



Economic and Social Indicators

Issue No 1906

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Year 2025

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Statistics Mauritius
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Note: Readers are invited to make the distinction between official data which are published in the Economic and Social indicators and the analysis presented for the benefit of general readers. Differences of opinion may arise regarding the analytical part but these do not in any way, undermine the quality of the data. The Editors welcome constructive critical comments.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(Base period: January – December 2023 = 100)

Year 2025

1. INTRODUCTION

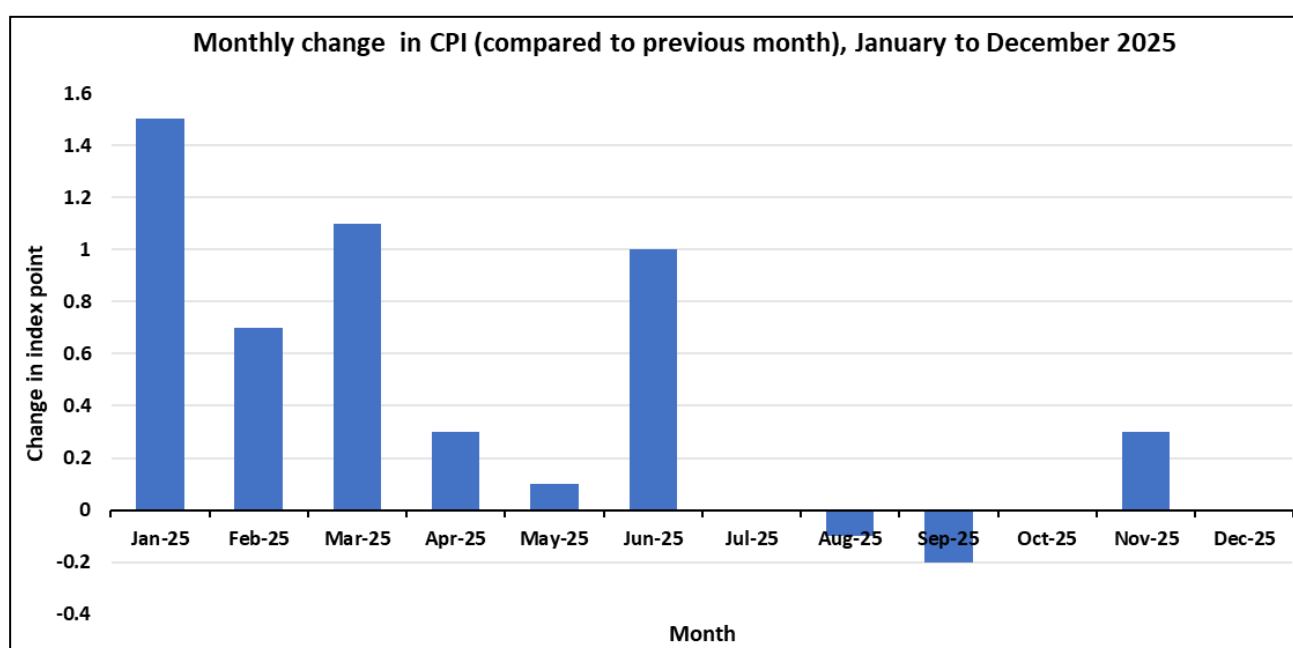
This issue of Economic and Social Indicators presents the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the year 2025. The methodology used for computing CPI and inflation rate is given in the technical note at Annex.

2. KEY POINTS

2.1 Overall CPI

The Consumer Price Index, which stood at 103.5 in December 2024, registered an increase of 4.7 points (or +4.5%) to reach 108.2 in December 2025 (Table 1A).

The monthly CPI changes in 2025 are shown in the chart below. Increases ranging from 0.1 point to 1.5 points were recorded from January to June and again in November, with the highest increase observed in January 2025. Decreases of 0.1 point in August and 0.2 point in September were also noted. The CPI remained unchanged in July, October and December 2025.



2.2 Overview of CPI movements

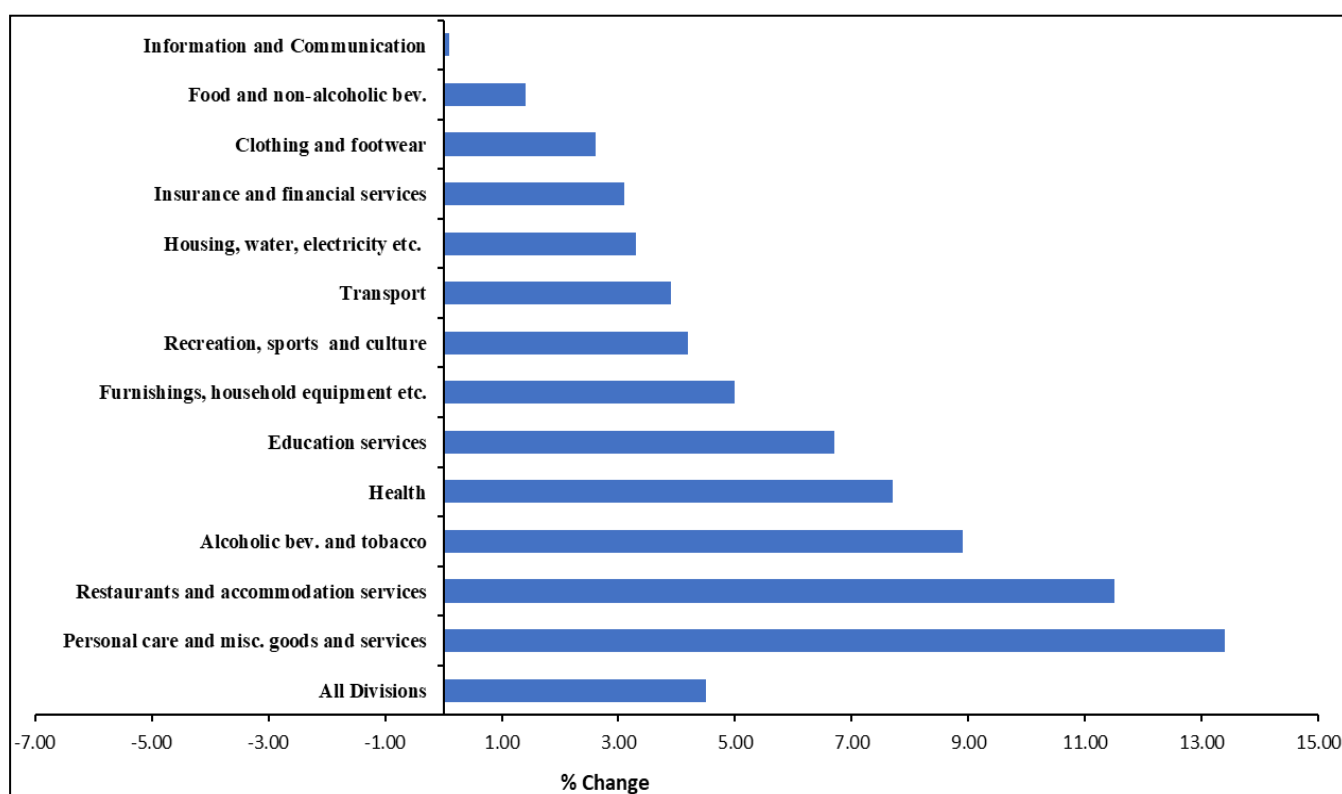
The main contributors for the increase in CPI during year 2025 (Table 2) were:

- higher prices of soft drinks (+0.2 point), pastry (+0.1 point), fruit juices and syrups (+0.1 point), fruits (+0.1 point), mutton (+0.1 point) and some other food products (+0.3 point);
- higher prices of cigarettes (+0.4 point), beer (+0.4 point), rum (+0.1 point) and whisky (+0.1 point);
- higher prices of ready-made clothing (+0.1 point), higher workman's wages (+0.2 point), higher interest rates on housing loans (+0.1 point) and higher charges for domestic services (+0.1 point);
- higher clinic fees (+0.3 point) and higher prices for medicinal products (+0.1 point);
- higher prices of motor vehicles (+0.8 point) and air tickets for international travel (+0.1 point) and higher road tax (+0.1 point);
- higher private tuition fees for secondary education (+0.1 point) and higher university fees in private tertiary institutions (+0.1 point);

- g) higher prices of prepared foods in snacks (+0.2 point), international fast-food outlets (+0.2 point), restaurants (+0.1 point) and some other prepared foods (+0.1 point);
- h) higher charges for housing (+0.2 point), medical (+0.2 point), motor vehicles (+0.2 point) insurances and;
- i) higher prices of some other goods and services (+0.4 point);
partly offset by
- j) lower prices of cooking oil (-0.2 point), trader's rice (-0.1 point), preserved vegetables (-0.1 point) and powdered milk (-0.1 point);
- k) lower prices of gasoline (-0.4 point).

3. MOVEMENT OF CPI SUB INDICES

Percentage change in CPI sub-indices for year 2025



The changes in the sub-indices (Table 3) for the thirteen divisions of consumption expenditure during the year 2025 were as follows:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages (+1.4%)

The increase was mainly due to higher prices for soft drinks (+25.5%), pastry (+18.7%), fruit juices and syrups (+14.1%), fruits (+3.8%), mutton (+10.6%) and vegetables (+1.3%), partly offset by lower prices of cooking oil (-18.0%), trader's rice (-6.0%), preserved vegetables (-18.1%), powdered milk (-5.3%) and processed cheese (-6.4%).

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (+8.9%)

The increase was due to higher prices of cigarettes (+8.2%), beer (+10.9%), rum (+9.4%), whisky (+7.7%) and wine (+6.1%).

Clothing and footwear (+2.6%)

The increase was mainly due to higher prices of ready-made clothing (+2.3%) and footwear (+2.8%).

Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels (+3.3%)

The increase was due to higher workman's wages (+19.5%), higher interest rates on housing loans (+3.6%) and higher prices of cement (+6.7%) and some construction materials (+3.6%).

Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance (+5.1%)

The increase was due to higher charges for domestic services (+12.9%) and higher prices of furniture (+6.0%) and detergents (+8.6%), partly offset by lower prices of air conditioners (-10.0%).

Health (+7.7%)

The increase was due to higher clinic fees (+15.9%) and doctors' fees (+4.9%), higher charges for medical services (+4.3%) and higher prices of some medicinal products (+4.6%), partly offset by lower prices of adult diapers (-0.2%).

Transport (+3.9%)

The increase was due to higher prices of motor vehicles (+16.4%), air tickets for international travel (+3.1%), higher road tax (+27.1%) and higher servicing charges of motor vehicles (+7.9%), partly offset by lower prices of gasoline (-7.7%) and diesel (-3.4%).

Information and Communication (+0.1%)

The increase was due to higher prices for audio-visual equipment (+3.0%) and mobile phones (+0.1%), partly offset by lower prices of some information processing equipment (-0.7%).

Recreation, sports and culture (+4.2%)

The increase was due to higher prices of pet foods (+8.5%) and school textbooks (+7.3%), partly offset by lower prices of some video games (-4.2%) and, some copybooks and stationeries (-0.9%).

Education services (+6.7%)

The increase was mainly due to higher private secondary tuition fees (+11.5%) and higher university fees in private tertiary institutions (+4.7%), and higher private school fees for primary (+12.2%) and pre-primary education fees (+13.0%).

Restaurants and accommodation services (+11.5%)

The increase was due to higher prices of prepared meals in snacks (+11.2%), international fast-foods outlets (+13.0%), restaurants (+14.6%), food-courts (+4.7%), and some other prepared food (+10.7%) and higher rates for hotel accommodation services (+2.9%).

Insurance and financial services (+13.3%)

The increase was due to higher housing (+19.3%), medical (+10.5%), motor vehicle (+12.9%) and funeral (+3.0%).

Personal care, social protection and miscellaneous goods and services (+3.2%)

The increase was due to higher prices of some goods for personal care and hygiene (+2.0%), higher charges for hairdressing services (+8.0%) and higher nursery fees (+12.7%).

4. INFLATION RATE

The headline inflation rate worked out to 3.7% for year 2025 compared to 3.6% for year 2024 (Table 5).

The headline inflation rate excluding 'Alcoholic beverages and tobacco' was 3.5% for year 2025, compared to 3.6% for year 2024.

5. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF INFLATION RATE

The table below compares the inflation rate (as measured by the percentage change in the average CPI for a given year relative to the previous year) of Mauritius with those of our main importing countries and some countries in the region for year 2025.

Inflation rate (%) of selected countries, year 2024

Country	Inflation rate (%)	Country	Inflation rate (%)
France	2.3	Australia	3.2
United Kingdom	2.5	United States	3.0
China	0.2	Botswana	2.8
India	4.7	Mauritius	3.6
Japan	2.7	Seychelles	0.2
Singapore	2.4	South Africa	4.4

Source – World Economic Outlook Database, October 2025

Note :

- (i) This publication is available on the website of Statistics Mauritius at <http://statsmauritius.govmu.org> From the homepage, choose “Publications” followed by “Economic and Social Indicators”, then “Consumer Price Index”.
- (ii) The monthly CPI is also available on our website. It is posted within 5 working days after the reference month.
- (iii) More detailed information on CPI can be made available upon request.

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Table 1A - Monthly Consumer Price Index, January 2018 - December 2025

<u>Month</u>	<u>(Base : Jan - Dec 2017 = 100)</u>							<u>(Base : Jan - Dec 2023 = 100)</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
January	103.2	103.8	105.9	107.0	114.9	128.5	135.2		105.0
February	105.3	104.4	106.6	107.9	117.6	130.5	138.6		105.7
March	105.9	104.4	107.4	108.5	120.1	131.1	137.6		106.8
April	103.8	104.4	108.8	109.0	121.0	131.0		103.2	107.1
May	103.6	104.4	107.3	109.8	121.6	131.2		102.9	107.2
June	102.8	103.4	105.2	111.4	122.1	131.7		102.6	108.2
July	102.6	103.4	104.9	111.7	124.0	131.3		102.8	108.2
August	101.9	103.7	105.3	111.6	124.4	131.7		103.2	108.1
September	102.0	103.3	106.0	111.7	125.0	131.6		103.4	107.9
October	102.4	102.8	106.1	112.3	125.7	131.5		103.7	107.9
November	102.8	103.1	106.3	113.1	126.8	131.9		104.0	108.2
December	102.4	103.3	106.1	113.3	127.1	132.0		103.5	108.2
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>103.2</i>	<i>103.7</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>110.6</i>	<i>122.5</i>	<i>131.2</i>			<i>107.4</i>
<i>Annual change (%)</i>	+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.5	+ 4.0	+ 10.8	+ 7.0		+ 3.6	+ 3.7

Table 1B - Comparative Monthly Consumer Price Index , January 2018 - December 2025 ^{1/}*(Base: January - December 2023 = 100)*

<u>Month</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
January	78.7	79.1	80.7	81.6	87.6	97.9	103.0	105.0
February	80.3	79.6	81.3	82.3	89.7	99.5	105.7	105.7
March	80.7	79.6	81.9	82.7	91.6	100.0	104.9	106.8
April	79.2	79.6	82.9	83.1	92.2	99.8	103.2	107.1
May	79.0	79.6	81.8	83.7	92.7	100.0	102.9	107.2
June	78.4	78.8	80.2	84.9	93.1	100.4	102.6	108.2
July	78.2	78.8	80.0	85.2	94.6	100.1	102.8	108.2
August	77.7	79.1	80.3	85.1	94.8	100.4	103.2	108.1
September	77.8	78.8	80.8	85.2	95.3	100.3	103.4	107.9
October	78.1	78.4	80.9	85.6	95.8	100.3	103.7	107.9
November	78.4	78.6	81.0	86.2	96.7	100.6	104.0	108.2
December	78.1	78.8	80.9	86.4	96.9	100.6	103.5	108.2
<i>Yearly average</i>	<i>78.7</i>	<i>79.1</i>	<i>81.1</i>	<i>84.3</i>	<i>93.4</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>103.6</i>	<i>107.4</i>
<i>Annual change (%)</i>	+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.5	+ 4.0	+ 10.8	+ 7.0	+ 3.6	+ 3.7

^{1/} The CPI for January 2018 to March 2023, originally based on January to December 2017, has been converted to the new base January - December 2023=100 using a linking factor of 1.311723. Example: the monthly CPI for January 2023 has been converted to the new base by dividing 128.5 by 1.311723 (≈ 97.9)

Table 2 - Net contribution of main commodities that affected the index from December 2024 to December 2025

Commodity	Contribution to change in overall index point	Percentage change in price index
Soft Drinks	+0.2	+25.5
Cooking Oil	- 0.2	- 18.0
Trader's Rice	- 0.1	- 6.0
Preserved vegetables	- 0.1	- 18.1
Powdered milk	- 0.1	- 5.3
Pastry	+0.1	+18.7
Fruit juice and syrups	+0.1	+14.1
Fruits	+0.1	+3.8
Mutton	+0.1	+10.6
Other food products	+0.3	+1.9
Cigarettes	+0.4	+8.2
Beer	+0.4	+10.9
Rum	+0.1	+9.4
Whisky	+0.1	+7.7
Ready made clothing	+0.1	+2.3
Workman's wages	+0.2	+19.5
Interest rates on housing loan	+0.1	+3.6
Charges for Domestic services	+0.1	+12.9
Clinic fees	+0.3	+15.9
Medicinal products	+0.1	+4.6
Motor vehicles	+0.8	+16.4
Gasolene	- 0.4	- 7.7
Road Tax	+0.1	+27.1
Air ticket for international travel	+0.1	+3.1
Private secondary tuition fees	+0.1	+11.5
University fees in private tertiary institutions	+0.1	+4.7
Prepared foods in snacks	+0.2	+11.2
Prepared foods in international fast food outlets	+0.2	+13.0
Prepared food in restaurants	+0.1	+14.6
Other prepared foods	+0.1	+10.7
Home insurance	+0.2	+19.3
Medical insurance	+0.2	+10.5
Motor vehicle insurance	+0.2	+12.9
Other goods and services	+0.4	+2.5
Overall	+ 4.7	+ 4.5

Table 3 : Monthly sub-indices by division of consumption expenditure, December 2024 to December 2025

(Base: January - December 2023 = 100)

Division	Description	Weight	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25	Jul-25	Aug-25	Sept-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Percentage change ¹ between December 2024 to December 2025
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	250	107.5	108.8	110.6	114.1	115.6	115.9	115.2	111.0	109.9	108.2	108.1	109.0	109.0	+1.4
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	106	103.2	103.2	103.8	104.0	103.9	104.0	112.9	113.0	113.0	113.1	113.2	112.8	112.4	+8.9
03	Clothing and footwear	41	104.0	104.9	104.9	105.1	105.2	105.2	105.3	105.5	106.1	106.1	106.3	106.5	106.7	+2.6
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	100	97.7	99.7	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	+3.3
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	48	105.3	109.7	109.8	110.1	109.8	109.1	109.8	109.3	109.8	109.8	109.7	110.6	110.6	+5.1
06	Health	49	108.4	110.7	110.5	110.7	111.0	111.0	111.1	114.0	114.2	114.7	114.8	116.7	116.7	+7.7
07	Transport	159	98.4	97.4	97.4	97.6	97.5	97.5	97.8	102.4	102.9	103.2	103.5	102.1	102.2	+3.9
08	Information and Communication	70	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.8	100.7	+0.1
09	Recreation, sports and culture	20	104.4	105.6	106.7	107.1	107.1	107.0	107.4	107.2	107.3	107.7	108.2	108.5	108.8	+4.2
10	Education services	32	104.9	109.7	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.7	110.7	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	+6.7
11	Restaurants and accommodation services	52	108.4	110.9	111.5	112.4	112.7	113.3	114.9	115.9	117.3	118.3	118.2	120.3	120.9	+11.5
12	Insurance and financial services	41	101.5	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.1	115.1	+13.3
13	Personal care, social protection and miscellaneous goods and services	32	104.9	106.9	107.5	108.0	107.6	107.9	107.9	107.9	108.1	108.8	107.8	108.8	108.2	+3.2
All Divisions		1000	103.5	105.0	105.7	106.8	107.1	107.2	108.2	108.2	108.1	107.9	107.9	108.2	108.2	+4.5

Note: Percentage change has been computed from unrounded indices and hence may vary slightly from the change in rounded indices.

Table 4 - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,
December 2024 to December 2025 (Base: January - December 2023 = 100)

Item description	Weight	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25	Jul-25	Aug-25	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25
DIVISION 01 - FOOD AND NON ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	250	107.5	108.8	110.6	114.1	115.6	115.9	115.2	111.0	109.9	108.2	108.1	109.0	109.0
Group 1 - Food	231	107.2	108.5	110.5	114.3	115.8	116.1	114.5	110.0	108.7	106.7	106.7	107.6	107.6
Group 2: Non alcoholic beverages	19.0	111.0	112.0	111.9	111.7	113.3	113.6	123.6	123.4	124.7	126.0	126.0	126.5	126.0
DIVISION 02 - ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND	106	103.2	103.2	103.8	104.0	103.9	104.0	112.9	113.0	113.0	113.1	113.2	112.8	112.4
Group 1 - Alcoholic beverages	57	106.6	106.7	107.6	108.0	107.8	108.1	117.7	117.8	117.8	118.0	118.3	117.6	116.8
Group 2 - Tobacco	49	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3	107.3	107.3	107.3	107.3	107.3	107.3	107.3
DIVISION 03 - CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	41	104.0	104.9	104.9	105.1	105.2	105.2	105.3	105.5	106.1	106.1	106.3	106.5	106.7
Group 1 - Clothing	31	103.8	105.0	105.0	105.3	105.3	105.3	105.4	105.5	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.4
Group 2 - Footwear	10	104.5	104.7	104.7	104.7	104.7	104.7	104.7	105.6	106.0	106.0	106.7	107.4	107.4
DIVISION 04 - HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTHER FUELS	100	97.7	99.7	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9
Group 1 - Actual rentals for housing	10	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2
Group 2 - Mortgage Interest on housing loan	30	91.7	91.7	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.1
Group 3 - Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	14	111.5	125.9	126.1	126.2	126.3	126.8	126.8	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.1	127.1
Group 4 - Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	7	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.2
Group 5 - Electricity, gas and other fuels	39	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2
DIVISION 05 - FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND ROUTINE HOSEHOLD MAINTENANCE	48	105.3	109.7	109.8	110.1	109.8	109.1	109.8	109.3	109.8	109.8	109.7	110.6	110.6
Group 1 - Furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	9	103.5	105.5	105.5	105.6	106.0	106.1	105.7	105.5	107.8	109.4	109.4	109.9	109.9
Group 2 - Household textiles	3	105.3	105.6	105.6	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	107.1	108.5	108.7	109.7	109.7
Group 3 - Household appliances	9	104.0	104.8	104.6	104.6	104.8	103.6	103.3	102.8	103.5	102.1	102.4	102.4	102.1

Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,**December 2024 to December 2025 (Base: January - December 2023 = 100)**

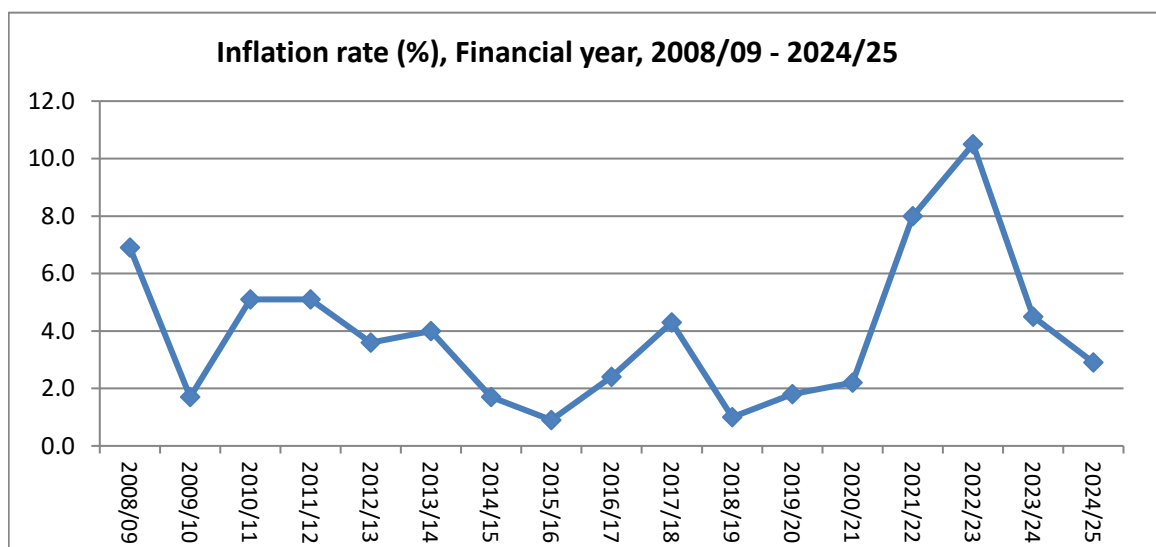
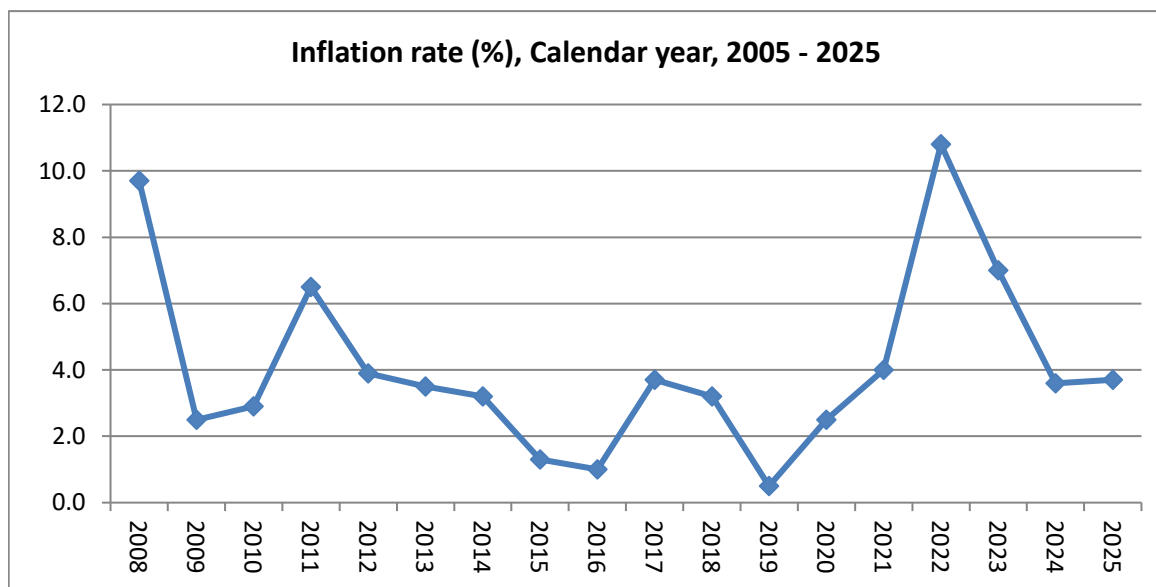
Item description	Weight	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25	Jul-25	Aug-25	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25
Group 4 - Glassware, tableware and household utensils	2	103.0	102.87	103.37	104.20	104.18	104.08	104.68	105.44	105.44	106.25	106.88	106.51	106.51
Group 5 - Tools and equipment for house and garden	2	104.0	104.3	105.2	105.3	105.3	105.3	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.1	106.1	106.1
Group 6 - Goods and services for routine household maintenance	23	106.7	114.8	115.1	115.5	114.5	113.6	115.2	114.3	114.1	113.8	113.5	115.0	115.1
DIVISION 06 - HEALTH	49	108.4	110.7	110.5	110.7	111.0	111.0	111.1	114.0	114.2	114.7	114.8	116.7	116.7
Group 1 - Medical products, appliances and equipment	20	109.3	111.3	110.8	111.3	112.0	112.1	111.9	111.7	112.1	113.2	113.6	113.7	113.9
Group 2 - Outpatient services	11	108.5	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9
Group 3 - Hospital services	15	108.0	109.9	109.9	109.9	109.9	109.9	109.9	119.9	119.9	119.9	119.9	125.2	125.2
Group 4 - Other Health services	3	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	103.1	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	107.6	107.6
DIVISION 07 - TRANSPORT	159	98.4	97.4	97.4	97.6	97.5	97.5	97.8	102.4	102.9	103.2	103.5	102.1	102.2
Group 1 - Purchase of vehicles	44	103.8	103.8	104.4	104.8	104.8	105.1	105.5	118.6	120.0	120.6	120.7	120.8	120.8
Group 2 - Operation of personal transport equipment	85	93.8	91.8	91.8	92.0	92.0	92.1	92.2	93.6	93.6	93.6	93.6	90.7	90.8
Group 3 - Transport services	30	103.5	103.8	103.3	103.0	102.4	102.0	102.7	103.7	104.5	105.0	106.6	107.0	107.4
DIVISION 08 - INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	70	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.8	100.7
Group 1 - Information and communication equipment	6	99.6	100.3	100.3	100.9	100.9	100.9	99.9	99.6	99.5	99.6	101.1	101.3	100.6
Group 3 - Information and communication services	64	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7
DIVISION 09 - RECREATION, SPORT AND CULTURE	20	104.4	105.6	106.7	107.1	107.1	107.0	107.4	107.2	107.3	107.7	108.2	108.5	108.8
Group 2 - Other recreational goods	6	100.1	100.6	101.9	102.7	102.2	102.3	102.6	101.5	101.7	101.7	102.1	101.7	102.0
Group 3 - Garden products and pets	4	105.8	108.3	110.3	111.1	111.6	109.9	110.1	110.0	110.6	112.1	112.4	112.8	112.7
Group 4 - Recreational services	2	114.7	114.7	114.7	114.7	114.7	114.7	117.3	117.3	117.3	117.3	117.3	119.7	119.7
Group 6 - Cultural services	2	103.8	103.8	103.8	103.8	103.8	106.1	106.2	107.6	107.2	107.2	107.2	108.4	108.4

Table 4 (contd.) - Monthly CPI by division and group of consumption expenditure,**December 2024 to December 2025 (Base: January - December 2023 = 100)**

Item description	Weight	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25	Jul-25	Aug-25	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25
Group 7 - Newspapers, books and stationery	6	104.49	106.37	107.52	107.31	107.37	107.54	107.38	107.57	107.44	107.65	108.86	108.79	109.39
DIVISION 10 - EDUCATION SERVICES	32	104.9	109.7	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.7	110.7	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9
Group 1 - Early childhood and primary education	5	112.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4	126.4
Group 2 - Secondary education	1	104.7	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	116.0
Group 3 - Post-secondary and non-tertiary education	1	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2
Group 4 - Tertiary education	18	103.3	103.3	104.3	104.3	104.3	104.3	104.3	104.9	104.9	107.0	107.0	107.0	107.0
Group 5 - Education not defined by level	7	103.7	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.9
DIVISION 11 - RESTAURANTS AND ACCOMMODATION	52	108.4	110.9	111.5	112.4	112.7	113.3	114.9	115.9	117.3	118.3	118.2	120.3	120.9
Group 1 - Food and beverage serving services	50	108.5	111.1	111.7	112.6	112.9	113.6	115.4	116.5	117.7	118.8	118.8	120.7	121.3
Group 2 - Accommodation services	2	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	100.3	100.3	107.6	107.6	102.1	109.8	109.8
DIVISION 12 - INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES	41	101.5	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.1	115.1
Group 1 - Insurance	40	101.6	112.1	112.1	112.1	112.1	112.1	112.1	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.4	115.4
Group 2 - Financial Services	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DIVISION 13 - PERSONAL CARE, SOCIAL PROTECTION AND MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES	32	104.9	106.9	107.5	108.0	107.6	107.9	107.9	107.9	108.1	108.8	107.8	108.8	108.2
Group 1 - Personal care	23	102.9	104.4	105.3	106.1	105.5	105.9	105.9	105.7	106.1	107.0	105.5	106.8	106.0
Group 2 - Other personal effects	5.0	105.4	108.0	107.4	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.6	108.2	107.8	108.2	108.8	108.8	109.1
Group 3 - Social protection	2	120.6	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5	128.5
Group 9 - Other services	2	110.6	111.3	111.3	111.3	111.3	111.3	111.3	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9	111.9
All Divisions	1000	103.5	105.0	105.7	106.8	107.1	107.2	108.2	108.2	108.1	107.9	107.9	108.2	108.2

Table 5 - Headline inflation rate (%), 2008 - 2025

<i>Calendar year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>	<i>Financial Year</i>	<i>Inflation rate</i>
2008	9.7	2008/09	6.9
2009	2.5	2009/10	1.7
2010	2.9	2010/11	5.1
2011	6.5	2011/12	5.1
2012	3.9	2012/13	3.6
2013	3.5	2013/14	4.0
2014	3.2	2014/15	1.7
2015	1.3	2015/16	0.9
2016	1.0	2016/17	2.4
2017	3.7	2017/18	4.3
2018	3.2	2018/19	1.0
2019	0.5	2019/20	1.8
2020	2.5	2020/21	2.2
2021	4.0	2021/22	8.0
2022	10.8	2022/23	10.5
2023	7.0	2023/24	4.5
2024	3.6	2024/25	2.9
2025	3.7		



Technical note

1. Methodology used for the computation of the Consumer Price Index (Base period: January - December 2023 = 100)

(a) Definition

The **Consumer Price Index** (CPI) is an indicator of changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services acquired by Mauritian consumers.

(b) Measurement of the CPI

The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services. As prices vary over time, the total cost of the basket also changes and thus the CPI measures the change in the cost of this basket. It provides a way to compare what this basket costs at a given period relative to a reference or base period.

The cost of the CPI basket is assigned a value of 100 in the base period and the costs in other periods are expressed as percentage changes compared to the base period. For example, if the CPI is 110, this means that there has been an increase of 10% in the cost of the basket since the base year; similarly, an index of 90 means a 10% decrease in the cost of the basket.

(c) The CPI basket

The CPI basket is based on the expenditures of private households in a reference period, currently January to December 2023. The composition of the current CPI basket has been derived from the 2023 Household Budget Survey (HBS) data. It has been determined in accordance with latest ILO and SADC recommendations.

The items constituting the basket have been selected on the basis of the importance of household consumption expenditure on them. The basket includes all important items on which consumption expenditure is significant, i.e. accounting for around 0.1% or more of total household consumption expenditure. Each item's relative importance, which is called the "weight" (usually expressed on a total of 1000), is the expenditure share of the item. Non-consumption items such as income tax, social security contributions, purchase of land, shares and life insurance are excluded.

The commodities in the basket are classified according to the UN COICOP (Classification of Consumption Expenditure according to Purpose) with 13 divisions, 44 groups, 92 classes and 173 subclasses.

(d) Price coverage

The prices used in the CPI calculation are those that any member of the public would have to pay to purchase the specified goods or services. Any taxes on products attached to the goods are included.

Price collection is done on a regular basis. Each month, around 8,740 price quotations are collected in respect of around 1,300 item indicators from some 610 outlets selected to be representative of regions across the islands of Mauritius and Rodrigues.

Prices of non-perishable items are collected monthly in the nine geographical districts of the island of Mauritius and in Rodrigues.

Prices of fresh fruits, vegetables, meat and fish are collected on a weekly basis from 9 markets in Port Louis, Rose Hill, Quatre Bornes, Vacoas, Rose Belle, Flacq, Goodlands, Pamplemousses and Port Mathurin.

Information on rent is obtained from a quarterly rent survey of some 100 rented dwellings.

(e) Formula for computation of the CPI

The CPI is computed according to the Laspeyres Formula as a weighted average of price relatives of individual items. The weights are fixed and correspond to the base period expenditures. The Laspeyres Index measures the cost of a basket of goods and services at different points in time, relative to the cost of the same basket in the base period.

The formula used for computing the CPI at time t is

$$I_t = \frac{\sum W_i (P_{it} / P_{i0})}{\sum W_i} \times 100$$

where,

I_t : CPI for period t with reference to a base period 0

P_{i0} : Price of item i at time 0, i.e. during base period

P_{it} : Price of item i at time t

W_i : Weight of item i

The base period is January to December 2023, the period during which the latest HBS was conducted.

2. Inflation

(a) Definition of Inflation

Inflation is the percentage change in the level of prices (as measured by the CPI) from one period to another.

(b) Calculating the Inflation Rate

The headline inflation rate in Mauritius, like in many other countries, is calculated by using the annual average method, that is, by comparing the average level of prices during a twelve-month period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period. This type of inflation rate is more appropriate for adjusting wages, salaries and pensions to compensate for loss of purchasing power. *All inflation rates presented in this publication relate to the headline inflation.*

Another commonly used method of calculating the inflation rate is the so called ‘year-on-year’ method. The year-on-year inflation rate is calculated as the percentage change in the CPI for a given month with respect to the CPI for the corresponding month of the previous year. It is generally used by central banks for monetary policy decisions. Year-on-year inflation rates are not presented in this publication but can be easily calculated through the available monthly CPI.

Note: More information about the concept, computation and use of the CPI is available online in the publication “Household Budget Survey”.

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