

Ministry of Finance and Economic Development

STATISTICS MAURITIUS

DIGEST OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS 2010

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DIGEST OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS 2010

DIGEST OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS - 2010

Foreword

This is the ninth issue of the Digest of Environment Statistics prepared by Statistics Mauritius. It presents in a single report detailed available data concerning the environment. Many of the statistics presented have been gathered from various institutions and thus some of the data may already be available in other publications. The digest covers a wide range of environmental topics in a readily accessible form to provide a handy reference.

The data provided in this publication and covering the period 2001 to 2010, wherever possible, are the latest available. These may be subject to revision in later issues. All data, unless otherwise stated, refer to the Island of Mauritius.

It is hoped that these statistics will prove useful to the public in general, particularly to planners, decision makers and researchers.

The digest has been prepared with the collaboration of the Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development and several other organisations. The cooperation and assistance of all these organisations are gratefully acknowledged.

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TECHNICAL NOTES

Introduction

The statistics presented in this report are divided into six main chapters corresponding to the following components of the natural environment: Flora, Fauna, Atmosphere, Water, Land and Human Settlements.

Concept and coverage

The following United Nations manuals have been used as a basis for the compilation of the data on environment statistics.

- A Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics, Statistical Papers, M78, United Nations.
- Concepts and Methods of Environment Statistics, Statistics of Natural Environment, Studies in Methods, F57, United Nations.
- Concepts and Methods of Environment Statistics, Human Settlements Statistics, Studies in Methods, F51, United Nations.
- Glossary of Environment Statistics, Studies in Methods, Series F, No. 67.

The digest covers data for the period 2001 to 2010, wherever possible. Environmental data are collected over different time periods, ranging from decades in some major censuses to monthly, daily, hourly or even continual monitoring. Hence, in some cases, annual data are not available due to the periodicity of censuses and surveys.

Sources:

The tables and figures have been compiled with the help of the following organisations:

- Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development
- The Forestry Service Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- National Parks and Conservation Service Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- Albion Fisheries Research Centre Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.
- Agricultural Research and Extension Unit (AREU) Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security
- The Meteorological Services
- Water Resources Unit Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities.
- Central Water Authority
- Central Electricity Board
- Statistics Unit Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.
- Ministry of Local Government and Outer Islands.
- Waste Water Management Authority

Data in tables where sources are not indicated have been extracted from publications of the Statistics Mauritius.

Concepts and definitions

Environment

Environment is the totality of all the external conditions affecting the life, development and survival of an organism.

Flora

Flora: A general term for all forms of plant life characteristic of a region, period or special environment.

Protected Area: Legally established land or water area under either public or private ownership that is regulated and managed to achieve specific conservation objectives.

Silviculture: Management of forest land for timber, including

- (i) <u>Weeding</u>: Weeding is defined as the removal of unwanted plants, particularly at seedling stage.
- (ii) <u>Staking</u>: Straightening of young plants bent during cyclones, using guava sticks.
- (iii) Recruiting: Replacement of dead seedlings at the initial stage of growth.

Wetland: Area of low-lying land where the water table is at or near the surface most of the time. Wetlands include swamps, bogs, fens, marshes and estuaries.

Fauna

Fauna: A general term for all forms of animal life characteristic of a region, period or special environment.

Marine Park: Permanent marine reservation for the conservation of species. It constitutes an extension, to the undersea world, of the concept of the terrestrial national park.

Atmosphere

Chlorofluorocarbons: Inert, non-toxic and easily liquefied chemicals used in refrigeration, airconditioning, packing and insulation or as solvents and aerosol propellants.

Greenhouse gases (GHG): These gases occur naturally and result from human activities (production and consumption) that contribute directly or indirectly to global warming. Some main GHG are Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄) and Nitrous Oxide (N₂O). Other gases such as Carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of Nitrogen (NOx), non methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC) and Sulphur dioxide (SO₂), contribute indirectly to global warming. GHG act much like a glass greenhouse, trapping heat in the lower levels of the atmosphere and reflecting the heat back to the earth's surface, causing it to heat up.

Ozone depletion: Destruction of ozone in the stratosphere, where it shields the earth from harmful ultraviolet radiation.

Water

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): This is a measure of the oxygen required to oxidize all compounds in water. It represents the amount of organic matter in the media.

Chloride: Chloride appears in the highest concentrations in natural fresh water systems. It is important in terms of metabolic processes. High Chloride levels can make freshwater unpalatable and unsuitable for various uses including agriculture.

Conductivity: This is the measurement of the ability of water to conduct an electric current. It can indicate saline intrusion or other sources of pollution.

Dissolved Oxygen (DO): This is a measure of the amount of oxygen dissolved in water. DO is essential to the respiratory metabolism of most aquatic organisms. It affects the solubility and availability of nutrients.

Ecosystem: The interacting system of a biological community and its non living surroundings.

Eutrophication: This is the slow process during which a lake or estuary evolves into a bog or marsh and eventually disappears

Evapotranspiration: Combined loss of water by evaporation from the soil or surface water and transpiration from plants and animals.

Fluoride: Fluoride may be present as the result of the natural decomposition of rocks.

Groundwater recharge: Process by which water is added from outside to fresh water found beneath the earth surface.

Nitrate: This is a measure of the most oxidised and stable form of nitrogen in a water body. It is used by plants as a nutrient to stimulate growth. Excessive amount of nitrate can lead to eutrophication. Pesticide: a product or substance used in the control of pests which may affect public health or attack resources of use to man.

pH Value: Measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a liquid. A pH value in the range of 0 to less than 7 indicates acidity, a pH value in the range of more than 7 to 14 indicates alkalinity, and a pH value of 7 signifies neutrality.

Phosphate: Phosphorus in the form of phosphate commonly occurs in all natural waters. It is a nutrient and is used by plants to stimulate growth. High concentrations of phosphate can cause eutrophication.

Precipitation: Rain falling from the atmosphere and deposited on land or water surfaces.

Sedimentation: Settling of matter to the bottom of a liquid or water body, notably a reservoir.

*Sulphate:*Sulphate usually occurs in natural waters. High concentrations of sulphate can have a laxative effect on human beings.

Surface runoff: The flow of surface water from rainfall, which flows directly to streams, rivers, lakes and sea. Runoff may cause soil erosion.

Temperature: This is a measurement of the intensity (not amount) of heat stored in a volume of water. It affects the solubility of many chemical compounds and can therefore influence the effect of pollutants on aquatic life.

Total Dissolved Solids (TDS): This is a measure of the amount of dissolved material in the water. High concentrations of TDS limit the suitability of water as a drinking source and irrigation supply.

Turbidity: This is a measurement of the suspended particulate matter in a water body, which interferes with the passage of a beam of light through the water. High levels of turbidity increase the total available surface area of solids in suspension upon which bacteria can grow. High turbidity reduces light penetration.

Waste water: Used water typically discharged into the sewage system. It contains matter and bacteria in solution or suspension.

Water balance: The water balance is based on long term records of annual average rainfall and indicates how freshwater resources are distributed.

Land

Built-up areas: Built-up areas consist of land under houses, industrial zones, quarries or any other facilities, including their auxiliary spaces, deliberately installed so that human activities may be pursued.

Environmental impact assessment (EIA): Analytical process that systematically examines the possible environmental consequences of the implementation of projects, programmes and policies.

Land use: Land use refers to the main activity taking place on an area of land, for example, farming, forestry or housing.

Landfill: Final placement of waste in or on the land in a controlled or uncontrolled way according to different sanitary, environmental protection and other safety requirements.

Nutrient: A nutrient is a substance, element or compound necessary for the growth and development of plants.

Preliminary environmental report (PER): This is a short form of EIA and this preliminary analysis is undertaken to identify the impacts associated with the proposed development and the means of mitigation

Solid waste: These are useless, and sometimes hazardous, materials with low liquid content. Solid waste includes domestic garbage, industrial and commercial waste, sewage sludge, wastes resulting from agricultural and animal husbandry operations and other connected activities and demolition wastes.

Human settlements

Energy intensity: Energy intensity provides a measure of the efficiency with which energy is being used in production.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): GDP is the aggregate money value of all goods and services produced within a country out of economic activity during a specified period, usually a year, before provision for the consumption of fixed capital.

Human settlements: Integrative concept that comprises (a) physical components of shelter and infrastructure and (b) services to which the physical elements provide support, that is, community services such as education, health, culture, welfare, recreation and nutrition.

Life expectancy at birth: This is the average number of years that a new born child would be expected to live if subjected to the mortality conditions expressed by a particular set of age–specific death rates.

Primary energy requirement: It is the sum of imported fuels and locally available fuels less re-exports of bunkers and aviation fuel to foreign aircraft after adjusting for stock changes.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

Abbreviations

Rs mn Rupees million

Rs Rupees US\$ US dollar

LPG Liquefied petroleum gas

% Percentage f.o.b Free on board

c.i.f Cost, insurance, freight

000 Thousand

n.e.s Not elsewhere specified Mm³ Million cubic metres

Gg Gigagram (thousand tonne)

ktoe Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent

°C Degrees Celsius mg/L Milligram per litre

mS/cm Millisiemens per centimetre

g/l Gram per litre

NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Unit

µg/m³ Microgramme per cubic metres

ppb Part per billion ppm Part per million

PM $_{10}$ Dust or Particulate Matter with a diameter less than 10 μg

TSP Total suspended particles

EIA Environmental impact assessment
PER Preliminary environmental report

IUCN International Union for the conservation of nature

Symbols

- Nil or negligible

... Not available /Not applicable

Conversion factor: 1 Square kilometre = 100 hectares

Environment Statistics, 2010

1. Flora

1.1 Forestry

Preservation of forests is vital for the protection of the ecosystem. Table 1.1 shows the forest area by category of ownership for the Island of Mauritius. In 2010, total forest area was 47,159 hectares, of which 22,159 (47%) were state-owned and the remaining 25,000 hectares (53%) were privately-owned.

Out of the state-owned forest area, 11,916 hectares (54%) were planted areas while the National Park and the nature reserves accounted for another 6,574 (30%) and 799 (4%) hectares respectively. Forest area under the category "Pas Geometriques" represented about 631 hectares or 3%. The remaining 9% comprised islets, other nature parks and other forest lands.

Most of the privately-owned forest lands included scrubs and grazing land and they were estimated to be 18,447 hectares all over the island. Total reserves of the privately-owned lands accounted for 6,553 hectares.

1.2 Land Protected Areas

The land protected areas as shown in Table 1.6 totalled to 14,854 hectares. Among the protected areas, the Black River Gorges National Park represented 6,574 hectares (44%), followed by the privately owned mountain reserves, 3,800 hectares (26%) and river reserves 2,740 hectares (18%). The nature reserves constituting the islets accounted for 621 hectares (4%).

2. Fauna

2.1 Livestock

Cattle, goat, sheep and pig represented the major livestock in the country. As at June 2010, goats dominated the livestock population with an estimated population of 27,819 heads (46%), followed by pig, 22,650 (38%), cattle, 7,491 (12%) and sheep, 2,022 (4%) (Table 2.1).

2.2 Agro-industrial production

In 2010, production of beef was the leading contributor to the total livestock production (76%). The remaining livestock production comprised pork (22%), goat meat and mutton (2%). Poultry accounted for some 46,000 tonnes and milk production amounted to around 3.6 million litres (Table 2.3).

2.3 Fish catch and production

Fish production has decreased by 8% from 7,045 tonnes in 2009 to 6,464 tonnes in 2010. In 2010, fish production through coastal (artisanal) fishery amounted to 831 tonnes.

Basket trap accounted for 32% of the total catch, followed by line (27%) and large net (26%) (Table 2.5).

In 2010, the mean catch per day per fisherman day (coastal) was 6.5 kilogram (Table 2.8).

2.4 Marine Protected Areas (MPA)

The 7,216 hectares of marine protected areas consist of marine parks, fishing reserves and wetland. In 2010, the area occupied by the fishing reserves was 6,352 hectares (88%), followed by the marine parks, 838 hectares (11.6%) and wetland, 26 hectares (0.4%). (Table 2.17).

3. Atmosphere

3.1 Ambient Air quality

The Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development has both stationary and mobile air quality monitoring stations that are operational since 2001. In 2010, the main pollutants under investigation are Dust (PM ₁₀), Dust (TSP), Sulphur Dioxide, Nitrogen Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide.

The results of all the pollutants under study at the six monitoring stations in 2010 showed that the levels of ambient pollutants were most of the time well below the norms (Standards for air quality). (Table 3.5).

3.2 Greenhouse gas (GHG)

Mauritius as a party to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) is updating periodically the inventory of anthropogenic emissions and removals of greenhouse gases using IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) guidelines. GHGs are gases occurring naturally and resulting from human activities which act much like a glass greenhouse, trapping heat in the lower levels of the atmosphere and reflecting the heat back to the earth's surface, causing it to heat up and resulting in global warming.

3.2.1 Total GHG emissions and removals

Table 3.6 shows the total emissions and removals of greenhouse gases of which carbon dioxide (CO_2) is the main one. The data indicate a rise in net CO_2 emissions from 3,075 thousand tonnes in 2009 to 3,290 thousand tonnes in 2010. Net emissions take into account the removal of CO_2 by forests which act as 'sinks'.

3.2.2 Greenhouse gas inventory

The national inventory of greenhouse gas emissions by source categories and removals by sinks for the years 2009 and 2010 is given in Table 3.8. Carbon dioxide with an emission of 3,583.2 thousand tonnes in 2010 was the major greenhouse gas injected in the atmosphere. Most of this gas was produced as a result of fuel combustion activities such as electricity production, transport and manufacturing processes.

3.2.2.1 Carbon dioxide emissions from fuel combustion activities.

Carbon dioxide emission resulting from fuel combustion went up from 3,365.3 thousand tonnes in 2009 to 3,581.0 thousand tonnes in 2010 (+6.4%), driven mostly by a 8% increase of CO_2 emissions from the energy industries.

The energy industries remained the principal source of CO_2 emission in the atmosphere. They contributed around 60% of the emissions, with 2,158.3 thousand tonnes in 2010. They were followed by the transport sector which contributed around 25% of the total emissions and the manufacturing industries, with some 10%.

3.2.2.2 Non-CO₂ emissions

Non-CO₂ emissions were minimal and in 2010, they were distributed in thousand tonnes as follows: carbon monoxide 68.4, methane 37.4, sulphur dioxide 34.0, oxide of nitrogen 18.8, non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC) 18.3, and nitrous oxide 1.0.

3.3 Ozone-depleting substances

The consumption of the controlled ozone-depleting substances decreased by 50% from 192 metric tonnes in 2009 to 96 metric tonnes in 2010. Around 100% of the ozone-depleting substances constituted of the hydro-chlorofluorocarbons (HCFC's).

4. Water

Water, being a basic support element for human life and ecosystems is of vital environmental and biological importance.

4.1 Water balance

The water balance is based on long term records of annual average rainfall and indicates how fresh water resources are distributed.

In 2010, the island of Mauritius received 3,368 million cubic metres (Mm³) of precipitation (rainfall). This was 24.6% lower than in 2009 when 4,470 Mm³ were obtained. Surface runoff accounted for 60% of the water balance, while evapotranspiration and net recharge to ground water accounted for 30% and 10% respectively (Table 4.3).

4.2 Water utilisation

In 2010 the total water demand was estimated at 935 Mm³. The agricultural sector accounted for most of the water utilised with 404 Mm³ or 43%. Utilisation for the other purposes was as follows: hydropower 298 Mm³ or 32%, domestic, industrial and tourism 223 Mm³ or 24% and industrial 10 Mm³ or 1% (Table 4.4).

Around 80% of the total fresh water abstracted came from surface water (reservoirs, rivers and streams) and the remaining 20 % from groundwater (Table 4.6).

4.3 Water consumption

The domestic consumption of water went down from 162 to 160 litres per capita per day from 2009 to 2010. Total potable water consumed increased from 220 to 223 litres per capita per day (Table 4.12).

5. Land

5.1 Land use

Urbanisation and the development of industries and infrastructure have led to a loss of agricultural land.

Table 5.1 shows data on land use for 1995 and 2005. During that period, the proportion of land under sugarcane decreased by 6.3%, tea plantations declined by 81.6% and forestry by 17.2%. Land used for other agricultural activities increased by 33.3% while built up areas expanded by 27.7%.

Between 1995 and 2005, the proportion of land under agriculture dropped from 46.4% to 43.2%, and that of forestry from 30.6% to 25.3% whilst built-up areas increased from 19.5% to 24.9% (Table 5.1 and figure 16)

The effective area under sugarcane has gradually shrunk to 62,100 hectares in 2010 from 64,120 hectares in 2009 (-3.2%). During the same period, area under tobacco decreased to 210 hectares from 230 hectares (-8.7%) and area under tea to 698 hectares from 713 hectares (-2.1%) (Table 5.2).

5.2 Fertiliser and other inputs

Intensive use of chemical based fertilisers and other agro-chemicals may contribute to the pollution of the environment through the leaching of nitrate to ground water.

The total quantity of fertilisers imported is shown in Table 5.6. The imports of fertilisers for the year 2010 were 46,254 tonnes, a decrease of around 19% over the 2009 figure of 57,169 tonnes.

5.3 Waste disposal

Increasing waste generation and consequently its disposal pose a major environmental problem. Waste collected are either sent directly to the Mare Chicose Sanitary Landfill, which started operating by the end of 1997, or go through the process of compaction at the four transfer stations (St Martin, Roche Bois, Poudre D'Or and La Brasserie) before their transportation to the landfill site.

Solid waste has been tracked mainly as domestic, construction and others. In 2006, with the outbreak of the *Chikungunya* disease, some 110 clean-up campaigns were carried out throughout the country which caused the amount of wastes to rise up.

In 2010, the total amount of solid waste landfilled at Mare Chicose was 427,802 tonnes compared to 415,948 tonnes in 2009 (Table 5.10).

5.4 Environmental Impacts Assessment (EIA) and Preliminary Environmental Report (PER) Licences

The Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development grants EIA licences to meet environmental requirements. Those undertakings that require such a licence are listed in the First Schedule of the new Environment Protection Act, 2002.

In 2010, 44 EIA licences were granted of which 27% were issued to coastal and related works and 11% were provided to land parcelling and another 11% to industrial development (Table 5.12).

During the same period, 19 PER licences were granted, out of which 26% were for industrial development projects.

5.5 Result of the Environment Module of the Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS), 2007

5.5.1 Waste

The Continuous Multipurpose Household Survey (CMPHS) carried out in 2007 revealed that around 88% of households interviewed were prepared to separate waste and around 72% stated that they are satisfied with waste collections facilities.

Some 52% of households stated that they were prepared to compost waste. It was noted that 35% of the households used special bins placed around the island for collection of PET plastic

bottles. 75% of the main reasons for not using the bins were unawareness about the bins provided. Some 61% also stated that the bins were not accessible or too far (Table 5.19)

5.5.2 Plastic bags

In 2007, around 70% of households used plastic bags provided or sold by sellers for shopping (Table 5.18).

5.5.3 Awareness of Environmental Programmes

CMPHS 2007 revealed that more than 82% of the surveyed households stated that they were aware of Environmental programmes on radio and television. More than 70% of the households listened to or watched Environmental programmes (Table 5.19)

6. Human settlement

6.1 The economy

Table 6.1 shows some main environment indicators over the ten year-period, 2001 - 2010. Table 6.2 provides some key socio-economic indicators showing the structural changes that have occurred during the same period.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP), which measures the total value of production, increased in nominal terms by about 123%, from Rs 134,392 million in 2001 to Rs 299,129 million in 2010. The share of agriculture in GDP fell from 6.9% in 2001 to 3.7% in 2010; that of manufacturing decreased from 22.5% to 18.0%, while that of transport and communications decreased from 12.8% to 9.5%.

During the same period, population of the Republic of Mauritius increased by 6.7% from 1,199,881 to 1,280,924 and population density from 609 to 651 per km².

6.2 Energy

While being an essential ingredient for the economic development and for the well being of the population, energy-related activities are also a source of major concern for the environment. They are by far the most important contributors of air pollutants, through the emission of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases.

6.2.1 Primary energy requirement

The total primary energy requirement of the country increased by 6.2%, from 1,347 ktoe in 2009, to 1,431 ktoe in 2010. Around 83% of the total primary energy requirement was met by imported fuels (oil, LPG and coal) and the remaining 17%, obtained from local sources (bagasse and hydro). Details on the primary energy requirement by energy source are shown in Table 6.14.

6.2.2 Inputs for electricity production

Different types of fuel are used for electricity production. Coal remained the most important input and its share rose from 49% in 2009 to 51% in 2010. On the other hand, the contribution of bagasse fell from 25% to 23% and that of fuel oil from 24% to 23% (Table 6.16).

6.2.3 Final energy consumption

In 2010, final energy consumption reached around 854 ktoe, an increase of 5.6% over the figure of 809 ktoe in 2009. Changes in the different sectors were as follows: "Transport" (+6.9%), "Commercial and Distributive Trade" (+5.8%), "Manufacturing" (+4.7%) and "Household" (+3.4%) (Table 6.18).

The largest consumers were the transport and manufacturing sectors, which accounted for 49% and 27% of the total energy consumption respectively (Table 6.19).

6.2.4 Transport

Industrialisation, continuous economic growth and higher standard of living have led to a rapid increase in transport services over the recent years. A number of environmental problems are associated with transport, especially emission of carbon dioxide and other pollutants such as nitrogen oxide, volatile organic compounds, sulphur dioxide and particulate.

In 2010, petroleum products used for transportation were as follows; 160,591 tonnes of diesel oil, 118,226 tonnes of gasolene, 4,641 tonnes of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and 118,553 tonnes of aviation fuel (Table 6.17).

6.3 Stock of registered motor vehicles

In 2010, the fleet of motor vehicles reached 384,115, up by 4.8% over the year 2009 (Table 6.20).

6.4 Complaints

The number of complaints by category received by the Pollution Prevention and Control Division at the Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development for the years 2001 to 2010 is shown in Table 6.33. The number of complaints increased from 522 in 2009 to 622 in 2010. The major causes for complaints were noise (26%), odour (21%) and solid waste (19%).

6.4 Contraventions

In 2010, the Police de L'Environnement issued 1,284 contraventions of which illegal littering accounted for 75% (963).

During the same period, 1,651 notices were issued to drivers of vehicles emitting black smoke (Table 6.34).

7. Environment Economic Accounts (EEA)

7.1 The **Environment-Economic Accounts** (EEA) is a set of statistical accounts showing the interaction between the economy and the environment. Integrating these two permits investigation and analysis of sustainability in the patterns of production and consumption and the economic consequences of maintaining given environmental standards.

A set of EEA for Mauritius has been compiled using the results of the 2002 and 2007 Census of Economic Activities (CEA) and the National Accounts' Supply and Use Tables (SUT) as well as other available statistics on Energy and Water.

7.2 Main findings

7.2.1 Energy efficiency

The energy intensity of the economy shows that for every Rs 100,000 of GDP that was produced, 0.87 toe energy was used in 2009 as compared to 1.04 toe in 2002.

Energy efficiency of a sector is assessed by comparing the change in the amount of energy used by the sector to the change in its Gross Value Added (GVA) during the same period.

As shown in Table A, between 2002 and 2009, the activity groups where the energy use has decreased, as opposed to their increase in GVA, are: 'Agriculture', 'Food and Drink Manufacturing', 'Construction', 'Wholesale and Retail' and 'Hotels and Restaurants'. On the other hand, there were

increases in energy use coupled with increases in GVA, in 'Chemicals Manufacturing' and 'Transport and communications' sectors.

Table A – Primary energy use and GVA changes, 2002 - 2009

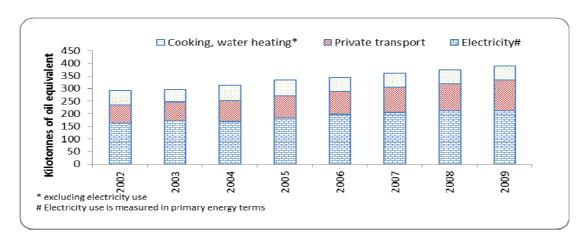
| Industrial Activity | % changes from 2002 to 2009 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| - | Energy Use | GVA | | | |
| Agriculture | -20 | +16 | | | |
| Food and drinks manufacturing | -7 | +51 | | | |
| Construction | -44 | +58 | | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | -2 | +37 | | | |
| Hotels and Restaurants | -39 | +33 | | | |
| Chemicals Manufacturing | +24 | +3 | | | |
| Transport and communications | +18 | +58 | | | |

7.2.2 Energy use of households

Households consume energy mostly by making use of electricity for lighting and powering household appliances, gasoline and diesel for private transport and LPG and solar energy for cooking and water heating respectively.

Energy used by households has increased by 33% from 291 ktoe in 2002 to 388 ktoe in 2009 (Fig. 1). This was mainly driven by the demand for electricity which increased by around 30% and energy used for private transport which rose by 70%. On the other hand energy other than electricity used for cooking and water heating decreased by 4.2% during the same period.

Figure 1 – Household Energy Use, 2002–2009



7.2.3 Carbon dioxide emissions Accounts

Greenhouse gases (GHGs) mainly comprise Carbon dioxide (CO_2), nitrous oxide (N_2O) and methane (CH_4). CO_2 is a major component of GHG emissions in Mauritius.

Table B shows the changes in CO₂ emissions from energy sources of some selected sectors compared to changes in the GVA. Between 2002 and 2009, the sectors where the CO₂ emissions have decreased, as opposed to their increase in GVA, are 'Agriculture', 'Construction' and 'Hotels and Restaurants'. Also, there were increases in CO₂ emissions coupled with increasing GVA, in the 'Food and drinks manufacturing', 'Wholesale and retail trade', 'Chemicals Manufacturing', 'Transport and communications' and 'Finance and real estate' sectors.

The sectors with the most prominent changes noted both in the CO_2 emissions and the GVA were the 'Finance and Real Estate' (CO_2 +112%, GVA +64%), 'Construction' (CO_2 -44%, GVA +58%), 'Food and Drinks' (CO_2 +60%, GVA +51%) and 'Mining and Quarrying' (CO_2 -55%, GVA -41%).

The most emission intensive sectors in 2009, in terms of tonnes of CO₂ per hundred thousand rupees of GVA, were the 'Water Supply industry' with 12 tonnes, 'Textiles' with 4.7 tonnes, 'Chemicals' with 4.1 tonnes, 'Transport and Communications' with 3.4 tonnes, and 'Food and Drinks' with 2.8 tonnes (Table 3.10).

Table B − CO₂ emissions and GVA changes, 2002 - 2009

| Industrial Activity | % changes from 2002 to 2009 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| - | CO ₂ emissions | GVA | | | |
| Agriculture | -11 | +16 | | | |
| Mining and quarrying | -55 | -41 | | | |
| Food and drinks manufacturing | +60 | +51 | | | |
| Textiles | -5 | -8 | | | |
| Construction | -44 | +58 | | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | +3 | +37 | | | |
| Hotels and Restaurants | -31 | +33 | | | |
| Chemicals Manufacturing | +35 | +3 | | | |
| Transport and communication | +18 | +58 | | | |
| Finance and real estate | +112 | +64 | | | |

7.2.4 Water use Accounts

The water use account identifies the amount of water used in the different economic sectors and households and relates this use to the level of economic activity undertaken by the particular sectors.

7.2.5 Water Use

An analysis of water use by sector reveals that, agriculture is a relatively intensive user. In 2007 out of a total of about 880 million cubic metre of water abstracted, half (50%) was used by the agricultural sector. The hydro power stations used 29% for the production of electricity while households consumed 9% and manufacturing used 2%. The remaining 10% was mainly the water unaccounted for, by the 'collection, purification and distribution of water' sector (Fig. 2).

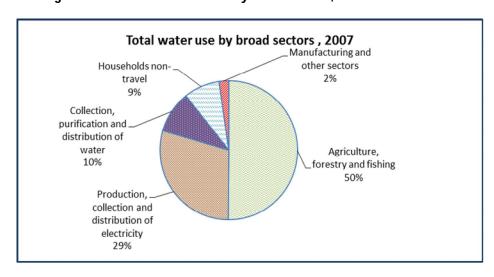


Figure 2 – Share of water use¹ by broad sector, 2007

The total amount of water abstracted in 2007 dropped by 9.7% as compared to an amount of 975 million cubic metres recorded in 2002. Table C below, shows the percentage of water used by broad sectors out of the total water abstracted.

| Table C - | Share of | water | used by | / sectors | 2002 | and 2007 |
|------------|------------|-------|---------|-----------|------|-----------|
| I abic c - | Jiiai C Vi | water | uscu bi | , 3001013 | 2002 | uliu Zuu/ |

| Sectors | % use of total water abstracted | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Sectors | 2002 | 2007 | | | |
| Agriculture | 54 | 50 | | | |
| Production of hydro electricity | 26 | 29 | | | |
| Households | 7 | 9 | | | |
| Manufacturing and others | 3 | 2 | | | |
| Water unaccounted for, including losses. | 10 | 10 | | | |
| Total | 100 | 100 | | | |

¹ Total water, including use for hydropower and from public supply for which the loss is higher. This use differs from utilization already published as it includes both direct abstractions and water from public supply.

Proportion of water used by the agricultural sector decreased from 54% to 50% while that for 'production of hydro electricity' rose from 26% to 29%. Households' use increased from 7% to 9% and Manufacturing and others (excluding agriculture) used a slightly less share of water from 3% to 2%. The remaining amount, mainly the water unaccounted for, including losses from 'collection, purification and distribution of water sector', remained virtually at the same proportion estimated as 10%.

7.2.6 Water Intensity

Water use intensity indicates the amount of water in million cubic metres used by a particular sector of the economy per million rupees of Gross Value Added (GVA) generated in that sector. Sectors which are the most water intensive are 'Production of electricity' mainly as hydro power and 'Agriculture'. However, from 2002 to 2007, the water intensity of the 'Agriculture' sector dropped by 25% from 0.08 to 0.06 million cubic metres (Mm³) per million rupees of GVA. The same pattern was noted in 'Production of electricity' with a decline of 14% from 0.14 to 0.12.

The relatively low water intensive sectors were, among others, the 'Construction' and 'Wholesale and Retail' sectors with less than 100 million metre cubes per million rupees of GVA.

7.2.7 Water Productivity

Water productivity measures the GVA generated in a particular sector per unit volume of water used. In 2007, this indicator was highest in 'Construction' and 'Wholesale and Retail' sectors with over Rs 20,000 million of GVA generated per Mm³ of water used. 'Agriculture' and 'Production of electricity' sectors had the lowest rate with 17 million and 9 million rupees per Mm³ of water used respectively.

7.2.8 Economy-wide Material Flow Accounts (MFA)

The Economy-wide Material Flow Accounts set out the flow of natural materials used or moved by the economic activities of the country. Table 6.35 presents some of the main indicators of MFA for the years 2005 to 2009.

Domestic extraction (DE) of biomass and materials from the national environment totalled some 10.9 million tonnes in 2009, which is estimated to be about 10% higher than in 2005 (9.9 million tonnes). About 55% of this amount comprised aggregates (rocks) and another 43% were sugarcane. The remaining 2% were mostly salt products and biomass such as food crops, wood and fish.

Direct Material Input (DMI) consists of domestic extraction plus imports of quantity of materials in the country. DMI in 2009 was estimated at 14.6 million tonnes, up by 7% as compared to 2005 (13.6 million tonnes). Of this amount, 75% of the materials were extracted from the national environment (Domestic Extraction).

Domestic Material Consumption (DMC) is the indicator which is most used by the international community, as it can be most readily compared with GDP. It is defined as DMI less exports.

In 2009, DMC worked out to 13.5 million tonnes, up by 9% from 12.4 million tonnes in 2005. This was mainly driven by the 7.3% increase in DMI while exports of materials went down by 8% during that period.

The **Physical Balance of Trade** (PTB), that is imports less exports of materials, increased slightly from 2.5 to 2.6 million tonnes (+4%) during the period 2005 to 2009.

8 Environmental Performance Index (EPI)

The Environmental Performance Index (EPI) ranks countries on performance indicators covering environmental health and ecosystem vitality. These indicators provide a gauge at a national government scale of how close countries are to established environmental policy goals.

Mauritius climbed to the sixth position in the 2010 EPI from the fifty eighth position in the 2008 EPI rankings. The improved result is mainly due to the performance scores in the ecosystem vitality, from 58.5 to 77.5 (Table 6.38).

CHAPTER 1

FLORA

Table 1.1 - Forest area by category, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Hecta | res |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Category | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| State - owned | 22,089 | 22,089 | 22,068 | 22,200 | 22,185 | 22,181 | 22,176 | 22,159 | 22,159 | 22,159 |
| Plantations | 12,362 | 12,418 | 12,256 | 11,816 | 11,828 | 11,848 | 11,878 | 11,855 | 11,901 | 11,916 |
| Nature reserves | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 | 799 |
| on mainland | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| islets | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 |
| National Park ¹ | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 | 6,574 |
| Islet National Park ² | | | | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 |
| Bras D'Eau& Poste La Fayette Reserves ³ | | | | 472 | 472 | 472 | 472 | 472 | 472 | 472 |
| ValleeD'Osterlog Endemic Garden | | | | | | | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 |
| Other Forest Lands | 1,702 | 1,646 | 1,804 | 1,770 | 1,743 | 1,719 | 1,413 | 1,419 | 1,373 | 1,358 |
| Pas Geometriques | 652 | 652 | 635 | 635 | 635 | 635 | 631 | 631 | 631 | 63 |
| Plantations | 230 | 243 | 226 | 226 | 226 | 226 | 222 | 222 | 222 | 22. |
| Leased for grazing and tree planting | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 |
| Others (mostly rocky) | 192 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 17 |
| Privately - owned lands | 34,540 | 34,540 | 34,540 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Reserves | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 | 6,553 |
| Mountain reserves | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,800 |
| River reserves | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 | 2,740 |
| Nature reserves | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Other 4 | 27,987 | 27,987 | 27,987 | 18,447 | 18,447 | 18,447 | 18,447 | 18,447 | 18,447 | 18,447 |
| Total | 56,629 | 56,629 | 56,608 | 47,200 | 47,185 | 47,181 | 47,176 | 47,159 | 47,159 | 47,159 |

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹Black River Gorges National Park was proclaimed in 1994 and data on the area enclosed by the boundaries of the park were not available until 1997.
²Islet National Park was proclaimed in 1994.
³Bras D'Eau& Poste La Fayette Reserves were proclaimed in 2002 and data of the area is included as from the year 2001.

⁴Includes Plantations, forest lands, scrub and grazing lands. Forest area was decreasing gradually. New estimates in private lands worked out in 2004.

Table 1.2 - Changes in forest-land cover, 2001 and 2010

| | Area (h | ectares) | % of total | land area |
|--|---------|----------|------------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2010 | 2001 | 2010 |
| Forests lands : of which | 56,629 | 47,159 | 30.4 | 25.3 |
| State owned | 22,089 | 22,159 | 11.8 | 11.9 |
| Plantations | 12,362 | 11,916 | 6.6 | 6.4 |
| Land Protected areas and Nature reserves | 7,373 | 8,254 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Other Forest Land | 1,702 | 1,358 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| Pas Geometriques | 652 | 631 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Privately-owned lands ¹ | 34,540 | 25,000 | 18.5 | 13.4 |
| Reserves (land Protected areas) | 6,553 | 6,553 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Other | 27,987 | 18,447 | 15.0 | 9.9 |

¹ include plantations, reserves, scrub and grazing lands.

Table 1.3 - Local production, imports and consumption of timber, poles and fuelwood, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | cubi | cmetre (ro | undwood) |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Local Production | 16,945 | 15,910 | 14,007 | 13,973 | 12,098 | 14,532 | 13,952 | 10,885 | 10,531 | 14,328 |
| Timber | 4,941 | 4,346 | 4,565 | 5,057 | 4,818 | 6,869 | 5,332 | 4,330 | 3,807 | 3,696 |
| State Lands | 4,401 | 3,796 | 3,730 | 4,587 | 4,628 | 6,067 | 4,874 | 4,260 | 3,762 | 3,231 |
| Private Lands ¹ | 540 | 550 | 835 | 470 | 190 | 802 | 458 | 70 | 45 | 465 |
| Poles | 2,670 | 2,642 | 2,976 | 3,111 | 2,187 | 1,605 | 1,553 | 1,284 | 1,242 | 1,220 |
| State Lands | 1,580 | 1,612 | 1,911 | 2,356 | 1,677 | 1,060 | 1,022 | 1,002 | 1,102 | 787 |
| Private Lands ¹ | 1,090 | 1,030 | 1,065 | 755 | 510 | 545 | 531 | 282 | 140 | 433 |
| Fuelwood | 9,334 | 8,922 | 6,466 | 5,805 | 5,093 | 6,058 | 7,067 | 5,271 | 5,482 | 9,412 |
| State Lands | 8,429 | 7,992 | 5,189 | 5,170 | 4,578 | 4,765 | 6,116 | 5,089 | 5,202 | 8,217 |
| Private Lands ¹ | 905 | 930 | 1,277 | 635 | 515 | 1,293 | 951 | 182 | 280 | 1,195 |
| Imports of timber ² | 106,277 | 85,488 | 65,558 | 108,677 | 111,764 | 89,085 | 132,503 | 120,311 | 78,395 | 95,870 |
| Total Consumption ³ | 123,222 | 101,398 | 79,565 | 122,650 | 123,862 | 103,617 | 146,455 | 131,196 | 88,926 | 110,198 |

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.
¹Estimates

² Roundwood equivalent ³ Excludes plywood, paper and other wood products.

Table 1.4 - Forest fires and area affected, 2001 - 2010

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of incidents | 40 | 37 | 27 | 14 | 16 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 14 | 46 |
| Area affected (Ha) | 122 | 116 | 134 | 93 | 61 | 94 | 154 | 136 | 123 | 188 |
| of which | | | | | | | | | | |
| Protected areas | 67 | 44 | 13 | - | 4 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 53 |
| Unprotected areas | 55 | 72 | 121 | 93 | 57 | 86 | 150 | 135 | 123 | 135 |

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Figure 1 - Forest fires and area affected, 2001 - 2010

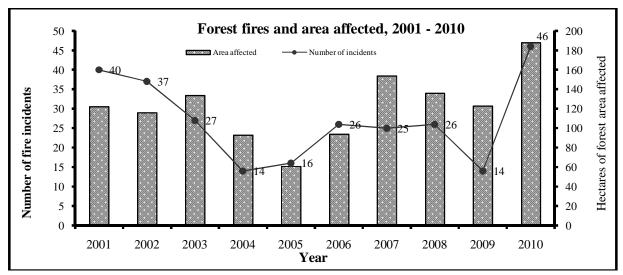


Table 1.5 - Silvicultural operations carried out in state forest land plantation, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | He | ectares |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| Type of operation | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Clearing for planting | 34 | 84 | 56 | 97 | 107 | 54 | 56 | 90 | 96 | 37 |
| Planting | 133 | 151 | 110 | 110 | 92 | 80 | 50 | 96 | 90 | 55 |
| Weeding | 596 | 490 | 402 | 300 | 282 | 266 | 174 | 195 | 199 | 206 |
| Recruiting | 462 | 394 | 391 | 298 | 222 | 257 | 208 | 202 | 170 | 209 |
| Staking | 14 | 629 | 30 | 15 | 35 | 44 | 214 | 20 | 3 | 14 |
| Cleaning | 718 | 606 | 744 | 586 | 484 | 331 | 417 | 307 | 239 | 223 |
| Pruning | 50 | 33 | 89 | 46 | 49 | 26 | 5 | 27 | 5 | 5 |

Note: There may be overlapping of operations. For instance part of the area that is planted in a year could have been cleared in the same year. Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Table 1.6 - List of land protected areas, Republic of Mauritius, 2010

| Land protected areas | Hectares Area |
|---|------------------|
| Land protected areas | |
| Black River Gorges National Park | 6,574 |
| Bras D'Eau & Poste La Fayette Reserves | 472 |
| ValleeD'Osterlog Endemic Garden | 275 |
| Nature reserves (mainland) | 225 |
| Pouce | 69 |
| Perrier | 2 |
| Bois Sec | 6 |
| Gouly Pere | 11 |
| Corps de Guarde | 90 |
| Cabinet | 18 |
| Les Mares | 5 |
| Grande Montagne (Rodrigues) | 14 |
| AnseQuitor (Rodrigues) | 10 |
| slet National Park | 134 |
| Nature reserves (Islets) | 621 |
| Gunner's Quoin | 76 |
| lles aux Aigrettes | 25 |
| lles aux Serpents | 31 |
| Flat Island | 253 |
| Round Island | 169 |
| Gabriel Island | 42 |
| llot Marianne | 2 |
| Iles aux Cocos (Rodrigues) | 15 |
| Iles aux Sables (Rodrigues) | 8 |
| Mountain Reserves (all privately owned) | 3,800 |
| River reserves (all privately owned) | 2,740 |
| Nature reserves (privately owned) | 13 |
| Mondrain | 5 |
| Sir Emile Series | 8 |
| Total | 14,854 |

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Note: The reserves constituted the state owned and privately-owned lands; under the state owned there were the "Reserves", "Nature Reserves (main land)" and the Nature Reserves (islets); the rest were privately-owned.

Table 1.7 - Number of offences detected against forest laws by category, 2001 – 2010

| Category | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Unauthorised felling/removal | 87 | 51 | 53 | 67 | 67 | 86 | 87 | 85 | 71 | 37 |
| Illegal possession of wood | - | 2 | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Encroachment | 9 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 12 | 9 | 16 | 20 | 9 | 2 |
| Illegal deposit of stones/materials | 17 | 9 | 24 | 9 | 12 | 14 | 19 | 19 | 10 | 13 |
| Illegal possession of implements | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Erection of structures and others | 8 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 20 | 18 | 13 | 3 | 11 | 14 |
| Total | 121 | 84 | 107 | 99 | 111 | 133 | 138 | 129 | 101 | 67 |

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹include cases taken to court, treated departmentally, outstanding, and in which offenders were unknown.

Figure 2 - Number of offences detected against forest laws by category, 2001 - 2010

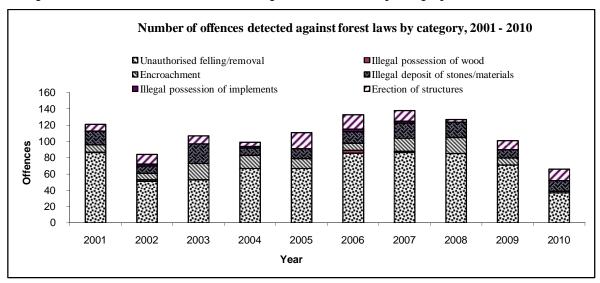


Table 1.8 - Forest plantations by type of plants, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | Hectares |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Type of plant | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Soft wood | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pine | 8,035 | 8,062 | 8,113 | 8,136 | 8,143 | 8,162 | 8,195 | 8,197 | 8,197 | 8,199 |
| Other softwood | 1,599 | 1,609 | 1,609 | 1,609 | 1,612 | 1,613 | 1,613 | 1,617 | 1,624 | 1,637 |
| Hardwood Eucalyptus and Casuarina | 1,906 | 1,919 | 1,921 | 1,450 | 1,450 | 1,450 | 1,443 | 1,443 | 1,443 | 1,443 |
| Other hardwood | 822 | 828 | 839 | 847 | 849 | 849 | 849 | 852 | 859 | 859 |
| Total | 12,362 | 12,418 | 12,482 | 12,042 | 12,054 | 12,074 | 12,100 | 12,077 | 12,123 | 12,138 |

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

1 State land

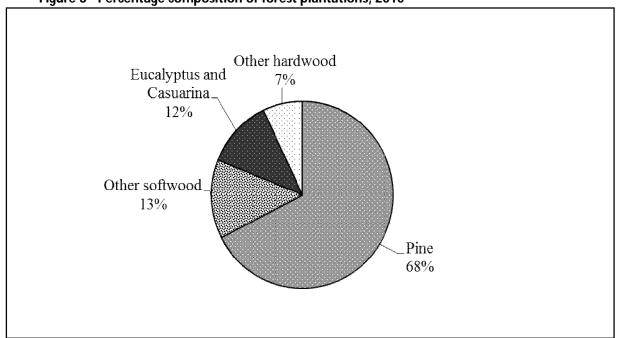


Figure 3 - Percentage composition of forest plantations, 2010

Table 1.9 - Number of seedlings raised, by species, at the nurseries of the Forestry Service, 2001 – 2010

| Species | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Pine | 393,768 | 300,119 | 313,293 | 133,162 | 222,975 | 203,594 | 170,840 | 256,748 | 150,216 | 130,988 |
| Eucalyptus | 57,871 | 47,018 | 10,000 | 11,400 | 12,535 | 20,950 | 5,000 | 7,700 | 20,500 | 9,925 |
| Cryptomoria | 4,100 | 14,531 | 6,265 | 14,722 | 8,820 | 455 | 1,382 | 1,688 | 1,852 | 4,766 |
| Casuarina (Filao) | 45,519 | 23,198 | 32,650 | 6,449 | - | 5,091 | 6,000 | 5,550 | 8,200 | 18,810 |
| Araucaria | 22,347 | 47,961 | 19,291 | 5,098 | 1,026 | 20,578 | 22,780 | 21,776 | 58,641 | 5,430 |
| Juniper | - | 818 | - | 55 | - | 7 | - | 423 | 114 | 160 |
| Other ¹ | 228,313 | 193,063 | 231,219 | 189,397 | 264,990 | 279,615 | 200,578 | 197,135 | 267,384 | 250,149 |
| Total | 751,918 | 626,708 | 612,718 | 360,283 | 510,346 | 530,290 | 406,580 | 491,020 | 506,907 | 420,228 |

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

¹ includes ornamentals and indigenous forest trees.

Figure 4 - Number of seedlings raised, by species, at the nurseries of the Forestry Service, 2001 - 2010

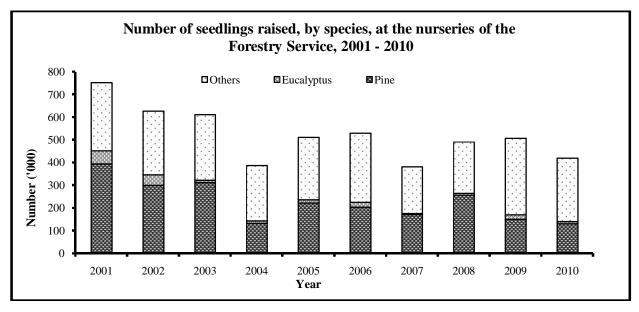


Table 1.10 - Number of plants issued free and sold to the public by the Forestry Service, 2001 - 2010

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Free issue | 14,384 | 16,523 | 18,181 | 11,820 | 13,888 | 34,476 | 22,292 | 20,275 | 27,546 | 39,934 |
| Sold | 125,823 | 134,393 | 138,320 | 129,768 | 107,573 | 108,933 | 71,779 | 84,451 | 83,801 | 60,425 |

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Figure 5 - No. of plants issued free and sold to the public by the Forestry Service, 2001 – 2010

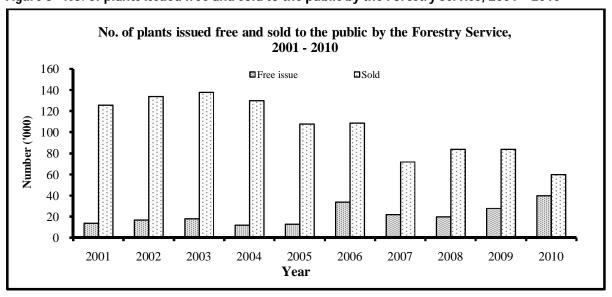


Table 1.11 - Revenue and expenditure¹ of the Forestry Service, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Rupees thou | sand |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Revenue item | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Sales of forest produce | 6,879 | 7,159 | 7,494 | 8,216 | 8,093 | 9,122 | 9,309 | 9,125 | 8,923 | 7,463 |
| Shooting and fishing rights (Rental) | 1,955 | 2,153 | 3,157 | 3,357 | 5,087 | 4,924 | 5,428 | 6,872 | 7,182 | 7,245 |
| Registration Fees | | | | | | | 1,374 | 143 | 14 | 42 |
| Agricultural Lease | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Horticulture Lease | | | | | | | 24 | - | - | 0 |
| Miscellaneous (Wood exploitation licence) | 210 | 207 | 212 | 213 | 213 | 219 | 198 | 204 | 204 | 213 |
| Total revenue | 9,044 | 9,519 | 10,863 | 11,786 | 13,393 | 14,265 | 16,333 | 16,344 | 16,326 | 14,966 |
| Total expenditure | 125,460 | 128,419 | 137,738 | 147,595 | 148,221 | 152,851 | 146,985 | 155,000 | 164,668 | 189,164 |

Source : Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security. Total expenditure including both recurrent and capital expenditures.

Table 1.12 - Selling rates of timber by type, class $^{\rm 1}$ and category $^{\rm 2}$, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | Rupees p | er cubic me | tre |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------------|-------|
| Item | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Standing timber (basic royalty) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Class I | 1,640 | 1,810 | 1,810 | 1,960 | 1,960 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 |
| Class II | 1,010 | 1,110 | 1,110 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,320 | 1,320 | 1,320 | 1,320 | 1,320 |
| Class III | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category I | 800 | 880 | 880 | 950 | 950 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 1,050 |
| Category II | 650 | 715 | 715 | 770 | 770 | 850 | 850 | 850 | 850 | 850 |
| Class IV | 300 | 330 | 330 | 360 | 360 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| Sound logs at roadside (basic royalty+labour) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Class I | 2,400 | 2,640 | 2,640 | 2,850 | 2,850 | 3,140 | 3,140 | 3,140 | 3,140 | 3,140 |
| Class II | 1,770 | 1,950 | 1,950 | 2,110 | 2,110 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 |
| Class III | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category I | 1,640 | 1,810 | 1,810 | 1,960 | 1,960 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 | 2,160 |
| Category II | 1,390 | 1,530 | 1,530 | 1,650 | 1,650 | 1,820 | 1,820 | 1,820 | 1,820 | 1,820 |
| Class IV | 1,080 | 1,190 | 1,190 | 1,290 | 1,290 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,420 |
| Sound logs at Curepipe timberstore (basic royalty+labour+transport) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Class I | 3,540 | 3,900 | 3,900 | 4,210 | 4,210 | 4,630 | 4,630 | 4,630 | 4,630 | 4,630 |
| Class II | 2,910 | 3,200 | 3,200 | 3,460 | 3,460 | 3,810 | 3,810 | 3,810 | 3,810 | 3,810 |
| Class III | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category I | 2,530 | 2,780 | 2,780 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,300 |
| Category II | 2,020 | 2,220 | 2,220 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,640 | 2,640 | 2,640 | 2,640 | 2,640 |
| Class IV | 1,770 | 1,950 | 1,950 | 2,110 | 2,110 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 | 2,320 |

Source: Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

1 Quality of wood, in decreasing order from Class I to Class IV.

2 Category I - timber of 24 cm diameter and above; Category II - timber of 18 cm

Table 1.13 – Proportion (%) of households using main fuel for cooking, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses, Republic of Mauritius.

| | 2000 | 2011 |
|-------------------|------|------|
| | | |
| Cooking Gas (LPG) | 91.5 | 97.6 |
| Electricity | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Wood and Charcoal | 4.5 | 1.9 |
| Kerosene | 3.4 | 0.1 |

CHAPTER 2

FAUNA

Table 2.1 - Number of small breeders and livestock population by geographical district as at June 2010

| | Cat | tle | Goa | nt | She | ер | Pi | g |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| District | No. of farmers | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Total no. of heads |
| Pamplemousses | 171 | 770 | 689 | 5,631 | 32 | 217 | 44 | 1,028 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 280 | 1,530 | 463 | 5,225 | 41 | 373 | 43 | 457 |
| Flacq | 237 | 778 | 795 | 5,921 | 30 | 278 | 91 | 3,533 |
| Plaines Wilhems | 86 | 625 | 97 | 1,438 | 9 | 220 | 23 | 891 |
| Moka | 87 | 1,323 | 56 | 678 | 9 | 238 | 13 | 375 |
| Grand Port | 107 | 650 | 270 | 2,382 | 19 | 182 | 54 | 1,393 |
| Savanne | 53 | 254 | 176 | 1,744 | 15 | 208 | 25 | 638 |
| Black River/Port-Louis | 106 | 1,561 | 383 | 4,800 | 11 | 526 | 208 | 14,335 |
| Total | 1,127 | 7,491 | 2,929 | 27,819 | 157 | 2,022 | 501 | 22,650 |

Source: Agricultural Research and Extension Unit, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Table 2.2 - Livestock herd and poultry status by geographical district as at June 2010

| | | | Cat | tle | | | | | | | Pig | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------|---------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|-----------------------|
| District | No. of farmers | Cows | Calves | Heifers | Bulls | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Boars | Sows | Piglets | Fatteners | Gilts | Total no. of heads |
| Pamplemousses | 171 | 295 | 18 | 167 | 290 | 770 | 44 | 33 | 236 | 194 | 431 | 134 | 1,028 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 280 | 601 | 80 | 340 | 509 | 1,530 | 43 | 43 | 112 | 159 | 72 | 71 | 457 |
| Flacq | 237 | 314 | 51 | 226 | 187 | 778 | 91 | 111 | 351 | 867 | 2,071 | 133 | 3,533 |
| Plaines Wilhems | 86 | 235 | 49 | 179 | 162 | 625 | 23 | 24 | 112 | 272 | 427 | 56 | 891 |
| Moka | 87 | 583 | 232 | 368 | 140 | 1,323 | 13 | 17 | 31 | 113 | 174 | 40 | 375 |
| Grand Port | 107 | 217 | 44 | 272 | 117 | 650 | 54 | 55 | 236 | 344 | 558 | 200 | 1,393 |
| Savanne | 53 | 77 | 31 | 47 | 99 | 254 | 25 | 20 | 115 | 274 | 80 | 149 | 638 |
| Black River/Port Louis | 106 | 357 | 160 | 237 | 807 | 1,561 | 208 | 225 | 1,605 | 3,849 | 8,427 | 229 | 14,335 |
| Total | 1,127 | 2,679 | 665 | 1,836 | 2,311 | 7,491 | 501 | 528 | 2,798 | 6,072 | 12,240 | 1,012 | 22,650 |

Source: Agricultural Research and Extension Unit, Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security.

Table 2.2 (cont'd) - Livestock herd and poultry status by geographical district as at June 2010

| | Sheep | | | | | | | Goat | | | Poultry ¹ | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|------|-----|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|-------|--------|-------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------------|---------|
| District | No. of farmers | Ewes | Ram | Followers | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Bucks | Does | Kids | Total no. of heads | No. of farmers | Broilers | No. of farmers | Layers |
| Pamplemousses | 32 | 65 | 789 | 74 | 217 | 689 | 1,697 | 1,319 | 2,615 | 5,631 | 40 | 89,250 | 39 | 93,555 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 41 | 192 | 159 | 22 | 373 | 463 | 1,803 | 2,083 | 1,339 | 5,225 | 42 | 73,831 | 64 | 24,241 |
| Flacq | 30 | 116 | 86 | 76 | 278 | 795 | 1,905 | 2,104 | 1,912 | 5,921 | 96 | 111,214 | 74 | 36598, |
| Plaines Wilhems | 9 | 108 | 90 | 40 | 238 | 97 | 341 | 796 | 301 | 1,438 | 41 | 131,550 | 30 | 82,750 |
| Moka | - | - | - | - | - | 56 | 157 | 402 | 119 | 678 | 37 | 101,450 | 20 | 80,850 |
| Grand Port | 19 | 47 | 26 | 109 | 182 | 270 | 871 | 1,179 | 332 | 2,382 | 24 | 35,360 | 31 | 16,172 |
| Savanne | 15 | 88 | 44 | 76 | 208 | 176 | 378 | 769 | 597 | 1,744 | 63 | 321,660 | 58 | 113,875 |
| Black River/Port Louis | 11 | 176 | 160 | 190 | 526 | 383 | 1,016 | 1,386 | 2,398 | 4,800 | 25 | 130,200 | 21 | 18,790 |
| Total | 157 | 792 | 643 | 587 | 2,022 | 2,929 | 8,168 | 10,038 | 9,613 | 27,819 | 368 | 994,515 | 337 | 466,831 |

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Source : Agricultural Research and Extension Unit, Ministry of Agro-industry and Food Security.

¹ Exclude industrial farms

Table 2.3 - Production of selected agro-industrial products, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| Detail | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 ¹ | 2010 ² |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Beef ³ | tonnes | 2,248 | 2,428 | 2,505 | 2,456 | 2,484 | 2,187 | 1,847 | 1,902 | 2,090 | 2,194 |
| Local (including Rodrigues) | " | 375 | 208 | 202 | 137 | 73 | 99 | 90 | 27 | 37 | 88 |
| Imported | " | 1,873 | 2,221 | 2,303 | 2,319 | 2,411 | 2,088 | 1,757 | 1,875 | 2,054 | 2,106 |
| Goat meat and mutton ³ | " | 114 | 114 | 107 | 107 | 111 | 99 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 68 |
| Pork ³ | " | 882 | 756 | 785 | 743 | 709 | 681 | 511 | 330 | 428 | 623 |
| Poultry | 11 | 27,200 | 29,305 | 30,000 | 33,000 | 33,000 | 36,000 | 40,000 | 42,000 | 44,000 | 46,000 |
| Milk | '000 Litres | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 3,500 | 3,300 | 3,400 | 3,600 |

¹ Revised

Table 2.4 - Fish production by type of fishery (in fresh - weight equivalent), 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | | onnes |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Type of fishery | Туре | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Artisanal fishery | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Island of Mauritius | Fresh | 1,075 | 1,302 | 1,166 | 1,043 | 947 | 950 | 640 | 682 | 820 | 831 |
| Sports fishery | Fresh | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 |
| Amateur fishery | Fresh | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| Barachois | Fresh | 6 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Ponds (prawn and fish) | Fresh | 52 | 39 | 27 | 437 | 374 | 436 | 17 | 62 | 57 | 66 |
| Marine aqualculture (cage) | Fresh | - | - | - | - | - | - | 150 | 181 | 366 | 498 |
| FAD Fishery | Fresh | - | - | - | - | - | 214 | 164 | 167 | 390 | 330 |
| Offshore demersal fishery | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shallow water banks | Frozen | 3,366 | 3,943 | 3,713 | 3,216 | 2,178 | 3,112 | 2,848 | 2,428 | 2,685 | 2,137 |
| Banks deep water snappers | Fresh | 329 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | 324 | 627 | 452 |
| St Brandon inshore | Frozen & salted | 557 | 491 | 578 | 311 | 414 | 235 | 177 | 560 | 437 | 421 |
| Semi - industrial chilled fish | Chilled | 188 | 204 | 234 | 178 | 223 | 311 | 171 | 173 | 459 | 446 |
| Tuna fishery | Frozen | - | 219 | 1,118 | 1,640 | 1,402 | 1,380 | 803 | 475 | 246 | 306 |
| Semi - industrial pelagic fishery | Chilled | 87 | 45 | 111 | 97 | 177 | 247 | 184 | 41 | 8 | 27 |
| Demersal trawlers | Frozen | 2,184 | 2,113 | 1,806 | 1,595 | 2,584 | 1,112 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | | 8,794 | 9,318 | 9,709 | 9,471 | 9,253 | 8,949 | 6,106 | 6,045 | 7,045 | 6,464 |

² Provisional

³ abattoir slaughters only

Table 2.5 - Annual fish catch of the coastal (artisanal) fishery by gear - type, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Ton | ines |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Gear-type | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Basket trap | 357.5 | 450.8 | 492.6 | 425.3 | 433.8 | 343.8 | 251.2 | 270.9 | 257.8 | 266.5 |
| Line | 368.4 | 429.3 | 373.4 | 285.8 | 288.8 | 303.7 | 169.9 | 178.7 | 227.2 | 226.7 |
| Basket trap and Line | 59.1 | 91.8 | 17.5 | 54.9 | 16.8 | 19.6 | 16.2 | 13.9 | 18.3 | 28.0 |
| Large net | 172.9 | 183.4 | 160.6 | 168.1 | 121.5 | 201.1 | 132.7 | 143.6 | 222.9 | 213.5 |
| Gill net | 11.4 | 25.3 | 13.6 | 11.3 | 8.2 | 11.3 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 11.3 | 7.6 |
| Cast net/Harpoon/on foot | 105.9 | 121.1 | 108.1 | 97.4 | 78.2 | 70.5 | 62.4 | 68.2 | 82.8 | 89.1 |
| Total | 1,075.2 | 1,301.7 | 1,165.8 | 1,042.8 | 947.3 | 950.0 | 640.0 | 682.0 | 820.4 | 831.4 |

Table 2.6 - Number of active fishermen by gear - type, 2001 - 2010

| Gear-type | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Basket trap | 519 | 501 | 473 | 445 | 493 | 275 | 283 | 275 | 279 | 246 |
| Line/Harpoon | 678 | 734 | 749 | 896 | 789 | 764 | 770 | 795 | 733 | 594 |
| Basket trap and Line | 610 | 600 | 670 | 736 | 689 | 1,111 | 876 | 807 | 862 | 790 |
| Large net | 180 | 165 | 177 | 159 | 189 | 149 | 137 | 138 | 133 | 127 |
| Gill net | 27 | 28 | 17 | 20 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Total | 2,014 | 2,028 | 2,086 | 2,256 | 2,174 | 2,312 | 2,078 | 2,028 | 2,020 | 1,770 |

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry Fisheries and Rodrigues.

Table 2.7 - Fisherman-days and total catch ¹ from the lagoon and off lagoon, 2001 – 2010

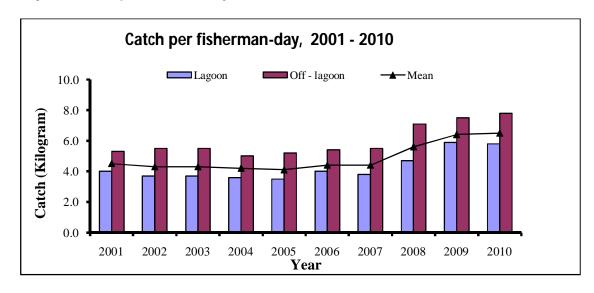
| Year | Fis | herman-days | | Catab (tannas) |
|------|---------|-------------|---------|----------------|
| | Lagoon | Off lagoon | Total | Catch (tonnes) |
| 2001 | 144,927 | 93,744 | 238,671 | 1,075 |
| 2002 | 192,116 | 108,708 | 300,824 | 1,302 |
| 2003 | 189,988 | 83,362 | 273,350 | 1,166 |
| 2004 | 195,087 | 58,516 | 263,603 | 1,043 |
| 2005 | 153,771 | 77,429 | 231,200 | 947 |
| 2006 | 145,089 | 68,961 | 241,050 | 950 |
| 2007 | 92,261 | 51,622 | 144,883 | 640 |
| 2008 | 77,719 | 44,248 | 112,967 | 682 |
| 2009 | 83,880 | 43,463 | 127,343 | 820 |
| 2010 | 88,167 | 40,587 | 128,754 | 831 |

Table 2.8 - Catch per fisherman - day, 2001 - 2010

| | | | Kilogram |
|------|--------|--------------|----------|
| Year | Lagoon | Off - lagoon | Mean |
| 2001 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 4.5 |
| 2002 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 4.3 |
| 2003 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 4.3 |
| 2004 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.2 |
| 2005 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 4.1 |
| 2006 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 4.4 |
| 2007 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 4.4 |
| 2008 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 5.6 |
| 2009 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 6.4 |
| 2010 | 5.8 | 7.8 | 6.5 |

 $Source: Albion\ Fisheries\ Research\ Centre,\ Ministry\ of\ Fisheries\ and\ Rodrigues.$

Figure 6 - Catch per fisherman-day, 2001 - 2010



¹ Coastal (artisanal) fishery

Table 2.9 - Average price of fresh fish and other sea food, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Rupees pe | er kilogram |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Species | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Homard | 475 | 475 | 480 | 495 | 515 | 550 | 600 | 680 | 690 | 750 |
| Crab and crevette | 270 | 295 | 285 | 275 | 290 | 275 | 320 | 320 | 355 | 365 |
| Vieille rouge | 180 | 185 | 180 | 190 | 215 | 230 | 255 | 275 | 290 | 300 |
| Vacoas, sacrechien | 145 | 150 | 150 | 160 | 160 | 175 | 175 | 210 | 245 | 260 |
| Capitaine | 140 | 145 | 140 | 155 | 170 | 170 | 180 | 200 | 220 | 235 |
| Dame berry | 130 | 135 | 130 | 140 | 150 | 170 | 170 | 190 | 210 | 230 |
| Octopus | 100 | 100 | 100 | 105 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 150 | 160 | 170 |
| Carangue | 100 | 110 | 100 | 115 | 115 | 120 | 130 | 150 | 155 | 165 |
| Cordonier | 85 | 85 | 90 | 100 | 105 | 115 | 120 | 140 | 145 | 155 |
| Rouget, tuna | 80 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 110 | 115 | 136 | 150 | 160 |
| Mulet voile | 75 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 95 | 100 | 105 | 130 | 140 | 145 |
| Bordemar | 80 | 80 | 85 | 100 | 95 | 90 | 110 | 135 | 140 | 150 |
| Licorne | 85 | 95 | 95 | 100 | 115 | 115 | 125 | 150 | 160 | 165 |
| Cateaux | 65 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 70 | 85 | 90 | 105 | 110 | 120 |
| Other fish | 45 | 45 | 40 | 55 | 50 | 65 | 75 | 50 | 60 | 90 |
| Shark | 35 | 35 | 55 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 65 |

Table 2.10 - Annual catch by banks, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | Tonnes ¹ |
|------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Year | Saya de Malha | Nazareth | St. Brandon ² | Chagos | Albatros ³ | Total catch |
| 2001 | 1,283 | 1,366 | 359 | 228 | 202 | 3,438 |
| 2002 | 2,090 | 918 | 375 | 223 | 161 | 3,767 |
| 2003 | 2,355 | 469 | 510 | 235 | 172 | 3,741 |
| 2004 | 1,693 | 881 | 359 | 124 | 117 | 3,174 |
| 2005 | 1,028 | 578 | 344 | 0 | 163 | 2,113 |
| 2006 | 1,645 | 777 | 292 | 136 | 177 | 3,027 |
| 2007 | 1,513 | 732 | 140 | 130 | 74 | 2,589 |
| 2008 | 978 | 760 | 454 | 0 | 129 | 2,321 |
| 2009 | 1,835 | 237 | 390 | 161 | 0 | 2,623 |
| 2010 | 731 | 741 | 366 | 0 | 0 | 1,838 |

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.

1 Product weight = Brought frozen without offals

²St Brandon includes frozen, salted and chilled fish product weight

³Albatross include catch by banks and from St Brandon

Table 2.11 - Import, export and trade balance of fish and fish products, 2001 – 2010

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Imports | | | | | | | | | | |
| Quantity (tonnes) | 52,050 | 87,335 | 63,515 | 81,315 | 104,830 | 150,728 | 129,085 | 113,608 | 139,342 | 155,000 |
| Value (Rupees million) | 1,754.3 | 3,984.7 | 2,540.4 | 3,186.6 | 4,261.2 | 6,720.9 | 7,068.0 | 8,457.4 | 7,108.3 | 7,810.0 |
| Exports | | | | | | | | | | |
| Quantity (tonnes) | 27,381 | 49,558 | 50,329 | 54,241 | 67,249 | 79,707 | 86,170 | 66,205 | 87,938 | 107,740 |
| Value (Rupees million) | 1,840.8 | 4,078.6 | 3,167.3 | 3,358.1 | 4,842.1 | 7,120.4 | 8,172.8 | 8,015.2 | 9,041.2 | 10,118.0 |
| Trade Balance (Rupees million) | 86.5 | 93.9 | 624.9 | 171.5 | 580.9 | 395.5 | 1,104.8 | -532.2 | 1,932.9 | 2,308.0 |

Table 2.12 - Total number and type of fishing vessels calling at Port Louis, 2001 – 2010

| Type/category | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Tuna long liners and squid vessels | 476 | 448 | 392 | 419 | 628 | 708 | 561 | 428 | 465 | 469 |
| Purse seiners (local) | - | - | 2 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 14 | 30 | 20 |
| Reefers | 50 | 39 | 42 | 33 | 32 | 48 | 62 | 83 | 72 | 65 |
| Trawlers | 52 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 15 | 12 | 19 |
| Hand liners | 56 | 108 | 179 | 217 | 190 | 179 | 137 | 176 | 168 | 152 |
| Long liners (Ice cod fish sp.) (Patagonian tooth fish vessel) | 62 | 44 | 51 | 24 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 25 | 21 | 18 |
| Others, unspecified vessels | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
| Total | 696 | 663 | 688 | 718 | 894 | 979 | 800 | 744 | 772 | 752 |

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.

Table 2.13 - Per capita consumption of fish and fish preparations, 2001 – 2010

Kilogram/year Year Quantity 2001 19.58 2002 20.04 2003 18.69 2004 19.32 2005 17.90 2006 19.98 2007 19.67 2008 21.25 2009 20.79 2010 21.70

Figure 7 - Per capita consumption of fish and fish preparations, 2001 - 2010

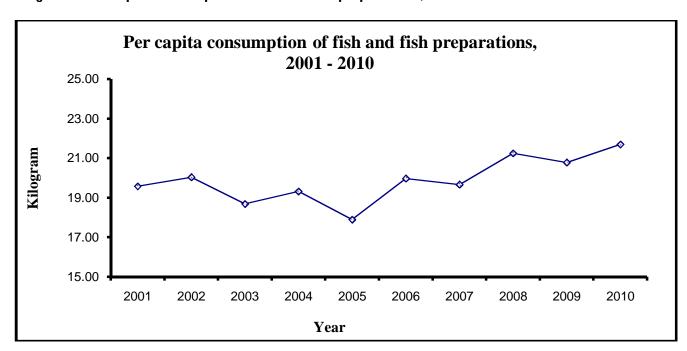


Table 2.14 - Cases of poisoning ¹ by noxious fish and shellfish, venomous animals and toxic plants, 2001–2010

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to accidental poisoning | 67 | 26 | 79 | 50 | 60 | 46 | 32 | 39 | 32 | 39 |
| by noxious fish and shellfish | 0, | | • • | | | .0 | 02 | 0, | | 0, |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to venomous animals | | | | | | | | | | |
| and plants as the cause of | 189 | 93 | 159 | 222 | 193 | 287 | 150 | 116 | 109 | 168 |
| poisoning and toxic | | | | | | | | | | |
| reactions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to accidental poisoning | 33 | 12 | 40 | 19 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 20 | 14 | 15 |
| by noxious fish and shellfish | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to venomous animals | | | | | | | | | | |
| and plants as the cause of | 144 | 71 | 109 | 176 | 137 | 167 | 112 | 77 | 82 | 131 |
| poisoning and toxic | | | | | | | | | | |
| reactions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Female | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to accidental poisoning | 34 | 14 | 39 | 31 | 36 | 25 | 14 | 19 | 18 | 24 |
| by noxious fish and shellfish | 01 | | 0, | 01 | 00 | 20 | | ., | | |
| General hospital discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
| due to venomous animals | | | | | | | | | | |
| and plants as the cause of | 45 | 22 | 50 | 46 | 56 | 120 | 38 | 39 | 27 | 37 |
| poisoning and toxic | | | | | | | | | | |
| reactions | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 2.15 - List of fishable areas, Republic of Mauritius

| | | Kilometre square |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| Region | Depth | Area |
| Mauritius | Up to 100 metres | 1,208 |
| Banks | | |
| Saint Brandon | 0 - 35 metres | 2,950 |
| Nazareth | 0 - 35 metres | 7,625 |
| Saya de Malha | 0 - 100 metres | 28,350 |
| Chagos | 0 - 35 metres | 6,830 |
| Rodrigues | 0 - 100 metres | 1,688 |
| Agalega | 0- 100 metres | 15 |
| Tromelin | | |
| Total | | 48,666 |

Source: State of the Environment Report - 1991

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life ¹ Cases treated as in - patients in Government General Hospitals

Table 2.16 - Percentage of substrate cover at various monitoring stations, 2009 – 2010

| Site | | Year | Coral | Algea | Abiotic 1 | Other ² |
|----------------------|------------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Baie du Tombeau | Back reef | 2009 | 27 | 15 | 58 | n.o |
| | | 2010 | 34 | 20 | 46 | n.o |
| Le Goulet | Fore reef | 2009 | 29 | 5 | 60 | 6 |
| Le Coulet | 10101001 | 2010 | 29 | 46 | 19 | 6 |
| | Fore reef | 2009 | 13 | 3 | 82 | 2 |
| | 10101001 | 2010 | 17 | 2 | 79 | 2 |
| Ile aux Benitiers | Back reef | 2009 | 3 | 12 | 85 | n.o |
| | | 2010 | 1 | 5 | 94 | n.o |
| | Shore reef | 2009 2010 | <1 1 | 46 72 | 54 27 | n.o |
| | | | | | | n.o |
| | Back reef | 2009 | 22 | 57 | 21 | n.o |
| BelOmbre | | 2010 | 20 | 59 | 26 | 3 |
| | Shore reef | 2009 | 41 | 2 | 57 | n.o |
| | | 2010 | 18 | 3 | 79 | n.o |
| | Back reef | 2009 | 55 | 22 | 22 | 1 |
| BambousVirieux | Dack reer | 2010 | 51 | 4 | 44 | 1 |
| | 01 6 | 2009 | 26 | 36 | 37 | 1 |
| | Shore reef | 2010 | 26 | 49 | 24 | 1 |
| | | 2000 | 10 | 40 | 40 | 1 |
| Troud'eauDouce | Back reef | 2009 2010 | 10 20 | 40 49 | 49 31 | 1 n.o |
| noud eadbouce | | 2009 | 20 | 49 | 31 | n.o |
| | Shore reef | 2010 | 13 | 24 | 63 | n.o |
| | | 2009 | 20 | | 39 | |
| Anse La Raie | Back reef | 2010 | 20 18 | 42 45 | 39 37 | n.o |
| Alise La Raie | | 2009 | <1 | 49 | 51 | n.o n.o |
| | Shore reef | 2010 | 0 | 28 | 72 | n.o |
| | | 2009 | NM | NM | NM | NM |
| Trou Aux Biches | Fore reef | 2010 | 19 | 28 | 51 | 2 |
| TOW HAN DIGHTS | | 2009 | 31 | 4 | 65 | n.o |
| | Back reef | 2010 | 21 | 14 | 65 | n.o |
| | | 2009 | 12 | 16 | 73 | n.o |
| Pointe Aux Sables | Fore reef | 2010 | 7 | 12 | 80 | 1 |
| | Deal | 2009 | 2 | <1 | 93 | 5 |
| | Back reef | 2010 | 1 | 6 | 92 | 1 |
| | Fore reef | 2009 | 18 | 1 | 73 | 8 |
| Albion | rore reer | 2010 | NM | NM | NM | NM |
| | Back reef | 2009 | 1 | 14 | 84 | 2 |
| | Buokitooi | 2010 | 9 | 4 | 86 | 1 |
| Poudre D'Or Site I | Back reef | 2009 | 7 | 50 | 43 | n.o |
| | 2401(100) | 2010 | 2 | 46 | 51 | 1 |
| Poudre D'Or Site II | Back reef | 2009 | <1 | <1 | 100 | n.o |
| | Baokilooi | 2010 | 0 | 6 | 94 | n.o |
| Belle Mare (Site I) | Back reef | 2009 | 52 | 26 | 22 | n.o |
| | Duck I CCI | 2010 | 56 | 26 | 18 | n.o |
| Belle Mare (Site II) | Back reef | 2009 | 47 | 11 | 43 | n.o |
| | Dack CC | 2010 | 47 | 13 | 38 | 2 |

Source : Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.

¹ Rocks, sand, dead corals etc. ² Sponges, crown of thorns (starfish), sea urchins etc ; n.o: Not observed NM: Not monitored

Table 2.17 - List of Marine Protected Areas, 2010

| | Hectares |
|--|----------|
| Marine protected areas | Area |
| Marine parks | 838 |
| Blue bay | 353 |
| Balaclava | 485 |
| Fishing reserves | 6,352 |
| Port Louis | 331 |
| Poudre d'Or | 2,542 |
| Poste La Fayette | 280 |
| Trou d'Eau Douce | 574 |
| Grand Port zone A | 1,716 |
| Grand Port zone B | 112 |
| Black River | 797 |
| Wetland | 26 |
| Rivulet Terre Rouge Estuary Bird Sanctuary | 26 |
| Total | 7,216 |

CHAPTER 3

ATMOSPHERE

Table 3.1- Monthly mean maximum temperature, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Degr | ees cel | cius | | | |
|------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| | JA | N | F | EB | М | AR | Α | PR | М | AY | JL | JN | JL | JL | Al | JG | S | SEP | | OCT | | NOV | | EC |
| YEAR | Mean | Difference from Normal |
| 2001 | 29.8 | 0.5 | 29.6 | 0.3 | 29.7 | 0.6 | 28.4 | 0.3 | 27.3 | 0.7 | 24.6 | -0.4 | 24.5 | 0.3 | 24.8 | 0.7 | 26.1 | 1.1 | 26.7 | 0.5 | 28.0 | 0.3 | 29.8 | 1.0 |
| 2002 | 29.3 | 0.0 | 30.2 | 0.8 | 29.5 | 0.4 | 28.5 | 0.3 | 26.6 | 0.0 | 24.6 | -0.4 | 24.3 | 0.1 | 23.9 | -0.2 | 25.2 | 0.2 | 26.6 | 0.4 | 28.5 | 0.8 | 29.2 | 0.4 |
| 2003 | 30.3 | 1.0 | 29.9 | 0.6 | 29.5 | 0.5 | 28.7 | 0.6 | 27.2 | 0.6 | 24.8 | -0.3 | 23.3 | -0.9 | 23.9 | -0.2 | 24.9 | -0.1 | 26.8 | 0.6 | 28.2 | 0.2 | 30.0 | 1.0 |
| 2004 | 29.5 | -0.1 | 30.2 | 0.7 | 29.6 | 0.4 | 28.1 | -0.2 | 25.8 | -1.1 | 24.2 | -1.0 | 24.5 | 0.2 | 24.8 | 0.4 | 25.8 | 0.7 | 26.8 | 0.4 | 27.9 | -0.1 | 28.7 | -0.3 |
| 2005 | 30.5 | 0.9 | 29.9 | 0.5 | 29.5 | 0.4 | 29.1 | 8.0 | 26.7 | -0.1 | 25.1 | 0.0 | 24.1 | -0.1 | 24.3 | -0.1 | 24.7 | -0.5 | 25.8 | -0.6 | 27.3 | -0.7 | 29.3 | 0.2 |
| 2006 | 29.6 | 0.0 | 29.4 | 0.1 | 29.1 | -0.1 | 28.9 | 0.7 | 27.6 | 0.8 | 25.7 | 0.6 | 24.4 | 0.1 | 24.3 | 0.0 | 25.4 | 0.3 | 26.5 | 0.1 | 28.6 | 0.6 | 30.3 | 1.3 |
| 2007 | 30.3 | 0.7 | 29.8 | 0.4 | 29.2 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 0.4 | 27.5 | 0.7 | 25.2 | 0.0 | 25.1 | 0.9 | 24.9 | 0.6 | 25.7 | 0.5 | 26.2 | -0.3 | 28.4 | 0.4 | 29.9 | 8.0 |
| 2008 | 29.5 | 0.0 | 29.4 | 0.0 | 28.7 | -0.5 | 29.0 | 8.0 | 27.0 | 0.2 | 24.6 | -0.6 | 24.0 | -0.2 | 24.7 | 0.4 | 25.5 | 0.4 | 26.6 | 0.2 | 28.7 | 0.7 | 30.0 | 0.9 |
| 2009 | 30.9 | 1.4 | 30.3 | 0.9 | 29.7 | 0.5 | 28.9 | 0.6 | 27.5 | 0.7 | 26.2 | 1.1 | 24.2 | 0.0 | 24.3 | 0.0 | 25.4 | 0.2 | 26.8 | 0.4 | 27.7 | -0.3 | 29.6 | 0.6 |
| 2010 | 29.9 | 0.4 | 30.5 | 1.1 | 29.9 | 0.7 | 29.2 | 0.9 | 28.0 | 1.1 | 26.5 | 1.3 | 24.7 | 0.5 | 24.6 | 0.3 | 25.8 | 0.6 | 27.3 | 0.9 | 28.1 | 0.1 | 29.7 | 0.7 |

Source: Meteorological Services

Table 3.2 - Monthly mean minimum temperature, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | De | grees C | elcius | |
|------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|-------------|------|-----------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------|------|-------------|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| | J/ | AN | | EB | M | AR | AP | R | M | AY | JL | JN | Jl | JL | AU | G | SE | P | 0 | CT | NC | OV | D | EC |
| YEAR | Mean | Difference from Normal | Mean | Difference from Normal | Mean | Unterence from Normal | Mean | from Normal | Mean | Unterence from Normal | Mean | Difference from Normal | Mean | Uifference from Normal | Mean | from from Normal | | from Normal | Mean | Difference from Normal | _ | Difference from Normal | Mean | Difference from Normal |
| 2001 | 22.7 | 1.0 | 22.6 | 0.5 | 22.3 | 0.5 | 21.5 | 0.7 | 19.9 | 1.0 | 17.0 | -0.3 | 16.5 | -0.2 | | | 17.1 | 0.3 | 18.1 | 0.1 | 19.0 | -0.4 | 20.4 | -0.6 |
| 2002 | 21.7 | -0.1 | 22.0 | 0.0 | 22.4 | 0.5 | 20.8 | 0.0 | 20.2 | 1.4 | 17.8 | 0.6 | 17.9 | 1.2 | 17.1 | 0.7 | 17.2 | 0.4 | 18.7 | 0.8 | 20.3 | 0.9 | 22.1 | 0.2 |
| 2003 | 22.7 | 0.9 | 22.4 | 0.4 | 22.3 | 0.4 | 22.2 | 1.4 | 21.1 | 2.2 | 17.2 | -0.1 | 17.1 | 0.4 | 16.8 | 0.4 | 18.3 | 1.5 | 18.8 | 0.8 | 20.0 | 0.7 | 21.7 | 0.8 |
| 2004 | 22.5 | 0.6 | 23.4 | 1.2 | 23.1 | 1.2 | 21.5 | 0.5 | 19.2 | 0.2 | 17.4 | 0.0 | 17.7 | 1.0 | 17.9 | 1.3 | 18.0 | 1.1 | 18.4 | 0.4 | 20.1 | 0.7 | 21.5 | 0.6 |
| 2005 | 23.1 | 1.1 | 22.8 | 0.6 | 22.6 | 8.0 | 21.4 | 0.5 | 20.2 | 1.1 | 17.9 | 0.5 | 17.3 | 0.5 | 16.9 | 0.2 | 18.1 | 1.2 | 17.9 | -0.1 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 21.0 | 0.0 |
| 2006 | 22.3 | 0.4 | 22.8 | 0.6 | 23.1 | 1.3 | 21.6 | 0.6 | 18.9 | -0.1 | 18.8 | 1.4 | 17.4 | 0.7 | 16.8 | 0.2 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 18.5 | 0.5 | 20.6 | 1.2 | 22.4 | 1.5 |
| 2007 | 23.5 | 1.5 | 23.5 | 1.3 | 22.2 | 0.4 | 21.9 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 1.0 | 17.7 | 0.3 | 17.7 | 1.0 | 17.1 | 0.4 | 17.7 | 8.0 | 18.8 | 0.8 | 19.9 | 0.5 | 21.9 | 1.0 |
| 2008 | 22.6 | 0.6 | 22.8 | 0.6 | 21.9 | 0.1 | 20.9 | 0.0 | 19.3 | 0.3 | 18.0 | 0.6 | 16.8 | 0.1 | 17.8 | 1.2 | 18.8 | 1.9 | 19.5 | 1.5 | 20.6 | 1.3 | 21.8 | 0.9 |
| 2009 | 22.8 | 0.8 | 23.3 | 1.1 | 22.7 | 0.9 | 22.6 | 1.7 | 20.0 | 0.9 | 18.6 | 1.2 | 17.8 | 1.0 | 17.5 | 0.9 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 19.2 | 1.2 | 20.6 | 1.3 | 22.0 | 1.0 |
| 2010 | 22.9 | 1.0 | 23.4 | 1.1 | 23.1 | 1.3 | 21.5 | 0.5 | 20.9 | 1.8 | 19.1 | 1.7 | 17.3 | 0.6 | 17.0 | 0.4 | 17.0 | 0.1 | 19.0 | 1.0 | 19.6 | 0.2 | 20.8 | -0.1 |

Table 3.3 - Monthly mean values of humidity (%) with extremes for the year 2010

| Region | Station | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|--------|---------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| West | Medine | 2010 | 81 | 79 | 80 | 78 | 78 | 75 | 80 | 73 | 77 | 72 | 72 | 76 |
| | | Highest Maximum | 99 | 94 | 93 | 96 | 95 | 94 | 98 | 93 | 100 | 96 | 96 | 99 |
| | | Lowest Minimum | 61 | 54 | 50 | 59 | 49 | 50 | 42 | 49 | 36 | 51 | 51 | 38 |
| | | LTM (1986 - 2000) | 79 | 82 | 80 | 79 | 78 | 78 | 77 | 76 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 |
| North | Pamplemousses | 2010 | 79 | 78 | 83 | 84 | 81 | 76 | 74 | 86 | 83 | 85 | 85 | 86 |
| | | Highest Maximum | 97 | 95 | 99 | 96 | 97 | 95 | 96 | 99 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 98 |
| | | Lowest Minimum | 64 | 59 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 54 | 52 | 62 | 56 | 59 | 58 | 62 |
| | | LTM (1971 - 2000) | 80 | 84 | 83 | 83 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 78 | 77 | 77 | 80 |
| East | FUEL | 2010 | 84 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 81 | 76 | 74 | 83 | 79 | 81 | 80 | 79 |
| | | Highest Maximum | 96 | 95 | 95 | 96 | 92 | 97 | 89 | 94 | 98 | 96 | 94 | 92 |
| | | Lowest Minimum | 60 | 58 | 65 | 70 | 51 | 52 | 56 | 52 | 45 | 50 | 49 | 49 |
| | | LTM (1981 - 2000) | 84 | 87 | 84 | 85 | 83 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 83 |
| South | Plaisance | 2010 | 79 | 80 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 76 | 75 | 76 | 74 | 79 | 78 | 79 |
| | | Highest Maximum | 96 | 98 | 97 | 97 | 96 | 97 | 95 | 97 | 95 | 97 | 98 | 97 |
| | | Lowest Minimum | 56 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 52 | 47 | 46 | 51 | 50 | 53 | 50 | 56 |
| | | LTM (1981 - 2000) | 82 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 82 | 79 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 80 |
| Centre | Vacoas | 2010 | 84 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 87 | 84 | 85 | 85 | 82 | 84 | 82 | 83 |
| | | Highest Maximum | 99 | 99 | 98 | 98 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 98 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| | | Lowest Minimum | 56 | 57 | 60 | 57 | 57 | 55 | 57 | 57 | 49 | 53 | 53 | 52 |
| | Torm Moon | LTM (1971 - 2000) | 81 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 80 | 79 | 81 |

LTM: Long Term Mean Source : Meteorological Services

Table 3.4 - Monthly total hours of sunshine by region and station, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Hours | |
|-------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--|
| | Region : North, Station : Pamplemousses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Month | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 190 | 192 | 240 | 247 | 249 | 221 | 235 | 270 | 249 | 244 | 269 | 185 | 2,791 | |
| 2002 | 198 | 248 | 221 | 239 | 176 | 236 | 193 | 265 | 249 | 270 | 244 | 201 | 2,740 | |
| 2003 | 213 | 181 | 230 | 162 | 219 | 237 | 190 | 264 | 250 | 272 | 218 | 287 | 2,723 | |
| 2004 | 215 | 223 | 242 | 227 | 226 | 245 | 241 | 247 | 241 | 252 | 253 | 169 | 2,781 | |
| 2005 | 279 | 143 | 175 | 271 | 212 | 256 | 209 | 267 | 241 | 257 | 240 | 275 | 2,825 | |
| 2006 | 273 | 240 | 211 | 245 | 243 | 250 | 248 | 255 | 240 | 274 | 239 | 283 | 3,001 | |
| 2007 | 187 | 156 | 219 | 236 | 225 | 187 | 240 | 239 | 256 | 236 | 290 | 285 | 2,756 | |
| 2008 | 234 | 204 | 217 | 266 | 216 | 211 | 234 | 230 | 218 | 269 | 246 | 262 | 2,807 | |
| 2009 | 248 | 193 | 218 | 201 | 248 | 239 | 216 | 216 | 229 | 258 | 248 | 232 | 2,746 | |
| 2010 | 200 | 230 | 188 | 273 | 233 | 199 | 216 | 233 | 214 | 268 | 245 | 314 | 2,822 | |
| Mean 1971-2000 | 250 | 217 | 235 | 223 | 236 | 223 | 237 | 238 | 225 | 255 | 261 | 248 | 2,848 | |

Table 3.4 (Cont'd) - Monthly total hours of sunshine by region and station, 2001 – 2010

Hours

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Hours |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|-----------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|
| | | | | R | egion: E | ast, Sta | tion: Fue | el | | | | | |
| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | YEARLY TOTAL |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 164 | 191 | 238 | 187 | 217 | 206 | 186 | 209 | 213 | 244 | 274 | 203 | 2,53 |
| 2002 | 200 | 241 | 192 | 204 | 129 | 177 | 134 | 186 | 210 | 241 | 217 | 145 | 2,27 |
| 2003 | 208 | 195 | 217 | 121 | 143 | 193 | 132 | 212 | 175 | 237 | 215 | 261 | 2,30 |
| 2004 | 197 | 217 | 207 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 182 | 214 | 195 | 231 | 193 | 161 | 2,37 |
| 2005 | 267 | 145 | 188 | 253 | 165 | 185 | 175 | 225 | 182 | 210 | 212 | 271 | 2,47 |
| 2006 | 251 | 207 | 186 | 219 | 232 | 195 | 192 | 195 | 215 | 200 | 195 | 215 | 2,50 |
| 2007 | 135 | 129 | 201 | 182 | 188 | 151 | 193 | 178 | 204 | 165 | 243 | 249 | 2,21 |
| 2008 | 176 | 165 | 177 | 224 | 181 | 173 | 205 | 169 | 158 | 227 | 201 | 235 | 2,29 |
| 2009 | 247 | 193 | 183 | 165 | 197 | 204 | 173 | 167 | 202 | 203 | 185 | 234 | 2,35 |
| 2010 | 172 | 183 | 172 | 235 | 189 | 185 | 196 | 196 | 167 | 224 | 243 | 289 | 2,45 |
| Mean 1971-2000 | 216 | 186 | 209 | 179 | 194 | 183 | 188 | 188 | 190 | 210 | 220 | 217 | 2,380 |
| | | | | Regi | ion : We | st, Stati | on : Me | dine | | | | | |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 203 | 178 | 220 | 213 | 237 | 209 | 225 | 233 | 235 | 254 | 264 | 241 | 2,712 |
| 2002 | 213 | 219 | 226 | 199 | 179 | 241 | 199 | 242 | 222 | 233 | 224 | 191 | 2,588 |
| 2003 | 227 | 186 | 206 | 135 | 203 | 233 | 164 | 249 | 219 | 267 | 206 | 263 | 2,558 |
| 2004 | 206 | 216 | 249 | 229 | 238 | 251 | 224 | 212 | 227 | 257 | 239 | 202 | 2,750 |
| 2005 | 300 | 198 | 198 | 270 | 223 | 221 | 205 | 256 | 219 | 262 | 254 | 277 | 2,883 |
| 2006 | 246 | 212 | 222 | 217 | 258 | 251 | 249 | 236 | 224 | 254 | 205 | 251 | 2,825 |
| 2007 | 185 | 176 | 224 | 228 | 227 | 188 | 250 | 250 | 252 | 222 | 269 | 259 | 2,730 |
| 2008 | 208 | 195 | 229 | 253 | 223 | 197 | 239 | 197 | 201 | 254 | 242 | 252 | 2,690 |
| 2009 | 257 | 198 | 195 | 201 | 235 | 238 | 204 | 225 | 225 | 211 | 248 | 233 | 2,670 |
| 2010 | 206 | 230 | 235 | 261 | 266 | 233 | 224 | 220 | 231 | 284 | 270 | 287 | 2,946 |
| Mean 1981-2000 | 233 | 206 | 228 | 214 | 236 | 218 | 230 | 228 | 216 | 237 | 234 | 236 | 2,715 |
| | | | | | | | tion : Va | coas | | | | | |
| 2001 | 202 | 190 | 244 | 228 | 250 | 225 | 233 | 215 | 220 | 254 | 270 | 185 | 2,716 |
| 2002 | 184 | 223 | 208 | 209 | 160 | 212 | 181 | 230 | 236 | 249 | 241 | 196 | 2,529 |
| 2003 | 215 | 165 | 230 | 129 | 193 | 227 | 169 | 230 | 195 | 251 | 218 | 270 | 2,492 |
| 2004 | 189 | 185 | 214 | 207 | 210 | 208 | 202 | 217 | 206 | 236 | 239 | 178 | 2,491 |
| 2005 | 289 | 148 | 167 | 245 | 208 | 225 | 200 | 235 | 212 | 237 | 216 | 258 | 2,640 |
| 2006 | 268 | 203 | 200 | 227 | 238 | 229 | 218 | 220 | 225 | 265 | 229 | 281 | 2,803 |
| 2007 | 185 | 155 | 213 | 218 | 219 | 205 | 245 | 239 | 240 | 232 | 272 | 288 | 2,711 |
| 2008 | 230 | 194 | 220 | 259 | 221 | 184 | 226 | 214 | 227 | 269 | 222 | 260 | 2,726 |
| 2009 | 229 | 199 | 226 | 206 | 236 | 237 | 204 | 199 | 221 | 221 | 229 | 220 | 2,627 |
| 2010 | 164 | 213 | 190 | 267 | 237 | 227 | 213 | 205 | 194 | 254 | 238 | 280 | 2,680 |
| Mean 1971-2000 | 226 | 194 | 225 | 206 | 228 | 216 | 225 | 222 | 219 | 237 | 236 | 223 | 2,657 |

Source : Meteorological Services

Table 3.4 (cont'd) - Monthly total hours of sunshine by region and station, 2001 - 2010

Hours Region: South, Station: Plaisance YEARLY Month Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec **TOTAL** Year 2,743 2,452 2,494 2,458 2,417 2,587 2,396 2,592 2,448 2,615 Mean 2,542 1971-1990

Source: Meteorological Services

Table 3.5 - Ambient air quality monitoring by mobile stations, 2010

| | | Ambient air | Beau | Bassin | La Toui | Koenig | Bramsth | an, Flacq | Cassis | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|----------|
| Pollutant | Unit | quality standard 24 | Minimum | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum |
| | | hour average | | | | Per | iod | | | |
| | | | Jan 2010 - | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 - | May 2010 | Jun 2010 | - Aug 2010 | Oct 2010 | Dec 2010 |
| Dust (TSP) 1 | $\mu g/m^3$ | 150 | 11.70 | 216.8 | 18.30 | 71.84 | 26.19 | 82.00 | 34.53 | 212.40 |
| Dust (PM ₁₀) ² | $\mu g/m^3$ | 100 | Not measured | | 11.20 | 32.40 | 15.50 | 57.16 | Not me | easured |

Table 3.5 (Cont'd) - Ambient air quality monitoring by mobile stations, Island of Mauritius, 2010

| | | Ambient air | Le Hochet - | Terre Rouge | Baie Du Tombeau | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Pollutant | Unit | quality standard (Average) | Minimum | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum | | |
| | | | | | Period | | | |
| | | | Feb 201 | 0 - Apr 2010 | June 201 | 0 - Aug 2010 | | |
| Sulphur Dioxide | ppb ³ | 122 (1 hour) | 0.8 | 65.2 | 0.0 | 139.0 | | |
| | | 70 (24 hours) | 1.0 | 18.0 | 1.5 | 81.0 | | |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | ppb ³ | 98 (24 hours) | 0.0 | 6.0 | 0.5 | 12.0 | | |
| Carbon Monoxide | ppm ⁴ | 20 (1 hour) | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.06 | | |
| | | 8 (8 hours) | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 1.05 | | |

¹ TSP stands for Total Suspended Particles

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development

² PM ₁₀ stands for Particulate Matter of size less or equal to 10 microns

³ ppb stands for Parts Per Billion

ppm stands for Parts Per Million

Table 3.6 - Total emissions and removals of greenhouse gases, Republic of Mauritius, 2006 – 2010¹

| | | | Gg | or thousand to | onne |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Greenhouse gas | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Emissions | | | | | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 3,348.9 | 3,449.6 | 3,487.1 | 3,367.6 | 3,583.2 |
| Methane | 13.0 | 12.6 | 37.3 | 21.3 | 37.4 |
| Oxide of Nitrogen | 16.6 | 16.6 | 18.1 | 17.5 | 18.8 |
| Nitrous Oxide | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Carbon Monoxide | 64.8 | 65.4 | 66.6 | 64.0 | 68.4 |
| NMVOC ² | 17.7 | 17.1 | 16.5 | 17.6 | 18.3 |
| Sulphur Dioxide | 33.0 | 35.1 | 33.2 | 33.6 | 34.0 |
| Removals | | | | | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 193.2 | 224.0 | 300.0 | 293.0 | 293.0 |
| Net emissions | | | | | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 3,155.6 | 3,225.6 | 3,187.1 | 3,074.6 | 3,290.2 |

¹ Provisional

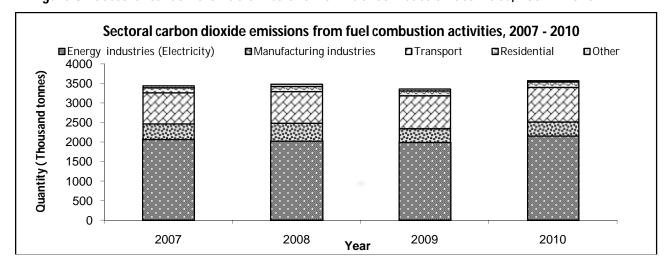
Note: The inventory compilation is under revision

Table 3.7 - Sectoral carbon dioxide emissions from fuel combustion activities, Republic of Mauritius, 2007 – 2010¹

| | | | | | | | Gg or thousand t | onne |
|---------------------------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|------------------|-------|
| | 2007 | 7 | 2008 | 3 | 2009 |) | 2010 | |
| | Quantity | % | Quantity | % | Quantity | % | Quantity | % |
| Energy industries (electricity) | 2,067.9 | 60.0 | 2,032.0 | 58.3 | 1,997.0 | 59.4 | 2,158.3 | 60.2 |
| Manufacturing industries | 400.3 | 11.6 | 456.0 | 13.1 | 351.6 | 10.4 | 360.4 | 10.1 |
| Transport | 800.1 | 23.2 | 813.0 | 23.3 | 844.8 | 25.1 | 887.0 | 24.8 |
| Residential | 130.6 | 3.8 | 131.0 | 3.8 | 122.8 | 3.6 | 135.6 | 3.8 |
| Other ² | 49.3 | 1.4 | 53.8 | 1.5 | 49.1 | 1.5 | 39.7 | 1.1 |
| Total | 3,346.7 | 100.0 | 3,485.8 | 100.0 | 3,365.3 | 100.0 | 3,581.0 | 100.0 |

¹ Provisional

Figure 8 - Sectoral carbon dioxide emissions from fuel combustion activities, 2007 – 2010



² includes Agriculture and Trade

Gg or thousand tonne

Table 3.8 - National inventory of greenhouse gas emissions and removals by source categories, Republic of Mauritius, 2009 - 2010 1

NMVOC² Carbon dioxide(CO₂) Sulphur dioxide Methane Nitrous oxide Oxides of Carbon monoxide **Emissions** Removals (CH₄) (N_2O) nitrogen (NO_x) (CO) (SO₂)2009 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 1. Energy 3,365.3 3,581.0 0.4 0.5 0.0 0.0 17.5 18.8 64.0 68.4 8.2 8.8 33.6 34.0 Fuel combustion activities 0.3 8.5 8.9 (a) Energy industries (electricity) 1,997.0 2,158.3 0.3 0.0 0.0 7.9 8.0 0.1 0.1 27.7 26.4 (b) Manufacturing industries 351.6 0.1 0.1 1.2 13.9 0.1 0.1 6.5 360.4 0.0 0.0 0.4 14.5 4.9 0.1 8.5 (c) Transport 844.8 887.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.4 8.0 41.2 43.9 7.9 0.8 1.0 (d) Other sectors 171.9 175.3 0.0 0.0 0.4 1.5 1.0 2.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 2. Industrial processes 2.3 9.5 2.2 9.4 3. Solvent and other product use 4. Agriculture 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.0 5. Land use change and forestry 293.0 293.0 6. Waste 20.0 36.0 Total 3,367.6 3,583.2 293.0 293.0 17.5 18.8 64.0 18.3 33.6 21.3 37.4 1.0 1.0 68.4 17.6 34.0

¹ Provisional

² Non - methane volatile organic compound Note: The inventory compilation is under revision

Table 3.9 – Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Emissions Accounts by selected industry groups, 2002-2009

| | | | | | | | Thousand m | etric tones |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|-------------|
| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| TOTAL ALL SECTORS | 2,973.2 | 3,125.3 | 3,203.4 | 3,392.8 | 3,738.8 | 3,822.5 | 3,880.3 | 3,761.6 |
| Of which | | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture | 27.60 | 26.96 | 23.94 | 27.84 | 31.90 | 32.60 | 29.31 | 24.51 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 0.90 | 0.83 | 0.74 | 0.68 | 0.78 | 0.64 | 0.56 | 0.40 |
| Food and Drink | 144.76 | 156.87 | 162.63 | 173.36 | 212.53 | 227.92 | 234.24 | 232.02 |
| Textiles | 532.50 | 529.81 | 494.49 | 484.78 | 550.63 | 546.52 | 583.56 | 505.36 |
| Chemicals | 35.09 | 36.03 | 35.90 | 37.28 | 44.82 | 47.00 | 47.68 | 47.28 |
| Water supply | 38.96 | 42.83 | 42.94 | 47.72 | 55.38 | 57.05 | 57.71 | 56.03 |
| Construction | 148.77 | 155.06 | 141.56 | 123.35 | 122.15 | 109.99 | 99.98 | 83.22 |
| Wholesale and Retail | 146.92 | 145.64 | 144.53 | 153.14 | 168.20 | 163.41 | 160.65 | 151.2 |
| Hotels and Restaurants | 131.79 | 127.11 | 115.00 | 118.93 | 122.12 | 122.58 | 111.0 | 90.25 |
| Transport and communications | 689.35 | 760.03 | 821.18 | 851.92 | 907.75 | 884.27 | 876.18 | 811.33 |
| Finance and real estate | 40.54 | 45.63 | 48.47 | 56.42 | 67.94 | 75.39 | 81.52 | 85.93 |

Table 3.10 – Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Emissions Intensity Accounts by industry groups, 2002-2009

| | | | | | | | Tonnes/Rs | 100,000 |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|
| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Agriculture | 0.42 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.48 | 0.42 | 0.32 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 1.11 | 1.25 | 1.11 | 1.12 | 1.47 | 1.42 | 1.02 | 0.84 |
| Food and Drink | 2.68 | 2.52 | 2.47 | 2.61 | 2.96 | 3.14 | 3.01 | 2.85 |
| Textiles | 4.53 | 4.78 | 4.78 | 5.19 | 5.60 | 5.06 | 5.39 | 4.68 |
| Chemicals | 3.16 | 2.75 | 3.35 | 4.44 | 5.40 | 4.79 | 4.45 | 4.15 |
| Water Supply | 9.10 | 9.71 | 9.78 | 10.42 | 11.91 | 12.40 | 12.80 | 12.26 |
| Construction | 2.34 | 2.15 | 1.96 | 1.79 | 1.67 | 1.30 | 1.06 | 0.83 |
| Wholesale and Retail | 1.13 | 1.10 | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.05 | 0.97 | 0.91 | 0.85 |
| Hotels and Restaurants | 1.89 | 1.73 | 1.51 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.26 | 1.12 | 0.97 |
| Transport and communications | 4.54 | 4.7 | 4.71 | 4.54 | 4.52 | 4.09 | 3.82 | 3.38 |
| Finance and real estate | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.29 |

Table 3.11 – Trend in Energy intensity index, Energy consumption index per capita, GHG Emission index per capita and GHG Emission index per GDP, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | E | Base Year 20 | 000 = 100 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-----------|
| YEAR | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Energy Intensity | 101.2 | 97.0 | 99.4 | 97.6 | 99.4 | 101.2 | 95.8 | 92.2 | 85.6 | 87.4 |
| Energy consumption per capita | 103.2 | 100.0 | 106.3 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 111.1 | 107.9 | 104.8 | 100.0 | 106.3 |
| GHG Emissions/capita | 107.1 | 110.7 | 114.3 | 110.7 | 114.3 | 125.0 | 128.6 | 128.6 | 114.3 | 132.1 |
| GHG Emissions/GDP | 97.1 | 87.2 | 87.2 | 78.0 | 76.9 | 75.8 | 69.2 | 61.5 | 53.5 | 57.1 |

Figure 9 – Trend in Energy intensity index, Energy consumption index per capita, GHG Emission index per capita and GHG Emission index per GDP, 2001 – 2010

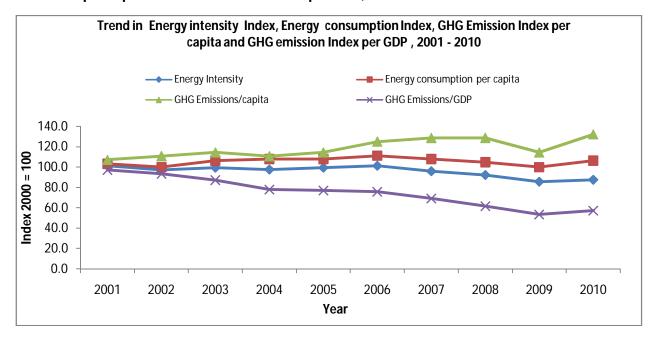


Table 3.12 - Consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by sector, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Metr | ic Tonnes |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Sector | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Aerosol | 2.00 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Foam | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Process agent | - | - | - | - | 0.03 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Refrigeration and air conditioning | 113.20 | 136.30 | 226.80 | 171.85 | 165.64 | 139.13 | 156.62 | 122.48 | 192.12 | 96.13 |
| Solvent | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Methyl bromide use | 0.70 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.50 | - | - |
| Tobacco fluffing | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 115.91 | 136.32 | 226.83 | 171.87 | 165.67 | 139.13 | 156.62 | 122.98 | 192.12 | 96.13 |

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development.

Figure 10 - Consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by sector, 2001-2010

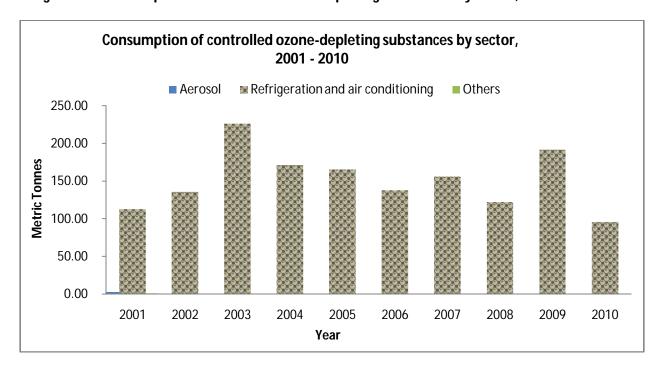


Table 3.13 - Consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by type of substances, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Met | ric Tonnes |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| Type of substances | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC's) | 14.71 | 7.40 | 4.07 | 3.40 | - | 1.00 | - | - | - | - |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Methyl chloroform | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFC's) | 100.49 | 128.90 | 222.73 | 168.45 | 165.64 | 138.13 | 156.62 | 122.98 | 192.12 | 96.13 |
| Methyl bromide | 0.70 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 115.91 | 136.32 | 226.83 | 171.87 | 165.67 | 139.13 | 156.62 | 122.98 | 192.12 | 96.13 |

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development.

Consumption of controlled ozone - depleting substances by type of substances, 2001 - 2010

250
200
150
50
0

Year

Figure 11 - consumption of controlled ozone-depleting substances by type of substances, 2001-2010

Table 3.14 - Health services (as at 31st December) Republic of Mauritius, 2001 - 2010

| · | | | • | | | | | | Number | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|------|--|--|
| Hospitals | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | | |
| Regional hospitals | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | | |
| District hospitals | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Specialised hospitals | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | |
| (Psychiatric, chest, eye and E N T) $^{\rm 1}$ | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | |
| Cardiac Centre | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Mediclinics | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Area health centres ² | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 24 | 24 | 24 | | |
| Health centres with beds (Island of | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Rodrigues) | 2 | 2 | Z | Z | 2 | Z | Z | 2 | Z | 2 | | |
| Community health centres ² | 121 | 122 | 122 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 127 | 127 | | |
| Family health service centres | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Dispensaries | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private dispensaries on sugar estates | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 10 | | |
| Mobile dispensaries | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | | |
| Clinics | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dental (including oral surgery and | 41 | 43 | 44 | 46 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 54 | 56 | 57 | | |
| orthodontics) | 41 | 43 | 44 | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 54 | 50 | 37 | | |
| Day care centre for HIV Patient | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | |
| Private ³ | 14 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 17 | 19 | 17 | | |
| Public mobile dental | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Health offices | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ The ENT centre is administratively attached to Victoria Hospital ² Including Dr. Y. Cantin and Long Mountain Community Hospital

¹ The ENT centre is administratively attached to Victoria Hospital ³ Private clinics with in-patient service, including private hospitals

Table 3.15 - Respiratory diseases registered in government hospitals, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | N | Number | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Detail | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | |
| Both sexes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges ¹ (including deaths) | 9,788 | 10,442 | 10,218 | 9,992 | 9,759 | 11,151 | 12,594 | 13,897 | 16,216 | 15,196 | |
| First attendances ¹ at regional health centres | 382,557 | 397,457 | 396,485 | 367,672 | 381,406 | 376,375 | 382,548 | 442,424 | 517,551 | 468,054 | |
| Discharges (including deaths) at P D'Or chest hospital | 412 | 530 | 489 | 495 | 449 | 468 | 549 | 582 | 673 | 1,209 | |
| New cases diagnosed at specialist clinics in chest diseases | 1,753 | 1,330 | 842 | 981 | 1,143 | 1,025 | 915 | 617 | 657 | 825 | |
| Male | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges ¹ (including deaths) | 5,088 | 5,337 | 5,335 | 4,984 | 4,914 | 5,783 | 6,687 | 7,127 | 8,311 | 7,727 | |
| First attendances ¹ at regional health centres | 184,994 | 193,393 | 190,477 | 178,608 | 183,640 | 181,462 | 184,487 | 212,454 | 247,318 | 223,242 | |
| Discharges (including deaths) at P D'Or chest hospital | 289 | 391 | 350 | 354 | 332 | 332 | 405 | 435 | 469 | 834 | |
| New cases diagnosed at specialist clinics in chest diseases | 962 | 766 | 447 | 522 | 546 | 547 | 487 | 350 | 340 | 432 | |
| Female | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General hospital discharges ¹ (including deaths) | 4,700 | 5,105 | 4,883 | 5,008 | 4,845 | 5,348 | 5,907 | 6,770 | 7,903 | 7,469 | |
| First attendances ¹ at regional health centres | 197,563 | 204,064 | 206,008 | 189,064 | 197,766 | 194,913 | 198,061 | 229,970 | 270,233 | 244,812 | |
| Discharges (including deaths) at P D'Or chest hospital | 123 | 139 | 139 | 141 | 117 | 136 | 144 | 147 | 204 | 375 | |
| New cases diagnosed at specialist clinics in chest diseases | 791 | 564 | 395 | 459 | 597 | 478 | 428 | 267 | 317 | 393 | |

65

Source: Statistics Unit , Ministry of Health and Quality of Life. ¹ due to diseases of the respiratory system

Table 3.16 - Cases of asthma treated as in-patients in government hospitals, 2001 – 2010

| | | | Number |
|--------|-------|-------------|--------|
| Vann | | In-Patients | |
| Year — | Male | Female | Total |
| 2001 | 1,565 | 1,616 | 3,181 |
| 2002 | 1,573 | 1,667 | 3,240 |
| 2003 | 1,538 | 1,735 | 3,273 |
| 2004 | 1,453 | 1,689 | 3,142 |
| 2005 | 1,507 | 1,668 | 3,175 |
| 2006 | 1,613 | 1,577 | 3,190 |
| 2007 | 1,650 | 1,693 | 3,343 |
| 2008 | 1,299 | 1,469 | 2,768 |
| 2009 | 1,282 | 1,387 | 2,669 |
| 2010 | 1,211 | 1,354 | 2,565 |

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 3.17 - Deaths registered due to asthma, 2001 - 2010

| | | | Number |
|--------|------|--------|--------|
| Year _ | | Deaths | |
| | Male | Female | Total |
| 2001 | 74 | 94 | 168 |
| 2002 | 105 | 61 | 166 |
| 2003 | 97 | 99 | 196 |
| 2004 | 75 | 64 | 139 |
| 2005 | 104 | 75 | 179 |
| 2006 | 101 | 65 | 166 |
| 2007 | 86 | 68 | 154 |
| 2008 | 80 | 72 | 152 |
| 2009 | 105 | 79 | 184 |
| 2010 | 61 | 86 | 147 |

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 3.18 - Cases of asthma treated as in-patients in government hospitals by age group and sex, 2009 - 2010

| Age group | | | Number of ca | ses | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (years) | Ma | ale | Fema | ale | То | tal | | | | | |
| | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | | | | | |
| Less than one year | 18 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 22 | 12 | | | | | |
| 1 - 4 | 192 | 203 | 135 | 80 | 327 | 283 | | | | | |
| 5 - 9 | 232 | 258 | 134 | 132 | 366 | 390 | | | | | |
| 10 - 14 | 98 | 92 | 54 | 64 | 152 | 156 | | | | | |
| 15 - 19 | 43 | 33 | 55 | 51 | 98 | 84 | | | | | |
| 20 - 24 | 38 | 14 | 37 | 34 | 75 | 48 | | | | | |
| 25 - 29 | 29 | 21 | 43 | 38 | 72 | 59 | | | | | |
| 30 - 34 | 30 | 21 | 39 | 34 | 69 | 55 | | | | | |
| 35 - 39 | 38 | 22 | 52 | 45 | 90 | 67 | | | | | |
| 40 - 44 | 38 | 25 | 68 | 74 | 106 | 99 | | | | | |
| 45 - 49 | 55 | 47 | 87 | 95 | 142 | 142 | | | | | |
| 50 - 54 | 44 | 33 | 85 | 92 | 129 | 125 | | | | | |
| 55 - 59 | 98 | 78 | 129 | 111 | 227 | 189 | | | | | |
| 60 - 64 | 57 | 93 | 122 | 115 | 179 | 208 | | | | | |
| 65 - 69 | 74 | 58 | 89 | 65 | 163 | 123 | | | | | |
| 70 - 74 | 68 | 64 | 84 | 101 | 152 | 165 | | | | | |
| 75 - 79 | 47 | 64 | 75 | 102 | 122 | 166 | | | | | |
| 80 - 84 | 65 | 49 | 62 | 69 | 127 | 118 | | | | | |
| 85 and over | 18 | 30 | 33 | 46 | 51 | 76 | | | | | |
| Total | 1,282 | 1,211 | 1,387 | 1,354 | 2,669 | 2,56 | | | | | |

Source: Statistics Unit , Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 3.19 - Deaths registered due to asthma by age group and sex, 2009 - 2010

| | Number of cases | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Age group (years) | M | ale | Fen | nale | To | tal | | | | |
| | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | | | | |
| Less than one year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 1 - 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | | | | |
| 5 - 9 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| 10 - 14 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| 15 - 19 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 20 - 24 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| 25 - 29 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | | | | |
| 30 - 34 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | |
| 35 - 39 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | | | |
| 40 - 44 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| 45 - 49 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | | |
| 50 - 54 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 6 | | | | |
| 55 - 59 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 13 | 9 | | | | |
| 60 - 64 | 12 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 21 | 8 | | | | |
| 65 - 69 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 11 | 16 | | | | |
| 70 - 74 | 14 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 24 | 18 | | | | |
| 75 - 79 | 21 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 30 | 18 | | | | |
| 80 - 84 | 14 | 8 | 14 | 12 | 28 | 20 | | | | |
| 85 and over | 13 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 25 | 32 | | | | |
| Total | 105 | 61 | 79 | 86 | 184 | 147 | | | | |

Source: Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life.

Table 3.20 - Households with members suffering from health problems related to air pollution by type of problem, Republic of Mauritius, 2001

| | Households reporting specific health problems | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Health problem | Number | as a % of households reporting health problems | as a % of all sampled households | | | | | | |
| Breathing difficulties | 242 | 62.0 | 3.8 | | | | | | |
| ENT problems | 163 | 41.2 | 2.6 | | | | | | |
| Asthma | 138 | 35.4 | 2.2 | | | | | | |
| Eye troubles | 81 | 20.8 | 1.3 | | | | | | |
| Skin diseases | 65 | 16.7 | 1.0 | | | | | | |

Source: CSO - Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey 2001

CHAPTER 4

WATER

Table 4.1 - Monthly rainfall, averaged over all sugar zones, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | Millimetres | |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| MONTH | YEAR | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| January | Mean | 278.6 | 573.1 | 118.4 | 416.2 | 139.0 | 352.9 | 325.7 | 233.8 | 227.5 | 339.4 |
| | Difference from Normal | + 0.3 | + 295.0 | - 159.7 | + 162.4 | -114.9 | +99.0 | +71.8 | -15.6 | -21.8 | +89.7 |
| February | Mean | 205.1 | 99.0 | 331.3 | 305.1 | 401.3 | 331.5 | 535.3 | 224.2 | 265.0 | 359.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | -92.7 | -198.7 | + 33.5 | -19.5 | + 76.8 | +6.9 | +210.7 | -96.8 | -55.9 | +39.0 |
| March | Mean | 155.8 | 224.0 | 207.3 | 211.7 | 688.7 | 434.4 | 162.2 | 470.0 | 345.8 | 289.1 |
| | Difference from Normal | -87.3 | -19.1 | - 36.0 | -15.3 | + 463.3 | +209.0 | -63.2 | +247.5 | +123.3 | +65.6 |
| April | Mean | 329.9 | 135.4 | 444.8 | 282.6 | 115.5 | 85.4 | 105.2 | 50.2 | 221.6 | 142.5 |
| | Difference from Normal | 102.0 | -92.5 | + 216.8 | +61.6 | -105.4 | -135.6 | -115.8 | -167.5 | +3.9 | -76.0 |
| May | Mean | 95.3 | 141.1 | 191.0 | 161.1 | 109.1 | 52.8 | 137.6 | 276.7 | 172.1 | 116.9 |
| | Difference from Normal | -55.9 | -10.1 | + 39.8 | +7.3 | -44.6 | -101.0 | -16.1 | +125.0 | +20.4 | -35.5 |
| June | Mean | 79.1 | 127.6 | 117.4 | 111.2 | 134.3 | 95.4 | 136.4 | 151.5 | 92.6 | 52.1 |
| | Difference from Normal | -38.7 | + 9.9 | - 1.4 | +3.2 | +26.3 | -12.6 | +30.3 | +45.4 | -13.7 | -54.2 |
| July | Mean | 93.3 | 139.9 | 175.2 | 85.6 | 158.0 | 156.4 | 108.7 | 108.7 | 126.8 | 137.6 |
| | Difference from Normal | -26.9 | +19.7 | +55.0 | - 24.2 | +48.2 | +46.6 | +0.4 | +0.4 | +18.4 | +29.2 |
| August | Mean | 74.1 | 111.9 | 92.4 | 39.8 | 91.7 | 81.2 | 53.8 | 67.8 | 122.3 | 132.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | -35.1 | + 2.8 | - 16.7 | - 69.0 | -17.1 | -27.5 | -53.2 | -39.1 | +15.1 | +25.7 |
| September | Mean | 71.9 | 37.1 | 130.4 | 118.2 | 207.6 | 63.1 | 62.7 | 330.8 | 65.8 | 53.6 |
| | Difference from Normal | -3.4 | -38.2 | +55.0 | +47.1 | +136.6 | -8.0 | -7.3 | +260.9 | -4.3 | -16.5 |
| October | Mean | 83.8 | 60.4 | 29.7 | 29.5 | 55.8 | 51.1 | 90.3 | 51.7 | 213.6 | 37.2 |
| | Difference from Normal | 10.7 | -12.8 | - 43.5 | - 42.9 | -16.7 | -21.4 | +19.0 | -19.6 | +142.0 | -34.4 |
| November | Mean | 33.2 | 34.4 | 81.1 | 124.8 | 38.3 | 76.7 | 43.6 | 147.0 | 180.0 | 81.4 |
| | Difference from Normal | -61.1 | -60.0 | + 1.8 | + 45.5 | -41.1 | -2.7 | -34.8 | +68.6 | +101.2 | +2.5 |
| December | Mean | 153.3 | 222.4 | 54.0 | 168.8 | 69.5 | 42.2 | 53.7 | 79.4 | 202.7 | 10.9 |
| | Difference from Normal | -62.3 | + 6.8 | - 139.1 | - 24.3 | - 123.6 | -151.0 | -137.4 | -111.7 | +10.8 | -182.2 |
| Total | Mean | 1,653.4 | 1,906.3 | 1,973.0 | 2,054.6 | 2,208.8 | 1,823.1 | 1,814.8 | 2,192.1 | 2,235.8 | 1,753.3 |
| Year | Difference from Normal | -102.9 | +150 | +216.8 | +298.3 | +451.6 | +66.8 | +58.5 | +24.8 | +339.5 | -147.1 |

Source : Meteorological Services

Figure 12 - Rainfall difference from normal, 2010

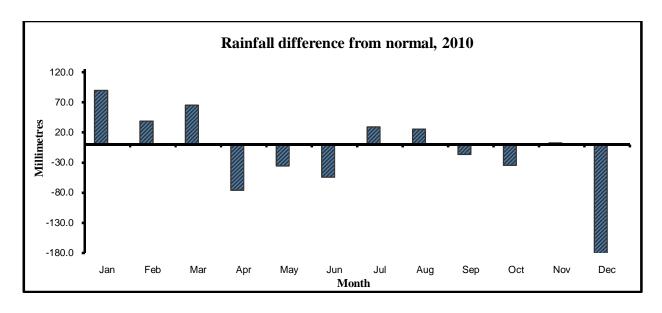


Table 4.2 - Yearly rainfall by region, 2001 – 2010

| | L Touriy Tu | iiiiaii by i | ogioii, 20 | | , | | | | | Milli | metres |
|--------|------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| REGION | YEAR | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| North | Mean | 1,019.6 | 1,040.0 | 1,201.3 | 1,350.8 | 1,404.1 | 1,348.9 | 1,072.0 | 1,609.9 | 1,667.7 | 1,006.9 |
| | Difference from Normal | -274.7 | -254.3 | -93.0 | + 56.5 | + 109.8 | +54.6 | -222.3 | +315.6 | +359.5 | -308.3 |
| South | Mean | 2,124.0 | 2,314.0 | 2,285.4 | 2,288.3 | 2,670.7 | 2,076.5 | 2,215.7 | 2,553.3 | 2,548.5 | 2,237.6 |
| Journ | Difference from Normal | -196.2 | -6.2 | -34.8 | -31.9 | + 350.5 | -243.7 | -104.5 | +233.1 | +313.0 | -4.3 |
| East | Mean | 1,983.8 | 2,303.9 | 2,622.4 | 2,692.9 | 2,774.9 | 2,226.2 | 2,125.2 | 2,578.1 | 2,699.1 | 2,346.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | -329.7 | -9.6 | + 308.9 | + 379.4 | + 461.4 | -87.3 | -188.3 | +264.6 | +385.6 | +33.4 |
| West | Mean | 799.3 | 1,357.7 | 975.2 | 949.3 | 1,097.8 | 750.9 | 966.5 | 1,106.7 | 1,233.9 | 601.1 |
| West | Difference from Normal | -29.4 | + 529.0 | + 146.5 | + 120.6 | + 269.1 | -77.8 | +137.8 | +278 | +405.4 | -227.5 |
| Centre | Mean | 1,536.1 | 2,105.6 | 1,995.7 | 2,262.6 | 2,134.9 | 1,988.0 | 2,179.5 | 2,320.4 | 2,244.1 | 1,461.8 |
| ocitic | Difference from Normal | -488.6 | + 80.9 | -29.0 | + 237.9 | +110.2 | -36.7 | +154.8 | +295.7 | +220.1 | -562.3 |
| Island | Mean | 1,653.4 | 1,906.3 | 1,973.1 | 2,054.6 | 2,207.9 | 1,823.1 | 1,814.8 | 2,192.1 | 2,235.8 | 1,753.3 |
| | Difference from Normal | -102.9 | +150.0 | + 216.8 | + 298.3 | + 451.6 | +66.8 | +58.5 | +435.8 | +339.5 | -147.1 |

Source : Meteorological Services

Table 4.3 - Water balance, 2004 - 2010

| | | | | | | | Mm ³ |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|
| | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Rainfall | 3,890 | 4,801 | 3,571 | 3,644 | 4,440 | 4,470 | 3,368 |
| Surface runoff | 2,334 | 2,881 | 2,143 | 2,186 | 2,664 | 2,682 | 2,021 |
| Evapotranspiration | 1,167 | 1,440 | 1,071 | 1,093 | 1,332 | 1,341 | 1,010 |
| Net recharge to groundwater | 389 | 480 | 357 | 364 | 444 | 447 | 337 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

Figure 13 - Water balance, 2004 – 2010

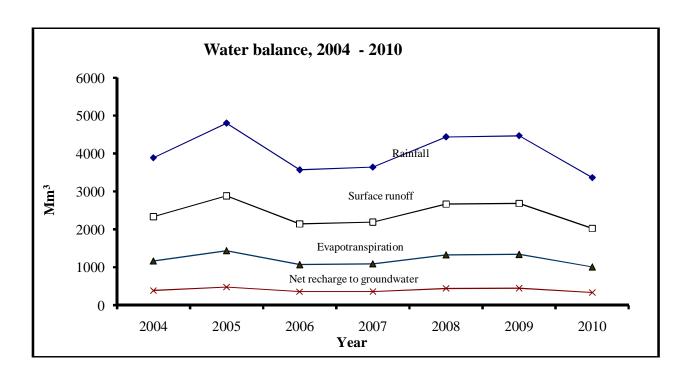
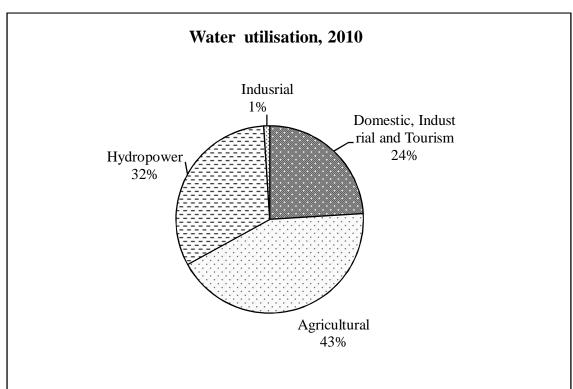


Table 4.4 - Water utilisation, 2010.

| | | | | Mm° |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|--------|-------|
| Use | Surface | water | Ground | Total |
| | River-run offtakes | Storage | water | Total |
| Domestic, Industrial ^a and Tourism | 36 ¹ | 74 | 113 | 223 |
| Industrial ^b | 5 | - | 5 | 10 |
| Agricultural | 320 | 78 ² | 6 | 404 |
| Hydropower | 147 | 151 ³ | - | 298 |
| Total | 508 | 303 | 124 | 935 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

Figure 14 - Water utilisation, 2010



¹ includes 20 Mm³ for Reduit Hydro Power Station ² includes 30 Mm³ for Tamarind Falls and Magenta Hydropower Stations

³ includes 13 Mm³ used twice for Le Val and Ferney Hydropower Stations and 22 Mm³ for Tamarind Falls and Magenta Hydropower station

^a used through CWA ^b used by water right owners and ground water licensees

Table 4.5 - Water use account, 2002 and 2007

| Sector | Direct abs | tractions Irawals) | Public Wa | nter Supply | Total use | | |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|---------|--|
| | Thousand | | Thousa | nd m³ | Thousan | nd m³ | |
| · | 2002 | 2007 | 2002 | 2007 | 2002 | 2007 | |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 514,000 | 423,000 | 10,133 | 11,025 | 524,133 | 434,025 | |
| Mining and Quarrying | | | 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 | |
| Food, drink beverages and tobacco manufacturing | 10,000 | 6,000 | 1,818 | 2,545 | 11,818 | 8,545 | |
| Manufacture of Textiles, wearing apparels, leathers, bags, etc | | | 6,402 | 4,994 | 6,402 | 4,994 | |
| Manufacture of Wood and products of Wood | | | 40 | 33 | 40 | 33 | |
| Manufacture of Paper and Paper products | | | 56 | 49 | 56 | 49 | |
| Publishing, Printing and Reproduction of recorded media | | | 85 | 157 | 85 | 157 | |
| Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products, rubber and plastics | | | 424 | 298 | 424 | 298 | |
| Manufacture of other Non-Metallic Mineral products | | | 522 | 931 | 522 | 931 | |
| Manufacturing of Basic Metals | | | 165 | 260 | 165 | 260 | |
| Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment | | | 15 | 0 | 15 | 0 | |
| n.e.c | | | | | | | |
| Other manufacturing Production, collection and distribution of | ••• | | 336 | 653 | 336 | 653 | |
| electricity | 249,000 | 254,000 | 45 | 369 | 249,045 | 254,369 | |
| Collection, purification and distribution of water | 101,235 | 84,359 | | | 101,235 | 84,359 | |
| Construction | | | 408 | 437 | 408 | 437 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade and repairs | | | 1,699 | 1,050 | 1,699 | 1,050 | |
| Hotels and restaurants | | | 4,033 | 4,584 | 4,033 | 4,584 | |
| Transport and communications | | | 593 | 1653 | 593 | 1653 | |
| Financial Intermediation, insurance, pension and real estate | | | 461 | 1041 | 461 | 1041 | |
| Public administration and defense; compulsory social security | | | 1498 | 1819 | 1498 | 1819 | |
| Education | | | 1,717 | 2,780 | 1,717 | 2,780 | |
| Health and social work | | | 2,456 | 2,666 | 2,456 | 2,666 | |
| Refuse disposal, cleaning services etc | | | 5 | 56 | 5 | 56 | |
| Sewerage | | | 16 | 0 | 16 | 0 | |
| Households | | | 67,618 | 79,007 | 67,618 | 79,007 | |
| Other service activities | | | 217 | 231 | 217 | 231 | |
| Total | 874,235 | 767,359 | 100,767 | 110,640 | 975,002 | 883,999 | |

Table 4.6 - Fresh water abstractions 1 by source, 2001 - 2010 2

| | | | | | | | | | | Mm³ |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Source | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Surface water | 532 | 578 | 577 | 575 | 541 | 528 | 518 | 497 | 511 | 513 |
| Reservoirs | 124 | 128 | 169 | 167 | 154 | 146 | 145 | 137 | 150 | 152 |
| Rivers and streams | 408 | 450 | 408 | 408 | 387 | 382 | 373 | 360 | 361 | 361 |
| Ground water | 145 | 148 | 148 | 150 | 150 | 154 | 112 | 119 | 121 | 124 |
| Total | 677 | 726 | 725 | 725 | 691 | 682 | 630 | 616 | 632 | 637 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities ¹ for agricultural, domestic and industrial purposes. ² Hydrologic year (i.e. From November n-1 to October n, where n = year)

Table 4.7 - Fresh water abstractions¹ by water supply industry, 2004 - 2010²

| | | | | | | | Mm ³ |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------------|
| Source | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Gross fresh surface water abstraction | 575 | 541 | 528 | 518 | 497 | 511 | 513 |
| Surface water abstraction | 110 | 99 | 100 | 102 | 107 | 112 | 110 |
| Manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 465 | 442 | 423 | 411 | 385 | 394 | 398 |
| Gross ground water abstraction | 150 | 150 | 154 | 112 | 119 | 121 | 124 |
| Ground water abstraction | 114 | 115 | 116 | 99 | 107 | 111 | 113 |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 25 | 24 | 25 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| Manufacturing | 11 | 11 | 13 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Total | 725 | 691 | 682 | 630 | 616 | 632 | 637 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities ¹ for agricultural, domestic and industrial purposes. ² Hydrologic year (i.e. From November n-1 to October n ,where n = year)

Table 4.8 - Characteristics of major reservoirs

| Name of reservoir | Mare aux Vacoas | Nicoliere | Piton du Milieu | Mare Longue | La Ferme | Tamarin d Falls | Eau Bleue | Diamamove | Midlands Dam |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Purpose Purpose | Domestic | Domestic, Irrigation and Industrial | Domestic | Hydro - power and irrigation | Irrigation | Hydro - power and irrigation | Hydro - power | Hydro - power | Domestic, Irrigation and Industrial |
| Total capacity (Mm³) | 25.89 | 5.26 | 2.99 | 6.28 | 11.52 | 2.30 | 4.10 | 4.30 | 25.50 |
| Full reservoir level , m (a.m.s.l) ¹ | 566.35 | 249.02 | 438.00 | 576.91 | 146.00 | 492.36 | 355.00 | 241.00 | 395.00 |
| Maximum water spread area (km²) | 5.60 | 1.02 | 0.76 | 1.05 | 2.28 | 1.68 | 0.75 | 0.43 | 2.98 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities

¹a.m.s.l: above mean sea level

 ${\rm Mm^3}$

Table 4.9 - Gross storage capacity of reservoirs

| | IVIII |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Reservoir | Gross capacity |
| Mare aux Vacoas ¹ | 25.89 |
| Mare Longue | 6.28 |
| La Ferme ¹ | 11.52 |
| Piton du Milieu ¹ | 2.99 |
| La Nicoliere ¹ | 5.26 |
| Tamarind Falls | 2.3 |
| Eau Bleue | 4.1 |
| Diamamove | 4.3 |
| Dagotiere | 0.6 |
| Valetta | 2.0 |
| Midlands Dam | 25.5 |
| Total Storage Capacity | 90.7 |

Source: Water Resources Unit, Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities ¹ Based on hydrographic survey of 1997

Table 4.10 - Percentage water level by month and reservoir, 2010

| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | N | lm³ | |
|-------|------|--------|----------------|------|----------|-----|-------|----------|------|------|---------|----------------|------|---------|-----|------|---------|---|-----------------------|-----|-----|----|
| | Mare | aux Va | coas | La | Nicolier | re | Pitor | n du Mil | lieu | La | a Ferme | : | Ma | re Long | ue | Midl | ands Da | ds Dam All reservoirs (exc Midlands Dam) | | | | |
| Month | | | | | | | | Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 25 | .89 Mm | 1 ³ | 5. | 26 Mm | 3 | 2. | 99 Mm | 3 | 11 | .52 Mm | n ³ | 6. | .28 Mm | 3 | 2 | 5.5 Mm | 3 | 51.94 Mm ³ | | | |
| | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | Mean | Min | Max | |
| Jan | 72 | 69 | 77 | 91 | 70 | 100 | 95 | 89 | 100 | 100 | 98 | 100 | 83 | 79 | 90 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 83 | 79 | 87 | |
| Feb | 88 | 76 | 98 | 97 | 86 | 100 | 100 | 98 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 97 | 91 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 94 | 87 | 98 | |
| Mar | 96 | 95 | 97 | 94 | 87 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 97 | 96 | 98 | |
| Apr | 94 | 91 | 96 | 90 | 84 | 93 | 96 | 93 | 99 | 96 | 93 | 100 | 95 | 86 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 94 | 91 | 97 | |
| May | 86 | 83 | 91 | 86 | 78 | 93 | 90 | 87 | 94 | 87 | 81 | 92 | 73 | 64 | 85 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 85 | 80 | 91 | 78 |
| Jun | 78 | 74 | 83 | 77 | 68 | 90 | 82 | 75 | 88 | 75 | 69 | 81 | 55 | 51 | 63 | 98 | 95 | 100 | 75 | 70 | 81 | |
| Jul | 75 | 74 | 77 | 84 | 73 | 100 | 74 | 72 | 77 | 67 | 66 | 69 | 55 | 50 | 65 | 91 | 88 | 94 | 71 | 70 | 76 | |
| Aug | 79 | 78 | 82 | 82 | 68 | 100 | 85 | 78 | 97 | 72 | 68 | 81 | 76 | 66 | 86 | 96 | 91 | 100 | 78 | 74 | 84 | |
| Sep | 80 | 75 | 83 | 81 | 68 | 97 | 96 | 90 | 99 | 83 | 81 | 84 | 86 | 77 | 91 | 99 | 96 | 100 | 82 | 77 | 86 | |
| Oct | 72 | 67 | 76 | 70 | 67 | 73 | 82 | 72 | 90 | 75 | 68 | 81 | 71 | 63 | 76 | 88 | 78 | 96 | 73 | 67 | 77 | |
| Nov | 60 | 55 | 67 | 78 | 70 | 87 | 62 | 54 | 71 | 62 | 57 | 68 | 53 | 45 | 62 | 67 | 57 | 78 | 62 | 57 | 67 | |
| Dec | 48 | 41 | 55 | 70 | 53 | 85 | 45 | 37 | 54 | 50 | 43 | 56 | 36 | 29 | 44 | 49 | 41 | 57 | 49 | 41 | 57 | |

Table 4.11 - Average monthly potable water production from treatment plants and boreholes to distribution systems, 2010

 Mm^3 District water **District water Mare Aux Vacoas Mare Aux Vacoas District water Port -Louis Total production** (Upper) (Lower) supply - North supply - South supply - East Borehole (%) Borehole Borehole Borehole Borehole Borehole Borehole Borehole Surface (%) Surface Surface Surface Surface Surface Total Total Total Total Total Total Total Jan 3.6 0.5 4.1 2.7 2.7 1.8 1.2 3.0 2.2 2.1 4.3 8.0 1.4 2.2 0.9 1.9 2.8 9.3 9.8 19.1 49% 51% Feb 3.2 0.5 3.7 2.0 2.0 1.5 1.1 2.6 2.0 1.9 3.9 0.7 1.2 1.9 0.8 1.7 2.5 8.2 8.4 16.6 49% 51% Mar 3.7 0.6 4.3 2.6 2.6 1.8 1.2 3.0 2.1 2.2 4.3 0.9 1.4 2.3 0.9 1.9 2.8 9.4 9.9 19.3 49% 51% 2.2 2.2 1.8 9.2 9.5 51% 2.5 2.5 1.9 1.2 3.1 2.0 4.2 0.9 1.3 0.8 2.6 18.7 49% Apr 3.6 0.5 4.1 May 3.7 2.6 2.6 1.8 1.6 3.4 1.9 2.3 4.2 0.9 1.4 2.3 0.9 1.9 2.8 8.7 10.3 19.0 46% 54% 79 2.0 2.2 4.2 0.9 2.2 0.8 1.8 2.6 9.2 9.6 18.8 49% 51% 3.7 2.6 2.6 1.8 2.9 1.3 Jun 1.1 2.5 1.9 3.0 2.0 2.2 0.9 2.3 0.9 1.9 2.8 9.0 18.7 48% 52% 3.3 1.1 9.7 Jul Aug 3.3 0.5 2.6 2.6 1.9 1.1 3.0 2.3 2.3 4.6 0.9 2.3 0.9 1.9 2.8 9.3 9.8 19.1 49% 51% 2.1 Sep 3.3 3.8 2.5 1.8 1.0 2.8 2.2 4.3 0.9 1.4 2.3 0.9 1.8 2.7 9.1 9.3 18.4 49% 51% Oct 3.5 4.0 2.5 2.5 1.9 1.1 3.0 2.3 2.1 4.4 0.9 1.4 2.3 0.9 1.9 2.8 9.5 9.5 19.0 50% 50% Nov 3.3 3.8 2.5 1.8 1.1 2.9 2.3 2.0 4.3 0.9 1.3 2.2 0.9 1.7 2.6 9.2 9.1 18.3 50% 50% 51% 1.8 9.0 9.4 49% Dec 3.5 0.5 4.0 2.6 2.6 1.7 1.0 2.7 2.3 2.1 4.4 0.7 1.4 2.1 0.8 2.6 18.4 **Total** 41.2 6.3 47.5 22.0 32.4 49% 51% - 30.2 30.2 21.6 13.8 35.4 25.6 25.7 51.3 10.3 16.3 26.6 10.4 109.1 114.3 223.4 year

Table 4.12 - Water sales by type of tariff of subscribers, 2006 – 2010

| | | 2006 | 20 | 007 | 20 | 08 | 20 | 009 | 2010 | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Type of tariff | No. of subscribers | Volume ('000 m ³) | No. of subscribers | Volume ('000 m³) | No. of subscribers | Volume ('000 m ³) | No. of subscribers | Volume ('000 m ³) | No. of subscribers | Volume ('000 m ³) |
| Domestic | 272,269 | 73,158 | 278,625 | 73,007 | 284,592 | 72,093 | 292,294 | 75,119 | 299,300 | 76,521 |
| Commercial | 10,102 | 5,987 | 11,260 | 6,743 | 11,855 | 7,086 | 12,822 | 7,543 | 13,308 | 7,973 |
| Government | 3,763 | 4,631 | 3,879 | 4,686 | 4,053 | 4,788 | 4,184 | 4,956 | 4,224 | 4,887 |
| Agriculture and Livestock Producers | 2,871 | 1,433 | 3,129 | 1,421 | 3,281 | 1,403 | 3,611 | 1,455 | 3,774 | 1,536 |
| Industrial | 736 | 4,712 | 744 | 4,827 | 716 | 3,995 | 697 | 4,055 | 661 | 4,285 |
| Hotels , Guest houses | 206 | 4,267 | 224 | 4,429 | 264 | 4,595 | 280 | 4,652 | 297 | 5,052 |
| Acquired/concessionary prises | 45 | 17 | 43 | 16 | 44 | 15 | 43 | 14 | 29 | 14 |
| Total Potable water | 289,992 | 94,205 | 297,904 | 95,129 | 304,806 | 94,025 | 313,932 | 97,847 | 321,604 | 100,321 |
| Total non - treated water | 276 | 14,412 | 278 | 15,490 | 286 | 14,799 | 294 | 12,419 | 296 | 14,678 |
| TOTAL | 290,268 | 108,617 | 298,182 | 110,619 | 305,092 | 108,824 | 314,226 | 110,266 | 321,900 | 114,999 |

80

Table 4.13 – Daily per capita domestic and potable water consumption, 2001 – 2010

| | | Litres/day |
|------|---|--|
| Year | Daily per capita domestic water consumption | Daily per capita potable water consumption |
| 2001 | 157.8 | 200 |
| 2002 | 157.0 | 201 |
| 2003 | 161.0 | 207 |
| 2004 | 159.0 | 206 |
| 2005 | 168.0 | 213 |
| 2006 | 167.0 | 212 |
| 2007 | 162.0 | 213 |
| 2008 | 160.1 | 209 |
| 2009 | 162.0 | 220 |
| 2010 | 160.0 | 223 |

Source: Central Water Authority

Figure 15 – Daily per capita domestic and potable water consumption, 2001 – 2010

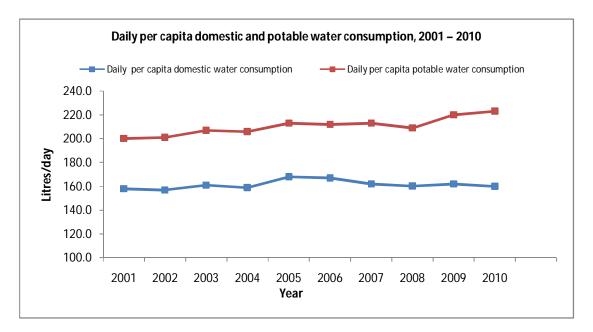


Table 4.14 - Volume of water used by the CEB for hydropower generation, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | | | | N | ∕lm³ |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Power station | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Champagne | 56 | 71 | 108 | 117 | 105 | 62 | 61 | 91 | 105 | 87 |
| Ferney | 80 | 81 | 119 | 117 | 116 | 79 | 95 | 99 | 125 | 100 |
| Tamarind Falls | 25 | 31 | 34 | 37 | 37 | 26 | 27 | 22 | 33 | 29 |
| Le Val | 4 | 9 | 15 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 13 | 13 |
| Reduit | 11 | 19 | 30 | 30 | 26 | 21 | 20 | 30 | 36 | 20 |
| Cascade Cecile | 16 | 19 | 21 | 14 | 8 | 7 | 17 | 20 | 23 | 19 |
| Magenta | 14 | 17 | 17 | 13 | 25 | 17 | 16 | 5 | 17 | 22 |
| La Ferme | 1 | 4 | - | - | - | 5 | 5 | 9 | 14 | 8 |
| Total | 207 | 251 | 344 | 345 | 331 | 227 | 254 | 292 | 366 | 298 |

Source: Central Electricity Board

Table 4.15 - Guidelines for inland surface water quality

| Parameters | Unit | Maximum Limit |
|--|------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Inorganics</u> | | |
| Boron | μg/l | 0.7 |
| Cadmium | п | 0.7 |
| Chlorine Residual | п | 2. |
| Chromium (total) | п | 2. |
| Copper | п | 6. |
| Cyanide | п | 5. |
| Dissolved Oxygen | mg/l | 6.0 |
| Iron | mg/l | 1. |
| Lead | μg/l | 1, |
| Mercury | п | 0 |
| Methyl Mercury compounds | п | 0.01 |
| Nickel | п | 87 |
| pH | | 6.5 - 9 |
| Selenium | μg/l | 1 |
| Silver | п | 1 |
| Zinc | п | Ę |
| Sulphide H ₂ S | п | 2 |
| Phosphate (for a lake) | п | 2 |
| (for streams entering a lake) | п | į |
| (for streams not entering a lake) | п | 10 |
| <u>Organics</u> | | |
| Dieldrin | μg/l | 0.001 |
| Chlordane | п | 0.004 |
| Pentachlorophenol (for pH 6.5 - 7.5) | п | 3.5 - 9 |
| DDT | п | 0.00 |
| Endosulfan (alpha and beta forms) | п | 0.05 |
| Endrin | п | 0.002 |
| Guthion | п | 0.0 |
| Lindane | п | 0.0 |
| Oil and Greases | п | Undetectab |
| PCBs | п | 0.01 |
| Suspended solids (at background concentration <100 mg/l) | mg/l | 1 |
| (when background conc.> 100 mg/l) | mg/l | 10% of background concentration |

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development.

¹ Water of river, watercourse, stream, lake, pond, dam or reservoir.

² Lower limit at 250 C.

Table 4.16 - River water quality by selected physico-chemical parameters, 2010

| Parameters | Unit | Riv du Rempart | RivPlaineWilhems | Riv du Poste (East) | River Moka (Old) | RivLabourdonnais | Riv Francoise | Riv des Creoles |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Temperature | °C | 24 - 29 | 21 - 25 | 24 - 27 | 20 - 25 | 21 - 27 | 24 - 27 | 23 - 26 |
| pН | | 6.9 -7.2 | 7.5 – 7.7 | 7.5 – 8.0 | 7.3 – 7.5 | 7.9 – 8.0 | 7.5 – 7.7 | 6.9 - 7.2 |
| Dissolved Oxygen | mg/L | 5.5 -7.2 | 8.0 | 7.4 – 8.6 | 7.4 – 7.6 | 7.5 – 8.7 | 8.1 | 7.5 -7.6 |
| Total Suspended Solids | mg/L | ND | ND | 6 - 8 | ND - 3 | ND | ND | ND - 11 |
| Total Reactive Phosphorus as P | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.02 | <0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | <0.01 | 0.01 |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand | mg O ₂ /L | ND | 2 - 52 | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Chloride | mg/L | 26.8 - 28.2 | 14.6 - 19.1 | 13.0 - 24.0 | 15.4 - 17.5 | 25.0 - 33.7 | 13.0 – 14.6 | 4.5 -11.2 |
| Sodium | mg/L | 21.0 - 22.5 | 13.1 - 15.2 | 15.3 -20.5 | 11.3 - 13.6 | 20.8 - 24.9 | 13.5 - 13.8 | 8.0- 10.3 |
| Potassium | mg/L | 1.2 | 0.9 -1.1 | 0.9 - 2.2 | 0.5 - 0.8 | 0.5 - 0.7 | 0.8 -1.0 | 0.5 -0.6 |
| Calcium | mg/L | 7.04 - 9.66 | 14.22 - 18.16 | 10.07 - 16.34 | 5.59 - 7.83 | 8.04 - 11.12 | 5.93 - 8.62 | 2.77 - 6.94 |
| Magnesium | mg/L | 5.97 - 10.49 | 8.57 - 9.32 | 5.61 - 11.00 | 6.30 - 6.33 | 5.44 - 11.19 | 6.01 - 6.14 | 3.13 - 4.71 |

Table 4.16 Con't - River water quality by selected physico-chemical parameters, 2010

| Parameters | Unit | Riv Cascade | Riv des Anguilles | Black River | Grand River South East | Riv La Chaux | Riv des Galets | RivBaie du Cap |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Temperature | °C | 21 - 26 | 23 - 25 | 21 - 26 | 23 - 27 | 23 - 25 | 21 - 25 | 21 - 25 |
| рН | | 7.5 – 7.9 | 7.5 - 7.9 | 7.4 – 7.9 | 7.5 – 8.0 | 7.5 – 7.6 | 7.5 – 7.6 | 7.5 – 7.6 |
| Dissolved Oxygen | mg/L | 7.8 – 8.2 | 8.4 -9.2 | 7.0 – 7.9 | 7.4 – 8.4 | 7.9 – 8.7 | 7.8 – 8.3 | 7.6 – 8.1 |
| Total Suspended Solids | mg/L | 13 - 22 | 2 - 16 | ND | 4 - 5 | ND - 52 | 26 - 54 | 10 - 11 |
| Total Reactive Phosphorus as P | mg/L | 0.08 | <0.01 | 0.01 | <0.01 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand | mgO ₂ /L | ND - 1 | ND | ND | ND | ND - 2 | ND - 6 | ND |
| Chloride | mg/L | 17.3 - 17.9 | 7.3 - 11.4 | 12.8 - 18.5 | 9.5 - 13.6 | 5.5 - 13.0 | 7.5 - 10.4 | 13.4 - 15.4 |
| Sodium | mg/L | 10.7 - 11.8 | 9.7 - 9.9 | 12.3 - 15.3 | 11.4 - 12.5 | 9.4 - 12.4 | 9.4 - 9.8 | 12.0 - 12.1 |
| Potassium | mg/L | 0.6 - 0.7 | 0.4 - 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 - 1.1 | 0.6 - 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Calcium | mg/L | 5.31 - 7.80 | 2.77 - 5.44 | 2.90 - 6.96 | 4.81 - 8.32 | 4.03 - 6.94 | 1.22 – 2.67 | 1.64 - 4.15 |
| Magnesium | mg/L | 6.11 - 8.44 | 5.93 - 6.22 | 5.48 - 7.44 | 5.49 - 5.97 | 5.16 - 6.42 | 2.85 - 3.41 | 4.38 |

Table 4.17 - Range of levels of Nitrate-Nitrogen, Phosphate and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) for selected regions, 2010

Milligram per litre Chemical water quality parameter Nitrate-Nitrogen **Phosphate** Chemical Oxygen Region $(NO_3 - N)$ (PO_4^3) Demand (COD) **Ile aux Benitiers** < 0.1 0.01 - 0.08 0.1 - 1.7BelOmbre < 0.1 0.02 - 0.080.1 - 1.0BambousVirieux < 0.1 0.03 - 0.080.2 - 0.5TrouD'EauDouce < 0.1 0.07 - 0.090.1 - 0.2Anse la Raie < 0.1 0.02 - 0.08 0.2 - 1.4Trou aux Biches < 0.1 0.01 - 0.08 0.0 - 0.9Pointe aux Sables < 0.1 0.01 - 0.08 0.0 - 0.9Tombeau Bay < 0.1 0.02 - 0.08 0.0 - 2.2Port Louis Harbour < 0.1 0.03 - 0.09 0.1 - 1.0

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.

Table 4.18 - Volume of wastewater treated by public treatment stations, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | Mm ³ |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|
| Station | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Montagne Jacquot | 5.30 | 5.30 | 8.10 | 5.06 | 5.20 | 7.84 | - | 10.00 | 16.50 | 11.40 |
| Baie du Tombeau | 4.85 | 4.85 | 8.26 | 8.27 | 8.27 | 8.40 | 8.20 | 8.21 | 8.21 | 8.21 |
| Pailles TP | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| B. Marchand | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Grand Bay | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| St. Martin | 8.20 | 8.20 | 10.89 | 13.10 | 13.88 | 14.93 | 15.50 | 16.70 | 15.95 | 14.00 |
| Robinson | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Vuillemin | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Flacq | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Dubreuil | 0.13 | 0.13 | 1.22 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Total | 18.91 | 18.92 | 29.01 | 27.82 | 28.77 | 31.79 | 24.33 | 36.24 | 41.99 | 34.94 |

Source: Wastewater Management Authority

Table 4.19 - Water quality in coastal area - (Terre Rouge Rivulet Bird Sanctuary), 2001 – 2010

| Variable | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) | mg O ₂ /I | 1.0 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Total Phosphorus ¹ | mg P/I | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total Nitrogen ² | mg N/I | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Source: Albion Fisheries Research Centre, Ministry of Fisheries and Rodrigues.

Data given are for the variable Phosphate

² Data given are for the variable Nitrate-nitrogen

Note: All values below detection limit are taken as zero.

Table 4.20 - Certain notifiable diseases reported to sanitary authorities, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | Numb | er |
|---------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-------|
| Disease | | | | | Mala | aria | | | |
| Year | Amoebiasis | Food Poisoning | Infective Hepatitis | Leptospirosis | Indigenous | Imported | Schistosomiasis | Typhoid Fever | Total |
| 2001 | 8 | 23 | 41 | 3 | - | 62 | - | 1 | 138 |
| 2002 | - | 33 | 11 | 1 | - | 38 | - | 1 | 84 |
| 2003 | - | 60 | 20 | 3 | - | 40 | - | 2 | 125 |
| 2004 | - | 160 | 19 | 3 | - | 45 | - | 1 | 228 |
| 2005 | - | 29 | 12 | 6 | - | 35 | - | 5 | 87 |
| 2006 | 1 | 78 | 5 | 6 | - | 38 | - | 4 | 132 |
| 2007 | - | 766 | 5 | 9 | - | 42 | - | 15 | 837 |
| 2008 | - | 129 | 4 | 3 | - | 27 | - | 6 | 169 |
| 2009 | - | 718 | 23 | 7 | - | 23 | - | 5 | 776 |
| 2010 | - | 156 | 28 | 28 | - | 52 | - | 3 | 267 |

Source : Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life

Table 4.21 - Enteritis and other diarrhoeal diseases, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | Numbe | r | | |
|------|-------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|
| | Cases treat | Cases treated as in-patients in government hospitals | | | | | Deaths in whole island | | | | | |
| YEAR | Under one Year | 1 - 4 Years | 5 - 14 Years | 15 Years and over | Total | Under one Year | 1 - 4 Years | 5 - 14 Years | 15 Years and over | Total | | |
| 2001 | 616 | 880 | 483 | 2,517 | 4,496 | 3 | 2 | - | 9 | 14 | | |
| 2002 | 862 | 1,652 | 603 | 2,777 | 5,894 | 3 | 2 | - | 6 | 11 | | |
| 2003 | 487 | 1,029 | 528 | 2,515 | 4,559 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 13 | | |
| 2004 | 566 | 2,044 | 1,024 | 2,218 | 5,852 | 6 | 5 | - | 6 | 17 | | |
| 2005 | 538 | 1,380 | 648 | 2,588 | 5,154 | 1 | 1 | - | 8 | 10 | | |
| 2006 | 742 | 2,373 | 975 | 3,853 | 7,943 | 2 | 2 | - | 24 | 28 | | |
| 2007 | 636 | 1,483 | 945 | 3,260 | 6,324 | 2 | - | - | 11 | 13 | | |
| 2008 | 771 | 2,073 | 818 | 3,584 | 7,246 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 16 | 20 | | |
| 2009 | 545 | 1,220 | 722 | 2,989 | 5,476 | 1 | 2 | - | 22 | 25 | | |
| 2010 | 513 | 1,482 | 830 | 3,073 | 5,898 | 1 | 1 | - | 26 | 28 | | |

Table 4.22 - Sea transport¹, 2001 - 2010

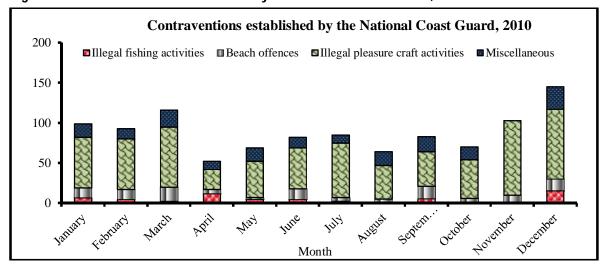
| | Vessel | s entering | Vessel | s leaving | Goods | | |
|--------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
| Period | Number | Net registered tonnage (000t) | Number | Net registered tonnage (000t) | Unloaded (000t) | Loaded ² (000t) | |
| 2001 | 1,643 | 7,026 | 1,782 | 6,482 | 4,362 | 1,365 | |
| 2002 | 1,664 | 8,595 | 1,612 | 7,871 | 3,961 | 947 | |
| 2003 | 1,588 | 8,399 | 1,578 | 8,843 | 4,076 | 1,165 | |
| 2004 | 1,330 | 7,800 | 1,481 | 8,662 | 4,696 | 1,773 | |
| 2005 | 1,407 | 6,786 | 1,318 | 6,713 | 4,709 | 1,197 | |
| 2006 | 1,365 | 7,400 | 1,321 | 7,265 | 4,619 | 1,226 | |
| 2007 | 2,317 | - | - | - | 5,080 | 1,179 | |
| 2008 | 2,008 | - | - | - | 5,140 | 1,155 | |
| 2009 | 2,079 | - | - | - | 4,761 | 1,177 | |
| 2010 | 2,172 | - | - | - | 5,100 | 1,130 | |

¹ exclude fishing vessels berthed in Port Louis only.

Table 4.23 - Contraventions established by the National Coast Guard, 2010

| Month | Illegal fishing activities | Beach offences | Illegal pleasure craft activities | Miscellaneous | Total |
|-----------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------|
| January | 7 | 12 | 63 | 17 | 99 |
| February | 5 | 12 | 63 | 13 | 93 |
| March | 3 | 17 | 75 | 21 | 116 |
| April | 12 | 5 | 25 | 10 | 52 |
| May | 5 | 2 | 45 | 17 | 69 |
| June | 5 | 13 | 51 | 13 | 82 |
| July | 3 | 4 | 68 | 10 | 85 |
| August | 0 | 5 | 42 | 17 | 64 |
| September | 6 | 15 | 43 | 19 | 83 |
| October | 2 | 4 | 48 | 16 | 70 |
| November | 0 | 10 | 93 | 0 | 103 |
| December | 16 | 14 | 87 | 28 | 145 |
| Total | 64 | 113 | 703 | 181 | 1,061 |

Figure 16 - Contraventions established by the National Coast Guard, 2010



²exclude bunkers

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Table 4.24 - Mean sea surface temperature around the Island of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| | | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | Degrees celcius Average for the |
|---------|---------------------------|---------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|------|--------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | IVIAICII | Арін | | | | | - | | | | year |
| 2001 | Mean | 25.5 | 27.3 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 25.3 | 23.7 | 23.5 | 22.7 | 22.5 | 23.2 | 24.2 | 25.9 | 24.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | 1.9 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.7 | |
| 2002 | Mean | 26.3 | 27.6 | 28.1 | 26.3 | 26.2 | 24.2 | 23.9 | 22.6 | 24.0 | 24.7 | 25.1 | 27.2 | 25.5 |
| | Difference from Normal | 1.1 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 0.8 | -0.1 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.9 | -0.5 | -0.6 | 0.1 | -0.6 | |
| 2003 | Mean | 27.7 | 28.1 | 27.9 | 27.2 | 26.5 | 25.4 | 23.9 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 23.9 | 25.5 | 26.7 | 25.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -0.3 | -0.1 | |
| 2004 | Mean | 26.9 | 28.6 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.3 | 24.6 | 23.9 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 24.0 | 25.3 | 26.5 | 25.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | 0.5 | -0.9 | 0.1 | -0.6 | -1.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 2005 | Mean | 27.8 | 28.6 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 26.5 | 25.0 | 24.1 | 24.0 | 23.5 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 26.3 | 25.9 |
| | Difference from Normal | -0.4 | -0.9 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.5 | 0.0 | -0.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 | |
| 2006 | Mean | 27.7 | 27.1 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.3 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 24.1 | 25.1 | 26.7 | 25.7 |
| | Difference from Normal | -0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.4 | -1.2 | 0.5 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | |
| 2007 | Mean | 27.7 | 28.6 | 27.2 | 26.8 | 26.2 | 25.3 | 24.3 | 23.8 | 23.6 | 24.0 | 25.5 | 26.1 | 25.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | 0.3 | 0.9 | -0.6 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.3 | -0.5 | |
| 2008 | Mean | 26.8 | 27.7 | 27.2 | 27.0 | 26.4 | 25.2 | 23.6 | 23.5 | 23.9 | 24.3 | 26.1 | 27.7 | 25.8 |
| | Difference from Normal | -0.6 | 0.0 | -0.6 | -0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.1 | |
| 2009 | Mean | 29.5 | 28.5 | 28.7 | 28.3 | 27.1 | 26.1 | 25.1 | 24.1 | 24.1 | 24.8 | 25.8 | 27.6 | 26.6 |
| | Difference from Normal | 2.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.0 | |
| 2010 | Mean | 28.2 | 29.0 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 27.7 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 24.7 | 24.0 | 25.0 | 26.2 | 27.2 | 26.7 |
| | Difference from Normal | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.6 | |
| ean 197 | 1 - 2000 | 27.4 | 27.7 | 27.8 | 27.1 | 26.1 | 25.0 | 24.0 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 24.1 | 25.2 | 26.6 | 25.7 |

Source: Meteorological Services

Table 4.25 - Percentage distribution of households by type of water supply and other amenities available, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses.

| | Amenity available | Housing | Censuses |
|------------------------|---|----------|----------|
| | - | 2000 (%) | 2011 (%) |
| 1.Water supply | | | |
| | (i) Piped water inside house | 83.7 | 94.2 |
| | (ii) Piped water outside on premises | 14.5 | 5.2 |
| | (iii) Public fountain, well, rivers, etc. | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| 2. Availability of wat | er tank / Reservoir | 36.4 | 49.5 |
| 3. Bathroom | | | |
| | (i) With running water | 89.0 | 95.5 |
| | (ii) Without running water | 10.1 | 4.0 |
| | (iii) None | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| 4. Toilet | | | |
| | (i) Flush toilet | 88.8 | 96.4 |
| | (ii) Pit latrine | 11.0 | 3.4 |
| | (iii) Other and None | 0.2 | 0.2 |

CHAPTER 5

LAND

Table 5.1 - Land use by category, 1995 and 2005

| | 199 | 95 | 2005 ¹ | | Change | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | Hectares | % | Hectares | % | Hectares | % |
| Sugar cane plantations (Source SIFB) | 76,840 | 41.2 | 72,000 | 38.6 | -4,840 | -6.3 |
| Tea plantations (Source Tea Board) | 3,660 | 2.0 | 674 | 0.4 | -2,986 | -81.6 |
| Other agricultural activities | 6,000 | 3.2 | 8,000 | 4.3 | 2,000 | 33.3 |
| Total agricultural land | 86,500 | 46.4 | 80,674 | 43.2 | -5,826 | |
| Forests, scrubs & grazing lands | 57,000 | 30.6 | 47,200 | 25.3 | -9,800 | -17.2 |
| Infrastructure | 4,000 | 2.1 | 4,500 | 2.4 | 500 | 12.5 |
| Inland water resource systems | 2,600 | 1.4 | 2,900 | 1.6 | 300 | 11.5 |
| Built-up areas | 36,400 | 19.5 | 46,500 | 24.9 | 10,100 | 27.7 |
| Abandoned cane fields | | | 4,726 | 2.5 | | |
| Total | 186,500 | 100.0 | 186,500 | 100.0 | | |

Source: Stocktaking and Stakeholders Consultation - Climate Change Activities Report, National Climate Committee Mauritius Meterological Services, Republic of Mauritius, 2006

1 Estimates

Figure 17 - Land use by Category, 2005

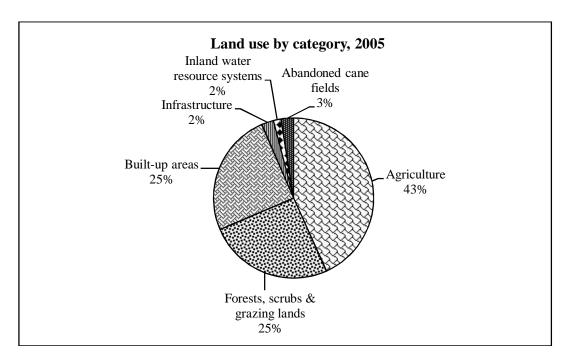


Table 5.2 - Effective area under cultivation of sugar cane, tea and tobacco, 2008 – 2010

| | 3 | | Hectares |
|-----------|--------|--------|----------|
| Crops | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Sugarcane | 65,710 | 64,120 | 62,100 |
| Tea | 701 | 713 | 698 |
| Tobacco | 256 | 230 | 210 |

Figure 18 - Effective area under cultivation, 2008 - 2010

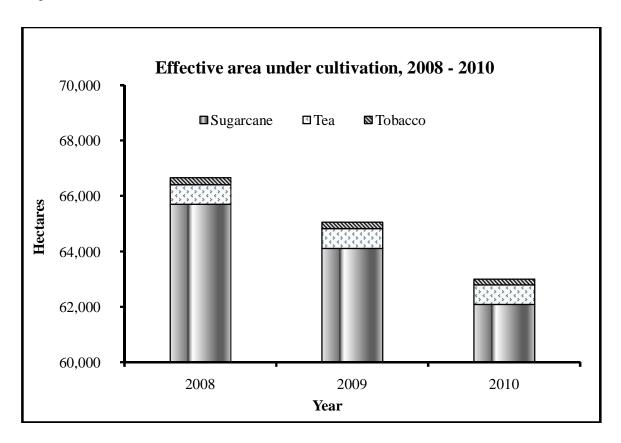


Table 5.3 - Road network, 2001 - 2010

| | | Length | of roads (km) | | | % of | Density of total | Number of |
|------|-----------|------------|--------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|---|----------------------------|
| Year | Motorways | Main roads | Secondary roads | Other roads | Total | roads paved | network in km per sq km ¹ | vehicles per km of road |
| 2001 | 60 | 950 | 592 | 398 | 2,000 | 98 | 1.07 | 128 |
| 2002 | 60 | 950 | 592 | 398 | 2,000 | 98 | 1.07 | 133 |
| 2003 | 75 | 950 | 592 | 398 | 2,015 | 98 | 1.08 | 137 |
| 2004 | 75 | 955 | 592 | 398 | 2,020 | 98 | 1.08 | 144 |
| 2005 | 75 | 955 | 592 | 398 | 2,020 | 98 | 1.08 | 151 |
| 2006 | 75 | 955 | 593 | 398 | 2,021 | 98 | 1.08 | 158 |
| 2007 | 75 | 962 | 593 | 398 | 2,028 | 98 | 1.09 | 165 |
| 2008 | 75 | 962 | 593 | 398 | 2,028 | 98 | 1.09 | 173 |
| 2009 | 75 | 1000 | 593 | 398 | 2,066 | 98 | 1.11 | 177 |
| 2010 | | | | | 2,080 | | 1.11 | 185 |

¹ density of total network in km per sq km is the ratio of the total number of km of roads to the area of Mauritius (1,865 sq km)

Table 5.4 - Number of accidents by severity of accident, 2001 - 2010

| _ | | | Severity (| of accident | |
|------|--------------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------|
| Year | Fatal ¹ | Serious | Slight | No injury | Total |
| 2001 | 112 | 218 | 2,147 | 16,040 | 18,517 |
| 2002 | 144 | 162 | 1,852 | 15,846 | 18,022 |
| 2003 | 121 | 211 | 1,729 | 17,177 | 19,178 |
| 2004 | 131 | 184 | 1,845 | 17,335 | 19,495 |
| 2005 | 116 | 295 | 1,733 | 20,410 | 22,554 |
| 2006 | 122 | 296 | 1,529 | 18,295 | 20,242 |
| 2007 | 133 | 403 | 1,654 | 18,329 | 20,519 |
| 2008 | 162 | 380 | 1,681 | 18,650 | 20,873 |
| 2009 | 140 | 516 | 3,005 | 15,881 | 19,542 |
| 2010 | 158 | 587 | 2,930 | 17,581 | 21,256 |

 $^{^{1}}$ Prior to 2002, a fatal accident was defined as an accident where death occurred within 7 days . As from 2002 a fatal accident is defined as an accident where death occurred within 30 days.

Table 5.5 - Imports of fertilizers and pesticides, 2001 - 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | Tonnes |
|--------------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 ¹ | 2010 ² |
| Fertilizers | 68,966 | 43,877 | 64,081 | 48,749 | 61,605 | 55,313 | 45,336 | 46,677 | 57,169 | 46,254 |
| Pesticides | 1,824 | 1,959 | 2,222 | 2,072 | 2,141 | 2,387 | 1,965 | 2,249 | 2,324 | 2,606 |
| Insecticides | 605 | 755 | 809 | 642 | 707 | 1,288 | 648 | 645 | 837 | 1,169 |
| Fungicides | 177 | 199 | 201 | 210 | 242 | 188 | 212 | 210 | 207 | 239 |
| Weedkillers | 1,042 | 1,005 | 1,212 | 1,220 | 1,192 | 911 | 1,105 | 1,394 | 1,280 | 1,198 |
| 1 Revised | 2 | provisional | | | | | | | | |

Figure 19 - Imports of fertilisers and pesticides, 2001 - 2010

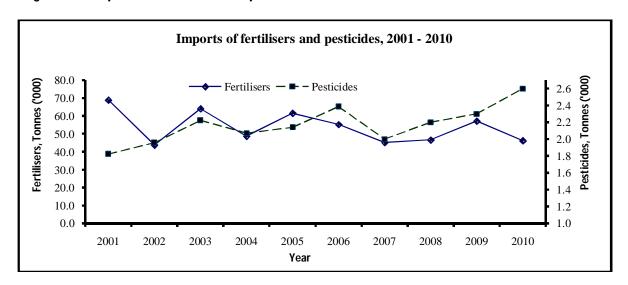


Table 5.6 - Imports of fertilizers, 2008 - 2010

| Year | Quantity | Va | alue |
|------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| | (tonnes) | FOB (Rs million) | CIF (Rs million) |
| 2008 | 46,677 | 783.7 | 935.2 |
| 2009 | 57,169 | 712.8 | 832.2 |
| 2010 | 46,254 | 487.1 | 585.7 |

FOB: Free on board CIF: Cost, Insurance, Freight

Figure 20 - Imports of fertilizers, 2008 - 2010

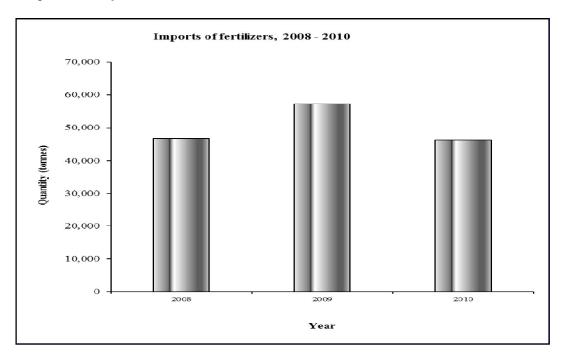


Table 5.7 - Land under irrigation, 2003–2010

| | | | | Hectares |
|------------------|----------|---------|-------|----------|
| Year | Overhead | Surface | Drip | Total |
| 2003 | 17,706 | 2,032 | 1,881 | 21,619 |
| 2004 | 17,548 | 1,837 | 2,032 | 21,417 |
| 2005 | 16,761 | 1,768 | 2,129 | 20,658 |
| 2006 | 17,576 | 1,737 | 2,109 | 21,422 |
| 2007 | 17,602 | 1,618 | 2,101 | 21,321 |
| 2008 | 18,264 | 1,053 | 2,140 | 21,457 |
| 2009 | 18,818 | 875 | 1,850 | 21,543 |
| 2010 | 17,023 | 714 | 2,110 | 19,847 |
| (By region) 2010 | | | | |
| North | 5,895 | 373 | 1,132 | 7,400 |
| East | 2,939 | - | 244 | 3,183 |
| Centre | 449 | - | - | 449 |
| West | 3,672 | 341 | 173 | 4,186 |
| South | 4,068 | - | 561 | 4,629 |

7

Table 5.8 - Number of permits ¹ and floor area by region, 2005 – 2010

| Darian | 20 | 005 | 20 | 06 | 20 | 07 | 20 | 08 | 20 | 09 | 20 | 10 |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Region | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) |
| Urban areas | 2,902 | 556,974 | 3,560 | 650,202 | 3,048 | 639,398 | 2,617 | 571,730 | 2,546 | 634,853 | 2,491 | 436,682 |
| Port Louis | 642 | 162,633 | 894 | 172,647 | 746 | 140,920 | 577 | 109,089 | 596 | 128,193 | 499 | 94,586 |
| Beau Bassin - Rose Hill | 505 | 87,932 | 440 | 76,880 | 454 | 69,200 | 414 | 66,918 | 489 | 87,592 | 300 | 40,447 |
| Curepipe | 486 | 69,360 | 534 | 82,975 | 463 | 66,081 | 340 | 41,808 | 347 | 55,040 | 312 | 64,964 |
| Quatre Bornes | 570 | 114,620 | 569 | 157,931 | 466 | 175,162 | 479 | 220,144 | 392 | 247,363 | 422 | 90,252 |
| Vacoas - Phoenix | 699 | 122,429 | 1,123 | 159,769 | 919 | 188,035 | 807 | 133,771 | 722 | 116,665 | 958 | 146,433 |
| Rural areas | 5,088 | 866,064 | 5,130 | 918,479 | 6,052 | 1,320,195 | 5,026 | 995,153 | 4,881 | 1,060,091 | 4,862 | 985,335 |
| Pamplemousses | 914 | 159,098 | 866 | 142,443 | 808 | 154,881 | 575 | 94,899 | 687 | 128,579 | 731 | 137,568 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 773 | 142,013 | 781 | 131,390 | 1,041 | 242,050 | 692 | 166,758 | 906 | 186,620 | 777 | 164,676 |
| Flacq | 1,007 | 137,560 | 986 | 173,616 | 1,181 | 205,193 | 908 | 148,582 | 687 | 96,721 | 692 | 108,715 |
| Grand Port Savanne | 576 548 | 76,560 85,765 | 708 664 | 120,150 93,563 | 697 801 | 135,810 124,666 | 720 645 | 99,518 92,095 | 634 617 | 144,078 85,565 | 685 580 | 100,274 77,846 |
| Plaines Wilhems Moka | 40 571 | 5,287 71,606 | 63 632 | 10,513 117,818 | 35 611 | 6,613 138,233 | 53 441 | 6,525 81,634 | 34 406 | 4,333 71,522 | 46 367 | 6,002 70,395 |
| Black River | 659 | 188,175 | 430 | 128,986 | 878 | 312,749 | 992 | 305,142 | 910 | 342,673 | 984 | 319,859 |
| Total | 7,990 | 1,423,038 | 8,690 | 1,568,681 | 9,100 | 1,959,593 | 7,643 | 1,566,883 | 7,427 | 1,694,944 | 7,353 | 1,422,017 |

^Tincludes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities and Districts Councils

Table 5.9 - Number of permits ¹ and floor area by type of building, 2006 – 2010

| _ | 200 |)6 | 2 | 007 | 200 |)8 | 2 | 2009 | 2010 | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Type of building | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) | No of permits issued | Floor area (m²) |
| Residential | 8,122 | 1,250,115 | 8,133 | 1,292,860 | 7,010 | 1,124,110 | 6,896 | 1,158,832 | 6,871 | 1,189,726 |
| New buildings | 4,611 | 884,513 | 4,740 | 932,465 | 3,915 | 802,112 | 3,888 | 834,622 | 4,047 | 882,368 |
| Additions | 3,511 | 365,602 | 3,393 | 360,395 | 3,095 | 321,998 | 3,008 | 324,210 | 2,824 | 307,358 |
| Non residential | 568 | 318,566 | 967 | 666,733 | 633 | 442,773 | 531 | 536,112 | 482 | 232,291 |
| Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing | 23 | 16,184 | 62 | 47,372 | 39 | 24,932 | 17 | 2,304 | 34 | 23,473 |
| Manufacturing | 31 | 37,857 | 98 | 191,190 | 64 | 66,895 | 36 | 28,084 | 22 | 8,508 |
| Electricity and water | 2 | 877 | - | - | 3 | 2,157 | 1 | 1,122 | - | - |
| Construction | - | - | 4 | 11,360 | 2 | 3,908 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Wholesale and retail trade, restaurant and hotels | 386 | 172,071 | 575 | 225,275 | 385 | 131,408 | 33 | 336,286 | 306 | 119,194 |
| Transport, storage & communication | 14 | 13,170 | 32 | 15,316 | 39 | 29,294 | 43 | 76,464 | 24 | 8,746 |
| Banking, insurance and real estate | 38 | 49,973 | 67 | 112,226 | 42 | 139,489 | 33 | 67,745 | 46 | 53,804 |
| Community, social & personal services | 74 | 28,434 | 129 | 63,994 | 59 | 44,690 | 67 | 24,107 | 50 | 18,566 |
| Total | 8,690 | 1,568,681 | 9,100 | 1,959,593 | 7,643 | 1,566,883 | 7,427 | 1,694,944 | 7,353 | 1,422,017 |

99

^T includes new buildings and additions for which permits have been issued by Municipalities and District Councils

Table 5.10 - Solid waste input by type at Mare Chicose landfill site, 2005 – 2010

| Waste type | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Construction | 3,756 | 1,109 | 502 | 2,065 | 671 | 2,394 |
| Domestic | 363,776 | 387,751 | 365,824 | 373,860 | 389,999 | 402,816 |
| Industrial (inc. textile) | 2,340 | 2,619 | 2,157 | 1,798 | 1,470 | 1,572 |
| Tuna/Sludge | 5,913 | 8,056 | 13,077 | 12,148 | 9,126 | 10,949 |
| Poultry | 3,930 | 3,752 | 3,387 | 6,867 | 7,209 | 6,339 |
| Rubber tyres | 394 | 465 | 223 | 347 | 365 | 481 |
| Asbestos | 85 | 14 | 260 | 32 | 26 | 44 |
| Condemned goods | 2,114 | 3,265 | 2,036 | 2,361 | 1,164 | 1,388 |
| Difficult and hazardous | 22 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 42 |
| Paper waste | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| Others | - | - | 6,648 | 5 | 5,918 | 1,771 |
| TOTAL | 382,330 | 407,039 | 394,118 | 399,488 | 415,948 | 427,802 |

Source: Ministry for Local Government and Outer Islands.

Table 5.11 – Solid waste input by type at Mare Chicose landfill site, 2010

| | • | | • | , ,, | | | | | | | | | Tonnes |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Waste type | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| Domestic | 38,068 | 35,332 | 35,480 | 33,429 | 31,180 | 32,043 | 31,885 | 31,972 | 31,305 | 31,619 | 32,816 | 37,685 | 402,816 |
| Textile | 54 | 33 | 27 | 46 | 34 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 34 | 35 | 23 | 32 | 432 |
| Poultry | 459 | 437 | 516 | 413 | 425 | 521 | 617 | 594 | 582 | 553 | 600 | 620 | 6,339 |
| Tuna/Sludge | 834 | 694 | 910 | 905 | 769 | 877 | 688 | 744 | 818 | 1229 | 1226 | 1255 | 10,949 |
| Rubber tyres | 37 | 38 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 48 | 42 | 53 | 35 | 52 | 30 | 46 | 481 |
| Industrial | 83 | 91 | 145 | 211 | 150 | 72 | 54 | 84 | 65 | 59 | 65 | 61 | 1,140 |
| Construction waste | - | 6 | 39 | 40 | 18 | 135 | 164 | 321 | 385 | 203 | 369 | 715 | 2,394 |
| Asbestos | - | 4 | - | 2 | 9 | - | 21 | 4 | - | - | - | 4 | 44 |
| Condemned goods | 291 | 48 | 196 | 176 | 64 | 90 | 100 | 91 | 96 | 115 | 65 | 56 | 1,388 |
| Difficult and hazardeous | - | - | 6 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 7 | - | 0 | - | - | 21 | 42 |
| Paper waste | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 6 |
| Others | - | - | 1771 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1771 |
| Total | 39,827 | 36,686 | 37,362 | 35,267 | 32,697 | 33842 | 33629 | 33904 | 33325 | 33871 | 35208 | 40494 | 427,802 |

Source: Ministry for Local Government and Outer Islands.

Table 5.12 - Number of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Preliminary Environmental Report (PER) licenses granted by type of project, 2007 – 2010

| Profession | | EIA | | | | | PER | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Project – | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 ¹ | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 ¹ |
| Land parcelling (morcellement) | 3 | 12 | 2 | 5 | 5 | - | - | - |
| Poultry rearing | 18 | - | - | - | 19 | 10 | 9 | 3 |
| Industrial development | 11 | - | 7 | 5 | 28 | 16 | 6 | 5 |
| Coastal hotels & related works | - | 8 | 7 | 12 | 23 | - | - | - |
| Livestock rearing | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Housing | - | - | 1 | 1 | 4 | - | - | - |
| Stone crushing plants | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - |
| Development in port area | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Service ("filling") station | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | 13 | 24 | 6 | 17 | 17 | 14 | 16 | 7 |
| Total | 55 | 44 | 23 | 44 | 96 | 40 | 31 | 19 |

Source : Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development.

¹ Provisional.

Table 5.13 - Number of establishments by industrial group, Republic of Mauritius, 2006 – 2010

| 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| <u>218</u> | <u>219</u> | <u>213</u> | <u>216</u> | <u>194</u> |
| 117 | 112 | 106 | 104 | 78 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| 31 | 35 | 32 | 32 | 29 |
| 62 | 64 | 67 | 73 | 80 |
| <u>6</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>5</u> |
| <u>824</u> | <u>838</u> | <u>841</u> | <u>789</u> | <u>730</u> |
| 114 | 115 | 116 | 116 | 112 |
| 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| 291 | 299 | 292 | 256 | 230 |
| 404 | 408 | 417 | 401 | 372 |
| <u>7</u> | <u>8</u> | <u>8</u> | <u>8</u> | 9 |
| <u>90</u> | <u>85</u> | <u>89</u> | <u>98</u> | <u>101</u> |
| <u>364</u> | <u>377</u> | <u>414</u> | <u>413</u> | <u>418</u> |
| 321 | 317 | 337 | 343 | 374 |
| 12 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| 31 | 29 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| <u>151</u> | <u>150</u> | <u>153</u> | <u>160</u> | <u>173</u> |
| <u>105</u> | <u>106</u> | <u>111</u> | <u>117</u> | <u>119</u> |
| <u>77</u> | <u>89</u> | <u>88</u> | <u>90</u> | <u>93</u> |
| <u>217</u> | <u>221</u> | <u>229</u> | <u>256</u> | <u>291</u> |
| <u>154</u> | <u>154</u> | <u>160</u> | <u>162</u> | <u>162</u> |
| <u>175</u> | <u>180</u> | <u>176</u> | <u>176</u> | <u>181</u> |
| <u>41</u> | <u>44</u> | <u>50</u> | <u>52</u> | <u>62</u> |
| <u>82</u> | <u>90</u> | <u>99</u> | <u>101</u> | <u>112</u> |
| 2,511 | 2,566 | 2,636 | 2,644 | 2,650 |
| 2,51 | 1 | 1 2,566 | 1 2,566 2,636 | 1 2,566 2,636 2,644 |

Only large establishments have been considered, i.e those engaging 10 or more persons.

Table 5.14 - List of Proclaimed Public Beaches by districts

| Name | Extent (ha) | Sea Frontage (m) (Approx) |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| PAMPLEMO | | |
| Le Goulet | 3.5 | 470 |
| Ville Valio | 1.3 | 65 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Pointe Oberoi) | 1.2 | 147 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Between Le Meridien & Victoria Hotel) | 1.1 | |
| Pointe aux Piments (Fish Landing Station) | 2.5 | 715 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Main Beach) | 0.2 | 111 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Opposite Aquarium) | 1.4 | 300 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Near Colonial Hotel)) | 0.6 | 244 |
| Pointe aux Piments (Known as Pointe Cimetiere) | 1.3 | |
| Pointe aux Piments (Pointe aux Biches) | 2.6 | 447 |
| Trou aux Biches (Opposite Aquarium) | 2.6 | 700 |
| Frou aux Biches (In front of Police Station) | 0.9 | 73 |
| Frou aux Biches (Opp. Casuarina) | 1.0 | 215 |
| Mon Choisy | 17.3 | 1457 |
| The Vale | 0.3 | 63 |
| RIVIERE DU | REMPART | |
| Grand Baie (NCG Post) | 0.01 | |
| Grand Baie | 1.2 | 336 |
| .a Cuvette | 1.7 | 310 |
| Pereybere | 1.8 | 108 |
| Bain Boeuf | 2.2 | 727 |
| Cap Malheureux | 0.2 | 39 |
| P.G. Union Ribet | 16.9 | 1163 |
| Anse La Raie | 0.6 | 110 |
| Butte a l'Herbe | 8.8 | 560 |
| Belle Vue Cugnet | 0.3 | 156 |
| Belle Vue Cugnet | 0.6 | 198 |
| Belle Vue Cugnet | 0.3 | 62 |
| Grand Gaube | 0.7 | 220 |
| slet Matapan & Pt. of P.G. Melville | 5.0 | 1050 |
| Melville Public Beach | 2.1 | |
| Melville Public Beach | 2.1 | |
| Poudre d'Or | 4.2 | 848 |
| /olke Molke | 0.7 | 167 |
| FLACQ | | |
| Roches Noires | 2.1 | 350 |
| Poste Lafayette | 1.0 | 130 |
| Poste Lafayette (Near Police Memorial) | 7.2 | 620 |
| Poste Lafayette | 0.4 | 30 |
| Bras d'Eau | 2.7 | 650 |
| Part of P.G Choisy | 1.7 | 200 |
| Belle Mare (Part of P.G) | 0.3 | 280 |
| Belle Mare (Main Beach) | 17.4 | 1500 |
| Belle Mare (Near Residence Hotel) | 8.4 | 430 |
| Belle Mare (Near Residence Thalassa Hotel) | 3.0 | 210 |
| Palmar (Near Ambre Hotel) | 1.1 | 150 |
| Palmar (Near Surcouf Hotel) | 0.6 | 230 |
| Palmar (Main Beach) | 18.5 | 1400 |
| Quatres Cocos Village (Near Carro Bringel) | 0.3 | 100 |
| Trou d'Eau Douce (Near Le Tropical Hotel) | 0.9 | 360 |
| Trou d'Eau Douce (Four a Chaux) | 3.2 | 750 |
| Grand River South East | 0.5 | 110 |

Table 5.14 Con't - List of Proclaimed Public Beaches by districts

| Name | Extent (ha) | Sea Frontage (m) (Approx) |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| GRAND PORT | | |
| Grand Sable | 0.1 | 15 |
| Grand Sable | 0.1 | 66 |
| Pointe du Diable | 0.2 | 71 |
| Pointe des Bambous | 0.1 | 148 |
| Bois des Amourettes | 1.0 | 275 |
| Old Grand Port | 0.2 | 59 |
| Riviere des Creoles | 0.4 | 257 |
| Pointe Canon | 1.0 | 400 |
| Mahebourg Village (Portion No.2) | 0.2 | 107 |
| Remy Ollier Square(Portion No.1) | 0.4 | 180 |
| Blue Bay | 4.8 | 400 |
| La Cambuse | 5.5 | 692 |
| Le Bouchon | 11.0 | 1475 |
| | | |
| Pont Naturel | 0.8 | 163 |
| Le Souffleur | 2.1 | 180 |
| P.G Petit Sable | 0.8 | |
| P.G Anse Jonchee | 0.1 | |
| P.G Anse Jonchee | 0.2 | |
| P.G Anse Jonchee | 0.2 | |
| SAVANNE | | |
| Terracine | 6.1 | 1048 |
| Gris Gris | 3.8 | 220 |
| Telfair | 1.4 | 285 |
| Surinam | 0.3 | 100 |
| Near Souillac Cemetery | 1.3 | 885 |
| Saint Felix | 0.6 | 391 |
| Saint Felix | 6.7 | 819 |
| Riviere des Galets | 11.6 | 1530 |
| Bel Ombre | 6.5 | 579 |
| BLACK RIVER | | |
| La Prairie | 2.2 | 300 |
| P.G L'Embrazure | 4.7 | 1930 |
| Le Morne Brabant | 21.5 | 1900 |
| P.G Le Morne (Pte Sud Ouest) | 0.5 | 40 |
| P.G Le Morne (Berjaya Hotel) | 5.3 | 500 |
| P.G. Comptesse La Marque | 8.9 | |
| La Preneuse | 0.5 | 83 |
| Tamarin | 2.2 | 410 |
| Wolmar | 1.3 | 50 |
| Flic en Flac (Wolmar (Near Pearl Beach Hotel) | | 1795 |
| | 12.8 | |
| Flic en Flac (Near Manisa Hotel) | 2.1 | 545 513 |
| Flic en Flac (Opposite Restaurant Ocean) | 2.1 | 512 |
| P.G Anna | 0.4 | 105 |
| P. G Albion | 1.9 | 205 |
| P.G. Mon Plaisir | 211 | 250 |
| Petit Verger | 0.2 | 62 |
| Petit Verger | 0.2 | 50 |
| Pointe aux Sables | 1.1 | 88 |
| Pointe aux Sables (near Fisheries Post and Training Centre) | 0.3 | 68 |
| Pointe aux Sables (Martello Tower) | 0.6 | |
| PORT LOUIS | | |
| | | |

Source: Beach Authority

Table 5.15 - Rating of the state of the environment by head of household surveyed, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2001, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Situation | | Percentage | of households hav | ing rated the s | situation as : | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|
| | Very Good | Good | Satisfactory | Poor | Bad | Total |
| Vicinity of house | 3.4 | 34.3 | 38.0 | 17.5 | 6.8 | 100.0 |
| Rivers/riverside | 0.7 | 17.4 | 32.3 | 33.2 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| Industrial/commercial sites | 0.6 | 21.0 | 40.8 | 26.4 | 11.2 | 100.0 |
| Beaches | 5.6 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 10.3 | 3.5 | 100.0 |
| Country in general | 1.6 | 24.4 | 48.4 | 19.8 | 5.8 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2001

Table 5.16 – Percentage distribution of households surveyed by specified environment problem, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2002, (Republic of Mauritius)

| | | Percentage of househo | old affected | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Environmental problem | Not affected at all | Affected to some extent | Seriously affected | Total |
| Dumping of solid waste | 80.4 | 12.8 | 6.8 | 100.0 |
| Waste/stagnant water | 83.1 | 10.8 | 6.1 | 100.0 |
| Stray dogs | 62.1 | 25.6 | 12.3 | 100.0 |
| Breeding of animals by neighbours | 89.6 | 7.5 | 2.9 | 100.0 |
| Rats/mice | 64.9 | 26.3 | 8.8 | 100.0 |
| Presence of crows | 90.8 | 6.8 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
| Traffic noise | 75.7 | 18.0 | 6.3 | 100.0 |
| Industrial noise | 95.2 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 100.0 |
| Other noise | 86.8 | 9.8 | 3.4 | 100.0 |
| Smoke/dust | 81.7 | 13.0 | 5.3 | 100.0 |
| Odours | 83.1 | 10.8 | 6.1 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2002

Table 5.17 - Distribution of households surveyed by methods of carrying goods purchased, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2002, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Method of carrying goods purchased | Number of households | % |
|--|----------------------|-------|
| Plastic bags provided and own bag/basket | 4,414 | 70.1 |
| Only plastic bags provided | 1,388 | 22.0 |
| Own bag/basket only | 498 | 7.9 |
| Total | 6,300 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2002

Table 5.18 - Percentage distribution of households by response on solid waste issues, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2007, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Household Response | Yes (%) | No (%) |
|---|---------|--------|
| (i) Prepared to separate waste | 87.8 | 12.2 |
| (ii) Prepared to transport by own means | 23.5 | 76.5 |
| (iii) Satisfied with waste collection | 72.3 | 27.7 |
| (iv) Aware that waste can be composted | 70.7 | 29.3 |
| (v) Do composting | 65.0 | 35.0 |
| (vi) Prepared to make compost | 52.2 | 47.8 |

Source: CSO, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2007

Table 5.19 - Percentage distribution of households by environmental issues, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2007, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Awareness of Environmental programmes | Yes (%) | No (%) |
|--|---------|--------|
| (i) Aware of Environmental Programmes on | | |
| Radio | 82.5 | 17.5 |
| Television | 84.3 | 15.7 |
| (ii) Listened to or watched Environmental Programmes | | |
| Radio | 70.2 | 29.8 |
| Television | 72.8 | 27.2 |
| 2. Participation in Clean up Campaigns | | |
| Participated in Clean up Campaigns | 20.0 | 80.0 |
| 3. PET Bins | | |
| (i) Used bins | 35.3 | 64.7 |
| (ii) Reason for not using bins | | |
| a. Not aware | 25.4 | 74.6 |
| b. Not accessible/too far | 39.1 | 60.9 |
| c. No transport available | 7.1 | 92.9 |
| d. Not interested | 4.0 | 96.0 |
| 4. Plastic bags | | |
| Used for shopping | | |
| (i) Own bag | 96.1 | 3.9 |
| (ii) Plastic bag provided/sold by sellers | 69.7 | 30.3 |

Source: CSO, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2007

Table 5.20 – Areal estimates for the various Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA) by type and sub category, 2009

| | | Estimated Area (ha) | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------|
| ESA Type | Mauritius | Rodrigues | TOTAL |
| Seagrass & mixed Algae | 3,278 | 17,765 | 21,043 |
| Sparse Seagrass | 1,401 | | |
| Frequent Seagrass | 957 | | |
| Abundant Seagrass | 722 | | |
| Dense Seagrass | 198 | | |
| Coral reefs | 6,306 | 7,005 | 13,311 |
| Reef flat | 2,485 | | |
| Sparse Corals | 787 | | |
| Frequent Corals | 1,559 | | |
| Abundant Corals | 732 | | |
| Dense Corals | 743 | | |
| Mangrove | 145 | 24 | 169 |
| Sparse Mangrove | 5 | | |
| Frequent Mangrove | 28 | | |
| Abundant Mangrove | 70 | | |
| Dense Mangrove | 42 | | |
| Mud Flats | 919 | 656 | 1,575 |
| Offshore Islets | 1,269 | 181 | 1,450 |
| Volcanic | 1,139 | 22 | |
| Sand | 94 | 34 | |
| Calcarenitic limestone | 36 | 125 | |
| Coastal Freshwater Marshlands | 406 | | 406 |
| Upland Marsh | 65 | | 65 |
| Forests with Native Content | 8,700 | | 8,700 |
| Very High Quality (Grade 1) | 490 | | -, -, |
| High Quality (Grade 2) | 1,162 | | |
| Low Quality (Grade 3) | 7,048 | | |
| Steep Slopes | 45,210 | 8,051 | 53,261 |
| Moderately Steep (10 - 20%) | 16,352 | 3,078 | 33,20 |
| Steep to Very Steep (> 20%) | 28,858 | 4,973 | |

Figure 21: Map of Areal estimates for the various Environmentally Sensitive Areas by type and sub category, 2009

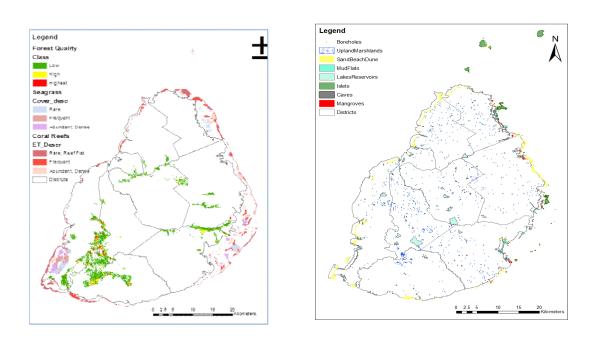
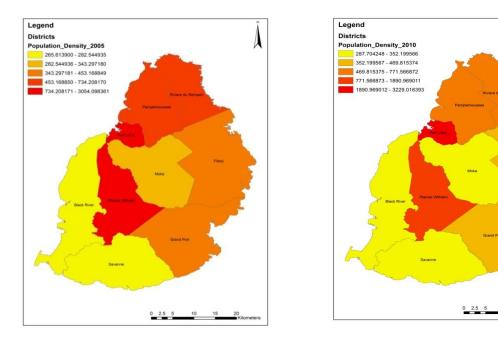


Figure 22: Population Density by district, 2005 – 2010



Source: Environmentally Sensitive Areas and Classification Report, Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development, Republic of Mauritius, 2009

Table 5.21 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by type of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Vehicle type | Yes (%) | No (%) | Total (%) |
|----------------------|---------|--------|-----------|
| Motorcycle | 24.6 | 75.4 | 100.0 |
| Car | 20.1 | 79.9 | 100.0 |
| Dual Purpose Vehicle | 2.3 | 97.7 | 100.0 |
| Van | 4.4 | 95.6 | 100.0 |
| Truck | 1.1 | 98.9 | 100.0 |
| Other | 0.4 | 99.6 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO - Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey ,2009

Table 5.22 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed reporting on average kilometres travelled per year by type of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi - Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

| | Average kilometres travelled | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-------|
| Vehicle type | <10,000 | 10,000 - 15,000 | 15,001 - 20,000 | >20,000 | |
| Motorcycle/autocycle gasoline | 72.6 | 19.3 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 100.0 |
| Car gasoline | 37.7 | 33.6 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 100.0 |
| Car gasoline/gas | 24.2 | 24.2 | 24.2 | 27.4 | 100.0 |
| Car diesel | 22.1 | 41.3 | 11.5 | 25.0 | 100.0 |
| Car blended ethanol | - | - | - | - | - |
| Car other fuel | 44.4 | 22.2 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 100.0 |
| Dual Purpose Vehicle gasoline | 20.0 | 32.0 | 20.0 | 28.0 | 100.0 |
| Dual Purpose Vehicle gasoline/gas | - | 16.7 | 33.3 | 50.0 | 100.0 |
| Dual Purpose Vehicle diesel | 26.1 | 31.1 | 18.5 | 24.4 | 100.0 |
| Dual Purpose blended ethanol | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dual Purpose Vehicle other fuel, | - | 100.0 | - | - | 100.0 |
| Van gasoline | 40.6 | 33.3 | 17.4 | 8.7 | 100.0 |
| Van gasoline/gas | 33.3 | 22.2 | 22.2 | 22.2 | 100.0 |
| Van diesel | 27.6 | 28.6 | 18.6 | 25.1 | 100.0 |
| Van blended ethanol | 50.0 | - | - | 50.0 | 100.0 |
| Van other fuel | - | - | - | - | - |
| Truck diesel | 15.3 | 27.8 | 22.2 | 34.7 | 100.0 |
| Other vehicle and fuel | 37.5 | 16.7 | 4.2 | 41.7 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO - Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2009

Table 5.23 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by awareness of global environmental challenges, Continuous Multi - Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Environmental Challenge | Yes (%) | No (%) | Total |
|---|---------|--------|-------|
| Climate change (e.g impacts such as abnormal weather, flooding, cyclone, sea level rise, coastal erosion, etc) | 82.7 | 17.3 | 100.0 |
| Ozone layer depletion (e.g use of substances that deplete ozone layer such as sprays, refrigerators, air conditioned. Also impacts such as skin burnt, skin cancer, eye cataract, etc | 49.8 | 50.2 | 100.0 |
| Loss of biodiversity (e.g deforestation, extinction of animals, plants, habitat loss, etc) | 46.2 | 53.8 | 100.0 |
| Other (e.g pollutions, oil spills etc) | 29.5 | 70.5 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO - Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2009

Table 5.24 - Percentage distribution of households surveyed by type and number of vehicles owned, Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) 2009, (Republic of Mauritius)

| Type Number | Motorcycle/Autocycle | Car | Dual Purpose | Van | Truck | Other |
|----------------|----------------------|------|--------------|------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 75.4 | 79.9 | 97.7 | 95.6 | 98.9 | 99.6 |
| 1 | 23.1 | 18.4 | 2.3 | 4.3 | 1.1 | 0.3 |
| 2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 3 or more | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Source: CSO - Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey, 2009

CHAPTER 6

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

Table 6.1 - Main environment and socio - economic indicators, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 and 2010

| | Units | 2001 | 2010 ¹ |
|--|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| nvironment indicators | | | |
| 1. Total land area | 000 ha | 204.0 | 204. |
| 2. Irrigated land | ha | 21,631 | 19,84 |
| 3. Forest area (as a % of total land area) | % | 30.4 | 25 |
| 4. Land protected areas | ha | 13,973 | 14,85 |
| 5. Marine protected areas | ha | 7,190 | 7,21 |
| 6. Threatened plant species (IUCN Red List) | Number | *** | 8 |
| 7. Threatened animal species (IUCN Red List) | Number | *** | ϵ |
| 8. Total fish catch | tons | 8,794 | 7,50 |
| 9. Mean catch per fisherman day | kg | 4.5 | 6 |
| 10. Total Carbon dioxide emission | 000 tons | 2,597.7 | 3,583 |
| 11. Per capita carbon dioxide emission | tons | 2.2 | 2 |
| 12. Mean annual rainfall | millimetres | 1,891 | 1,80 |
| 13. Annual fresh water abstraction | Mm^3 | 677 | 63 |
| 14. Daily per capita domestic water consumption | litres | 158 | 10 |
| 15. Daily per capita solid waste generated (estimate) | Kg | 0.7 | C |
| 16. Total electricity production | GWh | 1,911 | 2,6 |
| 17. Per capita primary energy requirement | toe | 1.0 | 1 |
| 18. Per capita final energy consumption | toe | 0.7 | C |
| | toe per Rs | | |
| 10 Francischensik | 100,000 | 17 | - |
| 19. Energy intensity | GDP | 1.7 | 1 |
| ocio - economic indicators | _ | | |
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices | Rs mn | 134,392 | 299,1 |
| Sectoral contribution to GDP | 04 | | , |
| Agriculture | % | 6.9 | 3 |
| Manufacturing | % | 22.5 | 18 |
| Construction | % | 5.2 | 6 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | % | 10.9 | 11 |
| Hotels and restaurants | % | 6.9 | 7 |
| Transport and communications | % | 12.8 | 1/ |
| Financial intermediation and business services | % | 8.0 | 10 |
| Other | % | 26.8 | 33 |
| 3. GDP annual growth rate (basic prices) | % Do | 4.6 | 222.4 |
| 4. Per capita GDP at market prices | Rs | 111,977 | 233,4 |
| 5. Per capita GDP in US dollars6. Investment (GDFCF) | US\$ Rs mn | 3,852 29,981 | 7,5 74,3 |
| 6. Investment (GDFCF)7. Exports (f.o.b) (include ship's stores and bunkers) | Rs mn | 47,511 | 69,5 |
| 8. Imports (c.i.f) | Rs mn | 57,940 | 135,3 |
| 9. Population | Number | 1,199,881 | 1,280,9 |
| 10. Population annual growth rate | % | 1,177,001 | 1,200,9 |
| 11. Population density (per kilometre square) | Number | 609 | 6 |
| 12. Total labour force ² | 000 | | 603 |
| | | 538.5 | |
| 13. Total employment ² | 000 | 493.6 | 558 |
| Agriculture (as a % of total) | % v | 11.0 | 20 |
| Manufacturing (as a % of total) | % | 28.6 | 20 |
| 14. Unemployment rate ² | % | 6.9 | 7 |
| 15. Inflation rate | % | 5.4 | 2 |
| 16. Tourist arrivals | 000 | 660.0 | 934 |

Table 6.2 - Evolution of the population by urban¹/rural residence and sex between the 1990 and 2000 censuses

| | 19 | 990 census ² | | 20 | 000 census ² | | Intercensa | l increase |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|---------|------------|-------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|
| Urban\Rural Residence | Both sexes | Male | Female | Both sexes | Male | Female | Number | Annual average (%) |
| Island of Mauritius | 1,022,456 | 510,676 | 511,780 | 1,143,069 | 566,056 | 577,013 | 120,613 | 1.12 |
| Urban population | 414,242 | 206,104 | 208,138 | 503,045 | 247,844 | 255,201 | 88,803 | 1.96 |
| Port Louis | 132,460 | 65,873 | 66,587 | 144,303 | 71,720 | 72,583 | 11,843 | 0.86 |
| Beau-Bassin/Rose Hill | 91,518 | 45,497 | 46,021 | 103,872 | 50,730 | 53,142 | 12,354 | 1.27 |
| Quatre Bornes | 68,398 | 33,875 | 34,523 | 75,884 | 37,306 | 38,578 | 7,486 | 1.04 |
| Vacoas/Phoenix | 56,452 | 28,235 | 28,217 | 100,066 | 49,452 | 50,614 | 43,614 | 5.89 |
| Curepipe | 65,414 | 32,624 | 32,790 | 78,920 | 38,636 | 40,284 | 13,506 | 1.89 |
| Rural population | 608,214 | 304,572 | 303,642 | 640,024 | 318,212 | 321,812 | 31,810 | 0.51 |

^T Urban population refers to the population in the five Municipal Council Areas defined according to proclaimed boundaries, altered in 1963 (Proclamation No 12 and 13) and subsequently enlarged in 1965 (Proclamation No 23), 1967 (Proclamation No 2) and in 1990 (Proclamation No 8)

Table 6.3 - Evolution of the population by geographical district and sex between the 1990 and 2000 censuses

| | 1 | 990 census ¹ | | 2 | 2000 census ¹ | | Intercensal increase | |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Geographical district | Both sexes | Male | Female | Both sexes | Male | Female | Number | Annual average (%) |
| Port Louis | 133,073 | 66,179 | 66,894 | 127,855 | 63,458 | 64,397 | -5,218 | -0.40 |
| Pamplemousses | 101,666 | 51,212 | 50,454 | 122,252 | 60,533 | 61,719 | 20,586 | 1.86 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 86,779 | 43,362 | 43,417 | 98,854 | 49,116 | 49,738 | 12,075 | 1.31 |
| Flacq | 112,773 | 56,452 | 56,321 | 126,839 | 63,549 | 63,290 | 14,066 | 1.18 |
| Grand Port | 96,667 | 48,425 | 48,242 | 106,665 | 53,011 | 53,654 | 9,998 | 0.99 |
| Savanne | 60,841 | 30,444 | 30,397 | 66,356 | 32,787 | 33,569 | 5,515 | 0.87 |
| Plaine Wilhems | 321,713 | 160,252 | 161,461 | 358,182 | 175,852 | 182,330 | 36,469 | 1.08 |
| Moka | 65,176 | 32,378 | 32,798 | 75,479 | 37,275 | 38,204 | 10,303 | 1.48 |
| Black River | 43,768 | 21,972 | 21,796 | 60,587 | 30,475 | 30,112 | 16,819 | 3.31 |
| Island of Mauritius | 1,022,456 | 510,676 | 511,780 | 1,143,069 | 566,056 | 577,013 | 120,613 | 1.12 |

¹ "de jure" population; not adjusted for under enumeration of young children

² Unadjusted " de jure " population

Table 6.4 - Age distribution of the population as enumerated at the 1990 and 2000 censuses

| Age group | | 1990 | ı | | | 2000 |) | |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| 3. 3 · · · · <u> </u> | | | Both sexe | es | | | Both sexe | es |
| (Years) | Male | Female | Number | % | Male | Female | Number | % |
| 0 | 10,088 | 9,908 | 19,996 | 2.0 | 9,163 | 8,965 | 18,128 | 1.6 |
| 1 - 4 | 36,743 | 36,039 | 72,782 | 7.1 | 36,697 | 35,910 | 72,607 | 6.3 |
| 5 - 9 | 50,011 | 48,443 | 98,454 | 9.6 | 51,229 | 50,271 | 101,500 | 8.9 |
| 10 - 14 | 54,708 | 53,684 | 108,392 | 10.6 | 47,438 | 46,410 | 93,848 | 8.2 |
| 15 - 19 | 47,231 | 45,982 | 93,213 | 9.1 | 49,447 | 48,126 | 97,573 | 8.5 |
| 20 - 24 | 50,784 | 48,694 | 99,478 | 9.7 | 53,325 | 53,993 | 107,318 | 9.4 |
| 25 - 29 | 52,451 | 50,576 | 103,027 | 10.1 | 45,390 | 45,656 | 91,046 | 8.0 |
| 30 - 34 | 46,603 | 44,800 | 91,403 | 8.9 | 48,739 | 48,307 | 97,046 | 8.5 |
| 35 - 39 | 40,437 | 39,142 | 79,579 | 7.8 | 50,503 | 49,151 | 99,654 | 8.7 |
| 40 - 44 | 29,457 | 29,689 | 59,146 | 5.8 | 44,739 | 43,568 | 88,307 | 7.7 |
| 45 - 49 | 21,219 | 22,102 | 43,321 | 4.2 | 38,340 | 38,069 | 76,409 | 6.7 |
| 50 - 54 | 17,892 | 18,974 | 36,866 | 3.6 | 27,168 | 28,556 | 55,724 | 4.9 |
| 55 - 59 | 15,219 | 16,016 | 31,235 | 3.1 | 18,623 | 20,647 | 39,270 | 3.4 |
| 60 - 64 | 14,426 | 15,747 | 30,173 | 3.0 | 14,808 | 17,248 | 32,056 | 2.8 |
| 65 - 69 | 11,062 | 12,698 | 23,760 | 2.3 | 11,404 | 13,602 | 25,006 | 2.2 |
| 70 - 74 | 6,307 | 8,040 | 14,347 | 1.4 | 9,267 | 11,954 | 21,221 | 1.9 |
| 75 - 79 | 3,815 | 5,924 | 9,739 | 1.0 | 5,905 | 8,681 | 14,586 | 1.3 |
| 80 - 84 | 1,514 | 3,110 | 4,624 | 0.4 | 2,506 | 4,416 | 6,922 | 0.6 |
| 85 + | 680 | 2,172 | 2,852 | 0.3 | 1,324 | 3,410 | 4,734 | 0.4 |
| Age unknown | 29 | 40 | 69 | 0.0 | 41 | 73 | 114 | 0.0 |
| All ages | 510,676 | 511,780 | 1,022,456 | 100.0 | 566,056 | 577,013 | 1,143,069 | 100.0 |

¹ 'de jure' population; not adjusted for under enumeration of young children

Table 6.5 - Population growth in intercensal periods, Republic of Mauritius 1851 – 2011

| | Reput | olic of Mau | ritius | Isla | nd of Maur | itius | Island | of Rodrigu | es |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Census date | Population enumerated at census | Density per km ² | Average annual rate of increase(%) | Population enumerated at census | Density per km ² | Average annual rate of increase(%) | Population enumerated at census | Density per km ² | Average annual rate of increase (%) |
| 20 th November 1851 | 181,318 | 92 | | 180,823 | 97 | 2.55 | 495 | 5 | |
| 8 th April 1861 | 310,743 | 158 | 5.91 | 310,050 | 166 | 5.91 | 693 | 7 | 3.65 |
| 11 th April 1871 | 317,150 | 161 | 0.20 | 316,042 | 169 | 0.19 | 1,108 | 11 | 4.80 |
| 4 th April 1881 | 361,305 | 184 | 1.31 | 359,874 | 193 | 1.31 | 1,431 | 14 | 2.59 |
| 6 th March 1891 | 372,656 | 189 | 0.31 | 370,588 | 199 | 0.29 | 2,068 | 20 | 3.75 |
| 1st April 1901 | 374,185 | 190 | 0.04 | 371,023 | 199 | 0.01 | 3,162 | 30 | 4.34 |
| 31 st March 1911 | 373,620 | 190 | -0.02 | 368,791 | 198 | -0.06 | 4,829 | 46 | 4.33 |
| 21 st May 1921 | 383,069 | 195 | 0.25 | 376,485 | 202 | 0.21 | 6,584 | 63 | 3.15 |
| 26 th April 1931 | 401,440 | 204 | 0.47 | 393,238 | 211 | 0.44 | 8,202 | 79 | 2.22 |
| 11 th June 1944 | 431,070 | 219 | 0.55 | 419,185 | 225 | 0.49 | 11,885 | 114 | 2.89 |
| 30 th June 1952 | 514,748 | 261 | 2.24 | 501,415 | 269 | 2.26 | 13,333 | 128 | 1.45 |
| 30 th June 1962 ² | 699,954 | 356 | 3.12 | 681,619 | 366 | 3.12 | 18,335 | 176 | 3.24 |
| 30 th June 1972 ² | 850,968 | 432 | 1.97 | 826,199 | 443 | 1.94 | 24,769 | 238 | 3.05 |
| 2 nd July 1983 ² | 999,945 | 508 | 1.48 | 966,863 | 518 | 1.44 | 33,082 | 318 | 2.67 |
| 1 st July 1990 ³ | 1,056,660 | 537 | 0.79 | 1,022,456 | 548 | 0.80 | 34,204 | 329 | 0.48 |
| 1 st July 2000 ³ | 1,178,848 | 599 | 1.10 | 1,143,069 | 613 | 1.12 | 35,779 | 344 | 0.45 |
| 3 rd July 2011 | 1,257,900 | 639 | 6.70 | 1,217,175 | 652 | 6.50 | 40,440 | 389 | 13.0 |

¹ excluding Agalega and St Brandon ² de facto" population ³ de jure" population

Table 6.6 - Growth of the resident population and vital statistics - Republic of Mauritius ¹, 2001–2010

| | Population | Natu | ral movem | ent | Net | | | % change during the year due t | | % change during the year due to: | | | |
|------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Year | at beginning of year | Live births | Deaths | Natural increase | international migration | increase | Natural increase | International migration | Total | at end of year | | | |
| 2001 | 1,193,175 | 19,696 | 7,983 | 11,713 | +500 | 12,213 | 0.98 | +0.04 | 1.02 | 1,205,388 | | | |
| 2002 | 1,205,388 | 19,983 | 8,310 | 11,673 | -569 | 11,104 | 0.97 | -0.05 | 0.92 | 1,216,492 | | | |
| 2003 | 1,216,492 | 19,343 | 8,520 | 10,823 | +524 | 11,347 | 0.89 | +0.04 | 0.93 | 1,227,839 | | | |
| 2004 | 1,227,839 | 19,230 | 8,475 | 10,755 | -822 | 9,933 | 0.88 | -0.07 | 0.81 | 1,237,772 | | | |
| 2005 | 1,237,772 | 18,820 | 8,646 | 10,174 | +350 | 10,524 | 0.82 | +0.03 | 0.85 | 1,248,296 | | | |
| 2006 | 1,248,296 | 17,604 | 9,162 | 8,442 | -300 | 8,142 | 0.68 | -0.02 | 0.66 | 1,256,438 | | | |
| 2007 | 1,256,438 | 17,034 | 8,498 | 8,536 | -400 | 8,136 | 0.68 | -0.03 | 0.65 | 1,264,574 | | | |
| 2008 | 1,264,574 | 16,372 | 9,004 | 7,368 | -200 | 7,168 | 0.58 | -0.02 | 0.56 | 1,271,742 | | | |
| 2009 | 1,271,742 | 15,344 | 9,224 | 6,120 | -300 | 5,820 | 0.48 | -0.02 | 0.46 | 1,277,562 | | | |
| 2010 | 1,277,562 | 15,005 | 9,131 | 5,874 | -310 | 5,564 | 0.46 | -0.02 | 0.44 | 1,283,126 | | | |

¹ Excl. Saint Brandon and Agalega

Table 6.7 - Life Expectancy at birth, 2001 - 2010

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 ¹ |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Male | 68.4 | 68.6 | 68.7 | 68.7 | 68.9 | 69.1 | 69.2 | 69.4 | 69.5 | 69.6 |
| Female | 75.3 | 75.3 | 75.4 | 75.5 | 75.7 | 75.9 | 76.1 | 76.6 | 76.7 | 76.8 |

¹ Provisional

Table 6.8 - Infant mortality ¹ rate by geographical district, 2001 – 2010

| Geographical district | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Port Louis | 16.0 | 13.8 | 9.7 | 17.9 | 18.8 | 13.9 | 20.2 | 16.7 | 11.6 | 16.7 |
| Pamplemousses | 13.8 | 11.9 | 12.7 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 21.3 | 11.6 | 15.7 | 13.7 | 8.5 |
| Riviere du Rempart | 12.0 | 19.1 | 8.7 | 17.8 | 12.7 | 15.2 | 17.1 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 13.7 |
| Flacq | 14.4 | 12.5 | 9.5 | 12.5 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 20.5 | 14.5 | 11.6 | 10.2 |
| Grand Port | 16.8 | 20.9 | 17.2 | 17.0 | 13.2 | 15.7 | 11.2 | 13.2 | 15.1 | 11.7 |
| Savanne | 7.3 | 17.6 | 13.2 | 17.6 | 13.8 | 7.2 | 11.4 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 15.1 |
| Plaines Wilhems | 13.1 | 11.8 | 13.9 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 16.4 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 13.0 |
| Moka | 14.2 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 14.9 | 17.7 | 12.7 | 13.9 | 10.5 | 16.1 | 13.2 |
| Black River | 17.3 | 18.4 | 14.5 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 13.7 | 7.5 | 16.0 | 11.8 | 10.2 |
| Island of Mauritius | 13.9 | 14.5 | 12.4 | 14.0 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 15.3 | 14.3 | 13.3 | 12.4 |

The number of infant deaths in a year per 1000 live births during the year

Table 6.9 - Number of buildings by type, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

| | Numl | ber | % | |
|---|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| | 2000 | 2011 | 2000 | 2011 |
| Under construction | 12,100 | 13,100 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| Wholly residential | 229,000 | 264,100 | 85.4 | 84.8 |
| Partly residential | 11,400 | 14,500 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| Hotels, Tourist residence & Guest house | 400 | 1,100 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Institutions | 100 | 200 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Non - residential | 15,300 | 18,500 | 5.7 | 5.9 |
| All Buildings | 268,300 | 311,500 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table 6.10 - Distribution of residential and partly residential buildings ¹ by type, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

| Type of building | Num | nber | % | | |
|---|---------|---------|-------|-------|--|
| | 2000 | 2011 | 2000 | 2011 | |
| Separate houses | 193,400 | 215,600 | 81.0 | 77.6 | |
| Semi-detached houses and block of flats | 27,500 | 46,000 | 11.5 | 16.6 | |
| Partly residential buildings | 11,400 | 14,500 | 4.8 | 5.2 | |
| Other dwellings | 6,600 | 1,800 | 2.8 | 0.6 | |
| Total | 238,900 | 277,900 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |

¹ Figures exclude detached rooms (1500 for 2000 and 700 for 2011), used by part of household

Table 6.11 – Distribution of residential and partly residential buildings¹ by type of construction materials, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses.

| Turn of acceptance in marks sink | | Numbe | er | | Change 1990-2000 | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------|------------------|-------|--|
| Type of construction materials | 2000 | | 201 | 1 | Change 1770-2000 | | |
| | No. | % | No. | % | No. | % | |
| Concrete walls and roof | 206,200 | 86.3 | 255,700 | 92.0 | 49,500 | 24.0 | |
| Concrete walls & iron/tin roof | 9,400 | 3.9 | 7,400 | 2.7 | -2,000 | -21.3 | |
| Iron/tin walls and roof | 19,300 | 8.1 | 12,600 | 4.5 | -6,700 | -34.7 | |
| Wood walls & iron/tin/shingle roof | 2,200 | 0.9 | 1,000 | 0.4 | -1,200 | -54.5 | |
| Other | 1,800 | 0.8 | 1,200 | 0.4 | -600 | -33.3 | |
| Total | 238,900 | 100.0 | 277,900 | 100.0 | 39,000 | 16.3 | |

^T Figures exclude detached rooms (1500 for 2000 and 700 for 2011), used by part of household

Table 6.12 - Distribution of housing units by occupancy status, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

| Type of occupancy | 200 | 00 | 2011 | |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| Housing units occupied as: | | | | |
| Principal residence | 278,200 | 93.5 | 323,000 | 90.5 |
| Secondary residence | 4,000 | 1.3 | 5,900 | 1.7 |
| Vacant housing units | 15,500 | 5.2 | 28,000 | 7.8 |
| Total | 297,700 | 100.0 | 356,900 | 100.0 |

Table 6.13 - Main energy indicators, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| Details | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 ¹ | 2010 ² |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Total primary energy requirement | ktoe | 1182.0 | 1157.3 | 1222.8 | 1255.8 | 1293.2 | 1376.8 | 1381.8 | 1404.4 | 1346.9 | 1430.7 |
| Imported | ktoe | 901.2 | 898.8 | 956.3 | 980.1 | 1030.5 | 1122.1 | 1136.0 | 1140.9 | 1110.6 | 1189.0 |
| Local | ktoe | 280.9 | 258.6 | 266.5 | 275.7 | 262.6 | 254.6 | 245.8 | 263.5 | 236.3 | 241.6 |
| Total primary energy requirement index (1990 = 100) | | 161.8 | 158.4 | 167.3 | 171.8 | 177.0 | 188.4 | 189.1 | 192.2 | 184.3 | 195.8 |
| Annual increase | % | +6.2 | -2.1 | +5.7 | +2.7 | +3.0 | +6.5 | +0.4 | +1.6 | -4.1 | +6.2 |
| Import dependency | % | 76.2 | 77.7 | 78.2 | 78.0 | 79.7 | 81.5 | 82.2 | 81.2 | 82.5 | 83.1 |
| Energy intensity | toe per Rs.100,000 GDP | 1.69 | 1.62 | 1.66 | 1.63 | 1.66 | 1.69 | 1.60 | 1.54 | 1.43 | 1.46 |
| Per capita primary energy requirement | toe | 0.99 | 0.96 | 1.00 | 1.02 | 1.04 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.11 | 1.06 | 1.12 |
| Per capita final energy consumption | toe | 0.65 | 0.63 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.68 | 0.66 | 0.63 | 0.67 |
| Per capita consumption of electricity sold | KWh | 1,222 | 1,248 | 1,330 | 1,382 | 1,430 | 1,501 | 1,567 | 1,619 | 1,623 | 1697 |

¹ Revised

² provisional

Table 6.14 - Primary energy requirement, (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| | Thousand tonnes of oil equivale | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Imported (Fossil fuels) | 901.2 | 898.7 | 956.2 | 980.1 | 1,030.5 | 1,122.2 | 1,136.0 | 1,140.9 | 1,110.6 | 1,189.1 |
| Coal | 185.5 | 193.9 | 196.0 | 179.4 | 225.6 | 300.4 | 355.0 | 403.9 | 369.3 | 414.1 |
| Petroleum product | 715.7 | 704.8 | 760.2 | 800.7 | 805.0 | 821.8 | 781.0 | 737.0 | 741.2 | 775.0 |
| Gasolene | 94.8 | 94.5 | 96.4 | 97.6 | 100.1 | 96.2 | 106.9 | 109.5 | 120.6 | 127.7 |
| Diesel Oil | 190.6 | 198.7 | 210.9 | 216.0 | 214.2 | 230.6 | 207.4 | 205.4 | 206.7 | 213.6 |
| Dual Purpose Kerosene | 143.4 | 127.7 | 147.4 | 168.8 | 171.7 | 152.7 | 146.0 | 140.9 | 117.2 | 131.3 |
| Aviation Fuel | 129.6 | 113.3 | 128.6 | 142.5 | 143.1 | 146.7 | 143.6 | 136.9 | 110.5 | 123.3 |
| Kerosene | 13.8 | 14.4 | 18.9 | 26.3 | 28.6 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 8.0 |
| Fuel Oil | 236.1 | 231.4 | 249.7 | 259.1 | 253.3 | 273.3 | 251.9 | 213.3 | 227.9 | 232.2 |
| LPG | 50.8 | 52.5 | 55.8 | 59.2 | 65.7 | 69.0 | 68.9 | 67.9 | 68.9 | 70.2 |
| Local (Renewables) | 280.9 | 258.6 | 266.5 | 275.7 | 262.6 | 254.6 | 245.8 | 263.5 | 236.3 | 241.6 |
| Hydro/Winds | 6.1 | 7.4 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 9.3 | 10.7 | 8.9 |
| Bagasse 1 | 267.4 | 243.9 | 249.1 | 257.8 | 245.1 | 240.0 | 230.5 | 246.4 | 218.0 | 225.0 |
| Fuelwood 1 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
| Total | 1,182.0 | 1,157.3 | 1,222.8 | 1,255.8 | 1,293.2 | 1,376.8 | 1,381.8 | 1,404.4 | 1,346.9 | 1,430.7 |

1 estimates

Table 6.15 - Imports of energy sources (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | 1110 | usanu tonne | s of oil equiv | alent (ktoe) |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| Energy source | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Gasolene | 93.7 | 86.7 | 93.7 | 94.7 | 93.7 | 96.0 | 104.1 | 117.2 | 112.8 | 144.7 |
| Diesel oil | 341.4 | 349.9 | 312.3 | 322.9 | 333.2 | 330.8 | 310.6 | 331.7 | 290.9 | 313.5 |
| Dual purpose kerosene | 222.7 | 234.5 | 236.8 | 267.1 | 257.9 | 251.7 | 277.0 | 278.8 | 217.2 | 251.3 |
| Kerosene | 12.5 | 14.9 | 21.0 | 31.0 | 29.0 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 7.0 |
| Aviation fuel | 210.3 | 219.6 | 215.8 | 236.1 | 228.9 | 245.4 | 273.1 | 272.7 | 212.9 | 244.2 |
| Fuel oil | 264.1 | 200.2 | 276.5 | 277.3 | 324.0 | 292.2 | 320.6 | 279.4 | 330.0 | 327.8 |
| LPG | 47.4 | 58.4 | 52.7 | 58.1 | 67.7 | 63.5 | 67.8 | 68.2 | 67.6 | 68.5 |
| Coal | 215.4 | 193.5 | 179.4 | 205.7 | 235.1 | 304.0 | 401.6 | 376.0 | 347.1 | 409.6 |
| Total | 1,184.8 | 1,123.2 | 1,151.5 | 1,225.8 | 1,311.7 | 1,338.1 | 1,481.7 | 1,451.4 | 1365.6 | 1515.1 |

Imports of energy sources, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 -2010 1600 Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent (ktoe) 1400 Coal 1200 LPG 1000 Fuel oil 800 Dual 600 Purpose kerosene 400 Diesel oil 200 Gasolene 0 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2009 2010 2008 Year

Figure 23 - Imports of energy sources, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 - 2010

Table 6.16 - Fuel input for electricity production, (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent (ktoe) 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 **Fuel** 2007 2008 2009 2010 Island of Mauritius Fuel oil 173.8 167.9 192.1 206.7 201.7 211.2 187.3 153.9 176.3 182.5 Diesel oil 2.6 2.8 2.4 2.4 1.9 2.3 2.7 1.7 2.6 1.9 Kerosene 3.9 5.7 10.3 17.2 18.4 1.9 1.1 2.2 5.1 6.3 Coal 169.5 177.9 342.6 378.0 398.7 178.0 164.4 211.2 286.9 356.0 Bagasse¹ 182.8 173.1 167.5 174.9 168.9 165.9 166.4 208.2 181.7 182.5 **Island of Rodrigues** Fuel oil 4.2 6.5 6.9 4.2 4.5 4.6 6.6 6.3 6.7 6.5 Diesel oil 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.7 1.5 0.2 0.1 1.6 Total 537.3 706.7 728.6 778.4 532.5 556.0 571.8 609.1 674.8 751.1

¹ Estimates

Table 6.17 - Final energy consumption by sector and type of fuel (Physical unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| Sector | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Vlanufacturing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel oil | tonne | 60,630 | 61,439 | 55,615 | 49,857 | 46,763 | 58,098 | 60,567 | 54,639 | 46,824 | 45,009 |
| Diesel oil | tonne | 37,533 | 37,409 | 41,273 | 43,372 | 41,127 | 49,767 | 48,336 | 46,301 | 45,882 | 46,543 |
| LPG | tonne | 3,650 | 3,502 | 2,964 | 2,756 | 3,904 | 3,965 | 4,068 | 4,920 | 5,007 | 5,122 |
| Coal | tonne | 25,781 | 25,888 | 29,000 | 24,220 | 23,162 | 21,666 | 19,964 | 41,672 | 21,572 | 24,786 |
| Fuel wood 1 | tonne | 1,500 | 1,450 | 1,430 | 1,415 | 1,400 | 1,425 | 1,425 | 1,425 | 1,426 | 1,426 |
| Electricity | GWh | 711.4 | 711.7 | 742.2 | 768.9 | 778.3 | 841.2 | 879.6 | 912.9 | 897.2 | 934.3 |
| Bagasse 1 | tonne | 529,000 | 442,722 | 510,246 | 518,379 | 476,198 | 463,563 | 400,646 | 239,276 | 226,759 | 265,988 |
| Transport | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LPG | tonne | 820 | 1,216 | 2,223 | 2,691 | 6,726 | 6,887 | 6,633 | 5,184 | 4,587 | 4,641 |
| Gasolene | tonne | 87,749 | 87,507 | 89,242 | 90,350 | 92,673 | 89,117 | 98,940 | 101,406 | 111,667 | 118,226 |
| Diesel oil Aviation fuel (local | tonne | 145,555 | 153,437 | 161,267 | 164,120 | 166,510 | 173,689 | 151,779 | 152,910 | 153,707 | 160,591 |
| aircraft) | tonne | 124,652 | 108,972 | 123,627 | 137,002 | 137,560 | 141,053 | 138,104 | 131,631 | 106,246 | 118,553 |
| Household | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kerosene | tonne | 9,480 | 8,409 | 8,265 | 8,726 | 9,765 | 3,923 | 1,238 | 1,772 | 1,476 | 1,731 |
| LPG | tonne | 37,850 | 39,023 | 40,559 | 42,856 | 43,206 | 41,599 | 42,088 | 42,394 | 43,237 | 44,059 |
| Fuel wood 1 | tonne | 15,900 | 15,850 | 15,780 | 15,940 | 16,540 | 17,473 | 17,497 | 16,726 | 16,619 | 16,597 |
| Charcoal ¹ | tonne | 150 | 130 | 125 | 120 | 130 | 123 | 126 | 119 | 119 | 119 |
| Electricity | GWh | 522.8 | 532.6 | 564.6 | 575.0 | 607.5 | 617.9 | 643.0 | 652.2 | 680.1 | 710.7 |
| Commercial and Distributive Trad | e | | | | | | | | | | |
| LPG | tonne | 4,450 | 4,559 | 5,749 | 6,372 | 6,985 | 11,436 | 10,927 | 10,094 | 10,575 | 10,925 |
| Charcoal ¹ | tonne | 330 | 340 | 350 | 360 | 380 | 393 | 407 | 422 | 437 | 453 |
| Electricity | GWh | 415.5 | 424.9 | 479.3 | 516.2 | 556.4 | 581.8 | 618.0 | 672.7 | 704.2 | 748.0 |
| Agriculture | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Diesel oil 1 | tonne | 2,460 | 2,430 | 2,410 | 2,375 | 2,345 | 2,289 | 2,456 | 2,241 | 2,286 | 2,325 |
| Electricity | GWh | 26.8 | 27.5 | 27.0 | 23.8 | 27.1 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 25.8 | 20.5 | 23.8 |

1 estimates

Table 6.18 - Final energy consumption by sector (Energy unit), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent (ktoe) 2002 Sector 2001 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Manufacturing 262.4 249.2 262.3 259.3 248.7 270.8 264.0 247.7 224.1 234.6 372.3 390.2 408.7 418.6 425.8 410.9 406.4 391.3 Transport 364.1 418.2 Household 101.8 102.8 107.0 111.0 115.4 108.9 108.8 110.2 113.1 116.9 Commercial and 40.8 41.7 47.7 51.5 55.7 62.7 65.2 69.1 72.3 76.5 Distributive Trade 4.9 Agriculture 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.8 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.1 Other (n.e.s) and losses 2.3 2.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.6 3.8 3.7 3.5 TOTAL 854.0 784.4 765.1 814.9 838.1 846.1 876.3 857.5 841.7 808.6

Table 6.19 - Percentage share of final energy consumption by sector, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 – 2010

| Sector | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Manufacturing | 33.5 | 32.6 | 32.2 | 30.9 | 29.4 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 29.4 | 27.7 | 27.4 |
| Transport | 47.5 | 47.6 | 47.9 | 48.8 | 49.5 | 48.6 | 47.9 | 48.3 | 48.4 | 49.0 |
| Household | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 14.0 | 13.7 |
| Commercial and Distributive trade | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 9.0 |
| Agriculture | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Other (n.e.s) and losses | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| TOTAL | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Figure 24 - Percentage share of final energy consumption by sector, Republic of Mauritius, 2001 - 2010

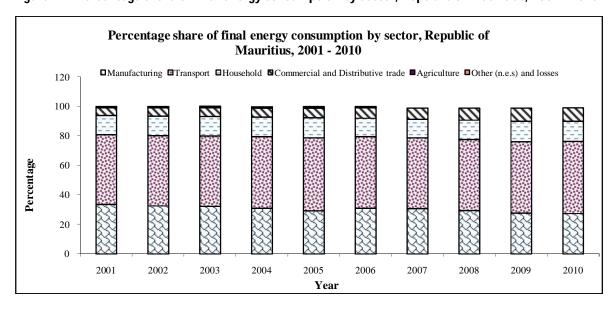


Table 6.20 - Vehicles 1 registered by type, 2001 – 2010

| | | | | | | | | | ľ | Number |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Type of vehicle | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Car | 58,082 | 63,307 | 68,524 | 77,342 | 84,818 | 91,911 | 99,770 | 109,507 | 117,890 | 127,363 |
| (of which taxi car) | (5,318) | (5,801) | (5,979) | (6,482) | (6,798) | (6,860) | (6,885) | (6,941) | (6,921) | (6,924) |
| Dual purpose vehicle | 36,984 | 38,129 | 39,383 | 40,667 | 42,026 | 43,221 | 44,635 | 46,021 | 47,146 | 48,271 |
| Heavy motor car | 923 | 944 | 958 | 1,020 | 1,045 | 1,118 | 1,223 | 1,290 | 1,275 | 1,249 |
| Motor cycle | 25,104 | 25,723 | 26,744 | 28,646 | 30,927 | 33,936 | 36,969 | 40,804 | 44,222 | 48,655 |
| Auto cycle | 94,849 | 97,078 | 98,858 | 100,854 | 102,503 | 104,238 | 105,637 | 107,184 | 108,713 | 110,674 |
| Lorry and truck | 10,888 | 11,236 | 11,501 | 11,774 | 12,047 | 12,272 | 12,536 | 12,726 | 12,950 | 13,186 |
| Van | 20,694 | 21,750 | 22,496 | 23,326 | 23,989 | 24,522 | 24,934 | 25,334 | 25,622 | 25,914 |
| Bus | 2,408 | 2,450 | 2,460 | 2,457 | 2,560 | 2,612 | 2,753 | 2,762 | 2,803 | 2,845 |
| Tractor and dumper | 2,683 | 2,683 | 2,877 | 2,935 | 2,982 | 3,001 | 3,025 | 3,045 | 3,102 | 3,119 |
| Prime mover | 335 | 349 | 369 | 388 | 412 | 436 | 452 | 505 | 558 | 596 |
| Trailer | 1,776 | 1,770 | 1,772 | 1,771 | 1,765 | 1,756 | 1,795 | 1,809 | 1,823 | 1,821 |
| Road roller | 100 | 101 | 100 | 99 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 97 | 98 |
| Other | 323 | 321 | 329 | 326 | 326 | 321 | 320 | 323 | 319 | 324 |
| Total | 255,149 | 265,841 | 276,371 | 291,605 | 305,496 | 319,440 | 334,145 | 351,406 | 366,520 | 384,115 |

¹ Excluding pedal cycles, but including government vehicles

Figure 25 - Vehicles registered by type, 2001 - 2010

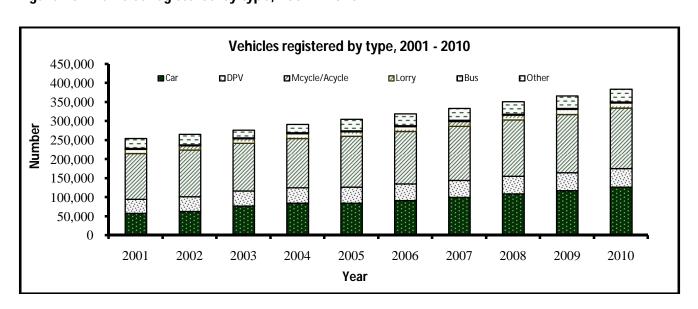
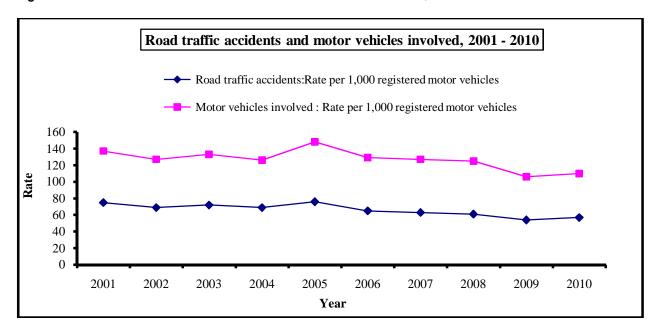


Table 6.21 - Road traffic accidents 1 and casualties, 2001 - 2010

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1. Road traffic accidents: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 18,517 | 18,022 | 19,178 | 19,495 | 22,554 | 20,242 | 20,519 | 20,873 | 19,542 | 21,256 |
| Rate per 100,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Population | 1,591 | 1,535 | 1,616 | 1,629 | 1,869 | 1,665 | 1,678 | 1,696 | 1,579 | 1,710 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered | | | | | | | | | | |
| motor vehicles | 75 | 69 | 72 | 69 | 76 | 65 | 63 | 61 | 54 | 57 |
| 2. Motor vehicles involved: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 33,988 | 33,119 | 35,239 | 35,506 | 43,741 | 40,023 | 41,178 | 42,910 | 38,058 | 41,263 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered | | | | | | | | | | |
| motor vehicles | 137 | 127 | 133 | 126 | 148 | 129 | 127 | 125 | 106 | 110 |
| 3. Casualties : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total number of casualties | 3,264 | 2,904 | 2,698 | 2,951 | 2,760 | 2,522 | 3,055 | 3,435 | 3,661 | 3,675 |
| Fatal ² | 126 | 158 | 131 | 144 | 136 | 134 | 140 | 168 | 140 | 158 |
| Seriously injured | 288 | 216 | 291 | 245 | 358 | 348 | 500 | 512 | 516 | 587 |
| Slightly injured | 2,850 | 2,530 | 2,276 | 2,562 | 2,266 | 2,040 | 2,415 | 2,755 | 3,005 | 2,930 |
| 4. Fatality : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rate per 100,000 population | 10.8 | 13.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 11.3 | 12.7 |
| Rate per 1,000 registered | | | | | | | | | | |
| motor vehicle | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Fatality Index ³ | 3.9 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |

¹ Exclude number of accidents involving bicycles only or bicycle and pedestrian

Figure 26 - Road traffic accidents and motor vehicles involved, 2001 - 2010



² Prior to 2002, a fatal accident was defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 7 days. As from 2002, a fatal accident is defined as an accident where deaths occurred within 30 days.

³ Fatality index is the number of fatalities per 100 casualties

Table 6.22 - Imports of motor spirit and gas oil by country of origin, 2006 - 2010

(C.I.F. Value Rs ' 000)

| Item/ Country of origin | Unit | 200 | 06 | 20 | 07 | 20 | 08 | 20 | 09 | 20 |)10 ¹ |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|------------------|
| | • | Quantity | Value |
| Motor | | | | | | | | | | | |
| spirit | 000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Gasoline) | Litres | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bahrain | | 18,108 | 301,504 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Saudi | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arabia | п | 6,260 | 82,715 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Africa Rep. | п | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Singapore | п | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| United Arab | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emirates | п | 29,924 | 469,447 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | п | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| India | " | 63,785 | 1,023,653 | 125,919 | 2,180,054 | 141,913 | 2,690,298 | 135,755 | 2,022,369 | 172,886 | 3,417,865 |
| Reunion | | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Total | | 118,077 | 1,877,319 | 125,919 | 2,180,054 | 141,913 | 2,690,298 | 135,755 | 2,022,369 | 172,886 | 3,417,865 |
| Gas oil | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Diesel) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bahrain | Litres | 16,890 | 225,438 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Saudi | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arabia | п | 130,303 | 2,103,149 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Africa Rep. | п | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Singapore | II | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 26 |
| United Arab | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emirates | п | 20,380 | 300,066 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| India | | 226,030 | 3,722,367 | 369,513 | 6,442,993 | 397,859 | 8,908,957 | 346,171 | 4,852,942 | 372,340 | 6,945,099 |
| Yemen | " | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kuwait | п | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | 393,603 | 6,351,020 | 369,513 | 6,442,993 | 397,859 | 8,908,957 | 346,171 | 4,852,942 | 372,342 | 6,925,125 |

¹ Provisional

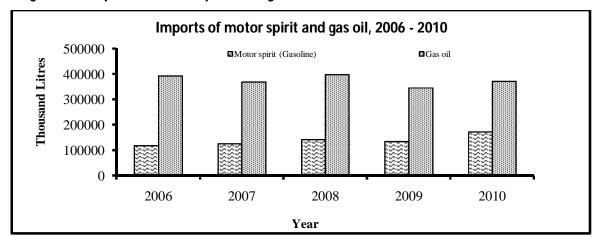


Figure 27 - Imports of motor spirits and gas oil, 2006 - 2010

Table 6.23 - Imports of lubricating oils and greases by country of origin, 2006 – 2010

| | | 20 | 06 | 200 | 07 | 20 | 08 | 2009 | | 2010 | 1 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Item | Country of origin | Quantity (M/ton) | Value (Rs '000) |
| Lubricating oil containing | France | 181 | 12,102 | 144 | 13,038 | 198 | 16,116 | 175 | 16,455 | 200 | 17,342 |
| not less than 70% | Japan | 5 | 525 | 14 | 1,062 | 20 | 1,651 | 7 | 1,370 | 23 | 3,445 |
| by weight | Singapore | 1,277 | 52,668 | 2,192 | 106,746 | 1,914 | 99,429 | 1,607 | 80,334 | 2,125 | 113,579 |
| of petroleum products | South Africa Rep. | 5,593 | 247,215 | 3,443 | 167,982 | 2,275 | 127,131 | 3,050 | 160,482 | 3,211 | 199,911 |
| | Thailand | 17 | 972 | 30 | 1,637 | 677 | 37,040 | 643 | 29,303 | 619 | 30,487 |
| | United Kingdom | 45 | 4,323 | 64 | 5,640 | 32 | 3,426 | 43 | 4,233 | 46 | 6,311 |
| | United States | 59 | 11,072 | 81 | 15,695 | 68 | 13,067 | 57 | 14,577 | 10 | 1,915 |
| | Other countries | 1,129 | 43,090 | 1,254 | 60,353 | 1,208 | 64,076 | 1,452 | 78,327 | 1,858 | 133,446 |
| | | 8,306 | 371,967 | 7,222 | 372,153 | 6,392 | 361,936 | 7,034 | 385,081 | 8,092 | 506,436 |
| Lubricating greases | France | - | 48 | 1 | 146 | 5 | 709 | 2 | 636 | 1 | 456 |
| containing not less | Singapore | - | 11 | 8 | 506 | 3 | 287 | 2 | 459 | - | 24 |
| than 70% by weight of | South Africa Rep. | 125 | 8,202 | 71 | 5,659 | 92 | 7,242 | 64 | 4,451 | 56 | 5,309 |
| petroleum products | Thailand | - | - | - | - | 11 | 779 | 11 | 835 | - | - |
| pioducts | Other countries | 27 | 2,114 | 37 | 2,497 | 108 | 5,437 | 9 | 2,754 | 62 | 7,428 |
| | | 152 | 10,375 | 117 | 8,808 | 219 | 14,454 | 97 | 9,135 | 119 | 13,217 |

¹ Provisional

Table 6.24 - Air transport, 2001 - 2010

| Year | Number of | movements ¹ | Freight | | | | |
|------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | Landings | Take - offs | Unloaded (Tonnes) | Loaded (Tonnes) | | | |
| 2001 | 8,765 | 8,753 | 18,107 | 20,754 | | | |
| 2002 | 9,172 | 9,170 | 19,114 | 25,662 | | | |
| 2003 | 9,455 | 9,454 | 20,029 | 24,338 | | | |
| 2004 | 9,316 | 9,315 | 22,381 | 26,049 | | | |
| 2005 | 9,705 | 9,820 | 23,920 | 25,185 | | | |
| 2006 | 9,211 | 9,232 | 21,218 | 24,389 | | | |
| 2007 | 8,543 | 8,418 | 22,663 | 24,894 | | | |
| 2008 | 9,384 | 9,393 | 22,152 | 24,522 | | | |
| 2009 | 9,824 | 9,383 | 20,400 | 21,924 | | | |
| 2010 | 10,160 | 10,160 | 23,992 | 24,267 | | | |

As from 2005, excludes ferry flights (empty flights)

Table 6.25 - Tourist¹ arrivals by mode of transport and tourist nights spent during period, 2001 – 2010

| | Tourist a | arrivals during p | eriod | Tourist nights | % change ov | er previous year |
|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Period ⁻ | Sea | Air | Total | spent during period ² | Tourist arrivals | Tourist nights |
| 2001 | 10,532 | 649,786 | 660,318 | 6,527,800 | + 0.6 | + 1.8 |
| 2002 | 14,180 | 667,468 | 681,648 | 6,768,870 | + 3.2 | + 3.7 |
| 2003 | 12,155 | 689,863 | 702,018 | 6,952,313 | + 3.0 | + 2.7 |
| 2004 | 11,390 | 707,471 | 718,861 | 7,118,603 | + 2.4 | + 2.4 |
| 2005 | 13,321 | 747,742 | 761,063 | 7,498,251 | + 5.9 | + 5.3 |
| 2006 | 13,249 | 775,027 | 788,276 | 7,760,679 | + 3.6 | + 3.5 |
| 2007 | 12,163 | 894,808 | 906,971 | 8,986,934 | ⁺ 15.1 | + 5.8 |
| 2008 | 15,961 | 914,495 | 930,456 | 9,218,965 | + 2.6 | + 2.6 |
| 2009 | 23,265 | 848,091 | 871,356 | 8,639,304 | - 6.4 | - 6.3 |
| 2010 | 23,648 | 911,179 | 934,827 | 9,495,000 | + 7.3 | + 9.9 |

¹ A tourist is defined as a non - resident staying in the island for more than 24 hours but less than a year ² Including nights spent during reference period by tourist arriving prior to the period.

Table 6.26 - Percentage distribution of tourists interviewed by rating of the state of the environment at various sites, Survey of outgoing tourists 2000 & 2002

| Site | Number of | Parties | Very | Poor | Po | oor | Satisf | actory | Go | od | Ехсе | llent |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|------|------|------|------|--------|--------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 2000 | 2002 | 2000 | 2002 | 2000 | 2002 | 2000 | 2002 | 2000 | 2002 | 2000 | 2002 |
| Beaches | 13,166 | 15,760 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 15.6 | 13.0 | 57.9 | 59.8 | 21.3 | 22.6 |
| Public places | 13,019 | 15,710 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 16.4 | 13.0 | 31.7 | 26.0 | 41.6 | 47.5 | 8.4 | 12.3 |
| Tourist Sites | 11,708 | 14,937 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 61.9 | 61.3 | 14.6 | 16.5 |
| Country in general | 13,476 | 15,906 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 12.2 | 5.4 | 28.9 | 24.2 | 46 | 56.4 | 10.8 | 13.5 |

Table 6.26 (Cont'd) - Percentage distribution of tourists interviewed by rating of the state of the environment at various sites, Survey of outgoing tourists 2004 & 2006

| Site | Number o | Number of Parties | | Very Poor | | Poor | | Satisfactory | | Good | | Excellent | |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|------|-----------|------|------|------|--------------|------|------|------|-----------|--|
| | 2004 | 2006 | 2004 | 2006 | 2004 | 2006 | 2004 | 2006 | 2004 | 2006 | 2004 | 2006 | |
| Beaches | 16,151 | 15,648 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 63.6 | 56.9 | 20.0 | 25.3 | |
| Public places | 16,189 | 15,399 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 13.3 | 10.7 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 50.0 | 53.0 | 9.8 | 11.9 | |
| Tourist Sites | 15,396 | 14,669 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 18.1 | 15.8 | 63.7 | 63.1 | 13.0 | 17.5 | |
| Country in general | 16,400 | 15,996 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 22.3 | 20.4 | 60.0 | 59.3 | 11.1 | 14.5 | |

Table 6.27 - Broadcasting services (end of period), Republic of Mauritius, 2001 - 2010

| | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| A. Sound | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Channels | Number | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Transmitters | ıı | 18 | 21 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 45 | 47 | 63 |
| Aerial output: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Medium wave | kW | 10/2 | 10/2 | 10 / 2 | 10 / 2 | 10/2 | 10/2 | 10 / 2 | 10 / 2 | 10 / 2 | 10 / 2 |
| F.M. | kW | 1/0.5 | 1 / 0.5 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 | 4/2 |
| Weekly transmission time | Hour | 1,344 | 1,344 | 1,848 | 1,848 | 1,848 | 1,848 | 2,016 | 2,016 | 2,016 | 2,184 |
| Private operators | Number | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| B. Television | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Channels ¹ | Number | 4 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 25 |
| Transmitters | " | 78 | 78 | 86 | 89 | 129 | 140 | 160 | 165 | 168 | 208 |
| Aerial output (ERP) | kW | 0.4 - 30 | 0.4 - 30 | 0.4 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 | 0.1 - 30 |
| Weekly transmission time | Hour | 672 | 672 | 1,008 | 2,016 | 2,016 | 2,016 | 2,520 | 3,360 | 3,360 | 4, 200 |
| Television sets licensed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Isl. of Mauritius | Number | 230,676 | 236,551 | 253,126 | 254,000 | 268,875 | 269,166 | 280,675 | 308,194 | 305,010 | 304,616 |
| Isl. of Rodrigues | " | 4,760 | 4,934 | 6,286 | 6,300 | 6,880 | 8,228 | 9,255 | 9,763 | 9,967 | 10,145 |
| Private operators | " | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

¹ transmission of same channels on analogue and digital has been counted as two channels Source: Mauritius Broadcasting Corporation, and Multicarrier (Mauritius) Ltd

Table 6.28 - Telephone services (end of period), 2001 - 2010

| | Unit | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Total line capacity of local exchanges | Number | 315,000 | 335,000 | 351,146 | 368,481 | 396,797 | 446,797 | 531,551 | 497,194 | 443,239 | 452,927 |
| Main telephone lines in operation | " | 306,773 | 325,774 | 348,202 | 353,808 | 357,490 | 357,340 | 361,319 | 363,536 | 375,160 | 405,224 |
| Cellular mobile telephone subscribers | | 278,500 | 366,438 | 466,327 | 547,831 | 656,828 | 772,395 | 928,622 | 1,033,259 | 1,086,748 | 1,190,922 |
| National telephone traffic (calls) ¹ | 000 | 511,573 | 539,243 | 543,041 | 534,531 | 543,284 | 537,137 | 513,377 | 449,071 | 452,530 | 440,323 |
| International outgoing telephone traffic: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) calls | 000 | 11,179 | 12,627 | 13,406 | 14,831 | 19,046 | 19,701 | 21,386 | 13,401 | 64,646 | 42,364 |
| (b) duration | 000 minutes | 35,535 | 36,516 | 43,416 | 45,539 | 58,450 | 59,741 | 71,412 | 107,028 | 123,317 | 126,759 |

Source: Information & Communication Technologies Authority (ICTA)

¹ Calls irrespective of duration from fixed telephone

Table 6.29 - Health related statistics, 2003 - 2010

| Year | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| No of doctors (public sector) ¹ | 765 | 775 | 777 | 856 | 844 | 852 | 887 | 967 |
| No of doctors (public and private sectors) 1 | 1,173 | 1,303 | 1,342 | 1,400 | 1,425 | 1,450 | 1,475 | 1,500 |
| No of nurses and midwives (public and private sector) ¹ | 2,958 | 2,937 | 2,902 | 3,087 | 3,300 | 3,400 | 3,500 | 3,600 |
| No of beds (public and private sectors) | 4,038 | 4,073 | 4,067 | 4,123 | 4,080 | 4,082 | 4,281 | 4.188 |
| No of children immunised against Tuberculosis ² | 17,021 | 16,424 | 16,147 | 14,700 | 14,272 | 13,665 | 15,821 | 12,484 |
| No of children immunised against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, Hib and Hepatitis B | 17,036 | 16,161 | 15,670 | 14,756 | 13,970 | 14,635 | 13,376 | 12,487 |
| No of children immunised against Polio 3 rd dose ² | 17,077 | 16,246 | 15,747 | 14,780 | 13,976 | 14,663 | 13,482 | 12,587 |
| No of children immunised against Measles/Mumps/Rubella (MMR) ² | 17,309 | 16,184 | 15,750 | 15,176 | 14,400 | 13,574 | 13,316 | 12499 |
| No of cases of (Imported) Malaria reported | 40 | 45 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 27 | 23 | 52 |
| No of cases of (Introduced) Malaria reported | - | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |

Source: Statistics Unit , Ministry of Health and Quality of Life ¹ Republic of Mauritius ² Public sector only

Table 6.30 - Percentage distribution of households by amenities available, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Housing Censuses

| Amenity available | Housing cens | sus |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | 2000 (%) | 2011 (%) |
| 1. Electricity | 99.0 | 99.4 |
| 2. Water supply : | | |
| Piped water inside house | 83.7 | 94.2 |
| Piped water outside on premises | 14.5 | 5.2 |
| Public fountain, well, river, etc. | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| 3. Bathroom | | |
| With running water | 89.0 | 95.5 |
| Without running water | 10.1 | 4.0 |
| None | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| 4. Toilet | | |
| Flush toilet | 88.8 | 96.4 |
| Pit latrine | 11.0 | 3.4 |
| Other and None | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 5. Kitchen | | |
| Inside housing unit | 87.8 | 95.5 |
| Outside housing unit | 11.4 | 4.2 |
| None | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| 6. Main fuel for cooking : | | |
| Cooking Gas (LPG) | 91.5 | 97.6 |
| Wood and charcoal | 4.5 | 1.9 |
| Kerosene | 3.4 | 0.1 |
| Electricity | 0.5 | 0.3 |

Table 6.31 - Percentage distribution of households by method of refuse disposal, Republic of Mauritius, 2000 and 2011 Censuses

| | Housing census | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Refuse disposal | 2000 (%) | 2011 (%) | | | | | |
| Regular collection | 88.7 | 96.3 | | | | | |
| Irregular collection | 4.9 | 1.7 | | | | | |
| Ash pit on premises | 3.8 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| Dumped on premises/ roadside | 2.2 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| Other | 0.4 | 0.2 | | | | | |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | | | | | |

Table 6.32 - Private households by principal fuel used for heating water for bathing, Republic of **Mauritius, 2011 Housing and Population Census**

| Fuel type | Urban | Rural | Total | |
|-------------------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| Electricity | 28,116 | 13,374 | 41,490 | |
| Gas | 80,560 | 122,866 | 203,426 | |
| Solar | 16,119 | 25,723 | 41,842 | |
| Other | 1,521 | 5,924 | 7,445 | |
| None ¹ | 15,062 | 32,547 | 47,609 | |
| Not stated | 493 | 53 | 546 | |

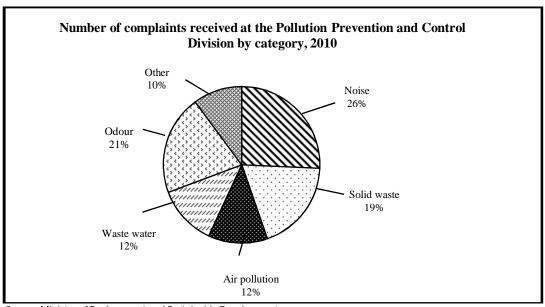
¹ Includes households who do not regularly use hot water for bathing

Table 6.33 - Number of complaints received at the Pollution Prevention and Control Division by category, 2001 - 2010

| Category | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 ¹ |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Noise | 821 | 458 | 583 | 444 | 342 | 178 | 135 | 157 | 123 | 160 |
| Solid waste | 758 | 88 | 88 | 177 | 201 | 137 | 88 | 49 | 136 | 118 |
| Air pollution | 188 | 229 | 209 | 129 | 154 | 61 | 62 | 57 | 57 | 76 |
| Waste water | 210 | 286 | 155 | 180 | 289 | 92 | 76 | 84 | 72 | 77 |
| Odour | 417 | 406 | 344 | 328 | 272 | 121 | 88 | 102 | 88 | 128 |
| Other ² | 657 | 189 | 389 | 447 | 215 | 224 | 119 | 147 | 46 | 63 |
| Total | 3,051 | 1,656 | 1,768 | 1,705 | 1,473 | 813 | 568 | 596 | 522 | 622 |

Source : Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development ¹ provisional

Figure 28 - Number of complaints received at the Pollution Prevention and Control Division by category, 2010



Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development

Table 6.34 - Contraventions and notices established by Police De L'Environnement, 2007 - 2010

| Type of contravention | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Illegal Littering | 8,119 | 8,246 | 3,402 | 963 |
| Illegal Dumping | 16 | 51 | 0 | 152 |
| Noise | 12 | 91 | 27 | 11 |
| Smoking in prohibited area | 75 | 8 | 48 | 61 |
| Waste carriers offences | 0 | 8 | 3 | 0 |
| Setting fire within 50 metres from building/plantation | 0 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Obstruction | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Road Traffic Offences | 133 | 328 | 134 | 8 |
| Trading without licence | 47 | 80 | 0 | 41 |
| Allowing animal to stray | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Disturbance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Others | 30 | 90 | 81 | 23 |
| Total | 8,432 | 8,922 | 3,696 | 1,284 |
| No. of notices issued to drivers of vehicles emitting black smoke | 3,796 | 6,782 | 2,270 | 1,651 |

Source: Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development.

Table 6.35 - Economy - Wide Material Flow Accounts (MFA), 2005 - 2009

| ,,, | | | Million tonnes | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|----------------|------|------|--|--|
| | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | | |
| Domestic extraction (DE) | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 10.9 | | |
| Direct Material Input (DMI) | 13.6 | 13.8 | 14.2 | 15.0 | 14.6 | | |
| Domestic Material Consumption (DMC) | 12.4 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 13.8 | 13.5 | | |
| Physical Balance of Trade (PTB) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | | |
| Domestic extraction | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 10.9 | | |
| Biomass | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.9 | | |
| Of which sugarcane | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | | |
| Minerals | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.0 | | |
| Of which aggregates (rocks) | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 5.9 | | |
| Imports | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.7 | | |
| Biomass | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | | |
| Other materials | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | | |
| Energy carriers | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | | |
| Exports | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | | |
| Biomass | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | | |
| Other materials | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | | |

Note: Materials include agricultural products such as sugarcane and animal products (meat etc), forestry products such as wood and raw materials used in manufacturing and services sectors.

Table 6.36 - Employment by industrial group ¹ and sex, March 2010, Republic of Mauritius

| Industrial group | Male | Female | Both sexes |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | <u>13,052</u> | <u>3,091</u> | <u>16,143</u> |
| Sugarcane | 7,202 | 1,537 | 8,739 |
| Tea | 123 | 206 | 329 |
| Tobacco | 34 | 76 | 110 |
| Flower growing | 109 | 152 | 261 |
| Fishing | 666 | 87 | 753 |
| Animal Farming | 1,134 | 185 | 1,319 |
| Agricultural & animal husbandry services | 2,956 | 805 | 3,761 |
| Forestry, logging & related service activities | 817 | 28 | 845 |
| Other | 11 | 15 | 26 |
| Mining and quarrying | <u>79</u> | <u>56</u> | <u>135</u> |
| <u>Manufacturing</u> | <u>41,525</u> | <u>38,613</u> | <u>80,138</u> |
| Food: | | | |
| Meat and fish processing | 3,601 | 3,529 | 7,130 |
| Bread | 572 | 101 | 673 |
| Sugar confectionery, biscuits and other | | | |
| farinaceous products | 399 | 569 | 968 |
| Sugar | 1,738 | 22 | 1,760 |
| Tea | 127 | 39 | 166 |
| Other | 94 | 164 | 258 |
| Beverage and tobacco: | | | |
| Distilleries & cigarette manufacture | 289 | 81 | 370 |
| Wine and beer | 1,343 | 194 | 1,537 |
| Soft drinks | 602 | 53 | 655 |
| Textiles | 3,526 | 1770 | 5,296 |
| Wearing apparel (except footwear) | 15,533 | 25,659 | 41,192 |
| Leather products | 141 | 417 | 558 |
| Footwear | 100 | 74 | 174 |
| Wood products (except furniture) | 384 | 179 | 563 |
| Paper products | 469 | 183 | 652 |
| Printing and publishing | 1,829 | 907 | 2,736 |
| Chemical products | 1,691 | 602 | 2,293 |
| Rubber products | 110 | 44 | 154 |
| Plastic products | 867 | 330 | 1,197 |
| Non-metallic mineral products: | | | |
| Stone and concrete | 1,760 | 136 | 1,896 |
| Other | 222 | 51 | 273 |
| Basic metals | 201 | 24 | 225 |
| Fabricated metal products | 2,294 | 344 | 2,638 |
| Machinery & equipment | 389 | 46 | 435 |
| Electrical machinery & apparatus | 331 | 193 | 524 |
| Radio, television & communication equipment | 24 | 40 | 64 |
| Medical, optical & photographic equipment | 328 | 506 | 834 |
| Watches and clocks | 265 | 354 | 619 |
| Transport equipment | 480 | 21 | 501 |

¹Large establishment

Table 6.36 (cont'd) - Employment by industrial group ¹ and sex, March 2010, Republic of Mauritius

| Industrial group | Male | Female | Both sexes |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Furniture | 827 | 129 | 956 |
| Jewellery and related articles | 679 | 898 | 1,577 |
| Other manufacturing industries | 310 | 954 | 1,264 |
| Eectricity, gas and water | <u>3,140</u> | <u>234</u> | <u>3,374</u> |
| Construction | <u>13,645</u> | <u>638</u> | <u>14,283</u> |
| Wholesale & retail trade, repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & | | | |
| household goods | <u>14,233</u> | <u>8,124</u> | <u>22,357</u> |
| Maintenance & repair of motor vehicles & | | | |
| motorcycles | 290 | 41 | 331 |
| Sale of motor vehicles, motor cycles & related | 1,460 | 372 | 1,832 |
| parts; automotive fuel | | | |
| Wholesale trade | 6,936 | 2,659 | 9,595 |
| Retail trade | 5,547 | 5,052 | 10,599 |
| <u>Hotels and restaurants</u> | <u>16,847</u> | <u>6,464</u> | <u>23,311</u> |
| Hotels | 15,252 | 5,595 | 20,847 |
| Restaurants | 1,595 | 869 | 2,464 |
| <u>Transport, storage & communication</u> | <u>15,535</u> | <u>3,664</u> | <u> 19,199</u> |
| Bus transport | 5,441 | 222 | 5,663 |
| Other land transport | 762 | 172 | 934 |
| Water & air transport | 1,557 | 824 | 2,381 |
| Cargo handling, storage & warehousing | 4,382 | 799 | 5,181 |
| & related activities | | | |
| Travel agencies & tour operators | 672 | 652 | 1,324 |
| Post & telecommunication | 2,721 | 995 | 3,716 |
| Financial intermediation | <u>5,790</u> | <u>5,597</u> | <u>11,387</u> |
| Banking | 3,815 | 3,555 | 7,370 |
| Insurance | 1,193 | 1,210 | 2,403 |
| Other | 782 | 832 | 1,614 |
| Real estate, renting and business activities | 14,423 | 9,288 | 23,711 |
| Real estate & renting of equipment | 452 | 191 | 643 |
| Computer services | 2,585 | 2,658 | 5,243 |
| Accounting & consultancy services | 1,818 | 1,796 | 3,614 |
| Architectural & engineering services | 1,180 | 208 | 1,388 |
| Advertising services | 229 | 136 | 365 |
| Security services | 5,015 | 403 | 5,418 |
| Other | 3,144 | 3,896 | 7,040 |
| Public administration & defence; compulsory social security | <u>25,590</u> | <u>9,544</u> | <u>39,134</u> |
| Education | <u>23,376</u> <u>11,351</u> | <u>7,544</u> <u>14,135</u> | <u>37,134</u> <u>25,486</u> |
| Health and social work | 7,659 | <u>14,133</u> <u>7,872</u> | <u>25,480</u> <u>15,531</u> |
| Health services | 6,840 | <u>7,872</u> 6,814 | 13,654 |
| Social work activities | 6,840 819 | 0,814 1,058 | 1,877 |
| | | | |
| Other community, social and personal services | <u>5,537</u> | <u>2,322</u> | 7,859 |
| Cleaning services | 1,753 | 460 | 2,213 |
| Recreational & sporting activities | 3,003 | 1,260 | 4,263 |
| Other | 781 | 602 | 1,383 |
| Total | 192,406 | 109,642 | 302,048 |

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Table 6.37 - Number of accidents by economic activity, bodily location and agency, Republic of Mauritius, (Jan - Dec 2010)

| | | | | Bodi | ly Locati | on ¹ | | | | | | | Ma | terial Ag | jency | | | |
|---|--------|-------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------|------------|--|-------------------|---|-----------------------|---|---|-------|
| Economic Activity | 1.Head | Neck(| 3.Back, including spine & vertebrate in the back | 4. Trunk and internal organs | 5.Upper extremeties | 6.Lower extremeties | 6.Whole body and multiple sites | 7.Other parts of body injured | 8.Part of body injured, unspecified | TOTAL | 1.Machines | 2.Means of transport & lifting equipment | 3.Other equipment | 4.Materials, substances & radiations | 5.Working environment | 6.Other agencies, not elsewhere classified | 7.Agencies not classified for lack of sufficient data | TOTAL |
| Agriculture, hunting & forestry | 55 | - | 32 | 2 | 61 | 55 | 1 | 11 | 4 | 221 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 129 | 9 | 71 | 221 |
| Fishing | - | - | 1 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 1 | 5 |
| Mining & quarrying | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Manufacturing | 39 | 1 | 29 | 1 | 103 | 59 | - | 7 | 10 | 249 | 4 | 1 | - | - | 139 | 10 | 95 | 249 |
| Electricity, gas & water supply | - | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Construction Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor | 70 | 1 | 43 | 4 | 192 | 141 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 469 | 16 | - | 2 | - | 258 | 17 | 176 | 469 |
| vehicles,motor cycles and personal and household goods | 3 | - | 3 | - | 16 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 55 | 1 | - | - | - | 34 | 4 | 16 | 55 |
| Hotels & restaurants | 2 | - | 3 | - | 4 | 6 | - | 1 | 1 | 17 | - | - | - | - | 14 | - | 3 | 17 |
| Transport, storage & communications | 16 | 2 | 11 | 5 | 47 | 39 | - | 7 | 6 | 133 | 8 | 11 | 2 | - | 66 | 5 | 41 | 133 |
| Financial intermediation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Real Estate, renting & business activities | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 10 | 11 | - | 1 | 2 | 34 | - | - | - | - | 27 | - | 7 | 34 |
| Public administration & defence; compulsory social security | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Education | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| Health & social work | 5 | - | 2 | - | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | 14 | 1 | - | - | - | 12 | - | 1 | 14 |
| Other community, social & personal service activities | - | - | - | - | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | 6 |
| Private households with employed persons | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| Extra-territorial organisations & bodies | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| TOTAL | 194 | 5 | 128 | 13 | 442 | 348 | 3 | 36 | 38 | 1,207 | 36 | 14 | 6 | 2 | 689 | 45 | 415 | 1,207 |

¹ According to new classification

Table 6.38 - Environmental Performance Index (EPI) for Mauritius, 2008 and 2010

| | 2008 | 2010 |
|---|------|------|
| EPI Rank (out of 149 Countries in 2008 and 163 Countries in 2010) | 58 | 6 |
| EPI Score | 78.1 | 80.6 |
| Of which | | |
| Environmental Health | 97.7 | 83.7 |
| Water (effects on humans) | 96.5 | 96.6 |
| Air Pollution (effects on humans) | 97.9 | 97.4 |
| Environmental Burden of Disease | 98.2 | 70.3 |
| Ecosystem Vitality | 58.5 | 77.5 |
| Forestry | 87.4 | 86.5 |
| Fisheries | 99.5 | 99.5 |
| Agriculture | - | 93.0 |
| Climate Change | 53.5 | 72.9 |
| Air Pollution (effects on ecosystem) | 94.4 | 43.7 |
| Water (effects on ecosystem) | 64.7 | 74.4 |
| Biodiversity & Habitat | 21.9 | 45.0 |

Source: Yale Center for Environmental Law and Policy (YCELP) and Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN), Columbia University, with the World Economic Forum, and Joint Research Centre (JRC) of the European Commission (2010). 2010 Environmental Performance Index. Downloaded from https://epi.yale.edu (last accessed 07/26/2010)