# REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS 

## MAURITIUS IN FIGURES

## 2013

Statistics Mauritius
Ministry of Finance \& Economic Development

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## Symbols \& abbreviations

- Nil
... Data not available
n.a not applicable

000 Thousand
000,000 Million
Gg Gigagram (000 Tonne)
GWh Million kilowatt hour
c.i.f. Cost, insurance and freight
f.o.b. Free on board

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## INTRODUCTION

The Republic of Mauritius is a group of islands in the South West of the Indian Ocean, consisting of the main island of Mauritius, Rodrigues and several outer islands located at distances greater than 350 km from the main island. Mauritius has been successively a Dutch, French and British colony. It became independent of Britain on 12th March 1968 and acceded to the status of Republic within the Commonwealth on 12th March 1992. The country has a Westminster type of Parliamentary government. The official language is English, but French is widely spoken.

The population, estimated at 1.3 million, comprises Indo-Mauritians, General population, i.e, people of mixed European and African origin and SinoMauritians.
have an overall population density of 657 persons per sq km. About $43 \%$ of the area is allocated to agriculture, $25 \%$ is occupied by built-up areas and $2 \%$ by public roads; the remaining consists of abandoned canefields, forests, scrub land, grasslands and grazing lands, reservoirs and ponds, swamps and rocks.

Mauritius enjoys a mild tropical maritime climate throughout the year,characterized by a warm humid summer extending between November and April and a relatively cool dry winter between June and September.October and May are the transition months.Mean mid-day temperature ranges from $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to around $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in Summer and from $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in winter when moving from the Centre to the coastal areas.

During the past thirty years, the Mauritian economy has diversified from a sugar-cane monocrop economy in the 1970's to one based on sugar, manufacturing (mainly textiles and garments) and tourism in the 1980's. Global business (offshore) and freeport activities have also been growing continuously since the mid 1990s.

The economy in 2013 grew by $3.2 \%$ and the Gross National Income per capita at market prices reached 283,001 rupees. Unemployment rate is estimated at about $8.0 \%$ while inflation stood at $3.5 \%$ in 2013.

## CONCEPTS \& DEFINITIONS

## 2. Population and Vital Statistics

| 2.1 Median age | The age which divides the population into two equal- <br> size groups, one of which is younger and the other <br> older than the median. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2.2 Dependency ratio | The ratio of the combined child population under 15 <br> years and population aged 65 years and over per <br> 1,000 population of intermediate age (15-64 years). |
| 2.3 Crude birth rate | Number of live births registered in a year per 1,000 <br> mid-year population. |
| 2.4 Total fertility rate | Average number of children born to an average <br> woman under certain conditions. |
| 2.5 Crude death rate | Number of deaths occuring in a year per 1,000 mid- <br> year population. |
| 2.7 Divorce rate | Number of persons civilly married in a year per <br> 1,000 mid-year population. <br> Number of persons granted divorce in a year per <br> 1,000 mid-year population. |

## 3. Health

3.1 Life expectancy The average number of years that a newly born at birth child is expected to live under certain conditions.
3.2 Early neonatal Number of deaths in a year of infants under 7 days mortality rate of age per 1,000 live births during the year.

3.4 Perinatal Combined number of deaths of infants aged under 7 mortality rate days and number of still births in a year per 1,000 total births (live+still) during the year.
3.5 Infant mortality rate Number of deaths in a year of infants aged under one year per 1,000 live births during the year.

## Concepts \& definitions (contd.)

## 4. Education

| 4.1 Gross Enrolment | Number of students enrolled per 100 population <br> aged |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ratio | $-4-5$ years for pre-primary level |  |
| 4.2 | Literacy rate | $-12-19$ years for primary level <br> Percentage of persons aged 12+ years who can, <br> with understanding, both read and write a simple <br> statement. |
| 6. Labour |  |  |
| 6.1 Labour force | Number of persons who are either working <br> (employed) or not working, looking for work and <br> available for work (unemployed). |  |
| 6.2 Activity rate | Number of persons aged 16 years and above in <br> the labour force as a \% of the total number of <br> persons aged 16 years and above. |  |
| 6.3 Unemployment | Number of unemployed as a \% of the labour <br> force. |  |

## 9. Household income and expenditure

9.1 Gini Coefficient Measures the degree of inequality in the income distribution of households. It varies between 0 for complete equality and 1 for complete

| 9.2 Median monthly | That value which divides the distribution of |
| :--- | :--- |
| monthly household income into two parts such |  |
| income of | that $50 \%$ of households have an income above |
| households | that value and $50 \%$ below. |

10. Transport and communications
10.1 Casualties The total number of fatalities and persons injured as a result of road accidents.
10.2 Fatality Prior to 2002, fatality was defined as death occuring within seven days as a result of road accidents. From 1 January 2002, the definition changed to death occuring within 30 days as a result of road accident.

## Concepts \& definitions (contd.)

### 10.3 Fatality index

## 17. National accounts

17.1 Gross Domestic

Product (GDP)
17.2 GDP at basic
prices
17.3 GDP at market prices GDP at basic prices plus taxes (net of
17.4

Services Indirectly
Measured (FISIM)
subsidies) on products.
The number of fatalities per 100 casualties.

The aggregate money value of all goods and services produced within a country out of economic activity during a specified period usually a year, before provision for the consumption of fixed capital.

GDP at basic prices is obtained as the difference between output and intermediate consumption whereby output is valued at basic prices and intermediate consumption at purchasers' prices.

The basic price is the amount receivable by the producer exclusive of taxes on products and inclusive of subsidies on products. The equivalent for imported products is the c.i.f. value, i.e. the value at the border of the importing country.

The purchasers' price is the amount payable by the purchaser exclusive of deductible taxes on products (e.g. deductible value added tax). ubides) on products.

FISIM is obtained as the difference between interest received and interest paid by banks excluding those received on own funds.

## Concepts \& definitions (contd.)

| 17.5 | Final Consumption Expenditure | Consumption expenditure is made up of fina consumption expenditure of households and of government. Government final consumption expenditure consists of collective and individua consumption expenditure. Collective expenditure consists of the services which government provides to the community as a whole, e.g. security and defence, whereas individual expenditure is made up of expenses incurred in providing services which are mostly beneficial to individuals, e.g. health and education. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.6 | Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFC | The net additions to the physical assets of the country in a year. These consist mainly of investment buildings, plants, machinery \& transport equipment, all valued at market prices. |

17.7 Gross National Income (GNI)

GDP at market prices plus net primary income from
ncome (GNI)
the rest of the world gives GNI.

### 17.8 Gross National The sum of GNI and net transfers from the rest of the Disposable Income world gives Gross National disposable Income(GNDI) (GNDI)

17.9 Gross National Savings (GNS)

Gross Disposable Income (GNDI) less total
consumption expenditure gives Gross National
Savings.

## 19. External trade

19.1 Domestic Exports Exports of goods of national origin.

### 19.2 Re-exports

Goods exported in the same condition as imported or after undergoing minor operations which leave them essentially unchanged.

## 1. CLIMATE

Mean temp. $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)-2013$

January
February
March
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December
Rainfall (millimetres)
January
February
March
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December
Total for the year

| Island of Mauritius |  | Island of Rodrigues |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| 23.3 | 30.0 | 24.8 | 29.6 |
| 23.5 | 30.3 | 24.9 | 30.2 |
| 22.9 | 29.8 | 24.9 | 29.8 |
| 22.0 | 28.2 | 23.9 | 28.9 |
| 19.1 | 27.1 | 22.1 | 27.9 |
| 17.7 | 25.4 | 20.9 | 26.6 |
| 16.4 | 24.9 | 20.8 | 26.6 |
| 17.6 | 24.7 | 20.2 | 25.8 |
| 18.2 | 26.1 | 21.0 | 26.4 |
| 19.5 | 27.5 | 21.7 | 27.2 |
| 20.5 | 29.0 | 23.1 | 28.7 |
| 22.0 | 30.3 | 24.2 | 30.1 |


| Island of Mauritius |  | Island of Rodrigues |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| 89 | 246 | 213 | 70 |
| 224 | 463 | 227 | 218 |
| 329 | 338 | 86 | 90 |
| 238 | 208 | 50 | 144 |
| 179 | 52 | 80 | 40 |
| 74 | 72 | 21 | 44 |
| 106 | 66 | 105 | 13 |
| 76 | 102 | 37 | 93 |
| 51 | 38 | 41 | 68 |
| 47 | 132 | 11 | 90 |
| 70 | 227 | 34 | 30 |
| 126 | 105 | 137 | 80 |

## 2. POPULATION \& VITAL STATISTICS

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total mid-year resident | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 2 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 5 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 8 . 7}$ |
| population ('000) | 619.6 | 621.3 | 622.9 |
| Male | 632.8 | 634.6 | 635.8 |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Age composition (\%) | 21.7 | 21.2 | 20.7 |
| under 15 years | 65.8 | 65.8 | 65.7 |
| (15-59) years | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| (60-64) years | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.5 |
| 65 years and over | 33.4 | 33.8 | 34.2 |
| Median age (years) | 420.4 | 416.0 | 412.7 |
| Dependency ratio | 637 | 639 | 640 |
| Population density (per km ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Mid-year geographical distribution ('000) | 121.4 | 121.0 | 120.7 |
| Port Louis | 137.0 | 137.9 | 138.6 |
| Pamplemousses | 107.2 | 107.5 | 107.7 |
| Riv. du Rempart | 137.0 | 137.5 | 137.9 |
| Flacq | 112.3 | 112.6 | 112.8 |
| Grand Port | 68.7 | 68.8 | 68.8 |
| Savanne | 369.2 | 369.3 | 369.2 |
| Plaine Wilhems | 82.3 | 82.6 | 82.9 |
| Moka | 76.8 | 77.8 | 78.8 |
| Black River | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.3 |
| Rodrigues | 14,701 | 14,494 | 13,688 |
| Vital statistics | 1799 | 9,343 | 9,440 |
| Live births | 10,382 | 9,574 |  |
| Deaths | 2,788 | 2,003 | 1,590 |
| Marriages |  |  |  |
| Divorces |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



## 3. HE A LTH

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Male | 70.4 | 70.7 | 70.8 |
| $\quad$ Female | 77.5 | 77.7 | 77.8 |
| Early neonatal mortality rate | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.0 |
| Late neonatal mortality rate | 15.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| Perinatal mortality rate | 12.9 | 16.3 | 14.4 |
| Infant mortality rate |  |  | 12.1 |
| Deaths per 100,000 of 45-64 yrs old | 1,239 | 1,135 | 1,125 |
| $\quad$ Male | 603 | 600 | 562 |
| $\quad$ Female |  |  |  |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) |  |  |  |



Year

| 2011 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 3,594 | 4,461 | 4,442 |
| 26 | 25 | 24 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 127 | 129 | 129 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Provisional. ${ }^{3}$ Including two health centres with beds in
Rodrigues. $\quad{ }^{4}$ Including Y. Cantin and Long Mountain Community Hospitals.

|  | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health facilities (contd.) |  |  |  |
| Medical practitioners | 1,561 | 1,722 | 2,046 |
| Dentists | 268 | 301 | 351 |
| Nurses \& midwives | 3,670 | 3,737 | 3,879 |
| Pharmacists | 408 | 432 | 460 |
| Doctor per 10,000 population | 12.4 | 13.7 | 16.2 |
| Dentist per 10,000 population | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| Deaths (per 100,000 population) |  |  |  |
| Circulatory system ${ }^{3}$ | 228 | 234 | 234 |
| Respiratory system | 57 | 61 | 64 |
| Neoplasms | 84 | 92 | 100 |
| Injury \& poisoning | 47 | 40 | 39 |
| Diabetes mellitus ${ }^{3}$ | 185 | 196 | 183 |
| Renal failure | 14 | 10 | 16 |
| \% Deaths |  |  |  |
| Circulatory system ${ }^{3}$ | 31 | 31 | 32 |
| Respiratory system | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Neoplasms | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| Injury \& poisoning | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Diabetes mellitus ${ }^{3}$ | 25 | 26 | 24 |
| Renal failure | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Public expenditure on health as \% of |  |  |  |
| Total public expenditure | 9.7 | 7.9 | 8.7 |
| GDP at market prices | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised $\quad{ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Revised in the light of 2005 data following application of the new revision (10th) of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD 10) for the coding of underlying causes of death |  |  |  |

## 4. EDUCATION

|  | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pre-primary |  |  |  |
| Schools | 1,018 | 1,026 | 978 |
| Enrolment | 33,901 | 33,518 | 31,419 |
| Male | 17,282 | 16,960 | 15,902 |
| Female | 16,619 | 16,558 | 15,517 |
| Gross enrolment ratio ${ }^{1}$ | 97 | 100 | 98 |
| Male | 97 | 100 | 99 |
| Female | 98 | 101 | 97 |
| Teaching staff | 2,550 | 2,541 | 2,425 |
| Pupil/teacher ratio | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Primary |  |  |  |
| Schools | 305 | 312 | 320 |
| Enrolment | 116,068 | 113,634 | 108,853 |
| Male | 58,935 | 57,748 | 55,022 |
| Female | 57,133 | 55,886 | 53,831 |
| Gross enrolment ratio ${ }^{1}$ | 100 | 99 | 98 |
| Male | 100 | 99 | 97 |
| Female | 100 | 99 | 98 |
| Teaching staff | 5,701 | 5,427 | 5,512 |
| Male | 1,655 | 1,511 | 1,488 |
| Female | 4,046 | 3,916 | 4,024 |
| Pupil/teacher ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 27 | 28 | 27 |
| Cert. of Primary Education (\% pass) | 68.6 | 68.8 | $\ldots$ |
| Male | 62.7 | 62.5 | $\ldots$ |
| Female | 74.9 | 75.5 | $\ldots$ |
| Certificate of Primary Education Pass Rate -1st sitting | 75.7 | 76.4 | $81.0{ }^{3}$ |


|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Secondary - Academic |  |  |  |
| Schools | 180 | 178 | 176 |
| Enrolment | 115,289 | 115,677 | 113,872 |
| Male | 55,188 | 55,374 | 54,391 |
| Female | 60,101 | 60,303 | 59,481 |
| Gross enrolment ratio ${ }^{1}$ | 72 | 73 | 72 |
| Male | 68 | 69 | 68 |
| Female | 76 | 68 | 76 |
| Teaching staff | 7,873 | 8,014 | 7,795 |
| Male | 3,258 | 3,287 | 3,175 |
| Female | 4,615 | 4,727 | 4,620 |
| Pupil/teacher ratio | 15 | 14 | 15 |
| School Certificate (\% pass) | 76.7 | 75.7 | 75.0 |
| Male | 71.8 | 69.6 | 70.3 |
| Female | 81.2 | 81.0 | 78.9 |
| Higher School Certificate (\% pass) | 79.3 | 79.1 | 77.9 |
| Male | 75.3 | 74.8 | 73.9 |
| Female | 82.3 | 82.2 | 80.8 |
| Secondary - Pre-vocational |  |  |  |
| Schools | 126 | 121 | 117 |
| Enrolment | 7,270 | 7,221 | 10,548 |
| Male | 4,635 | 4,641 | 6,789 |
| Female | 2,635 | 2,580 | 3,759 |
| Teaching staff | 227 | 629 | 729 |
| Male | 207 | 265 |  |
| Female | 11 | 11 | 15 |
| Pupil/teacher ratio |  | 402 | 464 |
|  |  |  |  |
| F |  |  |  |


| Vocational \& Technical Training ${ }^{4}$ | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Enrolment | 9,333 | 10,352 | 10,116 |
| Male | 7,283 | 8,100 | 7,848 |
| Female | 2,050 | 2,252 | 2,268 |
| Post-secondary ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 11/12 | 12/13 | 13/14 |
| Schools | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Enrolment | 21,974 | 22,114 | 24,598 |
| Male | 8,793 | 8,733 | 9,981 |
| Female | 13,181 | 13,381 | 14,617 |
| Polytechnics |  |  |  |
| Enrolment | 704 | 825 | 673 |
| Male | 308 | 479 | 240 |
| Female | 396 | 346 | 433 |
| Mauritius College of the Air |  |  |  |
| Distance Education Courses |  |  |  |
| Enrolment | 890 | 791 | 1,851 |
| Male | 289 | 226 | 732 |
| Female | 601 | 565 | 1,119 |
| Literacy rate | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| Total | 89.8 | ... | ... |
| Male | 92.3 | ... | $\ldots$ |
| Female | 87.3 | ... | ... |
| Public expenditure on education |  |  |  |
| as a \% of | 2011 | $2012{ }^{6}$ | $2013{ }^{7}$ |
| Total public expenditure | 12.5 | 13.5 | 13.0 |
| GDP at market prices | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Based on 2011 Population Census |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Pupils per general purpose teacher |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ include 2013 Certificate of Primary Education Resit Examination |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{4}$ Mauritius Institute of Training and Development |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{5}$ Estimates ${ }^{6}$ Revised | ${ }^{7}$ Budget Estimates |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |  |

## 5. ENVIRONMENT

|  | 2000 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Greenhouse gas $2012{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| (Gg or thousand tonnes) |  |  |  |
| Emissions |  |  |  |
| Carbon dioxide | 2,456.8 | 3,745.1 | $\ldots$ |
| Oxides of nitrogen | 13.8 | 18.8 | $\ldots$ |
| Carbon monoxide | 66.3 | 68.6 | ... |
| Sulphur dioxide | 28.9 | 33.8 | $\ldots$ |
| Removals |  |  |  |
| Carbon dioxide | 229.2 | 292.9 | $\ldots$ |
| Net emissions |  |  |  |
| Carbon dioxide | 2,227.6 | 3,452.2 | $\ldots$ |
| Carbon dioxide emissions |  |  |  |
| from fossil fuels ( Gg or thousand tonnes) | 2,454.0 | 3,743.3 | $\ldots$ |
| Energy industries | 1,185.4 | 2,280.5 | $\ldots$ |
| Manufacturing industries | 357.4 | 330.8 | ... |
| Transport | 735.8 | 954.1 | ... |
| Residential | 141.7 | 134.7 | ... |
| Other (Agriculture and Commerce) | 33.7 | 43.3 | $\ldots$ |
| Solid Waste landfilled (tonne) | 265,815 | 387,926 | 429,935 |
| Number of E.I.A ${ }^{3}$ licenses issued | 92 | 26 | 27 |
| Land parcelling (morcellement) | 31 | 7 | 7 |
| Poultry rearing | 26 | - | - |
| Industrial development | 7 | 1 | 6 |
| Coastal hotels and related works | 11 | 10 | 6 |
| Housing | 4 | 2 | - |
| Other | 13 | 6 | 8 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) |  |  |  |


|  | 2000 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of PER ${ }^{3}$ licenses issued | ... | 34 | 13 |
| Land parcelling (morcellement) | ... | 3 | 1 |
| Poultry rearing | $\ldots$ | 7 | 4 |
| Industrial development | $\ldots$ | 12 | 4 |
| Coastal hotels and related works | $\ldots$ | 1 | - |
| Livestock | ... | 4 | - |
| Housing | ... | 1 | - |
| Other | ... | 6 | 4 |
| Number of complaints received at the Dept. of Environment | 1,906 | 662 | 687 |
| Noise | 555 | 131 | 150 |
| Solid waste | 586 | 100 | 93 |
| Air pollution | 71 | 105 | 120 |
| Waste water | 150 | 71 | 82 |
| Odour | 251 | 79 | 79 |
| Other | 293 | 176 | 163 |
| Water |  |  |  |
| Fresh water abstraction, $\left(\mathrm{Mm}^{3}\right)($ Excl of hydropower | 677 | 582 | $\ldots$ |
| Water utilisation, $\left(\mathrm{Mm}^{3}\right)$ | 962 | 800 | $\ldots$ |
| Domestic,industrial and tourism | 209 | 217 | ... |
| Agricultural (irrigation) | 468 | 365 | ... |
| Hydropower | 285 | 218 | . |
| Daily domestic per capita cosumption,(litres) | 154.9 | 160.0 | 165.0 |
| Waste water:total volume treated in public treatment plants, $\left(\mathrm{Mm}^{3}\right)$ | 20.5 | 36.6 | 41.0 |
| 1 Revised |  |  |  |
| 2 Provisional |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary Environmental Report (PER)Effective as from 2002 |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  |

## 6. LABOUR

|  | 2012 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labour Force- Mauritians ('000) ${ }^{1}$ | 556.3 | 571.2 |
| Male | 346.9 | 350.4 |
| Female | 209.4 | 220.8 |
| Activity rate (\%) ${ }^{1}$ | 58.8 | 59.9 |
| Male | 75.0 | 75.1 |
| Female | 43.4 | 45.4 |
| Employment- Mauritians ('000) ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ | 511.7 | 525.7 |
| Male | 328.8 | 331.8 |
| Female | 182.9 | 193.9 |
| Unemployment ('000) ${ }^{1}$ | 44.6 | 45.5 |
| Male | 18.1 | 18.6 |
| Female | 26.5 | 26.9 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{1}$ | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| Male | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| Female | 12.7 | 12.2 |
| Employment- Foreigners ('000) ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ | 24.0 | 26.3 |
| Male | 14.2 | 16.5 |
| Female | 9.8 | 9.8 |
| Total Employment by sector ('000) ${ }^{3}$ | 535.7 | 552.0 |
| Primary sector | 45.3 | 46.4 |
| Secondary sector | 161.3 | 164.9 |
| Manufacturing | 107.4 | 110.9 |
| Electricity ,gas ,steam \& air cond supply | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Water supply | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Construction | 48.2 | 48.3 |
| Tertiary sector | 329.1 | 340.7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade;repair of $m$. vehicles | 91.6 | 95.2 |
| Transportation and storage | 31.2 | 32.4 |
| Accomodation \& food service activities | 38.4 | 39.6 |
| Information and communication | 17.7 | 18.5 |
| Other services | 150.2 | 155.0 |

## Average earnings \& Wage rate index

|  | $2012{ }^{4}$ | $2013{ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average monthly earnings (rupees) | 21,172 | 22552 |
| Primary sector | 17,625 | 18,344 |
| Sugar cane | 16,193 | 17,277 |
| Secondary sector | 15,663 | 16,604 |
| Manufacturing | 13,008 | 13,732 |
| Sugar | 19,204 | 19,814 |
| Food(excluding sugar) | 13,721 | 14,413 |
| Textiles | 10,270 | 11,198 |
| Electricity \& water supply | 29,490 | 31,920 |
| Construction | 20,910 | 21,973 |
| Tertiary sector | 23,450 | 26,008 |
| Trade,Accomodation and Food Services | 17,086 | 17,430 |
| Transport, storage,Information \& communications | 26,499 | 27,980 |
| Financial and insurance, Real estate,Professional,scientific and technical activities,Administrative and support service | 26,398 | 28,339 |
| Other services | 24,934 | 29,398 |
| Wage Rate Index (base:4th Quarter 2011=100) | 103.8 | 109.9 |
| ${ }^{1}$ The Continuous Multi-Purpose Household Surv from 2004, as the instrument to measure employment and unemployment. Estimates refer population aged 16 years and above, and workers <br> ${ }^{2}$ Data on foreigners are obtained from surveys and earnings | used, as <br> force, Mauritian foreign <br> loyment |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Including foreigners |  |  |
| ${ }^{4}$ Revised $\quad{ }^{5}$ Provisional |  |  |

## 7. PRICE INDICES

|  | Weight |  | Year 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Price Index (base: Year 2012=100) | 1,000 |  | 103.5 |
| Food \& non-alcoholic beverages | 273 |  | 103.4 |
| Alcoholic beverages \& tobacco | 96 |  | 110.9 |
| Clothing \& footwear | 45 |  | 104.1 |
| Housing, water, electricity, gas \& other fuels <br> Furnishings, hhold.equip.\& hhold. maintenance | 120 61 |  | 100.5 102.7 |
| Health | 40 |  | 103.8 |
| Transport | 151 |  | 102.8 |
| Communication | 39 |  | 100.0 |
| Recreation and culture | 44 |  | 101.3 |
| Education | 45 |  | 102.1 |
| Restaurants and hotels | 45 |  | 106.2 |
| Miscellaneous goods and services | 41 |  | 102.5 |
| Inflation rate(\%) - calendar year |  |  | 3.5 |
|  | Weight | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| Export Price Index <br> (base: 2007=100) | 10,000 | 103.9 | 108.7 |
| Food \& live animals | 3,445 | 111.5 | 114.4 |
| -Sugar | 1,904 | 109.9 | 108.5 |
| Manufactured goods classified chiefly by materials | 759 | 134.8 | 162.1 |
| Misc. manufactured goods | 5,517 | 95.7 | 98.5 |
| -Apparel \& clothing accessories | 5,389 | 93.5 | 96.0 |


|  | Weight | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Import Price Index (base $2007=100$ ) | 10,000 | 124.6 | 122.8 |
| Food \& live animals | 1,808 | 131.5 | 138.2 |
| Mineral fuel,lubricants and related materials | 2,004 | 146.5 | 143.2 |
| Petroleum,Petroleum products and related materials | 1,725 | 148.5 | 146.6 |
| Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 2,141 | 115.1 | 113.0 |
| -Textile yarn,fabrics,made-up articles,n.e.s | 813 | 182 | 111.0 |
| Machinery and transport equipment | 1.800 | 107.1 | 94.6 |
| Producer Price Index-Manufacturing (Base year $2007=100$ ) |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing $e^{\text {e }}$ | 1,000 | 127.9 | 134.0 |
| Food products | 442 | 124.6 | 130.2 |
| Beverages $R$ | 166 | 143.2 | 157.3 |
| Other | 392 | 125.1 | 128.3 |
| Construction Price Index | 100.0 | 108.2 | 110.9 |
| Residential: base:2nd Qr.2009=100 |  |  |  |
| Labour | 282.2 | 107.3 | 110.2 |
| Hire of plant | 3.3 | 102.8 | 106.3 |
| Materials | 64.2 | 108.9 | 111.5 |
| Transport | 4.3 | 109.1 | 109.1 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised. |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |


|  | Weight | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Import Price Index (base $2007=100$ ) | 10,000 | 124.6 | 122.8 |
| Food \& live animals | 1,808 | 131.5 | 138.2 |
| Mineral fuel,lubricants and related materials | 2,004 | 146.5 | 143.2 |
| Petroleum,Petroleum products and related materials | 1,725 | 148.5 | 146.6 |
| Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material | 2,141 | 115.1 | 113.0 |
| -Textile yarn,fabrics,made-up articles,n.e.s | 813 | 110.2 | 111.0 |
| Machinery and transport equipment | 1,800 | 107.1 | 94.6 |
| Producer Price Index-Manufacturing <br> (Base year $2007=100$ ) |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | 1,000 | 127.9 | 134.0 |
| Food products | 442 | 124.6 | 130.2 |
| Beverages | 166 | 143.2 | 157.3 |
| Other | 392 | 125.1 | 128.3 |
| Construction Price Index | 100.0 | 108.2 | 110.9 |
| Residential: base:2nd Qr.2009=100 |  |  |  |
| Labour | 28.2 | 107.3 | 110.2 |
| Hire of plant | 3.3 | 102.8 | 106.3 |
| Materials | 64.2 | 108.9 | 111.5 |
| Transport | 4.3 | 109.1 | 109.1 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised. |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |

## 8. HOUSING \& HOUSEHOLDS

|  | 1990* | 2000* | 2011* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buildings ('000) | 209.9 | 268.3 | 311.5 |
| of which: - \% wholly residential | 85.0 | 84.8 | 83.7 |
| - \% partly residential | $3.3{ }^{1}$ | $4.3{ }^{1}$ | 5.5 |
| Residential \& partly residential buildings |  |  |  |
| Year of construction (\%) |  |  |  |
| Before 1985 | 70.6 | 38.9 | 28.4 |
| 1985-1989 | 20.1 | 14.8 | 11.0 |
| 1990-1994 | $1.1{ }^{1}$ | 17.5 | 12.2 |
| 1995-1999 | - | 23.3 | 12.4 |
| 2000-2004 | - | $1.0^{2}$ | 12.3 |
| 2005-2009 | - | - | 11.1 |
| 2010-2011 | - | - | 3.5 |
| Not completed but inhabited | 4.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Not known | 3.3 | 2.5 | 7.3 |
| Construction materials (\%) |  |  |  |
| Concrete walls \& roof | 70.6 | 86.3 | 92.0 |
| Concrete walls \& iron or tin roof | 7.3 | 3.9 | 2.7 |
| Iron or tin walls and roof | 18.2 | 8.1 | 4.5 |
| Wood walls \& iron or tin or shingle roof | 2.3 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| Other | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Average no. of housing units per building | 1.21 | 1.24 | 1.29 |
| Housing units ('000) | 223.8 | 297.7 | 359.0 |
| Ownership (\%) |  |  |  |
| Private | 98.6 | 99.1 | 99.1 |
| Public | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Not stated | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Occupancy (\%) |  |  |  |
| Occupied | 97.5 | 94.8 | 92.2 |
| Vacant | 2.5 | 5.2 | 3.1 |
| Not Stated | - | - | 4.7 |
| * Census figures |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Buildings constructed from January to April 1990 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Buildings constructed from January to April 2000 |  |  |  |


|  | 1990* | 2000* | 2011* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average no. of rooms per occupied housing unit | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| Average no. of persons per room | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Average no. of households per housing unit | 1.10 | 1.07 | 1.10 |
| Households ('000) | 236.1 | 297.9 | 342.3 |
| Tenure (\%) |  |  |  |
| Owner | 75.9 | 86.5 | 88.9 |
| Tenant | 14.8 | 9.4 | 7.9 |
| Subtenant | 0.4 | - | - |
| Free | 8.8 | 4.1 | 3.0 |
| Other | 0.1 | - | 0.2 |
| Amenities (\%) |  |  |  |
| Piped water | 95.2 | 98.7 | 99.5 |
| Electricity | 96.9 | 99.0 | 99.5 |
| Toilet | 99.3 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| of which: flush toilet | 62.8 | 88.8 | 96.4 |
| Bathroom | 94.5 | 99.0 | 99.6 |
| Kitchen | 97.5 | 99.2 | 99.7 |
| Acceptable refuse disposal | 68.4 | 97.0 | 99.1 |
| Fuel used for cooking (\%) |  |  |  |
| Wood \& charcoal | 26.3 | 4.5 | 1.9 |
| Kerosene | 21.7 | 3.4 | 0.1 |
| Electricity | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Gas | 50.3 | 91.5 | 97.6 |
| Other | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Availability of ICT devices |  |  |  |
| Television | - | - | 96.0 |
| Fixed Telephone | - | - | 69.1 |
| Mobile Phone | - | - | 88.1 |
| Computer | - | - | 37.5 |
| Internet Access | - | - | 27.9 |
| \% female-headed | 17.6 | 17.5 | 21.0 |
| \% one-parent | 8.1 | 7.7 | 8.4 |
| \% 60+ years living alone | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.9 |
| Average household size | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
| * Census figures |  |  |  |

## 9. HOUSEHOLD INCOME \& EXPENDITURE

| Household | Budget Survey |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01/02 | $06 / 07$ | 2012 |


| Average household size | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Income earners per household | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Average monthly income (rupees) | 14,232 | 19,083 | 29,360 |
| Median monthly income (rupees) | 11,150 | 14,640 | 21,790 |
| 1/2 median monthly income (rupees) | 5,575 | 7,320 | 10,895 |
| \% hholds with < 1/2 med. mthly income | 13.1 | 14.3 | 17.1 |
| Gini coefficient | 0.371 | 0.388 | 0.413 |
| Income share |  |  |  |
| \% of total income going to: |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Lowest 20\% of households | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.4 |
| $\quad$ Highest 20\% of households | 6.9 | 75.6 | 47.4 |
| Ratio of highest 20\% to lowest 20\% |  | 7.4 | 8.8 |
| Household consumption expenditure | 11,390 | 15,770 | 23,200 |
| Average monthly expenditure (rupees) | 8,154 | 11,270 | 18,550 |
| Median monthly expenditure (rupees) | 4,077 | 5,635 | 9,275 |
| 1/2 median monthly expend. (rupees) | 12.3 | 12.0 | 13.5 |
| \% hholds with <1/2 med. mthly expend. |  |  |  |

Trends in monthly household income distribution

Household Budget Survey ..... 01/02 06/07 2012
Consumption pattern
Monthly household consumption ${ }^{1}$ expenditure ${ }^{2}$ (\%)Food \& non-alcoholic beveragesAlcoholic beverages \& tobacco
Clothing \& footwear
Housing, water, electricity, gas \& other fuels$31.6 \quad 28.5 \quad 27.3$
9.1 9.29 .6
6.4 ..... $5.1 \quad 4.5$
9.3 ..... 13.1 ..... 12.0
Furnishing, household equipment \& routinehousehold maintenance$\begin{array}{lll}6.0 & 6.5 & 6.1\end{array}$
Health
$2.5 \quad 3.0$ ..... 3.9
Transport$\begin{array}{lll}12.6 & 14.6 & 15.2\end{array}$
Communication$\begin{array}{lll}3.3 & 3.6 & 3.9\end{array}$
Recreation and culture ..... 4.6
4.8 ..... 4.3
Education$3.7 \quad 3.2 \quad 4.5$
Restaurants and hotels$\begin{array}{lll}6.1 & 4.3 & 4.6\end{array}$
Miscellaneous goods and services $4.8 \quad 4.0$ ..... 4.1
Per capita consumption (kg/year) ${ }^{3}$ $2011^{4} \quad 2012^{5}$ ..... 2013
Selected food items
Wheat flour ..... $81.5 \quad 78.8$Milled rice47.644 .1 ....
Potatoes ..... $20.5 \quad 20.2$
Sugar$25.0 \quad 28.3$Fresh vegetables
75.3 ..... 76.1
Oils \& fats$25.1 \quad 27.4$
Fresh milk (litres)$5.9 \quad 6.5$
Powdered milk10.511 .2
Pulses8.9 9.3 ....
Eggs$6.9 \quad 7.2$
Meat \& meat preparations$51.1 \quad 48.0$
Banana7.8 7.5 ....Other fresh fruitsn.a n.aFish \& fish preparations$22.2 \quad 22.3$
${ }^{1}$ Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose
${ }^{2}$ Adjusted for under reporting ${ }^{3}$ Source: Food balance sheet
${ }^{4}$ revised ${ }^{5}$ nrovisional

## 10. TRANSPORT \& COMMUNICATIONS

|  | 2011 | $2012{ }^{2}$ | $2013{ }^{\prime 3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Road transport |  |  |  |
| Motor-vehicles registered ('000) | 400.9 | 421.9 | 443.5 |
| Private cars | 129.3 | 140.8 | 153.8 |
| Taxi cars | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| Vans | 26.1 | 26.3 | 26.6 |
| Dual purpose vehicles | 49.1 | 50.1 | 49.7 |
| Double cab pickup ${ }^{1}$ | - |  | 1.1 |
| Lorries \& trucks | 13.5 | 13.9 | 14.1 |
| Buses | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Motor cycle | 53.4 | 59.6 | 65.8 |
| Autocycle | 112.3 | 113.9 | 115.0 |
| Other vehicles | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Road traffic accidents |  |  |  |
| Number of accidents | 22,387 | 21,056 | 23,563 |
| Rate (per 100,000 population) | 1,847 | 1,733 | 1,936 |
| Rate (per 1,000 reg. motor-vehicles) | 57 | 51 | 55 |
| Motor-vehicles involved |  |  |  |
| Number | 41,294 | 40,759 | 41,888 |
| Rate (per 1,000 reg. motor-vehicles) | 105 | 99 | 97 |
| Casualties |  |  |  |
| Number | 3,422 | 3,653 | 3,610 |
| Fatal | 152 | 156 | 136 |
| Seriously injured | 487 | 549 | 465 |
| Slightly injured | 2,783 | 2,948 | 3,009 |
| Fatality |  |  |  |
| Rate (per 100,000 population) | 12.54 | 12.84 | 11.17 |
| Rate (per 1,000 reg. motor-vehicles) | 0.39 | 0.38 | 0.31 |
| Index | 4.44 | 4.27 | 3.77 |
| Private cars per 1,000 households | 380 | 408 | 440 |
| Length of roads (kilometres) | 2,112 | 2,170 | 2,275 |
| Vehicles per kilometre of road | 190 | 194 | 195 |
| ${ }^{1}$ New category of vehicle defined in Road Traffic Act No 27 of 2012. Prior to year 2013 'double cab pickup' was included in 'dual purpose vehicle' |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Revised ${ }^{3}$ Provisional |  |  |  |


|  | 2011 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air transport |  |  |  |
| Landings, aircraft (number) | 10,121 | 10,016 | 9,001 |
| Freight ('000 tonnes) | 45.1 | 47.0 | 37.3 |
| Loaded | 23.4 | 23.7 | 19.9 |
| Unloaded | 21.7 | 23.3 | 17.4 |
| Sea transport |  |  |  |
| Arrivals, vessel (number) | 2,654 | 3,476 | 3,652 |
| Freight ('000 tonnes) | 6,477 | 7,075 | 6,736 |
| Loaded | 1,091 | 1,142 | 1,080 |
| Unloaded | 5,386 | 5,933 | 5,656 |
| Communication |  |  |  |
| Radio operators (number) | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Television operators (number) | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Television sets licensed ('000) | 316.4 | 319.3 | 321.2 |
| Fixed telephone |  |  |  |
| Lines ('000) | 374.6 | 349.1 | 363.0 |
| National calls reqistered ${ }^{3}$ ('000,000) | $422.0{ }^{1}$ | $399.7{ }^{1}$ | $397.8^{1}$ |
| Mobile cellular subscribers ('000) | 1,294.1 | 1,485.8 | 1,533.6 |
| International outgoing telephone |  |  |  |
| Internet subscribers ('000) | 370.0 | 568.7 | 680.7 |
| Fixed | 133.2 | 149.2 | 166.8 |
| Mobile | 236.8 | 419.5 | 514.0 |
| Local press (number) | 68 | 63 | 64 |
| Dailies | 11 | 11 | 9 |
| English \& French | 8 | 8 | 6 |
| Other | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Weeklies | 27 | 26 | 28 |
| English \& French | 26 | 25 | 26 |
| Other | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Others | 30 | 26 | 27 |
| English \& French | 23 | 23 | 22 |
| Other | 7 | 3 | 5 |
|  | Provisio |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Calls irrespective of duration from fixed telephone |  |  |  |

## 11. LAND UTILIZATION

> 2005 *
> Area
> (Hectares)


| Effective area cultivated | 2011 <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}^{\mathbf{1}}$ <br> (Hectares) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sugar cane | 529,724 | 57,160 | 56,900 |
| Tea | 651 | 669 | 672 |
| Tobacco ${ }^{3}$ | 222 | 173 | 2 |
| Land under irrigation | 19,886 | $\mathbf{1 9 , 4 5 9}$ | $\ldots$ |
| Overhead | 16,864 | 16,611 | $\ldots$ |
| Surface | 889 | 1,141 | $\ldots$ |
| Drip | 2,133 | 1,707 | $\ldots$ |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised |  | ${ }^{3}$ Area Harvested |  |

## 12. AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

|  | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRODUCTION ('000 tonnes) |  |  |  |
| Crop products |  |  |  |
| Sugarcane | 4230.2 | 3947.3 | 3815.8 |
| Foodcrops | 115.9 | 121.1 | 118.1 |
| Tea leaf | 9.0 | 7.9 | 8.0 |
| Fruits | 29.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| Tobacco leaf | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.001 |
| Products from slaughtered and live animals | 65.2 | 67.1 | 65.6 |
| Poultry meat ('000 tonnes) | 47.0 | 47.2 | 46.7 |
| Milk (mn litres) | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 |
| Eggs ('000 tonnes) | 10.5 | 11.2 | 11.3 |
| Fishing ('000 tonnes) | 5.3 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| (Million rupees) |  |  |  |
| VALUE ADDED* | 10,254.6 | 10494 | 10558 |
| Crop products of which | 7,562.7 | 7795.7 | 7749.6 |
| Sugarcane | 3,599.0 | 3696.0 | 3391.0 |
| Foodcrops | 2,216.9 | 2303.0 | 2311.2 |
| Tea leaf | 99.4 | 83.9 | 85.8 |
| Fruits | 270.2 | 298.5 | 357 |
| Tobacco leaf | 30.1 | 21.1 | 0 |
| Animals \& animal products | 2,350.8 | 2396.6 | 2386 |
| Fishing | 341.1 | 301.7 | 422.4 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised | * Note Figures are based on National |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Provisional | Standard Industrial Classification (NSIC),Revision 2 |  |  |

## 13. INDUSTRLAL PRODUCTION

|  |  | 2011 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quantity produced (selected commodities) |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar | ('000 tonnes) | 435.3 | 409.2 | 404.7 |
| Molasses | " | 138.6 | 125.1 | 126.6 |
| Tea (Black) | " | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Iron bars \& steel tubes | " | 35.0 | 32.2 | 26.7 |
| Fertilizers | " | 27.0 | 27.0 | 9.0 |
| Denatured spirit | ('000 H. Litres) | 6.4 | 9.0 | 7.7 |
| Beer and stout | " | 373.7 | 345.9 | 336.2 |
| Wine (country liquor) | " | 51.8 | 43.6 | 46.4 |
| Electricity generated* | (GWh) | 2,705.5 | 2,763.5 | 2,849.7 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |
| Growth rate |  |  |  |  |
| EOE ${ }^{3}$ |  | +6.1 | +1.4 | -2.3 |
| Manufacturing |  | +0.7 | +2.2 | +4.5 |
| Sugar |  | +3.8 | -6.3 | -1.0 |
| Food (excluding Sugar) |  | -1.4 | +7.6 | -0.3 |
| Textiles |  | +3.0 | -1.1 | +2.6 |
| Other |  | +0.6 | 0.0 | +13.0 |
| Labour Productivitv Index ${ }^{4}$ (2007=100) |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing |  | 117.7 | 120.4 | 121.8 |
| EOE ${ }^{3}$ |  | 137.0 | 142.2 | 140.2 |
| Capital Productivity Index (2007=100) |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing |  | 113.9 | 119.6 | 128.4 |
| $E O E^{3}$ |  | 149.9 | 164.1 | 161.0 |
| Unit Labour Cost Index ${ }^{4}$ (2007=100) |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing |  | 118.5 | 121.9 | 121.4 |
| $E O E{ }^{3}$ |  | 106.5 | 108.6 | 113.9 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised <br> ${ }^{2}$ Provisional <br> ${ }^{3}$ Export Oriented Enterprises(EOE) as from October 2006, consist of all those enterprises previously operating with an EPZ Certificate and those enterprises manufacturing goods for exports and holding a registration certificate issued by the Board of Investment. |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{4}$ The indices are for the whole manufacturing sector. <br> * figures pertaining to island of Mauritius only |  |  |  |  |

## 14. ENERGY

|  | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports of energy sources ('000 tonnes) |  |  |  |
| Gasolene | 116.7 | 128.2 | 138.2 |
| Diesel oil | 309.9 | 313.8 | 336.1 |
| Dual purpose kerosene | 230.7 | 220.0 | 243.9 |
| -Aviation fuel | 226.4 | 213.0 | 241.1 |
| Fuel oil | 434.8 | 401.2 | 429.1 |
| LPG | 66.3 | 67.9 | 68.2 |
| Coal | 660.2 | 729.3 | 708.3 |
| Re-export and Bunkering ${ }^{\text {( }}$ (000 tonnes) |  |  |  |
| Aviation fuel | 118.7 | 110.3 | 115.9 |
| Diesel oil | 100.2 | 102.7 | 114.1 |
| Fuel oil | 185.1 | 163.3 | 156.1 |
| Electricity generated ${ }^{4}$ (GWh) | 2,738.6 | 2,797.1 | 2,885.3 |
| Hydro | 56.5 | 74.1 | 94.8 |
| Wind | 2.8 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Photovoltaic | $\ldots$ | 0.9 | 2.7 |
| Thermal Total | 2,679.2 | 2,718.6 | 2,784.1 |
| Landfill gas | 3.1 | 17.8 | 20.0 |
| Thermal other | 2,676.1 | 2,700.8 | 2,764.1 |
| Peak demand(MW), Mauritius | 412.5 | 430.1 | 441.1 |
| Rodrigues | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.9 |
| Electricity sales (GWh) | 2,228.2 | 2,294.4 | 2,384.1 |
| Domestic | 725.3 | 753.0 | 780.8 |
| Commercial | 792.6 | 818.7 | 852.0 |
| Industrial (general) | 656.9 | 662.4 | 689.8 |
| Industrial (irrigation) | 22.5 | 25.0 | 25.4 |
| No. of electricity consumers ('000) | 417.3 | 426.9 | 435.4 |
| Domestic | 372.3 | 381.1 | 388.9 |
| Commercial | 37.7 | 38.5 | 39.2 |
| Industrial (general) | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| Industrial (irrigation) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Provisional ${ }^{3}$ Pertaining to sales of fuel to foreign vessels
${ }^{4}$ Includes electricity generated for own use by Independent Power
Producers

## 15. GOVERNMENT FINANCE

|  | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Provisional Actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budgetary Central Government | (Million rupees) |  |  |
| Total Revenue | 69,223.1 | 73,793.7 | 78,224.2 |
| Taxes | 59,180.3 | 64,919.2 | 67,990.5 |
| Taxes on income, profits, and capital gains | 13,619.7 | 14,634.2 | 15,919.6 |
| Taxes on property | 3,939.6 | 4,556.3 | 4,482.6 |
| Taxes on goods and services | 38,817.9 | 43,007.8 | 44,964.0 |
| Taxes on international trade and transactions | 1,560.2 | 1,505.9 | 1,389.4 |
| Other taxes | 1,242.9 | 1,215.0 | 1,234.8 |
| Social contributions | 1,020.4 | 1,051.1 | 1,268.6 |
| Grants | 2,344.4 | 2,397.8 | 1,402.6 |
| Other revenue | 6,678.0 | 5,425.6 | 7,562.5 |
| Total Expenses | 70,937.5 | 70,255.3 | 79,886.4 |
| Compensation of employees | 18,001.4 | 18,683.8 | 22,698.0 |
| Use of goods and services | 6,194.6 | 6,515.8 | 7,086.6 |
| Interest | 9,629.2 | 10,129.3 | 9,629.4 |
| Subsidies | 1,141.9 | 1,146.6 | 1,471.0 |
| Grants | 28,523.2 | 26,161.9 | 29,479.1 |
| of which amount transferred to NPF and paid as Social Benefits | 9,239.0 | 10,154.5 | 11,018.3 |
| Social benefits | 5,125.4 | 5,245.3 | 6,486.5 |
| Other expenses | 2,321.8 | 2,372.6 | 3,035.8 |
| Net acquisition of non financial assets | 8,632.5 | 9,616.0 | 11,161.1 |
| Net lending/Borrowing (Budget balance) | -10,346.9 | -6,077.6 | -12,823.3 |
| Net acquisition of financial assets | 2,991.9 | 1,397.1 | 5,264.9 |
| Domestic | 2,458.1 | 1,032.1 | 4,967.4 |
| Foreign | 100.7 | 269.5 | 106.6 |
| Monetary gold and SDRs | 433.1 | 95.5 | 190.9 |
| Net incurrence of Liabilities | 13,338.9 | 7,474.7 | 18,088.2 |
| Domestic | 7,774.7 | 4,493.3 | 7,283.1 |
| Foreign | 5,564.2 | 2,981.4 | 10,805.1 |

Data are compiled according to Government Statistics Manual 2001 of the IMF

| Budgetary Central Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURE | 79,570.1 | 79,871.3 | 91,047.6 |
| General public services | 19,181.7 | 20,747.1 | 22,681.0 |
| Public debt transactions | 9,629.2 | 10,129.1 | 9,629.4 |
| Transfers of general character between levels of govt. | 3,881.7 | 4,029.9 | 4,338.0 |
| Public order and safety | 7,441.6 | 7,368.2 | 9,949.5 |
| Economic affairs | 11,462.5 | 9,129.0 | 9,746.0 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 2,019.3 | 2,069.9 | 2,443.7 |
| Fuel and energy | 54.9 | 99.3 | 101.0 |
| Mining, manufacturing, and construction | 262.9 | 330.9 | 389.3 |
| Transport | 3,909.3 | 5,548.1 | 5,593.9 |
| Communication | - | - | - |
| Environmental protection | 2,563.3 | 2,594.1 | 1,292.7 |
| Housing and community amenities | 3,718.7 | 2,702.8 | 4,547.4 |
| Health | 7,326.6 | 7,753.1 | 8,716.2 |
| Recreation, culture and religion | 721.8 | 742.2 | 834.2 |
| Education | 10,329.3 | 11,110.7 | 13,014.7 |
| Social protection | 16,824.6 | 17,724.0 | 20,265.9 |

Data are compiled according to Government Statistics
Manual 2001 of the IMF

## 16. MONEY \& BANKING

(as at end of period)

Jun-13 | Sep-13 |
| :---: |
| (Million rupees) |$\quad$ Dec-13

| Components of Monetary Base |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Currency with Public | 20,523 | 20,664 | 23,317 |
| 2 Currency with Other Depository Corporations | 3,882 | 4,242 | 6,811 |
| 3 Deposits with BOM | 28,689 | 25,279 | 32,222 |
| Other Depository Corporations | 28,377 | 25,114 | 31,895 |
| Other | 311 | 165 | 328 |
| Monetary Base(1+2+3) | 53,094 | 50,185 | 62,350 |
| Sources of Monetary base |  |  |  |
| 2 Net Claims on Central Govt | -18,112 | -17,342 | -10,933 |
| 3 Claims on other Depository Corporations | 1,546 | 2,974 | 2,716 |
| 4 Claims on other sectors | 198 | 163 | 173 |
| 5 Net Non-Monetary Liabilities | 34,118 | 36,543 | 33,104 |
| Monetary Base (1+2+3+4-5) | 53,094 | 50,185 | 62,350 |
| Gross Official International reserves ${ }^{1}$ | 105,040 | 102,446 | 105,009 |
| Gross Foreign Assets of Bank of Mauritius | 103,424 | 100,729 | 103,258 |
| Other ${ }^{2}$ | 1,616 | 1,717 | 1,751 |
| Foreign exchange rates (selling - Rs) |  |  |  |
| India (INR 100) | 52.99 | 50.01 | 49.84 |
| Japan (JPY 100) | 31.92 | 31.89 | 29.30 |
| South Africa, Rep. of (SAR 1) | 3.20 | 3.11 | 2.97 |
| United States (USD 1) | 31.40 | 31.06 | 30.60 |
| United Kingdom (GBP 1) | 47.97 | 50.17 | 50.33 |
| Electronic Banking Transactions |  |  |  |
| No of ATMs in Operations | 450 | 449 | 450 |
| No of Transactions | 4,677,566 | 4,946,438 | 6,796,552 |
| Value of Transactions ${ }^{3}$ : (Rs mn) | 9277 | 9,942 | 15,747 |
| No of Cards in Circulation |  |  |  |
| Credit Cards | 249,000 | 249,642 | 252,165 |
| Debit Cards and others | 1,190,074 | 1,187,521 | 1,213,594 |
| Total | 1,439,074 | 1,437,163 | 1,465,759 |
| Outstanding Advances on Credit Cards (Rs mn) | 2287.8 | 2096.4 | 2150.1 |

${ }^{1}$ The definition of GIR meets the IMF's BPM6 definition of reserves.Reserves are defined as external assets that are readily available to and controlled by monetary authorities. Hence GIR excludes the Bank's foreign equity participation in international organisations as this does not meet the criteria of readily available reserves.
${ }^{2}$ Comprises Foreign Assets of the Government and the country's Reserve Position in the IMF
${ }^{3}$ Involving the use of credit cards, debit cards,ATMs and Merchant Points of Sale
Note 1:Data on Net International Reserves are no longer available at the Bank of Mauritius.
Note 2: Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding
Source: Bank of Mauritius

## 17. NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

|  | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012{ }^{\text { }}$ | $2012{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current prices <br> (i) Value added by sector (million rupees) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Primary | 11,295 | 11,494 | 11,548 |
| Agriculture, forestry \& fishing | 10,254 | 10,494 | 10,558 |
| Mining \& quarrying | 1,041 | 1,000 | 990 |
| Secondary | 72,473 | 74,856 | 78,203 |
| Manufacturing | 48,182 | 50,537 | 54,637 |
| Electricity, gas,steam \& air conditioning supply | 4,491 | 4,092 | 4,622 |
| Water supply,sewrage,waste management and remediation activities | 877 | 1,193 | 1,264 |
| Construction | 18,922 | 19,034 | 17,680 |
| Tertiary | 201,512 | 216,266 | 233,487 |
| Wholesale \& retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles,$33,532 \quad 36,807 \quad 39,737$ |  |  |  |
| Transport and storage | 17,424 | 17,797 | 18,784 |
| Accomodation and food service activities | 20,207 | 21,249 | 19,697 |
| Information and communication | 13,306 | 13,478 | 14,072 |
| Financial and insurance activities | 28,965 | 31,263 | 32,799 |
| Real estate activities | 15,606 | 16,665 | 17,787 |
| Professional scientific and technical activities | 12,393 | 13,882 | 15,414 |
| Administrative and support service activities | 6,840 | 7,640 | 8,493 |
| Public administration \& defence compulsory social security | 17,189 | 17,984 | 21,413 |
| Education | 12,622 | 13,413 | 15,457 |
| Human health and social work activities | 10,583 | 11,698 | 13,795 |
| Arts, entertainment and recreation | 7,825 | 8,826 | 9,917 |
| Other services activities | 5,021 | 5,566 | 6,122 |
| GDP at basic prices | 285,280 | 302,616 | 323,239 |
| Taxes on products (net of subsidies) | 37,731 | 41,218 | 43,270 |
| GDP at market prices | 323,011 | 343,834 | 366,509 |
| Revised |  |  |  |

Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding
Note Figures are based on National Standard Industrial Classification (NSIC),Revision 2

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}^{\mathbf{1}}$ |  |
| Per capita GDP at market prices (rupees) | $\mathbf{2 5 1 , 1 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 6 , 2 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 2 , 6 7 1}$ |
| Sectoral contribution to GDP at basic <br> prices (\%) |  |  |  |
| Primary | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Secondary | 25.4 | 24.7 | 24.2 |
| Tertiary | 70.6 | 71.5 | 72.2 |

## (ii) By expenditure component (million rupees)

Final consumption expenditure
280,871 300,385 323,185
Households

| General government : | 43,705 | 45,917 | 52,924 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Individual | 18,030 | 18,944 | 21,834 |
| Collective | 25,675 | 26,973 | 31,090 |

Gross Domestic Fixed Capital
Formation (GDFCF) $\quad 77,564 \quad 79,185 \quad 77,618$
Private sector
$59,667 \quad 60,175 \quad 59,266$
Public sector
Increase in inventories ${ }^{2}$
Exports of goods \& services
Less imports of goods \& services
GDP at market prices
17,898 19,010
18,352
6,340 5,976
10,380
${ }^{1}$ Revised
${ }^{2}$ Includes all statistical discrepancies
Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding
Note Figures are based on National Standard Industrial Classification (NSIC),Revision 2


## 18. CONSTRUCTION

|  | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012{ }^{2}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Building permits ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Number issued | 6,260 | 6,556 | 7,638 |
| of which: Residential | 5,853 | 6,081 | 6,986 |
| Floor area covered ('000 m ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ) | 1,219 | 1,188 | 1,323 |
| of which: Residential | 903 | 1,038 | 1,134 |
| Employment ${ }^{1}$ in construction sector ('000) | 47.9 | 48.2 | 48.3 |
| Investment in construction |  |  |  |
| Value (million rupees) | 53,135 | 54,406 | 50,111 |
| as a \% of GDP at market prices | 16.5 | 15.8 | 13.7 |
| Investment in the construction of residential buildings |  |  |  |
| Value (million rupees) | 22,298 | 22,043 | 23,286 |
| as a \% of GDP at market prices | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Share of construction in GDFCF(\%) | 68.5 | 68.7 | 64.6 |
| All construction works |  |  |  |
| Residential buildings | 28.7 | 27.8 | 30.0 |
| Non residential buildings | 22.8 | 23.8 | 20.5 |
| Other construction works | 17.0 | 17.1 | 14.0 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised ${ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |

## 19. EXTERNAL TRADE

|  | 2011 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total value of trade (Million rupees) | 221,401 | 240,654 | 253,809 |
| Total Exports (f.o.b. value) | 73,586 | 79,658 | 88,148 |
| Domestic exports | 52,156 | 55,530 | 58,215 |
| Re-exports | 10,202 | 11,841 | 13,752 |
| Ship's stores \& bunkers | 11,228 | 12,287 | 16,181 |
| Total Imports (c.i.f. value) | 147,815 | 160,996 | 165,661 |
| Balance of visible trade | -74,229 | -81,338 | -77,513 |
| EOE ${ }^{3}$ exports | 43,100 | 45,606 | 46,851 |
| EOE ${ }^{3}$ imports | 27,025 | 26,665 | 29,333 |
| Trade Indices ( base: 2007=100) |  |  |  |
| Export index (total) | 97.2 | 103.9 | 108.7 |
| Import index | 117.6 | 124.6 | 122.8 |
| Terms of trade | 82.7 | 83.4 | 88.5 |
| (ratio of export to import index) |  |  |  |
|  | (Million rupees) |  |  |
| Domestic Exports (f.o.b.) | 52,156 | 55,530 | 58,215 |
| By commodity |  |  |  |
| Food and live animals | 17,940 | 20,937 | 23,277 |
| of which: Sugar | 8,223 | 8,130 | 9,483 |
| Beverages \& tobacco | 209 | 168 | 102 |
| Crude materials, inedible except fuels | 615 | 639 | 570 |
| of which: Cut flowers and foliage | 64 | 61 | 60 |
| Animal \& vegetable oils \& fats | 51 | 42 | 73 |
| Chemicals | 547 | 581 | 581 |
| Manufactured goods classified by materials | 5,361 | 5,017 | 6,071 |
| of which: Textile yarns, fabrics, made up articles | 2,511 | 2,288 | 2,764 |
| Machinery \& transport equipment | 128 | 163 | 168 |
| Miscellaneous manufactured goods | 27,301 | 27,975 | 27,365 |
| of which:Articles of apparel \& clothing | 23,226 | 23,395 | 23,059 |
| Other | 4 | 8 | 8 |

Note: As from 2002, data include transactions of the freeport

> 1 Revised ${ }^{2}$ Provisional ${ }^{3}$ Export Oriented Enterprises(EOE) as from October 2006 ,consist of all those enterprises previously operating with an EPZ Certificate and those enterprises manufacturing goods for exports and holding a registration certificate issued by the Board of Investment.

|  | 2011 | $2012{ }^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Exports (f.o.b.) (contd.) |  |  |  |
| By country of destination | (Million rupees) |  |  |
| - United Kingdom | 12,497 | 12,339 | 11,842 |
| - France | 7,895 | 7,652 | 7,356 |
| - U.S.A. | 6,392 | 6,460 | 6,909 |
| - Germany | 1,009 | 889 | 842 |
| - Italy | 5,091 | 4,846 | 6,345 |
| - Netherlands | 959 | 1,183 | 1,774 |
| - Malagasy Republic | 1,971 | 2,088 | 2,253 |
| - Belgium | 1,404 | 1,844 | 2,153 |
| - Reunion | 787 | 772 | 694 |
| - Spain | 3,405 | 4,086 | 3,540 |
| - Portugal | 153 | 178 | 181 |
| Re-Exports (f.o.b.) | 10,202 | 11,841 | 13,752 |
| By commodity |  |  |  |
| Food and live animals | 2,400 | 3,188 | 3,940 |
| Beverages \& tobacco | 515 | 564 | 556 |
| Crude materials, inedible except fuels | 542 | 317 | 533 |
| Chemicals | 1,618 | 1,768 | 1,849 |
| Manufactured goods classified by | 1,172 | 1,413 | 1,268 |
| Machinery \& transport equipment | 1,309 | 2,120 | 3,342 |
| Miscellaneous manufactured goods | 2,215 | 2,053 | 1,925 |
| Other | 431 | 418 | 339 |
| By country of destination |  |  |  |
| U.A.E | 222 | 319 | 852 |
| - Malagasy Republic | 2,002 | 2,553 | 2,257 |
| - France | 902 | 1,068 | 1,238 |
| - Reunion | 1,210 | 1,320 | 1,229 |
| - Italy | 68 | 46 | 101 |
| - India | 203 | 111 | 204 |
| - Spain | 910 | 776 | 654 |
| -Republic of South Africa | 394 | 354 | 403 |
| - United Kingdom | 147 | 158 | 134 |
| - China | 97 | 103 | 221 |
| Note: As from 2002, data include transactions of the freeport |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised | Provision |  |  |


|  | (Million rupees) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Imports (c.i.f.) | 147,815 | 160,996 | 165,661 |
| Food and live animals | 26,974 | 29,792 | 31,559 |
| - Dairy products \& birds' eggs | 3,281 | 3,339 | 3362 |
| - Fish \& fish preparations | 9,280 | 10,968 | 11,866 |
| Beverages \& tobacco | 2,662 | 3,126 | 3,312 |
| Crude materials, inedible except fuels | 4,915 | 3,914 | 4,158 |
| Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. | 31,945 | 34,532 | 35,897 |
| - Refined petroleum products | 26,977 | 29,269 | 31,263 |
| Animal \& vegetable oils \& fats | 1,788 | 1,647 | 1,534 |
| Chemicals | 12,110 | 12,493 | 12,890 |
| - Medical \& pharmaceutical products | 2,940 | 3,058 | 3,179 |
| Manufactured goods classified by materials | 27,634 | 28,425 | 28,618 |
| - Paper, paperboard \& articles thereof | 1,953 | 1,774 | 1,900 |
| -Textile yarns, fabrics, made up articles | 8,166 | 7,523 | 8,299 |
| - Iron \& steel | 3,430 | 3,422 | 3,286 |
| - Manufactures of metals, n.e.s. | 4,942 | 4,797 | 4,303 |
| Machinery \& transport equipment | 26,357 | 32,242 | 32,560 |
| -Specialised \& gen. industrial machinery | 6,605 | 7,574 | 7,254 |
| - Road vehicles | 7,149 | 8,658 | 7,866 |
| - Aircraft, marine vessels \& parts | 595 | 372 | 2,339 |
| Miscellaneous manufactured goods | 12,964 | 14,077 | 14,453 |
| - Articles of apparel \& clothing | 2,243 | 2,580 | 2,635 |
| - Watches, clocks \& opticals goods | 1,022 | 1,037 | 1,052 |
| Other | 466 | 748 | 680 |

Note: As from 2002, data include transactions of the freeport

[^0]$2011 \quad 2012^{1} \quad 2013^{2}$

Total Imports (c.i.f.) (contd.)
By country of origin

- France
- Republic of South Africa
- India

| - United Kingdom | 3,403 | 3,230 | 3,560 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - Japan | 3,701 | 4,086 | 3,913 |
| - Hong Kong | 544 | 1,453 | 695 |

- Germany
- Malaysia
- Australia
- Italy
- China
- Singapore
- U.S.A.
- Switzerland
- Kuwait
- Belgium

Regional trade
COMESA

| Exports to member states $^{3}$ | 5,579 | 6,492 | 6,327 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Imports from member states | 4,565 | 4,687 | 5,431 |
| SADC |  |  |  |
| Exports to member states $^{3}$ | 10,114 | 12,735 | 11,960 |
| Imports from member states | 13,534 | 13,561 | 14,214 |

Note: As from 2002, data include transactions of the freeport
${ }^{1}$ Revised
${ }^{2}$ Provisional
${ }^{3}$ Excluding ship's stores and bunkers

## 20. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

|  | 2011 | $\text { Rs million }^{2012}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CURRENT ACCOUNT | -43,086 | -25,059 | -36,187 |
| Goods and services | -44,716 | -44,977 | -48,097 |
| Goods | -67,585 | -73,813 | -69,590 |
| Merchandise | -67,127 | -73,077 | -68,921 |
| Non-monetary gold | -458 | -736 | -669 |
| Services | 22,869 | 28,838 | 21,493 |
| Transportation | -5,649 | -6,315 | -7,055 |
| Travel | 31,234 | 33,382 | 27,169 |
| Other services | -2,716 | 1,771 | 1,379 |
| Private | -2,830 | 2,306 | 338 |
| Government | 114 | -535 | 1,041 |
| Income | -1,845 | 15,659 | 9,134 |
| Direct investment income | -3,484 | -8,984 | -1,845 |
| Other investment income | 9,956 | 13,310 | 8,562 |
| Portfolio investment income | -8,061 | 11,554 | 2,655 |
| Compensation of employees | -256 | -220 | -238 |
| Current transfers | 3,475 | 4,260 | 2,776 |
| Private | 1,332 | 1,995 | 1,521 |
| Government | 2,143 | 2,265 | 1,255 |
| CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUN1 | 35,193 | 35,464 | 40,450 |
| Capital account | -53 | -241 | -123 |
| Migrants' transfers | -53 | -241 | -123 |
| Financial account | 35,246 | 35,705 | 40,573 |
| Financial account (excluding reserve assets) | 40,493 | 41,746 | 57,153 |
| Direct investment | -31,613 | 170,204 | 67,213 |
| Portfolio investment | 256,972 | 42,058 | 67,026 |
| Other investment | -184,866 | -170,516 | -77,086 |
| Reserve assets | -5,247 | -6,041 | -16,580 |
| NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS | 7,893 | -10,405 | -4,263 |
| Source: Bank of Mauritius |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised estimates |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Provisional estimates |  |  |  |
| Note :Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding. |  |  |  |

## 21. INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL \& TOURISM

|  | 2011 | 2012 | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger traffic ('000) |  |  |  |
| Arrivals | 1,359.0 | 1,354.6 | 1,391.3 |
| (i) By gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 703.1 | 702.9 | 721.4 |
| Female | 655.9 | 651.7 | 669.9 |
| (ii) By type of passenger |  |  |  |
| Visitors | 982.6 | 984.1 | 1,015.3 |
| of which: on holiday | 897.8 | 897.0 | 923.2 |
| on business | 40.7 | 42.6 | 43.5 |
| Residents | 292.0 | 315.8 | 328.6 |
| Other | 84.4 | 54.7 | 47.4 |
| Departures | 1,358.6 | 1,353.6 | 1,390.5 |
| (i) By gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 702.0 | 702.0 | 719.3 |
| Female | 656.6 | 651.6 | 671.2 |
| (ii) By type of passenger |  |  |  |
| Visitors | 1,045.8 | $971.2^{1}$ | 1,009.6 |
| Residents | 284.5 | 304.1 | 319.9 |
| Other | 28.3 | $78.3{ }^{1}$ | 61.0 |
| Inter-island passenger traffic |  |  |  |
| From Mauritius to Rodrigues | 65,423 | 67,527 | 69,762 |
| By gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 34,417 | 35,666 | 36,235 |
| Female | 31,006 | 31,861 | 33,527 |
| From Rodrigues to Mauritius | 64,564 | 67,745 | 69,848 |
| By gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 33,938 | 36,372 | 37,348 |
| Female | 30,626 | 31,373 | 32,500 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revised ${ }^{2}$ Provisional |  |  |  |


|  | 2011 | $2010^{2}$ | $2013{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tourist arrivals ('000) | 964.6 | 965.4 | 993.1 |
| France | $282.5^{+}$ | $256.9{ }^{1}$ | 244.8 |
| Germany | 56.3 | 55.2 | 60.5 |
| Italy | 52.7 | 40.0 | 31.2 |
| Reunion | $132.5{ }^{\text { }}$ | $144.3{ }^{\text {+ }}$ | 143.1 |
| Republic of South Africa | 86.2 | 89.1 | 94.2 |
| United Kingdom | 88.2 | 87.6 | 98.0 |
| Other countries | 266.2 | 292.2 | 322.3 |

Tourist arrivals by country of residence (2013)


## 22. SOCLAL SECURITY


REGULAR PUBLICATIONS OF STATISTICS MAURITIUS
Title

1. Annual Digest of StatisticsFirst Issue
2. Business Activity Statistics ..... 1997
3. Digest of Agricultural Statistics ..... 1984
4. Digest of Crime ,Justice and Security Statistics ..... 2007
5. Digest of Demographic Statistics ..... 1985
6. Digest of Education Statistics ..... 1984
7. Digest of Energy \& Water Statistics ..... 1998
8. Digest of Environment Statistics ..... 2002
9. Digest of External Trade Statistics ..... 1977
10. Digest of Industrial Statistics ..... 1984
11. Digest of International Travel and Tourism ..... 1974 Statistics
12. Digest of Labour Statistics ..... 1994
13. Digest of Productivity and Competitiveness ..... 1998 Statistics
14. Digest of Public Finance Statistics ..... 1988
15. Digest of Road Transport and Road Accident Statistics ..... 1984
16. Digest of Social Security Statistics ..... 2002
17. Digest of Statistics on Rodrigues ..... 1994
18. National Accounts of Mauritius ..... 1983Above publications may be purchased at Statistics Mauritius and at theSales Department of the Government Printing Office, La Tour Koenig.

[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised
    ${ }^{2}$ Provisional

