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Ministry of Finance and Economic Development Central Statistics Office

DIGEST OF LABOUR STATISTICS 2006

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Digest OF LABOUR STATISTICS 2006

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FOREWORD

This is the thirteenth issue of the Digest of Labour Statistics, an annual publication of the Central Statistics Office. This digest brings together data relating to labour force, employment and unemployment for the Republic of Mauritius for the year 2006. Updated corresponding data for previous years are also given for comparison purposes.

Prior to 2004, mid-year estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment published were based on the latest Population Census or Labour Force Sample Survey, updated with data from establishment surveys and administrative sources.

As from 2004, following the recommendations of a Technical Committee on a World Bank study on unemployment in Mauritius, the Central Statistics Office uses the Continuous Multi Purpose Household Survey to measure labour force, employment and unemployment. Chapter 1 presents estimates for year 2004 and 2005 based on the results of the survey. Estimates for 2002 to 2003 worked out on the basis of the 2004 figures and trend observed in the estimates of the previous methodology are also given.

Data from the March 2006 Survey of Employment and Earnings showing the level of employment and earnings in large establishments are given in chapter 2.

Chapter 3 presents the results of the Survey of Employment, Earnings and Hours of work carried out in September 2006. It covers occupational wage rates and average hours of work in different sectors of the economy as well as wage rate indices with base year 2000.

It is to be noted that the reference period as well as the coverage of the various surveys are not the same. Explanatory notes are given at the beginning of each chapter while copies of the questionnaires for the March and September surveys of employment and earnings appear at the Appendix.

It is hoped that the statistics published in this report will be helpful to the public in general and to planners and policy makers in particular.

The co-operation of all organisations, both public and private, which have provided information for the preparation of this publication is gratefully acknowledged.

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CHAPTER 1



Chapter 1

LABOUR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

YEAR 2006

1. Introduction

This chapter presents estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment for the Republic of Mauritius.

Prior to 2004, mid-year estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment published were based on the latest Population Census or Labour Force Sample Survey, updated with data from surveys of establishments and information from various administrative sources. The estimates refer to population aged 12 years and over.

As from 2004, the Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Survey (CMPHS) is used to measure labour force, employment and unemployment on a quarterly basis. This follows the recommendations of a Technical Committee set up to analyse the findings of a World Bank study on unemployment in Mauritius. The Committee also recommended that the lower age cut-off point for the labour force should be 15 years.

Quarterly estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment have been published in Economic and Social Indicators on the main results of CMPHS. Estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment for year 2004 and 2005 based on the CMPHS data have been worked out and are presented in this chapter.

Estimates, in line with CMPHS figures, have also been worked out for the period 2000 to 2003.

2. Definitions

Definitions of labour force, employment and unemployment used are according to the ILO recommendations.

The labour force or the active population is made up of the employed and the unemployed populations. The employed population consists of persons who are working while the unemployed population consists of persons who are not working but who are looking for work and are available for work.

The unemployment rate is defined as the percentage of the Mauritian labour force who is unemployed.

It is to be noted that the same definitions are used for both methodologies mentioned in the introduction.

3. Estimation and reliability of results

The Continuous Multl Purpose Household Survey covers a total of 11,280 private Mauritian households (10,560 in the Island of Mauritius and 720 in Rodrigues), spread over the whole year.

The sampling method used is a stratified two-stage design which ensures representativeness of all regions and all households in the economy.

Estimates worked out from household survey data are inevitably subject to sampling variability since they are based on information collected from only a sample of households rather than from all households. The Standard Error (S.E) which is a measure of this variability, can be used to set confidence intervals for any estimate (whether a total or a rate) derived from the sample. For example, a 95% confidence interval encloses the true value which would be obtained if all households had been surveyed.

The main labour force estimates together with the standard errors and confidence intervals are shown in Table 1.1. It is to be noted that the figures refer to the Mauritian population aged 15 years and over.

Table 1.1 - Estimated Labour Force, Employment, Unemployment and Inactive Population by sex, Continuous Multi Purpose Household Survey (Mauritian population aged 15 years and over)

Continuous Wuiti 1 ui		20		T 1		20		
			95% Co	nfidence			95% C	nfidence
	Estimates	Standard	Inte	rval	ID-414	Standard	Inte	rval
	Estimates	Error	Lower	Upper	Estimates	Error	Lower	Upper
			Limit	Limit			Limit	Limit
Labour Force								
Both Sexes	542,500	6,100	530,400	554,500	549,200	6,700	536,000	562,300
Male	349,400	4,100	341,300	357,400	352,000	4,500	343,200	360,700
Female	193,100	3,400	186,400	199,700	197,200	3,700	190,000	204,400
Employment								
Both Sexes	490,400	5,700	479,200	501,500	499,100	6,200	486,900	511,300
Male	329,100	3,900	321,500	336,700	332,500	4,200	324,200	340,800
Female	161,300	3,100	155,200	167,300	166,600	3,400	160,000	173,200
Unemployment								
Both Sexes	52,100	1,800	48,500	55,600	50,100	1,800	46,500	53,700
Male	20,300	1,000	18,300	22,200	19,500	1,100	17,400	21,500
Female	31,800	1,400	28,900	34,600	30,600	1,400	27,900	33,300
Inactive Population					,	,	1	,
Both Sexes	383,700	5,100	373,700	393,600	390,400	5,400	379,900	401,000
Male	106,500	2,500	101,600	111,300	110,400	2,500	105,600	115,300
Female	277,200	3,900	269,500	284,900	280,000	4,200	271,800	288,200
Activity rate (%)						,	ĺ	,
Both Sexes	58.6	0.4	57.8	59.4	58.4	0.4	57.6	59.2
Male	76.6	0.5	75.8	77.5	76.1	0.5	75.2	77.0
Female	41.1	0.6	39.9	42.2	41.3	0.7	40.0	42.6
Unemployment rate (%)								
Both Sexes	9.6	0.3	9.0	10.2	9.1	0.3	8.5	9.7
Male	5.8	0.3	5.3	6.3	5.5	0.3	5.0	6.1
Female	16.5	0.7	15.1	17.8	15.5	0.6	14.2	16.8

4. Coverage

The population considered in estimating labour force, employment and unemployment comprises the total resident population aged 15 years and over. The labour force includes foreign workers but separate figures for Mauritians are also given.

Employment figures comprise employment in large establishments (that is those employing 10 or more persons) as well as employment outside large establishments including own-account workers.

5. Sources of data

The CMPHS supplies data for the Mauritian population while information on foreign workers is obtained from surveys of employment and earnings.

Estimates of employment in large establishments are the averages of data obtained from the March and September surveys of employment and earnings. Estimates of employment outside large establishments are obtained as a residual.

6. Year 2006 Estimates

6.1 Labour force

The total labour force for year 2006 is estimated at 565,900 (360,300 males and 205,600 females) as compared to 559.100 (358,500 males and 200,600 females) for the year 2005. The number of foreign workers stood at 16,700 (8.300 males and 8.400 females) compared to 16,600 (9,100 males and 7,500 females) in 2005. While the Mauritian labour force is estimated at 549,200 (352,000 males and 197,200 females) as compared to 542,500 (349,400 males and 193,100 females) in 2005. The Mauritian labour force by age group and sex is shown in Table1.2. Activity rate, defined as the proportion of the population aged 15 years and over which is economically active, by age group and sex is given in the Table1.3.

6.2 Employment

For year 2006, the total number of employed persons, including foreign workers, was estimated at 515,800 (340,800 males and 175,000 females) as compared to 507,000 (338,200 males and 168,800 females) in 2005. Table 1.4 shows the distribution of the employed population by industry group and sex.

The number of persons employed in large establishments stood at 295,100 (190,000 males and 105.100 females) as compared to 292,200 (189,300 males and 102,900 females) in 2005. Employment outside large establishments was estimated at 220,700 (150,800 males and 69,900 females) as compared to 214,800 (148,900 males and 65,900 females) in 2005. Employment by size of establishment and sex is given in Table 1.5.

6.3 Unemployment

Based on data collected throughout the year, the number of unemployed persons for year 2006 was estimated at 50,100 (19,500 males and 30,600 females) as compared to 52,100 (20,300 males and 31,800 females) in 2005. The unemployment rate, defined as the percentage of the labour force who is unemployed, worked out to 9.1 % (5.5% for males and 15.5% for females) as compared to 9.6% (5.8% for males and 16.5% for females)for 2005. The figures are presented in Table 1.6.

7. Year 2000 to 2003 Estimates

Estimates of labour force, employment and unemployment have been worked out for the period 2000 to 2003 on the basis of the results of CMPHS 2004 and the trend observed in the estimates of the previous methodology. The estimates are given in Table 1.6.

Table 1.2 - Labour force ('000) by age group and sex, 2005 and 2006

Age	Labo	ur Force Year	r 2005	Labo	ur Force Year	r 2006
(years)	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
15 - 19	12.9	8.0	20.9	12.8	7.5	20.3
20 - 24	39.8	25.5	65.3	38.0	26.4	64.4
25 - 29	49.9	29.9	79.8	51.7	30.9	82.6
30 - 34	43.9	26.1	70.0	44.2	27.2	71.4
35 - 39	46.3	28.1	74.4	44.6	27.3	71.9
40 - 44	48.4	26.7	75.1	49.2	27.9	77.1
45 - 49	42.0	19.8	61.8	42.3	21.0	63.3
50 - 54	34.9	16.0	50.9	34.6	14.7	49.3
55 - 59	21.3	8.9	30.2	24.4	10.3	34.7
60 - 64	5.3	2.1	7.4	5.5	2.2	7.7
65 - 69	2.8	1.3	4.1	2.8	1.0	3.8
70 - 74	1.3	0.4	1.7	1.3	0.5	1.8
75+	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.9
Mauritian labour force	349.4	193.1	542.5	352.0	197.2	549.2
Foreign labour force	9.1	7.5	16.6	8.3	8.4	16.7
Total labour force	358.5	200.6	559.1	360.3	205.6	565.9

Table 1.3 - Activity rate of Mauritian population by age group and sex, 2005 and 2006

Age	Activit	y rate (%) Ye	ear 2005	Activit	y rate (%) Ye	ear 2006
(years)	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
15 - 19	26.1	16.6	21.4	24.9	15.1	20.0
20 - 24	78.7	53.4	66.4	78.5	58.0	68.6
25 - 29	93.7	56.7	75.3	94.1	57.4	75.9
30 - 34	97.1	58.1	77.7	96.6	59.3	77.9
35 - 39	95.1	57.6	76.3	95.2	58.0	76.6
40 - 44	96.4	53.7	75.1	95.7	54.5	75.1
45 - 49	94.9	45.1	70.1	94.3	47.1	70.8
50 - 54	93.8	42.2	67.8	91.9	38.4	64.9
55 - 59	83.0	31.6	56.1	83.9	32.9	57.5
60 - 64	30.9	10.4	19.9	30.9	10.7	20.0
65 - 69	21.3	8.4	14.1	21.5	6.2	13.1
70 - 74	13.9	3.1	7.8	14.0	3.9	8.3
75+	5.2	1.2	2.7	4.5	1.3	2.5
15 and above	76.6	41.1	58.6	76.1	41.3	58.4

Table 1.4 - Employment by industry and sex, 2002 - 2006

radic 1:4 - Employment by moustry and sea, 2002 - 2000	I y ama	,ca, 200	7007 - 7	_											(000)
		2002			2003			2004			2005			2000	
Industry group	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	36.4	13.7	50.1	36.3	13.2	49.5	35.9	13.1	49.0	35.8	12.9	18.7	35.4	12.7	48.1
Sugarcane	17.0	4.6	21.6	16.2	3.7	6.61	15.7	3.4	16.1	15.3	3.3	18.6	15.1	3.1	18.2
Non sugar	19.4	1.6	28.5	20.1	9.5	29.6	20.2	9.7	29.9	20.5	9.6	30.1	20.3	9.6	29.9
Mining and quarrying	1.2	0.1	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Manufacturing	70.3	66.5	136.8	68.5	63.5	132.0	67.7	57.5	125.2	6.99	53.2	120.1	66.3	54.7	121.0
Sugar	3.1	0.0	3.1	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.3	0.0	2.3	2.2	0.2	2.2	2.1	0.0	2.1
EPZ products	28.7	57.0	85.7	27.0	53.0	80.0	25.6	46.0	9.17	24.7	8.0 <i>t</i>	65.5	23.9	41.1	65.0
Nonsugar & non EPZ	38.5	9.5	48.0	39.3	10.5	49.8	39.8	1.5	51.3	40.0	12.4	52.4	40.3	13.6	53.9
Electricity, gas and water	2.9	0.2	3.1	2.8	0.2	3.0	2.8	0.2	3.0	2.8	0.2	3.0	2.8	0.2	3.0
Construction	5.7	0.6	46.3	47.3	9.0	0.84	48.5	9.0	1.0t	46.3	0.7	47.0	47.6	8.0	48.4
Wholesale & retail trade: repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal and household goods	5.	22.2	67.4	47.3	24.0	21.3	49.3	25.5	8.47	. 49.5	27.0	76.5	50.1	28.7	78.8
Hotels and restaurants	19.1	7.2	26.3	19.6	7.8	27.4	20.4	0.8	28.4	22.2	8.9	31.1	22.4	9.4	31.8
Transport, storage and communications	30.4	3.7	34.1	31.0	3.9	34.9	31.7	Ċ!	35.9	32.0	4.	36.4	32.3	4.6	36.9
Financial intermediation	4,4	3.0	7.4	4.5	3.3	7.8	4.5	3.4	7.9	8.4	4.0	8.8	5.1	4.3	9.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	Ξ	4.6	15.7	11.7	4.9	16.6	12.3	8.8		13.4	9.9	20.0	1.4.1	7.0	21.1
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	30.2	8.0	38.2	30.8	8.4	39.2	30.6	8.8	39.0	30.7	8.7	39.4	30.6	0.6	39.6
Education	1.4	12.2	23.6	6.11	13.2	25.1	12.1		26.2	12.2	14.9	27.1	12.7	15.7	28.4
Health and social work	7.1	6.3	13.4	7.3	6.7	14.0	7.5	7.0	14.5	7.8	7.2	15.0	7.5	7.5	15.0
Other services	13.2	6.91	30.1	13.1	18.2	31.3	13.4	19.7	33.1	13.6	20.0	33.6	13.7	20.3	34.0
Total	328.6	165.2	493.8	332.4	168.0	500.4	336.9	9.291	504.5	338.2	168.8	507.0	340.8	175.0	515.8
The Public State of the Public Control of th															

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Table 1.5 Employment by industry and size of establishments, 2002 - 2006

		Service Collision of Collision of Collisions												(000)	
		2002			2003			2004			2005			2006	
Industry group		Other	AND MAN PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADD	AND PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF	Other	A CALL CONTRACTOR AND AND ADDRESS OF		Other			Other			Other	
	Large	than large	Total	Large	than	Total	Large	than	Total	Large	than large	Total	Large	than large	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	24.5	25.6	50.1	23.4	26.1	49.5	23.0	26.0	49.0	22.7	26.0	48.7	22.0	26.1	48.1
Sugarcane	17.4	4.2	21.6	15.7	4.2	6.61	15.0	4.1	19.1	14.5	4.1	18.6	14.2	4.0	18.2
Non sugar	7.7	21.4	28.5	r.,	21.9	29.6	8.0	21.9	29.9	8.2	21.9	30.1	7.8	22.1	29.9
Mining and quarrying	0.2		1.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Manufacturing	111.2	25.6	136.8	105.4	26.6	132.0	6.79	27.3	125.2	6.16	28.2	120.1	91.4	29.6	121.0
Sugar	3.1	0.0	3.1	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.3	0.0	2.3	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.1	0.0	2.1
EPZ products	7.78	1.3	85.7	78.9	1.1	80.0	70.7	6.0	21.6	9.49	6.0	65.5	64.2	0.8	65.0
Non sugar & non EP7.	23.7	24.3	0.81	24.3	25.5	8.61	6.7.2	26.4	51.3	25.1	27.3	52.4	25.1	28.8	53.9
Electricity, gas and water	3.1	0.0	3.1	3.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	3.0
Construction	13.7	32.6	46.3	14.5	33.5	48.0	15.0	34.1	49.1	12.7	34.3	47.0	13.9	34.5	48.4
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor	v														
venicles, indialcycles, personal and household goods	0.71	56.4	67.4	17.7	53.6	<u></u>	18.2	56.6	74.8	18.3	58.2	76.5	18.4	60.4	78.8
Hotels and restaurants	16.9	÷.6	26.3	17.8	9.6	27.4	18.6	8.6	28.4	21.1	0.01	31.1	21.4	10.4	31.8
Transport, storage and communications	17.6	16.5	34.1	17.7	17.2	34.9	17.9	18.0	35.9	18.2	18.2	36.4	18.4	18.5	36.9
Financial intermediation	7.0	0.4	7.4	7.4	0.4	7.8	7.5	0.4	7.9	8.4	0.4	8.8	0.6	0.4	9.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	10.5	5.2	15.7	1.3	5.3	9.91	12.6	5.5	18.1	14.3	5.7	20.0	15.0	6.1	21.1
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	38.2	0.0	38.2	39.2	0.0	39.2	39.0	0.0	39.0	39.4	0.0	39.4	39.6	0.0	39.6
Education	20.3	3,3	23.6	21.8	3.3	25.1	22.5	3.7	26.2	23.0	4.1	27.1	24.0	4.4	28.4
Health and social work	11.2	2.2	13.4	11.8	2.2	14.0	12.3	2.2	14.5	13.0	2.0	15.0	12.7	2.3	15.0
	5.8	24.3	30.1	5.7	25.6	31.3	5.6	27.5	33.1	0.9	27.6	33.6	6.1	27.9	34.0
Total	297.2	9.961	493.8	296.9	203.5	500.4	293.3	211.2	504.5	292.2	214.8	507.0	295.1	220.7	515.8
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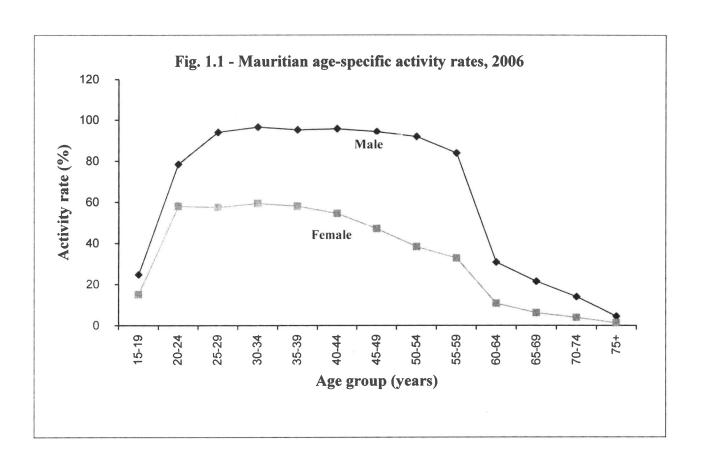
Table 1.6 Labour force, Employment and Unemployment, 15 years and over, 2000 - 2006

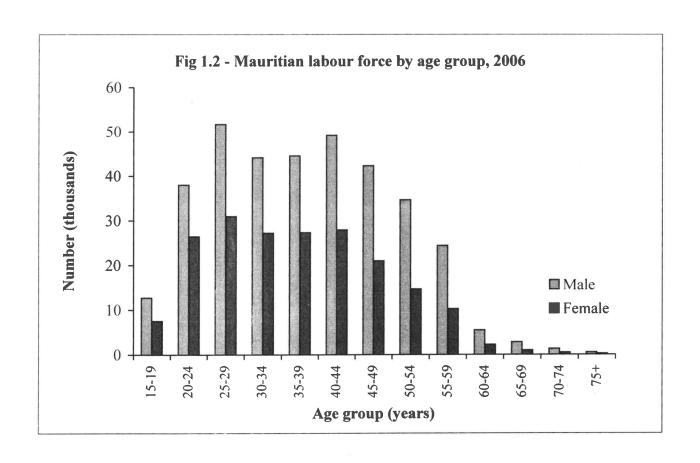
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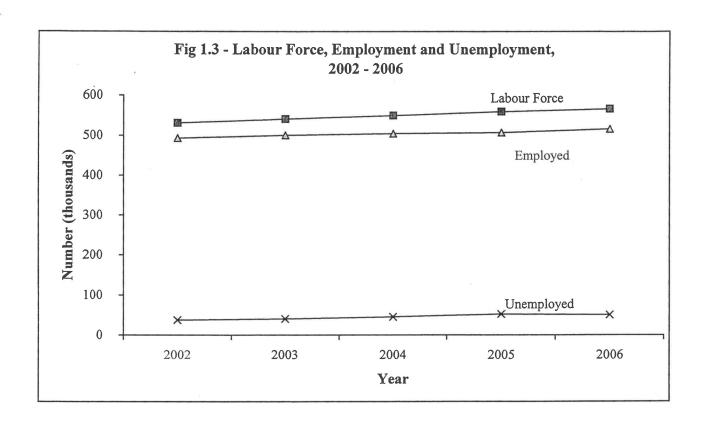
	The second secon	Labour force		Employment	Employment (including foreign workers)	workers)	Unemployment	oyment
Year	Mauritian	Foreign workers	Total	in large establishments ¹	outside large establishments	Total	Number	Rate ²
Both sexes	The second secon				- 1			
2000	505.2	14.6	519.8	298.7	187.2	485.9	33.9	6.7
2001	512.5	16.5	529.0	302.0	191.6	493.6	35.4	6.9
2002	514.2 ³	17.0	531.2	297.2	196.6	493.8	37.4	7.3
2003	522.7	18.2	540.9	296.9	203.5	500.4	40.5	7.7
2004	532.1	17.5	549.6	293.3	211.2	504.5	45.1	8.5
2005	542.5	16.6	559.1	292.2	214.8	507.0	52.1	9.6
2006	549.2	16.7	565.9	295.1	220.7	515.8	50.1	9.1
Male								
2000	336.2	5.0	341.2	187.5	135.7	323.2	0.81	5.4
2001	339.5	5.8	345.3	188.3	138.1	326.4	18.9	5.6
2002	340.53	6.4	346.9	188.2	140.4	328.6	18.3	5.4
2003	344.2	7.9	352.1	188.2	144.2	332.4	19.7	5.7
200-4	348.2	0.0	357.2	1.89.1	147.8	336.9	20.3	5.8
2005	349.4	9.1	358.5	189.3	148.9	338.2	20.3	5.8
2006	352.0	8.3	360.3	190.0	150.8	340.8	19.5	5.5
Female								
2000	169.0	9.6	178.6	111.2	51.5	162.7	15.9	9.4
2001	173.0	10.7	183.7	113.7	53.5	167.2	16.5	9.5
2002	173.73	9:01	184.3	109.0	56.2	165.2	19.1	11.0
2003	178.5	10.3	188.8	108.7	59.3	168.0	20.8	11.7
2004	183.9	8.5	192.4	104.2	63.4	167.6	24.8	13.5
2005	193.1	7.5	200.6	102.9	62.9	168.8	31.8	16.5
2006⁴	197.2	8.4	205.6	105.1	6.69	175.0	30.6	15.5
Average of Ma	Average of March and September figures	ber figures		³ The low increase	The low increase results from the implementation of the Voluntary Retirement	mplementation of	of the Voluntary F	Retirement

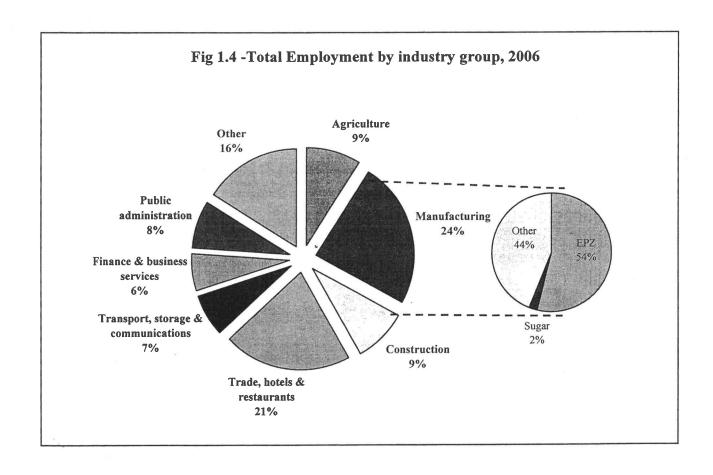
Scheme (VRS) in the sugar industry ⁴ Revised estimates

² Unemployment as a percentage of Mauritian labour force









CHAPTER 2

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Chapter 2

SURVEY OF EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS IN LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS MARCH 2006

1. INTRODUCTION

Every year, in March, the Central Statistics Office (C.S.O) carries out a Survey of Employment and Earnings in 'large' establishments so as to obtain a continuous series of comparable data on the level of employment in these 'large' establishments. This chapter presents the results of the survey carried out in March 2006. To help analysis, comparative figures for previous years are also provided.

For the purpose of the survey, employees are classified into one of the following four specific categories, according to type of pay:

- (i) monthly rate
- (ii) daily rate
- (iii) piece rate
- (iv) hourly rate

2. COVERAGE

As in previous rounds, the 2006 survey covered only the following types of establishment:

- (a) Agricultural establishments comprising:
 - (i) sugar cane plantations of 10 hectares or more;
 - (ii) tea plantations of 2 hectares or more;
 - (iii) all 'flue-cured' tobacco establishments, irrespective of acreage;
 - '(iv) other agricultural establishments employing at least 10 persons during the reference period (March 2006).
- (b) Non-agricultural establishments employing at least 10 persons during the reference month. It is to be noted that 'outworkers' are excluded. Outworkers are piece-rate workers who, although remunerated by an establishment, work in their own homes on materials provided by the establishment.
- (c) All central and local government departments.

3. DATA COLLECTION

The questionnaires (published as an appendix to this report) were mailed to some 6,300 establishments with the request that they be completed and returned by 17 April 2006.

Reminder letters were issued to all establishments which had not replied within the set time limit. Furthermore, almost all establishments employing more than 100 persons (based on the previous survey), and who had not replied by end of May 2006 were visited by our staff.

4. THE REPORTING UNIT

The reporting unit was the establishment, defined for the purpose of the survey as an economic unit engaged in one, or predominantly one, kind of economic activity for which separate figures of employment could be supplied.

5. FRAME USED FOR THE SURVEY

The frame used for the survey is the list of employers which is continuously revised and updated on the basis of information that become available through various sources. The mailing list of 6,295 establishments, which included 89 establishments in Rodrigues, was made up of:

- (a) all the 2,586 establishments which, at the preceding round of the survey in March 2005, had been found to fall within the scope of the survey;
- (b) 3,709 additional establishments which, according to available information, could fall within the scope of the survey.

6. THE REFERENCE PERIOD

In Section I of the survey questionnaire, employers were asked to report on the total number of employees who were paid for the last Thursday of March 2006. This use of a specific date is necessary to avoid double counts, as employees may move from one establishment to another during any given period or may work for different employers on different days, as in the case of casual employees.

In Section II, employers had to report the number of employees on monthly rates of pay appearing on the payroll at the end of March 2006, and their corresponding earnings.

In Sections III and IV, employers were asked to state the number of employees who were on daily rates of pay and piece rates of pay respectively. They were also requested to supply the earnings and the number of man-days paid to these employees during the last payroll period in March 2006.

In Section V, they were asked to report the number of employees who were exclusively on hourly rates of pay, their corresponding earnings and the number of man-hours paid during the last payroll in March 2006.

It should be noted that the number of employees on the different types of rates of pay (Tables 2.13 and 2.14) do not necessarily add up to the total number of employees reported in Tables 2.6, 2.7 and 2.8 because they relate to periods and not to a specific date.

7. **DEFINITIONS**

The term 'employees' covers all persons in regular or casual employment and includes:-

- (a) persons temporarily absent on paid sick or vacation leave; and
- (b) persons holding managerial posts, family workers receiving wages or salaries, and paid apprentices.

The term 'Earnings' covers all payments in cash made to employees in connection with work done. Amounts reported include overtime, productivity bonuses, commissions, travelling allowances, attendance bonuses, housing and rent allowances and other regular cash payments before any deductions such as taxes, insurance and pension contributions paid by the employees. They exclude pension payments, family allowances and other similar special benefits paid by the employers. Also excluded are arrears payments made at the end of March in respect of previous pay periods.

8. RESPONSE

Among establishments mentioned in Section 5(a), 195 no longer fall within the scope of the survey either because they had ceased operation or their employment had shrunk to less than 10 or they have become dormant. Some establishments merging with other establishments were adjusted in this category. As regards to the second category of

establishments mentioned in Section 5, of the 1,027 responses, only 141 were found to fall within the scope of the survey.

Of the 2,519 establishments which have been found to fall within the scope of the survey in March 2006, 60% responded, representing about 72% of total employment in such establishments.

9. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The following analysis of employment relates only to 'large' establishments falling within the scope of the survey as defined above.

9.1 Employment Level, March 2005 - March 2006

Total employment in establishments covered by the survey was 293,600 in March 2006 compared to 291,500 in March 2005, representing an increase of 2,100. This was the net result of an employment increase in all industry groups of the tertiary sector (+3,700) and in construction sector (+400), partly offset by an employment decrease of about 400 in 'Agriculture, forestry and fishing' and 1,600 in 'Manufacturing'. Analysis by sex shows that male employment increased by 800 from 188,100 in 2005 to 188,900 in 2006 while female employment increased by 1,300 from 103,400 in 2005 to 104,700 in 2006.

The total employment figure includes some 4,500 persons working in large establishments in Rodrigues, compared to 4,800 in March 2005. These were mainly government employees of Rodrigues Regional Assembly numbering 3,000 at March 2006.

Foreign workers who are also included in the total employment figure numbered 16,300 (8,100 males and 8,200 females) in March 2006, compared to 16,200 (8,700 males and 7,500 females) in March 2005. These workers were mainly engaged in the manufacturing establishments.

9.2 Employment by Industry

Between March 2005 and March 2006, employment in the primary sector (Agriculture, forestry & fishing, and Mining & quarrying) decreased by about 400. A net fall in employment of about 1,200 was noted in the secondary sector. Employment in 'Electricity,

gas & water' was at same level as in 2005 while a decrease of employment of 1,600 in 'Manufacturing' was offset by an increase of 400 in construction sector. Employment in the tertiary sector maintained an upward trend with an increase of about 3,700.

Analysis by industrial group shows a decrease of 400 jobs in 'Agriculture, forestry and fishing' while in 'Manufacturing' the net reduction of 1,600 jobs was shared equally by both EPZ and non-EPZ manufacturing industries.

Net job increases were observed in 'Construction' (+400), and in the tertiary sector (+3,700). The main contributors in the latter sector were 'Education' (+800), 'Public Administration and defence' (+800), Financial intermediation' (+600), 'Real estate, renting and business activities (+500), 'Hotels and Restaurants' (+300), 'Transport, storage and communications' (+300) and 'Other services' (+300).

9.3 Employment in the General Government Sector

The General Government sector comprises the Central Government, Regional Government and the Local Government. The Central Government covers ministries and departments, and agencies operating under the authority of the Central Government and responsible for the performance of specialized governmental functions. The Regional Government comprises the Regional Assembly of Rodrigues while the Local Government is made up of Municipalities and District Councils.

Employment in the General Government Sector increased by about 700 from 73,600 (52,100 males, 21,500 females) in March 2005 to 74,300 (52,100 males, 22,200 females) in March 2006. Increases in employment were noted in Central Government (+600) and Local Government (+200) while in Regional Government employment has decreased by 100. Female employment increased by 700 while male employment was at same level as last year.

Increases in employment were noted mainly in 'Public administration and defence' (+800) and in 'Education' (+200) while the main decrease occurred in 'Agriculture, forestry and fishing' (-200).

9.4 Employment in the large establishments of the EPZ sector

The number of persons employed by 'large' EPZ establishments decreased by 800 from 66,000 (52,600 mauritians and 13,400 foreigners) in March 2005 to 65,200 (51,200 mauritians and 14,000 foreigners) in March 2006.

The number of male employees fell by 200 to reach 24,100 in March 2006, while female employment decreased by 600 to 41,100 during the same period. Most of the job losses (2,600) occurred in establishments manufacturing wearing apparel. However increases were noted in 'Food' (+1500) and 'Textiles' (+700).

9.5 Earnings

The level of average earnings is influenced mainly by increases in basic salaries and wages. However, fluctuations may also occur because of:

- (a) Changes in the mix of employees of various categories or with various lengths of service. For example, a large intake of professionals by, say, an architectural firm can cause a sudden jump in the average monthly earnings. On the other hand, a large intake of employees at the lower end of a wage scale has the effect of lowering the average earnings.
- (b) Changes in overtime, regular bonuses and commissions.

9.5.1 Earnings in all large establishments

For the purpose of the survey, employees are classified into the following different categories according to type of pay: monthly, daily, piece and hourly rate. Table 2.15 presents the average earnings by industrial group for the years 2004 - 2006, where all rates have been converted to a monthly basis.

The highest average monthly earnings (Rs 22,700) was registered in 'Financial intermediation', followed by 'Electricity, gas & water' with Rs 22,100. On the other hand, the lowest average monthly earnings (Rs 5,700) was noted in the industrial group 'Mining and quarrying'.

Overall average monthly earnings in large establishments increased by about 4% from Rs. 12,100 in March 2005 to Rs.12,600 in March 2006. A general upward trend was observed in all industrial groups except 'Public administration and defence; compulsory social security'. The largest increase was noted in 'Electricity, gas and water' (+13%), followed by 'Construction' (+8%), 'Hotels & restaurants' (+7%) and 'Education' (+7%). The other sectors witnessed increases ranging from 2% to 6%. Earnings in the industry group 'Public administration and defence; compulsory social security' decreased by 4 % due to decrease in allowances and large intake of new recruits with low starting salary.

9.5.2 Earnings in large establishments of the EPZ

Earnings in the EPZ sector have also been converted to monthly rate. The average monthly earnings in the overall EPZ sector increased by about 6% from Rs 6,700 in March 2005 to Rs 7,100 in March 2006. At March 2006, average monthly earnings in the large EPZ manufacturing establishments was Rs 7,000 compared to Rs 12,800 in non-manufacturing establishments. The corresponding figures for 2005 were Rs 6,700 and Rs 10,600 respectively.

10. SURVEY OF VACANCIES

All establishments except central and local government services were also requested to supply information on unfilled vacancies as at the last Thursday of March 2006. A total of 2,756 (763 males, 352 females and 1,641 either males or females) was reported. The number of vacancies reported at March 2005 was 2,914. It is to be noted that about 23% of these vacancies occurred in the occupational group 'Plant & machine operators and assemblers' (mainly in manufacturing establishments), followed by 20% for 'Elementary occupations', 18% for 'Technicians & Associate Professionals and 14% for 'Clerks'. Table 2.33 shows the vacancies classified by industrial group, occupation and sex.

Table 2.1 - The coverage of the survey

	N	lo. of establishment	1S
Industrial group	COV	ered by the survey	in:
	March	March	March
	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	234	228	218
Sugarcane	123	118	117
Tea	8	7	8
Tohacco	37	35	31
Flower growing	23	23	19
Fishing	9	10	10
Animal Farming	19	18	17
Agricultural & animal husbandry services	11	12	11
Forestry, logging & related service activities	1	2	1
Other	3	3	4
Mining and quarrying	8	6	6
Manufacturing	908	884	824
Food:			
Meat and fish processing	32	34	34
Bread	35	38	39
Sugar confectionery, biscuits and			10
other farinaceous products	21	21	18
Sugar	12	12	11
Tea	3	3	3
Other	8	9	9
Beverage and tobacco:			
Distilleries & cigarette manufacture	8	9	9
Wine and beer	4	4	3
Soft drinks	4	4	3
Textiles	59	56	52
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	292	269	239
Leather products	9	8	7
Footwear	11	12	10
Wood products (except furniture)	13	13	12
Paper products	21	21	19
Printing and publishing	47	47	43
Chemical products	33	30	33

Table 2.1 (cont'd) - The coverage of the survey

Industrial group		o. of establishmentered by the surve	
	March 2004	March 2005	March 2006
Rubber products	7	6	6
Plastic products	46	44	41
Non-metallic mineral products:			
Stone and concrete	24	24	26
Other	12	11	10
Basic metals	6	6	5
Fabricated metal products	39	40	38
Machinery & equipment	13	13	12
Electrical machinery & apparatus	. 11	15	12
Radio, television & communication equipment	8	8	7
Medical, optical & photographic equipment	14	11	11
Watches and clocks	5	5	5
Transport equipment	9	10	11
Furniture	33	33	30
Jewellery and related articles	40	39	38
Other manufacturing industries	29	29	28
Electricity, gas and water	6	7	7
Construction	93	95	90
Wholesale & retail trade, repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	371	364	358
Maintenance & repair of motor vehicles &			
motorcycles	13	12	11
Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles & related			
parts; automotive fuel	28	31	30
Wholesale trade	160	160	164
Retail trade	170	161	153
Hotels and restaurants	142	151	136
Hotels	94	100	91
Restaurants	48	51	45
Transport, storage & communication	106	105	106
Bus transport	12	11	11
Other land transport	16	13	13
Water & air transport	6	6	8

Table 2.1 (cont'd) - The coverage of the survey

Industrial group	No. of establishments covered by the survey in:						
mustral group	March	March	March				
	2004	2005	2006				
Cargo handling, storage & warehousing							
& related activities	34	36	36				
Travel agencies & tour operators	22	23	21				
Post & telecommunication	16	16	17				
Financial intermediation	64	77	89				
Banking	23	30	29				
Insurance	24	25	25				
Other	17	22	35				
Real estate, renting and business activities	197	217	219				
Real estate & renting of equipment	11	12	12				
Computer services	40	52	56				
Accounting & consultancy services	34	39	42				
Architectural & engineering services	32	30	28				
Advertising services	13	12	11				
Security services	9	10	11				
Other	58	62	59				
Public administration & defence; compulsory social							
security	150	154	159				
Education	155	175	179				
Health and social work	53	41	44				
Health services	27	19	21				
Social work activities	26	22	23				
Other community, social and personal services	68	82	84				
Cleaning services	11.	14	13				
Recreational & sporting activities	39	47	50				
Other	18	21	21				
Total	2,555	2,586	2,519				
of which							
General Government	209	210	218				
Budgetary Central Government	111	111	112				
Extra Budgetary Units	55	58	65				
Local Government	9	9	. 9				
Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	34	32	32				

Note: Branches of banking institutions and sub-offices of certain public enterprises have not been counted as separate establishments

Table 2.2 - Number of establishments 1 by district and industrial group, March 2006

Г											
Total	841	195	133	122	72	99	624	204	77	4	2.375
Other community, social and personal services	23	10	m	5	_	1	31	2	3	7	81
Health and social work	7	2	_	1	_	,	20	_		1	35
hiducation	31	-	7	∞	∞	5	ı	13	4		172
Public administration & defence: compulsory social security	22		,	1	_	1	4	4		ı	43
Roal estate, renting and business activities	135	\$	- Parent	ī	Ī	gazene .	46	27	1	7	218
rinancial intermediation	79	ı	1	ı	1	ı	4	-	Ī,	5	68
Transport, storage &	69	m	2	2	2	ı	41	7	ť	\$	104
Hotels and restaurants		30	8	20	4	9	20	_	20	9	136
Wholesale & retail trade, repair of myrchicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	206	4	∞	8	9	_	83	28	_	9	358
Construction	24	4	_	Т	ī	ı	36	∞	n	7	88
Flectricity, gas and water	1	í	P	2	ı	_	7	1	1	_	7
gmindəstunsM	219	92	48	34	30	23	253	101	18	S	823
gnignanp bus gniniM	ī	ï	ī	ı	ī	1	-	ı	S	1	9
ॐ ¿titzərol .ərinlinətig∆ güideti	5	01	43	46	8	28	22		22		215
Industry District	Port-Louis	Pampiemousses	Riviere du Rempart	Flacq	Grand Port	Savanne	Plaine Wilhems	Moka	Black River	Rodrigues	Total

Note: Branches of banking institutions and sub-offices of certain public enterprises have not been counted as separate establishments and have been classified according to the addresses of their head offices. excluding Government ministries and departments.

Table 2.3 - Employment ' by district and industrial group, March 2006

	Total	60,480	20,463	13,133	13,789	8,211	7,707	63,304	21,276	7,747	1,567	217,677
	Other community, social and personal services	1,692	1,053	57	147	20	36	2,313	383	69	54	5,824
	Health and social work	066	276	13	1	23	1	1,394	131	1	1	2,827
	noiteaubA	1,530	492	466	727	400	295	2,990	2,583	83	307	12,873
	Public administration & defence: compulsory social grounity	2.620	160	ı	1	199	1	3,383	1.181	239	1	8,850
	Real estate, renting and busines activities	6.075	1,908	50	ı	10	10	1,818	4,491	1	42	14.404
	noitalbormenti laionani H	7,995	ı	1	ı	1	1	884	91	ı	59	8,954
	Fransport, storage &	10	930	95	23	602	1	4,175	286	t	182	17,834
	Hotels and restaurants	342	2,803	1,767	5,077	375	1,121	4,982	247	4,013	365	21,092
	Wholesale & retail trade, repair of m/vehieles, motoreyeles, personal & household goods	9.95	198	254	115	362	17	3.781	2,593	12	120	18,070
	noitsurizno')	4,109	1.782	26	I	ì	ı	2,746	692	543	223	10,121
	Electricity, gas and water	ſ	1	48	136	ı	29	2,703	ı	ı	70	2,986
	gnirintachurit <i>d</i>	12,384	8,813	8,471	3,910	2,478	3,485	27,859	7,590	1,098	145	76,233
	gni gnanp bas gniniM	,	1	ı	1	1	1	29	1	151	1	081
	Agriculture, forestry, & gnidali	1,247	785	1,886	3,654	3,274	2,714	1,247	1,083	1,539	ı	17,429
Both sexes	Industry District	Port- Louis	Pamplemousses	Riviere du Rempart	Flacq	Grand Port	Savanne	Plaine Wilhems	Moka	Black River	Rodrigues	Total

1 because of lack of detailed information the following exceptions have been made:

(a) employees of Government ministries and departments, and foreign workers have been excluded.

(b) employees working in branches of banking institutions and sub-offices of certain public enterprises have been classified according to the addresses of their head offices.

Table 2.3 (cont'd) - Employment ' by district and industrial group, March 2006

		· · ·		4	4		0		2	7	T 6
Total	41,238	13,633	6,527	8,974	5,434	4,698	38,350	13,308	5,745	1,172	139,079
Other community, social and personal services	1,181	930	47	133	15	31	1,591	303	48	14	4,320
Health and social work	603	130	4	31	2	.1	339	16	ī	i	1,094
Rducation	715	273	216	415	169	144	2,421	1,287	31	159	5,830
Public administration & defence: compulsory social security	1,849	929	ľ	1	563	1	2,757	806	190	ı	6,943
Real estate, renting and business activities	3,494	1,796	4	îr	∞	3	1,067	3,016	1	42	9,440
noilaibermential intermediation	4,372	ц	1	ı	ı	Ī	442	12	ı	37	4,863
Transport. รไดาลยูง & communication	8,777	897	95	22	546	ī	3,775	227		160	14,499
Hotels and restaurants	200	2,143	1,326	4,178	366	803	3,947	961	2,830	216	16,105
Wholesale & retail trade, repair of m/vehicles, motoreyeles, personal & household goods	7.138	919	106	7.1	172	15	2,239	1,896	6	101	12,363
Construction	4,001	1,718	26	1	1	1	2,564	662	529	218	9,718
Electricity, gas and water	ı	ī	44	136	1	28	2548	1		99	2,822
gninutositunsM	7,821	3,756	3,305	1,115	892	1,433	13,774	3,937	700	132	36,865
gniyneup bas gniniM	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	16	1	71		06
& chearol canturingA guidell	1,087	869	1,344	2,904	2,801	2,241	867	848	1,337	ī	14,127
Industry District	Port- Louis	Pamplemousses	Riviere du Rempart	Flacq	Grand Port	Savanne	Plaine Wilhems	Moka	Black River	Rodrigues	Total

because of lack of detailed information the following exceptions have been made:

(a) employees of Government ministries and departments, and foreign workers have been excluded.

(b) employees working in branches of banking institutions and sub-offices of certain public enterprises have been classified according to the addresses of their head offices.

Table 2.3 (cont'd) - Employment¹ by district and industrial group, March 2006

Female															
Industry District	Agriculture. forestry & girldziż	gnivranp bns gniniM	gninutastunsM	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Wholesale & retail trade, repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & motorcycles, personal &	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage & communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate, renting and business activities	Public administration & defence: compulsory social security	Education	Health and social work	Other community, social and personal services	Total
Port- Louis			4,563		108	2,817	142	2,764	3,623		177	815	387	511	19,242
Pamplemousses	87	i	5,057	ť	64	245	099	33	T.	112	84	219	146	123	6,830
Riviere du Rempart	542	i	5,166	4	T	148	441	1	1	36	3)	250	6	01	909'9
Flacq	750	ī	2,795	ı	(1)	44	668		1.	1	,	312	1	14	4,815
Grand Port	473	ī	1,586	1	ı	190	109	99	1	ī	104	231	21	2	2,777
Savanne	473	ı	2,052	_	E	2	318	1	,	7	1	151	1	2	3,009
Plaine Wilhems	380	10	14,085	155	182	1,542	1,035	400	442	751	979	3,569	1,055	722	24,954
Moka	235	1	3,653	Ī	30	<i>L</i> 69	51	59	4	1,475	273	1,296	115	80	7,968
Black River	202	80	398	ı	4	3	1,183	1	1	ī	46	52	1	21	2,002
Rodrigues	1	1	13	4	5	19	149	22	22	ı	1	148	1	13	395
Total	3,302	06	39,368	164	403	5,707	4,987	3,335	4,091	4,964	1,907	7,043	1,733	1,504	78,598

because of lack of detailed information the following exceptions have been made:

(a) employees of Government ministries and departments, and foreign workers have been excluded.

(b) employees working in branches of banking institutions and sub-offices of certain public enterprises have been classified according to the addresses of their head offices.

Table 2.4 - Changes in employment by industrial group and sex, March 2005 - March 2006

	Emplo	Employment			
Industrial group	March 2005	March 2006	Change in emp	Change in employment. March 2005 - March 2006	March 2006
EX SEC			Both Sexes	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	22,044		-408	-192	-216
Mining and quarrying	182	081	<i>C</i> -	a	7
Manufacturing	92,620	91,021	-1.599	-801	862-
Electricity, gas and water	2,980	2,988	&	9-	14
Construction	12,524	12,925	401	402	•
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	18,091	18,113	22	61-	4
Hotels and restaurants	21,035	21,341	306	40	266
Transport, storage & communication	18,050	18,333	283	134	149
Financial intermediation	8,401	600,6	809	262	346
Real estate, renting and business activities	14.295	14,841	546	406	140
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	39,547	40,298	751	307	444
Education	23,202	24,045	843	135	708
Health and social work	12,604	12,670	99	38	28
Other community, social and personal services	5,941	6,192	251	70	181
Total	291,516	293,592	2.076	778	1.298

Table 2.5 - Number of establishments¹ and employees by size of employment, March 2006

Total	Employment	406	6,500	9,327	7,942	6,044	5,542	11,308	10,397	31,217	21,273	15,683	13,798	44,070	47,414	233,921
Ţ	Number of Establishments		683	386	234	137	101	164	116	218	85	45	30	63	27	2,375
er	Employment		5,862	5,592	4,233	3,665	3,648	6,794	6,028	15,415	10,963	8,235	6,189	23,270	25,854	125,748
Other	Number of Establishments	1	426	232	125	83	99	86	<i>L</i> 9	112	44	24	14	33	13	1,337
turing	Employment	ı	3,042	3,271	3,215	2,198	1,840	3,971	4,028	13,853	8,780	6,129	6,734	15,700	17,976	90,737
Manufacturing	Number of Establishments	-	215	135	94	50	34	58	45	92	35	17	14	23	11	823
& fishing	Employment	406	969	464	494	181	54	543	341	1,949	1,530	1,319	875	5,100	3,584	17,436
Agriculture & fishing	Number of Establishments	98	42	19	15	4		∞	4	14	9	4	2	7	3	215
Size or	employment	Less than 10	10 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	62 - 09	66 - 08	100 - 199	200 - 299	300 - 399	400 - 499	906 - 009	1,000 & over	Total

1 excluding Government ministries and departments

Table 2.6 - Employment by industrial group and sex, March 2005 and March 2006

]	March 2005	1		March 2006	5
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	18,244	3,800	22,044	18,052	3,584	21,636
Sugarcane	11,246	2,557	13,803	11,369	2,428	13,797
Tea	118	215	333	108	178	286
Tobacco	60	105	165	41	99	140
Flower growing	180	271	451	144	223	367
Fishing	913	61	974	903	60	963
Animal Farming	702	101	803	721	100	821
Agricultural & animal husbandry services	3,890	392	4,282	3,704	387	4,091
Forestry, logging & related service activities	1,106	19	1,125	1,029	19	1,048
Other	29	79	108	33	90	123
Mining and quarrying	88	94	182	90	90	180
Manufacturing	44,427	48,193	92,620	43,626	47,395	91,021
Food:						
Meat and fish processing	2,949	2,371	5,320	3,518	3,457	6,975
Bread	681	117	798	688	118	806
Sugar confectionery, biscuits and other						
farinaceous products	452	538	990	447	511	958
Sugar	2,213	21	2,234	1,990	18	2,008
Tea	172	37	209	137	37	174
Other	68	137	205	68	146	214
Beverage and tobacco:						
Distilleries & cigarette manufacture	347	91	438	353	94	447
Wine and beer	1,190	159	1,349	1,279	139	1,418
Soft drinks	825	53	878	666	52	718
Textiles	3,666	2,388	6,054	4,212	. 2,601	6,813
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	17,871	34,788	52,659	16,496	33,005	49,501
Leather products	174	614	788	166	565	731
Footwear	261	160	421	232	149	381
Wood products (except furniture)	343	184	527	348	190	538
Paper products	598	175	773	566	150	716

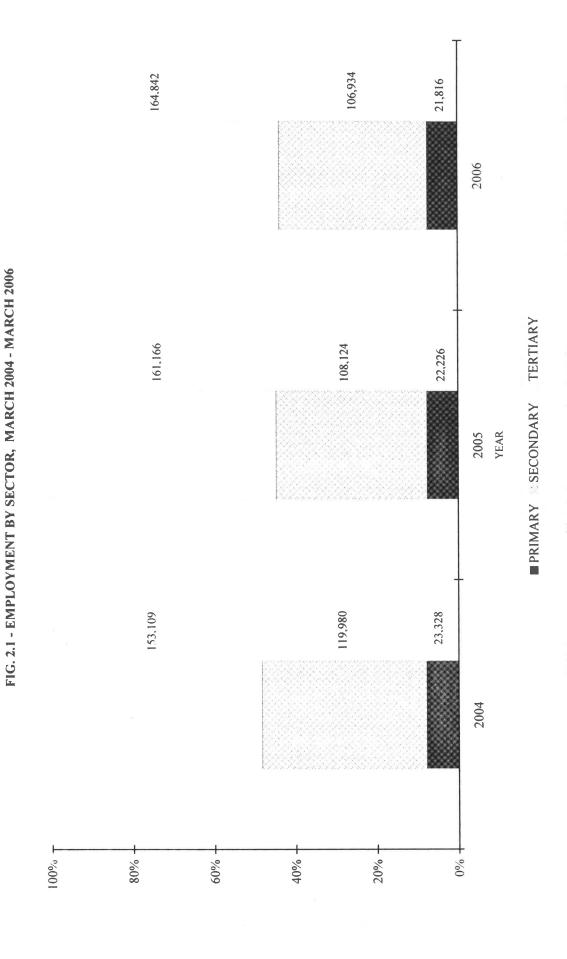
Table 2.6 - (cont'd) - Employment by industrial group and sex, March 2005 and March 2006

	ľ	March 2005	1		March 2006	5
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Printing and publishing	1,902	955	2,857	1,855	916	2,771
Chemical products	1,671	428	2,099	1,756	477	2,233
Rubber products	152	37	189	146	40	186
Plastic products	1,118	457	1,575	1,119	441	1,560
Non-metallic mineral products:						
Stone and concrete	1,083	77	1,160	1,168	94	1,262
Other	211	63	274	204	62	266
Basic metals	357	19	376	335	26	361
Fabricated metal products	1,975	298	2,273	1,880	297	2,177
Machinery & equipment	482	53	535	483	51	534
Electrical machinery & apparatus	410	194	604	411	199	610
Radio, television & communication equipment	97	63	160	80	51	131
Medical, optical & photographic equipment	375	489	864	372	550	922
Watches and clocks	266	461	727	286	483	769
Transport equipment	410	23	433	463	26	489
Furniture	876	143	1,019	788	138	926
Jewellery and related articles	913	1,193	2,106	823	1,201	2,024
Other manufacturing industries	319	1,407	1,726	291	1,111	1,402
Electricity, gas and water	2,830	150	2,980	2,824	164	2,988
Construction	11,943	581	12,524	12,345	580	12,925
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	12,414	5,677	18,091	12,395	5,718	18,113
Maintenance & repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles Sale of motor vehicles, motor cycles & related	278	41	319	266	39	305
parts; automotive fuel	1,388	288	1,676	1,380	293	1,673
Wholesale trade	6,228	1,870	8,098	6,132	1,981	8,113
Retail trade	4,520	3,478	7,998	4,617	3,405	8,022
Hotels and restaurants	16,258	4,777	21,035	16,298	5,043	21,341
Hotels	14,910	4,316	19,226	15,289	4,630	19,919
Restaurants	1,348	461	1,809	1,009	413	1,422

Table 2.6 (cont'd) - Employment by industrial group and sex, March 2005 and March 2006

	N	/larch 2005	1		March 200	6
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Transport, storage & communication	14,793	3,257	18,050	14,927	3,406	18,333
Bus transport	5,752	106	5,858	5,501	137	5,638
Other land transport	746	166	912	737	166	903
Water & air transport	1,959	1,033	2,992	2,033	1,049	3,082
Cargo handling, storage & warehousing						
& related activities	3,082	491	3,573	3,290	540	3,830
Travel agencies & tour operators	661	652	1,313	711	708	1,419
Post & telecommunication	2,593	809	3,402	2,655	806	3,461
Financial intermediation	4,648	3,753	8,401	4,910	4,099	9,009
Banking	3,013	2,358	5,371	3,064	2,443	5,507
Insurance	1,280	1,065	2,345	1,240	1,104	2,344
Other	355	330	685	606	552	1,158
Real estate, renting and business activities	9,290	5,005	14,295	9,696	5,145	14,841
Real estate & renting of equipment	344	119	463	252	99	351
Computer services	1,312	1,438	2,750	1,734	1,868	3,602
Accounting & consultancy services	898	791	1,689	1,000	874	1,874
Architectural & engineering services	918	188	1,106	976	154	1,130
Advertising services	160	109	269	152	96	248
Security services	3,876	193	4,069	4,017	176	4,193
Other	1,782	2,167	3,949	1,565	1,878	3,443
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	30,823	8,724	39,547	31,130	9,168	40,298
Education	11,297	11,905	23,202	11,432	12,613	24,045
Health and social work	6,456	6,148	12,604	6,494	6,176	12,670
Health services	5,810	5,424	11,234	5,776	5,414	11,190
Social work activities	646	724	1,370	718	762	1,480
Other community, social and personal services	4,557	1,384	5,941	4,627	1,565	6,192
Cleaning services	1,703	289	1,992	1,630	313	1,943
Recreational & sporting activities	2,295	802	3,097	2,416	930	3,346
Other	559	293	852	581	322	903
Total	188,068	103,448	291,516	188,846	104,746	293,592

revised



Figures for large establishments only

Table 2.7 - Employment by major industrial group, March 2004- March 2006

Both sexes

Industrial group	2004 2	2005 2	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	23,111	22,044	21,636
of which Sugarcane	14,822	13,803	13,797
Mining and quarrying	217	182	180
Manufacturing	101,715	92,620	91,021
of which Sugar	2,282	2,234	2,008
EPZ products 1	74,723	65,159	64,362
Electricity, gas and water	2,932	2,980	2,988
Construction	15,333	12,524	12,925
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	18,157	18,091	18,113
Hotels and restaurants	18,476	21,035	21,341
Transport, storage & communication	17,801	18,050	18,333
Financial intermediation	7,494	8,401	9,009
Real estate, renting and business activities	12,394	14,295	14,841
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	38,738	39,547	40,298
Education	22,331	23,202	24,045
Health and social work	12,127	12,604	12,670
Other community, social and personal services	5,591	5,941	6,192
Total	296,417	291,516	293,592

¹ excluding non-manufacturing EPZ establishments

² revised

Table 2.7 (cont'd) - Employment by major industrial group, March 2004- March 2006

Male

Male			
Industrial group	2004 ²	2005 ²	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	19,080	18,244	18,052
of which Sugarcane	12,035	11,246	11,369
Mining and quarrying	115	88	90
Manufacturing	46,484	44,427	43,626
of which Sugar	2,260	2,213	1,990
EPZ products 1	26,098	23,901	23,625
Electricity, gas and water	2,780	2,830	2,824
Construction	14,780	11,943	12,345
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	12,710	12,414	12,395
Hotels and restaurants	14,505	16,258	16,298
Transport, storage & communication	14,609	14,793	14,927
Financial intermediation	4,302	4,648	4,910
Real estate, renting and business activities	8,184	9,290	9,696
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	30,371	30,823	31,130
Education	11,136	11,297	11,432
Health and social work	6,262	6,456	6,494
Other community, social and personal services	4,359	4,557	4,627
Total	189,677	188,068	188,846

¹ excluding non - manufacturing EPZ establishments

² revised

Table 2.7 (Cont'd) - Employment by major industrial group and sex, March 2004- March 2006

Female

Industrial group	2004 ²	2005 2	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4,031	3,800	3,584
of which Sugarcane	2,787	2,557	2,428
Mining and quarrying	102	94	90
Manufacturing	55,231	48,193	47,395
of which Sugar	22	21	18
EPZ products ¹	48,625	41,258	40,737
Electricity, gas and water	152	150	164
Construction	553	581	580
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles,	5.445	5.677	5.710
personal & household goods	5,447	5,677	5,718
Hotels and restaurants	3,971	4,777	5,043
Transport, storage & communication	3,192	3,257	3,406
Financial intermediation	3,192	3,753	4,099
Real estate, renting and business activities	4,210	5,005	5,145
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	8,367	8,724	9,168
Education	11,195	11,905	12,613
Health and social work	5,865	6,148	6,176
Other community, social and personal services	1,232	1,384	1,565
Total	106,740	103,448	104,746

excluding non - manufacturing EPZ establishments

² revised

Table 2.8 - Employment' by industrial group in the public and private sectors, March 2006

Both sexes

		Public sector	ector			
	General Government	vernment			Drivoto contor	Total
Industrial group	Government Ministries/ Departments	Extra Budgetary Unit²	Public Enterprises ³	Total	riivatë seciol	1 01 a1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4,200	904	1,158	6,262	15,374	21,636
Mining and quarrying	t		•	ı	180	180
Manufacturing	284	ı	257	541	90,480	91,021
Electricity, gas and water	1		2,773	2,773	215	2,988
Construction	2,106	53	692	2,928	266'6	12,925
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	ī	1	196	196	17,152	18,113
Hotels and restaurants	x	1	252	252	21,089	21,341
Transport, storage & communication	325	1	10,207	10,532	7,801	18,333
Financial intermediation	1	ı	2,557	2,557	6,452	600'6
Real estate, renting and business activities	209	108	186	1,298	13,543	14,841
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	38,495	1,765	38	40,298	ı	40,298
of which Local Government	7,050	1	1	7,050	ı	7,050
Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	2,977	τ	,	2,977	ı	2,977
Education	11,061	3,673	1	14,734	9,311	24,045
Health and social work	9,833	1,013	1	10,846	1,824	12,670
Other community, social and personal services	208	89	1,740	2,037	4,155	6.192
Total	66,721	7,605	21,693	96,019	197,573	293,592

including Rodrigues

² Agencies operating under the authority of the Central Government

³ Comprise Non Financial Public Enterprises and Public Financial Institutions

Table 2.8 (cont'd) - Employment' by industrial group in the public and private sectors, March 2006

Male

		Public sector	sector			
	General Government	vernment				
Industrial group	Government Ministries/ Departments	Extra Budgetary Unit ²	Public Enterprises ³	Total	Private sector	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3,920	160	1,019	5,699	12,353	18,052
Mining and quarrying	1	1	1	t	06	06
Manufacturing	246	,	199	445	43,181	43,626
Electricity, gas and water	1	ı	2,614	2,614	210	2,824
Construction	1,934	45	752	2,731	9,614	12,345
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	1	1	902	206	11,689	12,395
Hotels and restaurants	1	ī	201	201	16,097	16,298
Transport, storage & communication	261	į	8,440	8,701	6,226	14,927
Financial intermediation	ŧ	1	1,352	1,352	3,558	4,910
Real estate, renting and business activities	62	29	929	765	8,931	969'6
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	30,213	895	22	31,130	ī	31,130
of which Local Government	6,029	ì	1	6,029	1	6,029
Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	2,378	ī	1	2,378	ı	2,378
Education	5,547	1,810	T	7,357	4,075	11,432
Health and social work	5,397	989	,	6,083	411	6,494
Other community, social and personal services	187	52	1,267	1,506	3,121	4,627
Total	47,767	4,315	17,208	69,290	119,556	188,846

including Rodrigues

² Agencies operating under the authority of the Central Government

³ Comprise Non Financial Public Enterprises and Public Financial Institutions

Table 2.8 (cont'd) - Employment' by industrial group in the public and private sectors, March 2006

Female

		Public	Public sector			
	General Government	vernment				E
Industrial group	Government Ministries/	Extra Budgetary	Public Enterprises ³	Total	Private sector	l Otal
	Departments	Unit ²				
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	280	144	139	563	3,021	3,584
Mining and quarrying	z 1	1	ı	ī	06	06
Manufacturing	38	ī	58	96	47,299	47,395
Electricity, gas and water	,	ì	159	159	5	164
Construction	172	~	17	161	383	580
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	,	1	255	255	5,463	5,718
Hotels and restaurants	1	1	51	51	4,992	5,043
Transport, storage & communication	64	,	1,767	1,831	1,575	3,406
Financial intermediation	,	ï	1,205	1,205	2,894	4,099
Real estate, renting and business activities	147	4	345	533	4,612	5,145
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	8,282	870	91	9,168	1	9,168
of which Local Government	1,021		,	1,021	1	1,021
Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	599	,	ı	599	,	599
Education	5,514	1,863	ı	7,377	5,236	12,613
Health and social work	4,436	327	,	4,763	1,413	6,176
Other community, social and personal services	21	37	473	531	1,034	1,565
Total	18,954	3,290	4,485	26,729	78,017	104,746

including Rodrigues

² Agencies operating under the authority of the Central Government

³ Comprise Non Financial Public Enterprises and Public Financial Institutions

Table 2.9 - Employment' by industrial group and sex in the public sector, March 2005 and March 2006

		March 2005			March 2006	
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	5,950	628	6,578	5,699	563	6,262
Mining and quarrying] 1 (í	ŧ	ı	'	ï
Manufacturing	454	91	545	445	96	541
Electricity, gas and water	2,636	146	2,782	2,614	159	2,773
Construction	2,887	177	3,064	2,731	197	2,928
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	602	108	710	206	255	196
Hotels and restaurants	214	39	253	201	51	252
Transport, storage & communication	8,903	1,841	10,744	8,701	1,831	10,532
Financial intermediation	1,301	1,076	2,377	1,352	1,205	2,557
Real estate, renting and business activities	710	592	1,302	765	533	1,298
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	30,823	8,724	39,547	31,130	9,168	40,298
Education	7,431	7,113	14,544	7,357	7,377	14,734
Health and social work	160'9	4,753	10,844	6,083	4,763	10,846
Other community, social and personal services	1,511	498	2,009	1,506	531	2,037
Total	69,513	25,786	95,299	69,290	26,729	96,019

including Rodrigues

Table 2.10 - Employment by industrial group and sex in the General Government, March 2004- March 2006

		2004			2005			2006	
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	5.054	423	5,477	4,899	430	5,329	4,680	424	5,104
Mining and quarrying	i	1	æ	1	,	,	ı	ı	î
Manufacturing	289	40	329	256	33	289	246	38	284
Electricity, gas and water	ľ	ı	ı	1	*	,	1	1	ī
Construction	2.140	158	2,298	1,957	164	2,121	1,979	180	2,159
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, personal and household goods	ı	1	1	1	1	,	1	1	ì
Hotels and restaurants	t	1	1	1	,	1	ı	ī	t
Transport, storage and communications	15	25	40	61	27	46	261	64	325
Financial intermediation	t	1	1	ı		1	'	1	,
Real estate, renting and business activities	176	253	429	172	238	410	129	188	317
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	30,346	8.350	38,696	30,801	8,708	39,509	31.108	9,152	40,260
Education	7,527	6,826	14,353	7,431	7,113	14,544	7,357	7.377	14,734
Health and social work	5.916	4,567	10,483	6,091	4,753	10,844	6,083	4,763	10,846
Other community, social and personal services	206	32	238	231	38	569	239	58	297
Total	51.669	20.674	72.343	51.857	21,504	73,361	52,082	22.244	74,326

Table 2.11 - Employment by Ministry/Department and sex in the General Government, March 2006

Government Services	Male	Female	Both sexes
1. Budgetary Central Government 1	39,360	17,334	56,694
Office of the President, Judicial and National Assembly	509	242	751
Prime Minister's Office	12,719	1,021	13,740
Deputy Prime Minister's Office and Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	2,132	1,448	3,580
Ministry of Foreign Affairs, International Trade	145	149	294
Audit, Public & Police Service Commisions and Ombudsman's office	235	248	483
Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries	4,259	427	4,686
Deputy Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Public Infrastructure and Land Transport and Shipping	2,021	294	2,315
Ministry of Education and Human Resources	5,842	5,765	11,607
Ministry of Health & Quality of life	6,057	5,209	11.266
Ministry of Local Government	1,759	81	1,840
Ministry of Housing and Lands	300	108	408
Ministry of Social Security & National Solidarity & Senior Citizen Welfare & Reform Institutions	574	597	1,171
Ministry of Youth and Sports	338	77	415
Ministry of Public Utilities	294	68	362
Ministry of InformationTechnology and Telecommunications	105	183	288

Table 2.11 (cont'd) - Employment by Ministry/Department and sex in the General Government, March 2006

Government Services	Male	Female	Both sexes
Ministry of Industry, Small and Medium Enterprises, Commerce and Cooperatives	259	229	488
Ministry of Environment and National Development Unit	735	188	923
Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations and Employment	274	226	500
Deputy Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Tourism and External Communications	278	77	355
Ministry of Arts And Culture	141	92	233
Ministry of Women's Rights, Child Development, Family Welfare and consumer protection	103	118	221
Attorney General and Ministry of Justice & Human Rights	76	108	184
Ministry of Civil Service Affairs and Administrative Reforms	205	379	584
2. Extra Budgetary Units ²	4,315	3,290	7,605
3. Local Government	6,029	1,021	7,050
Municipalities	3,889	639	4,528
District Councils	2,140	382	2,522
4. Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	2,378	599	2,977
Total General Government	52,082	22,244	74,326

¹ Ministries and departments
² Agencies operating under the authority of Central Government

Table 2.12 - Employment and earnings in the General Government, March 2006

	Monthly	rates of pay	Daily ra	tes of pay
Government Services	Number of employees	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings per day ² (Rs 000)
1. Budgetary Central Government 1	53,855	858,594	240	69.2
Office of the President, Judicial and National Assembly	700	16,458	10	3.1
Prime Minister's Office	13,486	202,276	10	2.9
Deputy Prime Minister's Office and Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	3,369	64,783	-	-
Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Trade	269	6,129	-	-
Audit, Public & Police Service Commissions and Ombudsman's Office	435	9,312	-	-
Ministry of Agro Industry and Fisheries	4,376	53,869	3	0.7
Deputy Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Land Transport and Shipping	2,233	32,216	1	0.2
Ministry of Education and Human Resources	11,036	174,323	38	19.1
Ministry of Health & Quality of life	10,529	186,558	5	2.3
Ministry of Local Government	1,637	19,194	172	40.7
Ministry of Housing and Lands	401	6,389	-	-
Ministry of Social Security & National Solidarity & Senior Citizen Welfare & Reform Institutions	1.060	15,530	-	-
Ministry of Youth and Sports	409	6,428	-	-
Ministry of Public Utilities	356	5,801	-	-
Ministry of Information Technology and Telecommunications	278	5,263	-	-
Ministry of Industry, Small and Medium Enterprises. Commerce and Co-operatives	459	7.497	1	0.2

Table 2.12 (cont'd) - Employment and earnings in the General Government, March 2006

<u></u>	I		П	
	Monthly	rates of pay	Daily rat	es of pay
Government Services	Number of	Earnings for	Number of	Earnings
,	employees	March 2006	employees	per day 2
		(Rs 000)		(Rs 000)
Ministry of Environment & National Development Unit	001	12.495		
Ministry of Environment & National Development Unit	881	12,485		-
Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations and Employment	462	7,272	-	-
Deputy Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Tourism and				
External Communications	348	6,399	_	_
		,-,-		
Ministra of Assa And G. Island	220	2.270		
Ministry of Arts And Culture	220	3,378	-	-
Ministry of Women's Rights, Child Development, Family				
Welfare and Consumer Protection	195	3,103	-	-
Attorney General and Ministry of Justice & Human Rights	159	4,354	_	-
		,,==,		
Ministry of Civil Samina Affician and Administrative Defende	557	0.577		
Ministry of Civil Service Affairs and Administrative Reforms	557	9,577	-	-
2. Extra Budgetary Units ³	7,387	126,011	55	14.3
3. Local Government	6,971	69,886	79	18.3
		านอ		
Municipalities	4 400	47.746	40	10.4
Municipalities	4,488	47,746	40	10.4
H				
District Councils	2,483	22,140	39	7.9
4. Regional Government (Rodrigues Regional Assembly)	2,976	34,301	1	0.4
,				
Total General Government	71,189	1,088,792	375	102.2

¹Ministries and departments. Employees on leave without pay are **not** included here

²Average per day worked out from the last payroll of March 2006

³Agencies operating under the authority of Central Government. These establishments employed also 134 persons who were paid on hourly rate and they received an average of Rs 170 per hour.

Table 2.13 - Employment and earnings for employees on monthly and daily rates of pay, March 2006

	Monthly	rates of pay	Daily rate	es of pay
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings ¹ per day (Rs 000)
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	16,776	177,909	3,992	1,183.2
Sugarcane	10,638	101,286	2,795	874.7
Tea	11	60	138	38.1
Tobacco	-	-	136	20.0
Flower growing	142	1,248	225	43.7
Fishing	648	8,471	183	56.4
Animal Farming	459	6,462	361	105.4
Agricultural & animal husbandry services	3,867	49,596	77	29.5
Forestry, logging & related service activities	965	10,247	-	-
Other	46	539	77	15.4
Mining and quarrying	44	371	183	35.9
Manufacturing	35,390	383,391	20,128	4,878.1
Food:				
Meat and fish processing	3,321	37,609	1,822	496.2
Bread	305	2,387	515	182.9
Sugar confectionery, biscuits and other farinaceous products	586	3,969	312	59.3
Sugar	1,836	23,277	189	75.8
Tea	81	621	106	32.2
Other	75	746	138	25.5
Beverage and tobacco:				
Distilleries & cigarette manufacture	433	6,845	12	3.8
Wine and beer	1,173	19,294	245	70.6
Soft drinks	718	7,895	-	-
Textiles	3,608	33,222	1,229	272.9
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	9,335	92,686	10,894	2,287.8
Leather products	128	1,934	593	138.2
Footwear	176	1,305	127	34.8
Wood products (except furniture)	378	3,159	139	38.1
Paper products	581	4,625	133	18.6
Printing and publishing	2,501	33,560	100	28.4
Chemical products	2,031	25,335	153	31.2

^{&#}x27;earnings per day worked out from the last payroll for the month of March 2006

Table 2.13 (cont'd) - Employment and earnings for employees on monthly and daily rates of pay, March 2006

	Monthly	rates of pay	Daily rat	tes of pay
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings ¹ per day (Rs 000)
Rubber products	138	1,365	44	12.4
Plastic products	1,108	11,452	227	46.3
Non-metallic mineral products:				
Stone and concrete	607	9,335	642	261.9
Other	185	1,927	61	18.5
Basic metals	293	3,258	50	12.4
Fabricated metal products	926	9,725	917	353.0
Machinery & equipment	364	6,034	-	-
Electrical machinery & apparatus	320	3,579	165	78.5
Radio, television & communication equipment	125	1,056	-	-
Medical, optical & photographic equipment	647	6,398	236	65.6
Watches and clocks	564	4,698	95	21.8
Transport equipment	391	4,161	82	22.0
Furniture	579	4,483	220	51.3
Jewellery and related articles	1,136	10,071	360	73.4
Other manufacturing industries	741	7,380	322	64.7
Electricity, gas and water	2,942	66,068	93	33.5
Construction	5,395	87,878	6,383	2,554.7
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motocycles, personal & household goods	17,086	237,648	958	277.4
Maintenance & repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles	263	2,647	23	5.9
Sale of motor vehicles, motor cycles & related parts; automotive fuel	1,666	24,527	11	2.6
Wholesale trade	7,340	116,927	706	214.6
Retail trade	7,817	93,547	218	54.3
Hotels and restaurants	21,098	222,878	10	1.2
Hotels	19,692	210,192	5	0.7
Restaurants	1,406	12,686	5	0.5
Transport, storage & communication	16,641	289,762	1,427	442.9
Bus t.ansport	4,513	43,565	1,125	340.4

¹earnings per day worked out from the last payroll for the month of March 2006

Table 2.13 (cont'd) - Employment and earnings for employees on monthly and daily rates of pay, March 2006

Total	216,499	3,068,743	36,481	10,207.3
Other	474	8,141	346	118.7
Recreational & sporting activities	3,118	45,958	115	30.2
Cleaning services	1,268	13,082	673	102.4
Other community, social and personal services	4,860	67,181	1,134	251.3
Social work activities	1,440	11,936	-	-
Health services	10,474	185,495	64	12.8
Health and social work	11,914	197,431	64	12.8
Education	23,324	376,081	42	19.6
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	38,996	569,057	296	70.0
Other	3,258	32,452	144	44.2
Security services	2,753	21,548	1,440	355.7
Advertising services	246	4,532	155	27.5
Architectural & engineering services	983	17,364	135	27.3
Accounting & consultancy services	1,844	51,477		-
Computer services	3,506	52,949	2	0.3
Real estate, renting and business activities Real estate & renting of equipment	349	1 86,090 5,768	1,721	427.5
Real estate, renting and business activities	12,939		1 701	437.5
Other	1,339	45,161 26,087	38	15.2
Banking Insurance	5,461 2,294	135,750	12	4.0
Financial intermediation	9,094	206,998	50	19.2
			8	1.7
Travel agencies & tour operators Post & telecommunication	1,386 3,444	18,270 74,930	- 0	-
Cargo handling, storage & warehousing & related activities	3,614	69,808	154	41.0
Water & air transport	2,921	73,314	.=:	-
Other land transport	763	9,875	140	59.8
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings ¹ per day (Rs 000)
	Monthly	rates of pay	Daily rate	es of pay

earnings per day worked out from the last payroll for the month of March 2006

Table 2.14 - Employment and earnings 1 for employees on piece and hourly rates of pay, March 2006

	Piece	Piece rates of pay	Hourl	Hourly rates of pay
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings per day (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings per hour (Rs 000)
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	848	306.2	20	0.7
Sugar cane	588	193.8	6	0.2
Other	260	112.4	=	0.5
Manufacturing	7,412	1,817.4	13,831	349.0
Textiles	14	3.3	626	14.4
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	6,965	1,699.4	10,412	256.3
Wood and furniture	98	28.4	59	2.2
Jewellery & related articles	6	Ξ	484	16.5
Other	338	85.2	2,250	59.6
Construction	397	180.2	31	1.3
Services	148	95.7	261	27.0
Total	8,805	2,399.5	14,143	378.0

earnings per day/hour worked out from the last payroll for the month of March 2006

Table 2.15 - Average monthly earnings by industrial group, March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	9,334	9,825	10,019
of which Sugar cane	8,580	9,054	9,202
Mining and quarrying	5,496	5,588	5,744
Manufacturing	7,299	7,798	8,208
of which EPZ ² products	6,196	6,656	7,002
Electricity, gas and water	18,456	19,457	22,056
Construction	11,465	12,042	13,047
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	12,032	12,772	13,547
Hotels and restaurants	8.947	9,881	10,560
Transport, storage & communication	15,189	15,982	16,664
Financial intermediation	20,225	21,478	22,692
Real estate, renting and business activities	12,003	12,822	13,447
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	13,960	15,056	14,535
Education	13,993	15,096	16,216
Health and social work	15,134	16,628	16,500
Other community, social and personal services	10,846	11,427	12,298
All sectors	11,103	12,061	12,594

earnings of daily, hourly, and piece rate workers have been converted to a monthly basis and included in this table.

² excluding non-manufacturing EPZ establishments

Table 2.16 - Average monthly earnings by industrial group for employees on monthly rates of pay,

March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	9,897	10,496	10,605
of which Sugarcane	9,023	9,415	9,521
Mining and quarrying	7,942	8,061	8,438
Manufacturing	10,089	10,311	10,833
of which EPZ products	9,135	9,224	9,595
Electricity, gas and water	18,456	19,635	22,457
Construction	14,040	14,871	16,289
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	12,292	13,127	13,909
Hotels and restaurants	8,978	9,898	10,564
Transport, storage & communication	15,966	16,834	17,413
Financial intermediation	20,232	21,509	22,762
Real estate, renting and business activities	12,908	13,757	14,382
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	13,984	15,126	14,593
Education	13,912	15,032	16,124
Health and social work	15,251	16,762	16,571
Other community, social and personal services	11,930	13,006	13,823
All sectors	12,796	13,686	14,174

¹ excluding non-manufacturing EPZ establishments

Table 2.17 - Average daily earnings by industrial group for employees on daily rates of pay, March 2004 - March 2006

			(Rupees)
Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	267	287	296
of which Sugarcane	280	307	313
Mining and quarrying	187	189	196
Manufacturing	224	235	242
of which EPZ ¹ products	207	214	218
Electricity, gas and water	-	323	360
Construction	355	370	400
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	257	263	290
Hotels and restaurants	121	119	120
Transport, storage & communication	279	280	310
Financial intermediation	183	271	384
Real estate, renting and business activities	247	246	248
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	225	224	237
Education	106	128	467
Health and social work	249	242	199
Other community, social and personal services	224	213	222
All sectors	255	265	280

¹ excluding non-manufacturing EPZ establishments

Table 2.18 - Average daily earnings by industrial group for employees on piece rates of pay,
March 2004 - March 2006

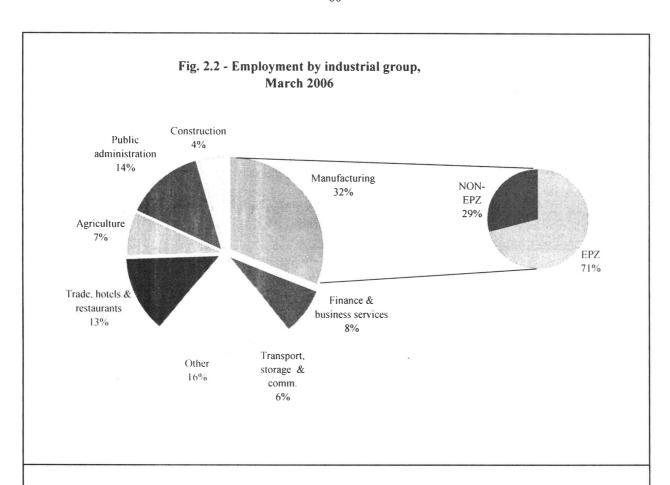
Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	343	346	. 361
Manufacturing	216	233	245
Textiles	208	210	237
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	215	214	244
Wood and furniture	346	351	330
Jewellery & related articles	122	122	128
Other	235	229	252
Construction	509	429	454
Other sectors	741	620	646
All sectors	250	253	273

Table 2.19 - Average hourly earnings by industrial group for employees on hourly rates of pay,
March 2004 - March 2006

			(Rupces)
Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	21	33	34
Manufacturing	22	24	25
Textiles	24	23	23
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	21	23	25
Wood and furniture	34	38	38
Jewellery & related articles	29	33	34
Other	24	25	27
Construction	38	41	42
Other sectors	68	75	103
All sectors	23	25	27

Table 2.20 - Number of establishments and employees by industrial group and size of employment in the EPZ sector - March 2006

	- 01	49	- 99	- 66	100 -	499	500 & over	over	Total	al
Industrial group	Number of	Employment Number of	Number of	Employment Number of	Number of	Employment		Employment	Number of	Employment
	Establishments		Establishments		Establishments		Establishments		Establishments	
Manufacturing	120	3,486	55	4,141	103	25,269	31	31,466	309	64,362
Food	\$	180		82	_	132	7	3,751	6	4,145
Textiles	15	909	2	154	12	3,451	8	1,923	32	6,034
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	57	1,614	30	2,281	71	17,886	26	25,792	184	47,573
Yeotwear and leather products	1		2	122	2	537	1	1	4	629
Wood and furniture	3	75	2	152	_	127	ı	1	9	354
Medical, optical and photographic equipement	æ	129	7	121	2	549		1	7	799
Watches and clocks		39	,	95	3	635	1	î	5	692
Jewellery & related articles	13	331	5	444	4	968	1	ì	22	1,671
Paper products and printing and publishing	4		7	148	years	208	ı	1	7	467
Chemical and plastic products	8	145	,	58	_	106	τ	1	7	309
Other	14	356	7	484	ν,	742	1	1	26	1,582
Non-manufacturing	119	367	7	168	7	343	1	ı	23	878
Total	139	3,853	57	4,309	105	25,612	31	31,466	332	65,240





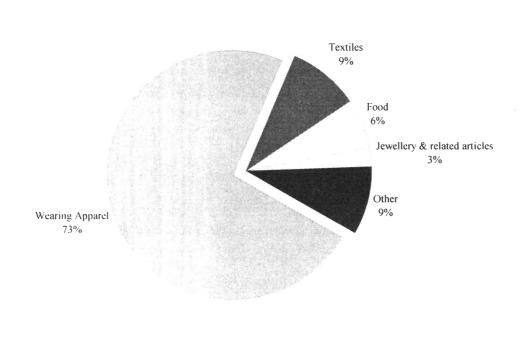


Table 2.21 - Employment in large establishments of EPZ by industrial group and sex, March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2	March 2004	ė s	2	March 2005		2	March 2006	
	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Manufacturing	26,098	48,625	74,723	23,901	41,258	65,159	23,625	40,737	64,362
Food	750	1,840	2,590	198	1,854	2,652	1,255	2,890	4,145
Textiles	4,843	2,838	7,681	3,408	1,974	5,382	3,943	2,091	6,034
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	17,957	39,607	57,564	17,119	33,033	50,152	15,982	31,591	47,573
Footwear and leather products	155	639	794	152	586	738	137	522	629
Wood and furniture	227	122	349	265	137	405	216	138	354
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	381	200	881	286	451	737	286	513	199
Watches and clocks	244	444	889	266	461	727	286	483	692
Jewellery & related articles	659	938	1,597	029	1,041	1,711	610	1,061	1,671
Paper products and printing and publishing	381	140	521	358	164	522	338	129	467
Chemical and plastic products	161	170	361	169	168	337	177	132	309
Other	310	1,387	1,697	410	1,389	1,799	395	1,187	1,582
Non-manufacturing	409	349	758	481	398	879	523	355	878
Total	26,507	48,974	75,481	24,382	41,656	66,038	24,148	41,092	65,240

(b) include 15,095 in March 2004, 13,397 in March 2005 and 13,966 in March 2006 ¹ employment data (a) exclude 369 in March 2004, 337in March 2005 and 289 in March 2006

Table 2.22 - Employment and earnings in the EPZ sector for employees on monthly and daily rates of pay, March 2006

	Monthly r	ates of pay	Daily rate	es of pay
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of employees	Earnings per day (Rs 000) ¹
Manufacturing	16,173	155,175	14,268	3,104.5
Food	913	8,256	1,322	289.6
Textiles	2,960	27,709	1,194	296.1
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	8,704	86,909	10,003	2,120.7
Footwear and leather products	98	1,608	516	120.2
Wood and furniture	155	1,173	181	43.6
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	526	4,628	237	65.9
Watches and clocks	564	4,699	95	21.8
Jewellery & related articles	828	6,929	360	73.4
Paper products and printing and publishing	464	4,504	-	-
Chemical and plastic products	179	2,067	70	13.5
Other	782	6,693	290	59.7
Non-manufacturing	602	9,650	256	51.4
Total	16,775	164,825	14,524	3,155.9

Table 2.23 - Employment and earnings in the EPZ sector for employees on piece and hourly rates of pay, March 2006

	Piece rate	es of pay	Hourly ra	tes of pay
Industrial group	Number of employees	Earnings per day (Rs 000) ¹	Number of employees	Earnings per hour (Rs 000)
Manufacturing	6,991	1,868.6	13,038	331.4
Food	57	10.6	1,028	23.6
Textiles	14	3.3	564	13.0
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	6,912	1,852.4	10,242	260.8
Footwear and leather products	-	-	84	1.0
Wood and furniture	8	2.3	12	0.4
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	-	-	32	0.6
Watches and clocks	-	-	104	2.6
Jewellery & related articles	-		484	16.5
Paper products and printing and publishing	-	_	₹	-
Chemical and plastic products	-	-	23	0.5
Other	-	-	465	12.4
Non-manufacturing	-	-	-	-
Total	6,991	1,868.6	13,038	331.4

¹ earnings per day worked out from the last payroll for the month of March 2006

Table 2.24 - Average monthly earnings¹ in large establishments of EPZ, March 2004 - March 2006

2005 2 2006	6,656 7,002		6,048 6,319	8,122 8,071	6,428 6,817	7,069 7,082	6,578	7,614 8,127	7,505	7,279	8,724 9,706	8,950 9,296	6,151 7.049	10,622	6,722 7,099
2004	961'9		5,779	7,341	5,969	6,677	6,133	7,531	6,478	6,942	7,799	7,758	5.470	9,798	6,236
Industrial group	Manufacturing	of which:	Food	Textiles	Wearing apparel (except footwear)	Footwear and leather products	Wood and furniture	Medical, optical and photographic equipement	Watches and clocks	Jewellery & related articles	Paper products and printing and publishing	Chemical and plastic products	Other	Non-manufacturing	Total

earnings of daily, hourly and piece rate workers have been converted to a monthly basis and included in this table

² revised

Table 2.25 - Average monthly earnings in EPZ by industrial group for employees exclusively on monthly rates of pay, March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2004	2005 1	2006
Manufacturing	9,135	9,224	9,595
Food	8,577	8,670	9,043
Textiles	8,962	9,358	9,361
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	9,337	9,446	9,985
Footwear and leather products	14,893	16,022	16,407
Wood and furniture	5,913	7,448	7,570
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	11,304	8,183	8,798
Watches and clocks	8,197	8,245	8,331
Jewellery & related articles	8,358	8,427	8,368
Paper products and printing and publishing	8,540	8,724	9,706
Chemical and plastic products	9,402	11,106	11,548
Other	7,676	7,733	8,559
Non-manufacturing	14,692	15,147	16,030
All sectors	9,251	9,400	9,826

Table 2.26 - Average daily earnings in EPZ by industrial group for employees exclusively on daily rates of pay, March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Manufacturing	207	214	218
Food	204	292	219
Textiles	236	241	248
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	199	209	212
Footwear and leather products	226	226	233
Wood and furniture	238	230	241
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	254	266	278
Watches and clocks	220	229	229
Jewellery & related articles	194	206	204
Paper products and printing and publishing	103	-	-
Chemical and plastic products	181	180	193
Other .	192	196	206
Non-manufacturing	190	191	201
All sectors	207	213	217

revised

Table 2.27 - Average daily earnings in EPZ by industrial group for employees exclusively on piece rates of pay, March 2004- March 2006

			1
Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Manufacturing	214	238	267
Food	176	169	186
Textiles	208	181	237
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	215	239	268
Footwear and leather products	-	-	-
Wood and furniture	258	274	290
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	-	-	-
Watches and clocks	-	-	=
Jewellery & related articles	-	-	-
Paper products and printing and publishing	-	-	-
Chemical and plastic products	-	-	-
Other	-	=	-
Non-manufacturing	-	-	-
All sectors	214	238	267

Table 2.28 - Average hourly earnings in EPZ by industrial group for employees exclusively on hourly rates of pay, March 2004 - March 2006

Industrial group	2004	2005	2006
Manufacturing	22	24	25
Food	21	22	23
Textiles	24	23	23
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	21	24	25
Footwear and leather products	13	12	12
Wood and furniture	37	37	37
Medical, optical and photographic equipment	20	18	18
Watches and clocks	26	23	25
Jewellery & related articles	29	33	34
Paper products and printing and publishing	-	-	-
Chemical and plastic products	20	23	23
Other	23	25	27
Non-manufacturing	-	-	-
All sectors	22	24	25

¹ Revised

Table 2.29 - Sugar Industry: Employment by size of plantations and sex, March 2006

Employer	Size class (hectares)	Male	Female	Both sexes
Planters	10 - 19	127	132	259
	20 - 29	48	57	105
	30 - 39	81	53	134
	40 & over	735	367	1,102
Total employed by :				
(i) planters		991	609	1,600
(ii) millers estates and annexes		10,378	1,819	12,197
(iii) factories		1,990	18	2,008
Total		13,359	2,446	15,805

Table 2.30 - Employment and earnings in the Sugar Industry, March 2006

Monthly rates of pay		Daily rates of pay		
Employer	Number of workers	Earnings for March 2006 (Rs 000)	Number of workers	Earnings per day ¹ (Rs 000)
Millers estates and annexes	11,799	119,290	2,158	760.5
Factories	1,836	23,277	189	75.8
Plantations	9,963	96,013	1,969	684.7
Other planters	675	5,273	826	190.0
Total	12,474	124,563	2,984	950.5

¹ average per day worked out from the last payroll of March 2006

Table 2.31 - Sugar Industry: Employment by geographical region and area harvested - March 2006

Region		Number e area h	Number employed by planters by area harvested (hectares)	olanters by tares)		No. employed by millers' estates and	Total employment
	10 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 39	40 & over	Total	annexes	
North:							
Beau Plan, Belle Vue, Mon Loisir,							
Mount, St. Antoine, Solitude	75	23	∞	575	681	2,432	3,113
South:							
Bel Ombre, Britannia, Mon Trésor-							
Mon-Désert, Riche-en-Eau, Rose Belle,							
St. Félix, Savannah, Union St. Aubin	89	3	77	262	410	5,548	5,958
East:							
Beau Champ, Constance, F.U.E.L	81	09	31	09	232	3,663	3,895
West & Central Plateau:							
Médine, Highlands, Mon Désert Alma	35	61	81	205	277	2,562	2,839
Total	259	105	134	1,102	1,600	14,205	15,805

include factories

Table 2.32 - Foreign workers employed in large establishments by industrial group & sex, March 2004 - March 2006

		2004			2005			2006	
Ludustry	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	12	_	13	15	2	71	5	2	7
Mining & quarrying	1	1		ı	t	í	ı	E	r
Manufacturing	6,364	9,211	15,575	898'9	7,149	14,017	6,515	7,989	14,504
of which EPZ	6,024	9,063	15,087	9++9	8,648	13,394	6,089	7,875	13,964
Electricity, gas and water	2	_	9	5	1	5	2	1	2
Construction	1,405	9	1,411	793	7	800	708	∞	716
Wholesale& retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	40	10	90	59	22	8	32	=	43
Hotels & restaurants	205	45	250	569	8	350	193	99	249
Transport, storage & communication	200	4	204	661	23	222	167	7	174
Financial intermediation	46	4	53	53	9	59	47	∞	55
Real estate, renting and business activities	127	18	145	192	54	246	194	34	228
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	24	1	24	17	1	17	20	1	20
Education	53	69	122	40	99	901	55	99	Ξ
Health and social work	19	17	84	69	21	06	3	7	10
Other community, social & personal services	117	∞	125	118	38	156	120	40	160
Total	8,668	9,394	18,062	8,697	7,469	16,166	8,061	8,218	16,279

Table 2.33 - Job vacancies by occupation, industrial group and sex as at last Thursday of March, 2006

									-	-			_						Т
	Total	159	268	485	387	93	36	138	36	49		15	38	. 646	1	439	120	544	2,756
	Other community, social and personal services	4	_	14	15	9	3	7	Š	7		ī	1	2	r	7	ſ	14	99
	Health and social work	ı	7	45	4	3	9	m	3	ī		ı	ı	ω	1	ı	~	7	73
	Education	55	126	93	96	•	n	∞	_	ı		-	ı	2	1	,	٠,	137	523
	Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	36	27	57	22	2	ı	4	4	ī.		ı	ı	1	ì	Í	ı	9	154
	Real estate, renting and business activities	19	55	45	115	5	ı	ť	ı	ı		1	ï	_	1	ı	1	8	245
	Financial intermediation	6	5	20	10	1	ī	1	1	ï		1	ı	1	'	1	1	_	45
	Transport, storage and communication	7	19	Ξ	4	39	1	ı	,	ř		1	ı	09	1	ı	09	2	142
	Hotels and Restaurants	4	,	_	10	35	1	£	1	1		1	ı	1	1	,	ı	13	64
	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	3	2	38	33	3	ï	∞	ī	8		,	ť	5	,	1	7	23	115
	Construction	13	20	70	22	ī	f	20	13	_		ı	ı	39	1	1	39	25	209
	Electricity,gas and water	t	1	26	38	1	ı	1	ı	ı		1	1	87	87	1	1	1	151
	gninutsetuneM	7	5	35	17	7	24	88	7	32		14	38	443	ī	435	∞	306	925
	gniymanp bna gniniM	1	.0		,	ï	í	į	ı	ī		į	ī.	1	1	Ţ	ī	7	n
	Agriculture,forestry and gnidsit	C1	ı	30	ı	i.	ı	1	1	31.		ı	ŧ	_		1	1	∞	14
Both sexes	Industry Occupation	Senior officials and managers	Professionals	Technicians & associate professionals	Clerks	Service workers & sales workers	Skilled agricultural & fishery workers	Craft & related trades workers	Extraction & building trades workers	Metal, machinery & related trades workers	Precision, handicraft, printing & related	trades workers	Other craft & related trades workers	Plant & machine operators & assemblers	Stationary plant & related operators	Machine operators & assemblers	Drivers & mobile plant operators	Elementary occupations	Total

Table 2.33 (cont'd) - Job vacancies by occupation, industrial group and sex as at last Thursday of March, 2006

	Total	=	15	104	58	22	19	74	22	39		8	10	261	87	54	120	199	763
	Other community, social and personal services	1	1	1	1	3	ı	7	2	2		1	ī	ı	1	1	1	7	17
	Health and social work	1	-	10	1	-	2	1	1	1		1	1	3	1	1	\sim		21
	Education	ı	ť	2	'	ĭ	'	7	7	ı		1	1	2	ı	1	7	20	32
	Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	proced	1	2	4	,	ť	1	1	ı		ï	1	i	ı	ı	ı	1	7
	Real estate, renting and business activities	1	7	4	_	2	'	ı	'	1		1	1	_	1	1	1	C	21
	Financial intermediation	'	1	1	2	'	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	'	ı	1	-	ς.
	Transport, storage and communication	3	2	2	ı	4	ī	1	1	ī		1	1	09	ĭ	1	09	2	9/
	Hotels and Restaurants	2		1	3	∞	ı	1	1	1		1	1	1	'	1	1	4	81
	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	7	1	7	9	-	1	∞ ,	1	∞		1	ı	4	1	1	7	18	44
	Construction	1	ı	01	ı		1	20	13			1	ı	39			39	13	82
	Electricity, gas and water	1	1	20	35	1	1	'	T	1		1	ï	87	87	1	1	t	142
	gninutsetuneM	4	4	21	7		14	37	2	22		~	10	62		54	∞	128	277
	gniyrranp bna gniniM	Ţ	ï	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	,
	Agriculture,forestry and gnidsif	-	i	20	1	ı	1	t	1	ī		ŧ	31.	£	,	1	r	2	23
Male	Industry Occupation	Senior officials and managers	Professionals	Technicians & associate professionals	Clerks	Service workers & sales workers	Skilled agricultural & fishery workers	Craft & related trades workers	Extraction & building trades workers	Metal, machinery & related trades workers	Precision, handicraft, printing & related	trades workers	Other craft & related trades workers	Plant & machine operators & assemblers	Stationary plant & related operators	Machine operators & assemblers	Drivers & mobile plant operators	Elementary occupations	Total

Table 2.33 (cont'd) - Job vacancies by occupation, industrial group and sex as at last Thursday of March, 2006

	Total	5	_	36	30	4	11	29	1	01		•	18	98	ı	98	T.	150	352
	Other community, social and personal services	-	,	1	ľ	,	ı	ı	1	ı		1	1	,	1	1	1	ı	
	Health and social work	τ	1	9	ω	1	_	'	I.	ı		'	ı	,		1	,	1	10
	Education	-	ı	7	14	ī	ľ	T	Т	1		ı	ι	ī	ı	ī	1	1	17
	Public administration & defence; compulsory security	ı	ı		1	2	ı		_	1		ж	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	4
	Real estate, renting and business activities	-		2	1	•	t	1	•	1			•	1	'	1	1	2	9
	Financial intermediation	ı	1	1		1	t	1	τ	ı		1	ı	1	ı	,	1	1	
	Transport, storage and communication	_			,	1	ı	í	1	í		1	i	1	1	i	1	ı	
	Hotels and Restaurants	ř.	1	1	4	•	•	1	ı	r		ï	ť		ï	•	i	ı	4
,	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	τ	t	4	7	2	1	1	,	3		1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	t	∞
	Construction		1	1	_	ı		ï	1	1		ſ	1	1	1	î.	'	1	_
	Electricity,gas and water	t	1	1.	1	£	1	ı	τ	1		1	1)				1 3	i, 1	,
	gnirutəstunsM	7	1	=	4	,	10	28	ı	01		ı	18	98		98	1	140	281
	gniyrranp bns gniniM	1	1	'	-		1	1	1	1		1	Œ	1	1	ı	1	2	3
	Agriculture, forestry and gnideft	1	ı	10	ı	ı	1	1	1	ī		1	1	1	T	ı	1	9	16
Female	Industry Occupation	Senior officials and managers	Professionals	Technicians & associate professionals	Clerks	Service workers & sales workers	Skilled agricultural & fishery workers	Craft & related trades workers	Extraction & building trades workers	Metal, machinery & related trades workers	Precision, handicraft, printing & related	trades workers	Other craft & related trades workers	Plant & machine operators & assemblers	Stationary plant & related operators	Machine operators & assemblers	Drivers & mobile plant operators	Elementary occupations	Total

Table 2.33 (cont'd) - Job vacancies by occupation, industrial group and sex as at last Thursday of March, 2006

Total	143	252	345	299	19	9	35	13	1	1	11	10	299	1	297		195	1,641
Other community, social and personal services	4		14	15	т	3	1	т	ı	ı	1	ı	71	τ	1	1	7	49
Health and social work	1	9	59		2	1	m	~	ı	3.		ı	1	1	ſ	1	_	42
Education	54	126	98	82	1	3	9	5	1	/	ı	ř.	ı	ľ	•	1	117	474
Public administration & defence; compulsory social security	35	27	54	8	1	ı	ю	ς,	1	ı	Î	1	ı	,	1	•	9	143
Real estate, renting and business activities	81	47	39	114	1	1	1	1	I	i	1	Ī	•	1	Ī	1	,	218
Financial intermediation	6	S	20	7	1	ī	1	1	1	•	ı	1	•	1	1	1	1	4
Transport, storage and communication	C)	17	9	4	35	1	.1	1	1	1	1	1	1	'	1		,	65
Hotels and Restaurants	71	1		3	27	ı	t	1	ı	1	'	1	r	1	1	,	6	42
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of m/vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	C)	7	27	25	1	ı	ı	1	į	į	ı	ì	_	ì	1	1	5	63
Construction	3	20	09	21	•	•	ī	ř.	ı	i	1	î	•	1	ì	T.	12	126
Electricity, gas and water	1	1	9	3			1	•	ı,		1	1	•	1	1		ı	6
gnirutəstunsM	-	_	m	9	T	1	23	2	1	ı	11	01	295	1	295	1	38	367
gniyrrsup bas gainiM	1	ı	ı	1	r	ı	1	ı	1	1	,	1	,	ı	1	T.	ı	,
bns ynsənot,ənuluəingA guidait	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	_	•	1	(1)	1	C1
Industry	Senior officials and managers	Professionals	Technicians & associate professionals	Clerks	Service workers & sales workers	Skilled agricultural & fishery workers	Craft & related trades workers	Extraction & building trades workers	Metal, machinery & related trades workers	Precision, handicraft, printing & related	trades workers	Other crafi & related trades workers	Plant & machine operators & assemblers	Stationary plant & related operators	Machine operators & assemblers	Drivers & mobile plant operators	Elementary occupations	Total

CHAPTER 3

Chapter 3

SURVEY OF EMPLOYMENT, EARNINGS AND HOURS OF WORK IN LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS SEPTEMBER 2006

1. INTRODUCTION

Up to 1991, the Central Statistics Office used to carry out a survey to collect data on wages, earnings and hours of work for the main occupations in the different industrial sectors of the country. The data collected were mainly intended for the International Labour Office (ILO) October Inquiry.

As from 1992, the scope and the coverage of the survey have been extended to include a wider range of occupations and industries. The establishments surveyed are also requested to report their number of employees and total earnings paid for the month of September.

This chapter gives the level of employment and earnings, as well as wage rate indices, worked out from the September 2006 Survey's results.

2. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

2.1 Wages

The term 'wages' covers all payments made to employees (including salaried employees), in connection with work done during normal hours. These payments comprise basic wages/salaries, cost of living allowances, other guaranteed and **regularly paid** allowances and bonuses at the end of each pay period.

2.2 Earnings

Earnings comprise all items of pay included in wages above, as well as overtime payment.

2.3 Normal hours of work

Normal hours of work refer to the hours of work laid down by the establishment, in excess of which any time worked is remunerated at overtime rates.

2.4 Overtime hours

These comprise hours worked for which overtime premium is paid because the hours are outside normal hours of work.

3. COVERAGE

3.1 Occupations

In addition to the occupations for which data are required by the ILO, the survey covers a selection of occupations based on their numerical importance in terms of employees, as at the 2000 Population Census.

3.2 Establishment

For the purpose of the survey, only 'large' establishments are considered. These comprise sugar cane plantations of 10 hectares or more; tea plantations of 2 hectares or more; other agricultural and non-agricultural establishments having 10 or more employees as well as General Government services, i.e., Ministries/Departments, Municipalities/District Councils and agencies operating under Ministries.

3.3 Employee

Time-rated as well as piece-rated wage earners and salaried employees of both sexes were covered. Employees such as apprentices, workers on probation, part-time workers and employees working on a temporary basis have been excluded.

4. SAMPLE DESIGN

The frame consists of a list of all 'large' establishments (about 2,400) as at March 2000. Establishments were stratified according to industry and arranged in order of size, i.e., the number of employees, within the industrial group. Within the strata, selection was proportional to size. A sample of about 20% was surveyed, representing some 500 establishments.

5. DATA COLLECTION

Questionnaires (published as an annex to this report) are mailed to the selected establishments with the request that these be completed and returned within the time limit specified. Non-respondents were visited by officers to assist in the filling of the questionnaires.

6. WAGE RATE INDEX

6.1 INTRODUCTION

Wage rate index measures changes in the price of labour (i.e. changes over time in remuneration for the same job). The rate has been worked out from wages/salaries data for normal time work and comprise basic wages/salaries, salary compensation and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances. Overtime payments are therefore excluded.

6.2 REVISION OF WEIGHTS

Wage rate indices for years 2004 to 2006, presented in this chapter, have September 2000 as base. Weights are according to the occupational structure obtained at Census 2000 and distribution of earnings at March 2000.

It is to be noted that indices for previous years, namely for years 1993 to 2000, have September 1992 as base, and weighting pattern according to 1990 Census occupational structure of the working population and the March 1992 distribution of earnings in 'large' establishments. The weighting pattern was updated in 2001, to cater for the changes in the relative importance of occupations in the economy.

6.3 METHODOLOGY

6.3.1 Approach adopted

Ideally to show genuine changes in the price of labour, it would have been necessary for wages of specific individual workers at specific establishments to be measured over time. Since this is practically impossible, the next best approach has been adopted, that is, to follow changes in the wages of groups of employees performing the same jobs. This gives a measure of changes in wage rates of specific occupations.

6.3.2 Index calculation

The wage/salary rates of specific occupations, used in the calculation of the index, are the rates paid for normal time work, comprising basic wages and salaries, cost of living allowances and other guaranteed and regular allowances paid at the end of each pay period. Overtime payments are therefore excluded.

A Laspeyres type fixed base-weighted formula is used, where the occupational structure is held constant with reference to base year 2000. The changes in average wage rates are measured at the occupational level and the magnitude of these changes are then weighted to give a combined measure of the change for a given industrial group. The following formula is used

$$I_{t} = \sum W_{i} \left(R_{it} / R_{io} \right) X 100$$

$$\Sigma W_{i}$$

where I_t = index for year t compared to base year o for a given industry

W_i = weight of occupation i

 R_{io} = wage rate of occupation i in base year o

 R_{it} = wage rate of occupation i in year t

The aggregate indices for industrial groups at higher level of classification or for all economic activities as a whole, are computed by taking a weighted average of the individual industrial group indices.

6.3.4 Weightings

- (i) Census 2000 data on employment by occupation and wage rates at base year are used to determine the weighting pattern of occupations (W_i) for given industrial groups.
- (ii) Distribution of earnings by industrial group obtained at the March 2000 Survey of Employment and Earnings in large establishments is used as weights in the computation of aggregate indices for higher levels of industrial groups or for all economic activities.

6.4 Limitations

The following limitations as regards the approach adopted are to be noted:

- (i) any changes in the mix of employees within the selected occupations is bound to affect the calculated rates and hence the corresponding sectoral indices. Such changes can occur, for example, with a new intake of employees in a specific group when the wages of the new recruits pull down the average wages for the whole group from one period to the next.
- (ii) wage adjustments resulting from changes in the tasks associated with a particular occupation, which cannot be separated from pure price changes.
- (iii) it is difficult to separate the effects of productivity from the overall change.

7. WAGE RATE INDEX 2006

7.1 Wage rate index by industry

The overall wage rate index, which stood at 136.9 points in September 2005, rose by 5.2 points (or 3.8 %) to reach 142.1 points in September 2006.

The wage rate indices for the major industry groups are shown in Table 3.6 while percentage changes from 2004 to 2006 are given in Table 3.8. A general upward movement is noted in the indices of all industry groups. 'Manufacturing, mining and quarrying', the most important industry group carrying 23.1% of total weight, went up 3.7 % from 136.9 points in September 2005 to 142.0 points in September 2006. 'Public administration and defence; compulsory social security', the second most important industry group with 17.3% of total weight, increased by 3 % from 134.5 points to 138.6 points.

The highest increase in wage rate ($\pm 9.5\%$) was registered in 'Construction' followed by 'Electricity and water' ($\pm 8.3\%$). Hotels & restaurants ($\pm 7\%$) and 'Real estate, renting and business activities' ($\pm 6.2\%$). The lowest increase ($\pm 0.3\%$) was noted in 'Health & social work'.

7.2 Contribution of the industry groups to the index

The contribution of the industry groups to the overall index is shown in Table 3.7. The main contributor to the increase of 5.2 points in the overall index was: 'Manufacturing, mining and quarrying' (1.2 points). Each of the three industry groups 'Agriculture and fishing', 'Public administration and defence; compulsory social security' and 'Construction'

contributed 0.7 point while 'Hotels and restaurants' contributed 0.5 point to the index. Contributions of the remaining industry groups ranged from 0.1 to 0.3 point.

7.3 Wage rate index by sector

The wage rate index in the General Government sector, which comprises the Central Government and the Local Government, increased by 3 points (or 2.2 %) from 134.9 points in 2005 to reach 137.9 points in 2006. The sector, which accounts for around one third of the total weight, contributed 0.9 point to the increase of 5.2 points in the overall index.

The wage rate index in the EPZ sector which accounts for around 15% of the total weight stood at 143.7 in September 2006, that is an increase of 3.7 points (or 2.6 %) over the 2005 figure of 140.0 points. The contribution of the EPZ sector to the overall increase was 0.5 point.

8. Comparison with previous indices

Table 3.9 gives a series of wage rate indices since 1993. Indices for the year 1993 to 2000 have been computed using September 1992 as base. As from 2001, the index has been worked out with September 2000 as base.

The two series are not strictly comparable since they are based on different weighting patterns. However, for some particular purposes, users may want to have a continuous series of the wage rate index. A crude method of converting an index from the new base to the old base is multiplying the new index by the 1.994. Conversely, an index on the old base can be converted to the new base by dividing the old index by 1.994.

The conversion factor (1.994) is obtained as the ratio of the wage rate index of year 2000 on old base (199.4) to wage rate index of year 2000 on new base (100.0).

Table 3.1 - Employment $^{\rm 1}$ by industrial group and sex, September 2005 - September 2006

		September 2005			September 2006	
Industrial group	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	19,361	3,900	23,261	18,676	3,700	22,376
of which Sugarcane	12,400	2,700	15,100	12,000	2,500	14,500
Mining and quarrying	100	100	200	100	06	190
Manufacturing	45,242	46,238	91,480	44,073	47,518	165,16
of which Sugar	2,200	20	2,220	2,200	20	2,220
EPZ ²	24,723	39,302	64,025	23,611	40,459	64,070
Electricity, gas and water	2,780	155	2,935	2,700	170	2,870
Construction	12,194	615	12,809	14,126	771	14,897
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles,		í				
motorcycles, personal and household goods	12,600	5;800	18,400	12,650	6,050	18,700
Hotels and restaurants	16,300	4,800	21,100	16,300	5,100	21,400
Transport, storage and communications	14,854	3,238	18,092	15,163	3,462	18,625
Financial intermediation	4,600	3,800	8,400	4,900	4,100	000'6
Real estate, renting and business activities	9,262	5,054	14,316	9,810	5,246	15,056
Public administration and defence; compulsory social						
security	30,655	8,828	39,483	29,981	8,848	38,829
Education	11,022	11,517	22,539	11,427	12,679	24,106
Health and social work	6,654	6,116	12,770	865'9	6,248	12,846
Other services	4,617	1,521	6,138	4,588	1,524	6,112
Total	190,241	101,682	291,923	191,092	105,506	296,598
of which Government Ministries/Departments	41,083	17,557	58,640	40,434	17,696	58,130
Local Government	5,828	686	6,817	5,922	1,046	896'9
			- 1 -			

¹ Based on employment data from a sample of large establishments in September.

² Excluding non-manufacturing EPZ establishments

Table 3.2 - Average monthly earnings by industrial group, September 2004 - September 2006

8,700 9,587 6,000 6,000 7,415 8,146 19,000 20,600 12,713 12,779 12,700 13,691 9,300 9,900 15,210 16,010 19,000 21,500 12,455 13,053 14,698 15,574 15,377 16,347
11,082
11,224 12,150
14,860 15,717
10,307

(a) based on earnings data from a sample of large establishments in September

(b) earnings of daily, hourly and piece rate workers have been converted to a monthly basis and included in this table

Table 3.3 - Normal hours of work and wage rates prescribed by the National Remuneration Board, 2005 and 2006

			Wage per ho	rate ur (Rs)
Industrial group	Hrs ¹	Occupation	July 2005	July 2006
Agriculture				
Sugarcane plantations	45 hrs crop season	Overseer - Grade I Field worker(other than special category): Male : Female	30.93 23.73 17.89	31.58 24.38 18.54
Tea plantations	45	Field labourer :Male Field labourer :Female Sirdar/Gangman	22.17 17.25 25.05	22.81 17.89 25.70
Manufacturing				
Poultry breeding & processing	45	Farm worker: Male Farm worker: Female Factory operator	22.17 17.25 19.57	22.81 17.89 20.22
Biscuits and confectionery	45	Machine operator Ovenman Unskilled worker	25.75 24.45 23.40	26.40 25.10 24.05
Sugar factories	45	Fitter/Welder - Grade I Driver (heavy mechanical unit) - Grade I Factory operator - Grade I (1st year)	30.32 27.39 24.92	30.97 28.04 25.56
Tea factories	45	Factory worker :Male Factory worker :Female Factory operator	22.17 17.25 23.93	22.82 17.90 24.58
Soft drinks	45	Factory operator Factory attendant Salesman (1st year) Distributive Driver - Grade I (1st year)	19.57 17.95 25.12 29.04	20.22 18.60 25.77 29.69
Textiles (EPZ)	45	Factory worker (1st year) Unskilled worker (1st year)	12.33 10.93	12.95 11.48
Furniture	45	Furniture upholsterer - Grade I Cabinet maker - Grade I	29.18 29.18	29.83 29.83

¹ Normal hours of work per week

Table 3.3 (cont'd) - Normal hours of work and wage rates prescribed by the National Remuneration Board, 2005 and 2006

			Wage per hou	
Industrial group	Hrs '	Occupation	July 2005	July 2006
Printing & publishing	45			
		Typist (1st year)	25.00	25.65
		Letter press machine operator (range 460mm * 915mm)	39.71	40.36
		Binder/Cutter (1st year)	23.97	24.62
Non-electrical machinery	45		25.26 2	25.01
		Fitter - Grade I (1st year)	25.26^{-2} 25.26^{-2}	25.91 25.91
		Motor mechanic - Grade I (1st year)	1	
		Sheet metal worker - Grade I (1st year)	25.26 2	25.91
Construction	45	Manage (Company)	32.16	32.81
		Mason/Carpenter - Grade I Unskilled Worker	27.41	28.09
Wholesale, retail trade,				
restaurants and hotels				
Wholesale & retail trade	45			
wholesale & retail trade	43	Salesperson (1st year)	25.12	25.77
Hotels	48			
		Receptionist	32.64	33.29
		Waiter (1st year)	24.14	24.78
		Cook (1st year) Cleaner	31.44 23.41	32.09 24.06
		Cleaner	23.41	24.00
Transport		*		
Bus transport	40	Bus driver (1st year)	33.69	34.46
		Bus conductor (1st year)	31.99	32.76
Lorry transport	45	Duitan Grada I (latavaan)	24.54	25.19
		Driver - Grade I (1st year) Lorry helper (1st year)	22.43	23.19
Services				
Private health services	45			
1 11 vato ficaltii set vices	'	Nurse (1st year)	27.00	27.64
		Assistant nurse (1st year)	20.88	21.53
Repair of motor vehicles	45			
		Motor mechanic - Grade I (1st year)	25.26 2	25.91
		Panel beater - Grade I (1st year)	25.26 2	25.91

¹ Normal hours of work per week

² Revised

Table 3.4 - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

2005 2006 2005 2006 (excluding overtime hrs) 44.6 42.3 69.21 71.79 44.6 42.3 55.13 59.40 38.8 38.8 42.82 42.82 42.82 44.8 37.00 37.92 40.5 41.4 33.22 34.44 41.1 21.64 22.91 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90			Average hrs of work per week	s of work	Average wages ¹ per hour (Rs	rage wages' per hour (Rs)	Average hrs of work per week	s of work eek	Average earnings ² per hour (Rs)	earnings ² ar (Rs)
plantations Overseer - Grade 1 Field worker(other than special cat.) Field worker Sirdar/Gangman Field worker Sirdar/Gangman A1.1 43.7 26.22 29.57 Sirdar/Gangman Sirdar/Gangman A2.6 42.3 55.13 59.40 38.8 38.8 38.8 42.82 Sirdar/Gangman A4.8 44.8 37.00 37.92 Factory worker Machine operator Factory worker Machine operator Factory worker Welder - Grade 1	Industrial group	Occupation	2005 (excluding ov	2006 ertime hrs)	2005	2006		2006 vertime hrs)	2005	2006
Noverseer - Grade 44.6 42.3 69.21 71.79	Agriculture									
Field worker Sirdar/Gangman Theat Theat Theat Farm worker Factory worker Factory worker Factory worker Machine operator Factory worker Factory worker Factory worker Machine - Grade I Fitter - Grade I Motor mechanic Footsee St. 97 Motor mechanic Fitter - Grade I Motor mechanic Footsee St. 97 Footse	Sugarcane plantations	Overseer -Grade ! Field worker(other than special cat.)	44.6	42.3	69.21	71.79	48.5	46.4	69.11	70.71
r meat Farm worker Factory worker Factory worker Factory worker Factory worker Machine operator Factory worker Factory worker Factory worker Modelar - Grade I Motor mechanic Factory worker Fitter - Grade I Motor mechanic Factory worker Factory worker	Tea plantations		Ç		66.36	23.00	, c	7	00.70	000
Factory worker Factory worker Machine operator Fitter - Grade I Motor mechanic Farm worker 44.8 37.00 37.92 40.5 43.1 31.37 33.95 41.4 43.1 31.37 33.95 41.4 41.1 21.64 22.91 44.9 45.0 50.09 54.95 Motor mechanic A4.9 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90		rield worker Sirdar/Gangman	38.8	38.0	38.85	42.82	39.4	39.3	38.98	42.96
Farm worker Factory worker Machine operator Factory worker Machine operator Fitter - Grade I Welder - Grade I Motor mechanic Fortic onery Machine operator 44.8 44.8 43.1 33.22 34.44 41.1 21.64 22.91 44.9 44.9 45.0 50.09 54.95 Motor mechanic 55.90 50.09	Manufacturing									
ts and confectionery Machine operator Factory worker Factory worker Fitter - Grade I Welder - Grade I Motor mechanic Motor mechanic Factory worker 41.5 41.4 41.4 41.4 41.4 41.4 41.4 41.5 41.4 41.7 41.4 41.7 41.4 41.7 41.4 41.7 41.9 41.9 42.0 42.0 43.95 43.95 44.9 45.0 50.09 52.90 52.90	Poultry & other meat	Farm worker	44.8	44.8	37.00	37.92	52.7	52.1	38.57	38.88
Machine operator 41.5 41.4 33.22 34.44		Factory worker	40.5	43.1	31.37	33.95	45.3	48.9	32.33	34.92
Factory worker 41.4 41.1 21.64 22.91 Fitter - Grade I 44.9 45.0 50.09 54.95 Welder - Grade I 45.0 44.9 49.85 51.97 Motor mechanic 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90 Extern connector 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90	Biscuits and confectionery	Machine operator	41.5	41.4	33.22	34.44	42.3	42.3	33.26	34.48
Fitter - Grade I 44.9 45.0 50.09 54.95 Welder - Grade I 45.0 44.9 49.85 51.97 Motor mechanic 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90		Factory worker	41.4	41.1	21.64	22.91	41.6	41.2	21.74	22.97
1 45.0 44.9 49.85 51.97 44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90	Sugar	Fitter - Grade I	44.9	45.0	50.09	54.95	66.5	69.1	56.47	59.97
44.5 45.0 50.58 55.90		Welder - Grade I	45.0	44.9	49.85	51.97	63.9	62.9	56.36	57.36
1200 1000		Motor mechanic	44.5	45.0	50.58	55.90	54.2	50.9	99.75	69.09
45.0 44.9 40.09 42.0/		Factory operator - Grade I	45.0	44.9	40.89	42.87	69.5	68.5	46.20	48.81

¹ Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.
² Earnings comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Table 3.4 (cont'd) - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

		Average hrs of work per week	s of work eek	Average wages ¹ per hour (Rs)	verage wages ¹ per hour (Rs)	Average hrs of work per week	rs of work	Average earnings ² per hour (Rs)	earnings ² ir (Rs)
industrial group	Occupation	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
		(excluding overtime nrs)	ertime nrs)			(including overtime nrs)	vertime hrs)		
Tea		2	7	c c	1000	0	0	0	i d
	Factory operator	44.9	44.0	33.39	35.21	30.0 48.2	44.1	34.01	35.21
Soft drinks									
	Beverage machine operator	45.0	45.0	43.87 3	46.33	51.3	49.1	45.53 3	47.39
	Driver/Salesman	45.0	45.0	73.05	73.01	45.0	45.0	73.05	73.01
	Lorry helper	45.0	45.0	48.50 3	47.18	45.6	45.4	48.50 3	47.21
Textiles (excluding wearing apparel)									
	Factory worker	44.4	44.5	25.19	28.49	54.2	52.0	26.05	29.29
	Cleaner/Helper	44.7	44.7	21.81	22.31	51.4	49.7	22.74	22.77
	Machine operator	38.9	39.4	30.48	31.94	50.1	49.8	31.02	32.93
Wearing apparel (except footwear)	,				14.				
	Machine operator	43.2 3	43.5	25.75	28.25	45.6 3	46.7	25.93 3	28.55
	Weaver/Knitter	41.6	42.7	25.43 3	28.45	47.2	45.9	25.82 3	29.12
	Cleaner/Helper	43.1	44.0	21.64	21.53	48.7	47.5	22.41	21.63
Leather products						1P			
	Machine operator	44.6	44.3	34.69	36.38	45.9	46.6	34.89	36.87
Footwear									
	Shoemaking machine operator	45.0	44.4	28.88	30.26	45.8	45.2	28.98	30.38

1 Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.

³ Revised

 $^{^{2}}$ Earnings comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Table 3.4 (cont'd) - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

Industrial group	Occupation	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (excluding overtime hrs)	s of work reek 2006 vertime hrs)	Average wages ¹ per hour (Rs) 2005 2006	erage wages¹ per hour (Rs) 15 2006	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (including overtime hrs)	rs of work veek 2006 vertime hrs)	Average per ho 2005	Average earnings ² per hour (Rs) 2005
Paper products	. Machine operator	43.9	42.9	37.48	38.10	47.9	46.4	39.33	39.74
Printing & publishing	Reporter/Journalist Photo-type setting operator	35.1	34.5	158.26	153.61	35.8 45.7 ³	35.2	159.92 71.69 ³	155.27
Chemical products	Mixing/Blending machine operator Cleaner/Helper	39.5	42.6	47.18 ³ 32.91 ³	46.71	45.5	44.3	48.17 ³ 33.40 ³	47.22
Rubber products	Machine operator	43.0	42.6	34.99	40.24	46.4	50.9	35.16	40.43
Plastic products	Machine operator/Factory operator	45.0	45.0	26.04	27.34	45.0	45.0	26.04	27.34
Basic Metals	Machine operator Factory worker	45.0	43.4	38.89	38.40	72.1	53.1 -	39.28	39.80
Fabricated metal products	Factory worker	41.9	44.1	49.94	52.44	52.3	46.7	41.90	44.00

Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.

³ Revised

² Earnings comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Table 3.4 (cont'd) - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

Industrial group	Occupation	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (excluding overtime hrs)	s of work eek 2006 /ertime hrs)	Average wages per hour (Rs 2005 2006	rage wages per hour (Rs) 2006	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (including overtime hrs)	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 ncluding overtime hrs)	Average earnings per hour (Rs) 2005 2006	o ≥
Electrical machinery & apparatus									
	Electrician	40.0	40.0	43.65	45.40	40.9	40.9	43	43.98
Furniture (wooden)	Cabinet maker/varnisher	45.0	45.0	38.86	44.58	48.4	48.6	39	39.67
Jewellery & related articles	Diamond cutter/polisher	43.9	43.8	30.00	32.13	45.0	45.0	31.	31.96
Electricity	Lineman Power generating machine operator Meter reader	40.0 40.0 35.0	40.0 40.0 35.2	88.46 93.93 105.69	94.12 105.37 123.55	53.0 55.1 35.0	49.3 49.9 35.2	97.29 103.31 105.70	31 70
Water	Meter reader Tradesmen/Assistant tradesmen Labourer/Unskilled worker	37.6 40.0 40.0	40.0 40.0 40.0	87.29 62.23 42.48	92.19 61.65 44.01	37.6 46.6 47.8	40.0 40.0 48.5	87.31 67.15 46.62	31 15 62
Construction	Mason : Grade 1 Carpenter : Grade 1 Labourer/Helper	44.7 44.6 43.0	43.1 43.1 47.8	50.79 48.89 38.20	57.36 54.02 38.32	48.6 48.7 48.7	48.5 48.6 52.0	51.20 49.33 38.70	20 33 70
Wholesale, retail trade, repair of motor vehicles Wholesale trade	Salesperson/sales representative	40.0	39.8	123.17	126.06	43.9	42.5	123.24	4

1 Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.

 2 Earnings comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Table 3.1 (cent'd) - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

Industrial group	Occupation	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (excluding overtime hrs)	s of work eek 2006 ertime hrs)	Average wages per hour (R 2005 200	rrage wages' per hour (Rs) 5 2006	Average hrs of work per week 2005 2006 (including overtime hrs)	s of work /eek 2006 vertime hrs)	Average earnings ² per hour (Rs) 2005 2006	earnings ² ur (Rs) 2006
Retail trade	Salesperson	41.7	42.5	49.94	51.44	44.4	45.4	50.34	51.85
Repair of motor vehicles	Garage mechanic - Grade I Panel beater - Grade I	43.9	44.5	44.90 35.16	39.38	44.0	44.8	44.92 36.26	48.02
Hotels	Receptionist Waiter Cook Maid/Servant	43.6 43.0 45.8 47.3	45.5 45.6 45.9 47.3	45.13 33.14 47.72 36.13	16.24 35.40 51.03 40.63	48.1 47.3 48.1 53.1	49.3 50.6 50.7 53.1	46.67 34.48 48.59 38.17	47.91 36.55 52.99 43.26
Transport, storage & communication									
Bus transport	Bus driver Bus conductor	34.4 34.3	35.3	43.00	44.29 39.57	42.1	44.2	46.44	47.83
Communication	Telephone installer/servicer Telephone operator Telecom technician	39.8 36.0 36.0	39.7 38.0 36.0	87.80 133.05 150.56	91.92 136.68 156.14	42.7 44.5 38.8	46.1 38.0 40.6	90.51 145.75 153.87	98.88 136.68 161.72
Banks	Bank teller Clerk/Senior clerk Messenger	37.9 38.4 46.1	37.8 37.5 47.0	85.79 128.97 56.00	85.79 137.71 56.18	39.6 39.8 50.5	38.6 39.2 50.7	85.76 130.26 58.29	86.10 138.08 58.46

Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.

² Earnings comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Revised

Table 3.4 (cont'd) - Wages, earnings and hours of work of selected occupations by industrial group (excluding government), September 2005 and September 2006

		Average h	Average hrs of work per week	Average per l	Average wages ¹ per hour (Rs)	Average h	Average hrs of work per week	Average per ho	Average earnings ² per hour (Rs)
Industrial group	Occupation	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	(excluding overtime hrs)	vertime hrs)			(including overtime hrs)	vertime hrs)		
Insurance	Insurance clerk	35.0	34.9	64.03	63.39	35.3	35.0	64.85	64.20
	Clerk/Senior clerk	35.6	35.6	100.37	97.31	35.9	35.9	100.75	97.73
Real estate, renting and business activities									
Accounting & auditing services									
ı	Accountant/Auditor	36.3	34.6	221.05	240.94	36.3	34.6	221.05	240.94
	Accounts clerk	37.8	33.0	43.28	45.85	39.1	33.0	43.28	45.85
Architectural and engineering services	Dranohtmane	378	70.0	97 70	00 53	0.70	0	0 70	3000
	Engineers	38.8	40.0	215.72	205.81	38.8	40.0	215.72	205.81
Private education services									
	Pre-primary education teacher	35.0	35.0	55.79	58.58	35.0	35.0	55.79	58.58
	Frimary education teacher Education officer	30.0	30.0	140.58	149.01 154.63	30.0	30.0	140.58	149.01 154.63
	Cleaner/caretaker	39.0	40.0	44.12	45.85	39.0	40.0	44.12	45.85
Private health scrvices									
	Qualitied/Professional Nurse Nursing Aid	47.3	46.5	61.86 31.64	62.48 34.82	48.2	47.7	62.24 31.82	62.86 35.15
Cleaning services									
	Office/Building cleaner	45.7	48.0	22.04	22.13	45.7	48.0	22.04	22.13
	Scavenger/Garbage collector	45.5	36.0	18.67	19.36	48.3	36.1	19,17	19.93

¹ Wages include remuneration for normal time work inclusive of cost of living allowance and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances.

3 Revised

 $^{^{2}\ \}mathrm{Earnings}$ comprise all wages as defined above as well as all overtime payments.

Table 3.5 - Average wages/salaries per month of selected occupations in government services, September 2003 - September 2006

Rupees

	y	·		Rupees
Occupation	2003	2004	2005	2006
Central government				
Medical and Health officer	32,427	36,672	38,586	36,468
Education officer	19,546	20,395	20,843	21,031
Nursing officer	12,916	13,474	13,715	13,981
Teacher/Senior teacher	13,917	14,929	15,056	15,278
Clerical officer/Higher clerical officer	9,969	10,521	10,597	10,820
Police constable	11,180	11,349	12,757	13,290
Mason	9,806	10,403	10,904	11,143
Carpenter	10,274	10,509	11,155	10,801
Driver	9,293	9,775	10,226	10,468
Hospital servant	8,536	8,946	8,943	9,247
Labourer	7,665	8,072	8,245	8,448
Local government	Commission of the Commission o			
Inspector/Assistant inspector (health)	12,802	13,328	13,233	13,044
Clerical officer	9,219	9,807	9,743	9,671
Gardener	7,837	8,289	8.666	8.825
Mason	9,551	10,081	10,252	10,145
Carpenter	9,178	9,636	9,935 1	10,176
Driver	8,592	9,250	9,626	8,973
Refuse collector	7,071	7,262	7,502	7.791
Labourer	6,716	6,917	7,296	7,378

Revised

Table 3.6 - Wage rate index by industry group, 2004 - 2006 (Base: September 2000 = 100)

Industry group	Weights	Index 2004	Index 2005'	Index 2006
Agriculture and fishing	92	132.6	139.1	146.9
Manufacturing, mining & quarrying	231	129.8	136.9	142.0
Electricity and water	18	144.5	153.4	166.2
Construction	49	134.4	143.9	157.6
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	68	135.0	143.7	148.2
Hotels and restaurants	47	130.9	138.5	148.2
Transport, storage & communications	83	130.1	136.9	138.0
Financial intermediation	42	120.3	126.5	129.5
Real estate, renting and business activities	38	129.9	134.8	143.2
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	173	127.2	134.5	138.6
Education	86	130.8	132.3	135.8
Health & social work	54	131.9	135.4	135.8
Other community, social and personal services	19	131.7	137.8	142.1
All sectors	1,000	130.4	136.9	142.1
General Government	310	130.1	134.9	137.9
EPZ	147	131.5	140.0	143.7

Table 3.7 - Contribution of industry groups to change in index over previous years, 2004, 2005 and 2006

Industry group	2004	2005	2006
Agriculture and fishing	0.8	0.6	0.7
Manufacturing, mining & quarrying	1.7	1.6	1.2
Electricity and water	0.1	0.2	0.2
Construction	0.2	0.4	0.7
Wholesale & retail trade: repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	0.8	0.6	0.3
Hotels and restaurants	0.1	0.3	0.5
Transport, storage & communications	0.8	0.6	0.1
Financial intermediation	0.2	0.3	0.1
Real estate, renting and business activities	0.3	0.2	0.3
Public administration and defence: compulsory social security	1.2	1.3	0.7
Education	0.7	0.1	0.3
Health & social work	0.5	0.2	0.0
Other community, social and personal services	0.2	0.1	0.1
All sectors	7.7	6.5	5.2
of which General Government	2.2	1.6	0.9
EPZ	1.3	1.3	0.5

revised

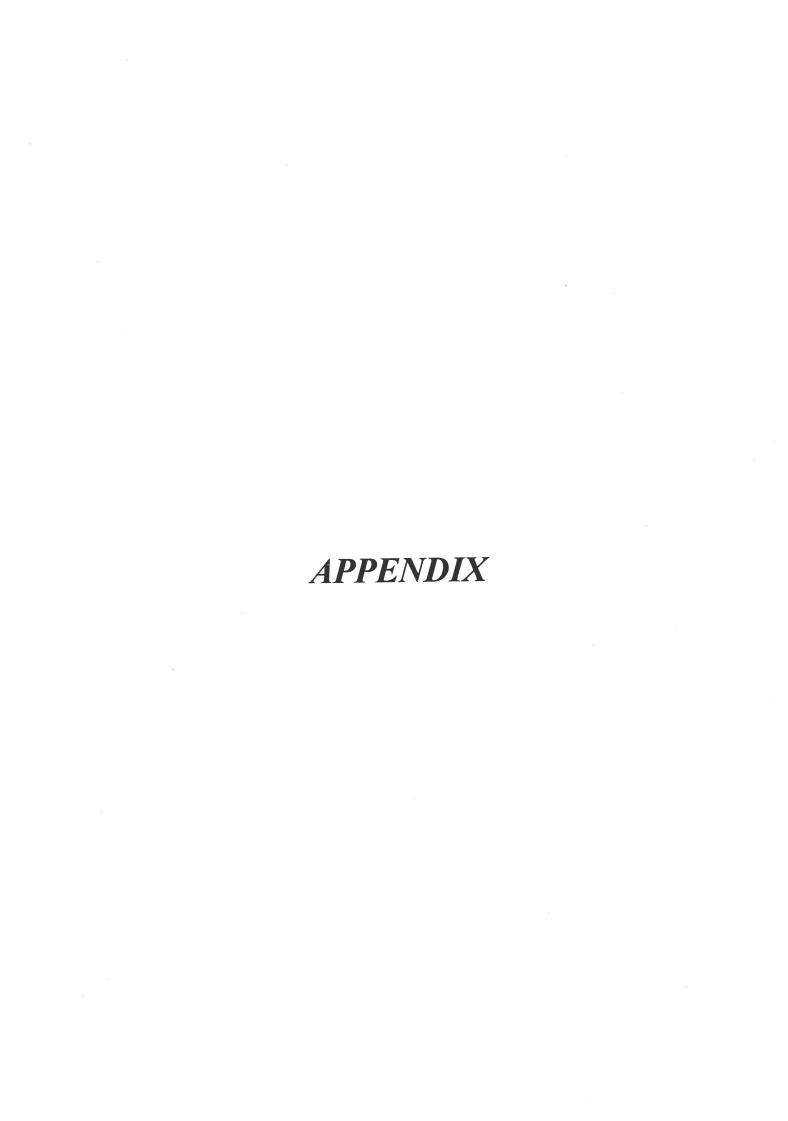
Table 3.8 - Annual percentage change over previous years in wage rate index by industry group, 2004, 2005 and 2006

	P	ercentage chang	ge
Industry group	2004	20051	2006
Agriculture and fishing	7.1	4.9	5.6
Manufacturing, mining & quarrying	6.0	5.5	3.7
Electricity and water	5.4	6.2	8.3
Construction	2.7	7.1	9.5
Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, personal & household goods	10.0	6.4	3.1
Hotels and restaurants	2.1	5.8	7.0
Transport, storage & communications	8.1	5.2	0.8
Financial intermediation	4.7	5.2	2.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	7.3	3.8	6.2
Public administration and defence: compulsory social security	5.6	5.7	3.0
Education	6.9	1.1	2.6
Health & social work	6.7	2.7	0.3
Other community, social and personal services	7.2	4.6	3.1
All sectors	6.3	5.0	3.8
General Government	5.9	4.0	2.2
EPZ	7.0	6.5	2.6

Table 3.9 - Wage rate index, 1993 - 2006

Year	Wage Ra	ate Index	Annual percentage change
	Base : September 1992 = 100	Base : September 2000 = 100	
1993	115.5		15.5
1994	127.6		10.5
1995	136.6		7.1
1996	144.0		5.4
1997	160.7		11.6
1998	177.5		10.5
1999	191.0		7.6
2000	199.4	100.0	4.4
2001		105.0	5.0
2002		109.9	4.7
2003 -		122.7	11.6
2004		130.4	6.3
2005		136.9	5.0
2006		142.1	3.8

¹ revised



VII SECTION

1. NON-MAURITIANS AND OUTWORKERS WHO WERE PAID FOR THE LAST THURSDAY OF MARCH

	Male	Female	Total	Earnings for March
Non-Mauritians				
Outworkers				

Note: (i) Outworkers are piece-workers employed by the establishment but working in their own homes.

(ii) Earnings include Salaries/Wages (Basic pay + cost of living allowance), Overtime pay and productivity bonuses, commissions, travelling and other allowances which are regularly paid at the end of each month or pay period.

2. JOB VACANCIES AS AT LAST THURSDAY OF MARCH

List the types of jobs for which the firm requires labour

3. LABOUR TURNOVER, APRIL 2005 TO MARCH 2006

		Mau	Mauritian	Foreigners	gners
		Male	Female	Male	Female
Z	1. New recruits due to expansion				
2	2. New recn				
	1. Layoff				
OUT	OUT 2. Retirement				
100	3. Other ²				

termination of employment initiated by employer termination of employment for any reason except retirement and layoff

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(i) Date on which establishment started on	profing			
יין המינים אוווכוו כשנמטווטווווכווו שוויים ואיים יין	Clating		(1) Dave on which establishment started operating	
5. SCHEME OF OPERATION				
(i) Export Enterprise Certificate		(iii)	(iii) Small & Medium Enterprise Certificate	
(ii) Pioneer Status Enterprise Certificate		(iv)	(iv) Other (specify)	
(Please tick where appropriate)	×			
Person to be contacted for q	lueries or	furthe	Person to be contacted for queries or further information about this questionnaire :	
Mr/Miss/Mrs :				
(Name)			(Status in business)	
Phone No. :				
Date:				

Workers in casual employment who worked on that day and regular employees who were on paid sick or

vacation leave on that day should be included. However, outworkers should not be included here.

Total

Female

Male

Non-Mauritians

Signature

Mauritians

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CENTRAL STATISTICS OFFICE LABOUR SECTION

CONFIDENTIAL

Survey of Employment and Earnings

Notes:

The term "Employees" covers all persons in regular or casual employment, including salaried managers, pieceworkers, family workers in receipt of salaries/wages and paid apprentices. Those who were temporarily **March** 2006 absent on paid sick or vacation leave should be included. In case of any difficulty in completing the questionnaire, please contact the Labour Section of the Central Statistics Office, Port Louis (Tel No. 208-0781, 212-2316, 212-2317, 210-8094 and 212-2783, Fax No. 211-4150)

SECTION I — GENERAL

\Box	Code No
(2)	Name of establishment/employer
(3)	Postal Address.
(4)	Nature of business
(5)	Address of establishment.
(9)	If name of establishment/employer, postal address or nature of business is not correctly shown above please enter correct particulars in BLOCK LETTERS: Name
	Address
(7)	Annexes (if any) covered by this return Name Business activity
	(a) (b)
8)	Information and Communication Technology (ICT) — Please tick as appropriate (a) Does your establishment have?:
	(i) Computer(s) Yes No No (iii) E-mail facility Yes No
	(ii)Website Yes No (iv) Intranet Yes No
	(b) Does your establishment receive orders over the internet?
	(c) Does your establishment place orders over the internet?
(6)	Area under cultivation
(10)	Total number of employees who were paid for the last Thursday of March.

SECTION II TO VI: EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS BY DIFFERENT RATES OF. PAY **MARCH 2006**

EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS	SECTION II Employees on Monthly Rates of Pay at the End of March	SECTION III Employees on Daily Rates of Pay as per Last Payroll for March	of Pay arch	SECTION IV Employees on Piece Rates of Pay as per Last Payroll for March	ON IV ece Rates of Pay roll for March	SEC Employees on I	SECTION V Employees on Hourly Rate s of Pay as per Last Pavroll for March		SECTION VI Employees on Other Rates of Pay as per Last Payroll for March
	(See note 1)	(See note 2)		(See note 3)	ote 3)	(See	(See note 4)		(See note 5)
I. Number of Employees appearing on payroll in March Male	B 1		C		D 1		E	-	
(Mauritians only)	B 2		C 2		D 2		m	2	
TOTAL									
2. GROSS CASH SALARIES/WAGES (See note 6)	Rupees For Office Use	Rupees For Office Use	te Use	Rupees	For Office Use	Rupees	For Office Use	, ří	Rupees
(i) Salaries/Wages (Basic pay + cost of living allowance)	В 3		C 6		D 6		n	6	u u
(ii) Overtime pay	B 4		C 7		. D 7		т	7	.65 = 12
(iii) Productivity bonuses, commissions, travelling and other allowances which are regularly paid at the end of each month/pay period	В 5		C 8		D 8		Е	∞	
(iv) Other payments which are not regularly made every month/pay period e.g. any end of year and seasonal bonuses paid at the end of March (excluding end-of-service gratuities, retirement and severance allowances)	B 6		C 9		D 9		tri .	.9	gr vo
(v) End-of-service gratuities, retirement and severance allowances	B 7		C 10		D 10		п	10	
(vi) Arrears, is any, paid in respect of adjustment of payments (e.g. salaries, wages, overtime, etc.) for previous months/pay periods	B &		C11	٠	D 11		m	=	
TOTAL GROSS CASH SALARIES/WAGES									
3. (i) Period covered by last payroll in March in respect of employees in sections III to VI		Fromto	·	Fromtoto		From	oto	Ti Ti	Fromto
(ii) Number of working days or hours (excluding overtime) during above pay period as in 3 (i) above		Days	C 4	Days	D4	Hours	E4		Days or hours
(iii) Total number of man-days or man-hours paid (nombre de journées ou d'heures payées) excluding overtime hours worked, in respect of employees mentioned in 1 for payroll period in 3(i) above (See note 7)	hours worked, in respect of employees	Man-days: (normal working days)	C 3	Man-days : (normal working days)	ays)	Man-hours: (excluding overtime hours)	ours: ling overtime hours) E 3		Man-days or man-hours : (excluding overtime hours)
		Man-days:		Man-days :		Man-days or man-hours :	n-hours :		Man-days or man-hours :
(1V) Number of absences not paid during above pay period in respect of employees mentioned in 1 above		Man-hours :		Man-hours:		Man-hours:			Man-hours:
(v) Number of overtime hours worked during the payroll period in 3 (i) above			C 12		D 12		E 12	12	

4. (i) Includes all employees who were exclusively on hourly rates of pay during the last payroll in March. Such employees

IV, V and VI. Non-Mauritians and outworkers are to be reported in section VII on page 4. GENERAL NOTES All employees, except Non-Mauritians and outworkers, of the establishment should be reported in any of the sections II, III, | 4. (i) II, V and VI. Non-Mauritians and outworkers are to be reported in society vitors.

- . (i) Includes all employees whose pay are based on monthly rates.
- (ii) Excludes all employees whose pay are calculated on other than monthly rates (e.g. weekly, daily, hourly, piece). Such employees should be excluded from this section even if they receive their pay once monthly.
- (iii) Retired persons receiving a pension should be excluded even if their names appear on the payroll.
- 2. (i) Includes all employees who were *exclusively* on daily rates of pay during the last payroll period in March. Such employees should be included here even if they receive their pay once monthly.
- (ii) All other employees are to be excluded from this section.
- (iii) Employees, who during the pay period, worked partly on daily rates and partly on other rates (e.g. piece-rates) are to be included in Section VI.
- 3. (i) Includes all employees who were *exclusively* on piece rates of pay during the last payroll in March. Such employees should be included here even if they receive their pay once daily or monthly.

Employees who, during the pay period, worked partly on piece rates and partly on other rates (e.g. hourly rates) are to be

 Ξ

included in Section VI

5. Includes all employees appearing on the last payroll for March, and not included in Sections II, III, IV, and V (e.g. employees who during the pay period worked under a mixture of different schemes).

(ii) Employees who, during the pay period, worked partly on hourly rates and partly on other rates are to be included in

should be included here even if they receive their pay daily or monthly.

Section VI.

- 6. Gross cash salaries/wages paid in March to employees reported in 1 above.
- Total Gross Cash salaries/wages refer to the gross cash pay before any deductions such as taxes, pension scheme contributions paid by employees etc.

 7 (i) Man-days paid = Total No. of days paid to employees during period covered by payroll (including No. of days paid but
- 7. (i) Man-days paid = Total No. of days paid to employees during period covered by payroll (including No. of days paid but not worked e.g. paid leave, paid public holidays, etc).
- (ii) Man-hours paid = Total No. of hours paid to employees during period covered by payroll (including No. of hours paid but not worked e.g. paid leave, paid public holidays, erc). Overtime hours should be excluded.

COMMENTS ON FIGURES

If the figures you provided on this questionnaire are significantly different from figures submitted for September 2005, please provide comments below.

- Examples: (a) Decrease in the number of employees in specific occupation is due to (i) redundancies (ii) transfer to another promotion, etc.
- (b) Decrease in the salaries in an occupation due to promotion, or departure of employees with higher salaries.

Date:		
Phone No.:		
Mr/Miss/M		
Person to b	e Provincia de la composición de la co	
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Code No	(1)	



CONFIDENTIAE

CENTRAL STATISTICS OFFICE LABOUR SECTION

Survey of Employment, Earnings and Hours of Work September 2006

In case of any difficulty in completing this questionnaire, please contact the Labour Section of the Central Statistics Office, Port Louis. (Tel. No. 208-0781, 212-2316, 212-2317, 210-8094 and 212-2783) Fax No. 211

SECTION I — GENERAL

Ξ	(1) Code No	
(2)	(2) Name of establishment	
(3)	(3) Postal Address	
(4)	(4) Nature of business.	
(5)	Address of establishment.	
	(if different from postal address)	
(9)	(6) Email address.	

Employment and earnings for September 2006

ote: Please give figures for all employees except non-Mauritians and outworkers.

Earnings comprise basic salaries/wages, bonuses, regular allowances, travelling and overtime

	Period covered			From	To	The state of the s
17	Earnings		e .u			
yees	utworkers)	Total	- fo			
Number of Employees	(Mauritians, excluding outworkers)	Female				
Nun	(Mauritian	Male				
Faj.	Mode of payment		Monthly	Other	(formightly, weekly, etc.)	

Person to be consulted for queries or further information about this questionnaire	about this questionnaire:
Mr/Miss/Mrs :	(Status in business)
Phone No. :	
Date:	
	Signature

SECTION II — EMPLOYMENT, EARNINGS AND HOURS OF WORK — SEPTEMBER 2006

T	T :	T	T	T	1.	T	T	T	T-	T	T-		T-	Т-	T .		
													*			A	Code No.
																	Activistic Control of the Control of
							150										
		-									-					В	(see note 1)
																~	
									S.								
																С	Usual number of working days per week
															ě	(see note 2)	Usual number Normal hours of working of work per days per week week
										,						payroll E	Number of working days covered by
																	Number of employees (Mauritians
																(see note 3)	UNPAID absences (man-days or man-hours)
			d.													Rs	Basic salaries/wages (see note 4)
8																Rs	Regular (see
		an a			i e					**						J Rs	s Overtime payments
							10 (E)					8		12		×	Number of overtime hours worked (see note 6)

PLEASE ENTER COMMENTS ON ABOVE FIGURES ON BACK PAGE OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

In case where payrolls are less than a month, the required data should relate to the last payroll in September 006.

Non-Mauritians, outworkers and apprentices should be excluded

- † The data supplied should relate to employees in the specific occupations mentioned. If an occupation does not exist it should be replaced by another occupation as similar as possible to the one mentioned in the form.
- 2. Normal hours of work per week (after which overtime conditions apply) is to be supplied for each occupation.
- 3. Figures in column G should include *unpaid absences* (in days or hours) for all employees in each of the listed occupations except those paid on monthly rates.
- 4. Basic salaries/wages refer to the total salaries/wages (including cost of living allowance) paid to all employees in the specified occupation.
- 5. Regular allowances include bonuses, commissions, travelling and other allowances which are *regularly* paid at the end of each pay period.
- 6. The total number of overtime hours corresponding to the payments made in column J for each occupation should be inserted in column K. In case this information is not available, an indication of the mode of payment for extra work is to be given in column K. For example, whether it is 1.5 times or twice the basic rate.