	35,554	38,003
Private sector	7,560	9,030	9,062	11,631	11,576	10,819	12,269	13,783	16,614	19,371	19,866	20,655	21,297	21,681	26,345
Public sector	4,502	3,692	4,786	4,470	7,824	5,680	7,440	8,951	6,256	10,086	7,729	9,326	9,778	13,873	11,658
Change in inventories ¹	-147	-102	737	1,487	908	1,469	-123	3,180	2,920	-521	3,846	-2,631	454	1,368	4,879
Exports of goods & services	25,619	27,861	29,759	33,543	36,249	41,205	50,465	54,194	65,711	69,099	73,841	90,463	88,301	88,714	94,859
Goods (f.o.b)	17,855	18,992	20,772	23,550	24,885	27,684	33,221	35,377	43,711	43,140	45,707	54,846	53,893	53,022	54,905
Services	7,764	8,869	8,987	9,993	11,364	13,521	17,244	18,817	22,000	25,959	28,134	35,617	34,408	35,692	39,954
Less Imports of goods & services	28,458	29,535	31,386	37,021	41,833	42,908	51,010	58,498	66,543	72,861	74,513	82,636	83,964	86,694	99,024
Goods (f.o.b)	21,841	22,209	23,250	27,814	32,020	31,758	38,932	44,678	49,316	55,498	54,483	59,037	60,222	61,411	70,91
Services	6,617	7,326	8,136	9,207	9,813	11,150	12,078	13,820	17,227	17,363	20,030	23,599	23,742	25,283	28,113
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	39,440	44,717	50,180	57,592	63,906	70,246	79,365	88,175	100,042	108.076	120,291	132,146	142,485	157,394	175,597

^{1/} includes all statistical discrepancies

Table 3.7 - Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product - Growth rates (% change over previous year), 1991-2004

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Final consumption expenditure	+ 5.2	+ 4.9	+ 5.5	+ 5.4	+ 4.6	+ 5.1	+ 3.1	+ 5.8	+ 4.4	+ 4.2	+ 3.4	+ 3.7	+ 4.7	+ 7.2
Households	+ 13.6	+ 5.0	+ 5.3	+ 5.8	+ 4.9	+ 4.9	+ 4.9	+ 6.2	+ 4.0	+ 3.7	+ 3.2	+ 3.3	+ 5.1	+ 7.8
General government	+ 6.2	+ 4.5	+ 6.4	+ 3.6	+ 3.5	+ 6.3	- 4.6	+ 4.1	+ 5.8	+ 6.6	+ 4.4	+ 5.8	+ 3.0	+ 4.6
Individual	+ 2.8	+ 13.5	+ 5.1	+ 2.0	+ 7.1	+ 2.6	- 16.3	+ 8.5	+ 5.4	+ 6.8	+ 5.1	+ 5.4	+ 0.4	+ 5.0
Collective	+ 8.4	- 1.0	+ 7.3	+ 4.7	+ 1.0	+ 9.0	+ 3.4	+ 1.2	+ 6.1	+ 6.5	+ 3.9	+ 6.1	+ 4.9	+ 4.4
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	- 1.8	+ 4.1	+ 4.8	+ 12.6	- 16.3	+ 14.6	+ 10.9	- 3.9	+ 23.1	- 8.3	+ 4.7	- 0.1	+ 10.3	+ 2.2
Private sector	+ 11.1	+ 4.1	+ 15.6	- 7.0	- 8.2	+ 8.9	+ 8.1	+ 15.1	+ 11.3	+ 0.5	+ 0.1	- 0.6	- 1.8	+ 16.3
Public sector	- 23.7	+ 23.9	- 15.9	+ 63.6	- 28.4	+ 25.5	+ 15.4	- 33.2	+ 54.4	- 25.0	+ 16.3	+ 1.0	+ 36.6	- 19.8
Exports of goods & services	+ 4.4	+ 3.3	+ 6.7	+ 2.9	+ 6.8	+ 10.5	+ 3.5	+ 8.3	+ 1.4	+ 4.0	+ 15.6	- 12.1	- 3.9	- 0.3
Goods (f.o.b)	+ 1.8	+ 5.2	+ 6.2	+ 2.0	+ 5.7	+ 7.9	+ 2.6	+ 8.1	- 4.9	+ 2.7	+ 13.2	- 11.5	- 5.9	- 3.5
Services	+ 10.3	- 0.7	+ 8.0	+ 5.1	+ 9.2	+ 15.9	+ 5.3	+ 8.8	+ 13.9	+ 6.3	+ 19.4	- 13.0	- 0.7	+ 4.3
Less Imports of goods & services	- 1.6	+ 2.8	+ 7.3	+ 6.0	- 2.7	+ 11.2	+ 9.7	+ 7.3	+ 4.7	- 2.2	+ 3.0	- 3.2	- 3.1	+ 2.8
Goods (f.o.b)	- 4.1	+ 1.6	+ 9.1	+ 7.1	- 5.7	+ 13.3	+ 9.6	+ 4.9	+ 7.5	- 5.6	+ 0.6	- 2.9	- 4.3	+ 3.9
Services	+ 6.5	+ 6.3	+ 2.4	+ 2.5	+ 7.2	+ 5.2	+ 10.0	+ 14.8	- 3.1	+ 8.8	+ 9.4	- 4.2	- 0.1	+ 0.1

Table 3.8 - Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at current prices by type and use, 1992-2004

	4000	4000	4004	4005	4000	4007	4000	4000	0000	0004	0000	•	0004
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ₁	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
I - By type of capital goods													
A. Building & construction work	7,920	9,111	10,392	10,201	11,009	10,870	12,152	13,744	15,341	16,704	18,400	21,741	23,042
Residential building	3,820	4,511	4,826	4,628	4,872	4,565	5,294	5,514	6,368	7,099	6,955	7,620	7,911
Non-residential building	2,409	2,784	3,386	3,518	3,880	3,655	3,778	5,180	5,643	5,831	7,074	7,967	10,174
Other construction work	1,691	1,816	2,180	2,055	2,257	2,650	3,080	3,050	3,330	3,774	4,371	6,154	4,957
B. Machinery and equipment	5,928	6,990	9,008	6,298	8,700	11,864	10,718	15,713	12,254	13,277	12,675	13,813	14,961
Aircraft	55	-	2,000	-	-	3,015	-	2,700	-	1,100	365	1,070	219
Marine vessel	270	338	-	125	320	85	-	-	-	445	-	-	-
Passenger car	575	640	890	861	915	1,155	1,295	1,310	1,316	1,332	1,601	1,813	2,580
Other transport equipment	875	867	720	510	730	1,215	1,370	1,407	1,476	1,636	1,323	1,768	1,510
Other machinery and equipment	4,153	5,145	5,398	4,802	6,735	6,394	8,053	10,296	9,462	8,764	9,386	9,162	10,652
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	13,848	16,101	19,400	16,499	19,709	22,734	22,870	29,457	27,595	29,981	31,075	35,554	38,003
GDFCF (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	13,523	15,763	17,400	16,374	19,389	19,634	22,870	26,757	27,595	28,436	30,710	34,484	37,784
II - By Industrial use													
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	631	616	611	654	616	663	784	858	677	650	832	953	1,328
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Manufacturing	1,900	2,564	2,478	2,127	2,564	2,608	3,632	4,208	4,162	4,126	4,522	4,109	5,346
of which EPZ	560	930	900	815	930	1,244	1,442	1,758	1,697	1,749	1,468	1,418	2,508
Electricity , gas and water supply	1,217	565	1,115	1,212	1,937	1,448	2,199	2,624	1,921	1,595	1,452	1,809	1,783
Construction	300	410	426	361	410	464	510	534	572	481	141	610	744
Wholesale & retail trade and repairs	820	960	1,477	1,211	1,601	1,533	1,649	1,933	2,193	2,179	2,501	2,487	2,489
of which Wholesale and retail trade	774	940	1,439	1,183	1,570	1,483	1,590	1,848	2,146	2,083	2,444	2,420	2,406
Restaurants and hotels	822	860	813	1,172	1,260	1,269	1,596	2,844	2,791	2,976	3,878	3,227	5,185
Transport, storage and communications	2,263	2,915	4,533	2,561	3,104	6,396	3,670	7,184	4,327	6,344	4,396	5,626	4,067
Financial intermediation	498	623	1,001	551	623	429	621	615	535	672	935	789	945
Real estate, renting and business activities	3,910	4,772	5,118	4,843	5,231	4,996	5,933	6,279	7,244	7,732	7,703	9,389	10,005
Owner occupied dwellings	3,820	4,510	4,826	4,628	4,872	4,565	5,294	5,514	6,368	7,099	6,955	7,620	7,911
Other	90	262	292	215	359	431	639	765	876	633	748	1,769	2,094
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	896	1,062	905	888	1,112	1,391	901	1,288	1,278	1,146	1,681	2,175	2,495
Education	221	285	320	345	582	713	498	441	487	514	1,041	1,241	1,167
Health and social work	185	213	302	136	213	296	300	235	343	332	606	581	693
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	185	256	301	439	456	528	577	414	1,065	1,234	1,387	2,557	1,754
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	13,848	16,101	19,400	16,499	19,709	22,734	22,870	29,457	27,595	29,981	31,075	35,554	38,003
GDFCF as a% of GDP at market prices	27.6	28.0	30.4	23.5	24.8	25.8	22.9	27.3	22.9	22.7	21.8	22.6	21.6

Table 3.9 - Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation - Annual real growth rates (%) by type and use, 1993-2004

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
I - By type of capital goods												
A. Building & construction work	+ 5.4	+ 6.1	- 4.4	+ 4.1	- 4.7	+ 8.6	+ 10.0	+ 10.1	+ 4.9	+ 5.2	+ 12.9	- 0.3
Residential building	+ 8.3	+ 0.0	- 6.6	+ 1.5	- 9.6	+ 12.7	+ 1.3	+ 13.9	+ 7.4	- 6.4	+ 4.6	- 2.3
Non-residential building	+ 5.1	+ 12.6	+ 1.2	+ 6.4	- 9.1	+ 0.4	+ 33.4	+ 7.4	- 0.4	+ 15.9	+ 7.6	+ 20.1
Other construction work	- 0.6	+ 11.2	- 8.2	+ 5.9	+ 13.3	+ 13.0	- 3.7	+ 7.7	+ 9.2	+ 10.6	+ 34.5	- 24.2
B. Machinery and equipment	+ 3.9	+ 21.1	- 30.1	+ 31.7	+ 30.6	- 15.4	+ 37.9	- 24.3	+ 4.4	- 6.8	+ 6.5	+ 6.2
Machinery and equipment(exc. aircraft & marine vessel)	+ 4.5	- 0.1	- 11.9	+ 29.3	+ 0.3	+ 14.5	+ 13.4	- 8.6	- 7.8	+ 2.3	+ 1.1	+ 13.4
Passenger car	- 0.6	+ 26.4	- 7.4	+ 3.2	+ 20.3	+ 7.8	- 2.7	- 2.5	- 2.2	+ 19.0	+ 12.2	+ 39.5
Other transport equipment	- 10.3	+ 105.2	- 77.7	+ 60.5	+ 291.4	- 69.2	+ 191.1	- 65.1	+ 108.2	- 47.5	+ 66.5	- 40.3
Other transport equipment(excl. aircraft & marine vessel)	- 11.5	- 24.5	- 32.2	+ 39.0	+ 58.5	+ 9.5	- 0.3	+ 1.9	+ 7.1	- 19.9	+ 32.3	- 16.3
Other machinery and equipment	+ 8.7	+ 0.8	- 9.9	+ 32.9	- 8.7	+ 16.6	+ 18.4	- 10.8	- 10.9	+ 4.0	- 5.2	+ 14.0
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	+ 4.8	+ 12.6	- 16.3 - 7.4	+ 14.6	+ 10.9	- 3.9	+ 23.1	- 8.3	+ 4.7	- 0.1	+ 10.3	+ 2.2
GDFCF (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	+ 5.1	+ 3.5	- 7.4	+ 13.6	- 2.5	+ 11.2	+ 11.6	+ 1.0	- 0.8	+ 4.0	+ 8.1	+ 4.8
II - By Industrial use												
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	- 12.2	- 9.0	+ 5.0	- 9.6	+ 3.4	+ 13.1	+ 5.0	- 22.9	- 7.5	+ 24.1	+ 10.8	+ 33.8
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+ 150.8
Manufacturing	+ 22.2	- 10.5	- 14.3	+ 14.7	- 2.3	+ 30.8	+ 8.5	- 3.7	- 4.6	+ 6.2	- 11.9	+ 26.5
of which EPZ	+ 41.2	- 4.1	- 8.5	+ 8.4	+ 28.6	+ 8.1	+ 13.6	- 6.2	- 0.9	- 18.5	- 6.1	+ 71.6
Electricity , gas and water supply	- 57.9	+ 86.3	+ 8.3	+ 52.6	- 28.0	+ 43.6	+ 12.7	- 28.4	- 20.1	- 12.5	+ 19.7	- 4.8
Construction	+ 24.3	- 4.4	- 15.5	+ 8.4	+ 8.4	+ 3.1	- 1.9	+ 4.0	- 19.1	- 71.5	+ 323.6	+ 19.5
Wholesale & retail trade and repairs	+ 5.0	+ 42.8	- 19.8	+ 27.2	- 7.9	+ 3.1	+ 12.6	+ 11.1	- 4.2	+ 11.0	- 3.7	- 3.7
of which Wholesale and retail trade	+ 3.2	+ 50.0	- 19.6	+ 27.7	- 9.2	+ 2.9	+ 11.8	+ 13.8	- 6.5	+ 13.4	- 4.1	- 4.3
Restaurants and hotels	- 1.3	- 15.4	+ 41.8	+ 3.3	- 3.0	+ 20.8	+ 71.3	- 3.6	+ 2.7	+ 24.9	- 20.2	+ 52.2
Transport, storage and communications	+ 15.9	+ 43.5	- 44.5	+ 16.3	+ 97.2	- 45.5	+ 86.7	- 41.3	+ 41.3	- 32.7	+ 24.5	- 30.3
Financial intermediation	+ 36.9	+ 23.2	- 45.2	+ 7.7	- 33.9	+ 35.6	- 6.6	- 15.2	+ 21.1	+ 34.8	- 18.0	+ 15.8
Real estate , renting and business activities	+ 8.8	+ 3.0	- 7.9	+ 4.1	- 7.9	+ 15.2	+ 2.8	+ 13.6	+ 2.8	- 4.7	+ 16.7	+ 0.6
Owner occupied dwellings	+ 8.3	+ 0.0	- 6.6	+ 1.5	- 9.6	+ 12.7	+ 1.3	+ 13.9	+ 7.4	- 6.4	+ 4.6	- 2.3
Other	+ 30.1	+ 105.9	- 28.3	+ 60.4	+ 15.2	+ 41.9	+ 15.3	+ 11.8	- 30.4	+ 15.2	+ 128.3	+ 13.2
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	- 19.2	+ 5.1	- 3.7	+ 20.8	+ 20.3	- 37.7	+ 37.7	- 2.7	- 13.6	+ 41.3	+ 24.4	+ 9.5
Education	+ 24.5	- 6.3	+ 5.7	+ 62.0	+ 18.1	- 33.0	- 15.7	+ 8.5	+ 1.6	+ 94.3	+ 14.3	- 10.6
Health and social work	+ 57.3	- 13.4	- 55.9	+ 50.9	+ 33.4	- 4.1	- 26.3	+ 41.8	- 6.8	+ 76.5	- 7.6	+ 15.2
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+ 8.3	+ 26.7	+ 45.2	- 0.6	+ 11.5	+ 5.4	- 30.5	+ 152.4	+ 11.8	+ 7.8	+ 77.1	- 34.6
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation	+ 4.8	+ 12.6	- 16.3	+ 14.6	+ 10.9	- 3.9	+ 23.1	- 8.3	+ 4.7	- 0.1	+ 10.3	+ 2.2

Section 1 - Sources and Methods

1. Concepts and definitions

The quarterly estimates have been compiled according to guidelines provided in the IMF manual entitled "Quarterly National Accounts Manual – Concepts, Data sources and Compilation", which is itself based on the System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 93) of the United Nations and are therefore consistent with annual estimates of the National Accounts.

2. Sources of data

The objective of the Quarterly National Accounts (QNA) is to provide the best indication of quarterly movements. Indicators for QNA have therefore been chosen according to their ability to capture the movements in the performance of the various sectors.

The main sources of data for compiling QNA estimates include quarterly production accounts of various organisations, quarterly surveys on income and expenditure among enterprises considered as drivers in specific sectors, quarterly quantity produced, quarterly expenditure of Government from the Accountant General Department, quarterly data from administrative sources such as building permits from local government, foreign trade data from the Customs Department, turnover data from the VAT systems, as well as some indirect indicators such as employment.

3. Methods used

When data on both output and input are available, the quarterly value added estimates are computed as the difference between the output and the intermediate consumption (inputs consumed in the process). When the quarterly output only is readily available or is compiled on the basis of quarterly data on quantity produced, the value added is computed using the production structure of the industry obtained at the latest Census of Economic Activities or from the latest annual production accounts available. When indicators on quarterly volume produced and price only are available, these are applied to the last quarterly value added figures to have the estimates for the quarter under review.

Constant price estimates take account of effects of prices and provide real growths. The constant price estimates are computed using the double deflation method for sectors where information on both inputs and outputs is available. In practice such data are difficult to obtain, hence 'proxy indicators' of volume changes are used if available, otherwise value series are deflated by an appropriate price index.

More details on the data sources and methods used for the different sectors are given in the table at section 4.

4. Seasonally adjusted quarterly GDP

The Central Statistics Office (CSO) of Mauritius has decided to increase its current outlay of statistical tables on National Accounts with the presentation of seasonally adjusted time series of quarterly national accounts estimates. However, at present only seasonally adjusted figures of value added by sector and total GDP are available. The methodology adopted in the seasonal adjustment exercise is briefly given below. Seasonally adjusted time series has historically been a common practice in analyzing business cycles. Currently this is widely use by a majority of statistical offices, central banks and policy analysts to describe and understand the most recent economic developments.

4.1 Procedures for seasonal adjustment of quarterly GDP

QNA data are subject to seasonal variations which are recurrent within a year pattern. For example, activities of "Wholesale and retail trade" are usually lowest in the first quarters, but highest in the fourth quarters in line with the high demand for consumption goods at the end of the year; activities of "Hotels and restaurants" are highest in the first and last quarters in line with high tourist arrivals during these quarters. For meaningful comparison of quarter to quarter growth, particularly for identifying turning points, the seasonal component must be removed from the data.

The procedures for carrying out the seasonal adjustment exercise are as follows:

- I. The software, Demetra, developed by Eurostat and which includes the X-12 program has been used.
- II. Forward adjustment, instead of concurrent adjustment, has been used for quarterly series up to the most recently completed year, that is seasonal factors for the four quarters ahead are estimated using the X-12 procedure. When a new data point becomes available, the seasonally adjusted value of the new data point is obtained by dividing it by the appropriate forward factor if model is multiplicative or subtracting from it the appropriate forward factor if the underlying model is additive. The present seasonal adjustment exercise which was based on data from 2000 to 2007 will be repeated when data for the four quarters of 2008 will become available.
- III. Indirect adjustment, that is seasonally adjusted GDP obtained by summation of seasonally adjusted components of GDP, has been used for the aggregate GDP.
- IV. Adjustments have been made so that the sums of quarterly seasonally adjusted data are equal to the original yearly totals.

It should be noted that different seasonal adjustment methods, no matter how carefully they have been implemented, do not always yield identical results if applied to the same time series. In addition, even if the same seasonal adjustment method is applied, there may be substantial revisions, particular towards the end of the time series, when new data are included in the calculation and taking account of possible shifts in the seasonal movements. Consequently, seasonally adjusted data remain provisional for longer than unadjusted figures, which are also subject to revisions.

5. Data sources, methods and indicators used for the estimation of quarterly GDP

The table below gives the data sources and methods used for the estimation of quarterly GDP estimates at current and constant prices by both the production and expenditure approaches.

Production approach

Production approach Indicator - constant				
Industry group	Data sources	Methods	price estimates	
	A. Agr	culture, Hunting & Forestry		
Sugar Cane	 Annual production and price of sugar. Final annual production accounts. Survey of sugar factories to have the quarterly cost structure. 	 Final estimates: Based on the final annual production accounts. Annual gross output and intermediate consumption are allocated to quarters according to cost structure of cane growing furnished by surveyed sugar factories. The value added is thereafter derived. Preliminary estimates: value added for the year based on expected production and price of sugar is quarterlised using the latest value added structure. Revision is made when final accounts are available about two years later. 	- Final estimates: deflation of the four quarterly estimates of the year by the price deflator of the annual estimate Preliminary estimates: deflation of the four quarterly estimates of the year by the price of sugar for the year.	
Tea and Tobacco	 Quarterly production and prices of tea from Tea Board. Quarterly production and prices of tobacco leaves from Tobacco Board. 	Gross output based on quarterly production and prices. Value added based on annual production structure.	- Deflation by component of Quarterly Producer Price Index- Agriculture (PPI-A).	
Food crops	 Monthly quantities of food crops from Agricultural Research and Extension Unit (AREU). Retail prices through the monthly consumer price surveys. 	Value added based on quarterly quantities of food crops produced and producers' price obtained from retail prices adjusted for transport and trade margins.	Deflation by quarterly changes in the estimated producers' price based on retail prices.	
Flowers and Fruits	 Quarterly exports of flowers from Trade Statistics supplemented by an estimate for local sales. Monthly production of some fruits from AREU. Quarterly production of other fruits based on the "1985 Survey of fruit trees in backyard" supplemented with data from other sources. 	Value added based on quarterly sales/quantities produced and PPI-A component/producers' price obtained from retail prices adjusted for transport and trade margins.	- Deflation by components of quarterly PPI-A/quarterly changes in the estimated producers' price based on retail prices.	

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates
Livestock, Poultry and Related Products	 Quarterly production of poultry from main breeders. Monthly quantity of livestock slaughtered from the Mauritius Meat Authority (MMA) adjusted for illegal slaughtering. Retail prices. 	Value added based on quarterly quantities produced and on producers' price obtained from retail prices adjusted for transport and trade margins.	Deflation by quarterly changes in the estimated producers' price based on retail prices.
Government Services	- Expenditure of Central Government from the Accountant General Department.	Value added is estimated at cost, that is, it is equal to compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital.	- Deflation using a weighted index made up of quarterly wage rate index based on salary compensation, construction price index, price of transport equipment and machinery component of import price index.
		B. Fishing	
Fishing	Quarterly quantities of fish caught from the Albion Fisheries Research Centre (AFRC) Retail prices.	Value added based on quarterly quantities of fish caught and producers' price obtained from retail prices adjusted for trade margins.	Deflation by quarterly changes in the estimated producers' price based on retail prices.
C. Mining & Quarrying			
Mining & Quarrying	- Quarterly quantities of salt produced and sand extracted, and their prices through surveys of establishments.	Value added derived using data collected from quarterly surveys	- Deflation by change in producer prices.
	Annual production accounts of decorative rocks through survey of establishments.	Annual estimates of value added evenly distributed over the 4 quarters.	Deflation by wage increase due to salary compensation of July of every year.

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates
	1	D. Manufacturing	
Sugar Milling	 Annual production and price of sugar. Final annual production accounts. Survey of sugar factories to have the quarterly cost structure. 	 Final estimates: Based on the final annual production accounts; Annual gross output and intermediate consumption are allocated to quarters according to cost structure of sugar milling activities furnished by surveyed sugar factories. The value added is thereafter derived. Preliminary estimates: value added for the year based on expected production and price of sugar is quarterlised using the last quarterly value added structure. Revision is made when final accounts are available about two years later. 	- Final estimates: deflation of the four quarterly estimates of the year by the price deflator of the annual estimate Preliminary estimates: deflation of the four quarterly estimates of the year by the price of sugar for the year.
EPZ	 Quarterly exports from Trade statistics. Quarterly turnover from the Value Added Tax (VAT) Department and the Large Taxpayers' Department (LTD). Level of stock from quarterly stock surveys. 	Quarterly value added based on quarterly gross output compiled from these sources and last annual technical ratio.	Volume index from Quarterly Index of Industrial Production (QIIP).
Non – EPZ	 Quarterly exports from Trade Statistics Quarterly turnover from the VAT and LTD Departments Production of excisable goods from Customs and Excise Department Level of stock from quarterly stock surveys 	 "Large" establishments (those with 10 persons or more engaged): Quarterly value added estimates based on quarterly gross output compiled from these sources and last annual technical ratio. Small establishments: Quarterly value added estimates based on the same quarterly trends as "Large establishments" 	Volume index based on Quarterly Index of Industrial Production (QIIP) adjusted for small establishments.
	F FI.	Atticities One of Water Owner,	
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply		- Value added compiled from quarterly accounts.	Volume based on quarterly quantity of electricity and water sold.
	Quarterly production accounts of the IPP (available with one year lag)	Value added derived from the value of electricity purchased by CEB and quarterly technical ratio of the previous year.	

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates	
	<u> </u>	F. Construction		
Construction	- Monthly building permits from Municipalities and District Councils - Quarterly capital expenditure estimates of General Government from Accountant General Department - Maintenance expenditure by Government based on quarterly output of the Ministry of Public Infrastructure from Accountant General Department - Maintenance expenditure by households from latest Household Budget Survey	- Quarterly output based on these sources and quarterly value added derived using the production structure obtained at the 2002 CEA. Motor Vehicles, Motorcycles, Personal & Ho	- Deflation by quarterly Construction Price Index.	
Wholesale & Retail Trade	Quarterly imports from Trade statistics Local production from Agriculture statistics and Industrial statistics	For imported goods, gross output based on trade margins computed from quarterly imports. For local production, gross output based on trends of production of food crops and production of the non-EPZ sector. Value added derived using the production structure obtained at the 2002 CEA.	- Deflation by CPI.	
Repair Services		Annual estimates divided by 4.	- Deflation by CPI.	
	H. Hotels & Restaurants			
Hotels & Restaurants	 Quarterly tourist arrivals from Tourism statistics Quarterly tourist earnings from Bank of Mauritius Expenditure on food and accommodation by tourists from Survey of tourist expenditure 	 Gross output based on quarterly estimates of expenditure on food and accommodation derived from quarterly tourist earnings and pattern of expenditure of tourists. Value added is estimated using the production structure obtained from latest available annual production accounts. 	Volume based on quarterly tourist arrivals.	

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates	
I. Transport, Storage & Communication				
Land Transport				
Bus	Quarterly production accounts of bus companies from National Transport Authority (NTA)	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts	Double deflation using bus fare for output and relevant CPI components for inputs.	
Taxi	 Quarterly licences of taxi cars from NTA Taxi fares from monthly consumer price surveys. 	 Output based on the quarterly number of licences delivered and taxi fare. Value added derived using the production structure obtained at the 2002 CEA. 	Double deflation using CPI relevant components for inputs and taxi fare for output.	
Lorries	 Quarterly tonnage of goods loaded and unloaded from Civil Aviation Department and Customs Department Lorry charges based on CEA and inflation. 	 Output based on the quarterly volume of goods transported and lorry charges. Value added derived using the structure obtained at the 2002 CEA. 	Double deflation using relevant CPI components for both output and inputs.	
Water transport	- Quarterly number of passengers from Mauritius Shipping Corporation.	 The number of passengers and fares charged as per CPI are used to estimate quarterly output. Value added is derived using the production structure obtained at the 2002 CEA. 	Volume based on number of passengers.	
Air transport	- Quarterly receipts and expenditure from Air Mauritius Ltd.	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts	Double deflation using airfare index for output and relevant CPI components for inputs.	
Services allied to transport	- Quarterly receipts and expenditure from Mauritius Ports Authority (MPA) and Cargo Handling Corporation (CHC).	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts where available.	Volume based on tonnage of goods loaded and unloaded.	
	Quarterly indicators such as aircraft landings and take offs, and tourist arrivals and Mauritian travelling abroad.	For other activities, annual estimates are quarterlised using the quarterly indicators.	- Volume based on quarterly indicators.	
Telecommunicati on services	 Quarterly receipts and expenditure of Mauritius Telecoms Ltd (MT). 	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts.	- Deflation by changes in the price of telephone calls.	

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates
	J.	Financial Intermediation	•
Financial Intermediation	Quarterly survey among all offshore and commercial banks, and insurance companies.	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts.	Banks: Double deflation using changes in interest rates for output and inflation for inputs Insurance sector: Volume based on changes in the number of vehicles.
	K. Real Esta	nte, Renting & Business Activities	
Ownership of dwellings	Number of housing units (Hu) from Housing Census Expenditure by household on rent from household budget survey.	Output based on imputed rent of owner occupied dwellings estimated as the product of number of Hu and rent per Hu. Value added is derived after deducting from the output, expenses on maintenance of residential buildings.	Deflation by quarterly Construction Price Index.
Renting and Business services	 Trends in related sectors. Indirect indicators such as no. of cases lodged in court and tourist arrivals. 	This sector comprises units which offer their services to different activities, both offshore and onshore. Their output consequently follow that of the respective activity groups.	- Deflation by CPI.
	L. Public Administrati	ion & Defence; Compulsory Social Security	
	Expenditure of Central Government from the Accountant General Department.	Estimates are made at cost, that is, the gross output is equal to the purchase of goods and services, compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital; value added is equal to compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital.	Deflation using a weighted index made up of quarterly wage rate index based on salary compensation, construction price index, price of transport equipment and machinery component of import price index.

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates
		M. Education services	
Education Services	Expenditure of Ministry of Education from the Accountant General Department.	Value added for education services provided by Government is estimated at cost, that is, it is equal to compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital.	Deflation using a weighted index made up of quarterly wage rate index based on salary compensation, construction price index, price of transport equipment and machinery component of import price index.
Education Services	 Annual data on enrolment from the Ministry of Education Enrolment from private schools and Industrial Vocational Training Board (IVTB) % change in fees charged for private tuition estimated from the sub-index for "Education" obtained from the CPI Unit 	 Private schools and IVTB: annual output is divided by 4. Private tuition fees: output based on ten months only (February to November) are quarterlised accordingly. 	Volume based on enrolment statistics.
	N.	Health and Social Work	
Health and Social Work	- Expenditure of Ministry of Health from the Accountant General Department.	Value added for health services provided by Government is estimated at cost, that is, it is equal to compensation of employees and consumption of fixed capital.	- Deflation using a weighted index made up of quarterly wage rate index based on salary compensation, construction price index, price of transport equipment and machinery component of import price index.
	 Annual production accounts of clinics. Quarterly data on admissions in clinics and hospitals from the Ministry of Health. No. of private medical practitioners from the Ministry of Health. Fees charged from monthly consumer price surveys. 	Annual value added for private health services are computed using available production accounts of clinics and supplemented with indicators on private practitioners. The estimates are quarterlised using quarterly data on admissions to clinics and hospitals.	- Deflation by CPI component.

Industry group	Data sources	Methods	Indicator - constant price estimates
	- O. Other Con	nmunity, Social & Personal Services	-
Sanitary Services	 Quarterly production accounts of Waste Water Authority. Quarterly surveys among a sample of private companies. 	Value added compiled from quarterly accounts.	- Deflation by CPI.
Amusement and Recreational Activities	- Monthly data from the VAT Department	 Quarterly gross output derived from the VAT returns. Value added estimated using technical coefficients obtained from latest available annual final production accounts. 	- Deflation by CPI.
Personal Services.	 Quarterly turnover from the VAT department Demographic statistics such as births, deaths and marriages Tourist arrivals 	 Quarterly gross output derived from the VAT returns. Quarterly value added estimated using technical coefficients obtained from latest available annual final production accounts. For companies not registered at the VAT: annual estimates are quarterlised using indirect indicators such as quarterly number of births, deaths, marriages, and tourist arrivals. 	- Deflation by CPI.
P. Private Households with Employed Persons			
Private households with employed persons	Number of employees based on number of household with domestic employees as collected i Household Budget Surve (HBS). Wage Rate from monthly consumer price surveys.	n ey	Deflation by wage increase due to salary compensation of July of every year.

Data sources, methods and indicators used for the estimation of quarterly GDP Expenditure approach

Item	Sources & Methodology	Indicator – constant price estimates
Final Consumption Expenditure - Household (HH)	Annual estimates are quarterlised using Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) and HBS structure adjusted for conceptual difference with national accounts.	- Deflation by CPI.
Final Consumption Expenditure – General Government	Government consumption expenditure is equal to the output (compensation of employees, consumption of capital and value of goods and services purchased) of General Government calculated at cost less goods or services sold plus expenditure on social benefits in kind. All data are available on a quarterly basis at the Accountant General Department, except consumption of capital, which is worked out by dividing the available annual estimate by 4.	- Deflation using a weighted index made up of quarterly wage rate index based on salary compensation, construction price index, price of transport equipment, machinery component of import price index and CPI.

Gross Domestic Fixe	ed Capital Formation (GDFCF)	
Building and Constr	uction	
Item	Sources & Methodology	Indicator – constant price estimates
Residential Building	Quarterly investment in residential buildings based on quarterly data on floor area from building permits (with a lag of 1 quarter) and quarterly Construction Price Index, together with quarterly data from National Housing Development Company (NHDC) and an estimate for projects for which no permit has been issued.	Deflation by quarterly construction price index.
Non-Residential Building and Other Construction Work	Quarterly investment in non-residential buildings and other construction work based on quarterly building permits for non-residential buildings (lag by one quarter) and quarterly Construction Price Index, work in progress of large projects and quarterly data on Government capital expenditure available from the Accountant General Department.	

Item	Sources & Methodology	Indicator – constant price estimates
Aircraft	Based on information provided by Air Mauritius Ltd	Exchange rate of the currency in which
Marine Vessel	Based on information provided by Mauritius Ports Authority (MPA)	asset is purchased.
Transport Equipment	Based on information on registered vehicles provided by National Transport Authority (NTA) classified as final consumption expenditure or investment according to purchasers. For transport equipment for which no registration is necessary, imports statistics are used.	- CPI component for car.
Other Machinery and Equipment.	Estimates are mostly based on quarterly Trade Statistics given that most of the machinery and equipment are imported. The imported machinery and equipment goods are brought to purchasers' prices by adding all duties and taxes, landing cost, transport cost and margins. Duties and taxes are available from Customs Department, landing cost from Mauritius Ports Authority while rates of transport and margin are based on the results of the 2002 CEA. Annual installation cost obtained through surveys is quarterlised according to the quarterly trend of concerned machinery. Local production of machinery is estimated from outputs of companies producing capital goods.	- Quarterly Import Price Index.

Exports and Imports of Goods and Services	Data available from the Quarterly Balance of Payments (BOP) of the Bank of Mauritius (BOM).	Deflation using quarterly import and export price indices.

SECTION 2 - STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

1. Quarterly GDP estimates at current prices

1.1 Overall GDP

Figure 4.1 shows quarterly GDP estimates at basic prices for the period 2005 to 2008. It is observed that throughout the period, the quarterly data follow the same pattern every year. Production is relatively low in the first quarter; increases gradually in the two subsequent quarters to peak in the last quarter before declining in the first quarter of the following year. This pattern clearly indicates seasonality in the data. Thus, in 2007, GDP at current basic prices which stood at R 46,492 million in the first quarter, increased to R 49,365 million in the second and to R 52,758 million in the third to peak at R 58,327 million in the fourth quarter. It then declined to R 53,547 million in the first quarter of 2008.

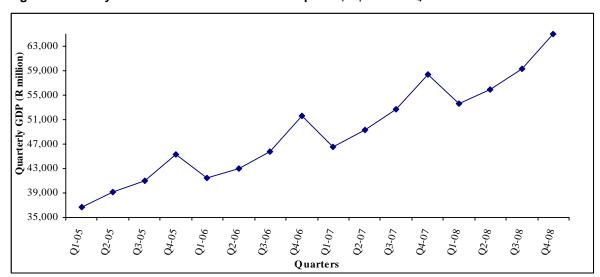


Fig 4.1: Quarterly GDP estimates at current basic prices, Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

The lower GDP figures observed during the first quarters may be due to lower economic activities resulting from temporary closures of firms during the month of January because of New Year festivities. On the other hand, the higher GDP figures during the last quarters could be explained by more activities in "Hotels and restaurants" due to high tourist arrivals, and in "Manufacturing" and "Wholesale and retail trade" to meet the high demand for consumption goods for the end-of-year festivities.

Quarterly data for the years 2005 to 2008 indicate that around 23% of the annual GDP was produced in the first quarters, 24% in the second quarters, 25% in the third quarters and 28% in the fourth quarters.

Quarterly GDP at current basic prices for the fourth quarter of 2008 is estimated at R 64,935 million compared to R 59,256 million in the previous quarter and to R 58,327 million in the corresponding quarter of 2007 (Table 4.1).

2. Quarterly GDP growth rates (based on data unadjusted for seasonality)

2.1 Growth rates, $Q_12005 - Q_42008$, (year on year change)

Figure 4.2 shows the year on year quarterly GDP growth rates for the period first quarter 2005 to fourth quarter 2008 and the annual rates for the period 2005 to 2008. After a low growth of only 2.3% in 2005, the economy recovered with growth of 5.1%, 5.4% and 5.3% in 2006, 2007 and 2008 respectively. Growth for 2008 is estimated at 5.3%, lower than 2007.

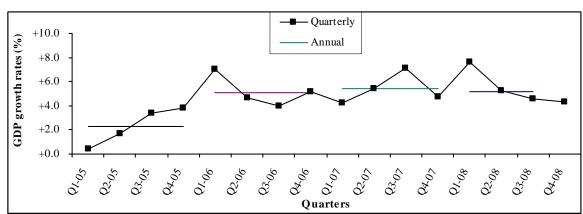


Fig. 4.2: GDP growth rates, quarterly (percentage change over corresponding period of previous year) and annual, $Q_1 = 2005 - Q_4 = 2008$

Quarterly data indicate that after a low growth of only 0.4% during the first quarter of 2005, GDP improved in the following quarters to peak at 7.0% in the first quarter of 2006. Thereafter, it slowed down to pick up again during the third quarter of 2007 when a growth of 7.2% was registered. This was however followed by a lower growth of 4.7% in the fourth quarter. The economy recovered in the first quarter of 2008 with a growth of 7.7%, but then continuously declined in the following quarters with growths of 5.3%, 4.6% and 4.3% in the second, third and fourth quarters respectively.

2.2 Quarterly GDP growth, 2008

After a high growth of 7.7% noted in the first quarter of 2008, real GDP registered lower growths in the next three quarters (5.3% in the second quarter, 4.6% in the third quarter and 4.3% in the fourth quarter). GDP growth in 2008 is mainly attributable to the sectors, "Manufacturing", "Construction", "Transport, storage and communications", "Financial intermediation" and "Real estate, renting and business activities" (Table A).

The contribution of an industry to GDP growth depends on two factors, namely, its share in the economy and the change in its real value added. From Table A, it is observed that the main contributors to the 7.7% growth in GDP during the first quarter of 2008 were "Transport, storage and communications" (1.5 percentage point), "Financial intermediation" (1.1 percentage point), "Construction" (1.0 percentage point), "Real estate, renting and business activities" (1.0 percentage point), "Manufacturing" (0.8 percentage point), "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods" (0.8 percentage point) and "Hotels and restaurants" (0.8 percentage point).

During the second quarter the main contributors were "Financial intermediation" (1.0 percentage point), "Manufacturing" (0.8 percentage point), "Construction" (0.8 percentage point), "Real estate, renting and business activities" (0.8 percentage point).

In the third quarter of 2008, the main contributions by the following sectors were as follows: "Financial intermediation" (1.2 percentage point), "Construction" (0.7 percentage point), and "Real estate, renting and business activities" (0.7 percentage point).

As for the fourth quarter, the main contributors were "Financial intermediation" (1.0 percentage point), "Real estate, renting and business activities" (0.9 percentage point), "Manufacturing" (0.7 percentage point), "Transport, storage and communications" (0.7 percentage point).

Table A: Contribution of industry groups to GDP growth (percentage point), Q₁ 2007 - Q₄2008

			Cont	ribution t	o GDP gr	owth		
Industry	Q ₁ 2007	$Q_2 2007$	Q ₃ 2007	Q ₄ 2007	Q ₁ 2008	Q ₂ 2008	Q ₃ 2008	Q ₄ 2008
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-0.5	-0.5	-0.6	-0.1	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3
Mining and quarrying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	0.1	0.8	1.1	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.7
Electricity , gas and water supply	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Construction	1.5	1.0	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.4
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	-0.6	0.0	1.8	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4
Hotels and restaurants	1.5	1.6	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.2	-0.2
Transport , storage and communications	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.0	1.5	0.3	0.5	0.7
Financial intermediation	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.9
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	0.0	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.3	-0.1	0.1
Education	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Health and social work	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3
FISIM	-0.7	-0.4	-0.2	-0.4	-0.7	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5
GDP at basic prices	4.2	5.4	7.2	4.7	7.7	5.3	4.6	4.3

Contribution of an industry to the GDP growth is calculated as the product of its share in the economy and the year on year growth rate.

2.3 GDP growth by industry, 2008

Growth recorded by the different industry groups during the four quarters of 2008 are given in Table 4.2. The performance of the main sectors of the economy was as follows:

"Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing" grew by 7.6% in the first quarter of 2008, 4.4% in the second quarter, 8.9% in the third quarter and 5.4% in the fourth quarter. The growths during the four quarters were the result of growth in sugar cane (+3.7% in each quarter) and also high growth in "Other agriculture" in all four quarters (+10.6% in the first quarter, +4.9% in the second and +13.3% in the third and +6.7% in the fourth quarter).

"Manufacturing" registered growths of 4.7% and 4.1% in the first and second quarters of 2008 respectively but slowed in the third quarter with a growth of 1.2%. However, it picked up in the fourth quarter with a 3.1% growth.

"Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods" showed a downward trend in growth rate in 2008, after a growth of 6.9% in the first quarter.

"Hotels and restaurants" registered a high growth of 7.0% in the first quarter of 2008 followed by lower growths of 3.1% and 2.6% in the second and third quarters respectively. However, in the fourth quarter a decline of 1.6% was noted.

"Transport, storage and communications" registered a high growth of 11.2% in the first quarter of 2008, followed by lower growths of 3.1%, 4.2% and 6.2% in the remaining quarters.

"Financial Intermediation" recorded high growths of 10.4%, 9.7%, 11.0% and 9.7% in all four quarters of 2008 respectively.

"Real estate, renting and business activities" registered growths ranging from +6.8 to +8.5% during the four quarters of 2008.

3. Quarterly GDP by expenditure

3.1 Quarterly GDP by expenditure, 2008

Final consumption expenditure which comprises consumption expenditure of households and general government, amounted to R 53,084 million in the first quarter of 2008, R 54,993 million in the second, R 58,262 million in the third and R 65,512 million in the fourth quarter (Table 4.3). Consumption of households which represented 74.3% of the quarterly GDP in the first quarter of 2008 decreased to 73.1% in the second quarter before continuously increased in the remaining quarters to reach 76.3% and 76.2% in the third and fourth quarter respectively. General government consumption expenditure went up from 12.6% of GDP in the first quarter to 13.5% in the fourth quarter. Hence, total final consumption expenditure which represented 86.9% of the quarterly GDP at market prices in the first quarter increased to 89.7% in the last quarter.

Analysis of quarterly data from 2005 to 2008 shows seasonality in household consumption expenditure with highest consumption occurring during the fourth quarters. Household expenditure during the fourth quarters represents around 28% of the yearly figures, compared to around 24% for the other quarters.

"Exports of goods" is observed to be highest during the third and fourth quarters, mainly explained by higher sugar and EPZ exports. "Exports of services" which comprises mainly tourist earnings and revenue of the national airline from foreign travellers is highest during the first and fourth quarters.

Imports of goods are highest in the fourth quarters, mainly explained by high household consumption at the end of the year.

There is no distinct seasonal pattern in the data for general government consumption expenditure, Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF) and imports of services.

3.2 Quarterly growth rates of expenditure components, 2008

Analysis of year on year quarterly GDP by expenditure shows that total final consumption expenditure grew by 6.1% in the first quarter of 2008 and then slowed in the second and third quarters with growths of 5.6% and 5.3% respectively before picking up again in the fourth quarter with a 6.5% growth (Table 4.4). After recording nearly the same growth rate of 6.8% during the first three quarters of 2008, household consumption expenditure registered a higher growth of 7.4% in the last quarter. As for general government expenditure the pattern of growth noted was +2.5% in the first quarter, +0.7% in the second, -2.7% in the third and +2.4% in the last quarter.

After higher growths of 12.0% and 14.5% in the first two quarters of 2008, investment registered a lower growth of 5.0% in the third quarter and contracted by 11.8% in the fourth quarter of 2008. The high growth of the first quarter was mainly due to a high growth in "Building and construction work" (+18.8%). In the second quarter of 2008, the growth in investment was explained by high growths in "Building and construction work" (+18.8%) and "Machinery and equipment" (15.7%). In the third quarter, the increase in investment is explained by a 13.1% growth in "Building and construction work", partly offset by a decline of 4.3% in "Machinery and equipment". In the last quarter of 2008, the decline in investment was attributable to an important contraction in "Machinery and equipment" (-29.4%), partly offset by a growth in "Building and construction work" (+8.5%).

The high growths in "Building and construction work" in 2008 was mainly attributable to high investment in "Non-residential building" in projects under the Integrated Resort Scheme (IRS).

After a high growth of 20.7% in the first quarter of 2008 and a lower growth of 5.9% in the second quarter, imports of goods and services contracted in the remaining quarters with negative growths of 7.3% and 6.6% respectively.

Export of goods and services grew by an average growth rate of 1.3% in the first three quarters of 2008 respectively and then declined by 15% in the fourth quarter.

4. Seasonally adjusted guarterly GDP

Table B and figure 4 below show the year-on-year quarterly GDP growth rates based on unadjusted data and the quarter-to-quarter growth rates based on seasonally adjusted data for the period 2001 to the fourth quarter of 2008.

As indicated earlier, while the year-on-year growth rates can be used to analyse trends, the quarter to quarter growth rates provide a more meaningful trend analysis with the advantage of being able to detect trend changes much earlier. For example, the year-on-year growth rates indicate a slowing down of the economy during the period third quarter of 2001 to the second quarter of 2002 and a recovery during the third quarter of 2002. On the other hand, the quarter-to-quarter growth rates based on seasonally adjusted data had already detected a decline in the economy as from the second quarter of 2001 and a recovery as from the second quarter of 2002.

Similarly, the year-on-year growth rates show a sharp decline in economic activities during the first quarter of 2005 and a slow pick up in the second quarter while the quarter-to-quarter data reveal slowing down of the economy as early as from the second quarter of 2004.

4.1 Seasonally adjusted quarterly GDP growth, 2008 (Quarter to quarter)

Quarter to quarter GDP growth rates based on seasonally adjusted data show that the economy grew 2.6% in the first quarter of 2008, declined by 0.5 in the second quarter, picked up again by 2.4% in the third quarter before declining again by 0.1% in the last quarter. Seasonally adjusted growth rates by industry group are given in table 4.5. Seasonally adjusted growth rates by industry group are given in table 4.5.

Table B: Quarterly GDP growth rates, Q₁ 2001 - Q₄ 2008

Quarter	GDP growth rates (%) (Over corresponding quarter of previous year)	Seasonally adjusted GDP growth rates (%) (Quarter to quarter)	Quarter	GDP growth rates (%) (Over corresponding quarter of previous year)	Seasonally adjusted GDP growth rates (%) (Quarter to quarter)
Q1_01	3.3	3.1	Q1_05	0.4	-1.5
Q2_01	7.1	2.5	Q2_05	1.7	2.3
Q3_01	5.3	-0.4	Q3_05	3.4	2.2
Q4_01	4.8	-0.3	Q4_05	3.8	0.8
Q1_02	1.8	-0.4	Q1_06	7.0	1.4
Q2_02	1.0	2.1	Q2_06	4.7	0.2
Q3_02	1.6	0.1	Q3_06	4.0	1.5
Q4_02	3.1	1.6	Q4_06	5.2	2.1
Q1_03	6.4	2.1	Q1_07	4.2	0.1
Q2_03	3.2	-0.3	Q2_07	5.4	1.7
Q3_03	4.8	1.3	Q3_07	7.2	3.2
Q4_03	3.3	-0.1	Q4_07	4.7	-0.2
Q1_04	4.3	3.4	Q1_08	7.7	2.6
Q2_04	4.8	0.4	Q2_08	5.3	-0.5
Q3_04	4.6	0.7	Q3_08	4.6	2.4
Q4_04	5.3	0.6	Q4_08	4.3	-0.1

Fig. 4.3: GDP growth rates (over corresponding quarter of previous year and quarter to quarter), Q_1 2001 – Q_4 2008.

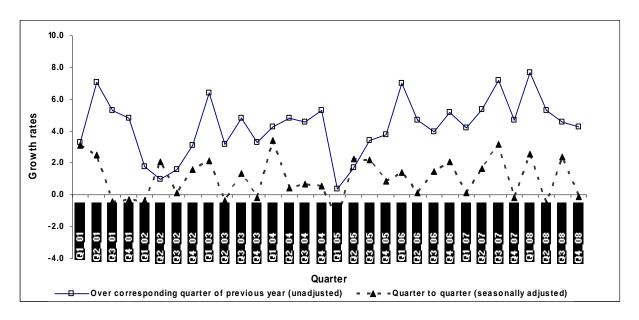


Table 4.1 - Quarterly Gross Domestic Product by industry group at current basic prices, Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

			2005					2006 ¹					2007 ¹					2008		R million)
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1 ¹	Q2 ¹	Q3 ¹	Q4 ²	Yr
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	2,133	2,036	2,654	2,968	9,790	2,226	2,143	2,802	2,959	10,130	2,115	2,023	2,687	3,009	9,834	2,227	2,092	2,766	2,970	10,055
Sugarcane	1,098	1,005	1,473	1,636	5,212	1,082	991	1,452	1,613	5,137	973	891	1,306	1,450	4,620	921	843	1,236	1,373	4,373
Other	1,035	1,031	1,181	1,331	4,578	1,144	1,152	1,350	1,347	4,993	1,142	1,132	1,381	1,559	5,214	1,306	1,249	1,530	1,597	5,681
Mining and quarrying	21	22	21	23	88	23	23	29	26	101	22	22	25	28	96	24	23	26	29	101
Manufacturing	6,587	7,783	8,050	9,767	32,187	7,350	8,712	9,207	11,087	36,357	8,279	9,912	10,588	12,297	41,076	9,805	11,293	11,800	13,990	46,888
Sugar	247	335	489	538	1,609	244	330	482	530	1,586	219	297	434	477	1,426	208	281	411	451	1,350
Food (exc sugar)	1,733	1,971	2,059	2,547	8,310	2,080	2,482	2,469	3,106		2,274	3,154	3,003	3,870	12,301	3,213	4,142	3,993	5,213	16,560
Textile	2,411	2,864	2,654	2,956	10,885	2,535	3,037	3,011	3,391	11,974	2,966	3,541	3,442	3,487	13,435	2,881	3,294	3,120	3,348	12,644
Other	2,196	2,612	2,848	3,726	11,383	2,491	2,863	3,245	4,060	12,659	2,820	2,921	3,709	4,464	13,914	3,504	3,575	4,277	4,978	16,334
Electricity, gas and water supply	944	813	804	794	3,355	908	811	907	895	3,521	918	823	907	1,020	3,668	1,081	1,203	1,242	1,233	4,759
Construction	2,029	2,419	2,246	2,405	9,099	2,094	2,553	2,676	2,883	10,205	3,042	3,403	3,242	3,457	13,145	3,947	4,190	3,999	4,081	16,216
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	3,838	4,776	5,127	5,829	19,571	4,906	5,482	5,607	6,539	22,534	5,059	6,040	6,831	7,669	25,599	5,820	6,910	7,535	8,575	28,840
Wholesale and retail trade	3,557	4,495	4,846	5,548	18,446	4,584	5,160	5,285	6,217	21,246	4,694	5,675	6,465	7,303	24,137	5,400	6,480	7,100	8,140	27,120
Other	281	281	281	281	1,125	322	322	322	322	1,288	365	365	365	365	1,461	420	430	435	435	1,720
Hotels and restaurants	3,414	2,633	2,599	3,778	12,423	4,381	3,084	3,182	4,854	15,500	5,184	4,250	4,114	5,969	19,517	5,775	4,861	4,162	5,249	20,047
Transport , storage and communications	4,933	4,703	5,249	5,563	20,447	5,449	4,996	5,611	6,111	22,167	6,049	5,564	6,380	6,734	24,727	6,718	5,623	6,560	7,156	26,057
Financial intermediation	3,625	4,291	4,312	4,539	16,766	4,017	4,455	4,945	5,434	18,850	4,855	5,104	5,615	6,032	21,607	6,050	6,325	6,600	6,435	25,410
Insurance	915	1,050	1,333	1,377	4,675	1,025	1,163	1,475	1,491	5,154	1,140	1,278	1,656	1,627	5,700	1,400	1,500	1,750	1,650	6,300
Banks	2,247	2,700	2,510	2,685	10,141	2,487	2,731	2,870	3,389	11,477	3,159	3,198	3,299	3,661	13,317	4,000	4,100	4,100	4,000	16,200
Other	463	541	469	476	1,950	505	560	600	554	2,219	556	629	661	745	2,590	650	725	750	785	2,910
Real estate, renting and business activities	4,078	4,157	4,116	4,258	16,609	4,552	4,729	4,800	4,990	19,071	5,332	5,685	5,725	5,872	22,614	6,426	6,656	6,761	7,041	26,884
Owner occupied dwellings	1,994	2,022	2,066	2,096	8,177	2,182	2,215	2,334	2,371	9,102	2,467	2,670	2,784	2,755	10,675	2,961	2,990	3,166	3,209	12,326
Other	2,084	2,135	2,050	2,163	8,432	2,370	2,514	2,466	2,619	9,969	2,865	3,015	2,941	3,117	11,939	3,465	3,666	3,595	3,832	14,558
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	2,732	2,901	2,955	2,872	11,460	2,931	3,107	3,010	3,152	12,199	2,998	3,290	3,163	3,224	12,674	3,155	3,487	3,885	4,091	14,618
Education	1,837	1,975	2,007	1,960	7,780	1,991	2,139	2,164	2,147	8,440	2,158	2,318	2,347	2,287	9,109	2,332	2,503	2,807	2,801	10,443
Health and social work	1,368	1,388	1,446	1,378	5,580	1,522	1,604	1,578	1,562	6,266	1,672	1,697	1,752	1,704	6,824	1,835	1,877	2,068	2,128	7,909
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	1,221	1,515	1,681	1,590	6,007	1,372	1,709	1,901	1,803	6,784	1,571	2,010	2,237	2,164	7,981	1,853	2,372	2,644	2,556	9,425
FISIM	-2,087	-2,315	-2,212	-2,377	-8,991	-2,260	-2,472	-2,598	-2,788	-10,117	-2,761	-2,777	-2,853	-3,137	-11,528	-3,500	-3,500	-3,600	-3,400	-14,000
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	36,673	39,096	41,056	45,347	162,171	41,462	43,073	45,821	51,653	182,008	46,492	49,365	52,758	58,327	206,942	53,547	55,914	59,256	64,935	233,652
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	5,445	5,863	5,471	6,398	23,177	5,985	5,978	5,735	6,622	24,319	6,538	6,688	6,916	8,407	28,549	7,547	7,881	7,698	8,075	31,201
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	42,118	44,959	46,526	51,745	185,349	47,446	49,051	51,556	58,274	206,328	53,030	56,053	59,674	66,734	235,491	61,094	63,796	66,954	73,009	264,853
Export Oriented Enterprises	2.671	3,267	3,089	3,081	12,108	2,813	3,611	3,560	3,709	13,694	3,351	4,118	4,060	4,055	15,584	3,585	4,109	3,962	4,290	15,945

Table 4.2 - Gross Domestic Product-sectoral growth rates (% over corresponding period of previous year), Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

			2005					2006 ¹					2007 ¹					2008		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1 ¹	Q2 ¹	Q3 ¹	Q4 ²	Yr
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-7.2	-8.1	-7.3	-0.3	-5.4	+1.1	+4.0	+2.9	-4.0	+0.6	-10.1	-10.9	-9.3	-1.5	-7.4	+7.6	+4.4	+8.9	+5.4	+6.4
Sugarcane	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7
Other	-4.8	-7.0	-4.6	+10.3	-1.1	+4.9	+9.4	+9.0	-3.1	+4.5	-5.3	-7.8	-3.6	+10.0	-1.1	+10.6	+4.9	+13.3	+6.7	+8.8
Mining and quarrying	+7.7	+9.1	-9.7	-16.1	-3.6	+7.9	+0.7	+26.3	+2.6	+9.1	-8.0	-3.6	-21.7	-1.7	-9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	-11.0	-6.0	-3.9	-1.8	-5.5	+5.9	+2.7	+4.1	+3.8	+4.0	+0.5	+3.9	+5.6	+0.1	+2.2	+4.7	+4.1	+1.2	+3.1	+3.2
Sugar	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-9.2	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-2.9	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	-13.6	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7	+3.7
Food (exc sugar)	-3.1	+0.8	+2.2	+7.3	+2.1	+12.3	+13.3	+7.2	+6.6	+9.6	-5.1	+7.6	+4.5	+7.3	+4.0	+10.2	+9.1	+0.4	+10.1	+7.5
Textile	-21.0	-16.3	-13.3	-8.1	-14.7	-0.1	-1.1	+6.2	+6.5	+2.9	+7.2	+12.0	+11.9	+3.2	+8.5	+6.3	-0.3	-3.2	-1.7	0.0
Other	-4.8	+5.2	+6.3	-4.0	+0.4	+4.2	-1.2	+1.4	+2.9	+1.8	+2.8	-8.2	+0.4	-6.1	-3.1	+2.9	+4.4	+3.2	-0.1	+2.4
Electricity , gas and water supply	+1.5	+2.5	+6.6	+5.2	+3.8	+3.7	+5.3	+5.7	+1.6	+4.0	+0.8	+2.0	+3.0	+8.0	+3.4	+5.1	+2.9	+7.7	+0.7	+4.0
Construction	-2.8	-9.6	-4.3	-0.3	-4.4	-1.3	+0.9	+10.2	+10.7	+5.2	+30.2	+17.9	+8.0	+8.1	+15.2	+15.8	+12.3	+11.3	+5.7	+11.1
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	-1.6	+8.2	+9.5	+5.5	+5.6	+19.9	+7.6	-1.5	+0.2	+5.5	-5.3	-0.2	+14.1	+8.3	+4.5	+6.9	+5.2	+4.2	+3.0	+4.6
Wholesale and retail trade	-2.1	+8.3	+9.5	+5.3	+5.5	+20.6	+7.6	-1.9	0.0	+5.4	-6.1	-0.5	+14.4	+8.4	+4.4	+6.9	+5.1	+4.0	+2.8	+4.5
Other	+6.7	+7.2	+8.6	+9.7	+8.0	+8.7	+9.2	+5.3	+4.7	+7.0	+6.4	+5.0	+8.4	+7.1	+6.7	+7.0	+6.6	+7.9	+7.1	+7.0
Hotels and restaurants	+6.5	+2.4	+5.2	+7.2	+5.6	+6.1	-0.2	+3.2	+4.1	+3.5	+15.1	+22.7	+13.6	+7.9	+14.0	+7.0	+3.1	+2.6	-1.6	+2.7
Transport , storage and communications	+7.8	+9.7	+7.4	+6.3	+7.7	+8.5	+5.8	+5.8	+9.3	+7.4	+5.2	+7.3	+10.1	+8.2	+7.7	+11.2	+3.1	+4.2	+6.2	+6.2
Financial intermediation	+1.3	+4.2	+8.7	+7.5	+5.4	+4.5	+4.2	+8.0	+11.1	+7.0	+11.9	+6.6	+5.2	+7.0	+7.5	+10.4	+9.7	+11.0	+9.7	+10.1
Insurance	+4.3	+5.1	+6.1	+4.6	+5.0	+5.0	+4.8	+5.5	+4.7	+5.0	+5.2	+4.7	+5.1	+5.5	+5.1	+4.8	+4.9	+5.1	+5.1	+5.0
Banks	-1.4	+3.1	+10.8	+6.9	+4.8	+4.3	+4.5	+6.3	+12.8	+7.1	+14.0	+6.4	+5.3	+6.9	+7.9	+13.3	+11.8	+14.7	+12.3	+12.9
Other	+8.1	+7.9	+5.5	+17.5	+9.5	+4.9	+2.0	+21.3	+17.5	+11.0	+11.3	+10.9	+11.3	+11.2	+11.2	+8.0	+8.0	+7.0	+5.2	+7.0
Real estate, renting and business activities	+6.1	+6.3	+6.4	+7.0	+6.5	+6.0	+7.6	+6.4	+6.4	+6.5	+6.5	+7.7	+9.0	+7.2	+7.6	+8.5	+6.9	+6.8	+8.3	+7.6
Owner occupied dwellings	+4.9	+4.7	+4.8	+4.9	+4.8	+4.5	+4.5	+4.4	+4.4	+4.4	+2.1	+6.9	+6.5	+4.4	+4.9	+6.6	+2.2	+2.7	+4.9	+4.0
Other	+7.3	+7.9	+8.1	+9.1	+8.1	+7.4	+10.7	+8.4	+8.3	+8.5	+10.7	+8.4	+11.3	+9.7	+10.0	+10.2	+11.1	+10.5	+11.4	+10.8
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	+4.4	+5.0	+7.8	+4.2	+5.3	+4.1	+4.0	+0.1	+7.8	+4.0	-0.7	+2.9	+1.2	-1.4	+0.5	+2.9	+3.8	-1.5	+1.6	+1.7
Education	+6.3	+7.7	+4.6	+6.1	+6.1	+3.6	+3.5	+3.7	+5.6	+4.1	+3.2	+3.1	+2.8	+1.1	+2.5	+3.4	+3.3	+3.3	+3.6	+3.4
Health and social work	+7.8	+7.2	+4.5	+5.4	+6.2	+7.0	+13.0	+4.5	+6.8	+7.9	+5.8	+2.1	+6.4	+4.2	+4.6	+4.9	+4.9	+3.5	+4.5	+4.6
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+5.3	+5.9	+6.9	+10.3	+7.2	+8.6	+7.7	+5.4	+5.0	+6.5	+8.0	+8.5	+8.8	+6.7	+8.0	+9.0	+8.8	+9.0	+6.5	+8.3
FISIM	+3.1	+12.7	+7.5	+6.1	+7.3	+2.6	+8.5	+9.3	+6.9	+6.9	+13.6	+6.6	+3.5	+7.0	+7.5	+10.9	+10.0	+11.0	+9.8	+10.4
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	+0.4	+1.7	+3.4	+3.8	+2.3	+7.0	+4.7	+4.0	+5.2	+5.1	+4.2	+5.4	+7.2	+4.7	+5.4	+7.7	+5.3	+4.6	+4.3	+5.3
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	-5.1	-2.5	-10.7	-3.8	-5.5	+2.9	-6.7	-5.2	-5.6	-3.8	-3.3	+1.5	+15.2	+18.1	+5.5	+10.7	+15.8	+6.9	-9.6	-0.8
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	-0.2	+1.2	+1.8	+3.0	+1.2	+6.6	+3.4	+3.1	+4.1	+3.9	+3.5	+5.1	+7.9	+6.0	+5.4	+7.9	+6.3	+4.8	+2.9	+4.6
Export Oriented Enterprises	-21.2	-9.8	-8.4	-10.0	-12.3	+1.3	+1.4	+6.2	+9.4	+4.6	+5.8	+8.8	+11.7	+5.5	+8.0	+13.2	+3.9	+0.2	-1.3	+3.6

1/ revised estimates

Table 4.3 - Quarterly expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at current prices, Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

	1		2005		1	1		2006 ¹		1	I		2007 ¹			I		2008	(17.1	nillion)
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1 ¹	Q2 ¹	Q3 ¹	Q4 ²	Yr
Final consumption expenditure					154,715		-,-	42,860		174,845		47,148					54,993			
Households	30,138	30,286	30,998	35,927	127,349	34,407	34,283	35,861	40,940	145,491	39,207	39,066	40,864	46,652	165,789	45,387	46,641	49,295	55,606	196,929
General Government	6,477	7,063	6,753	7,073	27,367	7,005	7,715	6,999	7,635	29,355	7,295	8,082	7,488	7,878	30,744	7,697	8,352	8,967	9,906	34,921
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	8,580	10,917	10,500	9,734	39,731	8,854	11,336	12,225	17,634	50,049	12,289	13,821	14,723	18,337	59,170	14,756	16,528	16,360	17,249	64,894
A. Building & Construction work	5,279	6,222	5,810	6,177	23,489	5,438	6,737	6,972	7,557	26,705	8,069	9,123	8,585	9,126	34,903	10,740	11,381	10,756	11,064	43,941
Residential building	1,764	1,257	2,328	2,279	7,628	1,984	2,130	2,391	2,467	8,972	2,911	2,294	2,550	2,824	10,579	3,273	3,615	3,480	3,575	13,944
Non residential building	2,508	2,577	2,320	2,222	9,627	1,907	2,342	3,035	3,382	10,666	3,577	4,542	4,791	4,884	17,794	5,444	5,355	5,797	5,565	22,162
Other construction work	1,007	2,388	1,163	1,677	6,234	1,547	2,266	1,546	1,708	7,067	1,581	2,287	1,244	1,419	6,530	2,023	2,411	1,478	1,923	7,835
B. Machinery & equipment	3,300	4,695	4,690	3,557	16,242	3,416	4,599	5,253	10,077	23,344	4,220	4,698	6,137	9,211	24,267	4,016	5,147	5,604	6,185	20,953
Passenger car	518	631	563	616	2,327	616	649	595	638	2,497	733	786	848	1,039	3,406	870	857	912	880	3,519
Other transport equipment	295	586	526	459	1,866	480	509	452	6,180	7,620	530	591	656	3,171	4,948	522	650	1,112	438	2,721
Other transport equipment (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	295	466	526	459	1,746	480	509	452	505	1,945	530	591	656	656	2,433	522	650	512	438	2,121
Other machinery and equipment	2,488	3,478	3,601	2,482	12,049	2,320	3,441	4,207	3,259	13,227	2,957	3,321	4,634	5,001	15,913	2,625	3,640	3,580	4,867	14,712
Change in inventories	-3,351	2,893	1,445	1,042	2,029	-1,422	2,286	2,122	1,748	4,734	-3,390	1,306	4,922	1,287	4,125	1,548	3,099	3,138	-800	6,985
Exports of goods and services	25,155	26,454	28,473	30,858	110,940	30,425	28,143	31,106	37,454	127,128	32,640	31,878	33,083	40,929	138,530	33,318	33,491	35,204	38,601	140,614
Goods (f.o.b)	12,909	14,640	17,865	17,805	63,219	15,933	17,356	19,137	21,611	74,037	15,478	16,614	17,580	20,036	69,708	14,311	15,917	18,249	19,932	68,409
Services	12,246	11,814	10,608	13,053	47,721	14,492	10,787	11,969	15,843	53,091	17,162	15,264	15,503	20,893	68,822	19,007	17,574	16,955	18,669	72,205
Less Imports of goods and services	24,880	32,654	31,643	32,890	122,067	31,823	34,712	36,757	47,137	150,429	35,011	38,101	41,406	48,349	162,867	41,613	44,315	46,010	47,552	179,490
Goods (f.o.b)	17,025	22,797	23,114	23,798	86,734	22,090	25,490	26,123	34,866	108,569	23,001	26,857	29,453	34,333	113,644	28,924	30,406	32,709	32,886	124,925
Services	7,855	9,857	8,529	9,092	35,333	9,733	9,222	10,634	12,271	41,860	12,010	11,244	11,953	14,016	49,223	12,689	13,909	13,301	14,666	54,565
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	42,118	44,959	46,526	51,745	185,349	47,446	49,051	51,556	58,274	206,328	53,030	56,053	59,674	66,734	235,491	61,094	63,796	66,954	73,009	264,853

Table 4.4 - Expenditure on GDP - Growth rates (% over corresponding period of previous year), Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

			2005					2006 ¹					2007 ¹					2008		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Yr	Q1 ¹	Q2 ¹	Q3 ¹	Q4 ²	Yr
Final consumption expenditure	+8.2	+6.3	+7.5	+6.4	+7.1	+6.0	+7.6	+5.1	+3.5	+5.5	+3.1	+4.2	+5.6	+2.5	+3.9	+6.1	+5.6	+5.3	+6.5	+6.0
Households	+9.1	+5.9	+7.9	+6.4	+7.3	+6.3	+8.2	+6.1	+3.3	+5.9	+3.7	+5.1	+6.2	+3.2	+4.5	+6.8	+6.8	+6.9	+7.4	+7.0
General Government	+4.4	+8.0	+5.8	+6.0	+6.1	+4.5	+5.4	+0.7	+4.7	+3.8	+0.6	+0.8	+2.9	-0.9	+0.8	+2.5	+0.7	-2.7	+2.4	+0.7
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	-6.6	+1.0	+2.9	-4.7	-1.9	+0.3	-0.5	+8.2	+59.2	+19.0	+24.3	+9.7	+11.3	+1.5	+8.6	+12.0	+14.5	+5.0	-11.8	+3.2
A. Building & Construction work	-2.8	-10.8	-5.1	-1.5	-5.3	-1.5	+3.4	+11.0	+13.0	+6.7	+32.9	+19.7	+9.7	+8.9	+16.9	+18.8	+13.8	+13.1	+8.5	+13.4
Residential building	-18.8	-38.5	-5.1	+25.1	-10.5	+7.2	+61.2	-5.2	-0.2	+10.3	+32.1	-4.8	-5.0	+2.5	+5.5	-0.0	+44.0	+23.4	+14.2	+18.7
Non residential building	+15.4	-16.1	-11.8	-28.2	-12.1	-26.9	-12.8	+21.5	+41.1	+3.9	+66.6	+71.2	+40.6	+30.8	+49.2	+36.4	+7.4	+9.1	+1.4	+12.2
Other construction work	-7.0	+28.6	+11.8	+23.9	+16.8	+46.2	-9.7	+22.3	-6.4	+6.3	-8.0	-10.7	-28.3	-25.6	-17.4	+13.7	-3.8	+7.4	+22.2	+8.1
B. Machinery & equipment	-11.8	+20.5	+13.6	-9.3	+3.4	+3.0	-5.2	+5.1	+131.2	+36.9	+12.1	-3.7	+13.1	-4.1	-1.0	+0.6	+15.7	-4.3	-29.4	-11.6
Passenger car	-1.5	+11.9	-39.3	-11.0	-14.1	+16.0	-1.0	+3.9	-0.2	+4.2	+15.5	+16.2	+34.7	+53.2	+29.9	+12.2	+9.4	+7.7	-13.4	+2.8
Other transport equipment	-6.0	-9.7	+29.3	+12.7	+2.8	+64.7	-10.1	-12.5	+876.7	+296.5	+6.1	+8.6	+33.8	-47.0	-38.2	-4.8	+9.9	+81.8	-77.4	-45.3
Other transport equipment (excluding aircraft & marine vessel)	-6.0	+9.1	+29.3	+12.7	+10.1	+64.7	+9.1	-12.5	+8.7	+8.1	+6.1	+8.6	+33.8	+22.7	+19.1	-4.8	+9.9	-22.4	-12.3	-13.2
Other machinery and equipment	-14.4	+29.9	+29.5	-12.3	+7.7	-7.6	-5.2	+8.1	+18.1	+3.1	+12.5	-9.6	+7.2	+53.6	+14.6	-1.5	+18.4	-20.1	-5.8	-4.2
Exports of goods and services	+1.2	+18.8	+10.8	+12.5	+10.6	+16.5	-0.3	+2.8	+11.9	+7.7	-3.3	+6.9	+2.4	+7.9	+3.5	+2.1	+0.7	+1.0	-15.0	+2.6
Goods (f.o.b)	-3.9	+12.4	+9.5	+16.9	+8.9	+18.9	+11.1	+0.8	+12.0	+10.1	-12.5	-9.9	-11.7	-8.6	-10.6	-7.2	-7.6	-0.8	-11.2	+2.5
Services	+7.1	+27.8	+13.0	+7.1	+13.0	+14.0	-14.4	+6.1	+11.9	+4.6	+6.8	+33.5	+24.8	+30.2	+23.1	+10.3	+9.6	+3.1	-18.6	+2.6
Less Imports of goods and services	-7.9	+20.0	+7.7	+5.6	+6.4	+15.1	-5.6	+5.3	+24.3	+9.3	-3.2	+1.5	+10.2	-0.4	+2.1	+20.7	+5.9	-7.3	-6.6	+1.9
Goods (f.o.b)	-7.8	+15.1	+9.5	+4.7	+5.5	+16.7	-0.8	+2.5	+27.1	+11.1	-8.4	-2.6	+10.5	-4.2	-1.3	+27.6	+3.2	-7.5	-9.1	+1.6
Services	-8.1	+33.7	+3.1	+8.2	+8.4	+11.6	-16.9	+13.1	+17.0	+5.1	+8.7	+13.0	+9.6	+10.5	+10.9	+7.3	+12.6	-6.8	-0.2	+2.5

1/ revised estimates

Table 4.5 - Seasonally Adjusted Gross Domestic Product-sectoral growth rates (%, quarter to quarter ³), Q₁ 2005 - Q₄ 2008

		200	5			2006	, 1			2007	, ¹			200	8	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ¹	Q2 ¹	Q3 ¹	Q4 ²
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-1.7	-0.8	-0.8	+2.7	+0.6	+0.8	-1.5	-5.0	-3.4	-1.0	+0.4	+2.5	+6.0	-4.3	+4.6	-1.0
Sugarcane	-5.7	-0.9	-1.4	-2.0	+2.2	-1.5	-1.8	-2.3	-8.1	-2.0	-2.0	-2.5	+10.9	-2.1	-2.1	-2.6
Other	+4.1	-0.2	-0.9	+7.3	-1.0	+3.3	-0.6	-5.8	-1.0	+0.1	+4.2	+7.0	-0.8	-5.2	+12.6	+0.5
Mining and quarrying	-3.5	+0.4	-8.6	-3.9	+23.0	-7.8	+14.4	-19.5	+9.0	-4.4	-7.3	+2.9	+9.6	-4.3	-7.9	+3.8
Manufacturing	-6.5	+2.0	-0.1	+2.8	+1.3	-1.1	+0.7	+2.5	-1.3	+2.1	+2.1	-3.0	+3.6	+1.4	-0.9	-0.9
Sugar	-6.6	-0.7	-1.0	-1.6	+1.1	-1.4	-1.4	-1.8	-9.0	-1.9	-1.8	-2.0	+10.1	-2.1	-2.0	-1.9
Food (exc sugar)	-2.2	+2.4	+3.4	+3.0	+3.8	+1.2	-0.3	+0.9	-5.8	+13.1	-1.7	+2.4	-2.7	+11.0	-8.9	+11.7
Textile	-6.3	-0.8	-3.9	+3.2	+1.8	-2.0	+3.0	+3.8	+2.4	+2.2	+2.7	-3.9	+5.2	-4.1	-0.5	-2.0
Other	-6.3	+3.9	+2.1	-3.3	+1.2	0.0	+2.2	+0.0	-0.3	-9.6	+10.4	-5.8	+9.1	-7.8	+8.4	-8.3
Electricity , gas and water supply	+0.8	+0.5	+2.1	+1.4	+0.4	+1.6	+1.3	-1.7	0.0	+2.5	+1.7	+3.6	-2.3	-0.1	+5.7	-2.4
Construction	+1.4	-4.1	+2.4	+1.4	-2.9	+1.5	+10.5	+2.5	+9.7	-3.2	-0.8	+2.9	+15.9	-4.2	-2.8	-2.0
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	-6.9	+10.4	+4.2	-0.9	+3.7	+0.1	-4.9	+1.9	-1.4	+4.4	+8.7	-2.0	-4.5	+3.3	+7.7	-2.6
Wholesale and retail trade	-7.3	+10.8	+4.3	-1.1	+3.8	0.0	-5.2	+1.9	-1.6	+4.6	+9.0	-2.2	-4.8	+3.4	+7.9	-2.8
Other	+1.5	+2.2	+2.9	+2.7	+0.7	+2.7	-0.8	+2.2	+2.2	+1.4	+2.5	+0.9	+2.1	+1.0	+3.6	+0.2
Hotels and restaurants	-1.6	-0.6	+4.9	+4.2	-3.2	-4.6	+7.7	+5.2	+5.0	+2.7	-0.3	+0.1	+3.7	-0.5	-0.6	-3.9
Transport , storage and communications	+1.0	+2.8	+1.6	+0.4	+3.3	+0.5	+1.8	+3.4	-0.5	+2.2	+4.9	+1.6	+2.0	-5.3	+6.1	+3.7
Financial intermediation	-1.3	+6.4	+1.1	+0.5	-3.0	+5.8	+5.1	+2.4	-1.8	+1.2	+3.7	+3.5	+1.4	+1.3	+4.1	+2.5
Insurance	+0.5	+1.8	+1.4	+0.9	+1.0	+1.7	+1.5	+0.6	+1.3	+1.3	+1.7	+1.2	+0.5	+1.5	+1.8	+1.2
Banks	-4.0	+6.8	+3.0	+0.3	-5.4	+7.1	+5.2	+5.3	-4.5	+1.0	+3.9	+6.4	+1.0	+0.9	+5.2	+4.7
Other	+9.8	+7.6	-7.2	+6.2	-0.0	+3.4	+9.8	+2.4	-3.5	+2.7	+9.0	+2.3	-5.4	+2.8	+7.1	+0.8
Real estate, renting and business activities	+2.2	+1.2	+1.6	+1.8	+1.2	+2.5	+1.1	+1.5	+1.3	+3.5	+2.6	-0.4	+2.6	+1.8	+2.8	+0.9
Owner occupied dwellings	+1.1	+1.1	+1.3	+1.1	+0.9	+1.0	+1.2	+1.1	-1.2	+5.8	+0.9	-1.0	+0.9	+1.4	+1.4	+1.1
Other	+3.3	+1.2	+1.9	+2.4	+1.5	+3.9	+0.9	+1.8	+3.7	+1.4	+4.2	+0.1	+4.1	+2.1	+3.9	+0.8
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	+0.9	+2.0	+4.3	-3.4	+2.5	+0.5	+0.8	+3.0	-4.0	+2.8	-0.3	-0.3	+1.2	+3.0	-5.2	+2.5
Education	+1.3	+1.9	+1.5	+0.7	+0.1	+1.3	+1.4	+2.2	-1.5	+1.2	+0.9	+0.4	+1.0	+1.1	+0.7	+0.6
Health and social work	+1.1	+1.5	+2.7	+0.5	+2.1	+7.3	-4.9	+2.7	+0.8	+3.5	-0.7	+0.5	+1.5	+3.6	-1.9	+1.3
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	+1.9	+2.1	+2.9	+2.9	+0.4	+1.1	+0.5	+3.0	+3.2	+1.6	+0.7	+1.4	+5.1	+1.4	+0.9	-0.7
FISIM	-5.0	+9.7	-4.0	+6.1	-8.2	+16.1	-3.3	+3.8	-2.5	+8.9	-6.1	+7.3	+1.1	+8.1	-5.3	+6.2
Gross Domestic Product at basic prices	-1.5	+2.3	+2.2	+0.8	+1.4	+0.2	+1.5	+2.1	+0.1	+1.7	+3.2	-0.2	+2.6	-0.5	+2.4	-0.1
Taxes on products (net of subsidies)	-4.3	+4.3	-3.6	+0.1	+2.0	-4.4	-3.9	+0.4	+5.4	+0.8	+8.3	+2.8	-2.0	+5.8	-0.4	-13.2
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	-1.8	+2.5	+1.6	+0.8	+1.5	-0.3	+1.0	+1.9	+0.6	+1.6	+3.6	+0.1	+2.2	+0.2	+2.1	-1.4
Export Oriented Enterprises	-7.8	+1.7	-3.0	-0.3	+2.9	+2.0	+1.1	+3.5	-0.8	+4.9	+3.4	-1.7	+5.9	-3.7	-0.6	-2.7

Table 5.1 - Distribution of total exports (f.o.b. value) by selected commodities, 2005-2007

Exports (f.o.b. value)	20	005	2006 2007 ¹		07 ¹	
	RM	%	R M	%	R M	%
Sugar	10,536	17	11,198	15	9,578	14
Molasses	173	-	153	-	54	-
Flour	158	-	162	-	162	-
EPZ/EOE	28,954	45	33,610	45	37,840	54
Re-exports ²	16,991	27	21,328	29	13,778	20
Ships' stores and bunkers	4,124	7	5,071	7	5,443	8
Other	2,283	4	2,515	3	2,853	4
TOTAL	63,219	100	74,037	100	69,708	100

¹ provisional

Please note that the figures for percentage do not add up to the totals due to rounding errors

² include exports by freeport operators

Table 5.2 - Distribution of imports by section (c.i.f. value), 2005 - 2007

S.I.T.C	Description	20	05	20	06	200)7 ¹
Section		RM	%	R M	%	R M	%
0	Food and live animals	13,820	15	17,276	15	20,032	17
1	Beverages and tobacco	839	1	952	1	1,545	1
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	2,097	2	2,769	2	3,369	3
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	15,394	17	19,321	17	22,180	18
4	Animal and vegetable oils and fats	845	1	711	1	1,147	1
5	Chemicals	7,386	8	8,157	7	9,414	8
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	19,297	21	21,811	19	24,733	20
7	Machinery and transport equipment	26,110	28	35,931	31	28,529	24
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	7,257	8	8,208	7	9,583	8
9	Other commodities and transactions	237	-	366	-	505	-
	TOTAL	93,282	100	115,502	100	121,037	100

¹ provisional

Please note that the figures for percentage do not add up to the totals due to rounding errors

Table 5.3 (cont'd) - Classification of imports (c.i.f. value) into consumption¹ by industrial origin and use, 2005 - 2007

		(R million Economic categories - 2005				
NSIC					Gross	
Div.	Industrial Origin	T-4-!	Intermediate	Final	domestic	
	-	Total	consumption	consumption of household	fixed capital	
				oi riouserioid	formation	
01	Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	3,558.9	2,560.2	990.3	8.4	
02	Forestry, logging and related service activities	103.2	103.2	-	-	
	Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and fish farms:	70.0		70.0		
05	service activities incidental to fishing	79.0	3.0	76.0	-	
14	Other mining and quarrying	1,204.8	1,204.8	-	-	
15	Manufacture of food products and beverages	10,462.0	3,574.9	6,887.1	-	
16	Manufacture of tobacco products	88.0	-	88.0	-	
17	Manufacture of textiles	6,586.1	6,493.2	92.9	-	
18	Manufacture of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	957.7	186.2	771.5	-	
19	Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of luggage, handbags, saddlery, harness and footwear	630.9	256.3	374.6	-	
20	Manufacture of wood and products of wood and cork except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	782.2	758.7	23.5	-	
21	Manufacture of paper and paper products	1,504.3	1,343.3	161.0	-	
22	Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	587.7	79.8	492.7	15.2	
23	Manufacture of cork, refined petroleum product and nuclear fuel	11,273.2	9,011.3	2,261.9	-	
24	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	6,751.5	4,733.0	2,018.5	-	
25	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	2,008.1	1,837.0	171.1	-	
26	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	2,471.7	2,373.8	97.9	-	
27	Manufacturing of basic metals	2,961.6	2,942.4	19.2	-	
28	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	1,970.9	1,652.5	257.5	60.9	
29	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c	6,691.0	1,529.0	917.3	4,244.7	
30	Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery	1,560.0	161.9	169.4	1,228.7	
31	Manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c	1,808.7	829.3	184.6	794.8	
32	Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus	2,390.2	455.1	840.3	1,094.8	
33	Manufacture of medical, precision and optical instrument, watches and clocks	1,046.6	308.2	152.9	585.5	
34	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers	3,592.0	259.2	1,114.6	2,218.2	
35	Manufacture of other transport equipment	532.0	19.3	138.5	374.2	
36	Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c	1,743.3	980.9	565.1	197.3	
74	Other business activities	29.9	29.9	-	-	
90	Sewage and refuse disposal,sanitation and similar act.	-	-	-	-	
92	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	9.6	9.6	-	-	
	TOTAL	73,385.1	43,696.0	18,866.4	10,822.7	

¹ Figures for imports into consumption are obtained as follows:

Total imports + imports ex-warehouse - imports into warehouse less total re-exports, petroleum products for foreign aircraft and vessel

Table 5.3 (cont'd) - Classification of imports (c.i.f. value) into consumption¹ by industrial origin and use, 2005 - 2007

		Economic categories - 2006					
NSIC Div.	Industrial Origin	Total	Intermediate	Final	Gross domestic		
DIV.		ıotaı	consumption	consumption of household	fixed capital		
01	Agriculture,hunting and related service activities	4,063.6	2,983.5	1,068.4	11.7		
02	Forestry, logging and related service activities	124.1	124.1	-	-		
	Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and fish						
05	farms: service activities incidental to fishing	77.4	2.6	74.8	-		
14	Other mining and quarrying	1,165.0	1,165.0	-	-		
15	Manufacture of food products and beverages	12,853.5	4,597.4	8,256.1	-		
16	Manufacture of tobacco products	100.4	-	100.4	-		
17	Manufacture of textiles	7,471.7	7,386.3	85.4	-		
18	Manufacture of wearing apparel; dressing and	958.5	180.8	777.7	-		
	dyeing of fur Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of						
19	luggage, handbags, saddlery, harness and	775.6	332.6	443.0	-		
	footwear						
20	Manufacture of wood and products of wood and cork except furniture; manufacture of articles of	920.6	892.6	28.0	_		
	straw and plaiting materials	920.0	032.0	20.0			
21	Manufacture of paper and paper products	1,669.4	1,484.8	184.6	-		
22	Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded	712.7	172.6	520.5	19.6		
	media Manufacture of cork, refined petroleum product						
23	and nuclear fuel	12,467.7	9,197.8	3,269.9	-		
	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	7,635.2	5,125.2	2,510.0	-		
25	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	2,306.1	2,050.2	255.9	-		
26	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	2,686.2	2,557.8	128.4	-		
27	Manufacturing of basic metals	3,397.5	3,384.4	13.1	-		
28	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	2,834.3	2,208.9	290.3	335.1		
29	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c	7,451.6	2,019.2	657.3	4,775.1		
30	Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery	1,710.0	516.1	2.4	1,191.5		
24	Manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus	2 757 0	1 /56 6	155 G	1 1 1 5 7		
31	n.e.c	2,757.9	1,456.6	155.6	1,145.7		
32	Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus	2,404.3	432.9	937.4	1,034.0		
33	Manufacture of medical, precision and optical	1,214.3	343.2	132.8	738.3		
	instrument, watches and clocks Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-		044.0		0.407.0		
	trailers	2,740.8	311.9	1.0	2,427.9		
	Manufacture of other transport equipment	6,167.7	214.2	42.1	5,911.4		
36	Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c Other business activities	2,023.7	1,131.5	616.1	276.1		
74	Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and similar	38.2	38.2	-	-		
90	act.	1.0	1.0	-	-		
92	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	24.5	15.4	9.1			
	TOTAL	88,753.5	50,326.8	20,560.3	17,866.4		

¹ Figures for imports into consumption are obtained as follows: Total imports + imports ex-warehouse - imports into warehouse less total re-exports, petroleum products for foreign aircraft and vessel

Table 5.3 (cont'd) - Classification of imports (c.i.f. value) into consumption¹ by industrial origin and use, 2005 - 2007

		Economic categories - 2007 ²				
NSIC					Gross	
Div.	Industrial Origin	Total	Intermediate consumption	Final consumption of household	domestic fixed capital formation	
01	Agriculture,hunting and related service activities	5,220.0	3,879.4	1,319.4	21.2	
02	Forestry, logging and related service activities	127.6	127.6	-	-	
05	Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and fish farms: service activities incidental to fishing	125.1	1.4	123.7	-	
14	Other mining and quarrying	1,193.1	1,193.1	-	-	
15	Manufacture of food products and beverages	15,488.5	6,611.1	8,877.4	-	
16	Manufacture of tobacco products	264.8	-	264.8	-	
17	Manufacture of textiles	8,168.1	8,061.0	107.1	-	
18	Manufacture of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	1,107.0	144.0	963.0	-	
19	Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of luggage, handbags, saddlery, harness and footwear	1,066.2	494.6	571.6	-	
20	Manufacture of wood and products of wood and cork except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	1,454.9	1,412.5	42.4	-	
21	Manufacture of paper and paper products	1,824.6	1,652.7	171.9	-	
22	Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	580.0	123.1	456.9	-	
23	Manufacture of cork, refined petroleum product and nuclear fuel	11,711.2	11,077.3	633.9	-	
24	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	8,549.8	5,767.7	2,782.1	-	
25	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	2,569.1	2,253.0	316.1	-	
26	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	3,062.2	2,877.3	184.9	-	
27	Manufacturing of basic metals	4,588.8	4,572.2	16.6	-	
28	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	3,097.1	2,647.5	364.7	84.9	
29	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c	7,794.4	1,366.7	1,053.4	5,374.3	
30	Manufacture of office, accounting and computing machinery	1,507.1	176.5	244.5	1,086.1	
31	Manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c	2,439.7	1,349.8	311.4	778.5	
32	Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus	2,695.5	253.8	1,490.9	950.8	
33	Manufacture of medical, precision and optical instrument, watches and clocks	1,415.1	361.9	189.4	863.8	
34	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers	4,635.9	369.5	1,519.9	2,746.5	
35	Manufacture of other transport equipment	3,042.1	34.4	184.0	2,823.7	
36	Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c	2,398.8	1,089.9	1,053.7	255.2	
74	Other business activities	37.9	37.9	-	-	
90	Sewage and refuse disposal,sanitation and similar act.	1.0	1.0	-	-	
92	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	22.9	8.5	14.4	-	
	TOTAL	96,188.5	57,945.4	23,258.1	14,985.0	

¹ Figures for imports into consumption are obtained as follows:

Total imports + imports ex-warehouse - imports into warehouse less total re-exports, petroleum products for foreign aircraft and vessel

² Provisional

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Table 5.4 - Distribution of imports (c.i.f value) into consumption ¹ classified by economic categories, 2005-2007

Economic categories	20	2005 2006 ² 2007 ³		2006 ² 2007 ³		07 ³
Economic categories	R M	%	R M	%	R M	%
Intermediate consumption	43,696	59.5	50,327	56.7	57,945	60.2
Final consumption of household	18,866	25.7	20,560	23.2	23,258	24.2
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	10,823	14.7	17,866	20.1	14,985	15.6
TOTAL	73,385	100.0	88,753	100.0	96,188	100.0

¹ Figures for imports into consumption are obtained as follows:

Total imports + imports ex-warehouse - imports into warehouse less total re-exports, petroleum products for foreign aircraft and vessel

- 2 revised
- 3 provisional

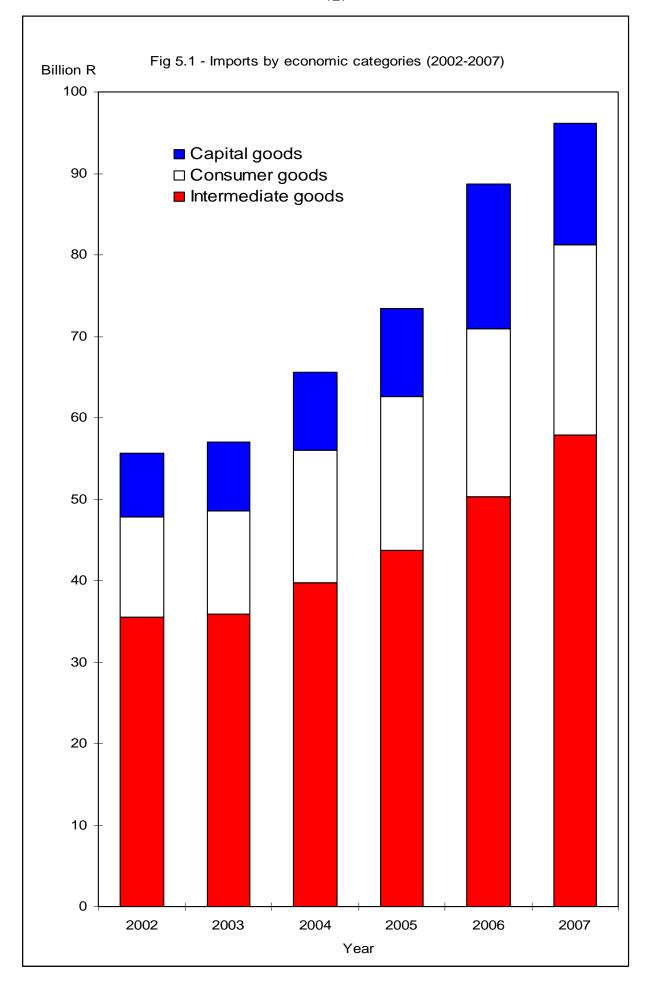


Table 5.5 - Annual change (%) in the domestic export price indices
(EPI - Base year 2003 = 100) of selected goods, 2006-2007

Evported goods	Annual Change (%)			
Exported goods	2006	2007		
Domestic exports	+ 6.4	+ 5.3		
Sugar	+ 7.0	+ 1.9		
Tuna	+ 11.3	+ 11.6		
Cotton fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s	+ 4.0	+ 10.3		
Knitted goods	+ 5.1	+ 4.3		
Other garments	+ 5.4	+ 5.2		
Optical goods	+ 26.9	+ 11.7		

Table 5.6 - Annual change (%) in the domestic export volume indices of selected goods, 2006-2007

Exported goods	Annual C	hange (%)
Exported goods	2006	2007
Domestic exports	+ 6.3	+ 0.6
Sugar	- 0.7	-16.1
Tuna	+ 41.5	+ 9.1
Cotton fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s	+ 3.5	+ 7.9
Knitted goods	+ 11.0	+ 45.8
Other garments	+ 6.6	+ 2.6
Optical goods	-14.9	+ 8.7

Table 5.7 - Annual change (%) in the Import price indices
(IPI - Reference year 2003 = 100) of selected goods, 2006-2007

Imported goods		Annual cl	hange (%)	
		2006	2	007
Total Imports	+	12.7	+	5.8
Intermediate goods	+	11.9	+	4.9
of which fish & fish preparations	+	52.2	+	17.9
cereals & cereal preparations(wheat)	-	5.0	+	3.4
edible products & preparations	+	9.4	+	13.0
textile fibres	+	13.7	+	5.9
textile yarn	+	6.5	+	3.2
textile fabrics	+	9.8	-	0.2
cork & wood	+	10.1	+	9.7
petroleum products	+	18.2	+	2.3
chemicals	+	8.5	+	6.5
cement	+	6.8	+	6.3
Iron & steel	+	12.7	+	7.8
other metallic products	+	5.3	+	11.0
Consumer goods	+	13.6	+	9.5
of which meat & meat preparations	+	10.9	+	7.1
dairy products	+	3.8	+	27.4
cereals & cereal preparations	+	4.7	+	8.8
rice	+	4.1	+	5.9
vegetables & fruits	+	4.9	+	16.3
petroleum oils	+	19.3	+	1.8
liquefied propane & butane (gas)	+	23.6	-	6.1
medicaments	+	7.7	+	3.5
perfumery, cosmetics or toilet preparations	+	8.9	+	12.0
Capital goods	+	7.6	+	7.2
of which Automatic data processing machines	+	9.5	+	15.4
Motor cars and other motor vehicles	+	8.3	+	2.5
Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	+	1.5	+	6.6

Table 5.8 - Annual change (%) in the Import Volume Indices
(IPI - Reference year 2003 = 100) of selected goods, 2006-2007

		Annual cha	ange (%)	
Imported goods		006	20	007
Total Imports	+	3.4	+	12.2
Intermediate goods	+	5.3	+	11.7
of which fish & fish preparations	+	4.2	+	0.8
cereals & cereal preparations(wheat)	-	7.8	+	76.7
edible products & preparations	+	10.4	-	0.2
textile fibres	+	29.5	-	0.6
textile yarn	+	21.7	-	7.5
textile fabrics	-	8.4	+	22.4
cork & wood	+	5.5	+	54.7
petroleum products	+	6.2	+	12.2
chemicals	+	2.4	+	5.8
cement	+	6.1	-	1.7
Iron & steel	-	4.4	+	21.1
other metallic products	+	12.0	+	16.4
Consumer goods	+	3.4	+	8.4
of which meat & meat preparations	+	7.7	+	6.5
dairy products	-	1.1	+	2.8
cereals & cereal preparations	+	0.2	+	29.3
rice	+	4.3	+	16.2
vegetables & fruits	+	4.7	+	7.5
petroleum oils	+	5.9	+	9.4
liquefied propane & butane (gas)	-	3.8	+	26.4
medicaments	+	13.8	-	2.4
perfumery, cosmetics or toilet preparations	+	11.8	+	10.2
Capital goods	+	3.7	+	14.3
of which Automatic data processing machines	-	7.0	+	19.4
Motor cars and other motor vehicles	+	1.8	+	15.7
Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	+	15.9	-	9.9

CHAPTER 6 PRODUCTION DATA AND SELECTED INDICATORS

Table 6.1 - Local production of selected commodities for the Island of Mauritius, 2005-2007

	Unit	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ²
Sugar	M-tons	519,816	504,857	435,972
Molasses	"	145,425	139,621	130,917
Tea	n	1,387	1,567	1,563
Poultry, dressed, fresh	п	33,000	36,000	40,000
Animal feeds	"	159,266	155,035	165,000
Iron bars and steel tubes	n	60,500	66,550	
Denatured spirits ³		5,280	4,357	4,581
Power alcohol	H-litres	3,280	2,358	2,179
Alcohol for heating and lighting	"	2,000	1,999	2,402
Beer and stout ³	"	388,967	359,144	337,748
Wine ³	"	52,782	51,218	50,455
Perfumed spirits ³	"	1,477	429	
Vinegar ³	u	1,579	1,488	1,134
Electricity generated	Million kwh	2,242	2,320	2,434

¹ revised

² provisional

³ excise figures

Table 6.2 - Production of selected commodities, 2005-2007

(Tonnes)

	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ²
Industrial crops			
Sugarcane	4,984,058	4,743,973	4,235,849
Tea (green leaf)	6,798	7,649	8,027
Tobacco leaf ³	298	322	316
Vegetables, pulses and fruits			
Beans and peas	1,608	1,487	1,447
Creepers 4	24,203	30,129	24,679
Groundnuts	231	390	290
Maize	475	452	1,021
Manioc	206	235	240
Sweet potatoes	652	584	800
Potatoes	12,777	14,522	15,367
Tomatoes	12,840	14,671	11,117
Mixed vegetables ⁵	27,201	27,462	28,650
Bananas	11,580	11,347	9,026
Pineapples	4,885	5,554	6,398
Meat			
Beef: Local	38	41	51
Rodrigues	35	58	39
Imported	2,411	2,088	1,757
Goat meat	104	96	65
Mutton	7	3	10
Pork	709	681	511
Poultry	33,000	36,000	40,000
Fish			
Coastal fishing	1,897	2,114	1,754
High seas ⁶	6,711	6,259	4,310
Ponds and barachois	374	472	180

¹ revised

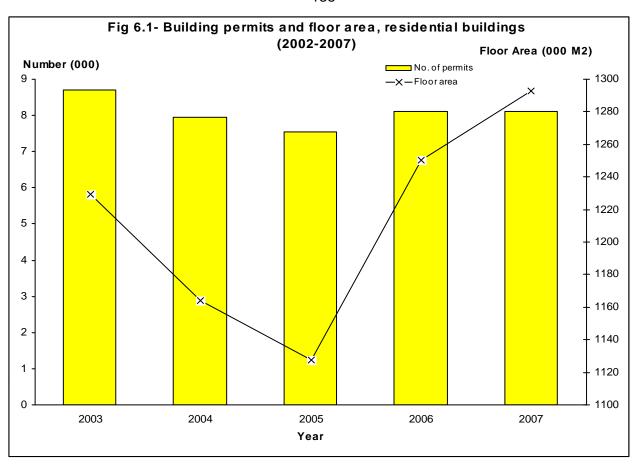
² provisional

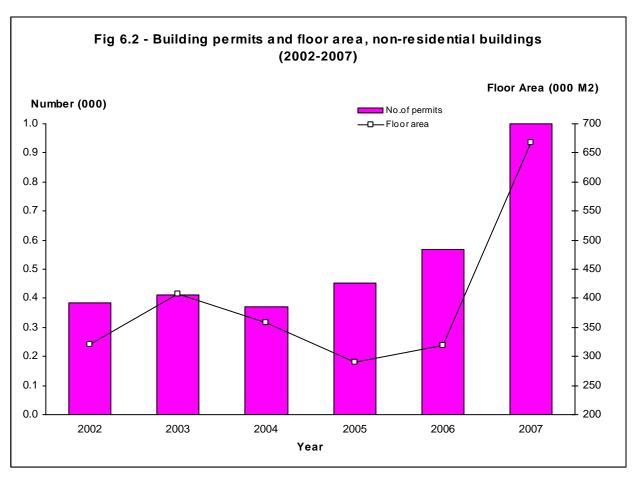
³ refers to crop year which normally extends from the beginning of April to the end of March

⁴ includes margoze, calebasse, chouchou, cucumber, patole, pipengaille, pumpkin, squash, voehm

⁵ includes beet, cabbage, carrot, cauliflower, chillies (long and small),echalotte,garlic, leek, lettuce, onion, petsai,sweet pepper, ladies finger, eddoes, brinjal and ginger

⁶ includes fish caught for canning industry





Note: Yearly figures for 2004 are estimated as data were available only for January to September.

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Table 6.3 - Total ¹ number of permits and floor area by type of building, 2005-2008

	20	05	2006		20	07	2008		
Type of building	No.of pemits issued	Floor area (m ²)							
Residential building	7,538	1,127,378	8,122	1,250,115	8,133	1,292,860	7,010	1,124,110	
New buildings	4,207	776,608	4,611	884,513	2,732	932,465	3,915	802,112	
Additions	3,331	350,770	3,511	365,602	5,401	360,395	3,095	321,998	
Non-residential building	452	289,660	568	318,566	967	666,733	633	442,773	
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	31	10,815	23	16,184	62	47,372	39	24,932	
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing	47	87,551	31	37,857	97	189,943	65	67,021	
of which EOE	2	48,457	4	18,255	13	169,638	58	35,173	
Electricity , gas and water supply	1	1,547	2	877	1	1,247	2	2,031	
Construction	-	-	-	-	4	11,360	2	3,908	
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,motor cycles, personal and household goods	227	84,877	377	111,050	541	200,144	364	93,930	
of which Wholesale and retail trade	220	83,871	355	107,128	502	195,559	336	87,410	
Hotels and restaurants	62	42,264	9	61,021	34	25,131	21	37,478	
Transport, storage and communications	3	4,150	14	13,170	32	15,316	39	29,294	
Financial intermediation	4	6,569	1	167	-	-	2	11,229	
Real estate, renting and business activities	22	20,808	37	49,806	67	112,226	40	128,260	
Public administration and defence;compulsory social security	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Education	17	18,493	9	6,675	24	16,488	13	24,508	
Health and social work	-	-	4	5,250	5	25,798	3	2,614	
Other community, social and personal service activities and private households with employed persons	38	12,586	61	16,509	100	21,708	43	17,568	
TOTAL	7,990	1,417,038	8,690	1,568,681	9,100	1,959,593	7,643	1,566,883	

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities, District Councils and Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Land Transport and Shipping

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Table 6.4(a) - Total ¹ number of permits and floor area by region for residential buildings, 2005-2008

	2	005	20	006	20	007	2008		
Region	No. of permits issued	Floor area (sq mt)							
Urban areas	2,765	423,026	3,320	503,594	2,732	401,301	2,364	334,606	
Port Louis	591	100,516	822	115,206	649	90,041	534	67,225	
Beau Bassin - Rose Hill	483	72,510	370	66,597	387	57,807	345	49,385	
Curepipe	475	66,194	510	75,440	420	56,268	318	38,060	
Quatre Bornes	546	94,115	533	103,217	418	77,596	409	70,961	
Vacoas - Phoenix	670	89,691	1,085	143,134	858	119,589	758	108,975	
Rural areas	4,773	704,352	4,802	746,521	5,401	891,559	4,646	789,504	
Pamplemousses	859	138,727	839	127,670	727	114,514	514	74,341	
Riviere du Rempart	731	127,116	743	122,568	956	196,191	642	141,160	
Flacq	980	120,265	894	118,763	978	133,187	836	112,590	
Grand Port	524	63,551	673	104,862	647	77,880	686	94,292	
Savanne	492	61,273	616	81,769	770	117,437	601	76,271	
Plaines Wilhems	39	5,257	58	7,991	27	3,889	47	5,854	
Moka	554	68,193	586	94,972	480	73,573	408	66,284	
Black River	594	119,970	393	87,926	816	174,888	912	218,712	
TOTAL	7,538	1,127,378	8,122	1,250,115	8,133	1,292,860	7,010	1,124,110	

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities, District Councils and Ministry of Public Infrastructure

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Table 6.4(b) - Total ¹ number of permits and floor area by region for non-residential buildings, 2005-2008

	200	05	20	06	20	07	2008		
Region	No. of permits issued	Floor area (sq mt)							
Urban areas	137	127,948	240	146,608	316	238,097	253	237,124	
Port Louis	51	62,117	72	57,441	97	50,879	43	41,864	
Beau Bassin - Rose Hill	22	9,422	70	10,283	67	11,393	69	17,533	
Curepipe	11	3,166	24	7,535	43	9,813	22	3,748	
Quatre Bornes	24	20,505	36	54,714	48	97,566	70	149,183	
Vacoas - Phoenix	29	32,738	38	16,635	61	68,446	49	24,796	
Rural areas	315	161,712	328	171,958	651	428,636	380	205,649	
Pamplemousses	55	20,371	27	14,773	81	40,367	61	20,558	
Riviere du Rempart	42	14,897	38	8,822	85	45,859	50	25,598	
Flacq	27	17,295	92	54,853	203	72,006	72	35,992	
Grand Port	52	13,009	35	15,288	50	57,930	34	5,226	
Savanne	56	24,492	48	11,794	31	7,229	44	15,824	
Plaines Wilhems	1	30	5	2,522	8	2,724	6	671	
Moka	17	3,413	46	22,846	131	64,660	33	15,350	
Black River	65	68,205	37	41,060	62	137,861	80	86,430	
TOTAL	452	289,660	568	318,566	967	666,733	633	442,773	

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities, District Councils and Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Table 6.5 - Number of permits for residential buildings ¹ by range of floor area, 2005-2008

		2005			2006			2007				2008				
Range of floor area	Urban	Rural	То	otal	Urban	Rural	То	ıtal	Urban	Rural	То	tal	Urban	Rural	То	tal
(sq mts)	Number	Number	Number	%	Number	Number	Number	%	Number	Number	Number	%	Number	Number	Number	%
Less than 65	408	500	908	12	577	409	986	12	483	543	1,026	13	403	391	794	11
65-139	1,270	2,421	3,691	49	1,506	2,558	4,064	50	1,278	2,694	3,972	49	1,126	2,395	3,521	50
140-299	947	1,621	2,568	34	1,088	1,606	2,694	33	832	1,825	2,657	33	700	1,430	2,130	30
300-499	102	185	287	4	103	163	266	3	108	237	345	4	118	365	483	7
500 & over	38	46	84	1	46	66	112	1	31	102	133	2	17	65	82	1
TOTAL	2,765	4,773	7,538	100	3,320	4,802	8,122	100	2,732	5,401	8,133	100	2,364	4,646	7,010	100

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities, District Councils and Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Table 6.6 - Series of selected indicators, 1991-2008

Year	Mid-year population ¹ (Republic of Mauritius)	Gross domestic product at basic prices (R M)	Taxes on products net of subsidies (R M)	Gross domestic product at market prices (R M)	Real annual growth rate of GDP (%)	Consumption expenditure (R M)	GDFCF (R M)	Real annual growth rate of GDFCF (%)
1991	1,070,128	38,094	6,623	44,717	+4.3	33,371	12,722	- 1.8
1992	1,084,611	43,215	6,965	50,180	+6.8	37,222	13,848	+4.1
1993	1,097,544	49,504	8,088	57,592	+4.9	43,482	16,101	+4.8
1994	1,113,016	55,728	8,178	63,906	+4.6	49,182	19,400	+12.6
1995	1,122,627	62,259	7,987	70,246	+5.3	53,980	16,499	- 16.3
1996	1,134,166	70,597	8,768	79,365	+6.2	60,324	19,709	+14.6
1997	1,148,046	77,724	10,451	88,175	+5.6	66,564	22,734	+10.9
1998	1,160,591	87,836	12,206	100,042	+5.8	75,084	22,870	- 3.9
1999	1,175,437	93,941	14,135	108,076	+2.1	82,903	29,457	+23.1
2000	1,187,162	105,206	15,085	120,291	+9.7	89,522	27,595	- 8.3
2001	1,200,170	117,533	14,613	132,146	+5.2	96,969	29,981	+4.7
2002	1,210,485	125,426	17,059	142,485	+1.8	106,619	31,075	- 0.1
2003	1,223,100	137,588	19,806	157,394	+4.4	118,452	35,554	+10.3
2004	1,233,675	152,425	23,172	175,597	+4.8	136,880	38,003	+2.2
2005	1,243,542	162,171	23,177	185,348	+2.3	154,717	39,731	- 1.9
2006	1,252,987	182,009	24,319	206,328	+5.1	174,846	50,048	+19.0
2007	1,260,692	206,943	28,549	235,492	+5.4	196,533	59,170	+8.6
2008	1,268,835	233,653	31,201	264,854	+5.3	231,849	64,893	+3.2

¹ figures for the period 1992 - 1999 have been revised in the light of the 2000 Population Census

Table 6.7 - Selected social and economic indicators, 1998-2007

Republic of Mauritius	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 ⁷	2007
1. Population (mid- year) 1	1,160,591	1,175,437	1,187,162	1,200,170	1,210,485	1,223,100	1,233,675	1,243,542	1,252,987	1,260,692
2. Annual population growth (%)	+1.1	+1.3	+1.0	+1.1	+0.9	+1.0	+0.9	+0.8	+0.8	+0.7
3. Life expectancy at birth										
Male (years)	66.9	67.4	68.2	68.4	68.6	68.7	68.9	68.9	69.1	69.1
Female (years)	74.5	74.7	75.3	75.3	75.3	75.4	75.6	75.6	75.9	75.8
4. Crude birth rate ²	16.7	17.3	17.0	16.4	16.5	15.8	15.6	15.1	14.1	13.5
5. Crude death rate ³	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.3	6.7
6. Infantile mortality rate 4	19.3	19.5	15.9	14.3	14.9	12.9	14.4	13.2	14.1	15.3
7. Total employment 16 years and over (mid-year) 5			484,900	492,100	493,200	499,000	504,200	507,200	515,300	523,700
8. Tourist arrivals (Number)	558,195	578,085	656,453	660,318	681,648	702,018	718,861	761,063	788,276	906,971
9. Tourist earnings (R M)	11,890	13,668	14,234	18,166	18,328	19,415	23,448	25,704	31,942	40,687
10. GNI at market prices (R M)	99,405	107,487	119,508	132,539	142,881	156,561	175,207	185,109	207,961	242,515
11. Per capita GNI at market prices(R)	85,650	91,441	100,666	110,434	118,037	128,002	142,020	148,857	165,972	192,366
12. Real annual growth of GDP										
at basic prices (%)	+5.8	+2.1	+9.7	+5.2	+1.8	+4.4	+4.8	+2.3	+5.1	+5.4
13. Rate of inflation - calendar (%)	+6.8	+6.9	+4.2	+5.4	+6.4	+3.9	+4.7	+4.9	+8.9	+8.8
14. Total imports (c.i.f. : R M) ⁶	52,997	59,303	58,709	63,709	64,608	65,942	76,387	93,282	115,502	121,037
15. Total exports (f.o.b. : R M) ⁶	43,711	43,140	45,707	54,846	53,893	53,022	54,905	63,219	74,037	69,708
of which sugar	8,907	7,602	5,544	8,557	8,869	8,775	9,631	10,536	11,198	9,578
EPZ	26,075	29,131	30,961	33,695	32,683	31,444	32,046	28,954	33,610	37,840

¹ figures for the period 1993 - 1999 have been revised in the light of the 2000 Population Census

7 revised

² live births per thousand of mid-year population

³ deaths per thousand of mid-year population

⁴ deaths of children under one year of age per thousand live births

⁵ figures include foreign workers

⁶ adjusted to include freeport activities

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Table 6.8 - Internal purchasing power of the rupee (1962-2008)

									ER	OSION	OF PU	RCHAS	ING P	OWER									
		1962	1970	1980	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	1962	100.0	83.8	21.6	9.9	9.3	8.9	8.1	7.5	7.1	6.6	6.2	5.8	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.1
	1970	119.3	100.0	25.7	11.5	10.7	10.2	9.2	8.6	8.1	7.6	7.1	6.6	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.3	4.0	3.6
	1980	463.2	388.3	100.0	45.5	42.5	40.6	36.7	34.2	32.3	30.3	28.4	26.6	24.9	23.9	22.7	21.3	20.5	19.6	18.7	17.2	15.8	14.4
	1990	1,021.3	855.9	220.3	100.0	93.5	89.4	80.9	75.4	71.1	66.7	62.6	58.6	54.8	52.6	49.9	46.9	45.1	43.1	41.1	37.7	34.7	31.6
	1991	1,092.8	915.8	235.7	107.0	100.0	95.6	86.5	80.6	76.0	71.3	66.9	62.6	58.6	56.2	53.3	50.1	48.2	46.1	43.9	40.3	37.0	33.7
VER	1992	1,143.1	957.9	246.5	111.9	104.6	100.0	90.5	84.3	79.5	74.6	70.0	65.5	61.3	58.8	55.8	52.4	50.4	48.2	45.9	42.2	38.8	35.4
POWER	1993	1,263.1	1,058.5	272.4	123.6	115.6	110.5	100.0	93.2	87.9	82.5	77.4	72.5	67.8	65.1	61.8	58.0	55.8	53.3	50.8	46.6	42.8	39.0
ING.	1994	1,355.3	1,135.8	292.3	132.6	124.0	118.6	107.3	100.0	94.3	88.5	83.0	77.7	72.7	69.8	66.2	62.2	59.9	57.2	54.5	50.1	46.0	41.9
HAS	1995	1,436.6	1,203.9	309.8	140.6	131.4	125.7	113.7	106.0	100.0	93.8	88.0	82.4	77.1	74.0	70.2	66.0	63.5	60.7	57.8	53.1	48.8	44.5
EQUIVALENT PURCHASING	1996	1,531.4	1,283.4	330.3	149.8	140.1	134.0	121.2	113.0	106.6	100.0	93.8	87.8	82.1	78.8	74.8	70.3	67.7	64.6	61.6	56.6	52.0	47.4
T P	1997	1,632.5	1,368.1	352.1	159.7	149.3	142.8	129.2	120.5	113.6	106.6	100.0	93.6	87.6	84.1	79.8	75.0	72.2	68.9	65.7	60.3	55.4	50.5
LEN	1998	1,743.5	1,461.1	376.0	170.6	159.5	152.5	138.0	128.7	121.3	113.8	106.8	100.0	93.5	89.7	85.1	80.0	77.0	73.5	70.1	64.4	59.2	54.0
ΛIN	1999	1,863.8	1,561.9	401.9	182.4	170.5	163.0	147.5	137.6	129.7	121.7	114.2	106.9	100.0	96.0	91.1	85.6	82.4	78.7	75.0	68.9	63.3	57.7
EQ	2000	1,942.1	1,627.5	418.8	190.1	177.7	169.8	153.7	143.4	135.1	126.8	119.0	111.4	104.2	100.0	94.9	89.2	85.9	82.0	78.2	71.8	66.0	60.2
	2001	2,047.0	1,715.4	441.4	200.4	187.3	179.0	162.0	151.1	142.4	133.6	125.4	117.4	109.8	105.4	100.0	94.0	90.5	86.4	82.4	75.7	69.6	63.4
	2002	2,178.0	1,825.2	469.7	213.2	199.3	190.4	172.4	160.8	151.5	142.2	133.5	124.9	116.9	112.1	106.4	100.0	96.2	91.9	87.6	80.4	73.9	67.4
	2003	2,262.9	1,896.4	488.0	221.5	207.1	197.8	179.1	167.1	157.4	147.7	138.7	129.8	121.4	116.5	110.5	103.9	100.0	95.5	91.0	83.6	76.8	70.0
	2004	2,363.9	1,985.5	510.9	231.9	216.8	207.1	187.5	174.9	164.8	154.7	145.2	135.9	127.1	122.0	115.7	108.8	104.7	100.0	95.3	87.5	80.4	73.3
	2005	2,485.4	2,082.8	536.0	243.3	227.4	217.3	196.7	183.5	172.9	162.3	152.3	142.6	133.3	128.0	121.4	114.1	109.8	104.9	100.0	91.8	84.4	76.9
	2006	2,706.6	2,268.1	583.7	264.9	247.6	236.6	214.2	199.8	188.3	176.7	165.8	155.3	145.2	139.4	132.2	124.3	119.6	114.2	108.9	100.0	91.9	83.8
	2007	2,944.8	2,467.7	635.1	288.3	269.4	257.4	233.0	217.4	204.9	192.2	180.4	169.0	158.0	151.7	143.8	135.2	130.1	124.2	118.5	108.8	100.0	91.2
	2008	3,230.4	2,707.1	696.7	316.3	295.5	282.4	255.6	238.5	224.7	210.8	197.9	185.4	173.3	166.4	157.7	148.3	142.7	136.2	130.0	119.4	109.7	100.0

CHAPTER 7
INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR ACCOUNTS
2002 - 2005

Institutional Sector Accounts

1. Institutional Sectors

For the purpose of the analysis of production, the economy is split into industry groups but to analyse flows affecting income, capital and financial transactions, the different units involved in production, redistribution and consumption are grouped into 'institutional sectors' as follows:-

- Households including Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH)
- Non-financial corporate including quasi-corporate enterprises
- Financial enterprises
- General Government and
- Rest of the World.
- (i) Households: The household sector covers:
 - (a) individuals as consumers
 - (b) entrepreneurs, individual proprietors and partnerships
 - (c) non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).
- (ii) Non-financial corporate enterprises cover all private or public companies and public corporations which are principally engaged in the production of goods and non-financial market services.
- (iii) Financial corporate enterprises include the Central Bank, commercial banks, other monetary and credit institutions and companies engaged in insurance
- (iv) General Government comprises:
 - (a) Most Ministries and departments of the central and local government
 - (b) Social Security Schemes and
 - (c) Non-profit institutions entirely or mainly financed by government.
- (v) Rest of the World: The rest of the world accounts provide an overall view of the economic relationships linking the national economy with the rest of the world.

2. Integrated Economic Accounts of the Nation

The Integrated Economic Accounts of the country presents in a concise form (in the form of a T table), the goods and services account, the Generation and Allocation of Income, Distribution and Use of Income and Capital Account of the Institutional Sectors of the economy. The Institutional Sectors are: the sectors as described in (1) above. Table 7.1 shows the accounts for the whole economy for years 2002 to 2005. Accounts for years 2002 to 2005 for the institutional sectors are given in tables 7.2 to 7.6

Receipts are recorded on the right (Resource) whilst payments (Uses) are shown on the left. For example in 2002 the Non-Financial Corporate Sector received R 150,812 million as gross output and used R 81,827 million for the purchase of intermediate goods and services and R 29,014 million was paid as compensation of employees (Table 7.3).

Each line represents a transaction or a residual balancing item. Balancing items derived from the accounts, are gross value added, gross operating surplus, gross disposable income, gross saving and gross lending/borrowing.

A balancing item appears twice, both as a resource and as a use. For example gross operating surplus is calculated in the generation of income account as the difference between value added and compensation of employees and taxes on production. It therefore appears on the left in the generation of income account. Gross operating surplus also constitutes a resource for the allocation of primary income account. It therefore appears on the right in that account.

One important balancing item is lending (+)/ borrowing (-). A positive sign means that the sector has an excess of resources and can lend to other sectors while a negative sign indicates a need for

borrowing fund from other sectors. For example we can see that in 2002, the Government Sector had to borrow Rs. 3,861 million from the other sectors.

(i) Data Limitations

Data on income and expenditure flows in respect of each of the sectors mentioned above are very scarce because of the high non-response rate in this area.

The preparation of these tables has required much estimation work based on indirect methods. The annual reports of companies and banks together with the tabulations obtained from the Bank of Mauritius were very useful.

The tables are provisional and will be revised in the light of information on financial flows after the completion of the Financial Accounts.

Table 7.1 - Integrated Economic Account for the Total Economy, 2002 - 2005

	7.1 - Integrated Economic Account for the										
	Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005		Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005
Accou	nt 0: Goods and services account						unt 0: Goods and services account				
P.1	Output	241,766	261,242	287,662	308,692	P.2	Intermediate consumption	116,341	123,654	135,237	146,521
P.11	Market output	234,794	253,859	280,279	299,415						
P.12	Output for own final use	6,972	7,383	7,383	9,277	P.4	Actual Final consumption expenditure	106,619	118,452	136,880	154,717
P.13	Other non-market output	0	0	0	0	P.41	Actual Individual consumption expenditure	95,070	105,322	122,180	138,495
						P.42	Actual Collective consumption expenditure	11,549	13,130	14,700	16,222
D.21	Taxes on products	18,075	20,634	23,786	24,060						
D.31	Subsidies on products	-1,016	-828	-613	-883	P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	31,075	35,554	38,003	39,731
P.7	Imports of goods and services	83,964	86,694	99,024	122,067	P.52	Changes in inventories	454	1,368	4,879	2,027
P.71	Imports of goods and services	60,222	61,411	70,911	86,734						
P.72	Imports of services	23,742	25,283	28,113	35,333	P.6	Exports of goods and services	88,301	88,714	94,859	110,940
						P.61	Export of goods	53,893	53,022	54,905	63,219
						P.62	Exports of services	34,408	35,692	39,954	47,721
B.11	External balance of goods and services	0	0	0	0						
							•				
	Uses						Resources				
I: Prod	luction account 2002					I: Pro	duction account 2002				
P.2	Intermediate consumption	116,341	123,654	135,237	146,521		Output	241,766	261,242	287,662	308,692
						P.11	Market output	234,794	253,859	279,415	
						P.12	Output for own final use	6,972	7,383	8,247	9,277
						P.13	Other non-market output	0	0	0	•
						D.31	Taxes less subsidies on products	17,059	19,806	23,173	23,177
B.1*g	Gross domestic product/ Value added	142,484	157,394	175,598	185,348						
	ribution and use of income accounts						tribution and use of income accounts				
II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account					II.1: P	rimary distribution of income account				
	II.1.1: Generation of income account						II.1.1: Generation of income account				
D.1	Compensation of employees	53,145	58,785	64,378	68,867	B.1	Gross domestic product/value added	142,484	157,394	175,598	185,348
D.2	Taxes on production and imports	19,239	22,068	25,347	25,664						
D.21	Taxes on products	18,075	20,634	23,786	24,060						
D.29	Other taxes on production	1,164	1,434	1,561	1,604						
D.3	Subsidies	-1,016	-828	-613	-883						
D.31	Subsidies on products	-1,016	-828	-613	-883						
D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0						
B.2	Operating surplus	71,116	77,369	86,486	91,700						

2005

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Table 7.1 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for the Total Economy, 2002 - 2005 Rs million Uses Resources 2002 2003 2004 2005 2002 2003 2004 II.1.2: Allocation of primary income account II.1.2: Allocation of primary income account 54.682 B.2 Property income 36,274 40,430 42.123 Operating surplus 71.116 77,369 86.486 91.700 D.41 Interest 28,780 27,014 27,057 38,719 D.42 Distributed income of corporations 13,224 14,874 15,749 D.1 Compensation of employees 58,785 64,378 7,317 53,145 68,867 D.43 Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment 0 0 D.44 Property income attributed to insurance policyholders 0 0 0 D.2 Taxes on production and imports 19.239 22.068 25.347 25.664 D.45 Rent 177 192 192 214 D.21 20,634 23,786 Taxes on products 18,075 24,060 1,434 D.29 Other taxes on production 1,164 1,561 1,604 D.3 Subsidies -1.016 -828 -613 -883 D.31 Subsidies on products -1,016 -828 -613 -883 D.39 Other subsidies on production D.4 Property income 36.274 40.430 42.123 54.682 D.41 Interest 28,780 27,014 27,057 38,719 D.42 Distributed income of corporations 7,317 13,224 14,874 15,749 D.43 Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment D.44 Property income attributed to insurance policyholders 0 D.45 Rent 177 192 192 214 B 5* National income 142.880 185.109 156.561 175.208 II.2 Secondary distribution of income account II.2 Secondary distribution of income account 5,775 National income Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. 5,248 8,190 B.5 6,760 142,880 156,561 175,208 185,109 D.51 Taxes on income 3,852 4,361 6,410 5,112 D.59 Other current taxes 1,396 1,414 1,648 1.780 D.5 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. 5.248 5.775 6.760 8.190 D.51 Taxes on income 3,852 4,361 5,112 6,410 D.61 Social contributions 2,921 3,714 4,139 D.59 Other current taxes 1,396 1,414 3,183 1,648 1,780 D.6111 Actual social contributions 132 147 165 182 Employees' social contributions 1,138 Social contributions D.6112 1.230 2.237 1.436 D.61 2.921 3.183 3.714 4.139 D.612 Actual social contributions Imputed social contributions 1,651 1,806 1,312 2,521 D.6111 132 147 165 182 D.6112 Employees' social contributions 1,138 1,230 2,237 1,436 D.62 Social benefits other than social transfers in kind 7,014 7.684 8,577 9.705 D.612 Imputed social contributions 1.651 1,806 1.312 2,521 D.621 4.978 Social security benefits in cash 4.517 5.390 6.184 D.623 1,806 Social benefits other than social transfers in kind Unfunded employee social benefits 1,651 2,237 2,521 D.62 7,014 7,684 8,577 9,705 D.624 Social assistance benefits in cash 846 900 950 1,000 D.621 Social security benefits in cash 4,517 4,978 5,390 6,184 D.623 Unfunded employee social benefits 1.651 1.806 2.237 2,521 9,530 11,025 10,896 D.624 900 950 1,000 D.7 Other current transfers 13,652 Social assistance benefits in cash 846 D.71 Net non-life insurance premiums 3,426 2,633 3,042 3,315 D.72 Non-life insurance claims 2,366 812 1,036 1.715 D.7 Other current transfers 16.391 11.001 12.399 12.693 D.73 Current transfers within general government 0 0 D.71 Net non-life insurance premiums 5.776 2.633 3.042 3.315 D.74 150 D.72 Current international cooperation 105 121 137 Non-life insurance claims 1,036 1,715 812 D.75 Miscellaneous current transfers 7,755 5,964 5,716 D.73 Current transfers within general government 6,810 D.751 Compulsory fees, fines and penalties 287 345 595 400 D.74 Current international cooperation D.759 5.316 D.75 8.321 Other transfers 7,468 5,619 6,215 Miscellaneous current transfers 10,599 7,556 7,663 D.751 345 595 400 Compulsory fees, fines and penalties 287 D.759 Other transfers 10,312 7,211 7,726 7,263 186.906 B.6 145,619 158.032 176.582 Disposable income

Table 7.1 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for the Total Economy, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005 Resources				2003	2004	2005
II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account					II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account				
P.3	Final consumption expenditure	106,619	118,452	136,880	154,717	B.6	Disposable income	145,619	158,032	176,582	186,906
P.31	Individual consumption expenditure	95,070	105,322	122,180	138,495						
P.32	Collective consumption expenditure	11,549	13,130	14,700	16,222	D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0
D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0						
B.8	Saving	39,000	39,580	39,702	32,189						
III.1 C	apital account					III.1 C	apital account				
P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	31,075	35,554	38,003	39,731	B.8	Saving	39,000	39,580	39,702	32,189
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital	0	0	0	0	D.9	Capital transfers, receivable	1,813	687	1,402	953
K.2	Acquisitions less disposal of non-produced non-financial assets	144	145	145	105	D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
P.52	Changes in inventories	454	1,368	4,879	2,027	D.92	Investment grants	389	300	608	455
						D.99	Other capital transfers	1,424	387	794	662
						D.9	Capital transfers, payable	-1,726	-566	-1,302	-1,064
						D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
						D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	-1,726	-566	-1,302	-1,064
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	7,414	2,634	-3,225	-9,621	B.10.1	Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	39,087	39,701	39,802	32,242

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005	Resources			2003	2004	2005
I: Pro	duction account 2002					I: Production account 2002					
P.2	Intermediate consumption	4,250	4,415	5,057	5,731	P.1	Output	19,228	21,391	24,170	26,247
						P.11	Market output	19,228	21,391	24,170	26,247
B.1*g	Gross domestic product/ Value added	14,978	16,976	19,113	20,516						
II: Dis	tribution and use of income accounts					II: Dist	ribution and use of income accounts				
II.1: P	rimary distribution of income account					II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account				
	II.1.1: Generation of income account						II.1.1: Generation of income account				
D.1	Compensation of employees	12,983	14,758	16,660	17,826	B.1	Gross domestic product/value added	14,978	16,976	19,113	20,516
D.2	Taxes on production and imports	0	0	0	0						
D.21	Taxes on products	0	0	0	0						
D.29	Other taxes on production	0	0	0	0						
D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	0						
D.31	Subsidies on products	0	0	0	0						
D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0						
B.2	Operating surplus	1,995	2,218	2,453	2,690						

Table	7.2 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account fo	r the Ger	eral Gov	ernment,	2002 - 20	05				R	s million
	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.1.2: A	Allocation of primary income account					II.1.2:	Allocation of primary income account				
	Property income	4,956	6,867	6,720	7,153	B.2	Operating surplus	1,995	2,218	2,453	2,690
D.41	Interest	4,956	6,867	6,720	7,153						
D.42	Distributed income of corporations	0	0	0	0	D.1	Compensation of employees	0	0	0	0
D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	0						
D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders	0	0	0	0	D.2	Taxes on production and imports	19,239	22,068	25,347	25,664
D.45	Rent	0	0	0	0	D.21	Taxes on products	18,075	20,634	23,786	24,060
						D.29	Other taxes on production	1,164	1,434	1,561	1,604
						D.3	Subsidies	-1,016	-828	-613	-883
						D.31	Subsidies on products	-1,016	-828	-613	-883
						D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0
						D.4	Property income	4,548	3,294	1,989	5,188
						D.41	Interest	2,948	1,099	427	3,665
						D.42	Distributed income of corporations	1,496	2,082	1,449	1,397
						D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	0
						D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders	0	0	0	0
						D.45	Rent	104	113	113	126
B.5*	National income	19,810	19,885	22,456	25,506						
II.2 Sed	condary distribution of income account					II.2 Se	econdary distribution of income account				
D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0	B.5	National income	19,810	19,885	22,456	25,506
D.51	Taxes on income	0	0	0	0						
D.59	Other current taxes	0	0	0	0	D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	5,248	5,775	6,760	8,190
						D.51	Taxes on income	3,852	4,361	5,112	6,410
	Social contributions	0	0	0	0	D.59	Other current taxes	1,396	1,414	1,648	1,780
D.6111	Actual social contributions	0	0	0	0						
D.6112	Employees' social contributions	0	0	0		D.61	Social contributions	2,921	3,183	3,714	4,139
D.612	Imputed social contributions	0	0	0		D.6111	Actual social contributions	132	147	165	182
	0 : 11					D.6112		1,138	1,230	2,237	1,436
D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	7,014	7,684	8,577	9,705	D.612	Imputed social contributions	1,651	1,806	1,312	2,521
D.621	Social security benefits in cash	4,517	4,978	5,390	6,184	D 60	Social honofite other than assigl transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
D.623 D.624	Unfunded employee social benefits Social assistance benefits in cash	1,651 846	1,806	2,237	2,521		Social benefits other than social transfers in kind Social security benefits in cash	0	0	0	0
D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	846	900	950	1,000	D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits	0	0	0	0
D.7	Other current transfers	502	521	587		D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	0	0	0	0
D.7 D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	002 0	0	0	332	J.024	Social assistance perionts in easi	U	U	U	U
D.71 D.72	Non-life insurance claims	0	0	0	•	D.7	Other current transfers	1,041	948	1,533	805
D.72 D.73	Current transfers within general government	n	0	0		D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	1,0 4 1	0	1,555 N	0
D.74	Current international cooperation	105	121	137		D.72	Non-life insurance claims	n	0	0	0
D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	397	400	450		D.73	Current transfers within general government	0	0	0	0
D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	0	0	0		D.74	Current international cooperation	0	0	0	0
D.759	Other transfers	397	400	450	182	D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	1,041	948	1,533	805
						D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	287	345	595	400
						D.759	Other transfers	754	603	938	405
B.6	Disposable income	21,504	21,586	25,299	28,603						

Table 7.2 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for the General Government, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account					II.4.1:	: Use of disposable income account				
P.3	Final consumption expenditure	19,855	22,272	25,043	27,368	B.6	Disposable income	21,504	21,586	25,299	28,603
P.31	Individual consumption expenditure	8,306	9,142	10,343	11,146						
P.32	Collective consumption expenditure	11,549	13,130	14,700	16,222	D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0
D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0						
B.8	Saving	1,649	-686	256	1,235						
III.1 Ca	apital account					III.1 C	Capital account				
P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	5,391	7,141	6,033	5,654	B.8	Saving	1,649	-686	256	1,235
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital	0	0	0	0	D.9	Capital transfers, receivable	551	614	997	750
K.2	Acquisitions less disposal of non-produced non-financial assets	144	145	145	105	D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
P.52	Changes in inventories	0	0	0	0	D.92	Investment grants	389	300	608	455
						D.99	Other capital transfers	162	314	389	610
						D.9	Capital transfers, payable	-526	-566	-1,302	-1,064
						D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
						D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	-526	-566	-1,302	-1,064
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	-3,861	-7,924	-6,227	-4,674	B.10.1	Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	1,674	-638	-49	1,085

Table 7.3 - Integrated Economic Account for Non Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
I: Pro	duction account 2002					I: Prod	luction account 2002				
P.2	Intermediate consumption	81,827	77,193	84,742	89,521	P.1	Output	150,812	160,405	176,235	186,606
						P.11	Market putput	150,812	160,405	176,235	186,606
						P.12	Output for own final use				
						P.13	Other non-market output				
						D.31	Taxes less subsidies on products				
B.1*g	Gross domestic product/ Value added	68,985	83,211	91,493	97,086						
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital										
B.1*n	Net domestic product										
II: Dis	tribution and use of income accounts					II: Dist	ribution and use of income accounts				
II.1: P	rimary distribution of income account					II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account				
	II.1.1: Generation of income account						II.1.1: Generation of income account				
D.1	Compensation of employees	29,014	30,642	33,237	35,390	B.1	Gross domestic product/value added	68,985	83,211	91,493	97,086
D.2	Taxes on production and imports	493	796	864	874						
D.21	Taxes on products										
D.29	Other taxes on production	493	796	864	874						
D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	0						
D.31	Subsidies on products										
D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0						
B.2	Operating surplus	39,478	51,773	57,392	60,822						

Table 7.3 (Cont'd)	- Integrated Economic	Account for Non Fina	ncial Corporations, 2	2002 - 2005
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Table 7.3 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Accou	2002	2003	2004	2005	Ī	Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.1.2: Allocation of primary income account	2002	2003	2004	2003	II.1.2:	Allocation of primary income account	2002	2003	2004	2003
D.4 Property income	9,992	8,898	9,712	13,708		Operating surplus	39,478	51,773	57,392	60,82
D.41 Interest	7,609	4,268	3,965	7,942	D.2	Operating Surpius	55,476	31,773	31,332	00,02
D.42 Distributed income of corporations	2,234	4,468	5,585	5,585	D 1	Compensation of employees				
D.43 Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	2,204	4,400	0,000	0,000	D.1	Componeditor of employees				
D.44 Property income attributed to insurance policyholders					D.2	Taxes on production and imports	0	0	0	
D.45 Rent	149	162	162	181	D.21	Taxes on products	J	· ·	o o	
5.10	1 10	102	102	101	D.29	Other taxes on production				
					D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	
					D.31	Subsidies on products	J	Ŭ	Ŭ	
					D.39	Other subsidies on production				
					D.4	Property income	2,390	3,146	3,876	3,74
					D.41	Interest	1,219	1,128	1,377	1,22
					D.42	Distributed income of corporations	1,098	1,939	2,420	2,43
					D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0,000	2, 120	_, .,
					D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders		0	0	
					D.45	Rent	73	79	79	
B.5* National income	31,876	46,021	51,556	50,863	-	T.G.N.	7.5	7.5	7.5	`
II.2 Secondary distribution of income account	,,	- 7	,,,,,,	,		econdary distribution of income account				
D.5 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	1,853	2,058	2,410	2,941		National income	31,876	46,021	51,556	50,86
D.51 Taxes on income	1,468	1,662	1,948	2,443			,	,	,	,
D.59 Other current taxes	385	396	461	498	D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	
					D.51	Taxes on income				
D.61 Social contributions	0	0	0	0	D.59	Other current taxes				
D.6111 Actual social contributions										
D.6112 Employees' social contributions					D.61	Social contributions	0	0	0	
D.612 Imputed social contributions					D.6111	Actual social contributions				
					D.6112	Employees' social contributions				
D.62 Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	0	0	0	0	D.612	Imputed social contributions				
D.621 Social security benefits in cash										
D.623 Unfunded employee social benefits					D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	0	0	0	
D.624 Social assistance benefits in cash					D.621	Social security benefits in cash				
					D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits				
D.7 Other current transfers	3,896	2,015	2,408	1,913	D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash				
D.71 Net non-life insurance premiums	842	647	748	815						
D.72 Non-life insurance claims					D.7	Other current transfers	734	479	644	79
D.73 Current transfers within general government					D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	205			
D.74 Current international cooperation					D.72	Non-life insurance claims		70	90	14
D.75 Miscellaneous current transfers	3,054	1,368	1,660	1,098	D.73	Current transfers within general government				
D.751 Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	80	96	166	-	D.74	Current international cooperation				
D.759 Other transfers	2,974	1,272	1,494		D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	529	409	554	64
	•	•	•		D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties				
					D.759	Other transfers	529	409	554	64
B.6 Disposable income	26,861	42,428	47,383	46,807						
B.12 Current external balance		•	•							

Table 7.3 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Non Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account					II.4.1: \	Use of disposable income account				
P.3	Final consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0	B.6	Disposable income	26,861	42,428	47,383	46,807
P.31	Individual consumption expenditure										
P.32	Collective consumption expenditure					D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds				
	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds										
B.8	Saving	26,861	42,428	47,383	46,807						
III.1 Ca	apital account					III.1 Ca	apital account				
P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	18,027	20,589	23,421	25,564	B.8	Saving	26,861	42,428	47,383	46,807
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital					D.9	Capital transfers, receivable	62	49	361	151
IK 7	Acquisitions less disposal of non-produced non-financial assets					D.91	Capital taxes				
P.52	Changes in inventories	409	1,231	4,391	1,824	D.92	Investment grants				
						D.99	Other capital transfers	62	49	361	0
						D.9	Capital transfers, payable	-1,200	0	0	0
						D.91	Capital taxes				
						D.92	Investment grants				
						D.99	Other capital transfers	-1,200			
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	7,287	20,656	19,931	19,569	B.10.1 Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers		25,723	42,477	47,744	46,958

Table 7.4 - Integrated Economic Account for Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
I: Prod	luction account 2002					I: Prod	luction account 2002				
P.2	Intermediate consumption	3,433	4,149	4,571	5,134	134 P.1 Output		15,052	17,978	19,446	21,900
						P.11	Market output	15,052	17,978	19,446	21,900
						P.12	Output for own final use	0	0	0	0
						P.13	Other non-market output	0	0	0	0
						D.31	Taxes less subsidies on products	0	0	0	0
B.1*g	Gross domestic product/ Value added	11,619	13,829	14,875	16,766						
II: Dist	I: Distribution and use of income accounts					II: Dist	ribution and use of income accounts				
II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account					II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account				
	II.1.1: Generation of income account						II.1.1: Generation of income account				
D.1	Compensation of employees	2,546	3,249	3,483	3,726	B.1	Gross domestic product/value added	11,619	13,829	14,875	16,766
D.2	Taxes on production and imports	18	23	23	26						
D.21	Taxes on products	0	0	0	0						
D.29	Other taxes on production	18	23	23	26						
D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	0						
D.31	Subsidies on products	0	0	0	0						
D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0						
B.2	Operating surplus	9,055	10,557	11,369	13,014	13,014					

Table 7.4 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005

Table 7.4 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005										(Rs	million)
	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.1.2:	Allocation of primary income account					II.1.2:	Allocation of primary income account				
D.4	Property income	15,787	19,920	20,079	24,411	B.2	Operating surplus	9,055	10,557	11,369	13,014
D.41	Interest	11,185	11,822	11,605	15,091						
D.42	Distributed income of corporations	4,602	8,098	8,474	9,320	D.1	Compensation of employees	0	0	0	0
D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	0						
D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders	0	0	0	0	D.2	Taxes on production and imports	0	0	0	0
D.45	Rent	0	0	0	0	D.21	Taxes on products	0	0	0	0
						D.29	Other taxes on production	0	0	0	0
						D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	0
						D.31	Subsidies on products	0	0	0	0
						D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0
						D.4	Property income	17,785	18,082	19,180	24,369
						D.41	Interest	16,895	16,349	17,018	22,192
						D.42	Distributed income of corporations	890	1,733	2,163	2,177
						D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	0
						D.44	Property income attributed to insurance	0	0	0	0
						D.45	Rent	0	0	0	0
							Adjustment for FISIM	-6,712	-7,683	-7,818	-8,991
B.5*			1,037	2,652	3,981						
II.2 Se	condary distribution of income account					II.2 Se	econdary distribution of income account				
D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	495	555	651	807	B.5	National income	4,341	1,037	2,652	3,981
D.51	Taxes on income	453	513	601	754						
D.59	Other current taxes	42	42	49	53	D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0
						D.51	Taxes on income	0	0	0	0
D.61	Social contributions	0	0	0	0	D.59	Other current taxes	0	0	0	0
D.6111	Actual social contributions	0	0	0	0						
D.6112	Employees' social contributions	0	0	0	0	D.61	Social contributions	0	0	0	0
D.612	Imputed social contributions	0	0	0	0	D.6111	Actual social contributions	0	0	0	0
						D.6112	Employees' social contributions	0	0	0	0
D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	0	0	0	0	D.612	Imputed social contributions	0	0	0	0
D.621	Social security benefits in cash	0	0	0	0						
D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits	0	0	0	0	D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	0	0	0	0	D.621	Social security benefits in cash	0	0	0	0
						D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits	0	0	0	0
D.7	Other current transfers	3,240	1,491	1,952	2,776	D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	0	0	0	0
D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	51	39	45	49						
D.72	Non-life insurance claims	2,366	812	1,036	1,715	D.7	Other current transfers	4,242	3,667	3,905	4,221
D.73	Current transfers within general government	0	0	0	0	D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	3,426	2,633	3,042	3,315
D.74	Current international cooperation	0	0	0	0	D.72	Non-life insurance claims	16	5	7	12
D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	823	640	871	1,011	D.73	Current transfers within general government	0	0	0	0
D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	9	11	19	13	D.74	Current international cooperation	0	0	0	0
D.759	Other transfers	814	629	852	999	D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	800	1,029	856	895
						D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	0	0	0	0
						D.759	Other transfers	800	1,029	856	895
B.6	Disposable income	4,848	2,658	3,954	4,620						

Table 7.4 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Financial Corporations, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account					II.4.1: l	Use of disposable income account				
P.3	Final consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0	B.6	Disposable income	4,848	2,658	3,954	4,620
P.31	Individual consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0						
P.32	Collective consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0	D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0
D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0						
B.8	Saving	4,848	2,658	3,954	4,620						
III.1 C	apital account					III.1 Ca	apital account				
P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	935	789	945	945	B.8	Saving	4,848	2,658	3,954	4,620
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital	0	0	0	0	D.9	Capital transfers, receivable	0	0	0	0
K.2	Acquisitions less disposal of non-produced non- financial assets	0	0	0	0	D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
P.52	Changes in inventories	0	0	0	0	D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	0	0	0	0
						D.9	Capital transfers, payable	0	0	0	0
						D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
						D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	0	0	0	0
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	3,913	1,869	3,009	3,675	B.10.1	Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	4,848	2,658	3,954	4,620

Table 7.5 - Integrated Economic Account for Households, 2002 - 2005

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
I: Prod	luction account					I: Produ	iction account				
P.2	Intermediate consumption	20,119	30,214	33,050	37,145	P.1	Output	56,674	61,468	67,812	73,939
						P.11	Market output	49,702	54,085	59,565	64,662
						P.12	Output for own final use	6,972	7,383	8,247	9,277
						P.13	Other non-market output	0	0	0	0
						D.31	Taxes less subsidies on products	0	0	0	0
B.1*g	Gross domestic product/ Value added	36,555	31,255	34,762	36,794						
II: Disti	Distribution and use of income accounts II: Distribution and use of income accounts										
II.1: Pr	imary distribution of income account					II.1: Prir	nary distribution of income account				
	II.1.1: Generation of income account						II.1.1: Generation of income account				
D.1	Compensation of employees	8,602	10,136	10,998	11,925	B.1	Gross domestic product/value added	36,555	31,255	34,762	36,794
D.2	Taxes on production and imports	653	615	674	704						
D.21	Taxes on products	0	0	0	0						
D.29	Other taxes on production	653	615	674	704						
D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	0						
D.31	Subsidies on products	0	0	0	0						
D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	0						
B.2	Operating surplus	27,300	20,504	23,091	24,165						

Table 7.5 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Households, 2002 - 2005

Table	Table 7.5 (Cont d) - Integrated Economic Account for Households, 2002 - 2005									175	million
	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.1.2:	Allocation of primary income account					II.1.2: /	Allocation of primary income account				
D.4	Property income	3,143	3,442	4,194	5,141	5,141 B.2 Operating surplus		27,300	20,504	23,091	24,165
D.41	Interest	2,879	2,939	3,574	4,517	<u>'</u>					
D.42	Distributed income of corporations	236	472	590	590	D.1	Compensation of employees	53,145	58,785	64,378	68,867
D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	C)					
D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders	0	0	0	C	D.2	Taxes on production and imports	0	0	0	(
D.45	Rent	28	30	30	34	D.21	Taxes on products	0	0	0	(
						D.29	Other taxes on production	0	0	0	(
						D.3	Subsidies	0	0	0	(
						D.31	Subsidies on products	0	0	0	(
						D.39	Other subsidies on production	0	0	0	(
						D.4	Property income	9,551	13,771	15,269	16,867
						D.41	Interest	6,363		7,299	8,897
						D.42	Distributed income of corporations	3,188	6,376	7,970	7,970
						D.43	Reinvested earnings on direct foreign investment	0	0	0	(
						D.44	Property income attributed to insurance policyholders	0	0	0	(
						D.45	Rent	0	0	0	(
B.5*	National income	86,853	89,618	98,544	104,759						
II.2 Se	econdary distribution of income account					II.2 Se	condary distribution of income account				
D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	2,900	3,162	3,700	4,442	B.5	National income	86,853	89,618	98,544	104,759
D.51	Taxes on income	1,931	2,186	2,563	3,213	3					
D.59	Other current taxes	969	976	1,137	1,228	D.5	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	(
						D.51	Taxes on income	0	0	0	C
D.61	Social contributions	2,921	3,183	3,714	4,139	D.59	Other current taxes	0	0	0	(
D.6111	Actual social contributions	132	147	165	182	2					
D.6112	Employees' social contributions	1,138	1,230	2,237	1,436	D.61	Social contributions	0	0	0	C
D.612	Imputed social contributions	1,651	1,806	1,312	2,521	D.6111	Actual social contributions	0	0	0	C
						D.6112	Employees' social contributions	0	0	0	C
D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	0	0	0	C	D.612	Imputed social contributions	0	0	0	(
D.621	Social security benefits in cash	0	0	0	C)					
D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits	0	0	0	C	D.62	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	7,014	7,684	8,577	9,705
D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	0	0	0	C	D.621	Social security benefits in cash	4,517	4,978	5,390	6,184
						D.623	Unfunded employee social benefits	1,651	1,806	2,237	2,521
D.7	Other current transfers	6,014	5,504	6,078	5,875	D.624	Social assistance benefits in cash	846	900	950	1,000
D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	2,533	1,947	2,249	2,451						
D.72	Non-life insurance claims	0	0	0	C	D.7	Other current transfers	10,374	5,907	6,317	6,868
D.73	Current transfers within general government	0	0	0	C	D.71	Net non-life insurance premiums	2,145	0	0	C
D.74	Current international cooperation	0	0	0	0 D.72 Non-life insurance claims		0	736	939	1,555	
D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	3,481	3,557	3,829	3,424 D.73 Current transfers within general government		0	0	0	C	
D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	198	238	410			0	0	0	C	
D.759	Other transfers	3,283	3,319	3,419	3,148	D.75	Miscellaneous current transfers	8,229	5,171	5,378	5,314
						D.751	Compulsory fees, fines and penalties	0	0	0	C
						D.759	Other transfers	8,229	5,171	5,378	5,314
B.6	Disposable income	92,406	91,361	99,947	106,877	'					

Table 7.5 (Cont'd) - Integrated Economic Account for Households, 2002 - 2005

Rs million

	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
II.4.1: \	Use of disposable income account					II.4.1:	Use of disposable income account				
P.3	Final consumption expenditure	86,764	96,180	111,837	127,349	7,349 B.6 Disposable income		92,406	91,361	99,947	106,877
P.31	Individual consumption expenditure	86,764	96,180	111,837	127,349						
P.32	Collective consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0	D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0
D.8	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households on pension funds	0	0	0	0						
B.8	Saving	5,642	-4,819	-11,890	-20,472	-20,472					
III.1 Ca	apital account					III.1 Ca	apital account				
P.51	Gross fixed capital formation	6,722	7,035	7,604	7,568	B.8	Saving	5,642	-4,819	-11,890	-20,472
K.1	Consumption of fixed capital	0	0	0	0	D.9	Capital transfers, receivable	1,200	0	0	0
K.2	Acquisitions less disposal of non-produced non-financial assets	0	0	0	0	D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
P.52	Changes in inventories	45	137	488	203	D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	1,200	0	0	0
						D.9	Capital transfers, payable	0	0	0	0
						D.91	Capital taxes	0	0	0	0
						D.92	Investment grants	0	0	0	0
						D.99	Other capital transfers	0	0	0	0
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	75	-11,991	-19,982	-28,243 B.10.1 Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers		6,842	-4,819	-11,890	-20,472	

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Table 7.6 - Integrated Economic Account for the Rest of the World, 2002 - 2005

				J						K	s million
	Uses	2002	2003	2004	2005		Resources	2002	2003	2004	2005
Acco	unt V.1: External account of	goods	and ser	vices G	oods a	nd serv	ices				
P.6	Export of goods and services	88,301	88,714	94,859	110,940	D 7	Import of goods and services	83,964	86,694	99,024	122,067
P.61	Export of goods	53,893	53,022	54,905	63,219		Import of goods	60,222	61,411	70,911	86,734
										·	
P.62	Export of services	34,408	35692	39,954	47,721	P.72	Import of services	23,742	25,283	28,113	35,333
B.11	External balance of goods and services	-4,337	-2020	4,165	11,127						
VII: E	xternal Account of primary	incomes	s and cu	urrent tra	ansfers						
D.1	Compensation of employees	19	16	20	18	B.11	External balance of goods and services	-4,337	-2,020	4,165	11,127
D.4	Property income	2,377	1,287	1,398	4,252	D.1	Compensation of employees	242	254	257	273
D.41	Interest	2,132	1,117	1,193	4,016	D.4	Property income	1,758	1,882	1,551	4,236
D.42	Distributed income of corporations	245	170	205	236	D.41	Interest	1,113	1,042	936	2,739
D.7	Other current transfers	5,847	4551	4,630	4,782	D.42	Distributed income of corporations	645	840	615	1,497
						D.7	Other current transfers	3,108	3,080	3,256	2,985
B.12	Current external balance	-7,472	-2658	3,181	9,569						
VIII.1	Capital account										
Changes	in assets	0	0	0	0	Changes	I in Liabilities				
						B.12	Current external balance	-7,472	-2,658	3,181	9,569
						D.9	Net Capital transfers	58	24	44	52
B.9	Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)	-7,414	-2634	3,225	9,621	B.10.1	Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	-7,414	-2,634	3,225	9,621

CHAPTER 8 SUPPLY AND USE TABLE The Mauritian Economy - 2002

The Supply and Use Table (SUT)

1. General

The Supply and Use Table (SUT) is a core table in the System of National Accounts. It presents for the total economy, by product group, the resources and uses of goods and services. The flow of goods and services is therefore traced from their producers to their users. For each product, total supply should balance with total use (in purchasers' price).

The basic equation is:

Output + Imports (Production) (total supply) = Intermediate Consumption + Exports + Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation + Final consumption + Changes in inventories (total use)

The SUT therefore provides a framework for checking on the consistency of statistics on the flows of goods and services, obtained from the different sources. The SUT also serves as the foundation for the construction of Input /Output Tables.

2. The SUT 2002 Format

- **2.1** The Supply Table (Table 8.1) gives information about the supply of goods and services.
 - In the rows, the various types of products (66) are presented according to the Central Product Classification (CPC).
 - In the columns, from the right imports then the output matrix of industries

Since output is valued at basic prices, additional columns for subsidies, taxes on products, transport and trade margins are added to bring supply at purchasers' price. Also, since total imports are valued f.o.b and imports by product, c.i.f., a column on 'adjustment to f.o.b' is added to reconcile the different valuations.

- **2.2** The Use Table (Table 8.2) gives information about the different uses.
 - The same classification of products as in the Supply Table is used in the rows.
 - The columns show the different uses, namely a matrix of Intermediate Consumption by industries and the final uses: Exports, GDFCF, Final Consumption and Changes in inventories.

Table 8.1 - Supply Table 2002

CPC	Central Product (CPC) Classification Description	Total supply at purchasers' prices	Trade margin
01	Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening	5,170,277	666,354
018	Sugar Cane	5,497,900	
02	Live animals and animal products	2,498,506	124,138
03	Forestry and logging products	116,450	27,55
04	Fish and other fishing products	868,071	45,81
11	Coal and lignite; peat	528,572	82,81
12	Crude petroleum and natural gas	920	169
14 15	Metal ores Stone, sand and clay	78 1,498,428	1: 30,99
16	Other minerals	1,090,085	183,93
21	Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats	14,778,323	2,522,21
22	Dairy products	2,867,297	632,20
23	Grain mill products, starches and starch products; other food products	5,952,806	381,59
235	Sugar	8,620,246	
24	Beverages	4,932,571	397,13
25	Tobacco products	1,103,475	116,85
26	Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	16,499,996	2,044,449
27	Textile articles other than apparel	1,877,422	246,18
28	Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	31,520,296	493,30
29	Leather and leather products; footwear	1,123,168	160,628
31	Products of wood, cork, straw and plaiting materials	1,752,644	241,26
32	Pulp, paper and paper products; printed matter and related articles	5,500,733	
33	Coke oven products; refined petroleum products; nuclear fuel	10,108,606	1,517,593
34	Basic chemicals Other chemical products, man mode fibres	4,244,136	
35	Other chemical products; man-made fibres	6,399,358	· ·
36 37	Rubber and plastics products Glass and glass products and other non-metallic products n.e.c.	3,942,060	562,860 445,975
38		4,162,377 7,290,392	1,026,31
39	Furniture; other transportable goods n.e.c. Wastes or scraps	7,290,392	19,61
41	Basic metals	3,681,614	· ·
42	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	4,824,232	382,16
43	General purpose machinery	3,679,731	624,98
44	Special purpose machinery	5,488,739	971,982
45	Office, accounting and computing machinery	1,870,955	331,000
46	Electrical machinery and apparatus	2,748,819	414,736
47	Radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus	2,769,244	470,05
48	Medical appliances, precision and optical instruments, watches and clocks	2,983,915	624,020
49	Transport equipment	7,302,923	942,033
53/54	Constructions and Construction Services	19,224,750	(
61	Wholesale trade services	0	-16,225,602
62	Retail trade services	0	-3,204,748
63	Lodging; food and beverage serving services	15,742,674	(
64	Land transport services	4,669,736	(
65 66/67	Water transport services Air Transport and Supporting and auxiliary transport activities	459,633 22,839,422	
68	Postal and courier services	660,097	
69	Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	6,796,700	
71	Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	15,048,153	
72	Real estate services	8,076,236	
73	Leasing or rental services without operator	1,771,673	(
81	Research and development services	324,874	(
82	Professional, scientific and technical services	714,604	(
83	Other professional, scientific and technical services	11,241,215	
84	Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	7,566,579	
85	Support services	983,553	
87	Maintenance and repair services	7,031,631	
91	Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	10,823,000	
92	Education services	6,248,679	
93	Health and social services	4,993,422	
94 95	Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	497,665	
95 96	Services of membership organizations	238,089	
96 97	Recreational, cultural and sporting services Other services	4,380,097 277,162	
98	Domestic services	700,293	
99	C.I.F/F.O.B adjustment	700,293	
100	Direct purchases abroad by residents	6,114,000	
101	Direct purchases abroad by residents Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	0,114,000	
	Total	342,789,742	

Rs 000

	e 6.1 (CO	,	appiy iai	DIE 2002	1	1		ī	
CPC	Transport Margin	Taxes on products	Subsidies on products	Total Supply at Basic Prices	Sugar Cane	Foodcrops	Fishing	Other Agriculture	Other Agriculture GG
01	27,524	74,484	-50,800	4,452,715	0	1,926,800	0	0	0
018	0	0	0	5,497,900	5,497,900	0	0	0	0
02	11,841	11,263	0	2,351,264	0	0	0	1,981,300	0
03	1,627	18,517	0	68,749	0	0	0	0	0
04	4,354	4,685	0	813,214	0	0	543,000	0	0
11	14,685	88,091	0	342,984	0	0	0	0	0
12	30	19	0	701	0	0	0	0	0
14	1	11	0	47	0	0	0	0	0
15	1,873	24,026	0	1,441,533	0	0	0	0	0
16	4,677	8,339	0	893,137	0	0	0	0	0
21	213,233	284,052	0	11,758,823	0	0	0	0	0
22	60,204	18,939	0	2,155,952	0	0	0	0	0
23	15,735	588,049	-576,500	5,543,924	0	0	0	0	0
235	992	117	0	8,565,034	0	0	0	0	0
24	18,329	824,117	0	3,692,990	0	0	0	0	0
25	5,367	313,035	0	668,221	0	0	0	0	0
26	44,466	294,701	0	14,116,379	0	0	0	0	0
27	4,472	124,357	0	1,502,413	0	0	0	0	0
28	3,507	342,944	0	30,680,542	0	0	0	0	0
29	492	171,806	0	790,242	0	0	0	0	0
31	11,242	209,734	0	1,290,404	0	0	0	0	0
32	5,448	392,443	0	4,583,009	0	0	0	0	0
33	269,085	2,111,342	-109,800	6,320,387	0	0	0	0	0
34	18,570	372,913	0	3,097,948	0	0	0	0	0
35	23,139	692,060	0	4,725,662	0	0	0	0	0
36	5,545	622,438	0	2,751,216	0	0	0	0	0
37	7,925	793,670	0	2,914,807	0	0	0	0	0
38	7,636	507,759	0	5,748,683	0	0	0	0	0
39	1,169	1,671	0	47,991	0	0	0	0	0
41	8,226	528,832	0	2,732,287	0	0	0	0	0
42	6,739	551,382	0	3,883,946	0	0	0	0	0
43	43	683,492	0	2,371,214	0	0	0	0	0
44	268	742,780	0	3,773,709	0	0	0	0	0
45	23	317,462	0	1,222,470	0	0	0	0	0
46	49	595,378	0	1,738,656	0	0	0	0	0
47	50	561,892	0	1,737,246	0	0	0	0	0
48	249	301,206	0	2,058,439	0	0	0	0	0
49	65	2,614,401	0	3,746,424	0	0	0	0	0
53/54	0	179,000	-122,400	19,168,150	0	0	0	0	0
61	0	0	0	16,225,602	0	0	0	0	0
62	0	0	0	3,204,748	0	0	0	0	
63 64	-798,882	1,188,490	-52,100	14,554,184	0	0	0	0	0
		0	,	5,520,718	0			0	
65	0	0	-44,500	504,133	0	0	0	0	0
66/67		0	0	22,839,422					0
68 69	0	0	0	660,097 6 796 700	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	-60,000	6,796,700 15,108,153	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	,	8,076,236	0	0	0	0	0
73	0	0	0	1,771,673	0	0	0	0	0
73 81	0	0	0	324,874	0	0	0	0	0
82	0	0	0	324,874 714,604	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
83 84	0	0	0	11,241,215 7,566,579	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	983,553	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	7,031,631	0	0	0	410,600	1,083,000
91	0	0	0	10,823,000	0	0	0	410,600	1,063,000
92	0	0	0	6,248,679	0	0	0	0	0
93	0	0	0	4,993,422	0	0	0	0	0
93 94	0	0	0	4,993,422	0	0	0	0	0
94 95	0	0	0	238,089	0	0	0	0	0
95 96	0	915,600	0	3,464,497	0	0	0	0	0
96 97	0	915,600	0	3,464,497 277,162	0	0	0	0	0
98	0	0	0	700,293	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	700,293	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	6,114,000	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0,114,000	0	0	0	0	0
	0	18,075,500	-1,016,100	325,730,342	5,497,900	1,926,800	543,000	2,391,900	1,083,000
	U	10,013,300	-1,010,100	323,730,342	3,437,300	1,340,000	J4J,UUU	2,351,900	1,003,000

21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	a and							
018 02 03 04 11 12 14 15 16 10 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94		Sugar Milling	Manufacture of Textile-EPZ	Manufacture of Wearing Apparel- EPZ	Other_ EPZ	Manufacture of food products and beverages	Manufacture of Textiles	Manufacture of Wearing Apparel
02	0	0	0	0	3,142	87,339	0	0
02 03 04 11 12 14 15 16 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 9	0		0		0	0	0	
03 04 11 12 14 15 16 16 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		85,295	10,045	0	
04 11 12 14 15 16 16 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		0	0		
111 12 14 15 16 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		0	168,788	0	
12 14 15 16 21 12 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0		
144 155 166 21 22 23 235 244 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
15 16 16 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
16 10 10 21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		2,963	0	0	
21 22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	105,000		0					
22 23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	,				0	29,512	0	
23 235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 87 87 88 89 89 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	0		0		2,197,148	3,616,305	0	
235 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		0	756,896	0	
24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 86 87 87 87 88 88 89 89 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	0		0		43,414	3,489,423	0	
25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		0	7,097	0	
26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	0		0		7,805	3,258,960	0	
27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 9	0		0		0	0		
28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 9	0		4,542,115		296	0	,	11,804
29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		85,236	30,995	0	0		
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		704,667	26,833,737	44,109	0		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		161,876	0	0	
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		69,531	26,333		
34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	7,610		205,576	0		
35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0		
36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	95,352	1,687	0	0
37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	296,594	0	0	0
38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	452,444	0	0	0
39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	6,289	0	0	0
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	643,472	16,479	0	0
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	9,294	0	0	0
43 44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0	0	31,306	21,144	0	0
44 45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		7,939	, 0	0	
45 46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		6,854	0	0	
46 47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
47 48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		89,715	0	0	
48 49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0		0		25,139	0	0	
49 53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0		0		386,103	0	0	
53/54 61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		411	0	0	
61 62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
62 63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	58,121	48,168	49,313	720,597	8,549	
63 64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		30,717	0		
64 65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		0	0	0	
65 66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		382	10,689	0	
66/67 68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		0	0,669	0	
68 69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0		0		0	0	0	
69 71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0				0	0		
71 72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	•	ŭ	0		-	0	0	-
72 73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
73 81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		0	0	0	
81 82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		0	0	0	-
82 83 84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	12,989		15,817	11,334	0	,
83 84 85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	-
84 85 87 91 92 93	0	0	0		0	0	0	
85 87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		14,411	0	0	
87 91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
91 92 93 94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
92 93 94	0	0	74,758		252,024	222,282	77,704	
93 94	0	0	0		0	0		
94	0	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
0.5	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
96	0	0	0	0	244	0	0	0
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	0	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0	0		0	0	0	
10	105,000	8,317,900	5,485,496		5,234,974	12,454,911	621,716	

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CPC	Tanning and dressing of leather	Manufacture of wood products	Manufacture of paper and paper products	Publishing and printing	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	Manufacture of Non-metallic mineral products	Manufacture of basic metals
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,340,433	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
235	0	0	0			0		
24	0	0	0			0		
25	0	0	0			0		
26	0	0	0			0		
27	0		0		0	0		
28	0		0		0	0		
29	196,565	0	0			0		
31	0		0			790		
32	0		616,076	1,875,539	0	0		
33	0	0	0			0		
34	0	0	0		,	0		
35	0	0	0			76,928		
36	0	0	0			642,164		
37	0		0			0		0
38	0		0		0	0		
39	0		0			0		
41	0	0	0			0		
42	0	0	0			0		
43	0	0	0			0		
44	0	0	0			0		
45	0	0	0			0		
46 47	0	0	0			0		
	0							
48 49	0	0	0			0		
53/54	0	0	0			0		
61	2,244	2,642	0			119,600		
62	2,244	2,042	0			0 119,000		· ·
63	0	0	0			0		
64	0	0	0	118		0		
65	0	0	0			0		
66/67	0		0			0		
68	0		0		0			
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
71	0	0	0			0		
72	0	0	0			0		
73	3,649	2	0		2,863	0		
81	0,010	0	0		2,000	0		
82	0		0			0		
83	0	0	0			0		
84	0	0	0			0		
85	0		0			0		
87	170	1,117	0		8,468	19,227	134,971	1,168
91	0		0			0		
92	0		0			0		
93	0	0	0		0	0		
94	0	0	0		0	0		
95	0	0	0		0	0		
96	0	0	0		0	0		
97	0	0	0		0	0		
98	0	0	0		0	0		
	0	0	0			0		
	0	0	0			0		
	0	0	0		0	0		
	202,627	390,218	616,076		2,992,567	858,709		

	Manufacture of Manufa								
CPC	fabricated metal products, except	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Manufacture of furniture	Other manufacturin g	Other manufacturin g GG	Electricity	Water	Construction	Construction GG
	machinery and							l	l
01 018	0	0	54,823 0		0	0			
02	0	0	0		0	0			
03	0	0	0		0	0			
04	0	0	0		0	0			
11	0	0	0		0	0			
12	0	0	0		0	0			
14 15	0	0	0 3,120		0	0			
16	0	0	3,120		0	0			
21	0	0	0			0			
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0		0	0			
235	0	0	0		0	0			
24 25	0	0	0		0	0			
26	0	0	0		0	0			
27	0	0	0	,	0	0			
28	0	0	0		0	0			
29	0	0	0		0	0			
31	0	0	84,941	0	0	0			
32	0	0	0		62,000	0			
33 34	0	0	0		0	0			
35	0	0	19,731	5,063	0	0			
36	0	0	22,082		0	0			
37	0	0	404	0		0			
38	11,936	0	2,371,279	9,453	0	0			
39	0	0	7.050			0			
41 42	0 2,000,488	0	7,259 61,920		0	0			
43	2,000,400	55,402	01,920		0	0			
44	25,084	156,914	0		0	0			
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
46	0	0	0	,	0	0			
47	0	0	0		0	0			
48 49	0	0	2,154 0		0	0			
53/54	0	0	0		0	0			419,000
61	41,351	82,212	6,270		0	0			0
62	0	0	42,580	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	0	0	0		0	0			
64	0	0	6		0	0			
65 66/67	0	0	0		0	0			
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	5,946,400			0
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
72	0	0	0		0	0			
73	3,892	0	2,879		0	0			
81 82	0	0	0		0	0			
83	0	7	0		0	0			
84	0	0	0			0			
85	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
87	306,584	169,100	39,058		0	0			
91	0	0	0		0	0			
92 93	0	0	0		0	0			
93 94	0	0	0		0	0			
95	0	0	0		0	0			
96	0	0	0		0	0			
97	0	0	0			0			
98	0	0	0		0	0			
	0	0	0		0	0			
	0	0	0		0	0			
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rs 000

	Wholesale					Supporting	Air Transport and	Post and	
СРС	and retail trade and	Hotels and restaurants	Land Transport	Water Transport	Air Transport	and auxiliary transport	Supporting	telecommunic	Other transport GG
	repairs	rootaaranto	runoport	ranoport		activities	and auxiliary transport	ations	i unoport oo
01	0	0	0	0			0		
018	0	0	0	0		0	0		
02 03	0	0	0	0		0	0		
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14	0	0	0	0		0	0		
15	0	0	0	0		0	0		
16 21	0 1,249	0	0	0		0	0		
22	0	0	0	0		0	0		
23	8,290	364	0	0		0	0		
235	0	0	0	0		0	0		
24	0	0	0	0		0	0		
25 26	0	0	0	0		0	0		
26 27	0	0	0	0		0	0		
28	1,934	0	0	0		0	0		
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0		0	0		
32	0	0	0	0		0	0		
33 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
35	0	0	0	0		0	0		
36	12,798	0	0	0		0	0		
37	5,731	0	0	0		0	0		
38	5,640	0	0	0		0	0		
39 41	0	0	0	0		0	0		
42	0	0	0	0		0	0		
43	0	0	0	0		0	0		
44	0	0	0	0		0	0		
45	0	0	0	0		0	0		
46 47	0	0	0	0		0	0		
48	110	0	0	0		0	0		
49	0	0	0	0		0	0		
53/54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
61	12,904,707	629,707	0	0		0	128,976		
62	3,019,906	0	2,436 0	0	,	0	31,499		
63 64	0	14,532,583 0	5,430,023	0		63,521	0 63,521		
65	0	0	0,100,020	502,759	0	0	0		
66/67	386	0	110,532	0	12,290,750	5,264,753	17,555,503	. 0	308,000
68	0	0	0	0		0	-,		
69 71	0	0	0	0		0	0		
71 72	0 161,947	0 56,820	0 2,421	0		0 48,949			
73	220	438	46,470	0		1,575	43,709		
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
82	0	0	0	0		0	0		
83 84	0	5,188	15,377	0		0	0	,	
84 85	2,000	0	0	0		0	0	, ,	
87	3,807,490	0	0	0		22,630	91,551		
91	0	0	0	0		0			
92	0	0	0	0		0	0		
93	591	0	0	0		0	0		
94 95	0	0	0	0		0	0		
95 96	0	0	0	0		0	0		
97	0	0	0	0		0	0		
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
	0	0	0	0		0	0		
	0	0	0	0		0	0		
	0	0	0	0	12,792,305	0	0	0	0

Rs 000

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • 	nt a) - Supply Table 2002						1
CPC	Insurance	Other financial intermediation	Owner Occupied Dwelling	Other real estate	Computer and related activities	Other business activities	Other business activities GG	Public Administration and Defence
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
018	0		0	0	0	0		
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	0		0	0	0	0	0	
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	0		0	0	0	0		
12	0		0	0		0		
14	0		0	0	0	0		
15	0		0	0		0		
16	0		0	0				
21	0		0	0				
22 23	0		0	0		0		
235	0		0	0		0		
24	0		0	0		0		
25	0		0	0		0		
26	0		0	0		0		
27	0		0	0				
28	0		0	0				
29	0		0	0		0		0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	0	0	0	0	0	2,627	0	
33	0		0	0	0	0		
34	0		0	0	0	0		
35	0		0	0		0		
36	0		0	0		0		
37	0		0	0		0		
38	0		0	0				
39	0		0	0				
41 42	0		0	0		0		
43	0		0	0		0		
44	0		0	0		0		
45	0		0	0		0		
46	0		0	0		0		
47	0	0	0	0	0	0		
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
53/54	0		0	0		445		
61	0		0	8,963		9,290		
62	0		0	4,180		0		
63	0		0	0		0		
64 65	0		0	906 0		4,558 0		
66/67	0		0	0				
68	0		0	0				
69	0		0	0	-	0	-	-
71	4,191,749		0	0				
72	567,411		6,666,000	361,298		35,880		
73	0	0	0	418,750		183,050		0
81	0		0	24,615		300,259		
82	0		0	0		714,604		
83	213,839		0	4,046		5,482,738		
84	0		0	0				
85 97	0		0	0	,			
87 91	0		0	0		17,895 0		
92	0		0	0				
93	0		0	0		0,651		
94	0		0	0	0	16,319		
95	0		0	0		0		
96	0		0	1,908		8,342		
97	0	0	0	0		0		0
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0		0	0		0		
	0		0	0		0		
	0		0	0		0		
	4,973,000	10,079,000	6,666,000	824,666	862,226	7,083,108	57,000	10,823,000

		,	Table 2002				
CPC	Education GG	Other Education	Health and Social Work GG	Other Health and Social Work	Sewage and refuse disposal	Activities of membership organisations n.e.c.	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	
03	0	0		0	0	0	
04	0	0		0	0	0	
11	0	0		0	0	0	
12	0	0		0	0	0	
14	0	0		0	0	0	
15	0	0		0	0	0	
16	0	0		0	0	0	
21	0	0		0	0	0	
22	0	0		0	0	0	
23	0	0		0	0	0	
235	0	0		0	0	0	
24	0	0		0	0	0	
25	0	0		0	0	0	
26	0	0		0	0	0	
27	0	0		0	0	0	
28	0	0		0	0	0	
29	0	0		0	0	0	
31	0	0		0	0	0	
32	0	0		0	0	0	
33	0	0		0	0	0	
34 35	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0		0	0	0	
36 37	0	0		0	0	0	
38	0	0		0	0	0	
39	0	0		0	0	0	
41	0	0		0	0	0	
42	0	0		0	0	0	
43	0	0		0	0	0	
44	0	0		0	0	0	
45	0	0		0	0	0	
46	0	0		0	0	0	
47	0	0		0	0	0	
48	0	0		0	0	0	
49	0	0		0	0	0	
53/54	0	0		0	23,567	0	
61	0	0		62,833	0	0	
62	0	3,607		9,914	0	16,197	
63	0	460		0	0	0	
64	0	0		0	7,275	0	
65	0	0		0	0	0	
66/67	0	0		0	0	0	
68	0	0		0	0	0	
69	0	0		0	0	0	
71	0	0		0	0	0	
72	0	1,776		1,600	0	0	
73	0	0		0	0	0	
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	
82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	57,749	0	0	3,619	482	
84	0	0	0	0	0	0	
85	0	0	0	0	319,196	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
92	3,159,000	3,075,018	0	5,474	0	0	0
93	0	0		1,690,012	0	31,549	1,984
94	0	0		0	428,345	0	
95	0	0	0	2,084	0	236,005	0
96	0	191	0	30,503	0	0	
97	0	0		52,580	0	0	
98	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0		0	0	0	
	3,159,000	3,138,800	3,265,000	1,855,000	782,002	284,232	3,377,139

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Tabl	le 8.1 (Con	ıt'd) - Supp	ly Table 2	2002				Rs 000
СРС	Other services	Other services GG	FISIM	Gross Output of all industries at basic prices	Total Economy	C.I.F/F.O.B adjustment	Import Goods	Import Services
01	0	0	0	2,089,250	0	0		
018	0	0	0	5,497,900	0	0	0	
02 03	0	0	0	2,076,639	0	0	274,624	
03	0	0	0		0	0	68,749 101,426	
11	0	0	0	,	0	0	342,984	
12	0	0	0		0	0	701	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
15	0	0	0		0	0	75,302	
16	0	0	0		0	0	753,817	
21 22	0	0	0		0	0	5,944,121 1,399,056	0
23	0	0	0	,	0	0	2,002,434	
235	0	0	0		0	0	240,037	
24	0	0	0		0	0	426,225	
25	0	0	0	,	0	0	111,475	
26	0	0	0		0	0	8,737,083	
27 28	0	0	0		0	0	1,087,617 1,554,723	
29	0	0	0	358,441	0	0	431,801	0
31	0	0	0		0	0	734,200	
32	0	0	0		0	0	1,784,282	
33	0	0	0		0	0	6,285,437	
34	0	0	0	,	0	0	2,194,287	
35 36	0	0	0		0	0	2,744,646 1,614,624	
37	0	0	0		0	0	1,916,492	
38	0	0	0		0	0	2,585,645	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	47,991	0
41	0	0	0	,	0	0	1,862,872	
42	0	0	0		0	0	1,681,132	
43 44	0	0	0	,	0	0	2,307,872 3,584,858	
45	0	0	0		0	0	1,222,470	
46	0	0	0		0	0	1,453,224	
47	0	0	0	67,701	0	0	1,669,546	0
48	0	0	0	534,814	0	0	1,523,625	
49	0	0	0	,	0	0	3,479,173	
53/54 61	0 1,612	0	0		0	0	0	
62	0	0	0		0	0	0	
63	0	0	0		0	0	0	
64	0	0	0		0	0	0	
65	0	0	0		0	-4,325,000	0	
66/67	0	0	0	,- ,	0	0	0	, ,
68 69	0	0	0		0	0	0	
71	0	0	0		0	-61,061	0	
72	0	0	0		0	-01,001	0	
73	0	0	0		0	0	0	
81	0	0	0		0	0	0	
82	0	0	0		0	0	0	
83 84	7,712	0	0		0	0	0	
84 85	0	0	0	6,507,579 983,553	0	0	0	
87	0	0	0	7,031,631	0	0	0	
91	0	0	0		0	0	0	
92	5,336	0	0	6,248,679	0	0	0	
93	4,286	0	0		0	0	0	
94	0	53,000	0		0	0	0	
95 96	0	0	0		0	0	0	
96	222,887	0	0		0	0	0	
98	700,293	0	0		0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	4,386,061	-4,386,061	0
	0	0	0		0	0	0	
	042.426	<u>0</u>	0		0	0 0	0	
	942,126	53,000	0	241,766,341	0	0	60,222,001	23,742,000

CPC	Central Product (CPC) Classification Description						
01	Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening	5,170,27					
018	Sugar Cane	5,497,900					
	Live animals and animal products	2,498,500					
03 04	Forestry and logging products	116,450 868,07					
	Fish and other fishing products Coal and lignite; peat	528,57					
	Crude petroleum and natural gas	92					
	Metal ores	7					
	Stone, sand and clay	1,498,42					
16	Other minerals	1,090,08					
	Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats	14,778,32					
22	Dairy products	2,867,29					
23	Grain mill products, starches and starch products; other food products	5,952,80					
235	Sugar	8,620,24					
24 25	Beverages Tobacco products	4,932,57 1,103,47					
26	Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	16,499,99					
27	Textile articles other than apparel	1,877,42					
28	Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	31,520,29					
29	Leather and leather products; footwear	1,123,16					
31	Products of wood, cork, straw and plaiting materials	1,752,64					
32	Pulp, paper and paper products; printed matter and related articles	5,500,73					
	Coke oven products; refined petroleum products; nuclear fuel	10,108,60					
34	Basic chemicals	4,244,13					
35	Other chemical products; man-made fibres	6,399,35					
36 37	Rubber and plastics products	3,942,06					
38	Glass and glass products and other non-metallic products n.e.c. Furniture; other transportable goods n.e.c.	4,162,37 7,290,39					
39	Wastes or scraps	70,44					
41	Rasic metals	3,681,61					
42	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	4,824,23					
43	General purpose machinery	3,679,73					
44	Special purpose machinery	5,488,73					
45	Office, accounting and computing machinery	1,870,95					
46	Electrical machinery and apparatus	2,748,81					
47	Radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus	2,769,24					
48 49	Medical appliances, precision and optical instruments, watches and clocks Transport equipment	2,983,91 7,302,92					
53	Constructions	19,224,75					
	Wholesale trade services	10,221,70					
	Retail trade services						
63	Lodging; food and beverage serving services	15,742,67					
	Land transport services	4,669,73					
	Water transport services	459,63					
36/67	Air Transport and Supporting and auxiliary transport activities	22,839,42					
68	Postal and courier services	660,09					
69 71	Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	6,796,70 15,048,15					
72	Real estate services	8,076,23					
73	Leasing or rental services without operator	1,771,67					
81	Research and development services	324,87					
82	Professional, scientific and technical services	714,60					
83	Other professional, scientific and technical services	11,241,21					
	Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	7,566,57					
85	Support services	983,55					
87	Maintenance and repair services	7,031,63					
91 92	Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	10,823,00					
92	Education services Health and social services	6,248,67 4,993,42					
94	Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	4,993,42					
95	Services of membership organizations	238,08					
96	Recreational, cultural and sporting services	4,380,09					
97	Other services	277,16					
98	Domestic services	700,29					
99	C.I.F/F.O.B adjustment						
	Direct purchases abroad by residents	6,114,00					
101	Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	242 700 74					
102 103	Total Gross Value Added/GDP	342,789,74					
103	Total Gross Value Added/GDP CE						
105	Taxes less subsidies on production and imports						
106	Taxes on products						
107	Subsidies on products						
108	Other taxes less subsidies on production						
109	Gross operating surplus	I					

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

Rs 000

27	CPC	Sugar Cane	Foodcrops	Fishing	Other Agriculture	Other Agriculture GG	Mining and quarrying	Sugar Milling	Manufacture of Textile-EPZ	Manufacture of Wearing Apparel- EPZ
020									-	
03										
04										
12										
14		-								-
15										
16										
22										
235										
225		-								-
24										
25										
27										
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108 0 7,300 14,900 9,200 0 0 0 22,804 22,6										
<u> 103 </u>	109	2,296,600	1,346,100	197,100	894,466	70,335	58,000			

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

011 5,504 1,115,603 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759 49,126	2,395 0 0 0 0 544 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0
02	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 0 544 0 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0
03	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 0 544 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0
11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15 2,774 47 0 0 0 0 0 0 21 100,703 944,831 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 22 2,030 194,776 0	0 0 0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 544 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0
12	0 0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	544 0 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0 0
144 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0 0
15 2,774 47 0 0 0 0 0 16 0 12,029 0 0 0 0 0 21 100,703 944,831 0 0 0 0 0 23 8,839 2,219,220 0 0 0 0 0 235 12,436 133,409 0 0 0 0 0 24 5,875 416,396 0 0 0 0 0 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 26 9,803 0 151,053 552,224 5,995 975 3,332 27 28,012 0 102,479 56,359 0 0 0 0 28 6,598 0 813 22,754 0 0 0 0 31 80,888 102,476 0 28 0 197,556 <td>0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759</td> <td>0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0 0</td>	0 0 13,276 0 0 0 0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 444 3,233 0 0 889 0 0 0
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235	0 0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	889 0 0 0
25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 26 9,803 0 151,053 552,224 5,995 975 3,332 27 28,012 0 102,479 56,359 0 0 0 28 6,598 0 813 22,754 0 0 0 29 40,666 0 0 0 70,319 58 0 31 80,888 102,476 0 28 0 197,556 0 32 95,613 55,908 34,086 2,850 1,210 811 232,633 33 54,100 171,338 6,049 6,637 2,043 1,413 11,554 34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 </td <td>0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759</td> <td>0 0 0</td>	0 1,996 1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0 0 0
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27 28,012 0 102,479 56,359 0 0 0 28 6,598 0 813 22,754 0 0 0 31 80,888 102,476 0 28 0 197,556 0 32 95,613 55,908 34,086 2,850 1,210 811 232,633 33 54,100 171,338 6,049 6,637 2,043 1,413 11,554 34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 35 35,847 3,887 12,200 2,673 13,383 3,305 11,058 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725	1,972 0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	0
28 6,598 0 813 22,754 0 <	0 0 526 611,851 14,802 2,759	-
31 80,888 102,476 0 28 0 197,556 0 32 95,613 55,908 34,086 2,850 1,210 811 232,633 33 54,100 171,338 6,049 6,637 2,043 1,413 11,554 34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 35 35,847 3,887 12,200 2,673 13,383 3,305 11,058 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0	526 611,851 14,802 2,759	
32 95,613 55,908 34,086 2,850 1,210 811 232,633 33 54,100 171,338 6,049 6,637 2,043 1,413 11,554 34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 35 35,847 3,887 12,200 2,673 13,383 3,305 11,058 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0	611,851 14,802 2,759	0
33 54,100 171,338 6,049 6,637 2,043 1,413 11,554 34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 35 35,847 3,887 12,200 2,673 13,383 3,305 11,058 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725 0 0 248 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 422,95 754 0 648 <td>14,802 2,759</td> <td>0 79,212</td>	14,802 2,759	0 79,212
34 295,522 252,718 0 11,161 16,096 0 0 35 35,847 3,887 12,200 2,673 13,383 3,305 11,058 36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725 0 0 248 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 0 45 0 0 0	2,759	79,212 42,423
36 148,854 378,988 1,643 3,806 263 63 4,802 37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725 0 0 248 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 46 58,831 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 47 22,806 0 0 0 0 0 0	40 126	1,152,310
37 26,824 2,075 0 32 0 1,084 0 38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725 0 0 248 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 46 58,831 0 0 0 0 0 0 47 22,806 0 0 0 0 0 0 49 464		271,152
38 55,675 2,184 384 24,746 759 0 0 39 6,819 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 165,547 22,977 3,725 0 0 248 0 42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 47 22,806 0 <	2,300 0	17,248 696
39 6,819 0 <td>6,340</td> <td>090</td>	6,340	090
42 402,205 705 1,985 1,936 38 3,838 479 43 5,048 0 0 0 0 0 0 44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 46 58,831 0 0 0 0 677 0 47 22,806 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 48 61,977 5,917 0 0 0 0 0 0 49 464 58 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 53 0 <t< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td></t<>	0	0
43 5,048 0 <td>0</td> <td>5,053</td>	0	5,053
44 429 754 0 648 108 0 0 45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 46 58,831 0 0 0 0 677 0 47 22,806 0 0 0 0 0 0 48 61,977 5,917 0 0 0 0 0 49 464 58 0 0 0 0 0 53 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 61 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 62 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 63 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 64 23,522 35,054 4,051 9,200 22 1,173 197 65 0 0 0 <	364 0	0
45 0	0	0
47 22,806 0 </td <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	0	0
48 61,977 5,917 0 0 0 0 0 49 464 58 0 0 0 0 0 0 53 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 61 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 62 0	0	0
49 464 58 0 0 0 0 0 0 53 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 61 0 </td <td>1,306 609</td> <td>0</td>	1,306 609	0
61 0	3,573	0
62 0	0	0
63 0	0 0	0
64 23,522 35,054 4,051 9,200 22 1,173 197 65 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 66/67 122,272 262,672 18,968 23,096 6,289 4,677 6,302 68 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 69 58,292 214,098 8,007 22,654 2,659 3,133 11,720 71 73,216 56,194 11,515 37,912 3,523 13,091 6,650	0	0
66/67 122,272 262,672 18,968 23,096 6,289 4,677 6,302 68 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 69 58,292 214,098 8,007 22,654 2,659 3,133 11,720 71 73,216 56,194 11,515 37,912 3,523 13,091 6,650	9,209	4,494
68 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 69 58,292 214,098 8,007 22,654 2,659 3,133 11,720 71 73,216 56,194 11,515 37,912 3,523 13,091 6,650	0	0
69 58,292 214,098 8,007 22,654 2,659 3,133 11,720 71 73,216 56,194 11,515 37,912 3,523 13,091 6,650	46,285 0	72,447
71 73,216 56,194 11,515 37,912 3,523 13,091 6,650	23,967	61,411
	12,987	21,765
72 25,111 16,697 3,962 13,921 921 1,192 2,652	4,751	6,772
73 25,465 12,985 0 252 0 0 0 0 81 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,874 0	422 0
82 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
83 57,412 171,532 9,300 13,293 1,234 1,239 4,810	30,095	51,338
84 21,183 27,482 6,904 12,802 976 1,544 829 85 11,808 25,240 1,334 1,985 145 702 858	15,756 3,776	9,221 6,199
85 11,808 25,240 1,334 1,985 145 702 858 87 59,484 106,606 7,040 14,430 2,412 1,382 1,834	3,776 53,542	23,006
91 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
92 4,395 10,725 157 784 357 0 0	1,510	823
93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 94 11,641 15,414 344 339 290 26 106	0 137	0 549
94 11,041 15,414 344 559 290 26 106 95 0 0 0 0 0	0	549 0
96 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
97 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
98 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	0
100 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
101 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
102 3,505,820 7,887,814 386,000 836,524 129,041 248,603 299,817	915,688	1,834,046
103 1,729,154 4,567,097 235,716 751,732 73,586 141,614 316,260 1 104 827,082 1,241,049 133,033 297,274 46,569 50,815 74,147	1,112,665 456,841	1,158,520 317,051
105 4,446 37,559 646 4,605 557 575 693	1,690	2,557
106 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0
107 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 100 100 100		0
108 4,446 37,559 646 4,605 557 575 693 109 897,626 3,288,489 102,038 449,853 26,459 90,225 241,420	0 1,690	2,557 838,912

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

СРС	Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	Manufacture of Non-metallic mineral products	Manufacture of basic metals	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and	Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Manufacture of furniture	Other manufacturing	Other manufacturing GG
01	0	0	0	0	0	,	79,905	0
018 02	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
03	0	83	0	0	0		Ö	
04	0	0	0	0	0		0	
11 12	0	0	0	0	0			0
14	0	0	126,284	0	0			
15	0	976,669	0	0	0			0
16	0	510	0	0	0		0	
21 22	0	118 0	0	0	0			0
23	0	0	0	0	0			
235	0	0	0	0	0			
24 25	0	0	0	0	0		0	
26	203	0	0	0	0		0	
27	554	0	0	0	0		0	0
28	4,160	0	0	315	0			
29 31	0	0 53	0	0 2,869	0		0 82	
32	4,516	4,234	567	6,946	1,142		2,213	
33	6,940	26,138	24,424	27,435	3,700	13,864	7,838	0
34	145,545	2,661	0	214	0	,	14	
35 36	8,275 118,826	1,046 0	0	7,686 1,473	0	,	232 129,816	0
37	46,239	186,714	0	34,715	0	,	3,292	
38	250	0	0	126	0	,	0	
39 41	0	0 694	0 460,898	0 352,604	0		2,581 110,622	0
42	13,751	931	3,133	661,037	3,358	,	37	0
43	0	0	0	1,421	29,352			0
44	0	0	0	122	126,740		0	
45 46	0	0 205	0	0 15,244	0			0
47	0	0	0	15,244	0		161,001	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	43,329	0
49	0	0	0	786	0		,	0
53 61	0	0	0	0	0		0	
62	0	0	0	0	0			
63	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
64 65	3,119 0	3,405 0	0	10,167 0	1	,		163 0
66/67	20,746	149,220	7,793	47,933	5,719		54,133	
68	0	0	0	0	0		0	15
69	28,777	87,151	14,841	28,250	3,027	,	14,361	1,748
71 72	16,538 5,832	7,502 2,055	288 0	27,725 7,292	3,570 435		29,863 8,976	183 81
73	288	6,894	0	42	355	,	36	
81	0	0	0	0	0			
82 83	0 9,870	0 111,388	0 4,927	0 16,959	0 3,253		0 23,829	-
84	3,454	7,147	1,190	14,046	2,756			
85	5,153	3,878	2,498	1,963	1,658	1,946	13,493	199
87	27,299	15,196	1,647	202,239	9,284		15,035	
91 92	0 1,170	0 1,537	0 172	0 10	0 868		0 3,703	
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
94	190	869	0	110	5	935	484	0
95 96	0	0	0	0	0			
97	0	0	0	0	0			0
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	0	0	0	0	0			0
100 101	0	0	0	0	0			
102	471,695	1,596,297	648,664	1,469,728	195,223	1,512,988	1,093,200	24,672
103	387,013	1,012,436	300,071	919,606	268,413			
104 105	164,228 1,126	446,892 9,101	62,703 699	352,781 3,498	91,283 736		217,718 2,106	
105	1,126	9,101	0	3,496	730			
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
108	1,126	9,101	699	3,498	736			
109	221,659	556,443	236,668	563,328	176,393	705,648	645,645	0

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

				1	Wholoodo		1		
CPC	Electricity	Water	Construction	Construction GG	Wholesale and retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Land Transport	Water Transport	Air Transport
01	2,059	0	47	0	16,696	1,044,970	0	0	0
018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
02	0	0	0	0	0	7,789	0	0	
03 04	0	0	0	0	0 282	97 440,807	0	0	
11	0	0	0	0	0	440,807	0	0	
12	0	0	0	0	656	44	0	0	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	11,816	2,644,220	0	359	0	0	0	
16	0	0	0	0	308	1,713	0	0	
21 22	0	0	0	0	26,867 0	288,208 2,406	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	7,161	99,511	0	10.959	
235	0	0	0	0	95	53	0	0	
24	0	0	0	0	380	486,836	0	0	-
25	0	0	0	0	0	8,958	0	0	
26 27	0	0	0	0	1,811 2,264	0 65,986	421 0	0	
28	0	0	0	8,673	2,264 1,259	856	4,465	0	
29	0	0	0	0,070	2,968	0	0	0	
31	0	0	182,566	0	3,878	0	0	0	0
32	1,233	2,300	31,619	1,071	203,925	59,945	7,073	581	
33	1,408,505	6,902	751,465	0	262,873	141,902	1,246,083	102,600	
34 35	12,586 0	0	0 25.857	0	2,746 75.134	49 94,732	9,557	0	
36	0	0	671	0	92,631	15,750	234,846	0	
37	0	0	2,431,199	0	1,312	111	0	0	,
38	0	2,257	0	0	4,012	22,339	57	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	0	-
41	97,864	0 541	2,574,874 109,273	0	76,893	575	0	0	
42 43	1,570 97,386	20,489	109,273	0	14,719 236	268,136 0	0	0	
44	0	20,403	0	0	943	0	0	0	-
45	0	0	0	0	40,034	1,490	5,473	69	
46	118,999	0	131,701	0	11,037	16	0	0	
47	0	0	0	0	7,443	0	0	0	, -
48 49	0	0	0	405 0	412 58,599	695 3,402	0 246,617	0 45,934	
53	0	0	0	0	36,399	3,402	240,017	45,954	
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- ,
64 65	31,435 0	2,904 0	502,532 0	1,426 0	226,193 0	130,325 0	55,579 0	7,559 0	
66/67	76,386	15,064	190,222	390	1,276,172	617,108	28,432	65.741	
68	0	0	0	3	0	15	0	0	,
69	1,530,364	88,192	82,353	1,915	409,788	657,059	12,071	199	13,565
71	24,112	948	126,337	5,551	695,612	459,163	2,612	26,717	
72	8,714	420	21,417	2,463	261,087	186,358	998	11,547	
73 81	2,041 0	0	572,293 0	0	7,654 0	38,281 55	9,676 0	0	
82	0	0	496,218	0	0		0	0	
83	60,244	11,318	96,737	314	645,156	473,838	10,913	52,276	340,242
84	1,943	2,692	118,359	1,908	272,288	107,296	37,031	3,106	345,495
85	721	23,555	41,007	5,841	80,011	94,313	16,677	143	
87 91	88,053 0	25,578 0	219,566 0	14,551 0	373,910 0	258,714 0	135,566 0	6,734 0	
92	3,681	924	7,283	501	27,666	19,105	1,523	725	
93	0	0	0	0	27,000	19,103	0	0	
94	604	0	170	0	11,530	203,048	1,116	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
97 98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
100	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	
101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
102	3,568,500	215,900	11,357,986	45,014	5,205,000	6,302,100	2,066,785	334,889	
103 104	2,377,900 442,000	634,400	6,794,014	373,986 373,000	14,727,999	8,923,000	3,540,475	167,870	
104	442,000 800	206,000 200	3,172,000 18,000	373,000 0	4,418,000 189,500	2,530,000 136,600	1,390,143 42,149	54,300 2,500	
106	0	0	0,000	0	0	0	42,149	2,300	
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
108	800	200	18,000	0	189,500	136,600	42,149	2,500	
109	1,935,100	428,200	3,604,014	986	10,120,499	6,256,400	2,108,183	111,070	1,776,330

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

СРС	Supporting and auxiliary transport activities	Air Transport and Supporting and auxiliary transport activities	Post and telecommunications	Other transport GG	Insurance	Other financial intermediation	Owner Occupied Dwelling	Other real estate
01 018	246 0	246 0	0		0	0	0	
018	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
04 11	132 0	132 0	0		0	0	0	0 0
12	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
15 16	0	0	0		0	0	0	0 0
21	757	757	0		0	0	0	0
22	79	79	0		0	0	0	0
23 235	11,257 0	34,137 0	0		121 0	0	0	0 0
24	546	546	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 26	0 7	0 7	0		0	0	0	0 0
27	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
28	526	5,851	0	,	0	0	0	126
29 31	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
32	41,795	69,693	24,654	10,925	190,511	101,455	0	8,326
33	91,200	4,016,583	19,932		33,928	12,380	0	11,354
34 35	0 98	0 10,294	0		0 560	0	0	14 5
36	283	57,179	0	0	0	0	0	1,936
37 38	0 3,913	0 10,296	0 2,178	0	0	0	0	0 27
39	0,913	0	2,178		0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
42 43	0	0	0		0	0	0	315 0
44	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
45	6,298	19,082	176	0	0	61	0	1,848
46 47	0	0 185,748	0 174,103		0	0	0	214 5,826
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49 53	25,588 0	244,297 0	697 0	0	7,258 0	0	0 830,000	987 0
61	0	0	0		0	0	030,000	0
62	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
63 64	35,551 57,729	73,480 57,729	0 13,807	0 220	0 3,971	2,028 2,255	0	0 3,192
65	24,225	50,071	0	0	0	0	0	0
66/67 68	560,344 0	1,239,101 0	633,270	3,300 57	414,723	485,832	0	57,171
69	84,129	97,694	0 166,012		1,504 119,678	168 95,590	0	12,235
71	79,138	505,982	36,691	1,182	224,144	104,759	0	22,522
72 73	30,842 24,082	220,201 900,082	9,193 49,856	524 0	68,854 221	33,230 10,591	0	8,699 0
81	24,002	0	0		0	0,551	0	
82	0	0	0		4,049	0	0	0
83 84	247,187 79,264	587,429 424,758	405,763 371,504	2,659 3,195	271,118 155,860	376,007 135,244	0	
85	33,721	33,721	24,063	6	57,551	133,309	0	6,691
87 91	90,616 0	1,471,314 0	105,690 0		101,421 0	194,765 0	0	18,724 0
91	16,519	109,973	9,635	516	55,774	20,181	0	55
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
94 95	657 0	657 0	0		5,878 553	2,399 67	0	168 0
96	0	0	0	0	0	118	0	0
97	0	0	0		4,029	562	0	0 0
98 99	0	0	0		293 0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
101 102	0 1,546,729	0 10,427,120	2,047,223	74,283	1,722,000	1,711,000	830,000	0 214,727
102	3,854,699	7,766,613	5,235,324		3,251,000	8,368,000	5,836,000	
104	1,641,930	3,634,292	1,224,465	136,000	608,000	1,938,000	0	167,623
105 106	47,705 0	190,928 0	98,122 0		6,100 0	11,800 0	224,000 0	8,513 0
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
108	47,705	190,928	98,122		6,100	11,800	224,000	8,513
109	2,165,064	3,941,394	3,912,737	97,717	2,636,900	6,418,200	5,612,000	433,803

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

СРС	Computer and related activities	Other business activities	Other business activities GG	Public Administration and Defence	Education GG	Other Education		Other Health and Social Work
01 018	0	11 0	0	0	0			
02	0	6	0	0	0			0
03	0	0	0	0	0			0
04 11	0	0	0	0	0			0 0
12	0	0	0	0	0			0
14	0	24	0	0	0			0
15 16	0	0	0	0	0			0 0
21	0	0	0	0	0	170		3
22	0	35	0	0	0			0
23 235	94	195 52	0	41,645 0	0			459 0
24	0	143	0	0	0	470		2,791
25	0	0	0	0	0			0
26 27	0	11 0	0	0	0			1,989 293
28	1	468	15	102,415	9,663	153	37,804	383
29 31	0	0 340	0	0	0			1 210
32	18,122	320,558	5,064	326,239	13,579	72,279		1,210 28,029
33	6,480	110,919	0	0	0	3,484	0	7,460
34 35	0	10,930 3,512	0	0	0	,		1,455 100,586
36	0	2,588	0	0	0			233
37	0	15,532	0	0	0			55
38 39	203 0	4,314 0	0	15,714 0	0			1,100 0
41	0	885	0	0	0			230
42	0	4,443	0	0	0			1,310
43 44	0	0	0	0 12,634	0			0
45	30,221	8,532	0	12,034	0		0	19
46	0	371	0	0	0			,
47 48	0	100 9,908	0	0 19,036	0			647 30,602
49	0	1,599	0	0	0			0
53	0	0	0	0	0			0
61 62	0	0	0	0	0			0
63	0	0	0	85,105	0			26,251
64	886	38,093	124	28,162	7,959			4,061
65 66/67	0 109,917	0 670,107	0 130	0 53,375	0 178			22,393
68	0	0	1	2,595	0			0
69	16,296	79,607	0	148,863	27,442			31,306
71 72	32,412 11,272	202,155 52,660	0	416,266 112,239	13,769 2,531	76,357 32,466		29,279 12,276
73	3,088	20,292	0	0	0			0
81	0	0	0	12.007	0			0
82 83	0 84,329	0 443,040	0 105	13,007 39,198	0 143		-	0 11,511
84	35,230	148,910	143	127,689	32,208	21,908	11,353	17,345
85 97	15,817	26,136	1 124	195,753	6,488			1,756 25,254
87 91	10,036 0	131,216 0	1,134 0	704,790 0	160,647 0			25,254 0
92	11,376	39,338	1,407	68,682	18,253	2,054	7,959	9,962
93 94	0	0 341	0	0 115,665	0			0 900
94 95	0	0	0	0	0			900
96	0	0	0	54,373	0	0	0	0
97 98	0	0	0	0	0		,	0 0
99	0	0	0	0	0			-
100	0	0	0	0	0			
101 102	385,780	2,347,370	8,123	2,683,443	0 292,861	0 401,939		0 372,461
103	476,447	4,735,738	48,877	8,139,557	2,866,139			1,482,540
104	227,435	1,888,943	48,877	6,742,000	2,562,000			290,000
105 106	2,239 0	36,548 0	0	0	0			0
107	0	0	0	0	0			o o
108	2,239	36,548	0	0	0			
109	246,773	2,810,247	0	1,397,557	304,139	1,280,861	123,461	1,192,540

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

СРС	Sewage and refuse disposal	Activities of membership organisations n.e.c.	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	Other services	Other services GG	FISIM	Total Intermediate consumption of all industries at purchasers' prices
01	0	0	-,	0	0		3,360,364
018	0	0		0	0	0	
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	
03 04	0	0		0	0	0	
11	0	0	550	0	0	0	550
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15	24,931	0	0	0	0	0	3,709,086
16	0	0 84	0 5 410	0	0	0	-,
21 22	0	04	5,410 461	0 225	0	0	1,427,632 201,581
23	0	559	1,155	32	0	0	
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	251	7,497	73	0	0	921,517
25	0	0	562	0	0	0	
26 27	0	0	49 32	200 1,097	0	0	14,067,009 2,205,759
28	1,677	0	0	1,097	656	0	
29	1,677	0	104	17	0	0	120,573
31	2,684	0	0	0	0	0	1,260,026
32	2,812	9,078	24,953	5,437	947	0	, ,
33 34	24,237 0	3,842 0	11,005 5	17,456 304	0	0	9,589,566 3,929,472
35	15.905	379	4,777	88,519	0	0	3,929,472 1,477,265
36	0	0	187	784	0	0	1,267,278
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,769,358
38	4,240	569	4,345	1,770	0	0	273,684
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,184
41 42	0 1,878	0 13	675 29	0 3,070	0	0	4,060,336 1,582,541
43	1,678	0	55	0,070	0	0	154,406
44	0	104	0	0	0	0	
45	38	220	963	258	0	0	112,050
46	0	4	1,202	478	0	0	426,598
47	0	0	99,543	0	0	0	,
48 49	0	0	0 820	0	0	0	235,575 1,087,841
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	0	1,760	718	0	0	0	. , .
64 65	430 0	2,070 0	37,130 0	636 0	203 0	0	2,711,141 50,071
66/67	15,513	15,771	136,235	10,771	626	0	8,563,366
68	0	0	0	0	1	0	4,403
69	5,362	5,108	56,493	43,841	676	0	5,100,629
71	7,138	12,794	67,721	22,992	3,925	6,712,000	10,628,480
72	1,560	5,576	29,453	10,010	1,720	0	1,343,584
73 81	4,198 0	707 0	3,902 0	48 0	0	0	1,683,673 7,759
82	0	0	0	0	0	0	
83	11,559	10,046	92,948	6,047	504	0	,
84	3,652	3,967	22,535	8,376	649	0	2,390,544
85	6,690	173	14,172	8	1,582	0	
87 91	6,667 0	9,345 0	47,021 0	11,222 0	5,688 0	0	-,, -
91	2,647	223	7,912	72	374	0	-
93	2,047	0		0	0	0	
94	890	41	281	2,189	0	0	430,371
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	-,-
96 97	0	0		0	0	0	54,492 38,887
97 98	0	0		0	0	0	38,887 293
99	0	0		0	0	0	293
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
101	0	0		0	0	0	0
102	146,385	82,685	690,933	235,948	17,550	6,712,000	116,341,442
103 104	635,618 370,590	201,548 148,820	2,686,206 1,048,248	706,179 283,135	35,450 35,000	-6,712,000 0	125,424,899 53,145,398
105	176	661	37,836	927	0	0	1,164,300
106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
107	0	0		0	0	0	0
108	176	661 52.067	37,836	927	0	6 712 000	1,164,300 71,115,201
109	264,851	52,067	1,600,122	422,117	450	-6,712,000	71,115,201

Table 8.2 (Cont'd) - Use Table, 2002

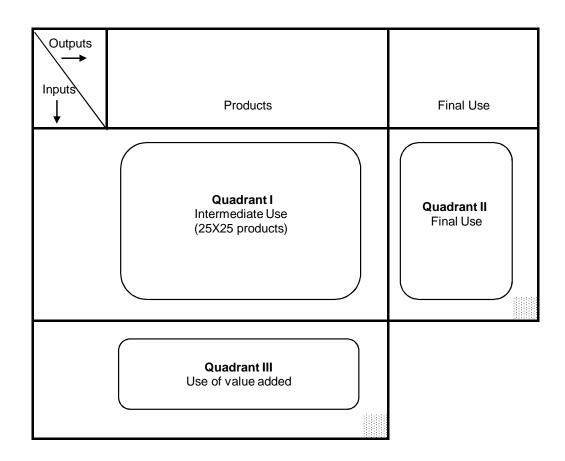
СРС	Total Economy	Export goods	Export services	GDFCF	Final consumption General Government	Final consumption Household	Changes in Inventories
01	0	219,715	0	0	0	4,691,160	-3,100,963
018	0	0	0	0	0		C
02	0	324,581	0	0	0		827,346
03	0	6,705	0	0	0		46,863
04 11	0	16,424 0	0	0	0		-1,437,074
12	0	12	0	0	0		528,022 -337
14	0	0	0	0	0		-126,229
15	0	3,067	0	0	0		-2,213,72
16	0	32,320	0	0	0	62,742	974,95
21	0	4,182,689	0	0	0		2,797,18
22	0	74,236	0	0	0		235,05
23	0	488,384	0	0	0	, ,	-1,702,00
235 24	0	8,944,544 141,851	0	0	0		-586,109 537,520
25	0	17,958	0	0	0		-2,146,41
26	0	1,538,899	0	0	0	, ,	361,283
27	0	298,523	0	0	0		-967,66
28	0	27,853,467	0	0	0		-934,42
29	0	264,739	0	0	0		-292,66
31	0	58,754	0	0	0		-269,903
32	0	308,477	0	0	0	, ,	771,043
33	0	2,239,505	0	0	0	, ,	-4,851,007
34 35	0	343,255	0	0	0		-31,979 1,089,000
36	0	260,006 244,839	0	0	0		1,805,654
37	0	205,843	0	0	0	,	899,64
38	0	2,546,777	0	0	0		2,880,513
39	0	185,349	0	0	0		-128,29
41	0	100,574	0	0	0	16,783	-496,080
42	0	263,341	0	179,400	0	,	2,583,149
43	0	309,600	0	2,105,900	0	,	1,064,459
44	0	414,550	0	2,372,100	0	,	1,620,487
45 46	0	42,096 230,796	0	1,282,900	0	,	76,136
46	0	440,580	0	881,200 1,324,200	0		1,125,58 ² -519,33
48	0	801,428	0	1,240,000	0	,	541,049
49	0	489,115	0	3,289,000	0		-507,173
53	0	0	185,000	18,034,450	175,300		
61	0	0	0	0	0		(
62	0	0	0	0	0		(
63	0	0	0	0	0	, ,	(
64 65	0	0	0 409,563	0	0	, ,	(
66/67	0	0	7,821,437	0	405,700		(
68	0	0	23,000	0	0		Č
69	0	0	0	0	0	,	(
71	0	0	648,000	0	0		(
72	0	0	0	0	0	6,732,652	(
73	0	0	88,000	0	0		(
81	0	0	0	0	0		(
82	0	0	0	365 550	0		(
83 84	0	0	5,851,000 903,000	365,550 0	0		(
85	0	0	903,000	0	0		(
87	0	0	0	0	0	,	,
91	0	0	0	0	10,823,000	0	
92	0	0	0	0	4,930,800	838,167	
93	0	0	0	0	3,143,800	1,845,927	
94	0	0	0	0	0		
95	0	0	151 000	0	376 400		
96 97	0	0	151,000 0	0	376,400		
98	0	0	0	0	0		
99	0	0	0	0	0		
100	0	0	0	0	0		
101	0	0	18,328,000	0	0	, ,	
102	0	53,893,000	34,408,000	31,074,700	19,855,000		453,600
103	142,484,300						
104	53,145,398						
105	18,223,700 18,075,500						
106	10,070,300						

104 53,145,398 105 18,223,700 106 18,075,500 107 -1,016,100 108 1,164,300 109 71,115,201

CHAPTER 9

INPUT - OUTPUT TABLE

The Mauritian Economy - 2002



Input-Output Table for the Mauritian Economy - 2002

Introduction

The Input Output (I/O) Table gives the picture of input composition and output distribution of each product. On the assumption of stable or linear technical correlation between input and output, the table serves as an effective analytical tool for the study of economic repercussion. For instance, it illustrates the ultimate effect (direct and indirect) of a unit increase in domestic demand for a certain good on product output or value added

2 Main Tables

The following three main tables have been produced namely:

Table 9.1- The product by product I/O Table

Table 9.2- The Table of Coefficients and

Table 9.3- The Inverted Matrix.

3 The Mauritian Input - Output Table (Table 9.1)

The Input-Output table contains three quadrants which describe the supply and use of products of the entire economy:

- (a) The upper-left part, quadrant I represents the intermediate use and also gives the name to the table, as it is shown in the form of product-by-product. This quadrant shows how much of each product (shown in rows) is used as intermediate consumption for the manufacture of a product (shown in columns).
- (b) The upper-right, quadrant II shows data on final use, that is how the total supply (imports and local production) meets final use (exports, final consumption or Gross Fixed Capital Formation). Imports is shown as negative elements by products (at c.i.f. prices and with a c.i.f./f.o.b. adjustment item to arrive at imports f.o.b.). Thus, the grand total for each row and column gives the product output.
- (c) The lower-left part, quadrant III shows the use of value added namely compensation of employees, taxes on production and imports and gross operating surplus.

3.2 The Table of Coefficients (Table 9.2)

Table 9.2 shows input or technical coefficients derived from the input output table. It represents the inter-relationship among the different products. The cells of the coefficient table are obtained by dividing each cell of quadrants I and III of Table 9.1 by the total of the column in which the item appears.

3.3 The inverted matrix (Table 9.3)

Table 9.2, the table of technical coefficients is of limited use because it shows only the **first round effects** of a change in the output of one industry only, that is the direct effect. The inverted matrix enables the calculation of the combined direct and indirect effects.

The inverted matrix is obtained by inverting the matrix which is obtained after subtracting the matrix A from the identity matrix where the matrix A is the 26 X 26 matrix of coefficients of Quadrant I. The inverted matrix (I-A)⁻¹ enables the measurement of the **full impact** of any change.

4 Methodology

4.1 Concept

Data have been compiled in accordance with the concepts and definitions recommended in the United Nations Manual: A System of National Accounts SNA 1993. The classification by products is based on the Central Product Classification Ver. 1.0.

4.3 Valuation

All inputs are valued at purchasers' prices and outputs at basic prices.

5 Data sources

5.1 2002 Census of Economic Activities

Detailed data required for the construction of the 2002 I/O table were collected through the 2002 Census of Economic Activities.

5.2 2001/2002 Household Budget Survey

Data from the 01/02 Household Budget Survey (HBS), adjusted for under reporting and difference in concepts, provided estimates for final consumption of Households.

5.4 Balance of Payments

The 2002 Balance of Payments prepared by the Bank of Mauritius provided details on imports and exports of services.

Table 9.1 - Input-output symmetric table, basic prices - product by product, 2002

Rs 000 Central Product Classification (CPC) 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 Description Products of agriculture, horticulture and 402,331 475,473 0 0 1 market gardening, forestry and logging 98,452 0 0 products 2 Sugar Cane 0 0 0 0 5,497,900 0 3 Live animals and animal products 23.063 0 12.947 0 0 683.879 0 0 4 Fish and other fishing products 0 0 0 0 2,880 0 0 5 Ores and Minerals 0 6,721 2,243 0 6,243 7,083 0 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats. 19.810 0 6 grain mill products, starches and starch 0 0 0 1.554.937 0 products and beverages 7 Sugar 0 0 0 0 0 204,021 0 0 8 Yarn and thread;woven and tufted textile fabrics 0 0 0 0 715,063 3,767,522 9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing 0 22,595 0 820 44,295 apparel 10 Other manufactured goods 37,265 136,875 2,720 0 104,049 33,861 142,468 114,730 11 Constructions and construction services 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 12 Wholesale and retail trade services 44.605 129,076 103,521 0 4,951 1,065,054 43,239 511,006 2,047,664 13 Lodging; food and beverage serving 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 services 14 Land, water, air, supporting and auxilliary 41,611 645,859 67,236 0 357 226,210 532,473 113,792 657,176 transport services 15 Electricity distribution services; gas and 0 0 12,857 0 4,511 214,098 0 260,941 447,550 water distribution services through mains Financial intermediation, insurance and 16 Auxiliary services 308,101 14,402 599 0 20 51,878 33,143 89,081 0 17 Real estate services 0 0 7,460 0 0 26,750 0 36,758 92,288 Telecommunications services; information 18 0 0 42.030 0 155 23.363 0 20,608 78,937 retrieval and supply services 19 Other business services 15,077 55,399 61,076 145,859 881 207,749 330,706 167,700 633,494 Public administration and other services to 0 0 0 0 0 20 the community as a whole; compulsory 0 0 social security services 21 Education services 0 787 0 0 10,725 0 4,726 20,426 22 Health and social services 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,805 Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation 0 0 15,414 17,459 35,374 23 and other environmental protection 0 0 services 24 Services of membership organizations 0 2.800 0 0 0 0 2,900 0 25 Recreational, cultural and sporting 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 services 26 Other services 0 0 0 0 0 0 Direct purchases in domestic market by n 0 0 0 0 Ω Ω n non-residents 151,969 502,908 562,310 67,141 7,598 2,421,465 529,569 2,152,113 9,246,549 Imports of goods and services of which fuel 5 008 33 517 36 248 n 1 190 136 406 11 066 217 558 477 336 Total uses at basic prices 412,041 1,494,040 1,323,325 213,000 18,474 7,294,188 7,010,873 4,232,534 17,494,107 541,283 Taxes on products 23,158 90,260 28,575 0 5,525 586,529 44,124 199,180 Subsidies on products -50 800 n n Total uses at purchaser' prices 384,400 1,584,300 1,351,900 213,000 24,000 7,880,717 7,054,997 4,431,714 18,035,390 Total Gross Value Added/GDP 1,704,850 3,913,600 724,739 498,788 1,481,552 4,742,240 1,270,000 1,362,378 11,090,429 Compensation of employees 189,000 1,617,000 390,000 118,000 900,000 1,348,639 485,000 817,487 6,268,738 Taxes less subsidies on production and 7,300 0 9,200 14,900 0 37,559 23,450 27,455 imports 0 0 Taxes on products 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Subsidies on products Other taxes less subsidies on production 0 0 0 23,450 27.455 7.300 9.200 14.900 37.559 Gross operating surplus 1.508.550 2.296,600 325.539 365.888 581.552 3,356,043 785,000 521,442 4.794.236 Output of products at basic prices 5,794,092 29,125,819 2,089,250 5,497,900 2,076,639 711,788 1,505,551 12,622,958 8,324,997

Table 9.1 (cont'd) - Input-output symmetric table, basic prices - product by product, 2002

Rs 000 **Central Product** 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 Classification Description Products of agriculture, horticulture and 445,102 1 market gardening, forestry and logging 73,926 20 7,111 105 877 0 0 products 2 Sugar Cane 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 Live animals and animal products 37.664 0 0 5.967 0 0 0 0 4 Fish and other fishing products 1,048,788 0 242 378,391 113 0 0 0 5 Ores and Minerals 583,824 1,367,136 684 909 0 6,109 0 0 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats. 14.943 20.151 0 6 grain mill products, starches and starch 57.493 0 379.807 0 53 products and beverages 7 Sugar 20,377 0 145 81 0 0 0 0 8 Yarn and thread;woven and tufted textile fabrics 21,988 0 1,133 18,351 119 0 0 9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing 12,109 8,738 1,268 862 12,919 0 127 apparel 10 Other manufactured goods 1,693,302 504,395 102,075 81,379 0 0 131,267 3,375 21,975 11 Constructions and construction services 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 270.124 12 Wholesale and retail trade services 1,743,622 1,190,674 147,578 372.251 892,098 235.236 41,311 4,615 38,273 13 Lodging; food and beverage serving 0 0 0 0 67,933 0 1,874 0 services Land, water, air, supporting and auxilliary 437,862 554,124 889,487 461,292 1,003,655 103,509 498,686 34,110 358,353 transport services 15 Electricity distribution services; gas and 375,775 84,268 409,788 657,059 115,294 1,618,556 215,268 12,235 166,012 water distribution services through mains Financial intermediation, insurance and 16 auxiliary services 33,872 230,368 121,759 642,186 423,897 495,288 23,134 6,560,128 20,792 17 Real estate services 103,054 537,287 242,197 202,451 1,030,129 10,072 101,746 53,216 Telecommunications services; information 18 91,826 102.248 231,486 91.231 397.995 3.940 248,903 16.344 315,834 retrieval and supply services 19 Other business services 565,971 598,664 752,632 566,263 1,616,985 143,442 779,437 41,417 366,714 Public administration and other services to 0 0 0 0 0 20 the community as a whole; compulsory 0 0 0 social security services 21 Education services 15,245 7,785 27,666 19,105 112,738 4,605 75,954 55 9,635 22 Health and social services 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation 170 11,530 203,048 23 and other environmental protection 15,340 1,773 604 8,277 168 services 24 Services of membership organizations 0 0 0 0 0 0 621 0 25 Recreational, cultural and sporting 0 0 0 0 81 0 0 services 26 Other services 0 0 0 0 4,885 0 Direct purchases in domestic market by O 0 0 n n Ω Ω n non-residents 5,188,221 4,840,765 1,568,843 1,772,783 6,006,875 1,322,909 1,501,050 620,345 639,050 Imports of goods and services of which fuel 188 422 598 259 209.279 112 971 4.271.410 1 126 838 36 867 9.039 15 868 Total uses at basic prices 12,316,755 9,918,033 5,050,994 6,080,230 11,774,171 3,472,993 10,169,542 1,031,547 2,002,935 Taxes on products 1,628,726 1,484,967 154,006 221,870 1,173,406 311,406 35,458 13,181 44,288 Subsidies on products n -44 500 -60 000 Total uses at purchaser' prices 13,945,482 11,403,000 5,205,000 6,302,100 12,903,077 3,784,400 10,145,000 1,044,727 2,047,223 Total Gross Value Added/GDP 7,839,181 3,778,725 7,213,150 14,225,350 8,252,084 11,096,197 3,012,300 3,918,214 5,085,453 Compensation of employees 3,636,255 3,545,000 4,418,000 2,530,000 5,214,735 648,000 2,546,000 167,623 1,224,465 Taxes less subsidies on production and 36,836 18,000 189,500 136,600 235,578 1,000 17,900 232,513 98,122 imports Taxes on products 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Subsidies on products Other taxes less subsidies on production 235.578 17.900 232.513 98.122 36.836 18.000 189.500 136,600 1.000 Gross operating surplus 105,634 3,650,150 9,617,850 5.585.484 5.645.885 2,363,300 1,354,314 7,439,046 3,762,865 Output of products at basic prices 7,132,676 17,724,207 18,616,150 19,430,350 14,554,184 23,999,274 6,796,700 14,063,214 8,883,909

Table 9.1 (cont'd) - Input-output symmetric table, basic prices - product by product, 2002

Rs 000 Central Product Total 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 Classification Description Industry Products of agriculture, horticulture and 0 16 1,507,776 1 market gardening, forestry and logging 84 0 0 4,274 products 2 Sugar Cane 0 0 0 0 0 0 5,497,900 3 Live animals and animal products 0 0 0 0 0 0 763.524 4 Fish and other fishing products 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,430,414 5 Ores and Minerals 12 0 170 0 12,890 0 284 1,994,308 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats. 18.086 1.413 388 46 2.074.190 6 grain mill products, starches and starch 187 770 0 6.107 products and beverages 7 Sugar 79 0 0 0 0 0 0 224,704 8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics 0 37 1,006 0 0 22 361 4,525,606 9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing 9,890 676 488 103,181 38,473 1,690 258,131 apparel 10 Other manufactured goods 155,859 148,993 39,753 228,353 3,032 3,762 18,184 21,903 3,729,576 270.124 11 Constructions and construction services 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 12 Wholesale and retail trade services 73,129 70,902 21,115 154,794 11,599 2,127 29,904 22,015 9,000,360 13 Lodging; food and beverage serving 0 78,680 2,726 24,269 0 1,627 664 177,774 services 14 Land, water, air, supporting and auxilliary 461,298 53,225 33,459 26,879 9,464 10,410 105,579 7,333,697 7,590 transport services 15 Electricity distribution services; gas and 5,100,629 95,903 148,863 66,810 83,358 5,362 5,108 56,493 44,517 water distribution services through mains Financial intermediation, insurance and 16 Auxiliary services 83,204 6,590 11,811 62,519 9,872,163 216,551 384,295 33,695 24,849 17 Real estate services 78,689 101,153 31,793 13,841 5,189 5,662 30,060 10,615 2,728,250 Telecommunications services; information 18 156,669 110,761 46.006 24,422 3.105 3.373 19,158 7,674 2,036,066 retrieval and supply services 19 Other business services 487,439 652,429 163,320 78,950 17,063 13,397 105,553 17,154 8,584,770 Public administration and other services to 0 0 0 20 the community as a whole; compulsory 0 0 0 0 social security services 21 Education services 52,121 68,682 20,307 17,922 2,647 223 7,912 446 479,712 22 Health and social services 0 0 0 3,695 0 0 0 890 Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation 342 907 890 281 2,189 430,371 23 and other environmental protection 115,665 900 services 24 Services of membership organizations 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6,321 25 Recreational, cultural and sporting 37,443 0 0 0 0 0 37,525 0 services 26 Other services 0 0 0 34,295 0 0 0 39,180 Direct purchases in domestic market by 0 0 0 0 0 Ω Ω non-residents 892,043 520,276 159,102 432,554 57,590 22,823 213,865 77,569 41,478,283 Imports of goods and services of which fuel 93 464 0 2.774 5 939 19 296 3.058 8 761 13 897 7 634 47 Total uses at basic prices 2,670,821 2,612,633 679,385 1,196,097 137,111 80,754 660,861 237,604 109,585,049 6,911,692 Taxes on products 70,452 70,810 15,415 111,903 9,274 1,931 30,072 15,894 Subsidies on products 0 n Ω -155 300 Total uses at purchaser' prices 2,741,273 2,683,443 694,800 1,308,000 146,385 82,685 690,933 253,498 116,341,441 Total Gross Value Added/GDP 125,424,899 13,116,604 8,139,557 5,553,879 3,685,422 351,280 155,404 2,489,564 723,956 Compensation of employees 2,165,254 6,742,000 4,018,000 2,496,000 145,000 148,820 1,048,248 318,135 53,145,398 Taxes less subsidies on production and 38,787 0 0 176 661 37,836 1,164,300 0 927 imports 0 0 Taxes on products 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Subsidies on products Other taxes less subsidies on production 0 0 176 661 37.836 1.164.300 38.787 0 927 Gross operating surplus 10,912,562 1,397,557 1.535.879 1,189,422 206,104 5.923 1,403,480 404.894 71,115,202 Output of products at basic prices 238,089 3,180,497 977,454 241,766,341 15,857,876 10,823,000 6,248,679 4,993,422 497,665

Table 9.1 (cont'd) - Input-output symmetric table, basic prices - product by product, 2002 Rs 000 Final consumption Central Product Final consumption **Export goods Export services GDFCF** General Classification Description Household Government Products of agriculture, horticulture and 190,376 0 0 0 1,999,012 1 market gardening, forestry and logging products 2 Sugar Cane 0 0 0 3 Live animals and animal products 320.762 0 0 0 268.070 4 Fish and other fishing products 15,175 0 0 0 534,23 5 Ores and Minerals 5,633 0 0 32,439 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats. 2.545.712 0 6.848.444 6 grain mill products, starches and starch 0 products and beverages 7 Sugar 8,944,544 0 0 0 175,674 8 Yarn and thread;woven and tufted textile fabrics 1,291,725 0 0 242,958 9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing 25,602,079 4,377,562 apparel 10 Other manufactured goods 6,320,316 979,544 2,252,237 11 Constructions and construction services 0 185.000 17.985.726 175,300 12 Wholesale and retail trade services 0 0 2,305,289 0 8,124,701 13 Lodging; food and beverage serving 0 0 0 0 14,376,411 services 14 Land, water, air, supporting and auxilliary 0 6,747,660 25,851 332,587 5,234,479 transport services 15 Electricity distribution services; gas and 1,696,071 0 0 0 0 water distribution services through mains Financial intermediation, insurance and 16 Financia auxiliary services 648,000 3,481,991 0 0 0 17 Real estate services 0 88,000 0 6,067,658 Telecommunications services; information Ω 926,000 n 0 4,170,609 retrieval and supply services 5,851,000 365,550 1,056,556 19 Other business services 0 0 Public administration and other services to 0 0 0 10,823,000 20 the community as a whole; compulsory social security services 21 Education services 0 0 0 4,930,800 838,167 22 Health and social services 0 0 0 3,143,800 1,845,927 Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation 0 0 0 67,294 23 and other environmental protection services 24 Services of membership organizations 0 0 0 0 231,768 25 Recreational, cultural and sporting 0 151,000 0 376,400 2,615,573 services 26 Other services 0 0 0 938,274 Direct purchases in domestic market by Ω 18,328,000 n 0 -18.328.000 non-residents 8,656,679 1,483,340 6,586,230 30,139,393 Imports of goods and services 73,113 of which fuel 20 666 n 2 492 296 Total uses at basic prices 53,893,000 34,408,000 28,248,189 19,855,000 79,287,503 Taxes on products 2,948,911 8,214,89 Subsidies on products -122.400 -738 400 Total uses at purchaser' prices 53,893,000 34,408,000 31,074,700 19,855,000 86,764,000 Total Gross Value Added/GDP Compensation of employees Taxes less subsidies on production and imports Taxes on products Subsidies on products Other taxes less subsidies on production Gross operating surplus Output of products at basic prices

Table 9.1 (cont'd) - Input-output symmetric table, basic prices - product by product, 2002

				1	Rs 000
Central Product Classification Description	Changes in Inventories	C.I.F/F.O.B adjustment	Output of Products	Taxes on less subsidies on products	Total Economy
Products of agriculture, horticulture and 1 market gardening, forestry and logging products	-1,607,914	0	2,089,250		2,089,250
2 Sugar Cane	0	0	5,497,900		5,497,900
3 Live animals and animal products	724,283	O	2,076,639		2,076,639
4 Fish and other fishing products	-1,268,035	O	711,788		711,788
5 Ores and Minerals	-526,829	0	1,505,551		1,505,551
Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, 6 grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	1,154,612	O	12,622,958		12,622,958
7 Sugar	-1,019,925	O	8,324,997		8,324,997
8 Yarn and thread;woven and tufted textile fabrics	-266,197	0	5,794,092		5,794,092
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	-1,111,952	0	29,125,819		29,125,819
10 Other manufactured goods	4,442,535	0	17,724,207		17,724,207
11 Constructions and construction services	0	O	18,616,150		18,616,150
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0	O	19,430,350		19,430,350
Lodging; food and beverage serving	0	0	, ,		14,554,184
services	0	·	14,334,104		14,334,104
Land, water, air, supporting and auxilliary transport services	0	4,325,000	23,999,274		23,999,274
Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0	O	6,796,700		6,796,700
Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0	61,061	14,063,214		14,063,214
17 Real estate services	0	0	8,883,909		8,883,909
18 Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0	0	7,132,676		7,132,676
19 Other business services	0	O	15,857,876		15,857,876
Public administration and other services to 20 the community as a whole; compulsory	0	0	10,823,000		10,823,000
social security services 21 Education services	0	0	6,248,679		6,248,679
22 Health and social services	0	0			4,993,422
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation 23 and other environmental protection	0	O			497,665
services 24 Services of membership organizations	0	0	238,089		238,089
Recreational, cultural and sporting			,		,
services services	0	O	3,180,497		3,180,497
26 Other services	0	0	977,454		977,454
Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	0	O	0		C
Imports of goods and services	-66,976	-4,386,061	83,964,001		83,964,001
of which fuel	-3,861,997	O	6,285,437		6,285,437
Total uses at basic prices	453,601	C	325,730,342		325,730,342
Taxes on products	0	C	18,075,500	<u> </u>	18,075,500
Subsidies on products	0	0	-1,016,100		-1,016,100
Total uses at purchaser' prices	453,601	0	342,789,742		342,789,742
Total Gross Value Added/GDP				17,059,400	142,484,300
Compensation of employees Taxes less subsidies on production and					53,145,398 18,223,700
imports Taxes on products				18,075,500	18,075,500
Subsidies on products				-1,016,100	-1,016,100
·				.,5.5,100	
Other taxes less subsidies on production Gross operating surplus					1,164,300 71,115,201
					,
Output of products at basic prices					

Table 9.2 - Table of coefficient

Central Product Classification (CPC) Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening, forestry and logging products	0.0471	0.0000	0.1937	0.0000	0.0000	0.0377	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2 Sugar Cane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6604	0.0000	0.0000
3 Live animals and animal products	0.0110	0.0000	0.0062	0.0000	0.0000	0.0542	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4 Fish and other fishing products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
5 Ores and Minerals	0.0000	0.0012	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000
6 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	0.0000	0.0000	0.0095	0.0000	0.0000	0.1232	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
7 Sugar	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0162	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1234	0.1294
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	0.0000	0.0000	0.0109	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0015
10 Other manufactured goods	0.0178	0.0249	0.0013	0.0000	0.0000	0.0082	0.0041	0.0246	0.0039
11 Constructions and construction services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0.0213	0.0235	0.0499	0.0000	0.0033	0.0844	0.0052	0.0882	0.0703
13 Lodging; food and beverage serving services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Land, water, air, supporting and auxiliary transport services	0.0199	0.1175	0.0324	0.0000	0.0002	0.0179	0.0640	0.0196	0.0226
15 Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0.0000	0.0000	0.0062	0.0000	0.0030	0.0170	0.0000	0.0450	0.0154
16 Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0.0000	0.0026	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0041	0.0040	0.0154	0.0106
17 Real estate services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0036	0.0000	0.0000	0.0021	0.0000	0.0063	0.0032
Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0202	0.0000	0.0001	0.0019	0.0000	0.0036	0.0027
19 Other business services	0.0072	0.0101	0.0294	0.2049	0.0006	0.0165	0.0397	0.0289	0.0218
Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 Education services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0008	0.0000	0.0008	0.0007
22 Health and social services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0014	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0012	0.0000	0.0030	0.0012
24 Services of membership organizations	0.0000	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
25 Recreational, cultural and sporting services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
26 Other services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Imports of goods and services	0.0727	0.0915	0.2708	0.0943	0.0050	0.1918	0.0636	0.3714	0.3175
of which fuel	0.0024	0.0061	0.0175	0.0000	0.0008	0.0108	0.0013	0.0375	0.0164
Total uses at basic prices	0.1972	0.2717	0.6372	0.2992	0.0123	0.5779	0.8421	0.7305	0.6006
Taxes on products	0.0111	0.0164	0.0138	0.0000	0.0037	0.0465	0.0053	0.0344	0.0186
Subsidies on products	-0.0243	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total uses at purchaser' prices	0.1840	0.2882	0.6510	0.2992	0.0159	0.6243	0.8474	0.7649	0.6192
Total Gross Value Added/GDP	0.8160	0.7118	0.3490	0.7008	0.9841	0.3757	0.1526	0.2351	0.3808
Compensation of employees	0.0905	0.2941	0.1878	0.1658	0.5978	0.1068	0.0583	0.1411	0.2152
Taxes less subsidies on production and imports	0.0035	0.0000	0.0044	0.0209	0.0000	0.0030	0.0000	0.0040	0.0009
Taxes on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Subsidies on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Other taxes less subsidies on production	0.0035	0.0000	0.0044	0.0209	0.0000	0.0030	0.0000	0.0040	0.0009
Gross operating surplus	0.7221	0.4177	0.1568	0.5140	0.3863	0.2659	0.0943	0.0900	0.1646
Output of products at basic prices	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table 9.2 (Cont'd)- Table of coefficient

Central Product Classification Description	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening, forestry and logging products	0.0042	0.0000	0.0004	0.0306	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2 Sugar Cane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3 Live animals and animal products	0.0021	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4 Fish and other fishing products	0.0592	0.0000	0.0000	0.0260	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
5 Ores and Minerals	0.0329	0.0734	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
6 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	0.0032	0.0000	0.0008	0.0261	0.0008	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
7 Sugar	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	0.0012	0.0000	0.0001	0.0013	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	0.0007	0.0005	0.0001	0.0001	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
10 Other manufactured goods	0.0955	0.0271	0.0053	0.0056	0.0000	0.0000	0.0093	0.0004	0.0031
11 Constructions and construction services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0304	0.0000
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0.0984	0.0640	0.0076	0.0256	0.0372	0.0346	0.0029	0.0005	0.0054
13 Lodging; food and beverage serving services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0028	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
Land, water, air, supporting and auxiliary transport services	0.0247	0.0298	0.0458	0.0317	0.0418	0.0152	0.0355	0.0038	0.0502
15 Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0.0212	0.0045	0.0211	0.0451	0.0048	0.2381	0.0153	0.0014	0.0233
16 Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0.0130	0.0065	0.0331	0.0291	0.0206	0.0034	0.4665	0.0023	0.0047
17 Real estate services	0.0058	0.0289	0.0125	0.0139	0.0429	0.0015	0.0072	0.0009	0.0075
Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0.0052	0.0055	0.0119	0.0063	0.0166	0.0006	0.0177	0.0018	0.0443
19 Other business services	0.0319	0.0322	0.0387	0.0389	0.0674	0.0211	0.0554	0.0047	0.0514
Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 Education services	0.0009	0.0004	0.0014	0.0013	0.0047	0.0007	0.0054	0.0000	0.0014
22 Health and social services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	0.0009	0.0000	0.0006	0.0140	0.0001	0.0001	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000
24 Services of membership organizations	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25 Recreational, cultural and sporting services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
26 Other services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Imports of goods and services	0.2927	0.2600	0.0807	0.1218	0.2503	0.1946	0.1067	0.0698	0.0896
of which fuel	0.0106	0.0321	0.0108	0.0078	0.1780	0.1658	0.0026	0.0010	0.0022
Total uses at basic prices	0.6949	0.5328	0.2600	0.4178	0.4906	0.5110	0.7231	0.1161	0.2808
Taxes on products	0.0919	0.0798	0.0079	0.0152	0.0489	0.0458	0.0025	0.0015	0.0062
Subsidies on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0019	0.0000	-0.0043	0.0000	0.0000
Total uses at purchaser' prices	0.7868	0.6125	0.2679	0.4330	0.5376	0.5568	0.7214	0.1176	0.2870
Total Gross Value Added/GDP	0.2132	0.3875	0.7321	0.5670	0.4624	0.4432	0.2786	0.8824	0.7130
Compensation of employees	0.2052	0.1904	0.2274	0.1738	0.2173	0.0953	0.1810	0.0189	0.1717
Taxes less subsidies on production and imports	0.0021	0.0010	0.0098	0.0094	0.0098	0.0001	0.0013	0.0262	0.0138
Taxes on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Subsidies on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Other taxes less subsidies on production	0.0021	0.0010	0.0098	0.0094	0.0098	0.0001	0.0013	0.0262	0.0138
Gross operating surplus	0.0060	0.1961	0.4950	0.3838	0.2353	0.3477	0.0963	0.8374	0.5276
Output of products at basic prices	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table 9.2 (Cont'd)- Table of coefficient

Central Product Classification Description	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	Total Industry
Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening, forestry and logging products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0013	0.0000	0.0062
2 Sugar Cane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0227
3 Live animals and animal products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0032
4 Fish and other fishing products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0059
5 Ores and Minerals	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0259	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0082
Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	0.0000	0.0017	0.0001	0.0003	0.0000	0.0016	0.0019	0.0000	0.0086
7 Sugar	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0009
8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0187
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	0.0000	0.0095	0.0016	0.0077	0.0034	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0011
10 Other manufactured goods	0.0098	0.0138	0.0064	0.0457	0.0061	0.0158	0.0057	0.0224	0.0154
11 Constructions and construction services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0011
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0.0046	0.0066	0.0034	0.0310	0.0233	0.0089	0.0094	0.0225	0.0372
13 Lodging; food and beverage serving services	0.0000	0.0073	0.0004	0.0049	0.0000	0.0068	0.0002	0.0000	0.0007
Land, water, air, supporting and auxiliary transport services	0.0291	0.0049	0.0054	0.0054	0.0190	0.0437	0.0332	0.0078	0.0303
15 Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0.0060	0.0138	0.0107	0.0167	0.0108	0.0215	0.0178	0.0455	0.0211
16 Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0.0137	0.0355	0.0133	0.0067	0.0132	0.0496	0.0197	0.0254	0.0408
17 Real estate services	0.0050	0.0093	0.0051	0.0028	0.0104	0.0238	0.0095	0.0109	0.0113
Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0.0099	0.0102	0.0074	0.0049	0.0062	0.0142	0.0060	0.0079	0.0084
19 Other business services	0.0307	0.0603	0.0261	0.0158	0.0343	0.0563	0.0332	0.0175	0.0355
Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 Education services	0.0033	0.0063	0.0032	0.0036	0.0053	0.0009	0.0025	0.0005	0.0020
22 Health and social services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	0.0000	0.0107	0.0001	0.0002	0.0018	0.0002	0.0001	0.0022	0.0018
24 Services of membership organizations	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25 Recreational, cultural and sporting services	0.0000	0.0035	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002
26 Other services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0069	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002
Direct purchases in domestic market by non-residents	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Imports of goods and services	0.0563	0.0481	0.0255	0.0866	0.1157	0.0959	0.0672	0.0794	0.1716
of which fuel	0.0059	0.0000	0.0004	0.0012	0.0388	0.0128	0.0028	0.0142	0.0316
Total uses at basic prices	0.1684	0.2414	0.1087	0.2395	0.2755	0.3392	0.2078	0.2431	0.4533
Taxes on products	0.0044	0.0065	0.0025	0.0224	0.0186	0.0081	0.0095	0.0163	0.0286
Subsidies on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0006
Total uses at purchaser' prices	0.1729	0.2479	0.1112	0.2619	0.2941	0.3473	0.2172	0.2593	0.4812
Total Gross Value Added/GDP	0.8271	0.7521	0.8888	0.7381	0.7059	0.6527	0.7828	0.7407	0.5188
Compensation of employees	0.1365	0.6229	0.6430	0.4999	0.2914	0.6251	0.3296	0.3255	0.2198
Taxes less subsidies on production and imports	0.0024	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0028	0.0119	0.0009	0.0048
Taxes on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Subsidies on products	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Other taxes less subsidies on production	0.0024	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0028	0.0119	0.0009	0.0048
Gross operating surplus	0.6881	0.1291	0.2458	0.2382	0.4141	0.0249	0.4413	0.4142	0.2941
Output of products at basic prices	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table 9.3 - Inverse Matrix

Central Product Classification (CPC) Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening, forestry and logging products	1.0520	0.0002	0.2057	0.0000	0.0000	0.0580	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0056	0.0002	0.0005	0.0338
2 Sugar Cane	0.0000	1.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0122	0.6604	0.0000	0.0000	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003
3 Live animals and animal products	0.0117	0.0001	1.0092	0.0000	0.0000	0.0629	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0027	0.0001	0.0001	0.0024
4 Fish and other fishing products	0.0013	0.0017	0.0004	1.0001	0.0000	0.0010	0.0014	0.0019	0.0006	0.0655	0.0018	0.0004	0.0265
5 Ores and Minerals	0.0007	0.0022	0.0013	0.0001	1.0000	0.0012	0.0025	0.0013	0.0004	0.0366	0.0745	0.0004	0.0008
6 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	0.0003	0.0003	0.0111	0.0000	0.0000	1.1414	0.0003	0.0003	0.0001	0.0043	0.0002	0.0010	0.0299
7 Sugar	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0185	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0013	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005
8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	0.0001	0.0001	0.0016	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	1.1409	0.1478	0.0017	0.0001	0.0001	0.0015
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	0.0002	0.0001	0.0110	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0001	0.0002	1.0016	0.0008	0.0005	0.0001	0.0002
10 Other manufactured goods	0.0211	0.0281	0.0068	0.0024	0.0000	0.0133	0.0238	0.0327	0.0097	1.1076	0.0311	0.0072	0.0088
11 Constructions and construction services	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	1.0010	0.0005	0.0005
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0.0264	0.0315	0.0602	0.0016	0.0035	0.1059	0.0295	0.1090	0.0879	0.1140	0.0700	1.0122	0.0349
13 Lodging; food and beverage serving services	0.0001	0.0004	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0004	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	1.0001
14 Land, water, air, supporting and auxiliary transport services	0.0247	0.1263	0.0450	0.0070	0.0005	0.0354	0.1528	0.0342	0.0343	0.0390	0.0381	0.0540	0.0423
15 Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0.0018	0.0031	0.0122	0.0021	0.0041	0.0304	0.0036	0.0732	0.0331	0.0362	0.0104	0.0309	0.0638
16 Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0.0035	0.0132	0.0079	0.0059	0.0003	0.0185	0.0208	0.0437	0.0324	0.0377	0.0203	0.0668	0.0613
17 Real estate services	0.0017	0.0063	0.0069	0.0015	0.0001	0.0060	0.0076	0.0110	0.0073	0.0103	0.0320	0.0159	0.0174
Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0.0013	0.0033	0.0236	0.0025	0.0002	0.0063	0.0042	0.0078	0.0062	0.0096	0.0084	0.0154	0.0098
19 Other business services	0.0123	0.0228	0.0406	0.2126	0.0009	0.0322	0.0624	0.0471	0.0363	0.0616	0.0422	0.0501	0.0574
Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 Education services	0.0002	0.0008	0.0009	0.0008	0.0000	0.0016	0.0011	0.0018	0.0015	0.0018	0.0010	0.0023	0.0023
22 Health and social services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0014	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0015	0.0001	0.0036	0.0018	0.0011	0.0001	0.0007	0.0141
24 Services of membership organizations	0.0000	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25 Recreational, cultural and sporting services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
26 Other services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Table 9.3 (Cont'd) - Inverse Matrix

Central Product Classification Description	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Products of agriculture, horticulture and market gardening, forestry and logging products	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0004	0.0001	0.0005	0.0001	0.0004	0.0016	0.0002
2 Sugar Cane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3 Live animals and animal products	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001
4 Fish and other fishing products	0.0002	0.0000	0.0013	0.0001	0.0003	0.0007	0.0012	0.0005	0.0032	0.0005	0.0013	0.0004	0.0015
5 Ores and Minerals	0.0002	0.0012	0.0008	0.0023	0.0002	0.0004	0.0009	0.0003	0.0017	0.0262	0.0007	0.0004	0.0010
6 Meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats, grain mill products, starches and starch products and beverages	0.0011	0.0001	0.0002	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0022	0.0002	0.0007	0.0001	0.0022	0.0023	0.0002
7 Sugar	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
8 Yarn and thread; woven and tufted textile fabrics	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0015	0.0003	0.0015	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0006
9 Knitted or crocheted fabrics; wearing apparel	0.0006	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0096	0.0016	0.0078	0.0034	0.0001	0.0000	0.0007
10 Other manufactured goods	0.0018	0.0008	0.0211	0.0015	0.0045	0.0117	0.0172	0.0078	0.0516	0.0078	0.0196	0.0074	0.0259
11 Constructions and construction services	0.0014	0.0001	0.0006	0.0305	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0004	0.0008	0.0004	0.0004
12 Wholesale and retail trade services	0.0409	0.0471	0.0129	0.0030	0.0099	0.0078	0.0117	0.0055	0.0390	0.0266	0.0154	0.0132	0.0286
13 Lodging; food and beverage serving services	0.0030	0.0001	0.0005	0.0000	0.0002	0.0001	0.0073	0.0005	0.0049	0.0001	0.0070	0.0003	0.0000
14 Land, water, air, supporting and auxiliary transport services	1.0514	0.0248	0.0773	0.0057	0.0586	0.0341	0.0130	0.0088	0.0115	0.0246	0.0547	0.0393	0.0146
15 Electricity distribution services; gas and water distribution services through mains	0.0104	1.3147	0.0416	0.0024	0.0336	0.0100	0.0225	0.0157	0.0263	0.0168	0.0332	0.0257	0.0631
16 Financial intermediation, insurance and auxiliary services	0.0461	0.0132	1.8827	0.0054	0.0142	0.0290	0.0716	0.0270	0.0185	0.0292	0.0993	0.0408	0.0520
17 Real estate services	0.0467	0.0039	0.0183	1.0022	0.0110	0.0071	0.0115	0.0061	0.0046	0.0124	0.0279	0.0120	0.0127
Telecommunications services; information retrieval and supply services	0.0206	0.0024	0.0379	0.0024	1.0485	0.0121	0.0135	0.0088	0.0069	0.0084	0.0188	0.0084	0.0103
19 Other business services	0.0794	0.0332	0.1179	0.0069	0.0620	1.0376	0.0711	0.0307	0.0238	0.0414	0.0714	0.0414	0.0266
Public administration and other services to the community as a whole; compulsory social security services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 Education services	0.0056	0.0013	0.0111	0.0001	0.0020	0.0038	0.0072	1.0036	0.0040	0.0058	0.0021	0.0031	0.0010
22 Health and social services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and other environmental protection services	0.0002	0.0002	0.0012	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0109	0.0002	0.0004	1.0018	0.0004	0.0001	0.0023
24 Services of membership organizations	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25 Recreational, cultural and sporting services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0035	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000
26 Other services	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0069	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000