Ministry of Finance and Economic Development

Statistics Mauritius

Digest of Environment Statistics 2014

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DIGEST OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS - 2014

Foreword

This is the thirteenth issue of the Digest of Environment Statistics, a regular annual publication of Statistics Mauritius.

This report presents statistics according to the United Nations Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics 2013 (FDES 2013). FDES 2013 classifies environment statistics into six components namely, Environmental conditions and quality, Environmental resources and their use, Residuals, Extreme events and disasters, Human settlements and environmental health, and Environment protection, management and engagement.

Many of the statistics presented have been gathered from various institutions and thus, some of the data may already be available in other publications. The digest covers a wide range of environmental topics in a readily accessible form to provide a handy reference.

The data provided in this publication and covering the period 2005 to 2014, wherever possible, are the latest available. These may be subject to revision in later issues. All data, unless otherwise stated, refer to the Island of Mauritius.

It is hoped that these statistics will prove useful to the public in general, particularly to planners, decision makers and researchers.

The digest has been prepared with the collaboration of the Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management and several other organisations. The co-operation and assistance of all these organisations are gratefully acknowledged.

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April 2016

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Environment Statistics, 2014

1. Environmental Conditions and Quality

1.1 Geological, geographical and morphological conditions

(i) Area of country

The Republic of Mauritius is a group of islands in the South West of the Indian Ocean, consisting of the main islands of Mauritius (1,864.8 km²), Rodrigues (104 km²) and other outer islands (71.2 km²) located at distances greater than 350 km from the main island. The total land area of the Republic of Mauritius is 2,040 km² (Figure 1).

(ii) Main geomorphological characteristics

The Island of Mauritius (except for the beaches and coral reef formation) has been created entirely by three periods of volcanic activity. The geology of the island is basically basalt everywhere but the three phases of volcanic activity has given rise to different types of rock. The geological and morphological map is shown in Figure 2.

The island consists of a central plateau surrounded by mountain ranges and plains. The plateau rises to a maximum elevation of about 600 m (a.m.s.l) in the south of the island and has a mean elevation of about 300-400 m (a.m.s.l), the highest peak being 828 m (a.m.s.l).

(iii) *Islets*

The island of Mauritius is surrounded by a number of islets ranging from 0.03 to 253 hectares covering a total area of around 996 hectares (Table 1.1).

1.2. Temperature

In 2014, February was the warmest month in the Island of Mauritius with a mean of 26.8°C and August, the coolest month with a mean of 21.6°C (Table 1.2).

Both the mean maximum and mean minimum temperatures were above the long term mean (1981-2010) for all the months in 2014 (Table 1.3 & 1.4).

The highest maximum temperature was 36.6°C, recorded on 20 March 2014 at Port Louis. The lowest minimum temperature was 10.2°C, which was recorded on 11 August 2014 at Bois Chéri.

1.2 Precipitation

During the year 2014, the mean amount of rainfall recorded around the Island of Mauritius was 2,094 millimetres (mm), representing a decrease of 1.5% compared to 2,126 mm in 2013 and an increase of 4.5% compared to the long term mean (1981-2010) of 2,003 mm (Table 1.5).

The wettest month in 2014 was January with a mean of 419 mm, which represents a surplus of 59% relative to the long term mean (1981-2010) of 263 mm. September was the driest month with a mean of 54 mm of rainfall registering a deficit of 44% compared to the long term mean (1981-2010) of 96 mm (Table 1.6).

1.4 Solar radiation

(i) Sunshine hours

In 2014, there was a surplus of 11 hours of sunshine recorded at Pamplemousses station, 173 hours at Medine station and 152 hours at Vacoas station compared to the long term mean (1981-2010). However, there was a deficit of 3 hours of sunshine recorded at Fuel station and 1 hour at Plaisance station (Table1.11).

1.5 Reservoirs and lakes

There are 11 reservoirs with total gross capacity of around 91 Mm³ and two major lakes in the Island of Mauritius (Table 1.12). Table 1.13 shows the monthly average percentage and the long term mean (1990-1999) water level by reservoir. In 2014, the monthly average water level in the largest reservoir, Mare aux Vacoas, was above the long term mean (1990-1999) except for March, September, October, November and December.

1.6 Rivers, catchment areas and aquifers

The Island of Mauritius has a network of 25 major river basins and 21 minor river basins with catchment areas varying from 3.9 to 173 km² (Figure 5). The five main aquifers are shown in Figure 6.

1.7 Seas

The coastline of Mauritius is 322 km long, the length of reef is about 150 km covering an area of $300~\rm{km}^2$. The country has jurisdiction over a large Exclusive Economic Zone of approximately 2.3 million km².

1.8 Biodiversity

(i) Fauna and flora species

Table 1.15 shows the fauna population in the Republic of Mauritius. To date, 1 endemic species of bat, 7endemic species of land bird and 11 endemic reptile species exist in the Island of Mauritius.

Of the 691 species of indigenous flowering plants that used to be found in Mauritius, 630 exist of which 243 are endemic (Table 1.16).

1.9 Protected species and areas

(i) Protected fauna species

The evolution of some fauna population of endemic species is given in Table 1.18.

(ii) Protected terrestrial, marine and coastal area

The land protected areas are listed in Table 1.20. State protected mainland accounted for 7,570 hectares, "Pas Geometriques" 625 hectares and privately owned/ managed conservation areas, 6,553 hectares. Table 1.21 lists the marine and coastal protected areas.

1.10 Forest area

Preservation of forests is vital for the protection of the ecosystem. In 2014, the total extent of forest cover in the Island of Mauritius was estimated at 47,103 hectares, representing about 25 % of the total land area. Total forest area decreased by 5 hectares from 47,108 hectares in 2013 to 47,103 hectares in 2014. Some 22,103 hectares (47%) of the total forest area in 2014 was state-owned and the remaining 25,000 hectares (53%) was privately-owned (Table 1.22).

Out of the 22,103 hectares of state-owned forest area, 11,830 hectares (53.5%) were planted areas while the Black River Gorges National Park and the nature reserves accounted for 6,574 (29.7%) and 799 (3.6%) hectares respectively. "Pas Geometriques" covered about 625 hectares (2.8%), other nature parks, 906 hectares (4.1%) and other forest lands, 1,369 hectares (6.2%).

The 25,000 hectares of privately-owned forest lands consisted of 18,447 (74%) hectares of plantation, forest, scrub and grazing lands, and 6,553 (26%) hectares of mountain, rivers and nature reserves.

2. Environmental Resources and their Use

2.1 Production of energy

(i) <u>Local production (renewable)</u>

Total energy production from local renewable sources: hydro, wind, landfill gas, photovoltaic, bagasse and fuelwood went down by 3.2% from 219.4 ktoe in 2013 to 212.3 ktoe in 2014. This was due to a decrease of 4.1% in the production of bagasse from 201.7 ktoe in 2013 to 193.4 ktoe in 2014 and a drop of 4.7% in hydro & wind from 8.5 koe to 8.1 ktoe. On the other hand, landfill gas went up by 5.9% from 1.7 ktoe to 1.8 ktoe and photovoltaic around 10 folds from 0.2 ktoe to 2.1 ktoe (Tables 2.1 and 2.2).

(ii) Imports of energy sources

Fossil fuel (petroleum products and coal) imports was 1.1% lower in 2014 (1,649 ktoe) than in 2013 (1,667 ktoe). Compared to 2013, imports of petroleum products went down by 4.6% (from 1,228 to 1,171 ktoe) while those of coal increased by 9.1% (from 439 to 479 ktoe) - (Table 2.4 and Figure 10). In 2014, coal constituted around 29% of fossil fuel imports, fuel oil 24%, diesel oil 18%, dual purpose kerosene 15%, gasolene 9% and LPG 5%.

2.2 Primary energy requirement

(i) Primary energy requirement from fossil fuel

In 2014, around 86% (1,279 ktoe) of the total primary energy requirement was met from imported fossil fuels (petroleum products, 55% and coal, 31%) against 85% (1,235 ktoe) in the preceding year. The share of the different fossil fuels within the total primary energy requirement in 2014 was as follows: coal (30.9%), fuel oil (17.1%), diesel oil (13.9%), gasolene (10.2%), aviation fuel (8.5%), Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) - (5.1%) and kerosene (0.1%).

Energy supply from petroleum products increased by 3% from 795 ktoe in 2013 to 819 ktoe in 2014. It comprised fuel oil (31%), diesel oil (25%), gasolene (19%), dual purpose kerosene (16%) and LPG (9%). Supply of coal increased by 4.3% from 441 ktoe in 2013 to 460 ktoe in 2014 (Table 2.3).

(ii) Primary energy requirement from local sources (renewables)

In 2014, primary energy requirement obtained from local renewable sources namely: hydro, wind, landfill gas, photovoltaic, bagasse and fuelwood stood at 212 ktoe and it accounted for around 14% of the total primary energy requirement. Bagasse and hydro contributed around 91% and 4% of the local renewable sources respectively while wind, landfill gas, photovoltaic and fuelwood accounted for the remaining 5% (Table 2.3).

2.3 Electricity generation

The peak power demand in 2014 reached 446.2 MW in the Island of Mauritius as compared with 441.1 MW in 2013, up by 1.2% (Table 2.5).

Some 2,937 GWh (253 ktoe) of electricity was generated in 2014. Around 80% (2,341 GWh or 202 ktoe) of the electricity was generated from non-renewable sources, mainly coal (43%) and diesel & fuel oil (37%) while the remaining 20% (596 GWh or 51 ktoe) were from renewable sources, mostly bagasse (Table 2.6).

Between 2013 and 2014-(i) total electricity generated increased by 1.8 % from 2,885 GWh to 2,937 GWh, (ii) electricity generated from coal increased by 3.7% from 1,214 GWh to 1,259 GWh and that from fuel and diesel oil together increased by 0.3% from 1,076 GWh to 1,079 GWh, (iii) electricity generated from renewable sources increased from 594 GWh to 596 GWh, up by 0.3%, (iv) photovoltaic increased around 9 folds from 2.7 GWh to 24.6 GWh and (v) landfill gas remained at around 20 GWh. On the other hand, hydro went down by 4.2 % from 94.8 GWh to 90.8 GWh, wind by 11.1 % from 3.6 GWh to 3.2 GWh and bagasse by 3.6% from 473 GWh to 456 GWh.

2.4 Final energy consumption

Final energy consumption increased by 2.4% from 871 ktoe in 2013 to 892 ktoe in 2014.

The two main energy-consuming sectors were "Transport" and "Manufacturing", accounting respectively for 50.9% and 23.6% of the final energy consumed. They were followed by the household sector (14.2%), commercial and distributive trade (10.4%) and agriculture (0.5%) - (Tables 2.9 and 2.10).

2.5 Land use categories

Land use refers to the main activity taking place on an area of land, for example, farming, forestry or housing. Based on latest available data in 2005 (Table 2.11 and Figure 12), sugar cane plantations occupied 39% (72,000 hectares) of the total land area of the Island of Mauritius, forest, scrubs and grazing lands 25% (47,200 hectares) and built-up areas another 25% (46,500 hectares).

During the period 1995 to 2005, the land occupied by sugarcane, tea plantations and forestry decreased while that of built-up areas, other agricultural activities, and infrastructure and inland water resource systems went up.

2.6 Fish capture production

The production of fish increased by 117.7 % from 5,795 tonnes in 2013 to 12,617 tonnes in 2014 (Table 2.15). In 2014, fish catch through coastal (artisanal) fishery was around 459 tonnes, representing a drop of 18% over the previous year figure of 559 tonnes. Basket trap accounted for 37% of the total catch, followed by line (36%) and large net (11%)-(Table 2.16).

2.7 Annual and perennial crops

(i) Sugar cane

The production of sugar cane went up by 6.0% from 3,815,782 tonnes in 2013 to 4,044,421 tonnes in 2014. However, the area harvested dropped by 5.2% from 53,464 hectares in 2013 to 50,687 hectares in 2014, resulting in an increase of 11.8% in the yield of sugar cane from 71.37 tonnes per hectare in 2013 to 79.79 in 2014 (Table 2.20).

(ii) Tea

The area under tea plantation in 2014 was 672 hectares, same as in 2013. The production of green tea leaves went down by 4.7% from 7,981 tonnes in 2013 to 7,607 tonnes in 2014, mainly due to unfavourable climatic conditions.

(iii) <u>Tobacco</u>

There was no production of tobacco leaves in 2014 compared to only 1 tonne in 2013.

(iv) Food crops

The area under food crops harvested increased by 0.2% from 8,189 hectares in 2013 to 8,208 hectares in 2014. However, the production of food crops decreased by 6.6% from 118,121 tonnes to 110,366 tonnes in 2014.

2.8 Fertilisers and pesticides

Intensive use of chemical based fertilisers and other agro-chemicals may contribute to the pollution of the environment through the leaching of nitrate to ground water. Between 2013 and 2014, import of fertilizers increased by 16.0% (from 45,924 to 53,276tonnes) and import of pesticides by 0.7% (from 2,185 to 2,201tonnes) - (Table 2.23).

2.9 Livestock

As at December 2014, the livestock population of cattle, goat, sheep and pig was 52,833 heads in the Island of Mauritius. Goats dominated the livestock population with an estimated population of 26,558 heads (51%), followed by pig, 17,511 (33%), cattle, 6,041 (11%) and sheep, 2,723 (5%) - (Table 2.24).

The production of beef from live cattle increased by 0.5% from 1,946 tonnes in 2013 to 1,956 tonnes in 2014. Beef production from the slaughter of imported cattle increased by 2.2%, from 1,856 tonnes to 1,896 tonnes and local beef production (including live cattle from Rodrigues), which represented only 3.1% of total beef production, decreased by 33.3% from 90 tonnes to 60 tonnes (Table 2.26).

In 2014, the production of goat meat and mutton was 45 tonnes, 2.2% lower than the 2013 figure of 46 tonnes. Production of pork decreased by 9.4% from 615 tonnes in 2013 to 557 tonnes in 2014.

2.10 Water balance

Water being a basic support element for human life and ecosystems, is of vital environmental and biological importance. In 2014, the Island of Mauritius received 3,905 million cubic metres ($\rm Mm^3$) of water from precipitation (rainfall), 1.5% lower when compared to 3,965 $\rm Mm^3$ in 2013. Only 10 % (390 $\rm Mm^3$) of the water went as ground water recharge, while evapotranspiration and surface runoff accounted for 30% (1,172 $\rm Mm^3$) and 60% (2,343 $\rm Mm^3$) respectively (Table 2.27).

2.11 Water utilisation

Total water utilisation in the Island of Mauritius was estimated at 895 Mm³ in 2014. Around 85% (764 Mm³) of the total water utilisation was met from surface water and the remaining 15% (131 Mm³) from ground water (Table 2.31).

The agricultural sector accounted for 42% (373 Mm³) of the water utilised, hydropower 31% (275 Mm³), and domestic, industrial and tourism sector 27% (247 Mm³).

Compared to 2013, water utilisation increased by 0.8%, from 888 to 895 Mm³ with changes as follows: domestic, industrial and tourism (+6.0%), hydropower (-1.8%) and agricultural (-0.5%).

3. Residuals

3.1 Emissions of direct greenhouse gases (GHGs)

(i) <u>Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emission</u>

The national inventory of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by source category, in the Republic of Mauritius, is given in Table 3.1. The table shows that:(i) carbon dioxide remains the main contributor of greenhouse gas emissions and stood at 3,969.6 thousand tonnes, contributing 0.0096% to global emissions; and (ii) removal of carbon dioxide (CO₂) was around 294 thousand tonnes in 2014. Net carbon dioxide emissions, after accounting for the removal of CO₂ by forests, went up by 3.8% from 3,543 thousand tonnes in 2013 to 3,676 thousand tonnes in 2014; the increase was due to rise in emission from the energy sector, mainly energy industries (electricity generation) – (Table 3.2).

(ii) Carbon dioxide emission from energy sector (fuel combustion activities)

In 2014, CO_2 emission from the energy sector stood at 3,968.8 thousand tonnes, up by 3.5% from 3,835.4 thousand tonnes in 2013. Within the energy sector, the sub-sector that contributed most of the total CO_2 emission was the energy industries (electricity generation) which accounted for 61.7% (2,449.1 thousand tonnes) of the total CO_2 emissions. Next came the transport sector which made up 25.1% (996.5 thousand tonnes) of the total emissions and the manufacturing industries making up another 8.4% (332.7 thousand tonnes) - (Table 3.2).

(a) Energy industries (electricity generation)

Carbon dioxide emission from the generation of electricity (energy industries) stood at 2,449.1 thousand tonnes in 2014 compared to 2,363.8 thousand tonnes in 2013, representing an increase of 3.6%. This is mainly attributed to increase in petroleum products and coal used to produce electricity (Table 2.7).

(b) Transport industries

In 2014, carbon dioxide emission from the transport sector stood at 996.5 thousand tonnes compared to 969.5 in 2013, up by 2.8% due to higher fuel consumption. It is to be noted that the number of registered motor vehicles went up by 4.9% from 443,495 in 2013 to 465,052 in 2014 (Table 4.15). Consequently the energy consumed by land transport increased from 310.1 ktoe to 319.1 ktoe (+2.9%) - (Table 2.8).

(c) Manufacturing industries

The manufacturing sector registered an increase of 4.9% in CO_2 emissions in 2014 (from 317.2 to 332.7 thousand tonnes). The amount of fossil fuels consumed by the sector went up by 4.6% from 96.2 ktoe in 2013 to 100.6 ktoe in 2014.

3.2 Municipal waste

(i) Waste disposal at Mare Chicose Landfill

The total amount of solid waste landfilled at Mare Chicose decreased to 417,478 tonnes in 2014 from 429,935 tonnes in 2013, down by 2.9 %.

Domestic waste constituted 96% of the total solid waste landfilled in 2014 (Table 3.8).

4. Extreme Events and Disasters

4.1 Tropical cyclone/storm

Tropical cyclones usually occur in the summer period between 1st November and 15th May of the following year. Table 4.1 shows list of tropical cyclone/storm from 1990 to 2014 when warnings were issued for Mauritius.

5. Human Settlements and Environmental Health

5.1 Urban and rural population

The estimated resident population in the Island of Mauritius was 1,219,659 as at 31st December 2014. The female population was 616,083 compared to a male population of 603,576. Some 42.5% of the population resided in urban area in 2014 compared to 42.6% in 2013 (Table 5.3).

5.2 Access to selected basic services

As at Census 2011, the percentage of the population in the Island of Mauritius with the following amenities was as follows: piped water inside their houses 95.8%, flush toilet (sewerage, absorption pit and septic tank) 98.0%; and garbage regularly collected by authorised collectors, 97.5% (Tables 5.4, 5.5 and 5.7).

5.3 Airborne diseases

Table 5.18 lists the number of admissions due to certain respiratory diseases by sex in government general hospitals in the Island of Mauritius.

5.4 Mosquito borne diseases

Some 20 cases of malaria and 2 cases of chikungunya, all imported or introduced, have been reported in 2014 in the Island of Mauritius. Some 64 cases of dengue were also reported, of which 44 were locally transmitted (Table 5.23).

6. Environmental Protection, Management and Engagement

6.1 Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Licences and Preliminary Environmental Report (PER) Approvals

In 2014, some 34 EIA licences were granted of which 8 were for housing, 7 for land parcelling (morcellement), 6 for coastal hotels and related works and another 6 were for development in port area (Table 6.3).

During the same period, 22 PER approvals were issued of which 7 were for poultry rearing and 4 for industrial development (Table 6.4).

6.2 Complaints

Effective environmental management needs appropriate coordination and monitoring of environmental problems. The Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management addresses environmental complaints received from the general public according to a complaint handling protocol.

Table 6.5 lists the number of complaints by category received by the Pollution Prevention and Control Division of the Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management. The number of complaints received decreased by 3.3% from 687 in 2013 to 664 in 2014. The complaints were mainly due to: air pollution (21%), waste water (15%), solid waste (14%), odour (12%) and noise (12%).

6.3 Contraventions

In 2014, the Police de L'Environnement established 1,682 contraventions of which vehicles emitting excessive noise accounted for 47% (784) and illegal littering 31% (528).

During the same period, 564 notices were issued to drivers of vehicles emitting black smoke (Table 6.6).

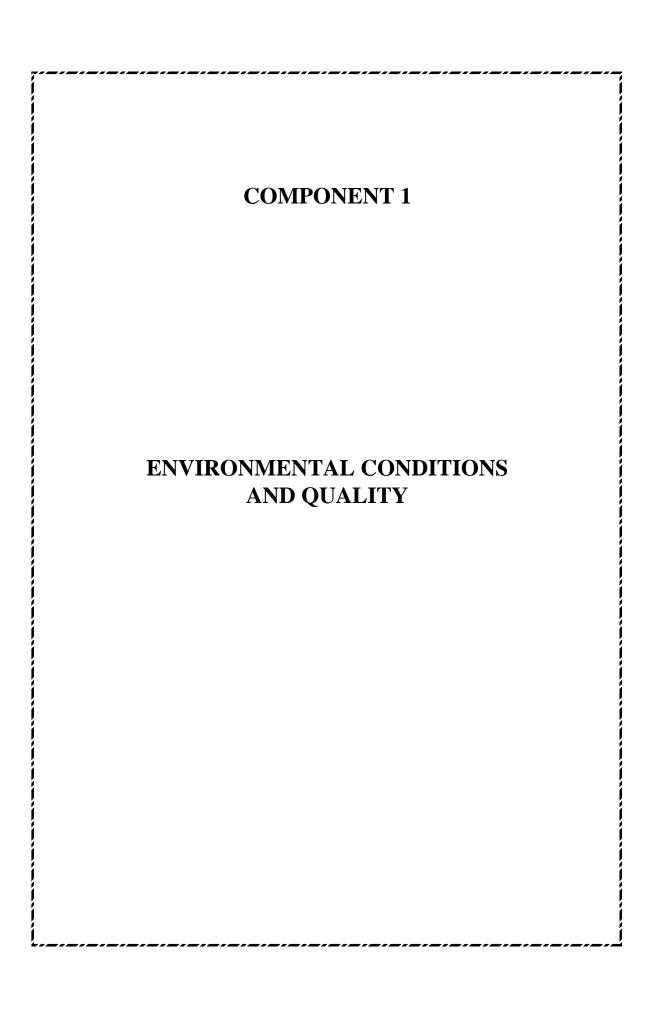
Main environment indicators, 2005, 2013 and 2014

Indicator	Units	2005	2013	2014
Republic of Mauritius				
Land protected areas	ha	14,459	14,754	14,749
2. Marine and coastal protected areas	ha			14,759
3. Total Carbon dioxide emission	000 tons	2,996	3,837	3,970
4. Per capita carbon dioxide emission	tons	2.4	3.0	3.1
5. Total electricity generated	GWh	2,272	2,885	2,937
6. Electricity generated from renewable sources	%	25.0	20.6	20.3
7. Total primary energy requirement	ktoe	1,293	1,455	1,492
8. Primary energy requirement from renewable sources	%	20.3	15.0	14.2
9. Per capita primary energy requirement	toe	1.05	1.16	1.18
10. Per capita final energy consumption	toe	0.69	0.69	0.71
11. Energy intensity	toe per Rs.100,000 GDP at 2000 prices	0.90	0.73	0.72
Island of Mauritius				
12. Forest area	ha	47,185	47,108	47,103
13. Total forest area as a % of total land area	%	25.3	25.3	25.3
14. Total fish production (fresh-weight equivalent)	tons	8,327	5,795	12,617
15. Irrigated land	ha	20,658	19,170	17,183
16. Threatened plant species	%		88	88
17. Threatened animal species	%		89	89
18. Mean annual rainfall	millimetres	2,376	2,126	2,094
19. Mean of maximum annual temperature	degrees Celcius	27.2	27.7	28.2
20. Mean of minimum annual temperature	degrees Celcius	19.9	20.1	20.6
21. Annual fresh water abstraction	Mm^3	691	608	620
22. Daily per capita domestic water consumption	litres	167.0	165.0	167.0
23. Daily per capita solid waste disposed at landfill	Kg	0.88	0.97	0.94

Other Environment Statistics

24. Length of coastline	km	322
25. Length of coral reefs	km	150
26. Area of coral reefs	km ²	300
27. Lagoon areas	km ²	243
28. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) - Republic of Mauritius	km^2	2.3 million

^{...:} Not available



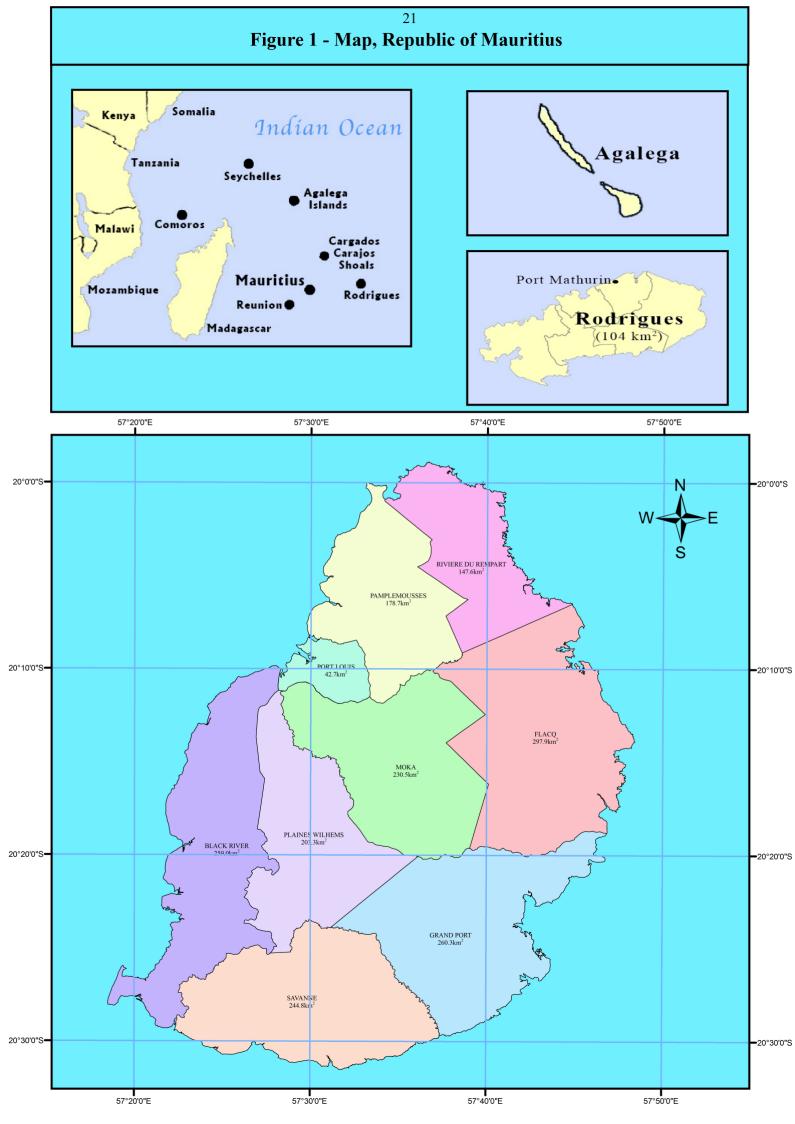
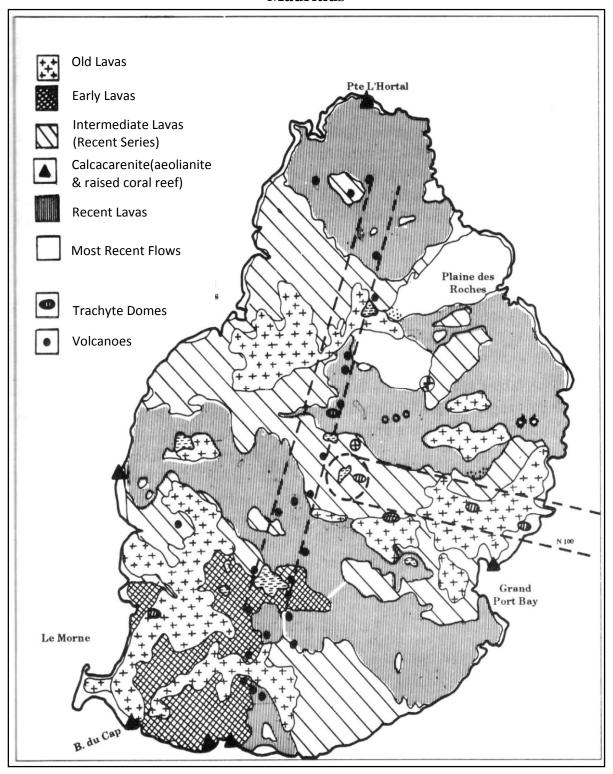


Figure 2 – Geological and morphological map of Mauritius



Source: Mauritius A Geomorphological Analysis Report

Table 1.1 - Main islets by geographical district and area, 2014

	Name	Geographical district	Extent (ha)
1	Serpent Island		31.6
2	Round Island		168.8
3	Pigeon Rock		0.63
4	Flat Island		253.25
5	Gabriel Island		42.20
6	Gunner's Quoin		76.00
7	Ilot Matapan		4.96
8	Ilot Bemache	Riviere Du Rempart	
9	Ile d'Ambre		137.10
10	Ilot Fourmi		0.04
11	Ilot Aigrettes		0.04
12	Islet at Pte de Flacq		0.21
13	Islet at Pte de Flacq		0.63
14	Lerique Islet		0.42
15	Goyaves de Chine		0.22
16	Bambaras Islet	<u> </u>	0.42
17	Ilot Grosse Bite		0.12
18	Islets opp. P.G. Bras D'Eau		0.49
19	Ilot Maino		0.42
20	Ilot Vacoas		1.36
21	Ilot de la Batterie		0.62
22	Rocky Islet at Bras de Mer aux Huitres		0.60
23	Ile aux Levrettes		0.59
24	Ilot Lievres		0.77
25	Ile du Trou Vire		3.80
26	Ile Couba	Flacq	6.33
27	Ile aux Rats	Titteq	0.42
28	Ile de L'Est or Mangenie		31.23
29	Ile aux Cerfs		91.46
30	Ilot Flammants		
31	Ile aux Oiseaux		
32	Ile aux Mariannes		4.05
33	Rocher des Oiseaux		4.03
34	Ile aux Fous		
35	Ilot Chat		0.03
36	Ile aux Singes		0.03
37			
	Islet near coast of War Department Land		0.05
38	Mouchoir Rouge		0.52
39	Ile aux Fouquets		2.49
40	Ile aux Vacoas	Grand Port	
41	Ile de la Passe		2.19
42	Ile aux Aigrettes		24.69
43	Ile des Deux Cocos		3.60
44	Ilot Brocus & Lafond		23.60
45	Ilot Sancho	Savanne	0.53
46	Ilot Foumeaux	Savanne	12.66
47	Ile aux Benitiers Ilot Malais		65.42 0.95
48	not ivialais	Black River	0.95
49	Ilot Fortier		
	Total		995.77

Source: National Parks and Conservation Service

Table 1.2 Mean temperature, 2005 - 2014

Degrees celcius

Month	Jan		Jan Feb		Mar		Apr		May		Jun		Jul		Aug		Sept		Oct		Nov		Dec		Degrees celcius Mean annual temperature		
Month	LTM 1	(26.1)	LTM	(26.2)	LTM (25.8)		LTM (24.9)		LTM (23.2)		LTM (21.4)		LTM (20.6)		LTM (20.7)		LTM (21.3)		LTM (22.3)		LTM (23.9)		LTM (25.3)		LTM (23.5)		
Year	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM							
2005	26.8	0.8	26.4	0.1	26.0	0.3	25.3	0.4	23.4	0.2	21.5	0.1	20.7	0.1	20.6	-0.1	21.4	0.1	21.8	-0.4	23.3	-0.6	25.1	-0.1	23.5	0.0	
2006	25.8	-0.2	26.0	-0.2	25.9	0.2	25.2	0.3	23.1	-0.1	22.2	0.8	20.7	0.1	20.4	-0.2	21.4	0.1	22.5	0.2	24.5	0.6	26.2	0.9	23.7	0.2	
2007	26.8	0.7	26.6	0.4	25.6	-0.1	25.2	0.3	23.7	0.5	21.3	-0.1	21.3	0.7	20.9	0.3	21.6	0.3	22.3	0.1	24.1	0.3	25.8	0.6	23.8	0.3	
2008	26.1	0.0	26.2	-0.1	25.3	-0.5	25.0	0.1	23.1	-0.1	21.3	-0.1	20.4	-0.2	21.3	0.6	21.8	0.5	22.8	0.5	24.7	0.8	25.9	0.7	23.6	0.1	
2009	26.9	0.8	26.8	0.6	26.2	0.4	25.8	0.9	23.8	0.6	22.4	1.0	21.0	0.4	20.9	0.3	21.5	0.3	23.0	0.7	24.2	0.3	25.8	0.6	24.0	0.5	
2010	26.4	0.4	26.9	0.7	26.5	0.7	25.3	0.4	24.4	1.2	22.8	1.4	21.0	0.4	20.8	0.2	21.4	0.1	23.2	1.0	23.8	0.0	25.3	0.1	24.0	0.5	
2011	26.2	0.1	26.6	0.4	26.1	0.3	25.5	0.6	23.7	0.5	22.9	1.5	21.4	0.8	21.1	0.4	21.8	0.6	22.9	0.6	24.8	0.9	25.5	0.3	24.0	0.5	
2012	26.0	0.0	27.0	0.8	26.0	0.3	25.5	0.6	23.3	0.1	21.6	0.2	21.4	0.8	21.3	0.7	21.8	0.5	23.2	0.9	24.8	0.9	26.3	1.0	24.0	0.5	
2013	26.4	0.4	26.7	0.5	26.1	0.4	25.0	0.1	23.0	-0.2	21.6	0.2	20.5	-0.1	21.1	0.5	22.2	0.9	23.6	1.3	24.6	0.7	25.9	0.6	23.9	0.4	
2014	26.7	0.6	26.8	0.6	26.4	0.6	25.3	0.4	23.5	0.3	22.4	1.0	22.0	1.4	21.6	0.9	22.0	0.7	24.2	2.0	25.5	1.6	26.4	1.1	24.4	0.9	

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Services

¹ LTM: Long term mean, 1981-2010

Table 1.3 Mean maximum temperature, 2005 - 2014

Degrees celcius

Month	Jan		Feb		Mar		Apr		May		Jun		Jul		Aug		Sept		Oct		Nov		Dec		Mean of maximum annual temperature		
Year	MEan Mean	Difference from LTM (8'86)	Mean Mean	Difference from LTM		Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from C9.80 LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from C34.33		Difference from LTM		Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from C5.3	Mean	Difference from LTM	
2005	30.5	0.6	29.9	0.1	29.5	0.2	29.1	0.5	26.7	-0.3	25.1	-0.1	24.1	-0.2	24.3	-0.1	24.7	-0.6	25.7	-0.5	27.3	-0.8	29.3	0.0	27.2	-0.1	
2006	29.3	-0.5	29.2	-0.5	28.8	-0.5	28.7	0.2	27.3	0.4	25.5	0.3	24.1	-0.2	24.1	-0.3	25.2	-0.1	26.4	0.1	28.3	0.3	30.1	0.8	27.3	0.0	
2007	30.1	0.3	29.7	0.0	29.0	-0.3	28.5	-0.1	27.3	0.3	24.9	-0.3	24.9	0.6	24.7	0.3	25.5	0.2	25.9	-0.3	28.4	0.3	29.7	0.4	27.4	0.1	
2008	29.5	-0.3	29.4	-0.3	28.7	-0.7	29.0	0.4	27.0	0.1	24.6	-0.6	24.0	-0.3	24.7	0.3	25.0	-0.4	26.1	-0.1	28.7	0.6	30.0	0.7	27.2	-0.1	
2009	30.9	1.1	30.3	0.6	29.7	0.4	28.9	0.4	27.5	0.6	26.2	0.9	24.2	-0.1	24.3	-0.1	25.4	0.1	26.8	0.5	27.7	-0.3	29.6	0.3	27.6	0.3	
2010	29.9	0.1	30.3	0.6	29.9	0.5	29.2	0.6	27.9	1.0	26.5	1.2	24.7	0.4	24.6	0.2	25.8	0.5	27.3	1.1	28.1	0.0	29.8	0.5	27.8	0.5	
2011	30.1	0.3	30.0	0.2	29.7	0.3	29.2	0.7	28.0	1.1	26.6	1.4	25.2	0.9	24.7	0.3	26.0	0.7	27.1	0.8	29.1	1.0	29.1	-0.2	27.9	0.6	
2012	30.1	0.2	30.8	1.1	29.5	0.1	28.6	0.1	26.6	-0.3	25.1	-0.1	24.9	0.6	24.8	0.4	25.6	0.3	27.2	1.0	28.9	0.8	29.8	0.5	27.7	0.4	
2013	29.7	-0.1	30.0	0.2	29.5	0.2	28.1	-0.4	27.1	0.1	25.6	0.4	24.9	0.6	24.8	0.4	26.1	0.8	27.5	1.3	28.8	0.8	30.0	0.7	27.7	0.4	
2014	30.0	0.2	30.4	0.6	30.1	0.7	29.0	0.4	27.5	0.6	26.1	0.9	25.3	1.0	25.4	1.0	26.3	1.0	28.3	2.1	29.5	1.5	30.1	0.8	28.2	0.9	

¹ LTM: Long term mean, 1981-2010

Table 1.4 Mean minimum temperature, 2005 - 2014

Degrees celcius

Month	J	an	FI	ЕВ	М	ar	A	pr	М	ay	Jı	un	J	ul	A	ug	Se	pt	o	ct	N	ov	D	ec	M m	rees celcius Iean of inimum innual iperature
	LTM	1 (22.3)	LTM	(22.6)	LTM	(22.1)	LTM	(21.2)	LTM	(19.4)	LTM	(17.6)	LTM	(16.9)	LTM	(16.9)	LTM	(17.2)	LTM	(18.3)	LTM	(19.6)	LTM	(21.2)	LT	M (19.6)
Year	Mean	Difference from LTM	Mean	Difference from LTM																						
2005	23.1	0.8	22.8	0.2	22.6	0.4	21.4	0.2	20.2	0.8	17.9	0.3	17.3	0.4	16.9	-0.1	18.1	0.8	17.9	-0.4	19.3	-0.2	21.0	-0.2	19.9	0.3
2006	22.3	0.0	22.8	0.2	23.0	0.8	21.6	0.4	18.9	-0.4	18.9	1.3	17.4	0.4	16.8	-0.1	17.6	0.4	18.6	0.3	20.6	1.0	22.3	1.2	20.1	0.5
2007	23.5	1.2	23.5	0.9	22.2	0.1	21.9	0.7	20.1	0.7	17.7	0.1	17.7	0.8	17.2	0.3	17.7	0.4	18.7	0.4	19.8	0.3	21.9	0.8	20.2	0.6
2008	22.6	0.3	22.9	0.3	21.9	-0.3	20.9	-0.3	19.3	-0.1	18.0	0.4	16.8	-0.1	17.8	0.9	18.6	1.4	19.4	1.1	20.6	1.1	21.9	0.7	20.1	0.5
2009	22.8	0.5	23.3	0.7	22.7	0.5	22.6	1.4	20.0	0.7	18.6	1.0	17.8	0.9	17.5	0.6	17.6	0.4	19.2	0.9	20.6	1.1	22.0	0.8	20.4	0.8
2010	22.9	0.6	23.4	0.8	23.1	0.9	21.5	0.3	20.9	1.5	19.1	1.5	17.3	0.4	17.0	0.1	17.0	-0.3	19.1	0.8	19.6	0.0	20.9	-0.3	20.1	0.5
2011	22.2	-0.1	23.3	0.7	22.5	0.3	21.8	0.6	19.4	0.1	19.2	1.6	17.5	0.6	17.5	0.6	17.6	0.4	18.7	0.4	20.5	0.9	21.9	0.7	20.2	0.6
2012	22.0	-0.3	23.1	0.5	22.5	0.4	22.3	1.1	20.1	0.7	18.1	0.5	17.9	1.0	17.8	0.9	17.9	0.7	19.1	0.8	20.7	1.1	22.8	1.6	20.4	0.8
2013	23.1	0.8	23.4	0.8	22.7	0.6	21.9	0.7	18.9	-0.5	17.6	0.0	16.1	-0.8	17.5	0.6	18.2	1.0	19.6	1.3	20.3	0.7	21.8	0.6	20.1	0.5
2014	23.3	1.0	23.2	0.6	22.6	0.5	21.5	0.3	19.5	0.1	18.7	1.1	18.6	1.7	17.7	0.8	17.6	0.4	20.1	1.8	21.4	1.8	22.6	1.4	20.6	1.0

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Services

¹ LTM: Long term mean, 1981-2010

Table 1.5 - Mean annual rainfall 1 by region, 2005 - 2014

Reg	ion	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
West LTM ²	Mean (mm)	1,255	740	1,012	1,154	1,200	609	1,050	631	971	906
(912 mm)	% of LTM	138	81	111	131	137	69	115	69	106	99
North LTM (1,294 mm)	Mean (mm)	1,525	1,463	1,094	1,645	1,688	1,062	1,443	963	1,262	1,264
(1,294 IIIII)	% of LTM	118	113	85	120	123	78	111	74	97	98
South LTM	Mean (mm)	2,771	2,200	2,355	2,943	2,828	2,400	2,213	1,996	2,668	2,607
(2,572 mm)	% of LTM	108	86	92	113	109	93	86	78	104	101
East LTM	Mean (mm)	3,188	2,646	2,736	2,999	3,155	2,756	2,794	2,289	2,716	2,758
(2,568 mm)	% of LTM	124	103	107	124	130	114	109	89	106	107
Centre LTM	Mean (mm)	3,081	2,433	2,744	3,043	2,959	2,153	2,228	2,158	2,898	2,833
(2,568 mm)	% of LTM	120	95	107	116	113	82	87	84	113	110
Whole Island LTM (2,003 mm)	Mean (mm)	2,376	1,914	1,946	2,381	2,383	1,806	1,948	1,621	2,126	2,094
, , , , , ,	% of LTM	119	96	97	120	120	91	97	81	106	105

¹ Average of 23 stations for different regions

² LTM : Long Term Mean, 1981 - 2010

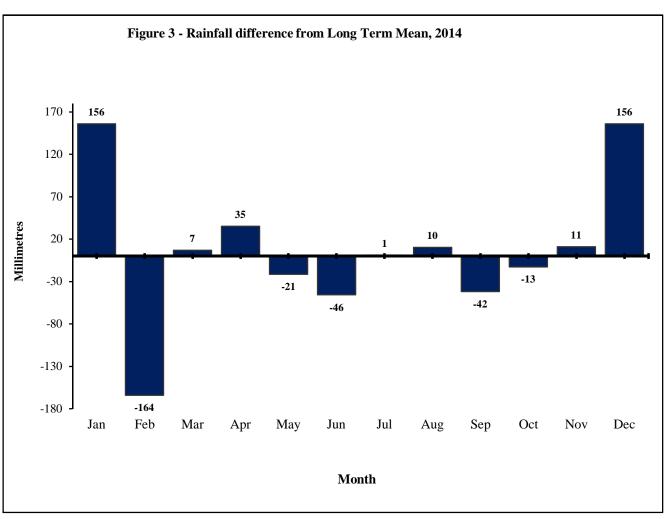
28

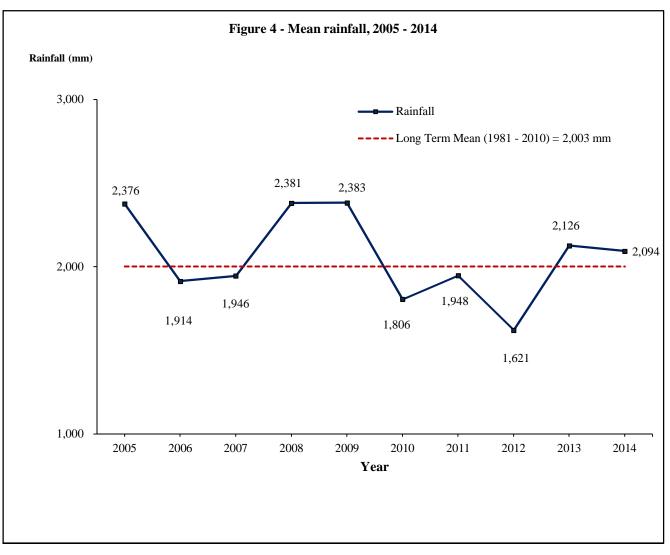
Table 1.6 - Mean monthly rainfall $^{\rm 1}$ by region, 2014

Region		West			North			South			East			Centre		Whole Island		
Month	Mean (mm)	Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	% of Long Term Mean															
January	306	186	165	242	177	137	513	306	168	524	309	170	510	333	153	419	263	159
February	101	219	46	127	245	52	237	393	60	250	427	59	203	446	46	184	348	53
March	96	138	70	175	190	92	333	326	102	376	338	111	355	315	113	270	263	103
April	90	85	106	165	137	120	371	279	133	294	280	105	292	268	109	247	212	117
May	26	40	65	103	89	116	146	197	74	151	207	73	192	196	98	127	148	86
June	2	25	10	19	63	30	94	153	62	88	143	61	96	141	68	61	107	57
July	10	23	41	23	71	33	153	181	84	188	164	114	247	173	143	126	125	101
August	51	17	301	58	59	97	121	153	79	173	138	125	178	151	118	116	106	110
September	11	27	40	22	57	39	64	136	47	74	130	57	95	124	76	54	96	56
October	11	22	51	50	42	119	90	107	84	92	101	91	74	107	69	64	77	84
November	13	30	43	49	45	109	134	114	117	107	107	100	130	92	141	89	78	114
December	189	100	189	230	119	193	351	227	155	442	224	197	462	222	208	336	180	187
Year	906	912	99	1,264	1,294	98	2,607	2,572	101	2,758	2,568	107	2,833	2,568	110	2,094	2,003	105

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Services

¹ Average of 23 stations for different regions





 $Table \ 1.7 \ \textbf{-} \ Monthly \ (24 \textbf{-} hourly \ maximum) \ rainfall \ by \ station, \ 2005 \ \textbf{-} \ 2014$

Millimetre

					Vaco	as statio	1					Illimetre
Month												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Year				•	·				•			
2005	53.9	61.6	137.9	54.9	21.9	10.3	36.1	12.8	35.9	15.0	7.2	9.0
2006	195.8	99.0	125.4	14.2	32.0	11.0	31.4	9.1	13.1	9.1	80.2	10.9
2007	75.9	212.6	41.4	14.9	13.9	56.5	17.7	14.4	17.7	25.2	14.1	7.5
2008	50.0	110.3	155.0	41.2	116.0	29.1	39.3	8.4	103.9	10.2	45.7	76.2
2009	49.9	54.5	50.1	33.8	32.7	14.3	46.6	11.5	10.1	102.9	83.8	74.5
2010	46.6	58.8	22.3	33.1	21.8	12.3	26.9	28.4	22.7	10.0	59.7	3.6
2011	96.0	94.4	84.8	7.3	38.6	84.6	9.5	20.4	10.4	11.2	44.9	94.2
2012	22.2	55.7	57.0	60.0	74.6	22.1	9.2	10.1	8.7	9.0	23.1	21.4
2013	43.6	59.2	201.8	54.7	11.0	14.6	8.2	30.0	15.7	19.9	88.5	15.5
2014	83.6	38.0	99.1	54.3	32.8	8.7	19.6	16.7	19.1	11.8	17.5	56.3
					Pamplen	iousses st	ation					
Month												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Year												
2005	32.5	69.2	112.1	7.5	12.0	13.0	26.0	12.8	13.7	26.2	5.3	18.9
2006	129.3	111.8	139.6	10.7	38.6	56.5	36.5	12.5	17.5	3.3	35.3	8.5
2007	32.4	75.8	27.8	15.0	32.8	68.1	15.3	7.9	8.7	30.3	33.8	11.7
2008	83.1	56.0	130.1	3.5	54.2	32.4	13.8	9.0	104.0	15.5	37.0	12.0
2009	43.2	109.2	56.5	35.0	15.4	14.5	20.5	24.0	15.1	54.0	62.5	125.0
2010	56.0	36.0	50.5	28.3	26.0	17.0	10.5	21.0	9.5	12.0	23.7	10.5
2011	42.5	83.0	109.0	32.2	18.5	74.2	11.8	23.0	5.1	4.8	21.0	36.0
2012	20.0	29.0	61.0	27.5	45.5	17.2	15.0	7.0	3.5	9.5	21.0	41.6
2013	28.0	113.0	59.2	28.6	10.8	6.9	3.6	13.2	7.5	33.0	50.2	55.0
2014	45.0	31.0	105.6	69.0	80.0	3.7	4.2	13.0	6.5	44.0	13.0	45.0
					Fue	el station						
Month												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Year												
2005	49.2	67.8	133.4	31.7	21.7	89.2	84.9	16.4	61.4	9.8	10.2	11.4
2006	100.9	135.8	154.2	11.8	30.8	11.4	45.3	29.2	62.4	9.9	51.4	13.1
2007	74.6	55.8	80.2	14.2	36.2	81.6	17.4	20.4	29.8	28.6	30.6	11.4
2008	119.2	50.2	321.0	12.5	84.2	39.8	23.4	13.4	164.0	23.6	59.2	30.2
2009	46.8	88.4	75.8	53.8	38.2	29.7	33.9	40.3	38.6	121.0	85.9	96.4
2010	124.6	67.2	84.0	63.6	37.4	13.6	31.5	49.8	30.2	20.4	81.0	5.2
2010	251.7	99.0	218.2	37.2	25.9	80.2	20.3	34.7	62.0	22.8	15.9	55.9
	20.4	64.8	76.5	27.0	25.6	31.8	15.9	16.0	9.2	8.7	26.2	52.6
2012												
2013	36.6	117.1	56.5	28.0	14.5	11.0	10.4	50.3	11.7	70.7	39.2	13.0
2014	104.0	63.5	98.3	85.8	25.0	23.5	13.0	33.5	17.5	22.5	16.0	46.0

 $Table \ 1.7 \ (cont'd) \ - \ Monthly \ (24-hourly \ maximum) \ rainfall \ by \ station, \ 2005 \ - \ 2014$

Millimetre

					Plaisa	nce statio	on .				IV	Aillimetre			
Month Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec			
2005	73.6	103.7	107.4	49.7	22.8	50.3	20.1	8.9	24.5	6.8	16.9	36.1			
2006	101.0	108.0	185.1	26.2	14.9	14.8	23.7	23.9	8.5	6.2	13.7	8.6			
2007	63.0	60.9	60.8	19.1	20.2	58.5	27.4	21.1	16.9	24.8	9.0	8.3			
2008	31.3	44.6	135.1	22.6	138.2	70.5	7.1	12.6	108.7	9.0	68.9	30.5			
2009	57.7	41.7	52.5	128.0	44.4	28.2	11.7	52.3	15.1	73.2	92.5	58.7			
2010	82.5	75.2	75.4	99.5	14.4	7.2	18.4	10.7	16.2	3.1	18.8	4.2			
2011	49.4	124.3	65.3	6.3	29.5	49.9	17.6	36.7	11.6	12.9	15.2	94.2			
2012	11.2	51.1	143.4	38.4	32.5	5.1	16.1	9.3	5.0	4.8	37.1	81.4			
2013	30.2	159.1	118.6	20.4	5.0	36.1	29.7	25.6	5.1	33.3	71.8	55.1			
2014	55.1	37.3	76.7	47.6	27.6	38.5	7.5	17.5	7.4	21.8	12.3	66.4			
	Medine Station														
Month Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec			
2005	76.0	85.3	136.4	14.0	25.0	3.9	4.0	3.2	52.1	0.0	0.0	2.2			
2006	62.5	63.9	82.2	0.0	15.5	5.3	6.5	1.0	13.0	0.0	25.5	12.5			
2007	41.8	89.2	24.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	4.5	17.2	7.5	37.8	8.6	20.0			
2008	40.8	37.5	61.6	0.0	36.2	19.0	5.2	14.0	80.0	6.2	18.4	27.0			
2009	32.5	19.8	42.5	28.5	7.0	15.2	7.5	6.0	5.5	135.0	104.0	44.0			
2010	40.0	60.3	38.5	22.1	8.4	1.6	6.1	10.5	1.3	1.4	27.5	10.0			
2011	64.5	80.0	37.0	3.8	78.0	64.0	2.2	10.0	1.5	0.0	15.4	13.3			
2012	28.3	22.0	34.3	18.0	86.4	2.0	3.5	4.0	0.0	16.0	22.0	55.5			
2013	27.0	44.0	103.5	16.0	13.0	3.0	2.0	24.7	0.0	37.0	52.0	20.0			
2014	70.0	43.8	45.0	78.5	5.0	0.0	5.0	24.0	4.2	7.0	5.0	33.0			

Table 1.8 - Monthly mean relative humidity (%) with extremes, 2014

Region	Stat	ion	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		Mean	79	85	78	86	76	73	75	71	67	74	77	75
North	Pamplemousses	LTM ¹	82	83	82	83	83	81	81	80	78	78	77	79
	1	Highest	96	96	92	96	95	91	95	96	96	90	89	92
		Lowest	54	71	50	62	53	49	54	49	48	53	54	53
		Mean	80	81	79	79	75	73	76	71	71	74	77	82
South	Plaisance	LTM	81	83	83	82	79	77	77	76	77	76	77	79
		Highest	97	95	95	95	95	96	95	97	95	95	97	96
		Lowest	52	59	53	43	44	51	52	48	48	49	50	58
		Mean	76	78	86	80	73	72	77	75	74	73	70	77
East	FUEL	LTM	83	86	84	85	83	81	82	81	81	81	81	83
		Highest	92	90	88	90	90	93	94	86	93	85	84	98
		Lowest	60	63	68	50	40	50	53	62	62	64	62	61
		Mean	76	77	76	77	74	71	73	72	70	71	71	80
West	Medine	LTM	80	81	79	78	78	77	76	76	75	75	76	78
		Highest	96	96	91	96	93	91	95	95	91	96	96	96
		Lowest	52	51	56	45	49	43	51	43	40	46	48	62
		Mean	85	84	84	85	83	81	85	81	79	80	81	86
Centre	Vacoas	LTM	84	86	85	85	84	83	83	82	82	81	80	82
		Highest	98	98	99	100	99	99	99	98	99	98	98	99
	1 : 10 :	Lowest	56	55	48	54	45	49	57	53	55	55	51	60

Source : Meteorological Services

¹ LTM : Long Term Mean (1981 - 2010)

Table 1.9 - Mean monthly and extreme values of mean sea level atmospheric pressure at Plaisance aeronautical station, 2005 - 2014

_		1	T		T	T	T				hPa
Month	ear	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Mean	1,014.0	1,015.0	1,014.3	1,012.4	1,012.0	1,010.8	1,011.3	1,011.1	1,013.6	1,013.6
January	Highest	1,018.6	1,020.0	1,018.0	1,017.6	1,016.1	1,015.0	1,014.8	1,015.6	1,018.2	1,017.8
	Lowest	1,006.4	1,009.1	1,010.2	996.8	1,006.7	1,001.2	1,004.1	1,005.4	1,005.9	1,004.3
	Mean	1,009.0	1,013.2	1,007.7	1,011.4	1,010.7	1,011.9	1,010.0	1,009.9	1,011.3	1,010.6
February	Highest	1,013.6	1,012.4	1,014.8	1,017.3	1,016.0	1,015.9	1,014.4	1,015.4	1,014.5	1,018.4
	Lowest	1,003.2	1,007.6	1,000.1	999.1	1,003.8	1,005.8	1,005.4	1,001.5	1,005.1	1,000.2
	Mean	1,010.1	1,013.2	1,013.9	1,012.4	1,013.0	1,014.1	1,012.8	1,013.5	1,014.0	1,013.4
March	Highest	1,015.2	1,018.3	1,020.1	1,018.5	1,017.4	1,017.7	1,017.5	1,020.0	1,018.6	1,018.6
	Lowest	990.4	1,005.7	1,006.7	1,000.9	1,009.6	1,010.7	1,006.6	1,004.8	1,008.8	1,006.9
	Mean	1,014.1	1,015.6	1,016.1	1,015.9	1,014.4	1,016.6	1,015.5	1,014.7	1,014.3	1,015.7
April	Highest	1,018.5	1,019.1	1,019.8	1,020.1	1,019.2	1,022.0	1,019.6	1,019.2	1,019.1	1,020.6
	Lowest	1,006.5	1,010.9	1,011.9	1,011.9	1,006.3	1,012.0	1,010.3	1,009.5	1,007.0	1,008.9
	Mean	1,018.1	1,017.0	1,018.4	1,017.6	1,015.9	1,016.9	1,017.0	1,018.1	1,018.8	1,017.7
May	Highest	1,022.4	1,022.6	1,022.1	1,021.8	1,020.9	1,021.8	1,021.9	1,025.1	1,023.4	1,025.0
	Lowest	1,012.8	1,011.1	1,013.4	1,011.3	1,010.9	1,010.1	1,012.4	1,012.8	1,013.7	1,011.4
	Mean	1,020.5	1,020.6	1,018.8	1,020.1	1,019.4	1,020.2	1,018.4	1,020.7	1,020.2	1,020.5
June	Highest	1,023.5	1,026.3	1,025.9	1,026.8	1,022.8	1,024.0	1,022.4	1,026.0	1,025.9	1,026.3
	Lowest	1,015.6	1,015.6	1,013.2	1,010.3	1,014.5	1,013.4	1,014.3	1,015.4	1,015.9	1,015.9
	Mean	1,022.7	1,023.1	1,020.7	1,022.1	1,022.2	1,020.2	1,019.1	1,020.3	1,020.1	1,022.5
July	Highest	1,027.9	1,028.9	1,025.2	1,026.5	1,028.2	1,024.8	1,023.8	1,023.9	1,025.1	1,027.1
	Lowest	1,017.1	1,017.6	1,016.6	1,016.5	1,017.6	1,015.2	1,012.1	1,016.2	1,014.9	1,013.6
	Mean	1,022.6	1,022.0	1,021.3	1,020.5	1,021.8	1,021.6	1,020.1	1,021.8	1,021.8	1,021.3
August	Highest	1,027.4	1,025.4	1,026.5	1,025.1	1,026.9	1,025.4	1,025.3	1,025.4	1,026.0	1,026.8
	Lowest	1,012.4	1,017.6	1,016.2	1,016.6	1,015.8	1,017.2	1,015.2	1,017.1	1,017.8	1,013.5
	Mean	1,022.0	1,021.9	1,021.2	1,019.9	1,021.3	1,019.6	1,021.0	1,022.0	1,020.6	1,021.5
September	Highest	1,025.9	1,022.6	1,027.5	1,023.8	1,028.0	1,024.8	1,025.9	1,026.3	1,024.6	1,027.8
	Lowest	1,015.0	1,011.1	1,015.0	1,014.1	1,015.7	1,014.3	1,016.0	1,014.9	1,015.9	1,013.1
	Mean	1,019.9	1,021.2	1,019.9	1,018.7	1,018.6	1,017.9	1,017.0	1,018.8	1,019.7	1,018.4
October	Highest	1,024.8	1,026.1	1,024.0	1,022.2	1,022.2	1,021.4	1,024.4	1,023.4	1,025.9	1,022.7
	Lowest	1,014.7	1,016.8	1,015.1	1,014.6	1,013.2	1,008.2	1,008.9	1,013.7	1,009.5	1,014.0
	Mean	1,018.2	1,016.9	1,016.7	1,015.2	1,015.2	1,016.6	1,015.5	1,015.7	1,015.5	1,015.8
November	Highest	1,025.8	1,022.6	1,020.5	1,021.2	1,022.4	1,023.6	1,020.2	1,020.1	1,019.4	1,022.0
	Lowest	1,010.9	1,011.1	1,012.9	1,010.3	1,007.8	1,010.9	1,010.7	1,011.0	1,011.1	1,003.6
	Mean	1,015.1	1,015.9	1,012.6	1,013.5	1,013.8	1,012.9	1,012.4	1,013.3	1,013.4	1,013.7
December	Highest	1,020.1	1,019.2	1,019.0	1,018.6	1,018.1	1,017.4	1,019.7	1,017.4	1,019.4	1,018.4
	Lowest	1,011.4	1,010.8	1,002.6	1,009.3	1,006.9	1,001.0	1,008.1	1,007.1	1,011.1	1,005.4
Source: Mauritiu	us Meteorolog	ical Services									

Table 1.10 - Monthly mean wind speed 1 and highest gusts 2 at Plaisance aeronautical station, 2005 - 2014

km/hr

											km/hr
Month	Zear	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
January	Mean Wind Speed	13.9	17.1	17.1	19.0	9.5	11.4	15.2	13.3	19.0	17.1
Junuary	Highest gust	55.1	59.2	59.5	62.4	54.5	59.5	48.0	52.4		72.0
February	Mean Wind Speed	11.6	17.1	22.8	19.0	17.1	13.3	13.3	13.3	12.5	15.2
	Highest gust	64.0	58.0	109.4	91.2	89.6	51.5	52.8	73.0	99.8	84.8
March	Mean Wind Speed	10.7	17.1	15.2	17.1	13.3	13.3	11.4	19.0	15.0	14.3
	Highest gust	85.5	81.6	33.0	61.1	78.4	59.5	60.8	62.2	57.6	51.2
April	Mean Wind Speed	10.5	13.3	19.0	13.3	15.2	13.3	15.2	17.1	19.6	15.2
•	Highest gust	53.0	52.8	32.2	41.8	54.4	57.9	51.2	54.4	59.2	65.6
May	Mean Wind Speed	15.9	13.3	15.2	13.3	13.3	17.1	9.5	15.2	15.6	16.0
·	Highest gust	56.0	45.0	53.1	56.3	65.6	56.3	48.0	59.2	60.8	59.2
June	Mean Wind Speed	13.6	17.1	17.1	19.0	13.3	17.1	13.3	18.8	17.1	16.3
	Highest gust	53.0	64.0	59.5	66.0	51.2	67.6	48.0	59.2	60.8	56.0
July	Mean Wind Speed	15.5	20.9	19.0	20.9	19.0	19.0	15.2	18.4	15.2	20.1
	Highest gust	64.8	70.8	64.0	75.2	67.6	59.2	54.4	57.6	52.8	59.2
August	Mean Wind Speed	18.8	17.1	20.9	15.2	19.0	20.9	17.1	20.9	20.0	19.0
O	Gust	61.1	56.3	65.6	56.2	60.8	62.7	59.2	62.4	62.4	64.0
September	Mean Wind Speed	20.7	19.0	20.9	19.0	17.1	15.2	17.1	20.9	19.0	17.7
•	Highest gust	62.9	56.3	62.7	51.2	67.2	52.8	57.6	59.2	43.1	72.0
October	Mean Wind Speed	18.2	20.9	20.9	19.0	15.2	17.1	15.2	20.9	17.9	17.7
	Highest gust	55.5	64.3	54.4	57.6	54.4	56.3	49.6	56.0	54.4	45.9
November	Mean Wind Speed	17.7	19.0	17.1	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	16.0	11.6	16.3
	Highest gust	66.6	54.7	48.0	49.6	52.8	49.6	44.8	43.2	49.6	62.4
December	Mean Wind Speed	14.8	19.0	19.0	13.3	15.2	15.2	13.3	16.0	12.4	11.8
	Highest gust	50.0	59.2	75.2	48.0	59.2	44.8	44.8	52.8	52.8	48.0

¹ 10 minutes mean speed

² 3 seconds gusts

Table 1.11 - Monthly total hours of sunshine by region and station, 2005 - 2014

Hours

]	Region :	North	Stati	on : Pan	plemous	sses				Hours
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Yearly Total
2005	279	143	175	271	212	256	209	267	241	257	240	275	2,823
2006	273	240	211	245	243	250	248	255	240	274	239	283	2,999
2007	187	156	219	236	225	187	240	239	256	236	290	285	2,755
2008	234	204	217	266	216	211	234	230	218	269	246	262	2,806
2009	248	193	218	201	248	239	216	216	229	258	248	232	2,745
2010	200	230	199	273	233	199	216	233	214	268	245	314	2,822
2011	237	190	237	236	252	252	248	233	256	288	273	195	2,895
2012	253	215	213	230	223	182	233	197	210	231	214	220	2,622
2013	222	152	210	241	253	251	251	258	258	262	259	277	2,892
2014	212	209	236	246	257	248	212	225	230	279	281	216	2,850
Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	242	212	231	230	233	225	230	243	231	260	256	246	2,839
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Re	gion: Eas	st	Station	Fuel			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
2005	267	145	188	254	165	185	175	225	182	210	212	271	2,480
2006	251	207	186	219	232	195	192	195	215	200	195	215	2,502
2007	135	129	201	182	188	151	193	178	204	165	243	249	2,217
2008	176	165	177	224	181	173	205	169	158	227	201	235	2,289
2009	247	193	183	165	197	204	173	167	202	203	185	234	2,351
2010	172	183	172	235	189	185	196	196	167	224	243	289	2,451
2011	215	169	206	186	228	178	201	156	227	196	266	142	2,370
2012	234	188	188	190	172	156	182	156	173	215	220	203	2,276
2013	185	135	178	153	213	200	205	215	231	222	234	266	2,436
2014	171	195	227	214	201	171	165	202	213	223	207	168	2,357
Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	212	185	203	183	190	184	182	190	187	207	221	217	2,360
		l	l	Regi	on : Wes	t S	Station : 1	Medine			l	l	ı
2005	300	198	198	270	223	222	205	256	219	262	254	277	2,883
2006	246	212	222	217	258	251	249	236	224	254	205	251	2,824
2007	185	176	224	228	227	188	250	250	252	222	269	259	2,731
2008	208	195	229	253	223	197	239	197	201	254	242	252	2,691
2009	257	198	195	201	235	238	204	225	225	211	248	233	2,669
2010	206	230	235	261	266	233	224	220	231	284	270	287	2,946
2011	221	214	223	234	257	229	253	206	253	271	252	206	2,818
2012	273	230	224	245	245	208	237	224	228	253	230	235	2,832
2013	221	162	229	242	274	242	255	267	271	243	266	262	2,933
2014	222	206	252	253	260	252	234	253	257	275	235	198	2,895
Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	231	204	225	216	234	221	226	229	219	241	237	239	2,722

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Services

 $Table \ 1.11 \ (cont'd) \ - \ Monthly \ total \ hours \ of \ sunshine \ by \ region \ and \ station, 2005 \ - \ 2014$

	Hour												
	ı	ı	ı	Region	ı : Centr	re Si	tation : V	/acoas					I
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Yearly Total
2005	289	148	167	245	208	225	200	235	212	237	216	258	2,641
2006	268	203	200	227	238	229	218	220	225	265	229	281	2,804
2007	185	155	213	218	219	205	245	239	240	232	272	288	2,710
2008	230	194	220	259	221	184	226	214	227	269	222	260	2,725
2009	229	199	226	206	236	237	204	199	221	221	229	220	2,627
2010	164	213	190	267	237	227	213	205	194	254	238	280	2,680
2011	209	178	212	225	224	219	229	207	225	272	223	181	2,605
2012	242	213	216	223	219	185	221	200	222	223	196	223	2,582
2013	204	136	217	214	236	229	243	246	259	235	208	248	2,675
2014	199	203	247	249	247	250	231	240	261	287	240	157	2,810
Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	225	193	220	210	226	217	219	222	216	240	239	231	2,658
				Region	: South	Sta	tion : Pl	aisance					
2005	282	154	175	240	162	165	148	225	182	214	208	286	2,441
2006	259	218	186	222	219	166	173	175	222	240	231	262	2,572
2007	155	165	218	188	184	137	186	167	219	198	286	293	2,397
2008	233	222	213	248	186	155	184	165	184	249	256	297	2,593
2009	281	197	216	156	184	194	143	162	222	216	221	256	2,449
2010	204	195	187	247	213	191	184	175	179	241	274	326	2,615
2011	257	200	234	234	216	183	187	193	226	234	266	212	2,642
2012	285	228	216	200	172	148	177	165	191	225	254	225	2,487
2013	235	147	206	156	179	161	167	188	244	224	258	285	2,450
2014	227	204	242	212	196	160	145	177	228	260	250	198	2,498
Long Term Mean (1981- 2010)	240	203	211	194	193	174	170	185	197	230	251	251	2,499

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Services

Table 1.12 - Gross storage capacity and characteristics of reservoirs and major lakes

Reservoir	Gross capacity (Mm ³)	% of gross capacity	Purpose	Maximum water spread area (km²)	Full reservoir level, m (a.m.s.l) ²
Mare aux Vacoas 1	25.89	28.5	Domestic	5.60	566.35
Midlands Dam	25.50	28.1	Domestic, irrigation and industrial	2.98	395.00
La Ferme ¹	11.52	12.7	Irrigation	2.28	146.00
Mare Longue	6.28	6.9	Hydro-power and irrigation	1.05	576.91
La Nicoliere ¹	5.26	5.8	Domestic, irrigation and industrial	1.02	249.02
Diamamove	4.30	4.7	Hydro-power	0.43	241.00
Eau Bleue	4.10	4.5	Hydro-power	0.75	355.00
Piton du Milieu ¹	2.99	3.3	Domestic	0.76	438.00
Tamarind Falls	2.30	2.5	Hydro-power and irrigation	1.68	492.36
Valetta	2.00	2.2			
Dagotiere	0.60	0.7			
Total Storage Capacity	90.74	100.0			

Lake	Gross capacity (Mm³)	Maximum water spread area (km²)	Full lake level, m (a.m.s.l) ²
Grand Bassin		0.087	
Bassin Blanc		0.037	

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

¹ Based on hydrographic survey of 1997

² a.m.s.l : above mean sea level

Table 1.13- Percentage water level by month and reservoir, $\,2013$ - $\,2014$

		1	ı	1	1	1		1			1	1	%
N	Ionth	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
					Mare aux	x Vacoas (Capacity	25.89 Mm	3)				
No	rmal ¹	60	65	80	83	83	81	79	80	78	72	63	58
	Mean	61	73	92	100	95	87	79	75	68	60	57	59
2013	Min	52	63	85	99	91	84	76	72	64	55	55	56
	Max	64	85	99	100	99	90	84	76	72	64	62	62
	Mean	65	72	77	86	90	84	80	82	77	68	58	56
2014	Min	56	67	72	81	87	80	78	81	74	63	54	53
	Max	67	74	84	90 La Ni	92 coliere (Ca	87	82 26 Mm ³)	83	81	73	63	63
NI.	ormal	62	75	0.1					0.4	90	40	16	20
N		63	75	91	92	95	94	93	94	89	69	46	39
2012	Mean	51	80	100	100	92	50	58	65 50	75	57	45	62
2013	Min Max	44	53	100	100	72	41	56 59	58	71 77	39	39	57
	Mean	56 84	100 91	100 88	100 94	100 98	70 68	61	72 82	74	71 50	54 39	66 62
2014	Min	57	81	78	82	84	58	58	73	60	43	30	39
	Max	100	100	100	100	100	84	72	87	83	60	48	97
						u Milieu (<u> </u>				
N	ormal	64	72	88	89	91	86	83	83	81	73	60	57
	Mean	48	84	99	100	95	84	79	71	68	58	53	61
2013	Min	27	61	98	98	89	82	75	69	64	51	50	56
	Max	61	100	100	100	99	89	83	74	70	64	60	64
	Mean	93	99	99	99	98	88	77	87	83	67	50	55
2014	Min	61	98	99	97	95	81	74	83	76	59	43	39
	Max	100	100	100	100	100	94	83	88	88	76	58	96
		1	ı	1	La Fo	erme (Cap	acity 11.5	2 Mm ³)			ı		
N	ormal	23	30	64	75	77	69	58	49	37	25	13	10
	Mean	26	40	90	100	90	71	63	52	40	28	24	44
2013	Min	21	27	69	99	79	68	56	47	33	22	21	37
	Max	28	68	100	100	99	78	68	56	46	33	35	46
2011	Mean	67	88	90	89	87	77	64	57	51	38	29	28
2014	Min	43	82	88	86	82	71	60	55	45	33	24	22
	Max	82	91	91	91 More 1	90 Longue (C	81	70	60	55	45	33	45
N	ormal	32	48	73	75	77	73	65	63	58	46	28	20
110													
2013	Mean Min	43 36	56 46	82 70	100 99	98 94	91 89	84 81	80 79	77 72	68 63	64 62	64 62
2013	Max	47	69	95	100	99	94	89	81	80	72	66	67
	Mean	74	91	98	99	93	70	65	66	64	55	46	52
2014	Min	62	79	95	98	75	65	64	65	62	50	43	45
	Max	78	96	100	100	100	75	65	66	66	62	50	67
					Midlan	ds Dam (0	Capacity 2	25.5 Mm ³)					
	Mean	47	66	91	100	97	93	79	64	55	45	42	41
2013	Min	37	53	81	97	96	88	71	59	50	40	41	38
_	Max	52	81	100	100	98	97	87	70	59	50	44	44
	Mean	56	71	86	99	99	98	88	86	81	65	50	46
2014	Min	39	66	77	99	98	93	85	85	75	56	45	40
	Max	64	76	100	100	100	99	92	87	85	75	56	60
	1			l .		ding Midla				•			
N	ormal	49	56	77	82	83	79	75	73	68	58	46	41
	Mean	49				94		74	69			49	
2012			65	91	100		80			64	53		57
2013	Min	41	52	82	99	87	77	70	66	59	47	46	53
	Max	53	82	99	100	99	86	78	72	68	59	56	60
	Mean	70	80	85	90	91	79	73	75	70	58	48	50
2014	Min	54	54	82	86	85	74	71	74	65	53	44	43
	Max	77	92	90	02	0.4	0.5	74				52	

¹ Normal is the long term mean for 1990-1999

92

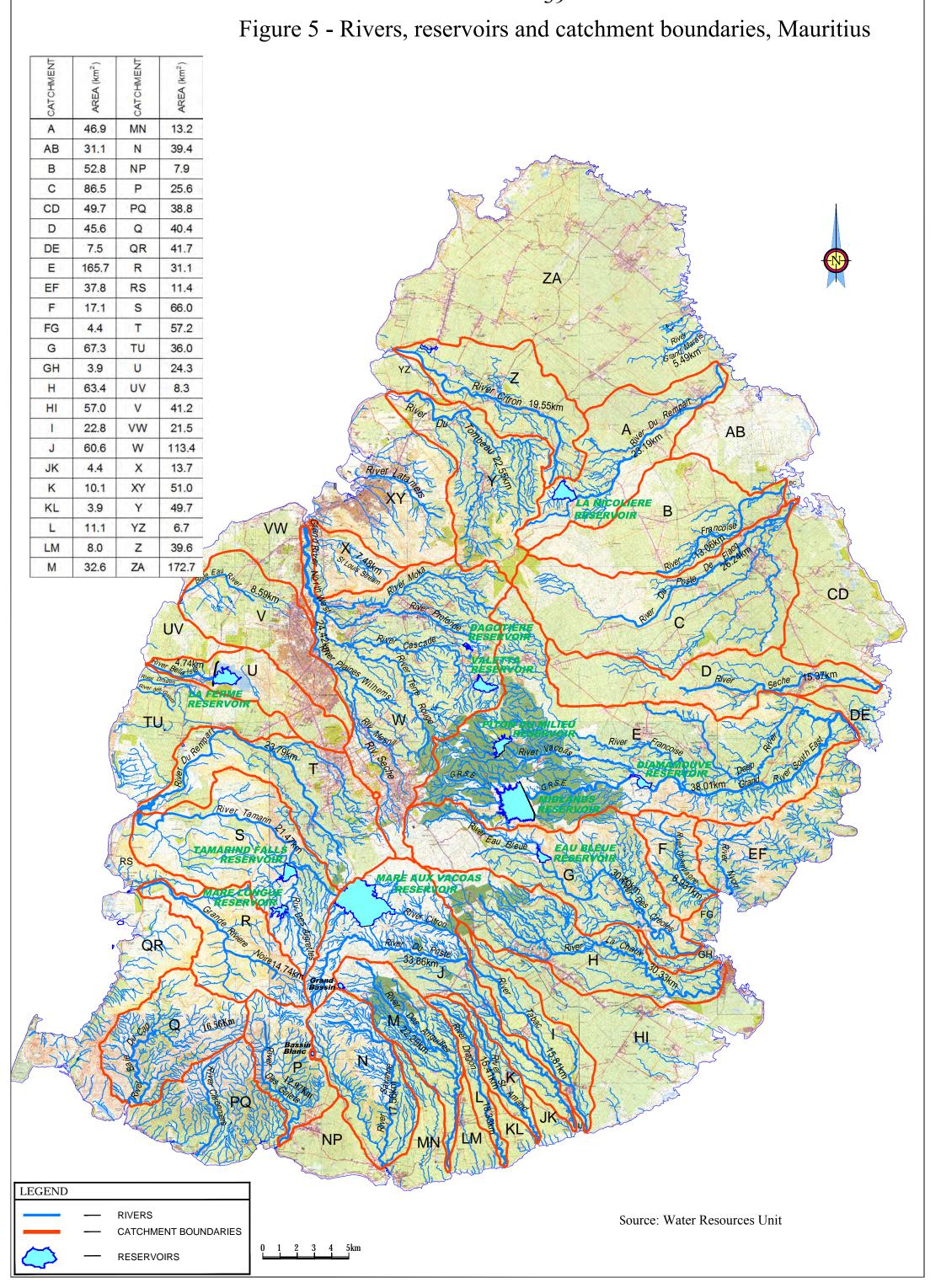
85

74

76

74

Source: Water Resources Unit



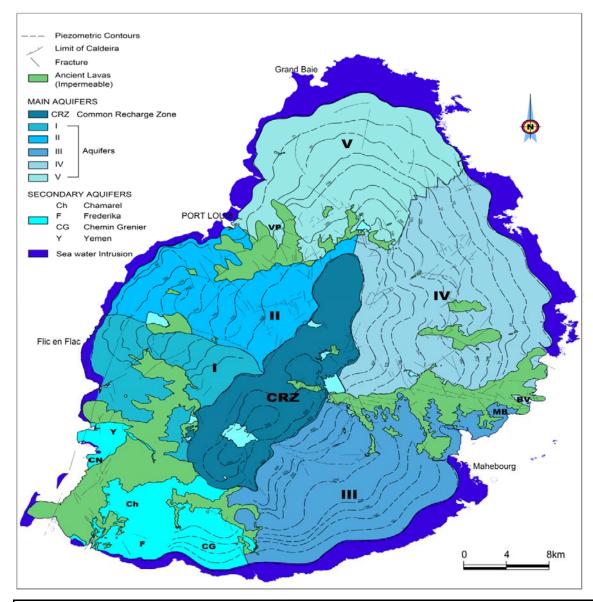


Figure 6 - Main aquifers

Five main aquifers:

- I. The aquifer of Curepipe/Vacoas/Flic-en-Flac commonly known as the Curepipe aquifer.
- II. Aquifer of Phoenix/Beau-Bassin/Albion -Moka/Coromandel.
- III. Aquifer of Nouvelle France/Rose-Belle/Plaisance.
- IV. Aquifer of Nouvelle Decouverte/Plaine des Roches/Trou d'eau Douce.
- V. Aquifer of Northern Plains.

Secondary aquifers:

Aquifer of CheminGrenier/Frederica (CG/F)

Aquifer of Chamarel (Ch)

Alluvial aquifers of Grande Riviere Noire/Sud Yemen (Y) and Vallee des Pretres (VP)

Fractured aquifers at Chamarel (Ch) and Bambous Virieux (BV)

Carbonated aquifers such as: Mt Bambous (MB) and West of Case Noyale (CN).

Source: Water Resources Unit

Table 1.14 - Number of mangroves planted and area covered, 2011 - 2014

Period	No. of seedlings	Area covered (m ²)
2011 - 2012	93,250	45,405
2013	10,500	3,500
2014	300	150
Cumulative total number of mangroves planted and area covered as at 2014	330,175	168,643

Source : Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands

Table 1.15 - Fauna population, Republic of Mauritius, 2014

Number

g .	Mauritius							Rodrigues					
Species	Total Native species	Endemic species	Extinct species	Endemic Extinct species	Existing species	Endemic Existing species	Total Native species	Endemic species	Extinct species	Endemic Extinct species	Existing species	Endemic Existing species	
Mammals (Bats)	5	1	2	-	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	1	
Land Birds	28	19	16	12	12	7	14	13	11	11	3	2	
Reptiles	17	16	5	5	12	11	8	8	8	8	-	-	
Butterflies	30	5	4	1	26	4	10	-	1	-	9	-	
Snails	125	81	43	36	82	45	30	16	7	5	23	11	

Source: 5th National Report on the Convention on Biological Diversity, 2015

Table 1.16 - Flora population, Republic of Mauritius, 2014

Number

	Mauritius							Rodrigues					
Species	Total Native species	Endemic species	Extinct species	Endemic Extinct species	Existing species	Endemic Existing species		Endemic species	Extinct species	Endemic Extinct species	Existing species	Endemic Existing species	
Flowering plants	691	273	61	30	630	243	150	47	17	10	133	37	

Source: 5th National Report on the Convention on Biological Diversity, 2015

Table 1.17 - Status of endangered flora, 2012

Number

Number of native plants species (classified as critically endangered as per International Union for Consevation of Nature criteria)	192
Of which successfully propagated	43

Source: National Parks and Conservation Service

Table 1.18 - Evolution of some fauna population of endemic species, Republic of Mauritius, 2000, 2009 and 2012/2013

Species	2000	2009	2012 / 2013	Trends 2009 to 2012
	Near T	hreatened		•
Rodrigues warbler (Acrocephalus rodericanus) (IUCN status: Endangered in 2012, downlisted to Near Threatened in 2013)	150 individuals in 1999	3,000 individuals	4,000 individuals	Increase
	Vul	nerable		
Mauritius kestrel (Falco punctatus)	700 individuals	+/- 600 individuals	362 individuals	Decrease
Mauritius cuckoo-shrike (Coracina typical)	300 - 350 pairs	> 350 pairs ¹	225 - 300 pairs	Decrease
Mauritius black bulbul (Hypsipetes olivaceus)	225 - 340 pairs	225 - 340 pairs	800 to 1,000 individuals	Increase
Mauritius fruit bat (Pteropus niger) (IUCN status: Endangered in 2012, downlisted to Vulnerable in 2013)	10,000	26,000	52,250 individuals in 2012 92,000 individuals in 2013	Increase
	 End	angered		
Pink pigeon (Nesoenas mayeri)	400 individuals	+/- 400 individuals	400 to 450 individuals	Stable
Mauritius echo parakeet (Psittacula eques) (IUCN status: in 2007 downlisted Critically Endangered to Endangered)	120 individuals	+/- 440 individuals	600 individuals	Increase
Rodrigues fody (Foudia flavicans) (IUCN status: Vulnerable in 2012, since 2013 Near Threatened)	900 individuals in 1999	8,000 individuals in 2010	Survey scheduled in 2020	-
Mauritius fody (Foudia rubra) (IUCN status: Critically Endangered in 1994, downlisted to Endangered in 2009)	105 - 125 pairs	Black River Gorges National Park population stable at 105 - 125 pairs, about 160 - 170 individuals on Ile aux Aigrettes	420 individuals	Stable
Rodrigues fruit bat (Peropus rodricensis)	70 < > 100 individuals in 1970	no data	10,000 - 15,000 individuals	Increase
Guenther's gecko (Phelsuma guentheri)	-	-	4,000 - 6,000 individuals on Round Island	
	Critically	Endangered		
Mauritius olive white-eye (Zosterops chloronothos)	< 100 pairs	< 100 pairs in Black River Gorges National Park and surrounding areas, 20 individuals on Ile aux Aigrettes	35 individuals on Ile aux Aigrettes	Increase
	Least	Concern		
Mauritius paradise flycatcher (Erpsiphone bourbonnensis desolata)	250 pairs	> 250 pairs, some increases noted	800 individuals	Increase

Source: 5th National Report on the Convention on Biological Diversity, 2015

¹ No new surveys conducted, but thought to have increased

 $Table \ 1.19 - Areal \ estimates \ for \ the \ various \ Environmentally \ Sensitive \ Areas \ (ESA) \ by \ type \ and \ sub-category, \ Republic \ of \ Mauritius, \ 2009$

DG L TD		Estimated Area (ha)	
ESA Type	Mauritius	Rodrigues	TOTAL
Seagrass & mixed Algae	3,278	17,765	21,043
Sparse Seagrass	1,401		
Frequent Seagrass	957		
Abundant Seagrass	722		
Dense Seagrass	198		
Coral reefs	6,306	7,005	13,311
Reef flat	2,485		
Sparse Corals	787		
Frequent Corals	1,559		
Abundant Corals	732		
Dense Corals	743		
Mangrove	145	24	169
Sparse Mangrove	5		
Frequent Mangrove	28		
Abundant Mangrove	70		
Dense Mangrove	42		
Mud Flats	919	656	1,575
Offshore Islets	1,269	181	1,450
Volcanic	1,139	22	
Sand	94	34	
Calcarenitic limestone	36	125	
Coastal Freshwater Marshlands	406		406
Upland Marsh	65		65
Forests with Native Content	8,700		8,700
Very High Quality (Grade 1)	490		
High Quality (Grade 2)	1,162		
Low Quality (Grade 3)	7,048		
Steep Slopes	45,210	8,051	53,261
Moderately Steep (10 - 20%)	16,352	3,078	
Steep to Very Steep (> 20%)	28,858	4,973	

Source: Environmentally Sensitive Areas Classification Report, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management, Republic of Mauritius, 2009

Figure 7 - Map of Areal estimates for the various Environmentally Sensitive Areas by type and sub category, 2009

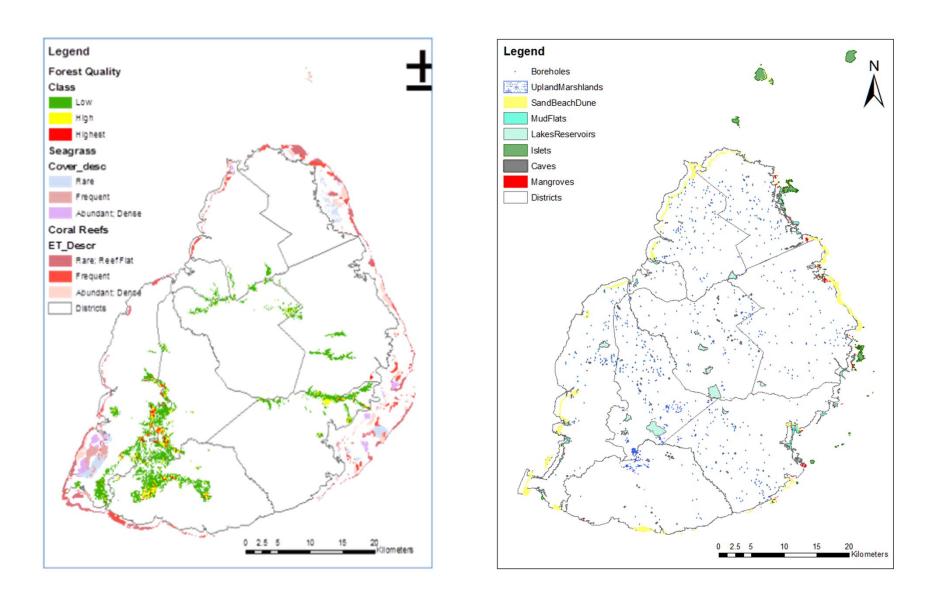


Table 1.20 - List of land protected areas, Republic of Mauritius, 2014

Hectares

	Hectares
Protected area	Area
State Protected areas - Mainland ¹	7,570.5
Black River Gorges National Park	6,574.0
Bras D'Eau National Park	497.2
Vallee D'Osterlog Endemic Garden	275.0
Perrier	1.4
Les Mares	5.1
Gouly Pere	11.0
Cabinet	17.7
Bois Sec	5.9
Pouce	68.8
Corps de Garde	90.3
Grande Montagne (Rodrigues)	14.0
Anse Quitor (Rodrigues)	10.0
Pas Geometriques ²	625.0
Plantations	216.0
Leased land for grazing and tree planting	230.0
Unplanted, protective or to be planted	179.0
Privately-owned/managed conservation areas ¹	6,553.0
Mountain Reserves	3,800.0
River reserves	2,740.0
Mondrain	5.0
Sir Emile Seriès	8.0
Total	14,748.5

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security

¹ Land protected as per the Forests and Reserves Act No. 41 of 1983 (as amended by Act No. 1 of 1986 and Act No. 7 of 2003)

² Pas Geometriques are land protected as per Pas Geometriques Act of 1895 (as amended by Act No. 35 of 1989)

Table 1.21 - List of Marine and Coastal Protected Areas, Republic of Mauritius, 2014

Marine & Coastal Protected Areas	Area
Marine - Mauritius	7,190
Blue Bay Marine Park	353
Balaclava Marine Park	485
Poste La Fayette Fishing Reserve	280
Poudre d'Or Fishing Reserve	2,542
Trou d'Eau Douce Fishing reserve	574
Port Louis Fishing reserve	331
Grand Port Zone A	1,716
Grand Port Zone B	112
Black River Fishing Reserve	797
Marine - Rodrigues	6,763
South East Marine Protected Area (SEMPA)	4,343
Riviere Banane Marine Reserve	153
Anse aux Anglais Marine Reserve	152
Grand Basin Marine Reserve	1,396
Passe Demi Marine Reserve	719
Coastal Wetlands - Mauritius	48
Rivulet du Terre Rouge Bird Sanctuary & Ramsar Site	26
Pte D'Esny Wetland Ramsar Site	22
Islets - Mauritius	735.3
Round Island Nature Reserve	168.8
Serpent Island Nature Reserve	31.7
Gabriel Island Nature Reserve	42.2
Flat Island Nature Reserve	253.0
Gunner's Coin Nature Reserve	76.0
Pigeon Island National Park	0.6
Ile D'Ambre / Ile Bernache National Park	128.0
Ile aux Aigrettes Nature Reserve	25.0
Ilot Flamants National Park	0.8
Ile aux Oiseaux National Park	0.7
Ile aux Mariannes Nature Reserve	2.0
Ile aux Fous Park	0.3
Rocher des Oiseaux National Park	0.1
Ile aux Fouquets National Park	2.5
Ilot Vacoas National Park	1.4
Ile de la Passe Ancient Monument	2.2
slets - Rodrigues	23
Iles aux Cocos	15
Iles aux Sables	8
Total	14,759.3

Source : Albion Fisheries Research Centre; Forestry Service and Commission for Environment, Tourism, Fisheries and Marine Parks, Rodrigues Regional Assembly

Table 1.22 - Forest area by category, 2005 - 2014

										Hectares
Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
State - owned	22,185	22,181	22,176	22,159	22,159	22,159	22,140	22,143	22,108	22,103
Plantations	11,828	11,848	11,878	11,855	11,901	11,916	11,897	11,900	11,867	11,830
Nature reserves	799	799	799	799	799	799	799	799	799	799
on mainland	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
islets	599	599	599	599	599	599	599	599	599	599
Black River Gorges National Park	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574	6,574
Bras D'Eau National Park ¹	472	472	472	472	472	472	497	497	497	497
Islet National Parks ²	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134
Vallee d' Osterlog Endemic Garden ³	NA	NA	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275
Other forest lands	1,743	1,719	1,413	1,419	1,373	1,358	1,333	1,333	1,332	1,369
Pas Geometriques	635	635	631	631	631	631	631	631	630	625
Plantations	226	226	222	222	222	222	222	222	221	216
Leased for grazing and tree planting	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
Others (mostly rocky)	179	179	179	179	179	179	179	179	179	179
Privately - owned lands ⁴	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
Reserves	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553	6,553
Mountain reserves	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800
River reserves	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740	2,740
Private reserves	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Other ⁵	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447	18,447
Total	47,185	47,181	47,176	47,159	47,159	47,159	47,140	47,143	47,108	47,103

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security

NA: Not applicable

¹ Bras D'Eau National Park was proclaimed in 2011 . From 2002 to 2010 was known as Bras D'Eau & Poste La Fayette Reserves.

² Islet National Parks were proclaimed in 2004.

³ Valee D'Osterlog Endemic Garden was proclaimed in 2007

⁴ Current figures for privately-owned lands are crude estimates based on expert knowledge from Forestry Service.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ Includes plantations, forest lands, scrub and grazing lands.

Table 1.23 - Changes in forest-land cover, 2005 and 2014

	Area (h	ectares)	% of total	land area
	2005	2014	2005	2014
Forests lands : of which	47,185	47,103	25.3	25.3
State owned	22,185	22,103	11.9	11.9
Plantations	11,828	11,830	6.3	6.3
Land Protected areas and Nature reserves	7,979	8,279	4.3	4.4
Other Forest Land	1,743	1,369	0.9	0.7
Pas Geometriques	635	625	0.3	0.3
Privately owned lands ¹	25,000	25,000 13.4		13.4
Reserves (land protected areas)	6,553	6,553	3.5	3.5
Other	18,447	18,447	9.9	9.9

¹ include plantations, reserves, scrub and grazing lands.

Table 1.24 - Forest plantations ¹ by type of plants, 2005 - 2014

Hectares

Type of plant	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Soft wood	9,755	9,775	9,808	9,782	9,821	9,836	9,813	9,816	9,816	9,774
Pine	8,143	8,162	8,195	8,165	8,197	8,199	8,176	8,179	8,179	8,137
Other softwood	1,612	1,613	1,613	1,617	1,624	1,637	1,637	1,637	1,637	1,637
Hardwood	2,299	2,299	2,292	2,295	2,302	2,302	2,306	2,306	2,272	2,272
Eucalyptus and Casuarina	1,450	1,450	1,443	1,443	1,443	1,443	1,443	1,443	1,409	1,404
Other hardwood	849	849	849	852	859	859	863	863	863	868
Total	12,054	12,074	12,100	12,077	12,123	12,138	12,119	12,122	12,088	12,046

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹ State land

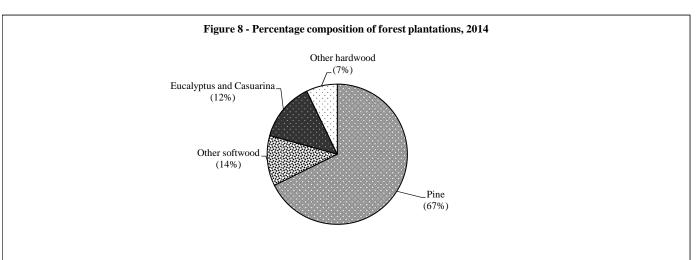


Table 1.25 - Forest fires and area affected, 2005 - 2014

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of incidents	16	26	25	26	14	46	31	28	19	27
Area affected (Ha) of which	61	94	154	136	123	188	96	154	157	207
Protected areas	4	8	4	1	-	53	10	22	-	95
Unprotected areas	57	86	150	135	123	135	86	132	157	112

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

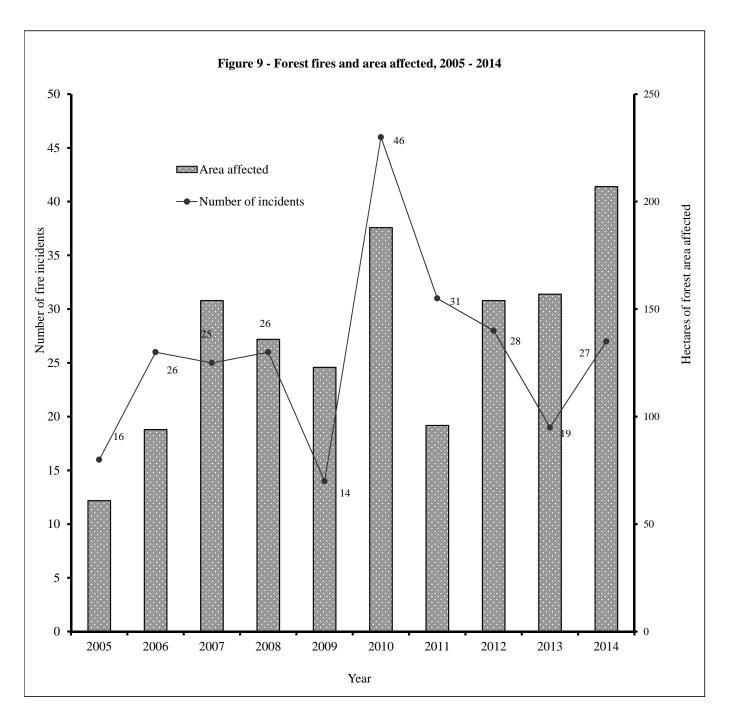


Table 1.26 - River water quality by selected physico-chemical parameters, 2014

						Param	eters					
	D, e						m	g/L				
Rivers	Temperature °C	Hď	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	Chemical Oxygen Demand	Phosphorus as P	Chloride	Nitrate as NO ₃	Sulphate	Sodium	Potassium	Calcium	Magnesium
Riv. du Rempart	24.2 - 27.3	6.8 - 7.3	5.6 - 7.3	<10 - 15	<0.01 - 0.04	20.7 - 28.2	6.8 - 13.5	10.1 - 13.7	17.3 - 24.00	0.9 - 80	61.14 - 9.89	5.99 - 12.93
Riviere Plaine Wilhems	21.8 - 28.8	7.2 - 7.8	6.4 - 7.2	<10 - 19	<0.01 - 0.02	17.4 - 18.6	7.6 - 14.2	11.2 - 14.8	13.5 - 16.2	0.4 - 1.2	9.31 - 17.89	8.11 - 11.02
Riviere du Poste de Flacq	22.7 - 28.2	7.9 - 8.1	6.0 - 8.6	<10 - 12	<0.01 - 0.02	11.4 - 18.7	4.4 - 11.4	6.1 - 9.7	13.6 - 17.2	0.2 - 0.8	10.61 - 14.79	10.46 - 13.02
River Moka	22.1 - 25.7	6.9 - 7.3	6.7 - 7.7	<10 - 13	<0.01 - 0.04	15.9 - 18.3	11.6 - 19.7	5.1 - 7.7	11.7 - 14.1	0.2 - 0.9	8.36 - 9.40	5.85 - 8.10
Riviere Labourdonnais	23.2 - 26.8	7.7 - 8.0	6.6 - 8.3	<10 - 13	<0.01 - 0.06	27.6 - 38.1	7.3 - 14.4	12.6 - 15.4	20.6 - 30.2	0.6 - 1.5	10.15 - 15.52	8.95 - 13.53
Riviere Francoise	23.3 - 26.8	7.4 - 8.8	5.7 - 8.5	<10 - 11	0.02	11.3 - 16.7	7.9 - 10.6	5.0 - 5.5	11.4 - 13.4	0.7 - 0.8	6.40 - 9.19	5.58 - 7.25
Riv. des Creoles	22.5 - 26.9	6.9 - 7.2	3.2 - 6.7	<10 - 17	<0.01 - 0.05	6.0 - 12.9	1.4 - 4.1	3.1 - 4.3	8.1 - 9.6	0.4 - 1.1	5.90 - 7.72	4.21 - 6.02
Riv. Cascade	21.3 - 25.5	7.6 - 7.9	6.8 - 8.3	<10 - 22	<0.01 - 0.02	14.8 - 19.4	3.6 - 7.7	5.9 - 11	10.5 - 12.3	0.6 - 1.0	7.24 - 8.64	6.28 - 8.22
Riv. des Anguilles	21.1 - 25.3	7.6 - 7.8	7.5 - 8.5	<10 - 11	<0.01 - 0.01	8.4 - 13.6	3.0 - 4.9	3.4 - 4.7	9.9 - 11.9	0.6 - 0.8	5.43 - 6.44	6.57 - 8.05
Black River	20.8 - 26.5	7.5 - 7.8	7.6 - 7.8	<10 - 15	<0.01 - 0.06	16.4 - 20.9	0.6 - 2.1	3.3 - 5.9	10.7 - 14.8	0.6 - 1.0	3.10 - 5.19	3.02 - 5.00
Grand River South East	22.8 - 27.5	7.4 - 8.0	7.4 - 8.7	<10 - 13	<0.01 - 0.04	12.3 - 15.8	4.9 - 7.0	4.2 - 6.5	11.2 - 14.2	0.7 - 1.0.	7.37 - 9.83	5.93 - 7.94
Riv. La Chaux	23.0 - 26.8	7.6 - 7.8	6.6 - 8.3	<10 - 20	<0.01 - 0.02	8.5 - 17.2	3.3 - 10.2	4.5 - 8.0	11.7 - 13.3	0.5 - 0.7	7.10 - 7.49	7.00 - 7.91
Riv. des Galets	20.3 - 25.8	7.4 - 7.8	7.6 - 7.9	<10 - 19	<0.01 - 0.04	14.1 - 15.4	1.1 - 1.8	3.0 - 4.5	8.4 - 11.6	0.7 - 1.4	3.14 - 4.76	1.88 - 2.93
Riv. Baie du Cap	20.3 - 25.7	7.4 - 7.6	7.3 - 7.9	<10 - 22	<0.01 - 0.03	16.4 - 18.7	0.3 - 2.0	3.4 - 4.2	11.1 - 12.9	1.0 - 1.7	2.41 - 4.57	3.51 - 4.26

Source: National Environmental Laboratory, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management

Table 1.27 - Range of levels of Nitrate-Nitrogen, Phosphate and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) for selected coastal regions, 2014

Milligram per litre

	Chen	nical water quality para	Milligram per litre
Region	Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO ₃ - N)	Phosphate (PO ₄ ³)	Chemical Oxygen demand (COD)
Bel Ombre (Recreation)	0.2 - 0.3	0.01 - 0.07	0.3 - 1.6
Bambous Virieux (Recreation)	0.2 - 0.8	< 0.01	<0.1 - 2.3
Trou D'Eau Douce (Recreation)	0.1 - 1.3	0.03 - 0.11	<0.1 - 0.7
Anse la Raie (Recreation)	<0.1 - 0.2	<0.01 - 0.06	0.2 - 1.1
Trou aux Biches (Recreation)	0.1 - 0.8	<0.01 - 0.09	<0.1 - 0.9
Pointe aux Sables (Industrial & others)	0.1 - 0.6	<0.01 - 0.05	0.2 - 1.3
Tombeau Bay (Industrial & others)	<0.1 - 0.7	<0.01 - 0.06	<0.1 - 1.7
Port Louis Harbour (Industrial & others)	0.1 - 0.5	<0.01 - 0.28	<0.1 - 1.5

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands. Coastal Water Quality Guideline limits (**Conservation**): Nitrate – Nitrogen - 0.3 mg/l, Phosphate - 0.05 mg/l and COD – 2mg/l Coastal Water Quality Guideline limits (**Recreation**): Nitrate – Nitrogen - 0.8 mg/l, Phosphate - 0.08mg/l and COD - 5mg/l Coastal Water Quality Guideline limits (**Industrial**): Nitrate – Nitrogen – 1.0 mg/, Phosphate – 0.1mg/l and COD - 5mg/l

Table 1.28 - Sea water quality in the lagoon at Terre Rouge Rivulet Bird Sanctuary, 2005 - 2014

Variable	Unit	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	mg O ₂ /l	0.1- 1.2	0.9 - 2.5	0.8 - 3.8	0.6 - 2.1	0.1 - 1.3	0.3 - 0.5	0.3 - 2.4	0.10 - 0.5	0.20 - 0.80	<0.1 - 0.9
Total Phosphorus ¹	mg PO ₄ ³⁻ /l	0.01 - 0.22	0.01 - 0.15	0.03 - 0.12	0.04 - 0.13	0.01 - 0.19	0.03 - 0.22	0.01 - 0.15	0.07 - 0.21	0.21 - 0.37	<0.01 - 0.05
Total Nitrogen ²	mg NO ₃ ⁻ - N/l	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1 - 0.3	0.2 - 0.3

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

All values for Total Nitrogen below detection limit are taken as <0.1

Coastal Water Quality Guideline limits(Conservation): Nitrate – Nitrogen - 0.3 mg/l, Phosphate - 0.05 mg/l and COD –2mg/l

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¹ Data given are for the variable Phosphate

² Data given are for the variable Nitrate-nitrogen

Table 1.29 - Guidelines for inland surface water 1 quality, 1998

Parameters	Unit	Maximum Limits
<u>Inorganics</u>		
Boron	μg/l	0.75
Cadmium	"	0.70
Chlorine Residual	"	2.0
Chromium (total)	"	2.0
Copper	"	6.5
Cyanide	"	5.2
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	6.0 ²
Iron	mg/l	1.0
Lead	μg/l	1.3
Mercury	"	0.1
Methyl Mercury compounds	"	0.012
Nickel	"	87.6
pH		6.5 - 9.0
Selenium	μg/l	1.0
Silver	"	1.2
Zinc	"	59
Sulphide H ₂ S	"	2.0
Phosphate (for a lake)	"	25
(for streams entering a lake)	"	50
(for streams not entering a lake)	"	100
<u>Organics</u>		
Dieldrin	μg/l	0.0019
Chlordane	"	0.0043
Pentachlorophenol (for pH 6.5 - 7.5)	"	3.5 - 9.5
Dichlorophenyltrichloroethane (DDT)	"	0.001
Endosulfan (alpha and beta forms)	"	0.056
Endrin	"	0.0023
Guthion	"	0.01
Lindane	"	0.08
Oil and Greases	"	Undetectable
Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)	"	0.014
Suspended solids (at background concentration <100 mg/l) (when background concentration > 100 mg/l)	mg/l mg/l	10% of background concentration

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management (Government Notice No 188 of 1998)

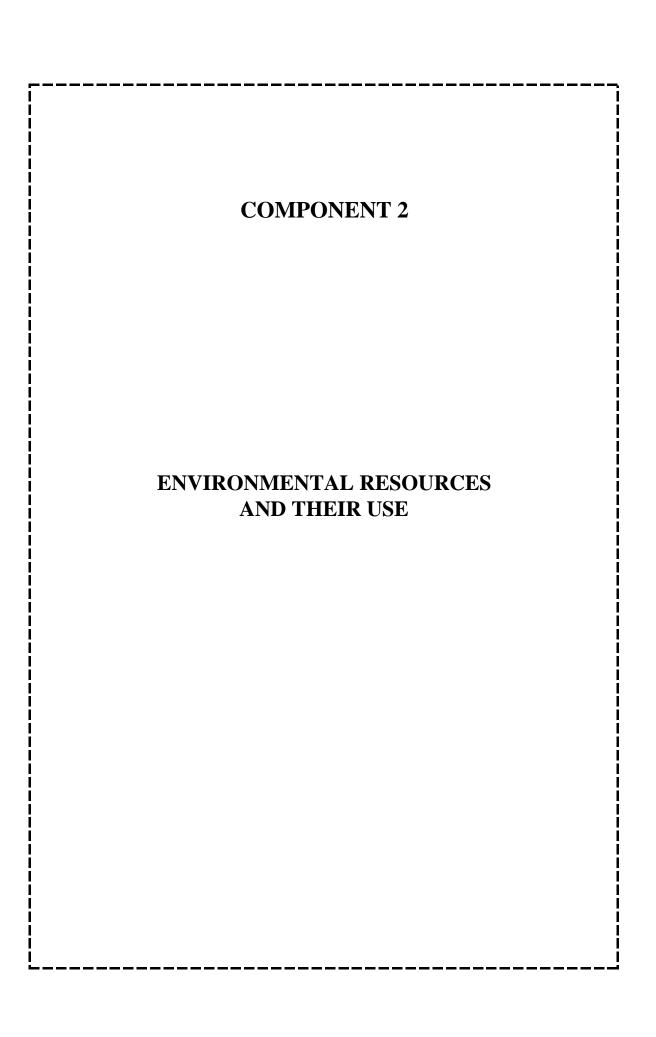
¹ Water of river, watercourse, stream, lake, pond, dam or reservoir.

² Lower limit at 25⁰ C.

Table 1.30 - Mean sea surface temperature around the Island of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

	Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Average fo the year
	Mean	27.8	28.6	28.0	27.4	26.5	25.0	24.1	24.0	23.5	24.9	24.9	26.3	25.9
2005	Difference from Normal	0.4	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.8	-0.3	-0.3	
	Mean	27.7	27.1	27.5	27.5	27.3	24.5	24.1	23.5	23.8	24.1	25.1	26.7	25.7
2006	Difference from Normal	0.3	-0.6	-0.3	0.4	1.2	-0.5	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	-0.1	0.1	
	Mean	27.7	28.6	27.2	26.8	26.2	25.3	24.3	23.8	23.6	24.0	25.5	26.1	25.8
2007	Difference from Normal	0.3	0.9	-0.6	-0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	-0.1	0.3	-0.5	
	Mean	26.8	27.7	27.2	27.0	26.4	25.2	23.6	23.5	23.9	24.3	26.1	27.7	25.8
2008	Difference from Normal	-0.6	0.0	-0.6	-0.1	0.3	0.2	-0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.9	1.1	
	Mean	29.5	28.5	28.7	28.3	27.1	26.1	25.1	24.1	24.1	24.8	25.8	27.6	26.6
2009	Difference from Normal	2.1	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	
	Mean	28.2	29.0	28.6	28.6	27.7	26.0	25.0	24.7	24.0	25.0	26.2	27.2	26.7
2010	Difference from Normal	0.8	1.3	0.8	1.5	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.6	
	Mean	28.2	28.2	28.6	28.1	27.0	26.1	24.0	24.1	24.0	24.8	26.7	27.4	26.4
2011	Difference from Normal	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.5	0.8	
	Mean	28.5	29.1	28.1	28.7	26.6	25.4	24.5	23.9	23.7	24.4	25.3	26.7	26.2
2012	Difference from Normal	1.1	1.4	0.3	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	
	Mean	27.7	28.2	27.9	27.2	26.1	24.5	23.9	23.9	23.5	24.3	26.1	27.6	25.9
2013	Difference from Normal	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.5	-0.1	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.9	1.0	
2014	Mean Difference from	28.0	28.4	29.0	27.7	26.7	25.3	24.0	23.7	24.1	25.0	25.2	27.5	26.2
	Normal	0.6	0.7	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.0	0.9	
Mean	1971 - 2000	27.4	27.7	27.8	27.1	26.1	25.0	24.0	23.5	23.5	24.1	25.2	26.6	25.7

Source : Mauritius Meteorological Services



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Table 2.1 - Energy Balance, Republic of Mauritius, 2013

				Fossil	fuels													equivalent (toe
Source				Petr	oleum pro	ducts						Ren	ewables					
Flow	Coal	Gasolene	Diesel	Aviation Fuel	Kerosene	Fuel Oil	LPG	Total Petroleum products	Fuelwood	Charcoal	Hydro	Wind	Landfill Gas	Photo- voltaic	Bagasse	Total Renewables	Electricity	Total
Local production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,306	-	8,156	310	1,721	234	201,714	219,441	-	219,441
Imports	439,167	149,273	339,463	250,708	2,957	411,909	73,679	1,227,988	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,667,156
Re-exports and bunkering	-	-	(115,242)	(120,503)	-	(149,835)	-	(385,580)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(385,580
Stock change / Statistical error	1,476	(6,607)	(17,195)	(9,468)	(2,076)	(13,533)	1,191	(47,689)	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46,213
Total Primary Energy Requirement	440,643	142,666	207,026	120,737	881	248,541	74,870	794,720	7,306	-	8,156	310	1,721	234	201,714	219,441	-	1,454,804
Public electricity generation plant	-	-	(1,282)	-	(671)	(207,542)	-	(209,495)	-	-	(8,156)	(310)	-	-	-	(8,466)	101,155	(116,806
Autoproducer plants	(423,588)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,721)	(234)	(168,983)	(170,938)	146,980	(447,546
Other transformation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(903)	440	-	-	-	-	-	(463)	-	(463
Own use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,610)	(3,610
Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,804)	(15,804
Total Final Consumption	17,054	142,666	205,744	120,737	210	40,999	74,870	585,225	6,403	440	-	-	-	-	32,730	39,573	228,722	870,575
Manufacturing sector	17,054	-	35,797	-	-	37,615	5,781	79,193	526	-	-	-	-	-	32,730	33,257	82,765	212,269
Transport sector ¹	-	142,666	167,603	120,737	-	3,384	4,393	438,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	438,783
Commercial and distributive trade sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,348	14,348	-	357	-	-	-	-	-	357	73,359	88,064
Household	-	-	-	-	210	-	50,069	50,279	5,877	82	-	-	-	-	-	5,959	67,147	123,385
Agriculture	-	-	2,343	-	-	-	-	2,343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,183	4,526
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,268	3,547

1 includes fuel used for transport by all sectors

Note: figures in brackets represent negative quantities

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Table 2.2 - Energy Balance, Republic of Mauritius, 2014

Table 2.2 - Energy Balance, Repu	T								ī							То	nne of oil equ	iivalent (toe)
Source					sil fuels roleum pro	adnets						R	enewables					
Flow	Coal	Gasolene	Diesel	Aviation Fuel	Kerosene	Fuel Oil	LPG	Total Petroleum products	Fuelwood C	harcoal	Hydro	Wind	Landfill Gas	Photo- voltaic	Bagasse	Total Renewables	Electricity	Total
Local production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,943	-	7,812	273	1,834	2,117	193,366	212,346	-	212,346
Imports	478,512	148,924	306,658	241,255	2,296	390,176	81,627	1,170,937	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	1,649,449
Re-exports and bunkering	-	-	(117,846)	(126,599)	-	(163,741)	-	(408,186)	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	(408,186)
Stock change / Statistical error	(18,171)	2,820	19,205	12,191	(1,429)	28,409	(4,905)	56,291	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	38,121
Total Primary Energy Requirement	460,341	151,744	208,018	126,847	867	254,844	76,722	819,042	6,943	-	7,812	273	1,834	2,117	193,366	212,346	-	1,491,729
Public electricity generation plant	-	-	(1,241)	-	(708)	(212,491)	-	(214,441)	-	-	(7,812)	(273)			-	(8,085)	101,073	(121,453)
Autoproducer plants	(440,966)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,834)	(2,117)	(164,890)	(168,842)	151,504	(458,304)
Other transformation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(912)	444	-	-			-	(468)	-	(468)
Own use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	(3,938)	(3,938)
Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	(15,635)	(15,635)
Total Final Consumption	19,375	151,744	206,776	126,847	159	42,352	76,722	604,601	6,031	444	-	-	-	-	28,476	34,951	233,004	891,931
Manufacturing sector	19,375	-	36,457	-	-	38,857	5,861	81,175	510	-	-	-	-	-	28,476	28,986	81,205	210,741
Transport sector ¹	-	151,744	168,014	126,847	-	3,495	4,044	454,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454,143
Commercial and distributive trade sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,150	15,150	-	368	-	-	-	-	-	368	77,005	92,523
Household	-	-	-	-	159	-	51,376	51,535	5,521	76	-	-	-	-	-	5,597	69,345	126,477
Agriculture	-	-	2,306	-	-	-	-	2,306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,291	4,597
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	292	292	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,157	3,449

¹ includes fuel used for transport by all sectors Note: figures in brackets represent negative quantities

Table 2.3 - Primary energy requirement, (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Energy source	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	ne of oil equi	2014
Imported (Fossil Fuel)	1030.6 225.6	1122.2 300.4	1136.1 355.0	1140.9 403.9	1110.6 369.3	1189.1 414.1	1195.7 397.7	1205.3 418.4	1235.3 440.6	1279.3 460.3
Petroleum product	805.0	821.8	781.1	737.0	741.3	775.0	798.0	786.9	794.7	819.0
Gasolene	100.1	96.2	106.9	109.5	120.6	127.7	130.0	136.6	142.7	151.7
Diesel oil	214.2	230.6	207.4	205.4	206.7	213.6	210.1	213.4	207.0	208.0
Dual purpose kerosene	171.7	152.7	146.0	140.9	117.2	131.3	138.7	118.8	121.6	127.7
Aviation fuel	143.1	146.7	143.6	136.9	110.5	123.3	134.4	115.0	120.7	126.8
Kerosene	28.6	6.0	2.4	4.0	6.7	8.0	4.3	3.8	0.9	0.9
Fuel oil	253.3	273.3	251.9	213.3	227.9	232.2	248.1	245.4	248.5	254.8
LPG	65.7	69.0	68.9	67.9	68.9	70.2	71.1	72.7	74.9	76.7
Local (Renewables)	262.6	254.6	245.7	263.4	236.3	241.6	231.1	222.3	219.5	212.3
Hydro	9.9	6.6	7.2	9.3	10.5	8.7	4.9	6.4	8.2	7.8
Wind	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Landfill Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	1.5	1.7	1.8
Photovoltaic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	2.1
Bagasse 1	245.1	240.0	230.5	246.4	218.0	225.0	218.1	206.5	201.7	193.4
Fuel wood ¹	7.6	8.0	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.3	6.9
Total	1293.2	1376.8	1381.8	1404.3	1346.9	1430.7	1426.8	1427.6	1454.8	1491.6

¹ estimates

 $Table~2.4 \hbox{ - Imports of energy sources (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2005 \hbox{ - } 2014 }$

Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent (ktoe

Energy source	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gasolene	93.7	96.0	104.1	117.2	112.8	130.6	126.0	138.4	149.3	148.9
Diesel oil	333.2	330.8	310.6	331.7	290.9	313.5	313.0	316.9	339.5	306.7
Dual purpose kerosene	257.9	251.7	277.0	278.8	217.2	251.2	240.0	228.8	253.7	243.6
Kerosene	29.0	6.3	3.9	6.1	4.3	7.0	4.5	7.3	3.0	2.3
Aviation fuel	228.9	245.4	273.1	272.7	212.9	244.2	235.5	221.5	250.7	241.3
Fuel oil	324.0	292.2	320.6	279.4	330.0	327.8	417.4	385.2	411.9	390.2
LPG	67.7	63.5	67.8	68.2	67.6	67.7	71.6	73.3	73.7	81.6
Coal	235.1	304.0	401.6	376.0	347.1	409.6	409.3	452.2	439.2	478.5
Total	1311.6	1338.2	1481.7	1451.3	1365.6	1500.4	1577.3	1594.8	1667.3	1649.4

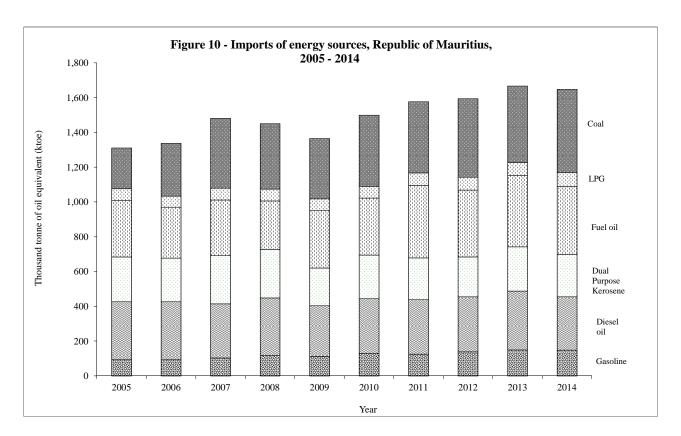


Table 2.5 - Plant capacity, peak power demand and electricity generation, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

		Plant capaci	ty 1 (MW)		Peak Pov	ver (MW)		F	Electricity ger	nerated (GWh	1)	
Year	Ir	ıstalled	Effe	ctive	Mauritius	Do dei ou oo	Hydao	Wind	Dhotovoltoio	The	rmal	Total
	Mauritius	Rodrigues	Mauritius	Rodrigues	Mauritius	Rodrigues	Hydro	Willa	Photovoltaic	Landfill gas	Other	Totai
2005	678.9	10.0	577.9	9.4	353.1	6.0	114.88	0.44	-	-	2,156.83	2,272.15
2006	700.7	10.0	609.4	9.4	367.3	5.7	76.64	0.41	-	-	2,273.18	2,350.23
2007	743.3	10.0	660.3	9.0	367.6	5.9	83.86	0.40	-	-	2,380.39	2,464.65
2008	715.5	10.0	617.7	9.0	378.1	6.0	108.03	0.37	-	-	2,448.84	2,557.24
2009	729.0	10.5	647.3	9.6	388.6	5.6	122.41	1.50	-	-	2,453.53	2,577.44
2010	729.1	13.6	655.2	12.7	404.1	6.1	100.73	2.51	-	-	2,585.47	2,688.71
2011	726.4	11.1	659.2	10.1	412.5	6.4	56.48	2.83	-	3.14	2,676.14	2,738.59
2012	767.6	13.7	682.6	12.9	430.1	6.6	74.07	3.57	0.90	17.80	2,700.80	2,797.14
2013	764.6	13.6	687.3	12.7	441.1	6.9	94.84	3.61	2.71	20.01	2,764.10	2,885.27
2014	768.4	13.7	696.9	12.9	446.2	7.2	90.80	3.20	24.60	21.30	2,797.00	2,936.90

¹ Includes plant capacity for electricity not exported to CEB

Source: Central Electricity Board and Annual Sugar Industry Energy Survey

 $Table\ 2.6\ -\ Electricity\ generation\ by\ source\ of\ energy,\ Republic\ of\ Mauritius,\ 2005\ -\ 2014$

GWh 2011 2012 2013 Source of energy 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2014 Primary energy 115.3 77.0 84.3 108.4 123.9 103.2 62.4 96.3 121.2 140.0 Hydro (renewable energy) 114.9 76.6 83.9 108.0 122.4 100.7 56.5 74.1 94.8 90.8 Wind (renewable energy) 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 1.5 2.5 2.8 3.6 3.6 3.2 20.0 21.3 Landfill gas (renewable energy) NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.1 17.8 Photovoltaic (renewable energy) NA NA 0.9 2.7 NA NA NA NA NA 24.6 Secondary energy 2380.4 2453.6 2585.5 2676.1 2700.8 2797.0 2156.8 2273.0 2448.9 2764.1 Gas turbine (kerosene) 15.3 11.6 11.0 56.2 5.7 3.2 6.6 18.9 1.7 2.0 Diesel & Fuel oil 1038.0 1023.3 915.7 827.2 938.0 976.6 1058.7 1057.0 1076.1 1079.3 Coal609.7 798.3 993.6 1128.7 1015.3 1115.9 1119.4 1162.3 1213.6 1259.5 467.9 486.4 485.0 474.1 486.5 470.5 472.8 456.2 Bagasse (renewable energy) 452.9 445.7 Total 2272.1 2350.0 2464.7 2557.3 2577.5 2688.7 2738.6 2797.1 2885.3 2936.9 568.2 of which: renewable energy 522.7 552.2 594.8 608.9 577.3 551.9 566.8 594.0 596.2

NA - Not applicable

Table 2.7 - Fuel input for electricity production, (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Thousand tonne of oil equivalent (ktoe)

Fuel	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Fuel oil	208.3	217.5	193.8	160.8	183.0	189.0	206.0	204.5	207.5	212.5
Diesel oil	2.1	2.6	2.8	1.9	2.8	2.0	1.6	1.9	1.3	1.2
Kerosene	18.4	1.9	1.1	2.2	5.1	6.3	3.8	3.6	0.7	0.7
Coal	211.2	286.9	342.6	378.0	356.0	398.7	382.7	402.5	423.6	441.0
Bagasse ¹	168.9	165.9	166.4	208.2	181.7	182.5	179.1	172.5	169.0	164.9
Total	608.9	674.8	706.7	751.1	728.6	778.5	773.2	784.9	802.1	820.3

¹ Estimates

 $Table\ 2.8 -\ Final\ energy\ consumption\ by\ sector\ and\ type\ of\ fuel\ (Energy\ unit),\ Republic\ of\ Mauritius,\ 2005\ -\ 2014$

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacturing Fuel oil	244.6 40.9	266.6 51.6	259.4 53.5	243.5 48.3	220.4 41.4	231.2 39.8	222.4 38.7	215.5 37.4	212.3 37.6	210. 38.
Diesel oil	41.5	50.3	48.8	46.8	46.3	47.0	43.5	41.7	35.8	36.
LPG	4.2	4.3	4.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.9	5.8	5.
Coal	14.4	13.4	12.4	25.8	13.4	15.4	15.0	15.9	17.1	19.
Fuel wood ¹	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.
Electricity	66.9	72.3	75.6	78.5	77.1	80.3	79.9	79.9	82.8	81.
Bagasse ¹	76.2	74.2	64.1	38.3	36.3	42.6	39.1	34.1	32.7	28.
<u>Fransport</u>	422.6	430.0	415.6	410.6	394.9	421.6	435.3	427.3	438.8	454.
Land	270.9	275.5	263.6	265.7	276.7	290.6	293.1	304.2	310.1	319.
LPG	7.3	7.4	7.2	5.6	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.0
Gasolene	96.7	93.8	104.2	106.8	117.6	124.5	126.8	133.2	139.2	148.
Diesel oil	167.0	174.2	152.2	153.4	154.2	161.1	161.5	166.3	166.5	166.
Air	143.1	146.7	143.6	136.9	110.5	123.3	134.3	115.0	120.7	126.
Aviation fuel (local										
aircraft)	143.1	146.7	143.6	136.9	110.5	123.3	134.3	115.0	120.7	126
Sea	8.6	7.8	8.4	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.0	8
Gasolene	3.4	2.4	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.
Diesel oil	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.
Fuel oil	4.0	4.2	4.7	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.
Household	115.4	108.9	108.8	110.1	113.1	116.9	117.4	120.1	123.4	126.
Kerosene	10.2	4.1	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	0
LPG	46.7	44.9	45.5	45.8	46.7	47.6	48.2	49.0	50.1	51.
Fuel wood 1	6.3	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.
Charcoal 1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Electricity	52.2	53.1	55.3	56.1	58.5	61.1	62.4	64.7	67.1	69.
Commercial and distributive Trade	55.7	62.7	65.2	69.1	72.3	76.4	80.7	83.7	88.1	92.
LPG	7.5	12.4	11.8	10.9	11.4	11.8	12.2	12.9	14.3	15
Charcoal 1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0
Electricity	47.8	50.0	53.1	57.8	60.5	64.3	68.1	70.4	73.4	77.
<u>Agriculture</u>	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	4
Diesel oil 1	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2
Electricity	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	2
Other (n.e.s) and losses	3.0	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.0	3.4	3.5	3
	-									

¹ Estimates

Table 2.9 - Final energy consumption by sector (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritus, 2005 - 2014

Thousand tonne of oil equivalent (ktoe)

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacturing	244.6	266.6	259.4	243.5	220.5	231.2	222.4	215.4	212.3	210.7
Transport	422.6	430.0	415.6	410.6	394.9	421.6	435.3	427.3	438.8	454.1
of which land transport	270.9	275.5	263.6	265.7	276.7	290.6	293.1	304.2	310.1	319.1
Household	115.4	108.9	108.8	110.2	113.1	116.9	117.4	120.1	123.4	126.5
Commercial and distributive trade	55.7	62.7	65.2	69.1	72.3	76.4	80.7	83.7	88.1	92.5
Agriculture	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.6
Other (n.e.s) and losses	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.4
TOTAL	846.0	876.3	857.5	841.7	808.6	854.1	863.1	854.4	870.6	891.9

Table 2.10 - Percentage share of final energy consumption by sector, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacturing	28.9	30.4	30.3	28.9	27.3	27.1	25.8	25.2	24.4	23.6
Transport	50.0	49.1	48.5	48.8	48.8	49.4	50.4	50.0	50.4	50.9
Household	13.6	12.4	12.7	13.1	14.0	13.7	13.6	14.1	14.2	14.2
Commercial and distributive trade	6.6	7.2	7.6	8.2	8.9	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.1	10.4
Agriculture	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Other (n.e.s) and losses	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

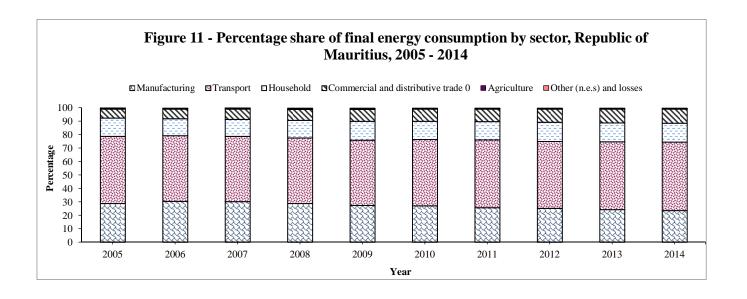


Table 2.11 - Land use by category, 1995 and 2005

Landwas	19	95	2005 1		Cha	inge
Land use	Hectares	%	Hectares	%	Hectares	%
Sugar cane plantations	76,840	41.2	72,000	38.6	-4,840	-6.3
Tea plantations	3,660	2.0	674	0.4	-2,986	-81.6
Other agricultural activities	6,000	3.2	8,000	4.3	2,000	33.3
Total agricultural land	86,500	46.4	80,674	43.3	-5,826	
Forests, scrubs & grazing lands	57,000	30.6	47,200	25.3	-9,800	-17.2
Infrastructure	4,000	2.1	4,500	2.4	500	12.5
Inland water resource systems	2,600	1.4	2,900	1.6	300	11.5
Built-up areas	36,400	19.5	46,500	24.9	10,100	27.7
Abandoned cane fields			4,726	2.5		
Total	186,500	100.0	186,500	100.0	0	0

 $Source: Sugar\ Insurance\ Fund\ Board\ -\ Sugar\ cane\ Plantation,\ Tea\ Board\ -\ Tea\ Plantation,\ Climate\ Change\ Activities\ Report,\ May\ 2006\ -\ other$

¹ Estimates

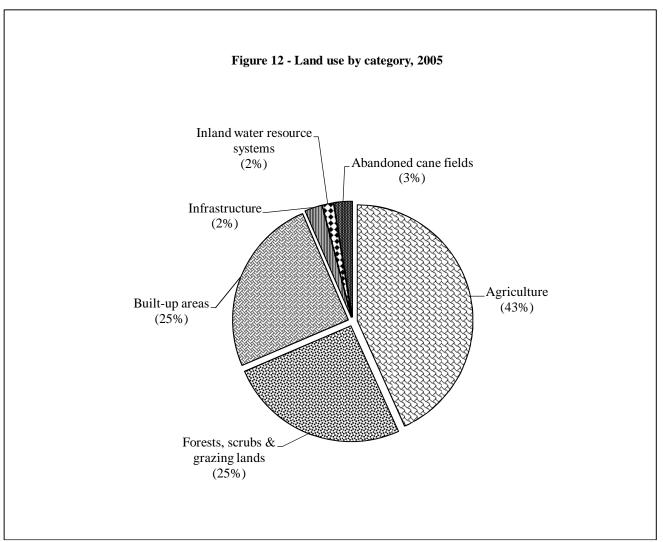


Table 2.12 - Land under irrigation, 2005 - 2014

Hectares

	1		T	Hectares
Year	Overhead	Surface	Drip	Total
2005	16,761	1,768	2,129	20,658
2006	17,576	1,737	2,109	21,422
2007	17,602	1,618	2,101	21,321
2008	18,264	1,053	2,140	21,457
2009	18,818	875	1,850	21,543
2010	17,023	714	2,110	19,847
2011	16,864	889	2,133	19,886
2012	16,611	1,141	1,707	19,459
2013	16,619	867	1,684	19,170
2014	14,884	569	1,730	17,183
(By region) 2014				
North	5,300	295	1,204	6,799
East	2,054	-	211	2,265
Centre	292	-	-	292
West	3,428	274	13	3,715
South	3,810	-	302	4,112

Table 2.13: Deforestation rate of forestland, 2005 - 2014

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Forestland (ha)	47,185	47,181	47,176	47,159	47,159	47,159	47,140	47,143	47,108	47,103
Area deforested (ha)	-	-4	-5	-17	0	0	-19	3	-35	-5
Annual deforestation rate (%)	-0.03	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	-	-	-0.04	0.01	-0.07	-0.01

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Table 2.14 - Local production, poles and fuelwood, 2005 - 2014 $\,$

cubic metre (roundwood)

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1
Local Production	12,098	14,532	13,952	10,885	10,531	14,328	10,960	8,232	5,317	4,440
Timber	4,818	6,869	5,332	4,330	3,807	3,696	3,207	2,354	948	977
State Lands	4,628	6,067	4,874	4,260	3,762	3,231	3,077	2,164	853	787
Private Lands ²	190	802	458	70	45	465	130	190	95	190
Poles	2,187	1,605	1,553	1,284	1,242	1,220	1,281	801	484	256
State Lands	1,677	1,060	1,022	1,002	1,102	787	1,098	489	321	97
Private Lands ²	510	545	531	282	140	433	183	312	163	159
Fuelwood	5,093	6,058	7,067	5,271	5,482	9,412	6,472	5,077	3,885	3,207
State Lands	4,578	4,765	6,116	5,089	5,202	8,217	5,965	4,658	3,520	2,702
Private Lands ²	515	1,293	951	182	280	1,195	507	419	365	505

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹Provisional

² Estimates

Table 2.15 - Fish production by type of fishery (in fresh - weight equivalent), 2005 - 2014

Type of fishery	Type	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 1	2014
Artisanal fishery (Island of Mauritius)	Fresh	947	950	640	682	820	831	892	705	559	459
Sports fishery ³	Fresh	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Amateur fishery ³	Fresh	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Barachois ³	Fresh	5	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ponds (prawn and fish)	Fresh	23	20	17	62	103	66	74	75	78	71
Marine aquaculture (cage)	Fresh	367	447	550	181	330	498	458	432	340	680
Fish Aggregating Device (FAD) Fishery	Fresh	-	203	164	289	319	330	258	234	240 ³	240
Offshore demersal fishery											
Shallow water banks	Frozen	1,975	3,134	2,552	2,032	2,679	1,773	1,766	1,537	1,847	1,528
Banks deep water snappers ⁴	Chilled & frozen	-	-	-	324	627	452	300	355	377	409
St Brandon inshore	Frozen, chilled, dried & salted	413	293	176	558	437	420	318	221	273	252
Semi - industrial chilled fish	Chilled & frozen	223	251	352	182	126	250	180	234	206	199
Industrial tuna longliner ⁵	Frozen	663	1,023	669	476	246	306	-	-	-	-
Semi industrial tuna longliner	Chilled	177	247	184	41	-	32	89	36	68	43
Purse seiners ⁶	Frozen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	855	7,784
Demersal trawlers	Frozen	2,584	1,112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		8,327	8,634	6,256	5,779	6,639	5,910	5,287	4,781	5,795	12,617

Source : Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

³ Estimates ¹Revised

⁴ Includes deepwater shrimp fishery catch as from 2010 ⁵ As from 2011, Mauritius flagged industrial longliners ceased operation ² Provisional

⁶ As from 2013, Mauritius flagged purse seiners started operation

Table 2.16 - Annual fish catch of the coastal (artisanal) fishery by gear - type, 2005 - 2014

Tonnes

Gear-type	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Basket trap	433.8	343.8	251.2	270.9	257.8	266.5	302.8	274.6	208.1	172.1
Line	288.8	303.7	169.9	178.7	227.2	226.7	185.3	180.1	150.4	164.1
Basket trap and Line	16.8	19.6	16.2	13.9	18.3	27.9	24.9	20.4	33.6	38.5
Large net	121.5	201.1	132.7	143.6	222.9	213.5	281.0	171.0	117.2	52.8
Gill net	8.2	11.3	7.6	6.7	11.3	7.6	23.9	6.5	7.2	3.8
Cast net/Harpoon/on foot	78.2	70.5	62.4	68.2	82.8	89.1	74.3	52.0	42.8	28.1
Total	947.3	950.0	640.0	682.0	820.3	831.3	892.2	704.6	559.3	459.4

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

Table 2.17 - Annual catch by banks, 2005 - 2014

Tonnes¹

Year	Saya de Malha	Nazareth	St. Brandon ²	Soudan	NW Bank	Chagos	Albatross ³	Total catch
2005	1,028	578	344	-	-	-	163	2,113
2006	1,645	777	292	-	-	136	177	3,027
2007	1,513	732	140	-	-	130	74	2,589
2008	978	760	454	-	-	-	129	2,321
2009	1,835	237	390	-	-	161	-	2,623
2010	737	741	366	-	-	-	-	1,844
2011	885	868	158	-	-	-	167	2,078
2012	1,064	545	179	-	-	-	241	2,029
2013 4	986	971	219	7	5	-	135	2,323
2014 5	825	905	242	10	1	-	95	2,078

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

Table 2.18 - A quaculture production by species, 2010 - 2014

Fish species	Unit	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Berri Rouge (Freshwater)	Tonnes	62.1	71.1	72.0	75.0	70.0
Freshwater prawn	Tonnes	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	0.5
Marine fish (Barachois)	Tonnes	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Mangrove crabs (Barachois)	Tonnes	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0
Floating cage fish (Red drum/seabream etc.)	Tonnes	498.4	458.0	432.0	340.0	680.0
Oyster ¹	Unit	90,000	85,000	85,000	85,000	85,000

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

¹ Product weight = Brought frozen without offals

² St. Brandon includes frozen, salted and chilled fish product weight

³ Albatros include catch by banks and catch from St. Brandor. ⁴ Revised ⁵ Provisional

¹ estimates

Table 2.19 - Import, export and trade balance of fish and fish products, 2005 - 2014

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 1	2014 ²
Imports										
Quantity (tonnes)	105,000	151,000	129,000	149,000	139,000	156,000	163,000	158,000	169,000	179,000
Value (Rupees million)	4,266	6,687	7,066	8,474	7,055	7,869	9,280	10,968	11,880	10,353
Exports										
Quantity (tonnes)	66,881	79,580	86,184	83,482	87,820	101,927	89,490	102,363	108,420	126,620
Value (Rupees million)	4,785	7,077	8,172	7,932	9,017	10,182	9,481	12,735	14,599	13,934
Trade Balance (Rupees million)	519	390	1,106	542	1,962	2,313	201	1,767	2,719	3,581

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands.

¹ Revised ² Provisional

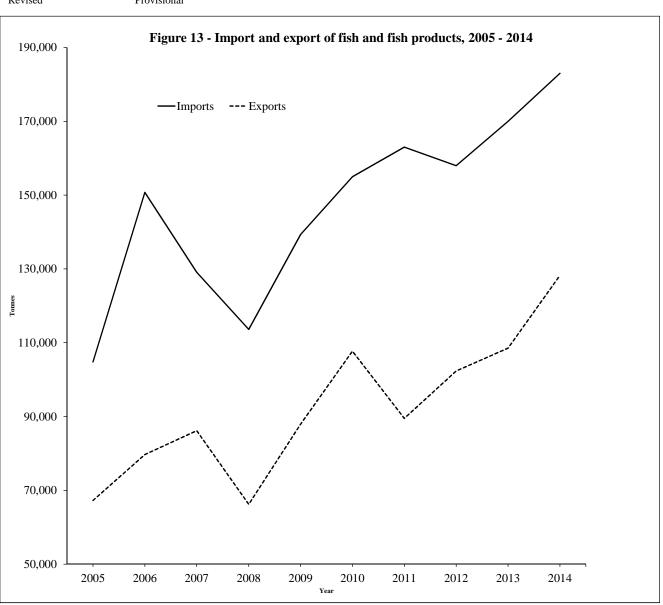


Table 2.20 - Agricultural crops - Area harvested and production, 2005 - 2014

	Sugar	cane	Tob	acco	Food	crops	Tea		
Year	Area harvested (hectares)	Production (tonnes)	Area harvested (hectares)	Production (tonnes)	Area harvested (hectares)	Production (tonnes)	Area under cultivation (hectares)	Production (tonnes)	
2005	68,351	4,984,058	267	291	6,901	96,782	670	6,798	
2006	66,732	4,748,973	263	298	7,207	106,902	688	7,649	
2007	64,260	4,235,849	258	316	6,740	99,130	709	8,027	
2008	62,024	4,533,300	260	333	6,266	93,021	701	8,672	
2009	60,380	4,667,235	255	345	7,083	113,943	713	7,663	
2010	58,709	4,365,833	210	282	7,570	114,844	698	7,370	
2011	56,668	4,230,174	222	345	7,484	115,934	651	8,975	
2012	54,140	3,947,285	173	245	8,124	121,106	669	7,947	
2013 1	53,464	3,815,782	2	1	8,189	118,121	672	7,981	
2014 2	50,687	4,044,422	-	-	8,208	110,366	672	7,607	

¹ Revised ² Provisional - No production

Table 2.21 - Imports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Tonnes

		I	I			Tomics				
Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cereals and products										
Wheat	148,109	140,260	157,563	104,140	166,018	163,540	107,263	166,558	163,422	143,049
Wheaten flour	4,456	28	155	13,193	22	26	23,508	1,981	4,334	2,728
Rice Ration	21,000	16,000	12,900	21,366	23,300	17,175	18,965	17,509	20,343	19,374
Rice Luxurious	40,849	44,983	49,822	47,368	54,033	63,455	39,209	38,284	39,894	37,719
Maize	89,126	77,144	74,189	90,455	81,538	94,617	92,777	93,367	99,741	90,225
Oats	183	154	152	162	201	261	191	94	180	53
Malt	5,908	5,234	5,720	5,788	5,567	5,994	5,842	5,175	5,026	5,188
Other cereals (unmilled)	87	126	160	155	149	148	93	172	199	26
Other cereals	734	669	531	499	606	579	801	1,384	1,585	1,594
Cereals preparations	11,278	11,652	13,819	15,226	15,864	16,098	16,854	18,643	18,092	19,133
Roots, tubers and products										
Potatoes	10,576	9,995	9,463	9,152	8,808	7,690	8,272	8,824	6,676	7,462
Sweet potatoes	125	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cassava (Manioc)	-	12	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tapioca & Sago	314	487	531	391	339	517	454	405	427	12
Sugar and syrups										
Cane sugar	38,423	40,922	35,552	44,841	33,299	26,945	17,689	18,601	29,857	46,394
Other sugars	656	546	484	542	572	834	685	596	331	548
Sugar preparations	1,685	1,886	2,187	1,909	1,815	2,061	1,902	2,318	2,319	2,146
Honey	143	31	139	111	90	121	113	233	217	202
Pulses										
Beans, dry	1,359	1,078	1,487	957	1,293	1,089	1,306	1,279	1,111	1,347
Broad beans, dry	835	1,519	1,907	1,357	1,094	2,588	1,576	1,704	2,297	1,494
Lentils	3,095	3,449	3,230	2,421	3,529	3,048	3,067	2,910	3,427	3,563
Peas, dry	4,586	4,423	5,253	4,790	4,162	4,745	4,052	4,485	4,647	4,396
Other pulses	2,632	1,873	1,971	1,490	1,920	2,019	2,200	1,977	2,112	2,046

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Table 2.21 (cont'd) - Imports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Tonnes

Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tree nuts										
Tree nuts	190	180	188	280	254	269	312	255	292	337
Oilcrops										
Coconuts	1,831	1,865	1,870	1,596	1,636	1,307	1,284	1,533	1,477	1,421
Groundnuts (in shells or not)	1,401	1,533	1,602	1,695	1,137	1,573	1,637	1,346	1,659	1,192
Other oilcrops	484	417	511	495	544	473	491	876	653	700
Vegetables and products										
Fresh:										
Cabbage	29	12	57	25	28	12	17	18	16	20
Carrots	239	4	279	312	185	31	8	12	231	74
Cauliflower	22	23	33	35	36	34	37	38	48	48
Cucumbers	7	11	19	13	3	1	6	5	-	1
Lettuce	-	-	-	-	119	109	87	101	168	119
Onions, dry	11,110	11,798	11,628	10,993	12,840	11,345	11,573	9,505	8,660	10,915
Tomatoes	-	-	-	-	-	5	16	30	56	44
Other fresh vegetables	486	450	616	562	220	192	233	311	215	280
Prepared/preserved vegetables										
Asparagus	27	20	29	43	4	29	30	27	23	18
Mushroom	1,045	807	1,012	1,647	974	1,186	1,239	1,048	1,287	1,191
Potatoes	1,356	1,355	1,683	1,886	2,163	2,686	3,087	3,467	3,386	4,074
Sweet corn	636	581	1,080	964	1,268	1,095	1,450	1,381	1,346	1,345
Tomatoes	4,129	3,171	4,944	3,556	4,362	6,211	3,983	5,443	6,125	7,714
Other vegetables preparations	2,890	3,150	3,122	3,651	3,658	4,027	4,257	5,351	5,695	6,444
Frozen vegetables	552	703	787	768	1,031	998	1,114	1,067	1,304	1,330

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Table 2.21 (cont'd) - Imports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

										Tomics
Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Fruits and products										
Fresh:										
Oranges	3,491	3,852	4,291	4,356	4,452	4,102	4,220	4,970	5,013	4,764
Lemons	614	540	593	652	679	656	705	772	817	1,010
Mandarins	1,716	2,072	1,397	1,659	1,478	2,150	1,716	1,965	2,223	2,831
Other citrus fruits	686	710	519	802	782	783	812	828	902	1,020
Apples	4,985	4,912	5,083	5,732	6,138	4,950	5,368	5,253	6,020	5,322
Bananas	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grapes	1,460	1,510	1,475	1,723	1,625	1,671	1,526	1,818	1,835	1,835
Pineapples	117	-	-	2	-	-	1	3	1	2
Other fresh fruits	2,910	2,548	3,226	3,463	3,454	3,637	3,518	4,004	3,862	4,387
Other:										
Raisins	346	229	157	282	241	261	186	244	228	275
Other dried fruits	776	886	722	896	644	950	760	1,098	1,020	1,035
Preserved fruits	2,575	2,404	2,525	2,796	2,664	2,350	2,347	2,433	2,176	2,481
Fruit & vegetable juices	3,884	3,685	4,683	6,128	6,347	6,300	6,424	7,760	81,574	32,775
Stimulants										
Tea	12	34	34	26	28	41	48	47	78	69
Coffee	507	554	549	587	643	499	572	581	645	671
Cocoa beans, cocoa preparations and chocolate	1,566	1,641	1,730	1,894	1,980	1,886	2,010	2,145	2,358	2,486
Spices										
Chillies	-	-	-	265	295	252	187	158	155	229
Garlic	1,366	1,680	1,482	1,593	1,649	1,792	1,571	1,624	1,570	1,683
Ginger	8	14	5	3	9	3	23	9	14	13
Pimento (dried chillies)	431	314	482	397	481	469	364	399	423	376
Other spices	1,400	1,142	1,516	1,392	1,319	1,382	1,562	1,626	1,398	1,672

Table 2.22 - Exports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

- 1	0	n	n	Δ	c

Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CEREALS AND PRODUCTS										
Wheat	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Wheaten flour	17,413	15,942	11,509	6,223	22,811	25,900	15,542	19,370	18,988	16,918
Ration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	3
Luxurious	79	143	824	300	1,540	788	1,025	93	693	1,165
Maize	302	2,964	21	558	58	3	684	560	1,287	-
Oats	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Malt	-	-	-	54	-	1	55	-	-	-
Other cereals (unmilled)	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other cereals	351	16	18	18	5	770	22	5	5	12
Cereals preparations	4,468	5,062	6,773	6,481	6,336	8,051	9,934	11,012	12,724	12,724
ROOTS, TUBERS AND PRODUCTS										
Potatoes	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	106	16	-
Tapioca & Sago	4	-	11	7	10	-	-	-	-	-
SUGARS AND SYRUPS										
Cane sugar	539,411	542,116	442,175	427,214	343,541	435,105	410,877	357,724	420,909	420,530
Other sugars	16	44	4	19	25	50	66	62	11	15
Sugar preparations	232	442	343	281	179	745	749	718	786	786
Honey	1	3	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	2
PULSES										
Beans, dry	1	-	-	3	25	31	75	82	135	74
Broad beans, dry	-	-	-	100	74	443	628	253	675	259
Lentils	13	3	4	39	9	4	6	2	170	145
Peas, dry	1	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	9
Other pulses	2	1	4	22	3	-	5	1	1	5

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Table 2.22 (cont'd) - Exports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Т	or	n	A

Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
TREE NUTS										
Tree nuts	2	21	34	7	6	6	2	1	1	2
OILCROPS										
Coconuts	6	6	14	6	4	2	-	4	1	-
Groundnuts (in shells or not)	5	8	5	20	2	40	47	-	-	22
Other oilcrops	15	2	2	1	2	1	93	5	12	-
VEGETABLES AND PRODUCTS										
Fresh:										
Cabbage	2	1	-	1	-	18	-	-	-	-
Cauliflower	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Cucumbers	2	2	5	5	6	8	10	4	3	-
Onions, dry	206	50	20	-	38	14	-	2	4	28
Other fresh vegetables	36	51	62	51	35	42	62	73	53	55
Prepared/preserved vegetables										
Mushroom	3	11	12	19	3	26	8	35	37	34
Potatoes	-	-	-	-	13	10	13	33	15	19
Sweet corn	-	18	-	31	1	12	32	83	93	55
Tomatoes	339	221	198	57	13	46	108	167	114	136
Other vegetables preparations	226	226	109	251	87	118	126	269	197	359
Frozen vegetables	-	4	-	-	15	-	29	33	21	1
FRUITS AND PRODUCTS										
Fresh:										
Oranges	-	-	-	45	42	10	21	2	2	-
Lemons	-	-	-	68	2	4	-	2	2	-
Mandarins	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	14	14	-

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Table 2.22 (cont'd) - Exports of crops, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Table 2.22 (cont d) - Exports of crops,	•	,								Tonnes
Commodity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other citrus fruits	1	=	1	16	-	3	14	4	4	-
Apples	6	-	-	18	21	9	-	-	-	-
Grapes	1	-	-	5	7	-	-	6	6	-
Pineapples	869	708	1,028	834	721	1,122	1,440	1,638	1,708	1,816
Other fresh fruits	349	348	267	291	310	419	360	542	482	385
Other:										
Raisins	1	4	1	5	2	-	1	5	1	8
Other dried fruits	3	5	2	17	42	14	7	3	2	4
Preserved fruits	37	33	36	32	57	58	56	55	94	68
Fruit & vegetable juices	155	153	150	89	77	33	288	399	131	102
STIMULANTS										
Tea	53	41	46	37	40	38	35	38	69	53
Coffee	3	4	6	5	12	17	14	34	10	17
Cocoa beans, cocoa preparations and chocolate	9	17	11	44	17	25	48	28	14	188
SPICES										
Chillies	25	50	41	51	-	24	21	17	10	7
Garlic	22	10	21	10	21	10	1	1	-	-
Ginger	-	-	2	-	-	-	9	17	12	-
Pimento (dried chillies)	19	118	62	105	85	76	27	83	45	76
Other spices	50	43	97	35	43	116	56	276	50	100

Table 2.23 - Imports and value (c.i.f) of fertilisers and pesticides (Agricultural inputs), 2005- 2014

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 1	2014 2
Fertilizers										
Quantity (tonnes)	61,605	55,314	45,336	46,677	57,169	46,282	54,356	52,739	45,924	53,276
Value CIF (Rs mn)	537	471	476	935	832	586	816	835	596	682
Pesticides										
Quantity (tonnes)	2,102	2,368	1,949	2,254	2,290	2,337	2,223	2,029	2,185	2,201
Value CIF (Rs mn)	313	398	325	410	389	390	375	363	370	407

¹ Revised ² Provisional

Table 2.24 - Number of small breeders and livestock population by geographical district as at December 2014

		Cattle		Goat		Sheep	Pig			
District	No. of farmers	No. of heads								
Pamplemousses	109	465	475	4,384	42	528	44	927		
Riviere du Rempart	195	1,428	533	5,812	55	744	31	229		
Flacq	146	495	793	6,355	29	258	70	2,643		
Plaines Wilhems	68	594	64	953	7	157	19	629		
Moka	69	1,102	45	526	0	0	10	239		
Grand Port	85	600	236	2,632	13	209	39	1,065		
Savanne	61	651	211	2,212	40	437	15	283		
Black River/Port Louis	83	706	296	3,684	19	390	216	11,496		
Total	816	6,041	2,653	26,558	205	2,723	444	17,511		

Source : Food and Agricultural Research and Extension Institute, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security

Table 2.25 - Livestock herd and poultry status by geographical district as at December 2014

			Ca	attle						Pig		366 79 9. 85 14 2. 1,488 87 2,66 279 29 6.			
District	No. of farmers	Cows	Calves	Heifers	Bulls	Total no. of heads	No. of farmers	Boars	Sows	Piglets	Fatteners	Gilts	Total no. of heads		
Pamplemousses	109	163	20	128	154	465	44	30	170	282	366	79	927		
Riviere du Rempart	195	429	114	312	573	1,428	31	12	32	86	85	14	229		
Flacq	146	164	39	151	141	495	70	55	255	758	1,488	87	2,643		
Plaines Wilhems	68	262	45	153	134	594	19	22	125	174	279	29	629		
Moka	69	590	131	190	191	1,102	10	12	53	76	81	17	239		
Grand Port	85	219	15	263	103	600	39	32	243	340	389	61	1,065		
Savanne	61	253	140	94	164	651	15	6	44	70	144	19	283		
Black River/Port Louis	83	288	73	144	201	706	216	196	1,471	3,221	6,302	306	11,496		
Total	816	2,368	577	1,435	1,661	6,041	444	365	2,393	5,007	9,134	612	17,511		

Source : Food and Agricultural Research and Extension Institute, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security

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Table 2.25 (cont'd) - Livestock herd and poultry status by geographical district as at December 2014

			Sheep					Goat				Poul	try ¹	
District	No. of farmers	Ewes	Ram	Followers	Total no. of heads	No. of farmers	Bucks	Does	Kids	Total no. of heads	No. of farmers	Broilers	No. of farmers	Layers
Pamplemousses	42	106	29	393	528	475	574	1,225	2,585	4,384	22	28,200	28	29,256
Riviere du Rempart	55	201	62	481	744	533	499	1,691	3,622	5,812	47	121,435	36	18,250
Flacq	29	91	62	105	258	793	750	1,909	3,696	6,355	35	43,260	46	14,774
Plaines Wilhems	7	25	71	61	157	64	153	429	371	953	19	40,150	22	41,133
Moka	0	0	0	0	0	45	107	234	185	526	22	32,950	10	8,800
Grand Port	13	55	69	85	209	236	568	751	1,313	2,632	19	13,355	29	6,112
Savanne	40	54	214	169	437	211	242	739	1,231	2,212	57	63,119	33	7,354
Black River/Port Louis	19	30	149	211	390	296	308	1,380	1,996	3,684	27	40,950	43	9,331
Total	205	562	656	1,505	2,723	2,653	3,201	8,358	14,999	26,558	248	383,419	247	135,010

Source: Food and Agricultural Research and Extension Institute, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹ Exclude industrial farm and farmers rearing more than 5,000 heads

Table 2.26 - Livestock slaughtered 1 , 2010 - 2014

	20	010	20	11	20	012	20	13	2014		
Type of livestock	No. of Heads	Carcass weight (tonnes)									
Cattle	8,473	2,194.4	8,282	2,022.8	8,425	1,986.1	8,884	1,946.2	7,634	1,955.7	
Local	361	75.1	605	103.0	1,156	171.6	507	85.4	246	44.3	
Rodrigues	89	13.3	214	33.1	61	8.5	36	4.5	122	15.9	
Imported	8,023	2,106.0	7,463	1,886.7	7,208	1,806.0	8,341	1,856.3	7,266	1,895.5	
Goat	5,243	51.1	6,094	51.2	4,753	41.7	4,679	41.2	4,033	37.1	
Local and Rodrigues	3,450	28.8	5,664	45.0	4,358	35.8	3,756	30.5	3,372	28.1	
Imported	1,793	22.3	430	6.2	395	5.9	923	10.7	661	9.0	
Sheep	841	17.1	627	10.6	577	9.5	318	5.2	473	7.5	
Local and Rodrigues	545	9.4	377	5.1	319	4.6	200	2.6	310	4.3	
Imported	296	7.7	250	5.5	258	4.9	118	2.6	163	3.2	
Pigs	8,886	623.0	9,540	650.3	9,990	652.9	9,656	615.4	8,516	556.5	

¹ Abbattoir slaughtered only

Table 2.27 - Water balance, 2005 - 2014

 $\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ m³

										IVIIII
Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rainfall (Precipitation)	4,431	3,570	3,629	4,441	4,444	3,368	3,633	3,023	3,965	3,905
Surface runoff	2,659	2,142	2,177	2,665	2,667	2,021	2,180	1,814	2,379	2,343
Evapotranspiration	1,329	1,071	1,089	1,332	1,333	1,010	1,090	907	1,189	1,172
Net recharge to groundwater	443	357	363	444	444	337	363	302	397	390

Source : Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

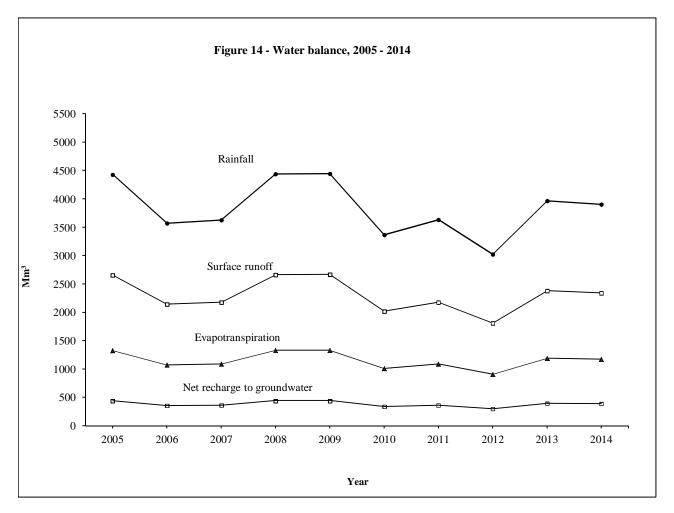


Table 2.28 - Surface water stock in main rivers, 2014

River	Location	Average Annual Flow ¹ (Mm ³)
Riviere Rempart	La Nicoliere	6.42
Riviere Francoise	Constance	21.81
Riviere Seche	Bel Air	44.50
Riviere Rempart	Bois Clair Dam	27.72
Riviere Bateau	Belle Rive	7.90
Riviere Vacoas	Belle Rive	1.47
Riviere Gontran	Dubreuil	1.69
Total Grand River South East ²	La Pipe	63.10
Deep River	Pont Lardier	74.10
Riviere Francoise	Montagne Maurice	21.21
Grand River South East	Beau Champ	115.07
Riviere Des Creoles	Riche en Eau	113.31
Riviere La Chaux	Beau Vallon	56.37
Riviere Citron	Nouvelle France	13.58
Riviere Du Poste	La Flora	35.45
Riviere Dragon	Batymarais	14.46
Riviere Des Anguilles	Riv. Des Anguilles	54.22
Riviere Patates	Mont Blanc	11.70
Riviere Des Galets	Chamouny	19.09
Riviere Baie du Cap	Chamarel	14.30
Riviere Plaines Wilhems	Trianon Bridge	17.58
RiviereTerre Rouge	Trianon	14.19
Riviere Cascade	Reduit	23.41
Riviere Profonde	Petit Verger	11.74
Riviere Labourdonnais	Calebasses Road Bridge	6.55
Riviere Calebasses	Calebasses	17.32
Riviere Citronnier	Poudre D'or	5.62

Source: Water Resources Unit

¹ A 10 year (2001 - 2010) average of the annual volume of water measured at the flow measuring station on the concerned river

² To note that La Nicoliere Feeder Canal (LNFC) has its offtake just upstream of the point of measurement for the flow in Grand River South East (GRSE). Total GRSE refer to flow of GRSE and flow diverted to LNFC.

Table 2.29 - Fresh water abstractions $^{\rm 1}$ by source, 2005 - 2014 $^{\rm 2}$

 Mm^3

Source	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gross fresh surface water abstraction	541	528	518	497	511	513	449	460	487	489
Reservoirs	154	146	145	137	150	152	104	121	136	141
Rivers and streams	387	382	373	360	361	361	345	339	351	348
Gross ground water abstraction	150	154	112	119	121	124	122	122	121	131
Total	691	682	630	616	632	637	571	582	608	620

Source: Water Resources Unit

Table 2.30 - Fresh water abstractions by sector, 2005 - 2014

 Mm^3

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gross fresh surface water abstraction	541	528	518	497	511	513	449	460	487	489
Water supply industry (Central Water Authority)	99	100	102	107	112	110	94	97	112	115
Manufacturing	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	442	423	411	385	394	398	350	358	368	367
Gross ground water abstraction	150	154	112	119	121	124	122	122	121	131
Water supply industry (Central Water Authority)	115	116	99	107	111	113	111	109	108	119
Manufacturing	11	13	6	6	5	5	5	6	6	6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	24	25	7	6	5	6	6	7	7	6
Total	691	682	630	616	632	637	571	582	608	620

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

Note: Year refer to Hydrologic year (i.e. From November n-1 to October n, where $n=\mbox{year}$)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ For agricultural, domestic and industrial purposes.

 $^{^{2}}$ Hydrologic year (i.e. From November n-1 to October n, where n = year) $\,$

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ for agricultural, domestic and industrial purposes.

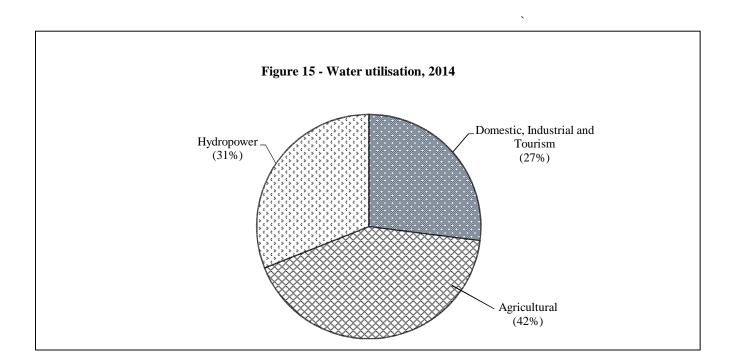
Table 2.31 - Water utilisation, 2013 - 2014

 Mm^3

		2013				2014	ļ	
Use	Surfa	ce water			Surfa	ice water		
	River-run offtakes	Reservoirs	Ground water	Total	River- run offtakes	Reservoirs	Ground water	Total
Domestic, Industrial and Tourism	34 1	78	108	220	35 ¹	80	119	234
Industrial	5	2 ²	6	13	5	2 ²	6	13
Agricultural	312	56 ³	7	375	308	59 ³	6	373
Hydropower	146 ⁴	134 ⁵	-	280	150 ⁴	125 ⁵	-	275
Overall utilisation	497	270	121	888	498	266	131	895
Total water mobilisation	465	224	121	810	469	213	131	813

Source: Water Resources Unit of the Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities.

⁵ Used also twice for Tamarind Falls and Magenta hydropower stations



¹ Used also for Reduit hydropower station

² Used by IPP (formerly accounted in agricultural purpose)

 $^{^{3}\,}$ Used also for Tamarind Falls, Magenta and La Ferme hydropower stations

⁴ Used also twice for Le Val and Ferney hydropower stations

Table~2.32~-~Volume~of~treated~effluent~from~was tewater~treatment~plants~used~for~irrigation,~2006~-~2014

	M^3
Year	Irrigation
2006	9,069,960
2007	10,956,430
2008	10,104,236
2009	271,510
2010	-
2011	3,347,765
2012	3,991,797
2013	3,432,175
2014	5,144,168

Source: Wastewater Management Authority

Note: Discharge to canals (Magenta and La Ferme) stopped in January 2009 and restarted in April 2011

Table 2.33 – Daily per capita domestic and potable water consumption, 2005 – 2014

Litres/day

Year	Daily per capita domestic water consumption	Daily per capita potable water consumption
2005	167	215
2006	167	216
2007	166	217
2008	164	214
2009	170	222
2010	173	227
2011	166	218
2012	164	214
2013 1	165	216
2014 1	167	218

Source: Central Water Authority

1 Revised

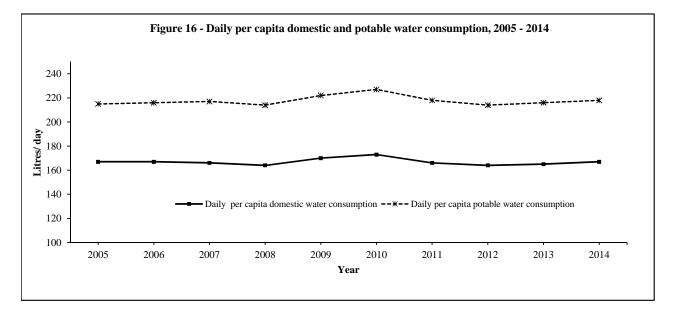


Table 2.34 - Volume of water used by the Central Electricity Board for hydropower generation, 2005 - 2014

 Mm^3

Power station	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1
Champagne	105	62	61	91	105	87	44	69	78	67
Ferney	116	79	95	99	125	100	77	82	107	106
Tamarind Falls	37	26	27	22	33	29	11	13	20	23
Le Val	14	10	13	16	13	13	3	10	17	13
Reduit	26	21	20	30	36	20	21	18	15	16
Cascade Cecile	8	7	17	20	23	19	11	12	17	20
Magenta	25	17	16	5	17	22	10	12	19	22
La Ferme	-	5	5	9	14	8	4	2	7	8
Total	331	227	254	292	366	298	181	218	280	275

Source: Central Electricity Board

 $^{^{1}}$ Provisional

COMPONENT 3	
RESIDUALS	
 	Ĭ I I

Table 3.1 - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions and removals by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2013 - 2014

	1				ı	1			ı		ı	1		(g or thous	and tonnes
		arbon diox	I		Metl	nane H ₄)		s oxide ₂ O)	Oxid nitroge		Carbon r	nonoxide	NMV	OC 1	_	r dioxide O ₂)
Source	Emis	sions	Rem	ovals	(C.	n ₄)	(1)	<u>2</u> U)	mtroge	n (NO _x)	(C	0)			(3)	O ₂)
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
1. Energy (Fuel combustion activities)	3,835.44	3,968.81	-	-	0.61	0.60	0.08	0.08	19.15	19.67	70.32	72.05	11.07	11.61	34.31	35.05
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	2,363.79	2,449.07	-	-	0.28	0.28	0.06	0.06	7.82	8.06	8.64	8.29	0.53	0.53	28.79	29.36
(b) Manufacturing industries	317.17	332.71	-	-	0.07	0.06	0.01	0.01	1.04	1.07	6.42	5.63	0.11	0.10	3.18	3.31
(c) Transport	969.53	996.54	-	-	0.15	0.16	0.01	0.01	9.85	10.10	53.70	56.71	10.25	10.80	2.25	2.29
(d) Other sectors	184.95	190.49	-	-	0.11	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.45	1.56	1.42	0.18	0.17	0.09	0.09
2.Industrial processes	1.31	0.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.60 ²	8.83	-	-
3. Solvent and other product use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.Agriculture	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.Land use change and forestry ³	-	-	293.9	294.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.Waste ⁴	-	-	-	-	38.33	37.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,836.75	3,969.62	293.90	294.00	39.94	38.88	1.08	1.08	19.15	19.67	70.32	72.05	23.67	20.43	34.31	35.05

Non - methane volatile organic compound

² Revised ³ Excludes the amount of CO₂ sequestrated by trees and vegetations found along rivers and canal reserves and trees along roads

⁴ Exclude waste water

Table 3.2 - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (carbon dioxide) and removals by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

	I			I			I		Gg or thousan	ia tomics
Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	2,994.00	3,346.80	3,448.10	3,485.80	3,365.30	3,664.35	3,639.37	3,743.31	3,835.44	3,968.81
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	1,615.20	1,912.50	2,067.90	2,032.00	1,997.00	2,224.28	2,205.80	2,280.49	2,363.79	2,449.07
(b) Manufacturing industries	346.30	404.90	400.30	456.00	351.60	352.06	336.55	330.75	317.17	332.71
(c) Transport	833.70	843.70	800.10	813.00	844.80	912.02	922.11	954.06	969.53	996.54
(d) Other sectors	198.80	185.70	179.80	184.80	171.90	175.99	174.91	178.01	184.95	190.49
2. Industrial processes	2.00	2.10	1.50	1.30	2.30	2.18	1.38	1.82	1.31	0.81
3. Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,996.00	3,348.90	3,449.60	3,487.10	3,367.60	3,666.53	3,640.75	3,745.13	3,836.75	3,969.62
Removals ²	223.70	193.20	224.00	300.00	293.00	291.57	289.62	292.90	293.90	294.00
Net CO ₂ emission	2,772.30	3,155.70	3,225.60	3,187.10	3,074.60	3,374.96	3,351.13	3,452.23	3,542.85	3,675.62
Per capita Total Carbon Dioxide Emissions (tonnes)	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1

¹ Excludes waste water

 $^{^2}$ Excludes the amount of CO_2 sequestrated by trees and vegetations found along rivers and canal reserves and trees along road

⁻ Not occuring, not applicable, not estimated

Table 3.2 (cont'd) - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (methane) by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.40	0.63	0.62	0.62	0.61	0.60
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28
(b) Manufacturing industries	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.06
(c) Transport	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.16
(d) Other sectors	-	-	-	-	-	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10
2. Industrial processes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agriculture	1.10	1.10	1.20	1.20	0.90	1.01	0.99	0.90	1.00	1.10
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	29.80	33.70	33.90	35.60	20.00	38.10	36.90	34.40	38.33	37.18
Total	31.40	35.30	35.60	37.30	21.30	39.74	38.51	35.92	39.94	38.88

Table 3.2 (cont'd) - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (nitrous oxide) by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	-	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	-	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
(b) Manufacturing industries	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
(c) Transport	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
(d) Other sectors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Industrial processes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agriculture	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.10	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.20	1.00	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08

¹ Excludes waste water

⁻ Not occuring, not applicable, not estimated

Table 3.2 (cont'd) - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (oxides of nitrogen) by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	15.40	16.70	16.60	18.10	17.50	18.13	18.30	18.80	19.15	19.67
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	5.60	6.60	7.10	8.60	8.50	7.47	7.38	7.58	7.82	8.06
(b) Manufacturing industries	1.30	1.50	1.40	0.10	1.20	1.18	1.12	1.08	1.04	1.07
(c) Transport	8.30	8.40	7.90	8.00	7.40	9.17	9.38	9.71	9.85	10.10
(d) Other sectors	0.20	0.20	0.20	1.40	0.40	0.31	0.42	0.43	0.44	0.45
2. Industrial processes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	15.40	16.70	16.60	18.10	17.50	18.13	18.30	18.80	19.15	19.67

Table 3.2 (cont'd) - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (carbon monoxide) by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	66.40	64.80	65.40	66.60	64.00	67.39	67.47	68.57	70.32	72.05
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	8.80	8.70	8.80	8.20	7.90	9.03	8.90	8.61	8.64	8.29
(b) Manufacturing industries	15.60	15.10	13.10	14.20	13.90	8.27	7.61	6.67	6.42	5.63
(c) Transport	40.40	39.40	41.90	43.00	41.20	48.56	49.34	51.70	53.70	56.71
(d) Other sectors	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.20	1.00	1.53	1.62	1.59	1.56	1.42
2. Industrial processes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	66.40	64.80	65.40	66.60	64.00	67.39	67.47	68.57	70.32	72.05

¹ Excludes waste water

⁻ Not occuring, not applicable, not estimated

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	8.60	8.40	8.90	8.70	8.20	10.05	10.30	10.71	11.07	11.61
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.20	0.10	0.55	0.55	0.53	0.53	0.53
(b) Manufacturing industries	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.10	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.10
(c) Transport	7.70	7.50	8.00	8.10	7.90	9.20	9.43	9.88	10.25	10.80
(d) Other sectors	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.10	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.17
2.Industrial processes	9.70	9.20	8.20	7.80	9.40	9.58	10.51	14.31	12.60 ²	8.83
3.Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.Waste ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	18.30	17.60	17.10	16.50	17.60	19.63	20.81	25.02	23.57	20.43

¹ Non - methane volatile organic compound ² Revised

Table 3.2 (cont'd) - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions (sulphur dioxide) by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2005 - 2014

									Og of thousa	ina tomics
Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1. Energy (fuel combustion activities)	33.40	33.00	35.00	33.20	33.60	33.20	33.67	33.78	34.31	35.05
(a) Energy industries (electricity)	24.90	24.40	26.30	27.00	27.70	27.14	28.12	28.26	28.79	29.36
(b) Manufacturing industries	6.40	6.40	6.70	5.20	4.90	3.80	3.29	3.20	3.18	3.31
(c) Transport	2.00	2.00	1.90	0.90	0.80	2.14	2.16	2.23	2.25	2.29
(d) Other sectors	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.20	0.12	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09
2. Industrial processes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Land use change and forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Waste ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	33.40	33.00	35.00	33.20	33.60	33.20	33.67	33.78	34.31	35.05
Total GHG ² emissions (CO ₂ -eq)	4,058.40	4,493.20	4,600.20	4,642.40	4,124.90	4,835.87	4,784.26	4,834.25	5010.29	5120.9
Net GHG emissions (CO ₂ -eq)	3,834.70	4,300.00	4,376.20	4,342.40	3,831.90	4,544.30	4,494.64	4,541.35	4716.39	4826.9
Per capita GHG (total) emissions (CO ₂ -eq)	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.3	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.1

³ Excludes waste water

⁻ Not occuring, not applicable, not estimated

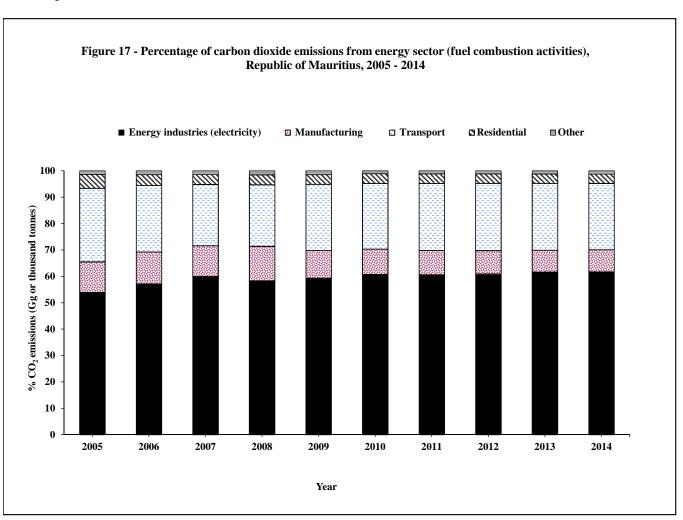
² Refers to carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide

⁻ Not occuring, not applicable, not estimated

 $Table \ 3.3 - Percentage \ share \ of \ carbon \ dioxide \ emissions \ from \ energy \ sector \ (fuel \ combustion \ activities), \ Republic \ of \ Mauritius, \ 2005 - 2014$

% 2011 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2012 2013 2014 **Energy Sector** Energy industries 53.9 57.1 60.0 58.3 59.4 60.7 60.6 60.9 61.6 61.7 (electricity) 10.4 9.2 8.3 8.4 Manufacturing industries 11.6 12.1 11.6 13.1 9.6 8.8 27.8 25.1 25.3 25.5 25.3 25.1 Transport 25.2 23.2 23.3 24.9 Residential 5.3 4.1 3.8 3.8 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 Other 1 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 **Total**

¹ includes Agriculture and Trade



 $Table \ 3.4 - Trend \ in Energy \ intensity \ index, Energy \ consumption \ per \ capita \ index, GHG \ Emission \ per \ capita \ index \ and \ GHG \ emission \ per \ GDP \ index, 2005 - 2014$

Base Year 2000 = 100

Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Energy Intensity index	98.9	100.0	95.6	92.3	85.7	86.8	83.5	81.3	80.2	79.1
Energy consumption per capita index	109.2	112.6	109.7	107.2	102.8	108.3	109.1	107.8	109.7	112.3
GHG Emission per capita index	116.5	127.6	131.9	131.8	117.6	137.5	135.8	136.8	141.5	144.3
GHG Emissions per GDP index	77.1	76.1	69.1	61.6	53.6	59.3	54.3	51.6	50.1	48.6

Figure 18- Trend in Energy Intensity Index, Energy consumption per capita Index, GHG Emission per capita Index and GHG emission per GDP Index, 2005 - 2014 160 GHG Emission per capita index 140 120 Energy consumption per capita index 100 Index 2000 = 100Index 80 Energy intensity index 60 GHG Emission per GDP index 40 20 0 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Year

Table 3.5 - Consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by sector, 2005 - 2014

Tonnes

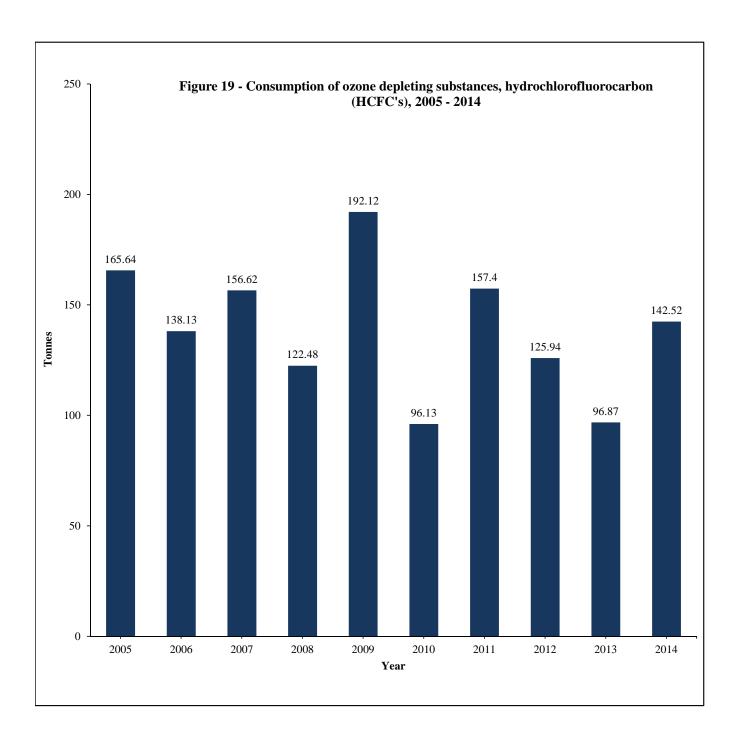
Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Process agent	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Refrigeration and air conditioning	165.64	139.13	156.62	122.48	192.12	96.13	157.40	125.94	96.87	142.52
Total	165.67	139.13	156.62	122.48	192.12	96.13	157.40	125.94	96.87	142.52

Source: Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management.

Table 3.6 - Consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by type of substances, 2005 - 2014

Type of substances	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC's)	-	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carbon tetrachloride	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFC's)	165.64	138.13	156.62	122.48	192.12	96.13	157.40	125.94	96.87	142.52
Total	165.67	139.13	156.62	122.48	192.12	96.13	157.40	125.94	96.87	142.52

Source : Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management.



 $Table \ 3.7 - Volume \ of \ was tewater \ treated \ by \ public \ treatment \ stations \ and \ by \ type \ of \ treatment, \ 2005 - 2014$

										Mm ³
Type of treatment and Station	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Primary treament	13.47	16.24	8.20	18.21	24.71	19.61	26.19	20.20	21.76	23.95
Montagne Jacquot	5.20	7.84	-	10.00	16.50	11.40	17.25	11.50	13.22	14.40
Baie du Tombeau	8.27	8.40	8.20	8.21	8.21	8.21	8.94	8.70	8.54	9.55
Secondary treatment	1.42	0.62	0.63	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.76
Pailles Treatment Plant	0.18	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Bois Marchand	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Riviere du Rempart	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.06
Robinson	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Vuillemin	0.07	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.12
Flacq	0.23	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.15
Dubreuil	0.68	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Tertiary treatment	13.88	14.93	15.50	17.30	16.55	14.60	13.24	15.67	18.55	15.75
Grand Bay	-	-	-	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.77	0.86	0.98
St. Martin	13.88	14.93	15.50	16.70	15.95	14.00	12.64	14.90	17.69	14.77
Total	28.77	31.79	24.33	36.24	41.99	34.94	40.16	36.60	41.04	40.46

Source : Wastewater Management Authority

Table 3.8 - Disposal of solid waste at Mare Chicose landfill site by type, 2005 - 2014

	l			<u> </u>		<u> </u>				Tonnes
Waste type	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Domestic	363,776	387,751	358,781	373,860	389,999	402,816	389,743	365,867	408,858	401,785
Construction	3,755	1,109	502	2,065	671	2,394	5,306	5,601	6,141	2,363
Industrial (excl. textile)	537	499	886	796	1,170	1,140	1,565	680	325	190
Textile	1,803	2,120	1,271	1,002	300	432	130	233	89	18
Tuna/Sludge	5,913	8,056	13,077	12,148	9,126	10,949	10,402	7,370	6,963	5,191
Poultry	3,930	3,752	3,387	6,867	7,209	6,339	5,942	6,061	5,316	5,707
Rubber tyres	394	465	223	347	365	481	447	372	315	431
Asbestos	85	14	260	32	26	44	15	6	50	26
Condemned goods	2,114	3,265	2,036	2,361	1,164	1,388	848	1,573	1,588	1,586
Difficult and hazardous	40	8	4	5	-	42	13	7	17	1
Paper waste	-	-	-	-	-	6	67	7	30	5
Others	-	-	6,648	5	5,918	1,771	65	149	243	175
Total	382,347	407,039	387,075	399,488	415,948	427,802	414,543	387,926	429,935	417,478

Source: Solid Waste Management Division, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management

Daily per capita total solid waste landfilled (kg)	0.88	0.93	0.88	0.91	0.94	0.97	0.94	0.87	0.97	0.94
Daily per capita domestic solid waste lanfilled (kg)	0.85	0.89	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.91	0.88	0.83	0.92	0.90

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Table 3.9 - Disposal of solid waste at Mare Chicose landfill site by economic activity, 2005 - 2014	Table 3.9 - Disposa	d of solid waste at Mare	Chicose landfill site by	economic activity, 2005 - 2014
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Activity	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3,930	3,752	3,387	6,867	7,209	6,339	5,942	6,061	5,316	5,707
Manufacturing	8,253	10,675	15,234	13,946	10,596	12,521	12,097	8,283	7,377	5,399
Construction	3,755	1,109	502	2,065	671	2,394	5,306	5,601	6,141	2,363
Other economic activities	2,633	3,752	9,171	2,750	7,473	3,732	1,455	2,114	2,243	2,224
Households	363,776	387,751	358,781	373,860	389,999	402,816	389,743	365,867	408,858	401,785
Total waste disposed	382,347	407,039	387,075	399,488	415,948	427,802	414,543	387,926	429,935	417,478

Source: Solid Waste Management Division, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management

Table 3.10 - Management of solid waste, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Landfilling	382,347	407,039	387,075	399,488	415,948	427,802	414,543	387,926	429,935	417,478
Composting	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,154	34,785	19,257	41,032
Total	382,347	407,039	387,075	399,488	415,948	427,802	419,697	422,711	449,192	458,510

Source: Solid Waste Management Division, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management

CHAPTER 4	
EXTREME EVENTS AND DISASTERS	

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Table 4.1 - List of tropical storm/cyclone when warnings were issued for Mauritius, 1990 - 2014

Year	Month and date	Name	Intensity	Closest distance from	Highest gust recorded	Lowest pressure recorded
1 cai	Wolth and date	Name	Intensity	Mauritius	(km/hr)	(hPa) in Mauritius
1990	March 4 - 6	Edisaona	Severe Tropical Storm	330 km East	95	994.1
1991	January 29 - 31	Bella	Tropical Cyclone	410 km North East	74	1001.7
1992	February 29 - 2 March	Gerda	Tropical Cyclone	200 km North East	93	1003.6
1993	January 18 - 19	Colina	Tropical Cyclone	200 km West South West	114	1004.4
1993	January 26 - 27	Edwina	Tropical Cyclone	150 km East	124	994.8
1994	February 9 - 11	Hollanda	Intense Tropical Cyclone	Off North West Coast	216	984
1995	January 4 - 6	Bentha	Moderate Tropical Storm	160 km North	79	1009.9
1995	January 7 - 8	Christelle	Moderate Tropical Storm	Over Island	109	993.8
1995	February 24 - 27	Ingrid	Tropical Cyclone	80 km East	153	989.2
1995	March 8 - 13	Kylie	Severe Tropical Storm	140 km West	116	1004.8
1996	January 7 - 9	Bonita	Intense Tropical Cyclone	190 km North West	87	1008.7
1996	Febraury 24 - 25	Edwige	Moderate Tropical Storm	100 km North	162	1009
1996	February 29 - 1 March	Flossy	Tropical Cyclone	385 km West		1010.2
1996	March 21 - 22	Guylianne	Moderate Tropical Storm	80 km North East	82	1007.3
1996	April 14 - 16	Itelle	Intense Tropical Cyclone	300 km North North West	109	1010.9
1996	December 6 - 8	Daniella	Intense Tropical Cyclone	40 km South West	170	997.8
1998	February 10 - 11	Anacelle	Tropical Cyclone	60 km from Ile aux Cerfs	121	985.8
1999	March 8 - 10	Davina	Intense Tropical Cyclone	25 km South East	173	974.3
2000	January 27 - 29	Connie	Intense Tropical Cyclone	200 km North West	134	1003.8
2000	February 13 - 15	Eline	Severe Tropical Storm	130 km North	137	1006.3
2001	January 4 - 6	Ando	Intense Tropical Cyclone	360 km North West	82	
2001	January 15 - 16	Bindu	Moderate Tropical Storm	360 km East South East	140	
2002	January 20 - 22	Dina	Very Intense Tropical Cyclone	50 km North	228	988.3
2002	February 17 - 19	Guillaume	Intense Tropical Cyclone	155 km East	100	1005.7
2002	November 20 - 21	Boura	Severe Tropical Storm	435 km North North West	97	1012.9
2002	December 26 - 27	Crystal	Tropical Cyclone	125 km East	79	1002.8
2003	February 12 - 13	Gerry	Tropical Cyclone	100 km Noth North East	143	986.3
2003	May 4 - 5	Manou	Tropical Cyclone	430 km North	112	1007.9
2003-04	31 December - 3 January	Darius	Severe Tropical Storm	40 km South East	112	993.5
2005	March 22 - 24	Hennie	Severe Tropical Storm	60 km South East	112	990.3
2006	March 3 - 4	Diwa	Severe Tropical Storm	220 km North North West	126	1005.7
2007	February 22 - 25	Gamede	Intense Tropical Cyclone	230 km North West	158	995.5
2008	January 30 - 31	Gula	Tropical Cyclone	155 km South East	97	996.8
2009	February 3 - 5	Gael	Severe Tropical Storm	200 km North	104	1004.8
2012	February 10 - 12	Giovanna	Intense Tropical Cyclone	260 km North	97	1004.1
2013	January 1 - 3	Dumile	Tropical Cyclone	300 km West	97	1005.9
2013	April 13 - 15	Imelda	Tropical Cyclone	500 km North North East	79	
2013-14	31 December - 2 January	Bejisa	Intense Tropical Cyclone	265 km West	94	1004.3
2014	February 4 - 6	Edilson	Severe Tropical Storm	70 km South East	90	994.1

Source: Mauritius Meteorological Service

COMPONENT 5
HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

 $Table~5.1-Evolution~of~the~population~by~urban^1/~rural~residence~and~sex~between~the~2000~and~2011~Population~Censuses$

		2000 census ²			2011 census		Intercensal change			
Urban\Rural Residence	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Number	Annual average (%)		
Island of Mauritius	1,143,069	566,056	577,013	1,196,383	590,944	605,439	53,314	0.42		
Urban population	503,045	247,844	255,201	499,349	244,688	254,661	-3,696	-0.07		
Port Louis	144,303	71,720	72,583	137,608	68,370	69,238	-6,695	-0.43		
Beau Bassin/Rose Hill	103,872	50,730	53,142	103,098	51,114	51,984	-774	-0.07		
Quatre Bornes	75,884	37,306	38,578	75,613	36,870	38,743	-271	-0.03		
Vacoas/Phoenix	100,066	49,452	50,614	105,559	50,963	54596	5,493	0.49		
Curepipe	78,920	38,636	40,284	77,471	37,371	40,100	-1,449	-0.17		
Rural population	640,024	318,212	321,812	697,034	346,256	350,778	57,010	0.78		

¹ Urban population refers to the population in the five Municipal Council Areas defined according to proclaimed boundaries, altered in 1963

Table 5.2 - Evolution of the population by geographical district and sex between the 2000 and 2011 Population Censuses

	2	2000 Census ¹	I	2	2011 Census	1	Intercens	al change
Geographical district	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Number	Annual average (%)
Port Louis	127,855	63,458	64,397	118,431	58,615	59,816	-9,424	-0.69
Pamplemousses	122,252	60,533	61,719	136,268	67,898	68,370	14,016	0.99
Riviere du Rempart	98,854	49,116	49,738	106,267	52,672	53,595	7,413	0.66
Flacq	126,839	63,549	63,290	135,406	67,156	68,250	8,567	0.60
Grand Port	106,665	53,011	53,654	110,907	55,066	55,841	4,242	0.36
Savanne	66,356	32,787	33,569	67,906	33,485	34,421	1,550	0.21
Plaine Wilhems	358,182	175,852	182,330	362,292	176,603	185,689	4,110	0.10
Moka	75,479	37,275	38,204	82,302	40,910	41,392	6,823	0.79
Black River	60,587	30,475	30,112	76,604	38,539	38,065	16,017	2.16
Island of Mauritius	1,143,069	566,056	577,013	1,196,383	590,944	605,439	53,314	0.42

¹ "de jure" population; not adjusted for under enumeration of young children

 $⁽Proclamation\ No\ 12\ and\ 13\)\ and\ subsequently\ enlarged\ in\ 1965\ \ (Proclamation\ No\ 23\),\ 1967\ \ (Proclamation\ No\ 2)\ and\ in\ 1990\ \ (Proclamation\ No\ 8)\ \ (Proclamation\ No\ 2)\ \ (Proclamation\ No\$

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Unadjusted " de jure " population

Table 5.3 - Estimated resident population 1 by urban 2 /rural residence and sex - Republic of Mauritius, 3 2013 & 2014

		(Enc	d of year estin	nates)		
	31st	December 2	013	31:	st December 20	14
Urban\Rural	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Island of Mauritius	1,218,060	602,831	615,229	1,219,659	603,576	616,083
Urban population	518,752	254,347	264,405	517,811	253,894	263,917
- Port Louis	150,641	75,130	75,511	149,923	74,787	75,136
- Beau Bassin/Rose Hill	104,912	52,034	52,878	104,835	51,976	52,859
- Quatre Bornes	77,535	37,857	39,678	77,492	37832	39,660
- Vacoas/Phoenix	106,453	51,368	55,085	106,435	51,358	55,077
- Curepipe	79,211	37,958	41,253	79,126	37,941	41,185
Rural population	699,308	348,484	350,824	701,848	349,682	352,166
Island of Rodrigues ⁴	41,504	20,467	21,037	41,788	20,584	21,204
Urban population	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rural population	41,504	20,467	21,037	41,788	20,584	21,204
Republic of Mauritius	1,259,564	623,298	636,266	1,261,447	624,160	637,287
Urban population	518,752	254,347	264,405	517,811	253,894	263,917
Rural population	740,812	368,951	371,861	743,636	370,266	373,370
Perentage Urban	41.2			41.0		

¹ Based on 2011 census data adjusted for underenumeration of young children. Internal migration within towns is assumed to be the same as the net annual internal migration during 2006 - 2011 (obtained from the 2011 Census)

² According to new boundaries as amended and gazetted in the Local Government Act 2011 (Act No. 36 of 2011) and the Representation of the People Act (GN no. 1 of 2012, 3rd January 2012)

³ Excluding Agalega and St. Brandon

⁴ Island of Rodrigues is completely rural

Table 5.4 - Population by geographical district and type of water supply, Republic of Mauritius, 2011 Housing Census

				Type o	f water supply			
Geographical district	Total		Piped water					
5 -		Inside housing unit	Outside, on premises	Outside, public fountain	Tank-wagon	Well/River	Other	Not stated
Port Louis	117,198 (100%)	108,125 (92.3%)	8350 (7.1%)	252 (0.2%)	16 (0.0%)	50 (0.0%)	396 (0.3%)	9 (0.0%)
Pamplemousses	132,857 (100%)	125,483 (94.4%)	6630 (5.0%)	351 (0.3%)	17 (0.0%)	50 (0.0%)	326 (0.4%)	(0.0%)
Riviere du Rempart	105,774 (100%)	100,543 (95.1%)	4963 (4.7%)	52 (0.1%)	2 (0.0%)	- (0.0%)	214 (0.2%)	(0.0%)
Flacq	135,389 (100%)	127,233 (94.0%)	7703 (5.7%)	96 (0.1%)	- (0.0%)	14 (0.0%)	336 (0.2%)	7 (0.0%)
Grand Port	110,247 (100%)	105,688 (95.9%)	4113 (3.7%)	42 (0.0%)	86 (0.1%)	56 (0.1%)	262 (0.2%)	(0.0%)
Savanne	67,145 (100%)	63,261 (94.2%)	3436 (5.1%)	144 (0.2%)	- (0.0%)	22 (0.0%)	274 (0.4%)	(0.0%)
Plaine Wilhems	352,148 (100%)	349,195 (99.2%)	2650 (0.8%)	21 (0.0%)	11 (0.0%)	6 (0.0%)	240 (0.1%)	25 (0.0%)
Moka	80,408 (100%)	78,298 (97.4%)	1841 (2.3%)	72 (0.2%)	6 (0.0%)	53 (0.1%)	125 (0.2%)	13 (0.0%)
Black River	73,872 (100%)	67,476 (91.3%)	5808 (7.9%)	13 (0.0%)	- (0.0%)	11 (0.0%)	549 (0.7%)	15 (0.0%)
Island of Mauritius	1,175,038 (100%)	1,12,5302 (86.6%)	45,494 (0.1%)	1,043 (0.1%)	138 (0.0%)	262 (0.0%)	2,722 (0.2%)	77 (0.0%)
Rodrigues & Agalega	40,132 (100%)	22,040 (54.9%)	16,022 (39.9%)	252 (0.6%)	119 (0.3%)	440 (1.1%)	1258 (3.1%)	(0.0%)
Total	1,215,170 (100%)	1,147,342 (94.4%)	61,516 (5.1%)	1,295 (0.1%)	257 (0.0%)	702 (0.1%)	3,980 (0.3%)	78 (0.0%)
of which Urban population	487,393 (100%)	474,885 (97.4%)	11,425 (2.3%)	273 (0.1%)	26 (0.0%)	79 (0.0%)	659 (0.1%)	46 (0.0%)
Rural population	727,777 (100%)	672,457 (92.4%)	50,091 (6.9%)	1022 (0.1%)	231 (0.0%)	623 (0.1%)	3,321 (0.5%)	32 (0.0%)

Table 5.5 - Population by geographical district and type of toilet facilities, Republic of Mauritius, 2011 Housing Census

				Тур	e of toilet facilit	ies		
Geographical district	Total	Sewerage system	Absoption pit	Septic tank	Pit latrine (Water seal)	Pit latrine (Other)	Other	None/Not stated
Port Louis	117,198	101,419	11,821	2,140	563	1,022	62	171
	(100%)	(86.5%)	(10.1%)	(1.8%)	(0.5%)	(0.9%)	(0.1%)	(0.1%)
Pamplemousses	132,857	14,034	103,439	12,728	1,372	1,244	1	39
	(100%)	(10.6%)	(77.9%)	(9.6%)	(1.0%)	(0.9%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Riviere du Rempart	105,774	5,014	85,899	12,906	983	848	48	76
	(100%)	(4.7%)	(81.2%)	(12.2%)	(0.9%)	(0.8%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Flacq	135,389	-	128,084	4,211	1765	1227	11	91
	(100%)	(0.0%)	(94.6%)	(3.1%)	(1.3%)	(0.9%)	(0.0%)	(0.1%)
Grand Port	110,247	-	97,225	9,234	2,274	1,428	1	85
	(100%)	(0.0%)	(88.2%)	(2.1%)	(1.3%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Savanne	67,145	-	62,131	2,456	1,351	1,174	7	26
	(100%)	(0.0%)	(92.5%)	(3.7%)	(2.0%)	(1.7%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Plaine Wilhems	352,148 (100%)	131,216 (37.3%)	203,714 (57.8%)	15,416 (4.4%)	1,039 (0.3%)	647 (0.2%)	9 (0.0%)	107 (0.0%)
Moka	80,408 (100%)	4,881 (6.1%)	69,999 (87.1%)	4,080 (5.1%)	748 (0.9%)	601 (0.7%)	10 (0.0%)	89 (0.1%)
Black River	73,872	108	54,327	15,375	1,905	2,011	16	130
	(100%)	(0.1%)	(73.5%)	(20.8%)	(2.6%)	(2.7%)	(0.0%)	(0.2%)
Rodrigues & Agalega	40,132	-	17,387	2973	388	18,030	16	1338
	(100%)	(0.0%)	(43.3%)	(7.4%)	(1.0%)	(44.9%)	(0.0%)	(3.3%)
Total	1,215,170	256,672	834,026	81,519	12,388	28,232	181	2,152
	(100%)	(21.1%)	(68.6%)	(6.7%)	(1.0%)	(2.3%)	(0.0%)	(0.2%)

Table 5.6 - Population connected to sewerage system by geographical district, 2011 Housing Census

Geographical district	Total	Connected to sewer	rage system	Not connected to s	ewerage system
.		Number	%	Number	%
Port Louis	117,198	101,419	86.5	15,779	13.5
Pamplemousses	132,857	14,034	10.6	118,823	89.4
Riviere du Rempart	105,774	5,014	4.7	100,760	95.3
Flacq	135,389	-	-	135,389	100.0
Grand Port	110,247	-	-	110,247	100.0
Savanne	67,145	-	-	67,145	100.0
Plaine Wilhems	352,148	131,216	37.3	220,932	62.7
Moka	80,408	4,881	6.1	75,527	93.9
Black River	73,872	108	0.1	73,764	99.9
Rodrigues & Agalega	40,132	-	-	40,132	100.0
Total	1,215,170	256,672	21.1	958,498	78.9

Table 5.7 - Population by geographical district and method of refuse disposal, Republic of Mauritius, 2011 Housing Census

				Me	thod of refu	se disposal			
Geographical district	Total	Authorised	collector		Dumped	Dumped	Used for		
		Regular	Irregular	Ash pit	on premises	on roadside	Compost	Other	Not stated
Port Louis	117,198 (100%)	114,770 (97.9%)	812 (0.7%)	440 (0.4%)	264 (0.2%)	781 (0.7%)	13 (0.0%)	90 (0.1%)	28 (0.0%)
Pamplemousses	132,857 (100%)	120,696 (90.8%)	10,159 (7.6%)	742 (0.6%)	951 (0.7%)	259 (0.2%)	16 (0.0%)	28 (0.0%)	6 (0.0%)
Riviere du Rempart	105,774 (100%)	99,997 (94.5%)	4,284 (4.1%)	642 (0.6%)	595 (0.6%)	209 (0.2%)	15 (0.0%)	32 (0.0%)	(0.0%)
Flacq	135,389 (100%)	132,372 (97.8%)	1,478 (1.1%)	493 (0.4%)	460 (0.3%)	409 (0.3%)	47 (0.0%)	92 (0.1%)	38 (0.0%)
Grand Port	110,247 (100%)	109,035 (98.9%)	819 (0.7%)	127 (0.1%)	135 (0.1%)	79 (0.1%)	16 (0.0%)	31 (0.0%)	5 (0.0%)
Savanne	67,145 (100%)	66,459 (99.0%)	161 (0.2%)	249 (0.4%)	94 (0.1%)	42 (0.1%)	48 (0.1%)	87 (0.1%)	5 (0.0%)
Plaine Wilhems	352,148 (100%)	349,845 (99.3%)	1,835 (0.5%)	102 (0.0%)	215 (0.1%)	24 (0.0%)	70 (0.0%)	29 (0.0%)	28 (0.0%)
Moka	80,408 (100%)	79,409 (98.8%)	510 (0.6%)	139 (0.2%)	156 (0.2%)	109 (0.1%)	40 (0.0%)	26 (0.0%)	19 (0.0%)
Black River	73,872 (100%)	73,051 (98.9%)	211 (0.3%)	182 (0.2%)	148 (0.2%)	220 (0.3%)	- (0.0%)	(0.0%)	37 (0.1%)
Rodrigues & Agalega	40,132 (100%)	24,406 (60.8%)	1294 (3.2%)	9,996 (24.9%)	2625 (6.5%)	595 (1.5%)	1,180 (2.9%)	36 (0.1%)	(0.0%)
Total	1,215,170 (100%)	1,170,040 (96.3%)	21,563 (1.8%)	13,112 (1.1%)	5,643 (0.5%)	2,727 (0.2%)	1,445 (0.1%)	474 (0.0%)	166 (0.0%)
of which Urban population	487,393 (100%)	482,558 (99.0%)	2,724 (0.6%)	583 (0.1%)	453 (0.1%)	817 (0.2%)	43 (0.0%)	126 (0.0%)	89 (0.0%)
Rural population	727,777 (100%)	687,482 (94.5%)	18,839 (2.6%)	12,529 (1.7%)	5,190 (0.7%)	1910 (0.3%)	1402 (0.2%)	348 (0.0%)	77 (0.0%)

Table 5.8 - Water sales by tariff of subscriber, 2013 - 2014

					2013								2014			
Type of tariff	Subscr	ribers	Volum	e sold	Amo collec		Average	Average	Subscr	ibers	Volun	ne sold	Amo collect		Average	Average
	No.	%	Mm ³	%	Rs million	%	consumption (m³)	price per m³	No.	%	Mm ³	%	Rs million	%	consumption (m³)	price pe m³
Domestic	317,786	92.9	73.4	65.9	696.3	51.6	231	9.49	323,254	93.0	74.2	66.4	704.0	51.6	229	9.49
Public Sector Agency	2,511	0.7	3.8	3.4	91.1	6.8	1,512	24.00	2,539	0.7	3.8	3.4	91.5	6.7	1,502	24.00
Acquired / concessionary prises	38	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	355	9.87	34	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	347	10.32
Business	1,118	0.3	7.0	6.3	241.0	17.9	6,244	34.52	1,145	0.3	7.2	6.5	249.3	18.3	6,311	34.50
Commercial	13,646	4.0	6.0	5.4	160.6	11.9	443	26.57	13,832	4.0	6.1	5.4	161.4	11.8	439	26.57
Religious	1,981	0.6	0.6	0.5	11.5	0.9	295	19.65	2,036	0.6	0.6	0.5	11.9	0.9	297	19.70
Industrial	598	0.2	3.8	3.4	68.7	5.1	6,327	18.16	597	0.2	3.6	3.2	65.5	4.8	6,037	18.17
Agriculture	3,942	1.2	1.3	1.2	19.0	1.4	329	14.67	3,960	1.1	1.4	1.2	19.6	1.4	343	14.46
Total potable water	341,620	99.9	95.9	86.1	1,288.4	95.5	281	13.44	347,397	99.9	96.9	86.7	1,303.3	95.5	279	13.45
Total non-treated water (Mainly for Agriculture and Industry)	332	0.1	15.4	13.9	60.3	4.5	46,449	3.91	350	0.1	14.9	13.3	61.7	4.5	42,580	4.14
Grand Total	341,952	100.0	111.3	100.0	1,348.7	100.0	325	12.12	347,747	100.0	111.8	100.0	1,365.0	100.0	321	12.21

Source: Central Water Authority

Table 5.9 - Population with access to electricity by geographical district, Republic of Mauritius, 2011 Housing Census

Geographical district	Total	Avai	ilable	Not av	ailable
		Number	%	Number	%
Port Louis	117,198	116,484	99.4	707	0.6
Pamplemousses	132,857	132,183	99.5	674	0.5
Riviere du Rempart	105,774	105,573	99.8	201	0.2
Flacq	135,389	134,969	99.7	419	0.3
Grand Port	110,247	109,883	99.7	364	0.3
Savanne	67,145	66,950	99.7	195	0.3
Plaine Wilhems	352,148	351,795	99.9	339	0.1
Moka	80,408	80,227	99.8	180	0.2
Black River	73,872	73,480	99.5	392	0.5
Rodrigues & Agalega	40,132	38,734	96.5	1,398	3.5
Total	1,215,170	1,210,278	99.6	4,869	0.4

Note: Data exclude 27 homeless households with a population of 29.

Table 5.10 - Sales of electricity by type of tariff, Republic of Mauritius, 2013 - 2014

		20	13 ¹			20:	14 ²	
Type of tariff	No. of consumers	Sales (MWh)	Value sold (Rs. Mn)	Average sales price ³ per kWh (Rupees)	No. of consumers	Sales (MWh)	Value sold (Rs. Mn)	Average sales price ³ per kWh (Rupees)
Domestic	388,910	780,778	4,467	5.72	396,335	806,279	4,640	5.76
Commercial	39,199	852,013	6,286	7.38	40,089	894,109	6,570	7.35
Industrial	6,703	715,218	2,533	3.54	6,593	715,168	2,545	3.56
of which: irrigation	584	25,391	72	2.84	615	26,644	75	2.82
Other	550	36,131	239	6.61	610	36,641	285	7.78
Total	435,362	2,384,139	13,525	5.67	443,627	2,452,196	14,040	5.73

¹ Revised

Source: Central Electricity Board

² Provisional

³ Excluding VAT & meter rent

Table 5.11 - Number of buildings by type, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

Duilding True	Housing	g Census	9/	6
Building Type	2000	2011	2000	2011
Under construction and not inhabited	12,110	13,027	4.5	4.1
Wholly residential	228,977	261,612	85.4	84.0
Partly residential	11,418	17,130	4.3	5.5
Hotels, Tourist residence and Guest house	367	1,162	0.1	0.4
Institutions	148	194	0.0	0.1
Non-residential	15,282	18,405	5.7	5.9
All buildings	268,302	311,530	100.0	100.0

Table 5.12 - Residential and partly residential buildings 1 by type, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

	Nun	nber	%		
Type of building	2000	2011	2000	2011	
Building used as one housing unit (Separate houses)	193,391	213,944	81.0	77.0	
Semi-detached houses and block of flats	27,507	45,166	11.5	16.2	
Partly residential buildings	11,418	17,130	4.8	6.2	
Other dwellings	6,612	1,773	2.7	0.6	
Total	238,928	278,013	100.0	100.0	

¹ Figures exclude detached rooms (1,500 for 2000 and 729 for 2011), used as part of household

Table 5.13 - Residential and partly residential buildings 1 by type of wall and roof materials, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses.

		Num	ber			2000 2011
Type of construction materials	20)00	20)11	Change 2	2000 - 2011
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Concrete walls and roof	206,210	86.3	255,746	92.0	49,536	24.0
Concrete walls and iron/tin roof	9,416	4.0	7,440	2.7	-1,976	-21.0
Iron/tin walls and roof	19,345	8.1	12,608	4.5	-6,737	-34.8
Wood walls and iron/tin/shingle roof	2,198	0.9	1,025	0.4	-1,173	-53.4
Other	1,759	0.7	1,194	0.4	-565	-32.1
Total	238,928	100.0	278,013	100.0	39,085	16.4

¹ Figures exclude detached rooms (1,500 for 2000 and 729 for 2011), used as part of household

Table 5.14 - Distribution of housing units by occupancy status, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

	2000		2011	
Type of occupancy	Number	%	Number	%
Housing units occupied as:				
Principal residence	278,226	93.5	325,759	90.7
Secondary residence	3,932	1.3	5,271	1.5
Total vacant housing units	15,513	5.2	27,985	7.8
For rent	6,103	2.1	7,467	2.1
For sale	2,560	0.9	1,460	0.4
Provided by employer	637	0.2	438	0.1
Under repairs	1,124	0.4	1,732	0.5
Not stated	5,089	1.7	16,888	4.7
Total	297,671	100.0	359,015	100.0

Table 5.15 - Vehicles ¹ registered by type, 2005 - 2014

Number

										Number
Type of vehicle	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Car	84,818	91,911	99,770	109,507	117,890	127,363	136,225	147,733	160,701	173,954
(of which taxi car)	6,798	6,860	6,885	6,941	6,921	6,924	6,907	6,905	6,915	6,911
Dual purpose vehicle	42,026	43,221	44,635	46,021	47,146	48,271	49,132	50,116	49,730	49,503
Double cab pickup	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,155	2,065
Heavy motor car	1,045	1,118	1,223	1,290	1,275	1,249	1,230	1,244	1,250	1,271
Motor cycle	30,927	33,936	36,969	40,804	44,222	48,655	53,410	59,637	65,827	72,067
Auto cycle	102,503	104,238	105,637	107,184	108,713	110,674	112,296	113,871	114,958	115,784
Lorry and truck	12,047	12,272	12,536	12,726	12,950	13,186	13,539	13,902	14,061	14,243
Van	23,989	24,522	24,934	25,334	25,622	25,914	26,090	26,293	26,624	26,890
Bus	2,560	2,612	2,753	2,762	2,803	2,845	2,912	2,957	2,963	3,006
Tractor and dumper	2,982	3,001	3,025	3,045	3,102	3,119	3,173	3,202	3,226	3,254
Prime mover	412	436	452	505	558	596	650	689	715	734
Trailer	1,765	1,756	1,795	1,809	1,823	1,821	1,834	1,845	1,846	1,842
Road roller	96	96	96	96	97	98	99	101	102	103
Other	326	321	320	323	319	324	329	336	337	336
Total	305,496	319,440	334,145	351,406	366,520	384,115	400,919	421,926	443,495	465,052

¹ Excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles

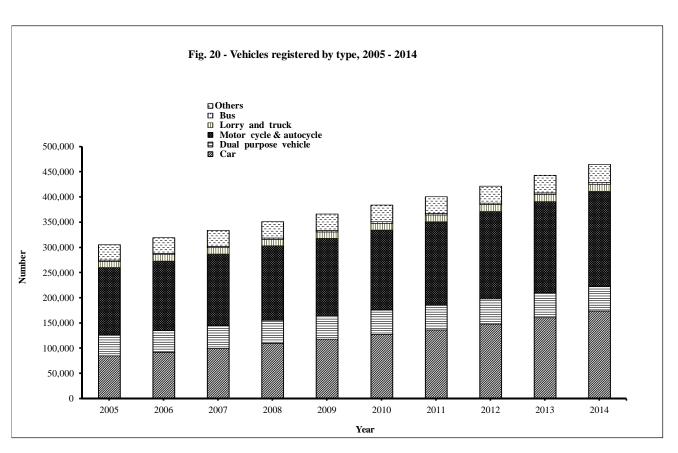


Table 5.16 - Road network, 2005 - 2014

		Lengt	h of roads	(km)		pa	Density of	
Year	Motorways	Main roads	Secondary roads	Other roads	Total	% of roads paved	total network in km per sq km ¹	Number of vehicles per km of road
2005	75	955	592	398	2,020	98	1.08	151
2006	75	955	593	398	2,021	98	1.08	158
2007	75	962	593	398	2,028	98	1.09	165
2008	75	962	593	398	2,028	98	1.09	173
2009	75	1,000	593	398	2,066	98	1.11	177
2010	75	1,014	593	398	2,080	98	1.12	185
2011	82	1,035	595	400	2,112	98	1.13	190
2012	86	1,068	608	408	2,170	98	1.16	194
2013	99	1,131	625	420	2,275	98	1.22	195
2014	99	1,131	673	453	2,356	98	1.26	197

 $^{^{1}}$ density of total network in km per sq km is the ratio of the total number of km of roads to the area of Mauritius (1,865 sq km)

Table 5.17 - Respiratory diseases registered in government hospitals, 2005 - 2014

	Number												
Year	General hospital discharges ¹ (including deaths)			First attend	First attendances ¹ at regional health centres			Discharges (including deaths) at Poudre D'Or chest hospital ²			New cases diagnosed at specialist clinics in chest diseases		
Tear	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	
2005	4,914	4,845	9,759	183,640	197,766	381,406	332	117	449	546	597	1,143	
2006	5,783	5,348	11,131	181,462	194,913	376,375	332	136	468	547	478	1,025	
2007	6,687	5,907	12,594	184,487	198,061	382,548	405	144	549	487	428	915	
2008	7,127	6,770	13,897	212,454	229,970	442,424	435	147	582	350	267	617	
2009	8,311	7,903	16,214	247,318	270,233	517,551	469	204	673	340	317	657	
2010	7,727	7,469	15,196	223,242	244,812	468,054	834	375	1,209	432	393	825	
2011	8,082	8,005	16,087	210,612	230,452	441,064	760	433	1,193	434	382	816	
2012	8,564	8,549	17,113	232,986	251,708	484,694	578	321	899	516	465	981	
2013	7,970	8,707	16,677	252,122	268,950	521,072	641	371	1,012	565	521	1,086	
2014	8,469	8,719	17,188	255,504	269,707	525,211	430	225	655	433	427	860	

Source : Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life ¹ due to diseases of the respiratory system ² Prior to 2010, figures exclude transfer-out patients

Table 5.18 - Admissions due to certain respiratory diseases by sex in government general hospitals, $2003,\,2007\,\&\,2011$ - 2014

Disease	Sex	2003	2007	2011	2012	2013	2014
Acute upper	Male	1,918	2,021	3,079	3,624	3,095	3,673
respiratory infections	Female	1,547	1,896	3,008	3,479	3,199	3,671
	Total	3,465	3,917	6,087	7,103	6,294	7,344
Acute bronchitis	Male	241	843	891	822	1,077	1,135
and bronchiolitis	Female	167	550	622	647	1,026	954
	Total	408	1,393	1,513	1,469	2,103	2,089
	Male	269	233	247	280	353	368
Pneumonia	Female	211	161	227	276	365	368
	Total	480	394	474	556	718	736
Bronchitis, emphysema and	Male	550	336	657	914	820	765
other chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases	Female	408	300	693	816	895	626
	Total	958	636	1,350	1,730	1,715	1,391
	Male	1,538	1,650	1,238	1,098	1,059	1,020
Asthma	Female	1,735	1,693	1,518	1,403	1,431	1,356
	Total	3,273	3,343	2,756	2,501	2,490	2,376

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 5.19- Cases of asthma treated as in-patients in government hospitals, 2005 - 2014

Number

		Number In-Patients							
Year	Male	Female	Total						
2005	1,507 (47.5%)	1,668 (52.5%)	3,175						
2006	1,613 (50.5%)	1,577 (49.5%)	3,190						
2007	1,650 (49.4%)	1,693 (50.6%)	3,343						
2008	1,299 (46.9%)	1,469 (53.1%)	2,768						
2009	1,282 (48.0%)	1,387 (52.0%)	2,669						
2010	1,211 (47.2%)	1,354 (52.8%)	2,565						
2011	1,238 (44.9%)	1,518 (55.1%)	2,756						
2012	1,098 (43.9%)	1,403 (56.1%)	2,501						
2013	1,059 (42.5%)	1,431 (57.5%)	2,490						
2014	1,020 (42.9%)	1,356 (57.1%)	2,376						

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 5.20 - Deaths registered due to asthma, 2005 - 2014

Number

Voor	Deaths								
Year	Male	Female	Total						
2005	104	75	179						
2006	101	65	166						
2007	86	68	154						
2008	80	72	152						
2009	105	79	184						
2010	61	86	147						
2011	60	55	115						
2012	53	61	114						
2013	60	54	114						
2014	68	64	132						

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 5.21 - Cases of asthma treated as in-patients in government hospitals by age group and sex, 2013 -2014

			Number	of cases		
Age group (years)	Ma	ale	Fen	nale	To	tal
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Less than one year	9	1	5	2	14	3
1 - 4	107	84	71	68	178	152
5 - 9	135	118	80	59	215	177
10 - 14	94	105	83	57	177	162
15 - 19	26	39	59	68	85	107
20 - 24	39	37	44	49	83	86
25 - 29	39	39	33	42	72	81
30 - 34	31	34	48	37	79	71
35 - 39	28	31	52	53	80	84
40 - 44	37	36	53	50	90	86
45 - 49	57	52	101	74	158	126
50 - 54	72	70	84	106	156	176
55 - 59	72	60	118	100	190	160
60 - 64	94	73	158	163	252	236
65 - 69	64	52	124	103	188	155
70 - 74	63	66	99	104	162	170
75 - 79	37	36	104	86	141	122
80 - 84	34	48	69	76	103	124
85 and over	21	39	46	59	67	98
Total	1,059	1,020	1,431	1,356	2,490	2,376

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 5.22 - Enteritis and other diarrhoeal diseases, 2005 - 2014

Number

\$ 7	Ca	ses treated as in-p	atients in gover	nment hospitals		Deaths in whole island					
Year	Under one Year	1 - 4 Years	5 - 14 Years	15 Years and over	Total	Under one Year	1 - 4 Years	5 - 14 Years	15 Years and over	Total	
2005	538	1,380	648	2,588	5,154	1	1	-	8	10	
2006	742	2,373	975	3,853	7,943	2	2	-	24	28	
2007	636	1,483	945	3,260	6,324	2	-	-	11	13	
2008	771	2,073	818	3,584	7,246	1	2	1	16	20	
2009	545	1,220	722	2,989	5,476	1	2	-	22	25	
2010	513	1,482	830	3,073	5,898	1	1	-	26	28	
2011	646	1,467	965	4,061	7,139	1	3	-	23	27	
2012	406	827	838	3,590	5,661	2	-	1	29	32	
2013	615	1,758	1,156	3,991	7,520	2	2	-	33	37	
2014	389	1,078	930	3,539	5,936	-	-	-	18	18	

Source : Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life

Table 5.23 - New cases of certain notifiable diseases reported to sanitary authorities, 2005 - 2014

Number

Disease	Water borne diseases	Food bor	ne diseases	М	osquito borne disea	ses	Other vector borne disease
Year	Amoebiasis (gastroenteritis)	Typhoid	Food poisoning	Malaria ¹	Dengue	Chickunguya	Leptospirosis
2005	-	5	29	36	-	1,381	6
2006	1	4	78	38	-	11,165	6
2007	-	15	766	42	-	1 ¹	9
2008	-	6	129	27	1 ¹	-	3
2009	-	5	718	23	252 ²	-	7
2010	-	3	156	52	11 ¹	5 ¹	28
2011	-	5	445	54	8 1	1	17
2012	-	4	264	33	13 1	1	16
2013	-	5	390	49	19 ¹	-	25
2014	-	-	143	20	64 ²	2	16

Source : Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life

Note: No new cases of schistosomiasis have been reported from 2005 - 2014

¹ All imported/introduced cases

² Including locally transmitted cases

COMPONENT 6
ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION, MANAGEMENT AND ENGAGEMENT

Table 6.1 - Number of permits 1 and floor area by region, 2010 - 2014

	20	10	20	11	20	12	20	13	20	14
Region	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)
Urban areas	2,491	436,682	2,323	395,458	2,646	470,518	2,883	543,702	2,528	447,665
Port Louis	499	94,586	431	68,087	601	92,617	634	108,020	446	66,586
Beau Bassin - Rose Hill	300	40,447	313	43,748	557	117,184	610	109,183	541	85,630
Curepipe	312	64,964	321	48,737	468	81,428	493	112,961	432	91,766
Quatre Bornes	422	90,252	405	109,880	474	100,753	515	115,637	423	86,942
Vacoas - Phoenix	958	146,433	853	125,006	546	78,536	631	97,901	686	116,741
Rural areas	4,862	985,335	3,937	823,281	3,910	717,601	4,755	779,647	4,062	1,092,251
Pamplemousses	731	137,568	398	66,394	495	114,443	734	115,166	690	127,874
Riviere du Rempart	777	164,676	337	79,673	465	80,080	728	130,119	699	327,831
Flacq	692	108,715	839	158,059	782	113,266	748	112,735	669	90,801
Grand Port	685	100,274	461	118,120	601	94,198	609	88,220	442	116,346
Savanne	580	77,846	528	73,312	481	65,562	633	92,555	472	76,767
Plaines Wilhems	46	6,002	578	78,136	60	8,960	36	4,403	34	4,031
Moka	367	70,395	30	4,771	424	77,462	666	114,972	518	231,720
Black River	984	319,859	766	244,816	602	163,630	601	121,477	538	116,881
Total	7,353	1,422,017	6,260	1,218,739	6,556	1,188,119	7,638	1,323,349	6,590	1,539,916

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities and District Councils

Table 6.2 - Number of $\;$ permits 1 and floor area by type of building, 2010 - 2014

	20	010	20)11	20)12	2	2013		2014
Type of building	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)	No of permits issued	Floor area (m²)						
Residential	6,871	1,189,726	5,853	903,487	6,081	1,037,866	6,986	1,134,494	6,125	1,381,058
New buildings	4,047	882,368	3,413	630,042	3,929	791,689	4,535	865,762	4,348	1,186,155
Additions	2,824	307,358	2,440	273,445	2,152	246,177	2,451	268,732	1,777	194,903
Non residential	482	232,291	407	315,252	475	150,253	652	188,855	465	158,858
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	34	23,473	24	16,302	3	1,771	25	8,514	17	9,263
Manufacturing	22	8,508	34	48,980	7	2,899	61	21,374	36	14,335
Electricity and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2,714	2	930
Construction	-	-	2	4,305	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade, restaurant and hotels	306	119,194	248	134,994	339	93,031	318	82,079	271	65,039
Transport, storage & communication	24	8,746	21	21,578	16	6,736	27	11,890	14	6,798
Banking, insurance and real estate	46	53,804	30	63,936	25	5,692	1	252	3	1,503
Community, social & personal services	50	18,566	48	25,157	85	40,124	219	62,032	122	60,990
Total	7,353	1,422,017	6,260	1,218,739	6,556	1,188,119	7,638	1,323,349	6,590	1,539,916

¹ includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities and District Councils

Table 6.3 - Number of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) licences granted by type of project, 2005 - 2014

Project	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Land parcelling (morcellement)	19	9	1	12	2	5	4	7	7	7
Industrial development	5	4	19	-	7	5	2	1	6	4
Coastal hotels and related works	10	20	-	8	7	12	10	10	6	6
Housing	7	13	-	-	1	1	2	2	-	8
Stone crushing plants	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	-
Development in port area	1	1	-	-	-	1	4	4	2	6
Other	10	7	8	24	6	17	5	2	3	3
Total	55	55	28	44	23	44	30	26	27	34

Source: Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management.

Table 6.4 - Number of Preliminary Environmental Report (PER) approvals granted by type of project, 2005 - 2014

Project	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Land parcelling (morcellement)	16	8	5	-	-	-	-	3	1	1
Poultry rearing	22	15	19	10	9	3	9	7	4	7
Industrial development	8	17	28	16	6	5	7	12	4	4
Coastal hotels and related works	4	1	23	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Livestock rearing	3	6	9	-	-	4	2	4	-	3
Housing	10	14	4	-	-		1	1	-	3
Other	25	30	17	14	16	7	5	6	4	4
Total	88	91	105	40	31	19	24	34	13	22

Source: Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management.

Table 6.5 - No. of complaints received at the Pollution Prevention and Control Division by category, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Noise	342	178	135	157	123	160	170	131	150	78
Solid waste	201	137	88	49	136	118	127	100	93	91
Air pollution	154	61	62	57	57	76	96	105	120	138
Waste water	289	92	76	84	72	77	84	71	82	101
Odour	272	121	88	102	88	128	77	79	79	81
Other ¹	215	224	119	147	46	63	177	176	163	174
Total	1,473	813	568	596	522	622	731	662	687	664

Source: Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management.

¹ Includes backfilling, erosion, illegal construction, objections to projects, law and order, land conversion, land reclamations, landslides etc

Table 6.6 - Contraventions ¹ established and notices issued by "Police De L'Environnement", 2005 - 2014

Type of contravention	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Illegal Littering	3,624	9,427	8,119	8,246	3,402	963	687	1,827	924	528
Illegal Dumping	14	32	16	51	0	152	35	11	18	10
Noise (playing music in loud tone)	30	0	12	91	27	11	34	18	20	12
Smoking in prohibited area	38	63	75	8	48	61	58	178	126	158
Waste carriers offences	18	21	-	8	3	-	-	2	-	-
Setting fire within 50 metres from building/plantation	4	3	-	9	1	-	-	-	3	1
Trading without licence/without PER	56	47	47	80	-	41	28	55	60	32
Vehicle emitting smoke (above opacity level)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	224	142
Vehicle emitting excessive noise	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436	784
Others	15	46	30	90	81	23	15	61	51	15
Total	3,799	9,639	8,299	8,583	3,562	1,251	857	2,225	1,862	1,682
				1	I	1			1	I

No. of notices issued to drivers of vehicles emitting black smoke 5,156 6,236 3,796 6,782 2,270 1,651 374 60 40 564

Source: Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management

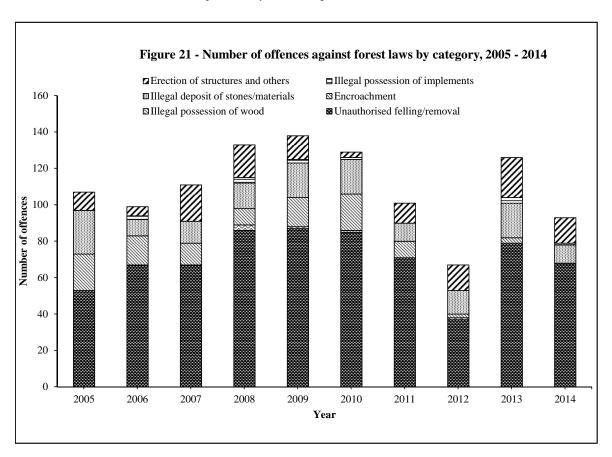
¹ Relating to environment only

Table 6.7 - Number of offences detected against forest laws ¹ by category, 2005 - 2014

Category	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Unauthorised felling/removal	67	86	87	85	71	37	79	68	61	70
Illegal possession of wood	-	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1
Encroachment	12	9	16	20	9	2	3	-	17	7
Illegal deposit of stones/materials	12	14	19	19	10	13	19	10	16	11
Illegal possession of implements	-	3	2	1	-	-	3	1	-	-
Erection of structures and others	20	18	13	3	11	14	22	14	30	20
Total	111	133	138	129	101	67	126	93	124	109

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security

¹ Include cases taken to court, treated departmentally, outstanding and in which offenders were unknown



STATISTICS ON ENVIRONMENT FROM SURVEYS

Table 7.1 - Households with members suffering from health problems related to air pollution by type of problem, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2001, (Republic of Mauritius)

Health problem	Households	reporting specific health problems	as a % of all sampled
	Number	households	
Breathing difficulties	242	62.0	3.8
ENT problems	163	41.2	2.6
Asthma	138	35.4	2.2
Eye troubles	81	20.8	1.3
Skin diseases	65	16.7	1.0

Table 7.2 - Rating of the state of the environment by head of household surveyed, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2001, (Republic of Mauritius)

Gr. d	Percentage of households having rated the situation as:									
Situation	Very Good	Good	Satisfactory	Poor	Bad					
Vicinity of house	3.4	34.3	38.0	17.5	6.8					
Rivers/riverside	0.7	17.4	32.3	33.2	16.4					
Industrial/commercial sites	0.6	21.0	40.8	26.4	11.2					
Beaches	5.6	40.3	40.3	10.3	3.5					
Country in general	1.6	24.4	48.4	19.8	5.8					

Table 7.3 – Percentage distribution of households surveyed by specified environment problem, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2002, (Republic of Mauritius)

	Percentage of household affected						
Environmental problem	Not affected at all	Affected to some extent	Seriously affected				
Dumping of solid waste	80.4	12.8	6.8				
Waste/stagnant water	83.1	10.8	6.1				
Stray dogs	62.1	25.6	12.3				
Breeding of animals by neighbours	89.6	7.5	2.9				
Rats/mice	64.9	26.3	8.8				
Presence of crows	90.8	6.8	2.4				
Traffic noise	75.7	18	6.3				
Industrial noise	95.2	3.3	1.5				
Other noise	86.8	9.8	3.4				
Smoke/dust	81.7	13	5.3				
Odours	83.1	10.8	6.1				

Table 7.4 - Distribution of households surveyed by methods of carrying goods purchased, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2002, (Republic of Mauritius)

Method of carrying goods purchased	Number of households	%
Plastic bags provided and own bag/basket	4,414	70.1
Only plastic bags provided	1,388	22.0
Own bag/basket only	498	7.9
Total	6,300	100.0

Table 7.5 - Percentage distribution of households by response on solid waste issues, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2007, (Republic of Mauritius)

Household Response	Yes (%)	No (%)
(i) Prepared to separate waste	87.8	12.2
(ii) Prepared to transport by own means	23.5	76.5
(iii) Satisfied with waste collection	72.3	27.7
(iv) Aware that waste can be composted	70.7	29.3
(v) Do composting	65.0	35.0
(vi) Prepared to make compost	52.2	47.8

Table 7.6 - Percentage distribution of households by environmental issues, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2007, (Republic of Mauritius)

Environmental issues	Yes (%)	No (%)
1. Awareness of Environmental Programmes		
(i) Aware of Environmental Programmes on		
Radio	82.5	17.5
Television	84.3	15.7
(ii) Listened to or watched Environmental Programmes		
Radio	70.2	29.8
Television	72.8	27.2
2. Participation in Clean up Campaigns		
Participated in Clean up Campaigns	20.0	80.0
3. PET Bins		
(i) Used bins	35.3	64.7
(ii) Reason for not using bins		
a. Not aware	25.4	74.6
b. Not accessible/too far	39.1	60.9
c. No transport available	7.1	92.9
d. Not interested	4.0	96.0
4. Plastic bags		
Used for shopping		
(i) Own bag	96.1	3.9
(ii) Plastic bag provided/sold by sellers	69.7	30.3

Table 7.7 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by type of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

Vehicle type	Yes (%)	No (%)
Motorcycle	24.6	75.4
Car	20.1	79.9
Dual Purpose Vehicle	2.3	97.7
Van	4.4	95.6
Truck	1.1	98.9
Other	0.4	99.6

Table 7.8 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed reporting on average kilometres travelled per year by type of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi- Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

W.1.1.4	Average kilometres travelled							
Vehicle type	<10,000	10,000 - 15,000	15,001 - 20,000	>20,000				
Motorcycle/autocycle gasoline	72.6	19.3	4.6	3.5				
Car gasoline	37.7	33.6	14.2	14.5				
Car gasoline/gas	24.2	24.2	24.2	27.4				
Car diesel	22.1	41.3	11.5	25.0				
Car blended ethanol	-	-	-	-				
Car other fuel	44.4	22.2	16.7	16.7				
Dual Purpose Vehicle gasoline Dual Purpose Vehicle	20.0	32.0	20.0	28.0				
gasoline/gas	-	16.7	33.3	50.0				
Dual Purpose Vehicle diesel	26.1	31.1	18.5	24.4				
Dual Purpose blended ethanol	-	-	-	-				
Dual Purpose Vehicle other fuel	-	100.0	-	-				
Van gasoline	40.6	33.3	17.4	8.7				
Van gasoline/gas	33.3	22.2	22.2	22.2				
Van diesel	27.6	28.6	18.6	25.1				
Van blended ethanol	50.0	-	-	50.0				
Van other fuel	-	-	-	-				
Truck diesel	15.3	27.8	22.2	34.7				
Other vehicle and fuel	37.5	16.7	4.2	41.7				

Table 7.9 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by awareness of global environmental challenges, Continuous Multi - Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

Environmental Challenge	Yes (%)	No (%)
Climate change (e.g impacts such as abnormal weather, flooding, cyclone, sea level rise, coastal erosion, etc)	82.7	17.3
Ozone layer depletion (e.g use of substances that deplete ozone layer such as sprays, refrigerators, air conditioned. Also impacts such as skin burnt, skin cancer, eye cataract, etc)	49.8	50.2
Loss of biodiversity (e.g deforestation, extinction of animals, plants, habitat loss, etc)	46.2	53.8
Other (e.g pollutions, oil spills etc)	29.5	70.5

Table 7.10 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by type and number of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

Type Number	Motorcycle/Au tocycle	Car	Dual Purpose	Van	Truck	Other
0	75.4	79.9	97.7	95.6	98.9	99.6
1	23.1	18.4	2.3	4.3	1.1	0.3
2	1.4	1.6	0	0.1	0	0.1
3	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-
3 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

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Table 7.11 - Number and percentage distribution of tourists interviewed by rating of the state of the environment at various sites, Survey of outgoing tourists, 2000 & 2002

	N1 6 D-			Percentage								
Site	Number of Parties		Very Poor		Poor		Satisfactory		Good		Excellent	
	2000	2002	2000	2002	2000	2002	2000	2002	2000	2002	2000	2002
Beaches	13,166	15,760	0.8	0.5	4.4	4.2	15.6	13	57.9	59.8	21.3	22.6
Public places	13,019	15,710	2.0	1.2	16.4	13	31.7	26	41.6	47.5	8.4	12.3
Tourist Sites	11,708	14,937	0.5	0.3	3.5	3.4	19.4	18.5	61.9	61.3	14.6	16.5
Country in general	13,476	15,906	2.1	0.5	12.2	5.4	28.9	24.2	46	56.4	10.8	13.5

Table 7.11 (Cont'd) - Number and percentage distribution of tourists interviewed by rating of the state of the environment at various sites, Survey of outgoing tourists, 2004 & 2006

	Number of Pe	urting	Percentage											
Site	Number of Parties		Number of Parties		Very Poor		Poor		Satisfactory		Good		Excellent	
	2004	2006	2004	2006	2004	2006	2004	2006	2004	2006	2004	2006		
Beaches	16,151	15,648	0.7	0.7	4.1	4.6	11.7	12.5	63.6	56.9	20.0	25.3		
Public places	16,189	15,399	1.3	1.2	13.3	10.7	25.5	23.2	50.0	53.0	9.8	11.9		
Tourist Sites	15,396	14,669	0.4	0.4	4.7	3.2	18.1	15.8	63.7	63.1	13.0	17.5		
Country in general	16,400	15,996	0.6	0.6	6.0	5.2	22.3	20.4	60	59.3	11.1	14.5		

Table 7.11 (Cont'd) - Number and percentage distribution of tourists interviewed by rating of the state of the environment at various sites, Survey of outgoing tourists, 2009

Site	Number of Parties	Percentage								
Site	Number of Farties	Very Poor	Poor	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent				
Beaches	15,428	0.5	5.4	13.4	62.3	18.4				
Public places	15,587	1.1	11.2	21.6	57.0	9.1				
Tourist Sites	14,699	0.1	2.0	10.3	67.1	20.5				
Country in general	15,881	0.2	2.6	12.8	71.2	13.2				

Table 7.12 - Percentage distribution of households by awareness of environmental issues, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS)¹ 2012, Republic of Mauritius

E	%	
Environmental Issues	Yes	No
1. Maurice Ile Durable	69.9	30.1
2. Environment friendly goods (e.g ozone friendly products)	58.6	41.4
3. Greenhouse gas emission from fossil combustion is responsible for climate change	60.8	39.2
4. Effect of climate change (e.g abnormal weather, flooding, sea level rise, etc)	81.5	18.5
5. Environmental benefits of car pooling	53.3	46.7
6. Emission from vehicles cause air pollution	89.1	10.9
7. Environment benefits of using bicycle or walking short distances	84.3	15.7
8. Dumping at unauthorised places is illegal	91.8	8.2

Note: Figures are based on sample reults of 5,640 households surveyed

Table 7.13 - Percentage distribution of households taking measures to reduce/reuse/recycle waste, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2012, Republic of Mauritius

	Households reporting on measures to reduce/reuse/recycle waste		
Measures	Number	as a % of households reporting taking measures	as a % of all sampled households
1. Use own bags for shopping	3,895	91.9	69.1
2. Choose products with minimum packing	1,590	37.5	28.2
3. Reuse plastic bags	3,528	83.2	62.6
4. Reuse empty containers	2,784	65.7	49.4
5. Compost waste	883	20.8	15.7
6. Other	53	1.3	0.9

Note: Figures are based on sample results of 5,640 households surveyed of which 75% took measures

Table 7.14 - Percentage distribution of households collecting and using rainwater for household purposes, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2012, Republic of Mauritius

	Households reporting on purposes of collecting rainwater		
Purposes	Number	as a % of households reporting taking measures	as a % of all sampled households
1. General cleaning (house, car and pavement)	1,791	89.2	31.8
2. Watering plants/lawn	1,383	68.9	24.5
3. Other	171	8.5	3.0

Note: Figures are based on sample results of 5,640 households surveyed of which 36% collect rain water

Table 7.15 - Percentage distribution of households equipped with solar water heater, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS), 2012 (Republic of Mauritius)

Solar water heater	%
Equipped	19.7
Not equipped	80.3
Interested to buy	41.2
Not interested to buy	39.1
Total	100.0

Table 7.16- Percentage distribution of households equipped with a solar water heater by geographical district, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS), 2012 (Republic of Mauritius)

Geographical district	%		
	Yes	No	
Port Louis	12.6	87.4	
Pamplemousses	26.7	73.3	
Riviere du Rempart	26.4	73.6	
Flacq	19.8	80.2	
Grand Port	18.2	81.8	
Savanne	12.0	88.0	
Plaines Wilhems	21.9	78.1	
Moka	22.2	77.8	
Black River	19.3	80.7	
Rodrigues	12.8	87.2	
Total	19.7	80.3	

Table 7.17 - Percentage distribution of households not interested to buy a solar water heater by reason, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS), 2012 (Republic of Mauritius)

Reason	%
Not necessary	51.8
Too expensive	40.5
Not appropriate for region	2.6
Other reasons	5.1
Total	100.0

Table 7.18 - Percentage distribution of housholds by measures taken to reduce electrical energy consumption, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS), 2012 (Republic of Mauritius)

Measures	% of households reporting	
	Yes	No
Turning off lights when not in use	97.5	2.5
Switch off electric appliances after use	80.1	19.9
Use low consumption electric bulbs	73.8	26.2
Use other energy sources instead of electricity for cooking	73.5	26.5
Use other energy sources instead of electricity for water heating	62.7	37.3
Iron clothes in batches	52.2	47.8
Use energy efficient electric appliances	32.4	67.6
Other measures	0.7	99.3

Note: Figures are based on sample reults of 5,640 households surveyed

TECHNICAL NOTES

Introduction

The statistics presented in this report are divided into seven main sections of which six correspond to the following components of the Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics 2013 (FDES 2013): (i) Environmental Conditions and Quality, (ii) Environmental Resources and their Use, (iii) Residuals, (iv) Extreme Events and Disasters, (v) Human Settlements and Environmental Health, (vi) Environment Protection, Management and Engagement. The seventh section relates to statistics on environment from surveys.

Concept and coverage

The following United Nations manual has been used as a basis for the compilation of the data on environment statistics: Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics 2013 (FDES 2013), United Nations.

The digest covers data for the period 2005 to 2014, wherever possible. Environmental data are collected over different time periods, ranging from decades in some major censuses to monthly, daily, hourly or even continual monitoring. Hence, in some cases, annual data are not available due to the periodicity of censuses and surveys.

Sources

The tables and figures have been compiled with the help of the following organisations:

- Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management
- The Forestry Services Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- National Parks and Conservation Service Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries, Shipping and Outer Islands
- Food and Agricultural Research and Extension Institute (FAREI) Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- Mauritius Meteorological Services
- Water Resources Unit Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities.
- Central Water Authority
- Central Electricity Board
- Statistics Unit Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.
- Solid Waste Management Division, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Development, and Disaster and Beach Management
- Wastewater Management Authority

Data in tables where sources are not indicated have been extracted from publications of Statistics Mauritius.

Concepts and definitions

Environment

Environment is the totality of all the external conditions affecting the life, development and survival of an organism.

Environment indicator: A parameter or a value derived from parameters that points to, provides information about and/or describes the state of the environment, and has a significance extending beyond that directly associated with any given parametric value.

1. Environmental Conditions and Quality

Aquifer: Underground geologic formation, or group of formations, containing groundwater that can supply wells and springs.

Catchment area: Area from which rainwater drains into river systems, lakes and sea.

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): This is a measure of the oxygen required to oxidize all compounds in water. It represents the amount of organic matter in the media.

Chloride: Chloride appears in the highest concentrations in natural fresh water systems. It is important in terms of metabolic processes. High Chloride levels can make freshwater unpalatable and unsuitable for various uses including agriculture.

Critically endangered: Species under this category is considered to be facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.

Dissolved Oxygen (DO): This is a measure of the amount of oxygen dissolved in water. DO is essential to the respiratory metabolism of most aquatic organisms. It affects the solubility and availability of nutrients.

Ecosystem is a dynamic complex of plant, animal and microorganism communities and their non-living environment interacting as a functional unit.

Endangered: Species is considered to be facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

Endemic: Native to, and restricted to, a particular geographical region.

Fauna: The animal life of a particular region or time. It is generally regarded as that which is naturally occurring and indigenous.

Flora: The plant life of a particular region or time. It is generally regarded as that which is naturally occurring and indigenous.

Forest: Land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 metres and a canopy cover of more than 10 per cent, or trees able to reach these thresholds in situ. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.

Geomorphology: Study of the earth's form and its evolution, both of which owe much to the action of water in rivers and glaciers.

Least concern: The category is applied to taxa that do not qualify (and are not close to qualifying) as threatened. It is important to emphasise that "least concern" simply means that, in terms of extinction risk, these species are of lesser concern than species in other threat categories. It does not imply that these species are of no conservation concern.

Marine Park: Permanent marine reservation for the conservation of species. It constitutes an extension, to the undersea world, of the concept of the terrestrial national park.

Near threatened: The category is applied to taxa that do not qualify as threatened now (critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable), but may be close to qualifying as threatened, and to taxa that do not currently meet the criteria for a threatened category, but are likely to do so if ongoing conservation actions abate or cease.

Nitrate: This is a measure of the most oxidised and stable form of nitrogen in a water body. It is used by plants as a nutrient to stimulate growth. Excessive amount of nitrate can lead to eutrophication.

pH Value: Measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a liquid. A pH value in the range of 0 to less than 7 indicates acidity, a pH value in the range of more than 7 to 14 indicates alkalinity, and a pH value of 7 signifies neutrality.

Phosphate: Phosphorus in the form of phosphate commonly occurs in all natural waters. It is a nutrient and is used by plants to stimulate growth. High concentrations of phosphate can cause eutrophication.

Precipitation: Rain falling from the atmosphere and deposited on land or water surfaces.

Protected Area: Legally established land or water area under either public or private ownership that is regulated and managed to achieve specific conservation objectives.

River basin: Total land area drained by a river or its tributaries.

Sulphate: Sulphate usually occurs in natural waters. High concentrations of sulphate can have a laxative effect on human beings.

Vulnerable: Species is considered to be facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.

Wetland: Area of low-lying land where the water table is at or near the surface most of the time. Wetlands include swamps, bogs, fens, marshes and estuaries.

2. Environmental Resources and their Use

Aquaculture: Aquaculture is the farming of aquatic organisms, including fish, molluscs, crustaceans and aquatic plants. Farming implies some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as stocking, feeding, protection from predators, etc.

Built-up areas: Built-up areas consist of land under houses, industrial zones, quarries or any other facilities, including their auxiliary spaces, deliberately installed so that human activities may be pursued.

Capacity: The maximum power available from a power station at a point in time:

- *Installed capacity*: The nameplate capacity of the generator set.
- *Plant capacity*: The net capacity measured at the terminals of the stations, i.e, after deduction of the power absorbed by the auxiliary installations and the losses in the station transformers.
- *Effective capacity*: It is the plant capacity less any amount of derated capacity from the install capacity.

Deforestation: Deforestation is the clearing of tree formation and their replacement by non-forest land

Evapotranspiration: Combined loss of water by evaporation from the soil or surface water and transpiration from plants and animals.

Energy Balance: Shows in a consistent accounting framework, the production, transformation and final consumption of all forms of energy for a given geographical area and a given period of time, with quantities expressed in terms of a single accounting unit for purposes of comparison and aggregation. The energy balance thus presents an overview of the energy produced and consumed in a system, matching input and output for a specific time period, usually a year.

Final energy consumption: Energy consumption by final user, i.e energy which is not being used for transformation into other forms of energy.

Groundwater recharge: Process by which water is added from outside to fresh water found beneath the earth surface.

Land use: Land use reflects both the activities undertaken and the institutional arrangements put in place for a given area for the purposes of economic production, or the maintenance and restoration of environmental functions. Consequently, there are areas of land that are "not in use" by human activities.

Livestock: Livestock are animal species that are raised by humans for commercial purposes, consumption, or labour.

Primary energy requirement: It is the sum of imported fuels and locally available fuels less re-exports of bunkers and aviation fuel to foreign aircraft after adjusting for stock changes.

Renewable energy: Renewable energy is captured from sources that replenish themselves. It includes solar (photovoltaic and thermal), hydroelectric, geothermal, tidal action, wave action, marine (non-tidal currents, temperature differences and salinity gradients), wind and biomass energy, all of which are naturally replenished, even though their flow may be limited.

Reused water: It is wastewater supplied to a user for further use with or without prior treatment.

Surface runoff: The flow of surface water from rainfall, which flows directly to streams, rivers, lakes and sea. Runoff may cause soil erosion.

Timber resources: Timber resources are defined by volume of trees, living or dead, which can still be used for timber or fuel.

Water abstraction: It is the amount of water that is removed from any source, either permanently or temporarily, in a given period of time. Water is abstracted from surface and groundwater resources by economic activities and households. Water can be abstracted for own use or for distribution to other users.

-

Water balance: The water balance is based on long term records of annual average rainfall and indicates how freshwater resources are distributed.

3. Residuals

Residuals are flows of solid, liquid and gaseous materials, and energy, that are discarded, discharged or emitted by establishments and households through processes of production, consumption or ccumulation.

Chlorofluorocarbons: Inert, non-toxic and easily liquefied chemicals used in refrigeration, airconditioning, packing and insulation or as solvents and aerosol propellants.

Greenhouse gases (GHG): These gases occur naturally and result from human activities (production and consumption) that contribute directly or indirectly to global warming. Some main GHG are Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄) and Nitrous Oxide (N₂O). Other gases such as Carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of Nitrogen (NOx), non methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC) and Sulphur dioxide (SO₂), contribute indirectly to global warming. GHG act much like a glass greenhouse, trapping heat in the lower levels of the atmosphere and reflecting the heat back to the earth's surface, causing it to heat up.

Landfill: Final placement of waste in or on the land in a controlled or uncontrolled way according to different sanitary, environmental protection and other safety requirements.

Ozone depletion: Destruction of ozone in the stratosphere, where it shields the earth from harmful ultraviolet radiation.

Solid waste: These are useless, and sometimes hazardous, materials with low liquid content. Solid waste includes domestic garbage, industrial and commercial waste, sewage sludge, wastes resulting from agricultural and animal husbandry operations and other connected activities and demolition wastes.

Waste water: Used water typically discharged into the sewage system. It contains matter and bacteria in solution or suspension.

Wastewater treatment: Process to render wastewater fit to meet environmental standards or other quality norms.

4. Extreme Events and Disasters

Warnings: The tropical cyclone warning system in Mauritius is as follows:

Class I: Issued 36 to 48 hours before Mauritius or Rodrigues is likely to be affected by gusts reaching 120 km/hr.

Class II: Issued so as to allow, as far as practicable, 12 hours of daylight before the occurrence of gusts of 120 km/hr.

Class III: Issued so as to allow, as far as practicable, 6 hours of daylight before the occurrence of gusts of 120 km/hr.

Class IV: Issued when gusts of 120 km/hr have been recorded and are expected to continue to occur.

Termination: Issued when there is no longer any appreciable danger of gusts exceeding 120 km/hr.

5. Human Settlements and Environmental Health

Human settlements: Refer to the totality of the human community, whether people live in large cities, towns or villages. They encompass the human population that resides in a settlement, the physical elements (e.g., shelter and insfrastructure), services (e.g., water, sanitation, waste removal, energy and transport), and the exposure of humans to potentially deleterious environmental conditions.

Buildings: Independent, free-standing structure, comprising one or more rooms and other spaces, covered by a roof and usually enclosed within external walls or dividing walls which extends from the foundation to the roof.

Housing unit: A housing unit is a separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation by one household, or one not intended for habitation, but occupied for living purposes by a household.

6. Environment Protection, Management and Engagement

Environmental Impact assessment (EIA): Analytical process that systematically examines the possible environmental consequences of the implementation of projects, programmes and policies.

Preliminary Environmental Report (PER): This is a short form of EIA and this preliminary analysis is undertaken to identify the impacts associated with the proposed development and the means of mitigation.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

Abbreviations

a.m.s.l above mean sea level

% Percentage 000 Thousand

c.i.f Cost, insurance, freight

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

f.o.b free on board

Gg Gigagram (thousand tonnes)
GWh Gigawatt hour (million kWh)

hPa Hectopascal

IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature

ktoe Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent

kWh Kilowatt hour

LPG Liquefied Petroleum Gas

m³ Cubic metres

Mm³ Million cubic metres

n.e.s Not elsewhere specified

NPCS National Parks and Conservation Service

PER Preliminary Environmental Report

Rs Rupees

Rs mn Rupees million

Toe Tonne of oil equivalent
TSP Total suspended particles

Symbols

Nil or negligibleNot available

Conversion factor

1 square kilometer = 100 hectares